

**Federal Aviation Agency**

**Washington, D.C.**

---

**Civil Aeronautics Manual 46**

**Scheduled Air Carrier Helicopter Certification and  
Operation Rules**

---

Supplement No. 1, CAM 46 dated August 1959

July 15, 1960

---

**SUBJECT:** Revisions to CAM 46

This supplement is issued to incorporate into CAM 46 Civil Air Regulations Amendments 46-2 and 46-3 issued since the manual was last printed, and new Special Civil Air Regulation No. SR-425B, Provisional Certification and Operation of Aircraft.

New or revised material is enclosed in black brackets on the pages submitted with this supplement. However, because special regulation SR-425B is new in its entirety, it is not so marked.

*Remove the following pages:*

III  
13 and 14

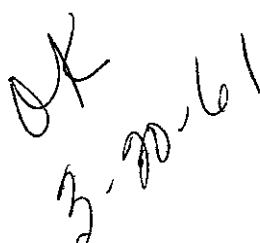
*Insert the following new pages:*

III  
13 through 14-1  
21 through 31



OSCAR BAKKE, *Director*  
*Bureau of Flight Standards.*

**ATTACHMENTS.**



# NOTICE

Amendments to this manual will be priced and sold individually by the Superintendent of Documents. A status sheet listing the amendments and their prices will be sent periodically to interested purchasers of this manual.

If you wish to receive these notifications, please fill out the form below and return it to the Superintendent of Documents.

---

TO: Superintendent of Documents  
U.S. Government Printing Office  
Washington 25, D.C.

Please send me all notifications regarding amendments to Civil Aeronautics Manuals.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_  
(Street)

\_\_\_\_\_ (City) (State)

# Contents

## Applicability and Definitions

	<i>Section</i>	<i>Page</i>
Applicability of this part.....	46.1.....	1
Applicability of Parts 43 and 60 of this subchapter.....	46.2.....	1
Definitions.....	46.5.....	1

## Certification Rules and Operations

### Specifications Requirements

Certificate required.....	46.10.....	3
Contents of certificate.....	46.11.....	3
Application for certificate.....	46.12.....	3
Issuance of certificate.....	46.13.....	3
Amendment of certificate.....	46.14.....	3
Display of certificate.....	46.15.....	4
Duration of certificate.....	46.16.....	4
Transferability of certificate.....	46.17.....	4
Operations specifications required.....	46.18.....	4
Contents of specifications.....	46.19.....	4
Utilization of operations specifications.....	46.20.....	4
Amendment of operations specifications.....	46.21.....	4
Inspection authority.....	46.22.....	4
Operations and maintenance base and office.....	46.23.....	5

### Requirements for Services and Facilities

Route requirements; demonstration of competence.....	46.30.....	5
Width of routes.....	46.31.....	5
Heliports.....	46.33.....	5
Communications facilities.....	46.34.....	5
Weather reporting facilities.....	46.35.....	5
Servicing and maintenance facilities.....	46.37.....	5

### Manual Requirements

Preparation of manual.....	46.50.....	5
Contents of manual.....	46.51.....	5
Distribution of manual.....	46.52.....	6

### Helicopter Requirements

General.....	46.60.....	7
Proving tests.....	46.63.....	7

### Helicopter Operating Limitations

Operating limitations.....	46.70.....	7
Operations of helicopters other than Transport Category A.....	46.71.....	7

### Special Airworthiness Requirements

Fire prevention.....	46.110.....	7
Carriage of cargo in passenger compartments.....	46.153.....	7

## Instruments and Equipment for All Operations

	<i>Section</i>	<i>Page</i>
Helicopter instruments and equipment for all operations.....	46.170.....	8
Flight and navigational equipment for all operations.....	46.171.....	8
Engine instruments and equipment for all operations.....	46.172.....	8
Emergency equipment for all operations.....	46.173.....	8
Seats and safety belts for all occupants.....	46.174.....	9
Miscellaneous equipment for all operations.....	46.175.....	9
Cockpit check procedure.....	46.176.....	9
Passenger information for all operations.....	46.177.....	9
Exterior exit and evacuation markings for passenger operations.....	46.178.....	9

## Instruments and Equipment for Special Operations

Instruments and equipment for operations at night.....	46.200.....	9
Equipment for single-engine overwater operations.....	46.206.....	10

## Radio Equipment

Radio equipment.....	46.230.....	10
Radio equipment for operations over routes navigated by pilotage.....	46.231.....	10

## Maintenance and Inspection Requirements

Responsibility for maintenance.....	46.240.....	10
Maintenance and inspection requirements.....	46.241.....	10
Maintenance and inspection training program.....	46.242.....	10
Maintenance and inspection personnel duty time limitations.....	46.243.....	11

## Airmen and Crew Member Requirements

Utilization of airman.....	46.260.....	11
Composition of flight crew.....	46.261.....	11
Flight attendant.....	46.265.....	11

## Training Program

Training requirements.....	46.280.....	11
Initial pilot ground training.....	46.281.....	11
Initial pilot flight training.....	46.282.....	12
Initial crew member emergency training.....	46.286.....	12
Training program; operations personnel.....	46.288.....	12
Recurrent training.....	46.289.....	12

## Flight Crew Member Qualifications

Qualification requirements.....	46.300.....	12
Pilot recent experience.....	46.301.....	13
Pilot checks.....	46.302.....	13
Pilot route and heliport qualification requirements.....	46.303.....	13
Maintenance and re-establishment of pilot route and heliport qualifications for particular trips.....	46.304.....	14

## Flight Time Limitations

Flight time limitations.....	46.320.....	14
------------------------------	-------------	----

## Flight Operations

Operational control.....	46.351.....	14
Operations notices.....	46.352.....	14
Operations schedules.....	46.353.....	15
Flight crew members at controls.....	46.354.....	15
Manipulation of controls.....	46.355.....	15

**Flight Operations—Continued**

	<i>Section</i>	<i>Page</i>
Admission to flight deck.....	46.356	15
Use of cockpit check procedure.....	46.357	16
Personal flying equipment.....	46.358	16
Restriction or suspension of operation.....	46.359	16
Emergency decisions; pilot in command.....	46.360	16
Reporting potentially hazardous meteorological conditions and irregularities of ground and navigational facilities.....	46.361	16
Reporting mechanical irregularities.....	46.362	16
Weather minimums.....	46.364	16

**Flight Release Rules**

Flight release.....	46.381	17
Familiarity with weather conditions.....	46.382	17
Facilities and services.....	46.383	17
Helicopter equipment required for flight release.....	46.384	17
Communications facilities required for flight release.....	46.385	17
Flight release under HVR.....	46.386	17
HIR operations.....	46.387	17
Visual ground reference requirements.....	46.388	17
Continuance of flight; flight hazards.....	46.391	17
Operation in icing conditions.....	46.392	18
Release and continuance of flight.....	46.393	18
Fuel supply for HVR operations.....	46.396	18
Factors involved in computing fuel required.....	46.397	18
Takeoff and landing weather minimums; HVR.....	46.405	18
Minimum flight altitudes.....	46.408	18
Preparation of load manifest.....	46.412	18

**Required Records and Reports**

Records.....	46.500	18
Crew member records.....	46.501	18
Flight release form.....	46.503	18
Load manifest.....	46.504	19
Disposition of load manifest and flight release.....	46.505	19
Maintenance records.....	46.506	19
Maintenance log.....	46.507	19
Mechanical reliability reports.....	46.508	19
Mechanical interruption summary report.....	46.509	20-1
Alteration and repair reports.....	46.510	20-1
Maintenance release.....	46.511	20-1

**Appendix A**

Special Civil Air Regulations which affect Part 46.....	21
SR-425C. Provisional Certification and Operation of Aircraft.....	23
[SR-446A. Use of Portable Frequency Modulation (FM) Type Radio Receivers on Aircraft During Flight].....	33

**Addendum**

Preambles of Amendments to Part 46.....	P-1
-----------------------------------------	-----

# Scheduled Air Carrier Helicopter Certification and Operation Rules

## Applicability and Definitions

**46.1 *Applicability of this part.*** The provisions of this part are applicable to all air carriers holding certificates of public convenience and necessity issued in accordance with Title IV of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, when utilizing helicopters to engage in scheduled interstate air transportation within the continental limits of the United States.

