## Summary State Transportation Profile



## Acknowledgments

## U.S. Department of Transportation

Norman Y. Mineta Secretary<br>Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Rick Kowalewski
Deputy Director

William J. Chang
Associate Director for
Information Systems

John V. Wells
Chief Economist
Jeremy Wu
Acting Chief Statistician
Wendell Fletcher
Assistant Director for
Transportation Analysis

Project Manager

Ron Duych
Editor
Martha Courtney
Major Contributors
Dorinda Edmondson
Alpha Glass
Lorisa Smith

## Data Collection and Production- Battelle

William Mallett
Bo Bergman
Mary Field
Leonard Hughes
Michael Sanders
Laurie Scovell
Jakia Torrence

## Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Our mission: To lead in developing transportation data and information of high quality and to advance their effective use in both public and private transportation decisionmaking.

Our vision for the future: Data and information of high quality supporting every significant transportation policy decision, thus advancing the quality of life and the economic well-being of all Americans.

To obtain this and other BTS publications:
Internet: www.bts.gov
Phone: 202/366-DATA [press 1]
Fax: 202/366-3640

Mail: Product Orders
Bureau of Transportation Statistics U.S. Department of Transportation $4007^{\text {th }}$ Street, SW, K-15
Washington, DC 20590
Your comments for improving State Transportation Profile reports are welcome.
Contact the BTS Information Service:
E-mail: answers@bts.gov
Phone: 800/853-1351

## United States Fast Facts

## Transportation System Extent

All public roads: 3.97 million miles
Interstate: 46,483 miles
Road bridges: 589,111
Class I railroad trackage: 97,631 miles ${ }^{1}$
Inland waterways: 29,627 miles
Public use airports: 5,286 (633 certificated for air carrier operations)

## Vehicles and Conveyances ${ }^{1}$

Automobiles registered: 137.6 million
Light trucks registered: 84.2 million
Heavy trucks registered: 7.9 million
Buses registered: 2.9 million
Motorcycles registered: 4.9 million
Rail transit systems: 21 commuter rail, 14 heavy rail (subway), 26 light rail

Numbered boats: 12.8 million

## Geographic

Land area: 3.5 million sq. miles ${ }^{2}$
Percent of land area owned by federal government: $28.0^{2}$
Persons per square mile: $79.6^{2}$
Highest point: Mt. McKinley, AK (20,320 ft.)

Lowest point: Death Valley, CA (-282 ft.)
${ }^{1} 2001$
${ }^{2} 2000$
NOTE: Data are for 2002 unless otherwise noted.

## G overnment Subdivisions

County governments: 3,034
Municipal governments: 19,431
Town governments: 16,506
Congressional districts: 435

## Demographic

Population: 288.4 million
Percent urban population: $79^{2}$

## Socioeconomic

Gross domestic product: $\$ 10.4$ trillion
Civilian labor force: 144.9 million
Median household income: \$42,409

## Commuting (percent of workers) ${ }^{2}$

Car, truck, or van-drove alone: 75.7
Car, truck, or van-carpooled: 12.2
Public transportation (including taxi): 4.7
Walked: 2.9
Other means: 1.2
Worked at home: 3.3

## U.S. Department of Transportation

Bureau of Transportation Statistics
$4007^{\text {th }}$ Street, SW
Washington, DC 20590
(202) 366-DATA (3282)
http://www.bts.gov

## State Transportation Profile: Summary 2003

The Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) presents a statistical profile of transportation in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. This document supplements a previously published series of individual state profiles. Like the individual state report series, this document presents transportation information from BTS, other federal government agencies, and other national sources. A picture of the states' infrastructure, freight movement and passenger travel, safety, vehicles, economy and finance, and energy and environment is presented in tables covering the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

The state tables that appeared in the initial series have been updated with the most recently available data. Tables specific to an individual state that appeared in the earlier state reports here include all 50 states and the District of Columbia wherever possible.

