*Kansas Stats/ Rankings

*CTP

*Personnel

*Revenue

*Taxes

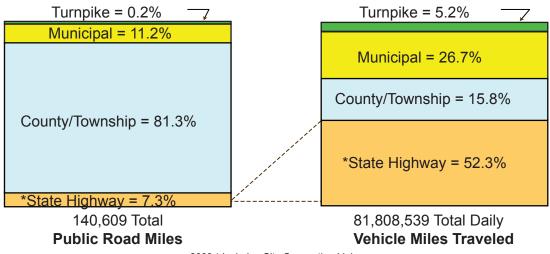
*Accident Stats



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Kansas Public Road Miles and Vehicle Miles of Travel - Percent by Jurisdiction



2009 * Includes City Connecting Links

Calendar Year 2008

System	Center Line Miles	Percent Of Total Miles	Daily Vehicle Miles Traveled	Percent Of Total Travel
State Highway System	9,496	6.7	26,846,213	32.8
City Connecting Links	872	0.6	15,922,299	19.5
County/Township	114,268	81.3	12,935,972	15.8
Municipal	15,735	11.2	21,804,212	26.7
Turnpike	238	0.2	4,299,843	5.2
TOTAL	140,609	100.0%	81,808,539	100.0%

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: Kansas Department of Transportation, "Mileage and Travel Tables", published November 2009, page1.

Kansas Transportation at a Glance - 2008

Background of Kansas		Registered Vehicles		
105 counties, 627 cities, 4	MPOs	Autos	1,454,113	
140,609 miles of public roa	ads	Pickups & Trucks	707,762	
Land Area (sq. Miles)	81,823	Trailers	144,717	
,	,	Motorcycles	76,361	
Population (2008 Est.)	2,778,599	Motorized Bikes	8,241	
State Tax Rates (cents/gal.)		Special Registrations	203,996	
Effective July 1, 2002		RV	12,261	
Gasoline	24	Total	2,607,451	
Diesel	26	Licensed Drivers	2,021,905	
Gasohol	24		2,021,905	
		Annual Vehicle Miles	29,787,117	
		of Travel (in 1,000s)		

Kansas Transportation at a Glance - 2008

Public Road Miles		Bridges	
Rural	127,859	Structurally Deficient	2,901
Urban	12,750	Functionally Obsolete	2,252
Total	140,609	Non-deficient	20,389
Accidents and Fatalities		Not Rated	396
Total Accidents	65,858	Total	25,938
Fatal Accidents	348	-	
Fatalities	385	Rail	
Airports		Total Miles Operated	4,776
Airports		Shortline Miles Operated	1,986
Public Use	137	Class I Miles Operated	2,790
Commercial Service	9		_,

Local Consultation 2009

In October 2009, KDOT conducted local consultation meetings in eight cities: Abilene, Dodge City, Hays, Hutchinson, Mission, Pittsburg, Topeka, and Wichita. More than 450 participated in the discussions, which focused on the new highway project selection process. T-LINK, a 35-member task force assembled by Governor Kathleen Sebelius to craft a new approach to transportation, created the proposed process. The new process is designed to give local officials more input into the process and to link transportation investments to economic opportunities.

With the proposed selection process, projects are categorized as:

- 1. Preservation—projects that maintain the existing infrastructure.
- Modernization—projects that address alignment issues, flatten hills, or straighten curves.
- 3. Expansion—projects that add lanes or interchanges.

Local Consultation 2009

The new process expands the selection criteria for Modernization and Expansion projects. Preservation projects will continue to be selected solely by engineering process. T-LINK recommends that Modernization projects be selected using 80 percent engineering data and 20 percent local input. Expansion projects would be selected using 50 percent engineering data, 25 percent local input and 25 percent economic impact analysis. Overall, Kansans were very supportive of the new process.

In addition to learning about the new process, local consultation participants had the opportunity to discuss individual projects with KDOT staff and to identify projects where it might be possible to utilize a multimodal solution.