**46.2 *Applicability of Parts 43 and 60 of this subchapter.*** The provisions of Parts 43 and 60 of this subchapter shall be applicable to all air carrier operations conducted under the provisions of this part unless otherwise specified in this part.

**46.5 *Definitions.*** As used in this part, terms are defined as follows:

***Administrator.*** The Administrator is the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency.

***Air Carrier.*** An air carrier is any citizen of the United States who undertakes directly, or by lease or by other arrangement, the carriage by helicopter of persons or property as a common carrier for compensation or hire, or the carriage of mail by helicopter.

***Airframe.*** Airframe means any and all kinds of fuselages, booms, nacelles, cowlings, fairings, empennages, fixed airfoil surfaces, and landing gear, and all parts, accessories, or controls, of whatever description, appertaining thereto, but not including powerplants, rotor heads, power-transmitting components, and rotating airfoil surfaces.

***Appliances.*** Appliances are instruments, equipment, apparatus, parts, appurtenances, or accessories of whatever description, which are used, or are capable of being or intended to be used, in the navigation, operation, or

control of helicopters in flight (including communication equipment, electronic devices, and any other mechanism or mechanisms installed in or attached to helicopters during flight, but excluding parachutes), and which are not a part or parts of airframes, powerplants, rotor heads, power-transmitting components, or rotating airfoil surfaces.

***Approved.*** Approved, when used alone or as modifying terms such as means, method, action, equipment, etc., means approved by the Administrator.

***Authorized representative of the Administrator.*** An authorized representative of the Administrator is any employee of the Federal Aviation Agency, or any private person, authorized by the Administrator to perform particular duties of the Administrator under the provisions of this part.

***Check airman.*** A check airman is an airman designated by the air carrier and approved by the Administrator to examine other airmen to determine their proficiency with respect to procedures and technique and their competence to perform their respective airman duties.

***Crew member.*** A crew member is any individual assigned by an air carrier for the performance of duty on a helicopter in flight.

***Duty aloft.*** Duty aloft includes the entire period during which an individual is assigned as a member of a helicopter crew during flight time.

***En route.*** En route means the entire flight from the point of origination to the point of termination, including intermediate stops.

***Flight crew member.*** A flight crew member is a crew member assigned to flight deck duty on a helicopter.

***Flight release.*** A flight release is an authorization issued by an air carrier specifying

ing the conditions for the origination or continuance of a particular flight.

**Flight time.** Flight time is the time from the moment the helicopter first moves under its own power for the purpose of flight until it comes to rest at the next point of landing (block-to-block time).

**Helicopter.** A helicopter is a rotorcraft which depends principally for its support and motion in the air upon the lift generated by one or more power-driven rotors, rotating on substantially vertical axes.

**Heliport.** A heliport is an area of land, water, or any structure approved by the Administrator for the landing and take-off of helicopters.

**HIR.** HIR is the symbol used to designate helicopter instrument Right rules.

**HVR.** HVR is the symbol used to designate helicopter visual flight rules.

**Interstate air transportation.** Interstate air transportation is the carriage by helicopter of persons or property as a common carrier for compensation or hire or the carriage of mail by helicopter, in commerce between a place in any state of the United States, or the District of Columbia, and a place in any other State of the United States, or the District of Columbia; or between places in the same State of the United States, or the District of Columbia; whether such commerce moves wholly by helicopter or partly by helicopter and partly by other forms of transportation.

**Maximum certificated take-off weight.** Maximum certificated take-off weight is the maximum take-off weight authorized by the terms of the helicopter airworthiness certificate.

**Month.** A month is that period of time extending from the first day of any month as delineated by the calendar through the last day thereof.

**Night.** Night is the time between the ending of evening civil twilight and the beginning of morning civil twilight as published in the American Air Almanac converted to local time for the locality concerned.

**Note:** The American Air Almanac containing the ending of evening twilight and the beginning of morning twilight tables may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C. Information is also available concerning such tables in the offices of the Federal Aviation Agency or the United States Weather Bureau.

**Operational control.** Operational control is the exercise of authority over initiation, continuation, diversion, or termination of a flight.

**Operations specifications.** Operations specifications are rules of particular applicability issued by the Administrator and are not part of the air carrier operating certificate.

**Pilot in command.** The pilot in command is the pilot designated by the air carrier as the pilot responsible for the operation and safety of the helicopter during the time defined as Right time.

**Pilotage.** Pilotage is navigation by means of visual reference to landmarks.

**Provisional heliport.** A provisional heliport is a heliport approved for use by an air carrier for the purpose of providing service to a community when the regular heliport serving that community is not available.

**Rating.** A rating is an authorization issued with a certificate, and forming a part thereof, delineating special conditions, privileges, or limitations pertaining to such certificate.

**Refueling heliport.** A refueling heliport is a heliport approved as a heliport to which flights may be dispatched only for refueling.

**Regular heliport.** A regular heliport is a heliport approved as a regular terminal or intermediate stop on an authorized route.

**Rotor.** A rotor is a system of rotating airfoils.

(1) **Main rotor(s).** The main rotor(s) is the main system of rotating airfoils providing sustentation for the helicopter.

(2) **Auxiliary rotor.** An auxiliary rotor is one which serves either to counteract the effect of the main rotor torque on the helicopter, or to maneuver the helicopter about one or more of its three principal axes.

**Route.** A route is an established way or course for helicopters which has been **designated** by the Administrator.

**Route segment.** A route segment is a portion of a route each terminus of which is identified by:

- (1) A continental or insular geographic location, or
- (2) A point at which a definite radio **fix** can be established.

**Scheduled for duty aloft.** Scheduled for duty aloft means the assignment of a **flight** crew member on the basis of the **flight** time established in the operations schedules rather than the actual flight time.

**Show.** Show means to demonstrate or prove to the satisfaction of the Administrator prior to the issuance of the air carrier operating certificate and at any time thereafter required by the Administrator.

**Time in service.** Time in service, as used in computing maintenance time records, **is the** time from the moment a helicopter leaves the ground until it touches the ground at the end of a flight.

**Type.** With regard to airman **qualifications**, type means all helicopters of the same basic design including all modifications thereto except those modifications which the Administrator has found result in a substantial change in the characteristics pertinent to the airman concerned.

**Visibility.** Visibility is the greatest distance at which conspicuous objects can be seen and identified.

(1) **Flight visibility.** Flight visibility is the average range of visibility from the cockpit of a helicopter in flight to see and identify prominent unlighted objects by day and prominent lighted objects by night.

(2) **Ground visibility.** Ground visibility is the visibility at the earth's surface as reported by the United States Weather Bureau or by a source approved by the Weather Bureau.

**Week.** A week is that period of time extending from the first day of any week as delineated by the calendar through the last day thereof.

**Year.** A year is that period of time ex-

tending from the first day of any year **as** delineated by the calendar through the last day thereof.

#### Certification Rules and Operations Specifications Requirements

46.10 **Certificate required.** No person subject to the provisions of this part shall operate a helicopter in scheduled interstate air transportation without, or in violation of the terms of, **an air** carrier operating certificate issued by the Administrator.

46.11 **Contents of certificate.** An air **carrier** operating certificate shall specify the points to and from which, and the routes over which, an air carrier is authorized to operate.

46.12 **Application for certificate.** An **application** for an air carrier operating certificate shall be made in the form and manner and contain information prescribed by the Administrator.