Included in this "State Transportation Profile: Summary 2003" report is a description of the data sources used; information on data formats; federal, state, and national data sources; and a glossary of terms. Also contained in this report is a summary table that displays the approximate timing of future data releases and contact information for each state's Department of Transportation.

## Table of Contents

A Infrastructure
PAGE
Public Road Length, Miles by Functional System: 2002 ..... A-1
Public Road Length, Miles by Ownership: 2002 ..... A-2
Toll Roads, Bridges, Tunnels, and Ferries: 2003 ..... A-3
Road Condition: 2002 ..... A-4
Number of Road Bridges by Functional System: 2002 ..... A-5
Highway Bridge Condition: 2002 ..... A-6
Characteristics of Directly Operated Motor Bus Transit: 2001 ..... A-7
Characteristics of Rail Transit by Transit Authority: 2001 ..... A-8
Civil and Joint-Use Airports, Heliports, STOLports, and Seaplane Bases: 2003 ..... A-9
Top 50 Commercial Service Airport Enplanements: 2002 ..... A-10
Commercial Service Airport Enplanements by State: 2002 ..... A-11
Number of Freight Railroads by Class: 2001 ..... A-12
Miles of Freight Railroad Operated by Class of Railroad: 2001 ..... A-13
Top 50 Water Ports Ranked by Tonnage: 2001 ..... A-14
Inland Waterway Mileage: 2003 ..... A-15
B Safety
Highway Traffic Fatalities and Fatality Rates: 2001 and 2002 ..... B-1
Passenger Car and Light Truck Occupants Killed and Restraint Use: 2002 ..... B-2
Key Provisions of Safety Belt Use Laws: 2001 ..... B-3
Shoulder Belt Use: 1998, 2000, and 2002 ..... B-4
Pedestrian Fatalities Involving Motor Vehicles: 2002 ..... B-5
Fatalities in Motor Vehicle Crashes Involving High Blood Alcohol Concentration: 2001 and 2002 ..... B-6
Impaired Driving High-Priority Legislation: 2001 ..... B-7
Maximum Posted Speed Limits by System: 2003 ..... B-8
Rail Accidents/Incidents: 2002 ..... B-9
Highway-Rail Grade Crossing Incidents: 2002 ..... B-10
Highway-Rail Grade Crossings by Type: 2002 ..... B-11
Warning Devices at Public Highway-Rail Grade Crossings: 2002 ..... B-12
Types of People Killed in Train Accidents/Incidents: 2002 ..... B-13
Types of People Injured in Train Accidents/Incidents: 2002 ..... B-14
Transit Incidents, Fatalities, Injuries, and Property Damage, All Modes: 2001 ..... B-15
Recreational Boating Accidents: 2001 ..... B-16
Alcohol Involvement in Recreational Boating Accidents: 2001 ..... B-17
Hazardous Materials Incidents: 2002 ..... B-18
Hazardous Materials Incidents by Mode: 2002 ..... B-19
Natural Gas Distribution Pipeline Incidents: 2002 ..... B-20
Natural Gas Transmission Pipeline Incidents: 2002 ..... B-21
Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Incidents: 2002 ..... B-22