For more information about T-LINK or this process, please visit www.kansastlink.com

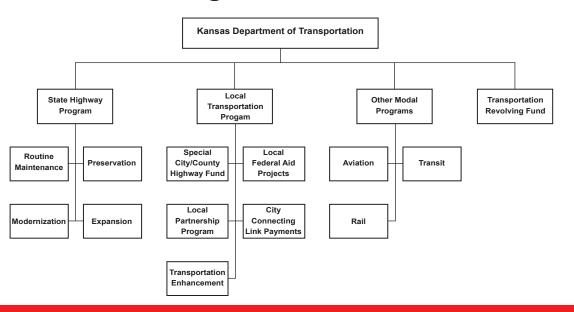
Comparison of Public Road Miles and Population

Public Road Miles

State	Ranking	Miles	Population	People Per Mile
Texas	1	305,855	23,845,989	78
California	2	171,154	36,418,499	213
Kansas	3	140,271	2,778,599	20
Illinois	4	139,157	12,829,014	92
(Source	2007 Highw	ov Statistics C	2009 Canaua Estimatas)	

(Source - 2007 Highway Statistics, 2008 Census Estimates)

Program Structure



Comprehensive Transportation Program (CTP) Highlights

--FY 2000 through FY 2009--

Total Spending – \$8.4 billion – Total transportation spending

State Highways – \$5 billion – Spending on the state highway system (Interstate, U.S., and K routes)

Local Roads – \$2.8 billion – Spending on city streets and county roads

Modes – \$600 million – Spending on public transit, aviation, railroads, and bike/pedestrian

(CTP) Highlights - continued

State Highway Spending

Preservation - \$2.7 billion - Repair and reconstruction of roads and bridges

Modernization – \$625 million - Improvements to the existing roadway, such as the addition of shoulders

Expansion – \$1.7 billion - New construction, such as additional lanes or interchanges

Total Modal Spending – \$601 million – Combined spending on public transit, aviation, rail, and bike/pedestrian

(CTP) Highlights - continued

Public Transit – \$126 million – Capital improvements like buses and vans, and operating expenses (State and Federal funds)

Aviation – \$43 million – Airport improvements, mostly to runway pavement (State funds and Local Match)

Rail – \$364 million – Crossing improvements like crossing gates and overpasses. Also includes loans and grants to improve short-line railroads (State and Federal funds)

Bike and Pedestrian – \$70 million – Trails and paths (all Federal funds)

Comprehensive Transportation Program Projected Receipts

(millions of dollars)

Motor Fuel Tax	4,035.70
Sales Tax Demand Transfer	208.20
Direct Sales Tax Deposit	1,342.50
Registration/Drivers Licenses Fees	1,576.40
Interest on Funds	384.10
Transfers	92.40
Misc	96.30
Federal Reimbursement	3,656.80
Local Reimbursement	436.50
Bond Sales	1,499.00
TRF Loan	-20.00
	13,307.90

Source: Kansas Department of Transportation Cashflow Projection dated 12/2009

Program Comparison of Miles and Bridges

Substantial Maintenance Miles	CHP FY 90-97 Annual Average 1,276	CTP FY 00-09 Annual Average 1,478
Major Modification Interstate Miles Non-interstate Miles	17 205	13 73
Priority Bridges (No. of Bridges)	24	29

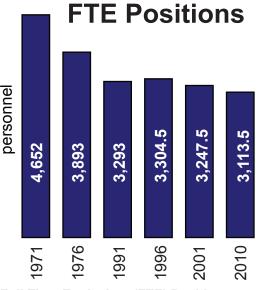
CTP Overview as of December 1, 2009

- \$5.7 billion CTP State Highway Program construction cost\$6.6 billion CTP State Highway Program total cost (const+CE+Util+RW+PE)
- **\$13.3 billion** Total CTP cost (\$6.6 billion, plus modes, salaries and other operating expenditures, local, etc.)

Estimated CTP construction dollars for each District are below

District One - \$1.7 billion
District Two - \$700 million
District Three - \$500 million
District Four - \$1.0 billion
District Five - \$1.0 billion
District Six - \$500 million

Kansas Department of Transportation



Full Time Equivalent (FTE) Positions

KDOT has a history of aggressively managing Full Time Equivalent (FTE) positions. KDOT's budgeted FTE positions declined by 1,538.5 between FY 1971 and FY 2009. 454-budgeted FTE of this total reduction were the result of transfers to other state agencies, and the remaining reduction of 1,084.5-budgeted FTE reflected the net organizational changes of the Agency during this period.

Currently, KDOT has 3,113.5 FTE, approximately 33 percent fewer than in 1971. Staffing levels continue to be reviewed. However, it is becoming more and more difficult to find positions that can be eliminated without jeopardizing some aspect of agency effectiveness. Further reductions in staffing could require a reduced level of services.