46.13 **Issuance of certificate.**

(a) An air carrier operating certificate shall be issued by the Administrator to an applicant having a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued by the Civil Aeronautics Board when the Administrator **finds, after investigation, that such person is properly and adequately equipped and able to conduct a safe operation in accordance with the requirements of this part and with the operations specifications authorized in this part.**

(b) Whenever, **upon investigation, the Administrator finds that the general standards of safety required for air carrier operations require or permit a deviation from any specific requirement for a particular operation or class of operations he may issue operations specifications prescribing requirements which deviate from the requirements of this part.**

46.14 **Amendment of certificate.**

(a) **The Administrator shall, after notice and opportunity for hearing to the carrier concerned, amend an air carrier operating certificate when he finds that such amendment is reasonably required in the interest of safety.**



(b) Upon application by an air carrier the Administrator shall amend an air carrier operating certificate when he finds that the general standards of safety permit such an amendment.

**46.15 *Display of certificate.*** The air carrier operating certificate shall be available at the principal operations office of an air carrier for inspection by any authorized representative of the Board or the Administrator.

**46.16 *Duration of certificate.*** An air carrier operating certificate shall remain in effect until termination of the certificate of public convenience and necessity or other economic authorization issued by the Board held by the air carrier, or until surrendered, suspended, revoked, or otherwise terminated by order of the Administrator. After suspension or revocation it shall be returned to the Administrator.

**46.17 *Transferability of certificate.*** An air carrier operating certificate is not transferable, except with the written consent of the Administrator.

**46.18 *Operations specifications required.***

(a) On and after the effective date of this part all helicopter air carrier operations specifications currently in force relating to interstate air transportation shall cease to be a part of any air carrier operating certificate and shall be deemed to be operations specifications issued under this part. Thereafter new or amended specifications shall be issued by the Administrator for operations subject to this part in a form and manner prescribed by him and in accordance with the provisions of this part.

(b) No person subject to the provisions of this part shall operate *as an* air carrier without, or in violation of, operations specifications issued by the Administrator.

**46.19 *Contents of specifications.*** The operations specifications shall contain the following:

- (a) Operations authorized;
- (b) A current list of all helicopters authorized for use;
- (c) En route authorizations and limitations;

(d) Heliport authorizations and limitations ;

(e) Time limitation for components retirement, overhauls, inspections, replacement, and checks of airframes, rotors, powerplants, and appliances, or standards by which such time limitations shall be determined;

(f) Procedures used to maintain control of weight and balance of helicopters;

(g) Specific pages of the carrier's operations manual when such pages have been specifically designated and approved by the Administrator; and

(h) Such additional items as the Administrator determines, under the enabling provisions of this part, are necessary to cover a particular situation.

**46.20 *Utilization of operations specifications.*** The air carrier shall keep its personnel informed with respect to the contents of the operations specifications and all amendments thereto applicable to the individual's duties and responsibilities. A set of specifications shall be maintained by the air carrier as a separate and complete document. Pertinent excerpts from the specifications or references thereto shall be inserted in the manual issued by the *air* carrier.

**46.21 *Amendment of operations specifications.*** Any operations specification may be amended by the Administrator if he finds that safety in air transportation so requires or permits. Except in the case of an emergency requiring immediate action in respect to safety in air transportation or upon consent of the air carrier concerned, no amendment shall become effective prior to thirty days after the date the air carrier has been notified of such amendment.

**46.22 *Inspection authority.*** An authorized representative of the Administrator shall be permitted at any time and place to make inspections or examinations to determine an air carrier's compliance with the requirements of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, the regulations in this subchapter, the provisions of the air carrier's

operating certificate, and the operations specifications.

**46.23 Operations and maintenance base and office.** Each air carrier shall give written notice to the Administrator of his principal business office, his principal operations base, and his principal maintenance base. Thereafter, prior to any change in any such office or base, he shall give written notice to the Administrator.

#### Requirements for Services and Facilities

**46.30 Route requirements; demonstration of competence.** The air carrier shall show that it is competent to conduct scheduled operations over any route or route segment between any regular, provisional, or refueling heliport and that the facilities and services available are adequate for the type of operation proposed. The Administrator shall not require actual flight over a route or route segment, if the air carrier shows that such flight is not essential to safety.

**46.31 Width of routes.** A route or route segment shall have a width designated by the Administrator consistent with terrain, available navigational aids, traffic density, and air traffic control procedures.

**46.33 Heliports.** The air carrier shall show that each route has sufficient heliports found by the Administrator to be properly equipped and adequate for the type of operations to be conducted. Consideration shall be given to items such as size, surface, obstructions, facilities, public protection, lighting, navigational and communications aids, and traffic control.

**46.34 Communications facilities.** The air carrier shall show that a two-way air/ground radio communication system is available at such points as will insure reliable and rapid communications under normal operating conditions either direct or via approved point-to-point circuits for the following purposes:

(a) Communications between the helicopter and the appropriate air carrier operational control office, at the minimum flight altitudes specified in the operations specifications. Such systems shall be independent

of systems operated by the Federal Government;

(b) Communications between the helicopter and the appropriate air traffic control unit, in which case the Administrator may permit the use of communications systems operated by the Federal Government; and

(c) When the Administrator finds that compliance with the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section is not practicable because of terrain conditions, he may authorize an exception to such requirements over specified segments of the route.

**46.35 Weather reporting facilities.** The air carrier shall show that sufficient weather reporting services are available to insure such weather reports and forecasts necessary for the operation. Weather reports used to control operations shall be those prepared and released by the United States Weather Bureau, a source approved by the Weather Bureau, or by in-flight pilot reports. Forecasts used to control flight movements shall be prepared from such weather reports.

**46.37 Servicing and maintenance facilities.** The air carrier shall show that competent personnel and adequate facilities and equipment are available for servicing helicopters.

#### Manual Requirements

**46.50 Preparation of manual.** The air carrier shall prepare and keep current a manual for the use and guidance of flight and ground operations personnel in the conduct of its operations.

**46.51 Contents of manual.**

(a) The manual shall contain instructions, information, and data necessary for the personnel concerned to carry out their duties and responsibilities with a high degree of safety. It shall be in a form to facilitate easy revision, and each page shall bear the date of the last revision thereof. The contents of such manual shall not be contrary to the provisions of any Federal regulations, operations specifications, or the operating certificate. The manual may be in two or more separate parts (e.g., flight operations, ground operations, maintenance, communi-

**cations, etc.)** to facilitate use by the personnel **concerned, but each** part shall contain so much of the information listed below as is appropriate for each group of personnel:

- (1) General policies;
- (2) Duties and responsibilities of each crew member and appropriate members of the ground organization;
- (3) Reference to appropriate regulations in this subchapter and Civil Aeronautics Manuals;
- (4) Operational flight control;
- (5) En route flight, navigational, and communication procedures, including procedures for the initiation or continuance of Flight, if any item of equipment required for the particular type of operation becomes inoperative or unserviceable en route;
- (6) Appropriate information from the en route operations specifications, including for each approved route the types of helicopters authorized, their crew complement, the type of operation (i.e., HVR, day, night) and other pertinent information;
- (7) Appropriate information from the heliport operations specifications, including for each heliport its location, its designation (i.e., regular, provisional, etc.), types of helicopters authorized, landing and take-off minimums, an appropriate diagram for each heliport showing **access** and egress routes, restricted areas, prominent obstructions, usable dimensions, and such other pertinent items as may assist the pilot;
- (8) Take-off, en route, and landing weight limitations;
- (9) Procedures for familiarizing passengers with the use of emergency equipment during flight;
- (10) Emergency **p r o c e e d u r e s** and equipment ;
- (11) Procedures for determining the usability of landing and take-off areas and for dissemination of pertinent information to operations personnel;
- (12) Procedures for operation during periods of icing, hail, thunderstorms, turbulence, or any potentially hazardous meteorological conditions;

(13) Airman training programs, including appropriate ground, **flight**, and emergency phases;

(14) Instructions and procedures for maintenance, repair, overhaul, and servicing;

(15) Time limitations for components' retirement, overhaul, inspections, replacement, and checks of airframes, rotors, **power**-plants, and appliances, or standards by which such time limitations shall be determined;

(16) Procedures for refueling helicopters, elimination of fuel contamination, protection from fire including electrostatic protection, and the supervision and protection of passengers during refueling;

(17) Inspections for airworthiness, including instructions covering procedures, standards, responsibilities, and authority of the inspection personnel;

(18) Methods and procedures for maintaining the helicopter weight and center of gravity within approved limits;

(19) Pilot route and heliport qualification procedures;

(20) Accident notification procedures:

(21) Pertinent data on helicopter performance taken from approved Flight manual for all helicopters utilized; and

(22) Other data or instructions related to safety.