## C Freight Transportation

Shipments by Mode of Transportation for the United States: 2002 ..... C-1
Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for the United States: 2002 ..... C-1
Shipment Characteristics by Commodity for the United States: 2002 ..... C-2
Shipment Characteristics by Distance Shipped for the United States: 2002 ..... C-3
Shipment Characteristics by Shipment Weight for the United States: 2002 ..... C-4
Rail Shipments: 2001 ..... C-5
Waterborne Shipments: 2001 ..... C-6
Waterborne Imports by State and Vessel Type: 2001 ..... C-7
Waterborne Exports by State and Vessel Type: 2001 ..... C-8
Top 25 Ports by Calls and Vessel Type: 2000 ..... C-9
Top 30 Containership Ports: 2002 ..... C-10
Scheduled and Nonscheduled Air Freight and Mail Enplaned: 2002 ..... C-11
Top 50 All-Cargo Airports by Landed Weight: 2000, 2001, and 2002 ..... C-12
U.S. Surface Merchandise Trade with Canada and Mexico: 2002 ..... C-13
U.S. Surface Merchandise Imports from Canada and Mexico by Mode: 2002 ..... C-14
Incoming Truck Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002 ..... C-15
Incoming Truck Container (Loaded) Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002 ..... C-15
Incoming Truck Container (Unloaded) Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002 ..... C-15
Incoming Train Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002. ..... C-16
Incoming Rail Container (Full) Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002 ..... C-16
Incoming Rail Container (Empty) Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border:
1998-2002 ..... C-16
Incoming Truck Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border: 1998-2002 ..... C-17
Incoming Truck Container (Loaded) Crossings, U.S.- Mexican Border: 1998-2002 ..... C-17
Incoming Truck Container (Unloaded) Crossings, U.S.- Mexican Border: 1998-2002 ..... C-17
Incoming Train Crossings, U.S.- Mexican Border: 1998-2002 ..... C-18
Incoming Rail Container (Full) Crossings, U.S.- Mexican Border: 1998-2002 ..... C-18
Incoming Rail Container (Empty) Crossings, U.S.- Mexican Border:1998-2002C-18
Top 50 Foreign Trade Freight Gateways: 2002 ..... C-19

## D Passenger Travel

Commuting to Work: 2000 ..... D-1
Licensed Drivers: 2001 ..... D-2
Transit Ridership in 50 Largest Urbanized Areas: 2001 ..... D-3
Urban Transit Ridership by State and Transit Mode: 2001 ..... D-4
Top 50 Airports by Passengers Enplaned on Large Certificated U.S. Air Carriers: 2002 ..... D-5
Incoming Personal Vehicle Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-6
Incoming Passengers in Personal Vehicles, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-6
Incoming Train Passengers, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-6
Incoming Bus Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-7
Incoming Passengers on Buses, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-7
Incoming Pedestrians, U.S.-Canadian Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-7
Incoming Personal Vehicle Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-8
Incoming Passengers in Personal Vehicles, U.S.- Mexican Border: 1998-2002. ..... D-8
Incoming Train Passengers, U.S.- Mexican Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-8
Incoming Bus Crossings, U.S.- Mexican Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-9
Incoming Passengers on Buses, U.S.- Mexican Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-9
Incoming Pedestrians, U.S.- Mexican Border: 1998-2002 ..... D-9
Overseas Visitors to the United States by Destination State and Territory: 1997, 2000, and 2002 ..... D-10
Overseas Visitors to the United States by Destination City: 1997, 2000, and 2002 ..... D-11
E Registered Vehicles and Vehicle-Miles Traveled
Motor-Vehicle Registrations: 2001 ..... E-1
Trailer and Semi-Trailer Registrations: 2001 ..... E-2
Highway Vehicle-Miles Traveled (VMT): 1997 and 2002 ..... E-3
Highway, Demographic, and Geographic Characteristics of 30 Largest Urbanized Areas: 2002 ..... E-4
Recreational Boat Registrations by Propulsion Type: 2001 ..... E-5
General Aviation and Air Taxi Aircraft and Hours Flown: 2001 ..... E-6
Active Aviation Pilots and Flight Instructors: 2001 ..... E-7
F Economy and Finance
Transportation and Warehousing Establishments and Employment: 2001 ..... F-1
Transportation Expenditures by State and Local Governments: 2000 ..... F-2
Transportation Revenues Collected by State and Local Governments: 2000 ..... F-3
State Motor-Fuel Tax Rates: 2001 ..... F-4

## G Energy and Environment

Transportation Energy Consumption by Energy Source: 2000 ..... G-1
Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector: 2000 ..... G-2
Transportation Energy Consumption per Capita: 2000 ..... G-3
Motor-Fuel Use: 2001 ..... G-4
H Information on Data Sources. ..... H-1
I Appendices and Glossary ..... I-1