Comparison of Fuel Taxes and Revenues

	Gasoline	Diesel
Kansas Rate	24.0 ¢/gal.	26.0 ¢/gal.
National Avg.	25.4 ¢/gal.	25.7 ¢/gal.
Regional Avg.	26.7 ¢/gal.	28.0 ¢/gal.
Border States' Avg.	20.4 ¢/gal.	19.4 ¢/gal.
Annual Yield	1 cent = \$12.7 M	1 cent = \$4.4 M
		2009 Information

Gasoline Tax Rate Comparison

Excludes Environmental and Inspection Fees Ranked

Rank	State	Tax	Rank	State	Tax	Rank	State	Tax	Rank	State	Tax
1	California	46.00 **	14	Wisconsin	30.90	27	Delaware	23.00 *	40	Alabama	18.90
2	New York	44.80 **	15	North Carolina	29.95 *	28	North Dakota	23.00	41	Virginia	18.70
3	Hawaii	44.30 **	16	Maine	29.55 *	29	Vermont	22.30	42	Mississippi	18.40
4	Connecticut	40.80 **	17	Ohio	28.00 *	30	Colorado	22.00	43	Arizona	18.00
5	Washington	37.50	18	Minnesota	27.10	31	South Dakota	22.00	44	New Hampshire	17.98
6	Illinois	36.40 **	19	Montana	27.05	32	Arkansas	21.50	45	New Mexico	17.80
7	Florida	34.50 *	20	Nebraska	26.40 *	33	Kentucky	21.10 *	46	Missouri	17.30
8	Michigan	32.33 **	21	ldaho	25.00	34	lowa	21.00	47	South Carolina	16.05
9	Nevada	32.30	22	Oregon	25.00	35	Massachusetts	21.00 *	48	Oklahoma	16.00
10	West Virginia	32.20 *	23	Utah	24.50	36	Tennessee	21.00	49	New Jersey	14.50
11	Rhode Island	32.00 *	24	Kansas	24.00	37	Georgia	20.90 **	50	Wyoming	13.00
12	Indiana	31.60 **	25	Dist. of Columbia	23.50	38	Louisiana	20.00	51	Alaska	8.00
13	Pennsylvania	31.20	26	Maryland	23.50	39	Texas	20.00		Average	25.37

Variable Tax included

Source: American Petroleum Institute, 10/1/09

^{**} Sales Tax included

Diesel Tax Rate Comparison

Excludes Environmental and Inspection Fees Ranked

Rank	State	Tax	Rank	State	Tax	Rank	State	Tax	Rank	State	Tax
1	Hawaii	46.40 **	14	Michigan	29.93 **	27	Dist. of Columbia	23.50	40	Virginia	18.80
2	Connecticut	45.10	15	Florida	29.80 *	28	North Dakota	23.00	41	Mississippi	18.40
3	California	43.90 **	16	Ohio	28.00 *	29	Arkansas	22.50	42	Kentucky	18.10
4	New York	43.40 **	17	Montana	27.85	30	lowa	22.50	43	Arizona	18.00
5	Indiana	41.50 **	18	Nevada	27.80	31	Delaware	22.00 *	44	Tennessee	18.00
6	Illinois	39.60 **	19	Minnesota	27.10	32	South Dakota	22.00	45	New Hampshire	17.98
7	Pennsylvania	38.10	20	Nebraska	27.00 *	33	New Mexico	21.80	46	New Jersey	17.50
8	Washington	37.50	21	Kansas	26.00	34	Massachusetts	21.00 *	47	Missouri	17.30
9	West Virginia	32.10 *	22	ldaho	25.00	35	Georgia	20.60 **	48	South Carolina	16.05
10	Rhode Island	32.00 *	23	Vermont	25.00	36	Colorado	20.50	49	Oklahoma	13.00
11	Maine	31.53 *	24	Utah	24.50	37	Louisiana	20.00	50	Wyoming	13.00
12	Wisconsin	30.90	25	Maryland	24.30	38	Texas	20.00	51	Alaska	8.00
13	North Carolina	29.95 *	26	Oregon	24.30	39	Alabama	19.90		Average	25.73

^{*} Variable Tax included

^{**} Sales Tax included

Kansas Department of Transportation Fund Sources and Disposition FY 2000-2009

11.3% Bond Proceeds 10.1% Sales Tax Direct Deposit 1.6% Sales Tax Transfer 4.7% Other (Incl. Drivers License Fees) 11.2% Vehicle Registration Fees 30.3% Motor Fuels Tax* 3.3% Local Funds 27.5% Federal Funds**

