(b) At least one complete master copy of the manual containing all parts thereof shall be retained at the appropriate operations base of the air carrier.

46.52 ***Distribution of manual.***

(a) **Copies of the entire manual, or appropriate portions thereof, together with revisions thereto shall be furnished to the following:**

(1) **Appropriate ground operations and maintenance personnel of the air carrier;**

(2) **Crew members; and**

(3) **Authorized representatives of the Administrator assigned to the air carrier to act as FAA Flight Operations and Airworthiness Inspectors.**

(b) **All copies of the manual shall be kept up to date.**

## Helicopter Requirements

46.60 General. Helicopters shall be identified, certificated, and equipped in accordance with the applicable airworthiness requirements of the regulations in this subchapter. No air carrier shall operate any helicopter in scheduled operation unless such helicopter meets the requirements of this part and is in an airworthy condition.

### 46.63 *Proving tests.*

(a) A type of helicopter not previously proved for use in scheduled operation shall have demonstrated its reliability in at least 100 hours of proving tests, in addition to the helicopter certification tests, accomplished under the supervision of an authorized representative of the Administrator. As part of the 100-hour total at least 50 hours shall be flown over authorized routes and at least 10 hours shall be flown at night if night operations are authorized.

(b) A type of helicopter which has been previously proved in commercial service or extensive military service shall be tested for at least 50 hours, of which at least 25 hours shall be flown over authorized routes, unless deviations are specifically authorized by the Administrator on the ground that the special circumstances of a particular case make a literal observance of the requirements of this paragraph unnecessary for safety, when the helicopter:

- (1) Is materially altered in design, or
- (2) Is to be used by an air carrier who has not previously proved such a type.

(c) During proving tests only those persons required to make the tests and those designated by the Board or the Administrator shall be carried. Mail, express, and other cargo may be carried when approved by the Administrator.

## Helicopter Operating Limitations

46.70 *Operating limitations.* Helicopters shall be operated in accordance with such operating limitations as the Administrator may prescribe in the interest of safety, taking into account the performance of the helicopter, the areas traversed, heliports

used, engine failure in **flight**, and temperature operating correction factors as outlined in the helicopter flight manual.

46.71 *Operations of helicopters other than Transport Category A.* For operations with helicopters certificated under the provisions of Part 6 of this subchapter or the Transport Category B provisions of Part 7 of this subchapter, the air carrier shall show that adequate areas are available for a safe **auto-rotative** landing from any point along the route to be **flown**, and that such areas are readily identifiable in both day and night operations.

## Special Airworthiness Requirements

46.110 Fire **prevention.** All helicopters used in passenger service for which application for certification was made prior to May 16, 1953, shall comply with the fire prevention provisions of Part 6 of this subchapter, effective May 16, 1953.

46.153 Carriage *of cargo* in passenger **compartments.** When operating conditions require the carriage of cargo which cannot be loaded in approved cargo racks, bins, or compartments which are separate from passenger compartments, such cargo may be carried in a passenger compartment if the following requirements are complied with:

(a) It shall be packaged or covered in a manner to avoid possible injury to passengers.

(b) It shall be properly secured in the helicopter by means of safety belts or other tie-downs possessing sufficient strength to eliminate possibility of shifting under all normally anticipated flight and ground conditions.

(c) It shall not be carried directly above seated passengers.

(d) It shall not impose any loads on seats or on the Boor structure which exceed the designed loads for those components.

(e) It shall not be placed in any position which restricts the access to or use of any required emergency or regular exit or the use of the aisle between the crew and the passenger compartments.

## Instruments and Equipment for all Operations

### 46.170 Helicopter instruments and equipment for all operations.

(a) Instruments and equipment required by sections 46.171 through 46.231 shall be approved and shall be installed in accordance with the provisions of the **airworthiness** requirements applicable to the instruments or equipment concerned.

(b) The following instruments and equipment shall be in operable condition prior to take-off, except as provided in section 46.391(b) for continuance of flight with equipment inoperative:

(1) Instruments and equipment required to comply with airworthiness requirements under which the helicopter is type **certificated** and as required by the provisions of section 46.110, and

(2) Instruments and equipment specified in sections 46.171 through 46.178 for all operations, and the instruments and equipment specified in sections 46.200 through 46.231 for the type of operation indicated, wherever these items are not already provided in accordance with subparagraph (1) of this paragraph.

46.171 **Flight and navigational equipment for all operations.** The following flight and navigational instruments and equipment are required for all operations:

(a) An air-speed indicating system with heated **pitot** tube or equivalent means for preventing malfunctioning due to icing;

(b) Sensitive altimeter;

(c) Clock (sweep-second) ;

(d) Free-air temperature indicator; and

(e) Magnetic compass.

46.172 **Engine instruments and equipment for all operations.** The following engine instruments and equipment are required for all operations:

(a) Tachometer for the **main rotor**, or for each **main rotor** the speed of which may vary appreciably with respect to another main rotor;

(b) Tachometer for each engine (these tachometers may be combined in a single in-

strument with that required by paragraph (a) of this section, except that such an instrument shall indicate rotor **rpm** during autorotation) ;

(c) Carburetor air temperature indicator for each engine;

(d) Cylinder head temperature indicator for each air-cooled engine;

(e) Fuel pressure indicator and warning light indicator for each engine;

(f) Means for indicating fuel quantity in each fuel tank, and for helicopters with more than one independent fuel tank, a warning device to indicate when the fuel in any **independent** fuel tank becomes low;

(g) Manifold pressure indicator for each engine;

(h) Oil pressure indicator for each engine;

(i) Oil pressure warning light for each engine;

(j) Oil-in temperature indicator for each **engine**;

[(k) Oil temperature indicator or warning device to indicate when the oil temperature exceeds a safe value in each main rotor drive gearbox, including those gearboxes essential to rotor phasing, having an oil system independent of the engine oil system;

[(Amendment 46-6, published in 27 F.R. 3004, March 30, 1962, effective May 3, 1962.)]

(1) Oil pressure indicator and warning light for each transmission **using a separate oil pump**;

(m) Carburetor heating or de-icing equipment for each engine; and

(n) If equipped with rotor brake, means shall be provided to indicate full or partial engagement.

46.173 **Emergency equipment for all operations.**

(a) **General.** The emergency equipment specified in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section is required for all operations. Such equipment shall be readily accessible to the crew, and the method of operation shall be plainly indicated. When such equipment is carried in compartments or containers, the compartments or containers shall be so marked as to be readily identifiable.

(b) **Band fire extinguishers for crew, pas-**

*senger, and cargo compartments.* Hand fire extinguishers of an approved type shall be provided for use in crew, passenger, and cargo compartments which are accessible in flight in accordance with the following requirements:

(1) The type and quantity of extinguishing agent shall be suitable for the type of fires likely to occur in the compartment where the extinguisher is intended to be used.

(2) At least one hand fire extinguisher shall be provided and conveniently located on the flight deck for use by the Bight crew.

(3) On helicopters accommodating more than six passengers, at least one fire extinguisher shall be conveniently located in the passenger compartment.