A Infrastructure

Table 1-1: Public Road Length, Miles by Functional System: 2002

| State | Interstate | Other principal and minor arterials | Major and minor collectors | Local | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 905 | 8,817 | 20,529 | 64,183 | 94,434 |
| Alaska | 1,083 | 1,513 | 2,734 | 8,788 | 14,118 |
| Arizona | 1,168 | 4,869 | 8,487 | 42,638 | 57,162 |
| Arkansas | 656 | 6,924 | 20,071 | 70,832 | 98,483 |
| California | 2,454 | 28,554 | 32,040 | 104,850 | 167,898 |
| Colorado | 954 | 8,436 | 16,603 | 60,317 | 86,310 |
| Connecticut | 346 | 3,007 | 3,041 | 14,649 | 21,043 |
| Delaware | 41 | 638 | 939 | 4,228 | 5,846 |
| District of Columbia | 13 | 286 | 152 | 1,084 | 1,535 |
| Florida | 1,471 | 12,631 | 14,219 | 91,464 | 119,785 |
| Georgia | 1,245 | 13,263 | 23,269 | 78,000 | 115,777 |
| Hawaii | 55 | 786 | 831 | 2,628 | 4,300 |
| Idaho | 611 | 3,836 | 9,919 | 32,366 | 46,732 |
| Illinois | 2,170 | 14,086 | 21,646 | 100,436 | 138,338 |
| Indiana | 1,169 | 8,097 | 22,654 | 62,367 | 94,287 |
| lowa | 782 | 9,563 | 31,559 | 71,546 | 113,450 |
| Kansas | 874 | 9,331 | 33,358 | 91,475 | 135,038 |
| Kentucky | 762 | 5,587 | 17,564 | 54,459 | 78,372 |
| Lovisiana | 904 | 5,279 | 10,114 | 44,616 | 60,913 |
| Maine | 367 | 2,306 | 5,974 | 14,045 | 22,692 |
| Maryland | 481 | 3,800 | 5,039 | 21,495 | 30,815 |
| Massachusetts | 566 | 5,829 | 5,488 | 23,577 | 35,460 |
| Michigan | 1,240 | 12,491 | 25,715 | 82,583 | 122,029 |
| Minnesota | 913 | 12,880 | 29,437 | 88,891 | 132,121 |
| Mississippi | 685 | 7,162 | 15,264 | 50,789 | 73,900 |
| Missouri | 1,181 | 9,740 | 24,976 | 88,788 | 124,685 |
| Montana | 1,191 | 6,011 | 16,378 | 45,922 | 69,502 |
| Nebraska | 482 | 7,904 | 20,784 | 64,001 | 93,171 |
| Nevada | 560 | 2,926 | 5,210 | 26,159 | 34,855 |
| New Hampshire | 224 | 1,587 | 2,721 | 10,970 | 15,502 |
| New Jersey | 431 | 5,676 | 4,556 | 25,893 | 36,556 |
| New Mexico | 1,000 | 4,590 | 6,952 | 48,843 | 61,385 |
| New York | 1,674 | 14,299 | 20,555 | 77,492 | 114,020 |
| North Carolina | 1,020 | 9,200 | 17,733 | 73,790 | 101,743 |
| North Dakota | 572 | 5,876 | 11,659 | 68,480 | 86,587 |
| Ohio | 1,573 | 11,043 | 22,105 | 90,164 | 124,885 |
| Oklahoma | 931 | 8,041 | 25,375 | 78,187 | 112,534 |
| Oregon | 728 | 6,775 | 17,383 | 41,755 | 66,641 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,757 | 13,685 | 19,812 | 85,044 | 120,298 |
| Rhode Island | 70 | 914 | 856 | 4,211 | 6,051 |
| South Carolina | 842 | 6,946 | 13,379 | 45,027 | 66,194 |
| South Dakota | 678 | 6,300 | 19,281 | 57,351 | 83,610 |
| Tennessee | 1,073 | 8,874 | 18,081 | 60,258 | 88,286 |
| Texas | 3,234 | 29,723 | 63,340 | 205,479 | 301,776 |
| Utah | 940 | 3,349 | 7,840 | 30,481 | 42,610 |
| Vermont | 320 | 1,318 | 3,122 | 9,529 | 14,289 |
| Virginia | 1,117 | 8,416 | 14,121 | 47,296 | 70,950 |
| Washington | 764 | 7,619 | 16,802 | 56,994 | 82,179 |
| West Virginia | 549 | 3,246 | 8,785 | 24,416 | 36,996 |
| Wisconsin | 744 | 11,889 | 21,539 | 78,748 | 112,920 |
| Wyoming | 913 | 3,676 | 10,902 | 11,931 | 27,422 |
| United States, total | 46,483 | 389,594 | 790,893 | 2,739,515 | 3,966,485 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2002,
Washington, DC: 2003, table HM-20, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policy/ohim/hs02/pdf/hm20.pdf as of Dec. 1, 2003.