**Federal Funds made up of: 21.0% KDOT FHWA Obligation Authority 5.0% Local FHWA Obligation Authority 1.5% FHA, FTA, NHSTSA

State Highway Funds

*Net Motor Fuels Tax Receipts: (Ten-Year Average) 64.5% to State Highway Fund 35.5% to Special City & County Highway Fund





& Mowing)

9.2%



Local Partnership Program, City Connecting Link Payments, Transportation Enhancement) 21.1%



Transfers (Incl. KHP, Revenue) 6.1%



Construction
(Right-of-Way,
Design, Engineering,
& Utility Adjustments
for: Substantial
Maintenance,
Major Modification,
Priority Bridge &

System

Enhancement)

49.0%



uildings 0.4%



Management (Incl. Administration, Support Services, Technical &

Technical & Planning Assistance) 4 0%

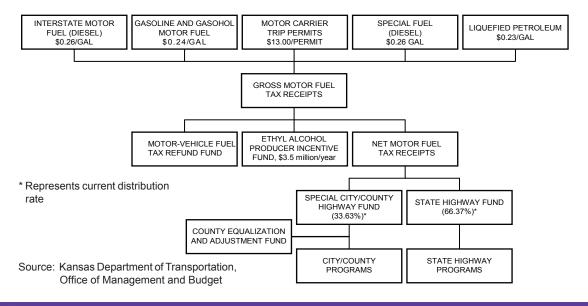


Debt Service 8.6%

Other Modal Programs (Aviation, Public Transit, Railroads) 1.6%

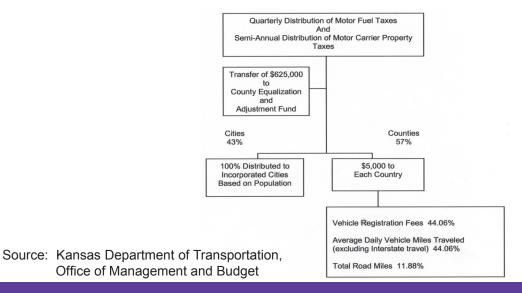
November 2009 Cash Flow Basis

Kansas Motor Fuel Tax Receipts and Distributions



Kansas Special City and County Highway Fund

(Effective July 1, 2000)



Kansas Department of Transportation Selected Information

Budget*

	FY 2010	FY 2011
Operating Budget	253,732,286	267,865,758
Non-Operating Reportable Budget	1,108,991,143	773,078,953
Total KDOT Budgeted Expenditures	1,362,723,429	1,040,944,711

Positions:

FTE	3,113.50	3,113.50
Non-FTE	51.00	51.00

^{*} All numbers reflect January 2010 Governor's recommendations

2008 Accident Stats

Traffic Accidents

348 Fatal

14,866 Injury

50,644 Property-Damage-Only

65,858

All Persons Involved in Traffic Accidents

385 Fatally Injured

21,058 Non-Fatally Injured

130,640 Unharmed or Unknown

152,083 All Occupants and Pedestrians

Most Accidents Occur:

During daylight hours	61%
In good weather conditions	81%
With dry road surface conditions	76%
Not in work zones	97%
In urban areas	64%
Where the road is straight and level	72%

Persons Fatally Injured in Traffic Accidents

152 Occupants of Cars

84 Occupants of Pickup Trucks

50 Occupants of SUVs

18 Occupants of Vans

45 Occupants of Motorcycles, Motor Scooters, and Mopeds

19 Pedestrians

12 Other

<u>5</u> Pedalcyclists

385 All Occupants and Pedestrains

Top 5 Contributing Circumstances:

Failed to give full time and attention	26%
Failure to yield the right-of-way	10%
Too fast for conditions	9%
Animal	9%
Followed too closely	5%

Note: 4 out of 5 are driver-related

Helpful numbers:

KDOT Web site:

www.ksdot.org

KDOT Connection (toll-free)

1-877-550-KDOT (5368)

K-TOC Web site:

http://ktoc.net

Road/Weather info:

In Kansas, call 511, or 1-866-511-KDOT (5368) anywhere in the U.S.

Road/Weather Web site:

www.kandrive.org

District One Office

Topeka, (785) 296-3881

District Two Office

Salina, (785) 823-3754

District Three Office

Norton, (785) 877-3315

District Four Office

Chanute, (620) 431-1000

District Five Office

Hutchinson, (620) 663-3361

District Six Office

Garden City, (620) 276-3241

KDOT Transportation Information Office in Topeka - (785) 296-3585

Notes