(e) *First-aid equipment.* First-aid equipment suitable for treatment of injuries likely to occur in flight or in minor accidents shall be provided in a quantity appropriate to the number of passengers and crew accommodated in the helicopter.

[(d) *Interior emergency exit markings.* All emergency exits, their means of access, and their means of opening shall be marked conspicuously. In all passenger-carrying helicopters, a source or sources of light with an energy supply independent of the main lighting system shall be installed to illuminate all passenger emergency exit markings. Such lights shall be designed to function automatically in a crash landing and to continue to function thereafter, and shall be operable manually, or shall be designed only for manual operation and also to continue to function following a crash landing. When such lights require arming of the system to function automatically, the system shall be armed prior to each takeoff and landing. When such lights require manual operation to function, they shall be turned on prior to each takeoff and landing. The identity and location of emergency exits shall be recognizable from a distance equal to the width of the cabin. The location of the emergency exit operating handle and the instructions for opening shall be marked on or adjacent to the emergency exit and shall

be readable from a distance of 30 inches by a person with normal eyesight.

[(Amendment 46-6, published in 27 F.R. 1453, Feb. 16, 1962, effective Mar. 20, 1962.)]

46.174 *Seats and safety belts for all occupants.* A seat and an individual safety belt shall be provided for each person. In the case of children between the ages of 2 and 12, one safety belt shall suffice for each two children in a single seat provided strength requirements of the seat and the safety belt are not exceeded.

46.175 *Miscellaneous equipment for all operations.* All helicopters shall have installed the following equipment:

(a) Windshield wiper or equivalent for each pilot station;

(b) An alternate source of energy capable of carrying the necessary load for all instruments required by section 42.200 of this subchapter which require a power source; and

(c) Means for indicating the adequacy of the power being supplied to required flight instruments.

46.176 *Cockpit check procedure.* The air carrier shall provide for each type of helicopter a cockpit check procedure. This procedure shall include all items necessary for flight crew members to check for safety prior to starting engine(s), prior to taking off, prior to landing, and in engine emergencies. It shall be so designed as to obviate the necessity for a flight crew member to rely upon his memory for items to be checked and shall be readily usable in the cockpit of each helicopter.

46.177 *Passenger information for all operations.* All helicopters with separate passenger and crew compartments shall be equipped with signs visible to passengers and cabin attendants to notify such persons when smoking is prohibited and when safety belts should be fastened. These signs shall be capable of on-off operation by the crew. The "No smoking" sign will be left on unless a cabin attendant is carried on flight in passenger compartment. In single-engine helicopters, seat belts must be fastened at all times in flight.

**46.178 Exterior exit and evacuation markings for passenger operations.** Exterior surfaces of the helicopter shall be marked to identify clearly all required emergency exits. When such exits are operable from the outside, markings shall consist of or include information indicating the method of opening.

### Instruments and Equipment for Special Operations

**46300 Instruments and equipment for operations at night.** Each helicopter operated at night shall be equipped with the following instruments and equipment in addition to those required by sections 46.171 through 46.178:

- (a) Position lights;
- (b) Two landing lights at least one of which is controllable to illuminate the area forward of and below the helicopter;
- (c) Instrument lights providing sufficient illumination to make all instruments, switches, etc., easily readable, so installed that their direct rays are shielded from the flight crew members' eyes and that no objectionable reflections are visible to them. A means of controlling the intensity of illumination shall be provided unless it is shown that nondimming instrument lights are satisfactory;
- (d) One anti-collision light;
- (e) Generator of adequate capacity;
- (f) Gyroscopic bank and pitch indicator (artificial horizon) ;
- (g) Gyroscopic direction indicator (directional gyro) ;
- (h) Gyroscopic rate-of-turn indicator with bank indicator; and
- (i) A vertical speed indicator (rate-of-climb indicator).

**46.206 Equipment for single-engine over-water operations.** The following equipment shall be required for all operations conducted beyond autorotative gliding distance from the nearest shoreline:

- (a) Helicopter flotation devices, and life preserver or other adequate individual flo-

tation device for each occupant of the helicopter; and

(b) Such other equipment as the Administrator finds necessary in the interest of safety for the particular operation.

### Radio Equipment

**46.230 Radio Equipment.** Each helicopter used in scheduled air transportation shall be equipped with radio equipment specified for the type of operation in which it is engaged. All such equipment shall be of an approved type.

**46.231 Radio equipment for operations over routes navigated by pilotage.** For operations conducted over routes on which navigation can be accomplished by pilotage, each helicopter shall be equipped with such radio equipment as is necessary under normal operating conditions to fulfill the following functions:

- (a) Communicate with at least one appropriate ground station (as specified in 46.34) in the vicinity and other helicopters operated by the air carrier;
- (b) Communicate with airport traffic control towers from any point in the control zone within which flights are intended; and
- (c) Receive meteorological information at the minimum en route altitude specified in the operations specifications of the air carrier. Either of the means required for compliance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section may be used to comply with this paragraph.

### Maintenance and Inspection Requirements

**46.240 Responsibility for maintenance.** Irrespective of whether the air carrier has made arrangements with any other person for the performance of maintenance and inspection functions, each air carrier shall have the primary responsibility for the airworthiness of its helicopters and required equipment.

**46.241 *Maintenance and inspection requirements.***

(a) The air carrier, or the person with whom arrangements have been made for the performance of maintenance and inspection functions, shall establish an adequate inspection organization responsible for determining that workmanship, methods employed, and material used are in conformity with the requirements of the regulations of this subchapter, with accepted standards and

good practices, and that any airframe, rotor, powerplant, or appliance released for flight is airworthy.

(b) Any individual who is directly in charge of inspection, maintenance, overhaul, or repair of any airframe, rotor, powerplant, or appliance shall hold an appropriate license or airman certificate.

**46.242 *Maintenance and inspection training program.*** The air carrier, or the person with whom arrangements have been made for



the performance of maintenance and inspection functions, shall establish and maintain a training program to insure that all maintenance and inspection personnel charged with determining the adequacy of work performed are fully informed with respect to all procedures and techniques and with new equipment introduced into service, and are competent to perform their duties.

**46.243 Maintenance and inspection personnel duty time limitations.** All maintenance and inspection personnel shall be relieved of all duty for a period of at least 24 consecutive hours during any 7 consecutive days or equivalent thereof within any one month.

### Airman and Crew Member Requirements

**46260 Utilization or airman.** No air carrier shall utilize an individual as an airman unless he holds a valid appropriate airman certificate issued by the Administrator and is otherwise qualified for the particular operation in which he is to be utilized.

#### **46.261 Composition of flight crew.**

(a) No air carrier shall operate a helicopter with less than the minimum flight crew specified in the airworthiness certificate for the type of helicopter and required in this part for the type of operation.

(b) Where the air carrier is authorized to operate under instrument conditions or operates helicopters of more than 12,500 pounds maximum certificated weight, the minimum pilot crew shall be 2 pilots.

**46.265 Flight attendant.** At least one flight attendant shall be provided by the air carrier on all flights carrying passengers in helicopters of 20-passenger capacity or more.

### Training Program

#### **46.280 Training requirements**

(a) Each air carrier shall establish a training program sufficient to insure that each crew member used by the air carrier is adequately trained to perform the duties to which he is to be assigned. The initial training phases shall be satisfactorily completed prior to serving in scheduled operations.

(h) Each air carrier shall be responsible for providing adequate ground and flight training facilities and properly qualified instructors. There also shall be provided a sufficient number of check airmen to conduct the flight checks required by this part. Such check airmen shall hold the same airman certificates and ratings as are required for the airman being checked.

(c) The training program for each flight crew member shall consist of appropriate ground and flight training including proper flight crew coordination. Procedures for each flight crew function shall be standardized to the extent that each flight crew member will know the functions for which he is responsible and the relation of those functions to those of other flight crew members. The initial program shall include at least the appropriate requirements specified in sections 46.281 through 46.286.

(d) The crew member emergency procedures training program shall include at least the requirements specified in section 46.286.

(e) The appropriate instructor, supervisor, or check airman responsible for the particular training or flight check shall certify to the proficiency of each crew member and person employed in operational control upon completion of his training, and such certification shall become a part of the individual's record.

**46.281 Initial pilot ground training.** Ground training for all pilots shall include instruction in at least the following:

(a) The appropriate provisions of the air carrier operations specifications and appropriate provisions of the regulations of this subchapter with particular emphasis on the operation and Eight release rules and helicopter operating limits;

(b) Operational control procedures and appropriate contents of the manuals;

(c) The duties and responsibilities of crew members;

(d) The type of helicopter to be flown, including a study of the helicopter, powerplants, all major components and systems, performance limitations, standard and emergency operating procedures, and appropriate

contents of the approved Helicopter Flight Manual;

(e) The principles and methods of determining weight and balance limitations for take-off and landing;

(f) Navigation and use of appropriate aids to navigation;

(g) Airport, heliport, and airways traffic control systems and procedures, and ground control letdown procedures if pertinent to the operation;

(h) Meteorology sufficient to insure a practical knowledge of the principles of icing, fog, thunderstorms, and frontal systems; and

(i) Procedures for operation in turbulent air and during periods of ice, hail, thunderstorms, and other potentially hazardous meteorological conditions.

**46.282 Initial pilot flight training.** Flight training for each pilot shall include at least take-offs and landings and normal and emergency flight maneuvers including approaches and landings with simulated one engine inoperative in each type of helicopter to be flown by him in scheduled operations. When night operations are authorized, such training shall include night take-offs and landings.

**46.286 Initial crew member emergency training.** The training in emergency procedures shall be designed to give each crew member appropriate individual instruction in all emergency procedures. Such training shall include at least the procedures to be followed in the event of the failure of an engine or other helicopter component or system, fire in the air or on the ground, ditching, evacuation, the location and operation of all emergency equipment, and maximum and minimum engine and rotor rpm.

**46.288 Training program; operations personnel.** The air carrier shall establish and maintain a training program sufficient to insure that operations personnel who perform duties involving operational control are adequately trained to perform such duties. The air carrier shall not assign an individual to perform duties involving operational control until he has satisfactorily passed an exami-

nation concerning such duties and responsibilities.

**46.289 Recurrent training.**

(a) Each air carrier shall provide such training as is necessary to insure the continued competence of each crew member and personnel engaged in operational control and to insure that each possesses adequate knowledge of and familiarity with all new equipment and procedures to be used by him.

(b) Each air carrier shall, at intervals established as part of the training program, but not to exceed 12 months, check the competence of each crew member and personnel engaged in operational control with respect to procedures, techniques, and information essential to the satisfactory performance of his duties. Where the check of the pilot in command requires actual flight, such check shall be considered to have been met by the checks accomplished in accordance with section 46.302.

(c) The appropriate instructor, supervisor, or check airman shall certify as to the proficiency demonstrated, and such certification shall become a part of the individual's record. In the case of pilots other than pilots in command, a pilot in command may make such certification.

**Flight Crew Member Qualifications**

**46.300 Qualification requirements.**

(a) No air carrier shall utilize any flight crew member, nor shall any such airman perform the duties authorized by his airman certificate, unless he satisfactorily meets the appropriate requirements of section 46.280 or section 46.289, and sections 46.301 through 46.304. All pilots serving as pilots in command shall hold valid airline transport pilot certificates with appropriate helicopter ratings. All other pilots shall hold at least commercial pilot certificates with helicopter ratings.

(b) Check airmen shall certify as to the proficiency of the pilot in command being examined, as required by sections 46.302 and 46.303, and such certification shall become part of the airman's records.

**[46.301 Pilot recent experience.** No air carrier shall schedule a pilot to serve as a pilot in scheduled air transportation unless within the preceding 90 days he has made at least 3 takeoffs and at least 3 landings in a helicopter of the particular type on which he is to serve; 2 of these landings shall be made from approaches with a simulated one-engine-inoperative condition in multiengine helicopters, or, in autorotation in single-engine helicopters; and, if the pilot is scheduled to serve in night air transportation, at least 1 of the 2 simulated one-engine-inoperative or autorotative landings shall have been made during hours of darkness.]

(Part 46, 23 F.R. 2264, Apr. 8, 1958, effective Oct. 1, 1958; as amended by amdt. 46-7, 27 F.R. 6925, July 21, 1962, effective Aug. 21, 1962.)

**46.302 Pilot checks.**

(a) *Line check.* Prior to serving as pilot in command, and at least once each 12 months thereafter, a pilot shall satisfactorily pass a line check in one of the types of helicopters normally to be flown by him. The line check may be given at any time during the month preceding or following the month in which it becomes due. The effective date of the check, if given within the preceding or following month, shall be the same as if given within the month in which it became due. This check shall be given by a check pilot who is qualified for the route. It shall consist of at least a scheduled flight between terminals over a route to which the pilot is normally assigned during which the check pilot shall determine whether the individual being checked satisfactorily exercises the duties and responsibilities of a pilot in command.

**(b) Proficiency check.**

(1) An air carrier shall not utilize a pilot as pilot in command until he has satisfactorily demonstrated to a check pilot or a representative of the Administrator his ability to pilot and navigate helicopters to be flown by him. Thereafter, he shall not serve as pilot in command unless each 6 months he successfully completes a similar pilot proficiency check. The proficiency check may be given at any time during the month preceding or following the month in which it be-

(Rev. 8/1/62)

comes due. The effective date of the check, if given within the preceding or following month, shall be the same as if given within the month in which it became due. Where such pilots serve in more than one helicopter type, the pilot proficiency check shall be given alternately in helicopters of each type flown by him.

(2) The pilot proficiency check shall include at least the following:

(i) Maneuvers consisting of approaches and landings with simulated one engine inoperative, normal take-offs and landings, crosswind landings, climbs and climbing turns, steep turns, maneuvering at minimum speed, rapid descent and quick stops, and a review of the emergency procedures specified in section 46.286.

(ii) An oral equipment examination covering the subjects specified in section 46.281(d). Such examination may be accomplished in the air carrier's ground school or during a proficiency or line check.

(Part 46, 23 F.R. 2264, Apr. 3, 1958, effective Oct. 1, 1958; as amended by amdt. 462, 24 F.R. 7866, Sept. 30, 1958, effective Oct. 29, 1959; amdt. 463, 25 F.R. 3359, May 4, 1960, effective June 1, 1960.)

**46.303 Pilot route and heliport qualification requirements.**

(a) An air carrier shall not utilize a pilot as pilot in command until he has been qualified for the route on which he is to serve in accordance with paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section and the appropriate instructor or check pilot has so certified.

(b) Each such pilot shall demonstrate adequate knowledge concerning the subjects listed below with respect to each route to be flown:

- (1) Weather characteristics,
  - (2) Navigational facilities,
  - (3) Communication procedures,
  - (4) Type of en route terrain and obstruction hazards,
  - (5) Minimum safe flight levels,
  - (6) Position reporting points,
  - (7) Holding procedures,
  - (8) Pertinent traffic control procedures,
- and

(9) Congested areas, obstructions, physical layout, and all approach procedures for each regular, provisional, and refueling heliport approved for the route.

[(c) Each such pilot shall make **an** entry as a member of the flight crew at each heliport into which he is to fly. The entry shall **includ**e a landing and takeoff under day HVR weather conditions to permit the **qual**ifying pilot to observe the heliport, surrounding terrain, and any obstructions to landings and takeoffs. The qualifying pilot shall **occupy** a seat in the pilot compartment and shall be accompanied by a pilot **qualified** at the heliport.]

(d) Each **such** pilot to be qualified for night operations in the carriage of passengers shall have been qualified in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, and in addition shall have made one trip over the route at night accompanied by a pilot **who** is qualified over the route for such operations.

(Part 46, 23 F.R. 2261, Apr. 8, 1958, effective Oct. 1, 1933; as amended by amdt. 46-7, 27 F.R. 6925, July 21, 1962 effective Aug. 21, 1962.)

**[46.304 Maintenance and reestablishment of pilot route and heliport qualifications for particular trips.**

[(a) To maintain pilot route and heliport qualifications, each pilot being utilized as pilot in command shall have made, within the preceding **3-month** period, at least one trip, as pilot or other member of a **Right crew**, between the terminals into which he is scheduled to **fly**. In order to maintain qualification for night operations, this trip must have been made during the hours of daylight.

[(b) In order to reestablish **pilot route** and heliport qualifications after absence from a route or a heliport thereon for a period in excess of 3 months, a pilot shall **com**ply with the provisions of section 46.303.]

(Part 46, 23 F.R. 2264, Apr. 8, 1958, effective Oct. 1, 1968; as amended by amdt. 467, 27 F.R. 6925, July 21, 1962, effective Aug. 21, 1962.)

**Flight Time Limitations**

**46.320 Flight time limitations.**

(a) An air carrier shall not schedule any

Eight crew member for duty aloft in scheduled air transportation or in other commercial flying if his total flight time in all **commercial flying** will exceed the following flight time limitations:

(1) 1,000 hours in any year,

(2) 100 hours in any month,

(3) 30 hours in any 7 consecutive days.

(b) An air carrier shall not schedule any **Right crew member** for duty aloft for more than 8 hours during any 24 consecutive hours unless he is given an intervening rest period at or before the termination of 8 scheduled hours of duty aloft. Such rest period shall equal twice the number of hours of duty aloft since the last preceding rest period, and in no case shall the rest period be less than 8 hours.

(c) When a flight crew member has been on duty aloft in excess of 8 hours in any 24 consecutive hours he shall, upon completion of his assigned **flight** or series of **flights**, be given at least 16 hours for rest before being assigned any further duty with the air carrier.

(d) Each **Right crew member** engaged in scheduled air transportation shall be relieved from all duty with the air carrier for at least 24 consecutive hours during any 7 consecutive days.

(e) No **Right crew member** shall be assigned any duty with an air carrier during any rest period prescribed by this part.

(f) A flight crew member shall not be considered to be scheduled for duty in excess of prescribed limitations, if the **Rights** to which he is assigned are scheduled and normally terminate within such limitations, but due to exigencies beyond the air carrier's control, such as adverse weather conditions **are** not at the time of departure expected to reach their destination within the scheduled time.

(Part 46, 23 F.R. 2264, Apr. 8, 1958, effective Oct. 1, 1966.)

**Flight Operations**

46.351 Operational **control**. The air carrier shall be responsible for operational control.

(a) **Responsibility of the air carrier**. The air carrier shall be responsible for:

(Rev. 8/1/62)

(1) The exercise of authority as necessary over the initiation, continuation, and diversion or termination of a flight; and

(2) Monitoring the progress of each flight and providing the pilot with all information necessary for the safety of the flight.

(b) **Responsibility of the pilot in command.** The pilot in command shall be responsible for the **preflight** planning and the operation of the flight in compliance with the applicable regulations of this subchapter and operations specifications. During flight

he shall be in command of the helicopter and crew and shall be responsible for the safety of the passengers, crew members, cargo, and helicopter.

(Part 46. 23 F.R. 2264, Am. 8, 1958, effective Oct. 1, 1958.)

46.352 **Operations notices.** Each air carrier shall notify the appropriate operations personnel promptly of **all** changes in equipment and operating procedures, including known changes in the use of navigational aids, heliports, air traffic control procedures

and regulations, local airport traffic control rules, and of all known hazards to flight, including icing and other potentially hazardous meteorological conditions and irregularities of ground and navigational facilities.

**46.353 Operations schedules.** In establishing flight operations schedules, each air carrier shall allow sufficient time for the proper servicing of helicopters with fuel and oil at intermediate stops, and it shall consider the prevailing winds along the particular route and the cruising speed of the type of helicopter to be flown which shall not exceed the specified cruising output of the helicopter engines.

**46.354 Flight crew members at controls.** All required flight crew members when on flight deck duty shall remain at their respective stations while the helicopter is taking off or landing, and while en route except when the absence of one such flight crew member is necessary for the performance of his duties in connection with the operation of the helicopter. All flight crew members shall keep their seat belts fastened when at their respective stations.

**46.355 Manipulation of controls.** No person other than a qualified pilot of the air carrier shall manipulate the flight controls during flight, except that any one of the following persons may, with the permission of the pilot in command, manipulate such controls:

(a) Authorized pilot safety representatives of the Administrator or the Board who are qualified on the helicopter and are engaged in checking flight operations, or

(b) Pilot personnel of another air carrier properly qualified on the helicopter and authorized by the operating carrier.

**46.356 Admission to flight deck.** No persons, other than crew members, shall be admitted to the flight deck of a helicopter except those authorized in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section. For the purposes of this section, the Administrator shall determine what constitutes the flight deck.

(a) FAA Flight Operations and Airworthiness Inspectors and authorized representatives of the Board while in the performance

of official duties shall be admitted to the flight deck.

**Note:** Nothing contained in this paragraph shall be construed as limiting the emergency authority of the pilot in command to exclude any person from the flight deck in the interest of safety.

(b) The persons listed below may be admitted to the flight deck when authorized by the pilot in command:

(1) An employee of the Federal Government or of an air carrier or other aeronautical enterprise whose duties are such that his presence on the flight deck is necessary or advantageous to the conduct of safe air carrier operations, or

**Note:** Federal employees who deal responsibly with matters relating to air carrier safety and such air carrier employees as pilots, meteorologists, communication operators, and mechanics whose efficiency would be increased by familiarity with flight conditions may be considered eligible under this requirement. Employees of traffic, sales, and other air carrier departments not directly related to flight operations cannot be considered eligible unless authorized under subparagraph (2) of this paragraph.

(2) Any other person specifically authorized by the air carrier management and the Administrator.

(c) All persons admitted to the flight deck shall have seats available for their use in the passenger compartment except:

(1) FAA Flight Operations and Airworthiness Inspectors or other authorized representatives of the Federal Aviation Agency or the Civil Aeronautics Board engaged in checking flight operations;

(2) Air traffic controllers who have been authorized by the Administrator to observe ATC procedures;

(3) Certificated airmen of the air carrier whose duties with the carrier require an airman certificate;

(4) Certificated airmen of another air carrier whose duties with such carrier require an airman certificate and who have been authorized by the air carrier concerned to make specific trips over the route;

(5) Employees of the air carrier, whose functions are directly related to the conduct or planning of flight operations or the in-flight monitoring of helicopter equipment or

operating procedures, but only **when** their presence in the cockpit is required in the furtherance of such functions and **when** specifically authorized in **writing** by a responsible supervisor in the operations department of the air carrier, **who** is listed in the Operations Manual as having such authority; and

(6) Technical representatives of the manufacturer of the helicopter or its **com-**ponents whose functions *are* directly related to the **in-flight** monitoring of helicopter equipment or operating procedures, but only when their presence in the cockpit is required in the furtherance of such functions and only when specifically authorized in writing by the Administrator and by a responsible supervisor in the operations department of the air carrier, **who** is listed in the Operations Manual as having such authority.

466357 *Use of cockpit check procedure.* The cockpit check procedure shall be used by the flight crew for each procedure as set forth in section 16.176.

46.358 *Personal flying equipment.* The **pilot** in command shall insure that the following equipment is aboard the helicopter for each **flight** :

(a) Appropriate aeronautical charts containing adequate navigational information, and

lb) A **flashlight** in good working order in the possession of each **crew** member during night operations.

46.359 *Restriction or suspension of operation.* When conditions exist which constitute a hazard to the conduct of safe air carrier operations, including heliport **condi-**tions, the air carrier shall restrict or suspend operations until such hazardous conditions are corrected.

46.360 *Emergency decisions; pilot in command.*

(a) In emergency situations which require immediate decision and action, the pilot in command may follow *any course* of action which he considers *necessary* under the circumstances. In such instances the pilot in command, to the extent required in the **in-**

terest of safety, may deviate from prescribed operations procedures and methods, weather minimums, and the regulations of this subchapter.

(b) When emergency authority is exercised by the pilot in command, the air carrier shall be kept fully informed regarding the progress of the flight, and within 10 days after the completion of the particular flight a written report of any deviation shall be submitted by the individual declaring the emergency to the Administrator through the air carrier's operations manager.

(c) No pilot in command shall deviate from an authorized route, except when operating in accordance with traffic control instructions issued by a control tower or control center or when circumstances render such deviation necessary in the interest of safety. In the latter case any deviation of more than 10 miles from the authorized route shall be explained by the pilot in a written report to the Administrator within 10 days of such deviation.

46.361 *Reporting potentially hazardous meteorological conditions and irregularities of ground and navigational facilities.* When any meteorological condition or irregularity of ground or navigational facilities is encountered in flight, the knowledge of which the pilot in command considers essential to the safety of other flights, he shall notify an appropriate ground radio station as soon as practicable. Such information shall thereupon be relayed by that station to the appropriate governmental agency.

46.362 *Reporting mechanical irregularities.* The pilot in command shall enter or cause to be entered in the maintenance log of the helicopter all mechanical irregularities encountered during **flight**. He shall, prior to each flight, inspect the log to ascertain the status of any irregularities entered in the **log** at the end of the last preceding flight.

46.364 *Weather minimums.* No flight shall be initiated, continued en route, or landed at destination unless it is conducted in accordance with the weather requirements prescribed in the operations specifications.

## Flight Release Rules

**46.381 Flight release.** No flight shall be initiated without the pilot in command executing a Bight release form setting forth the conditions under which the Bight will be conducted and certifying that the flight will be conducted in accordance with the regulations in this subchapter and the air carrier's operations specifications. When such Bights originate at locations other than the normal operating base, such Bight release forms may be executed orally to the operation control center, in which case such shall be made a matter of record. Flights which have remained at an intermediate heliport in excess of one hour shall require a new Bight release.

**46.382 Familiarity with weather conditions.** No pilot in command shall execute a Bight release unless he is thoroughly familiar with existing and anticipated weather conditions along the route to be flown.

**46.383 Facilities and services.** The operational control center shall furnish to the pilot in command all available current reports or information pertaining to irregularities of navigational facilities and heliport conditions which may affect the safety of the flight. It shall also furnish the pilot, while en route, any additional available information concerning meteorological conditions and irregularities of facilities and services which may affect the safety of the flight.

**46.384 Helicopter equipment required for Bight release.** All helicopters released shall be airworthy and shall be equipped in accordance with the provisions of section 46.170.

**46.385 Communications facilities required for Bight release.** No helicopter shall be released for Bight over any route or route segment unless the communications facilities required by section 46.34 are in satisfactory operating condition.

**46.386 Flight release under HVR.** Helicopters shall be released for operation under HVR only if the appropriate weather reports and forecasts or a combination thereof, indicate that the ceilings and visibilities along

the route to be flown are, and will remain, at or above the minimums required for flight under HVR until the flight arrives at the heliport or heliports of intended landing specified in the Bight release.

**46.387 HIR operations.** When an air carrier makes application for authorization to conduct instrument operations, and the Administrator, upon investigation, finds that the helicopter is properly certificated for instrument Bight and its pilots are capable of instrument Bight in helicopters, he may authorize such instrument operation. When such authorization is granted, complete operations procedures for such authorization shall be specified in the air carrier operations specifications.

**46.388 Visual ground reference requirements.** Except when authorized under section 46.387, no helicopter shall be operated unless meteorological conditions permit sufficient visual ground reference to allow proper control of the helicopter. At night, ample ground reference lights shall be available for that purpose.

**46.391 Continuance of flight; Bight hazards.**

(a) No helicopter shall be continued in flight toward any heliport to which it has been released when, in the opinion of the pilot in command or the air carrier, the flight cannot be completed with safety, unless in the opinion of the pilot in command there is no safer procedure. In the latter event, continuation shall constitute an emergency situation as set forth in section 46.360.

(b) If any item of equipment required pursuant to the regulations of this subchapter for the particular operation being conducted becomes unserviceable en route, the pilot in command shall comply with the procedures specified in the manual for such occurrence: **Provided**, That the Administrator may authorize the incorporation in the air carrier manual of procedures for the continued operation of a helicopter beyond a scheduled terminal where he finds that, in the particular circumstances of the case, literal compliance with this requirement is not necessary in the interest of safety.



**46.392 Operation in icing conditions.**

(a) A helicopter shall not be released, or en route operations continued, or landing made when, in the opinion of the pilot in command or the air carrier, icing conditions are expected or encountered which might adversely affect the safety of the flight.

(b) No helicopter shall take off or continue en route operations when frost, snow, or ice is adhering to the rotors, control surfaces, or other movable parts of the helicopter.

**46.393 Release and continuance of flight.**

(a) A heliport specified as the intended destination may be changed en route to another regular, provisional, or refueling heliport, providing the original flight release is amended.

(b) When the flight release is amended while the helicopter is en route, such amendment shall be made a matter of record.

**46.396 Fuel supply for HVR operations.** No helicopter shall be released for flight unless it carries sufficient fuel :

(a) To fly to the heliport to which released, and thereafter;

(b) To fly for a period of at least 20 minutes at normal cruising consumption.

**46.397 Factors involved in computing fuel required.** In computing the fuel required, consideration shall be given to the wind and other weather conditions forecast, traffic delays anticipated, and any other conditions which might delay the landing of the helicopter. Required fuel shall be additional to unusable fuel.

**46.405 Take-off and landing weather minimums; HVR.** Irrespective of any clearance which may be obtained from air traffic control, no helicopter shall take off or land when the reported ceiling or ground visibility is less than that specified in the air carrier's operations specifications.

**46.408 Minimum flight altitudes.** Minimum flight altitudes shall be prescribed by the Administrator in the interest of safety for any route or portion thereof. In establishing such minimum altitudes the Administrator shall consider the character of the

terrain to be traversed, the type of helicopter involved, the availability of suitable emergency autorotative landing areas, the quality and quantity of meteorological service, the navigational facilities available, and other flight conditions as may be pertinent.

**46.412 Preparation of load manifest.** The air carrier shall be responsible for the preparation and accuracy of a load manifest form prior to each take-off. This form shall be prepared by personnel of the air carrier charged with the duty of supervising the loading of helicopters and the preparation of load manifest forms or by other qualified persons authorized by the air carrier.

**Required Records and Reports**

**46.500 Records.** Each scheduled air carrier shall maintain records and submit reports in accordance with the requirements of sections 46.501 through 46.511. All records shall be retained for the period specified in Part 249 of Subchapter B of this chapter (Economic Regulations), unless otherwise specified in sections 46.501 through 46.511.

**46.501 Crew member records.** Each air carrier shall maintain current records of every crew member. These records shall contain such information concerning the qualifications of each such crew member as is necessary to show compliance with the appropriate requirements of the regulations of this subchapter, e.g., proficiency and route checks, helicopter qualifications, training, physical examinations, and flight time records. The disposition of any flight crew member released from the employ of the air carrier, or who becomes physically or professionally disqualified, shall be indicated in these records which shall be retained by the air carrier for at least three months.

**46.503 Flight release form.**

(a) The flight release may be in any form but shall contain at least the following information with respect to each flight:

(1) Identification number of the helicopter to be used, and the trip number.

(2) Heliport of departure, intermediate stops, destination, and routes to be followed;