Table 1-2: Public Road Length, Miles by Ownership: 2002

| State | State highway agency | County | Town, township, municipal | Other jurisdiction ${ }^{1}$ | Federal agency ${ }^{2}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 10,893 | 58,762 | 23,225 | 169 | 1,386 | 94,435 |
| Alaska | 5,556 | 3,441 | 2,041 | 737 | 2,341 | 14,116 |
| Arizona | 6,785 | 19,526 | 18,675 | 289 | 11,889 | 57,164 |
| Arkansas | 16,380 | 66,062 | 13,775 | 1 | 2,267 | 98,485 |
| California | 15,283 | 65,898 | 70,874 | 3,040 | 12,803 | 167,898 |
| Colorado | 9,099 | 54,874 | 13,848 | 1,298 | 7,188 | 86,307 |
| Connecticut | 3,718 | 0 | 16,979 | 276 | 70 | 21,043 |
| Delaware | 5,148 | 0 | 691 | 1 | 6 | 5,846 |
| District of Columbia | 1,427 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 88 | 1,534 |
| Florida | 12,059 | 70,426 | 35,216 | 0 | 2,085 | 119,786 |
| Georgia | 17,864 | 82,273 | 13,712 | 798 | 1,129 | 115,776 |
| Hawaii | 933 | 3,193 | 0 | 55 | 118 | 4,299 |
| Idaho | 4,955 | 15,149 | 2,332 | 15,985 | 8,310 | 46,731 |
| Illinois | 16,189 | 16,474 | 104,752 | 671 | 253 | 138,339 |
| Indiana | 11,185 | 66,731 | 16,370 | 0 | 0 | 94,286 |
| lowa | 10,255 | 89,104 | 14,089 | 2 | 0 | 113,450 |
| Kansas | 10,379 | 111,826 | 2,433 | 10,273 | 126 | 135,037 |
| Kentucky | 27,486 | 40,726 | 8,834 | 194 | 1,134 | 78,374 |
| Louisiana | 16,694 | 32,428 | 11,152 | 16 | 622 | 60,912 |
| Maine | 8,406 | 0 | 13,915 | 200 | 172 | 22,693 |
| Maryland | 5,130 | 20,486 | 4,508 | 264 | 426 | 30,814 |
| Massachusetts | 2,843 | 5 | 31,747 | 755 | 111 | 35,461 |
| Michigan | 9,711 | 89,756 | 20,785 | 37 | 1,740 | 122,029 |
| Minnesota | 11,918 | 45,410 | 71,459 | 1,324 | 2,010 | 132,121 |
| Mississippi | 10,676 | 53,299 | 9,049 | 113 | 764 | 73,901 |
| Missouri | 32,447 | 71,607 | 19,599 | 1 | 1,031 | 124,685 |
| Montana | 7,876 | 43,923 | 3,628 | 369 | 13,708 | 69,504 |
| Nebraska | 9,982 | 60,870 | 21,862 | 297 | 163 | 93,174 |
| Nevada | 5,447 | 22,782 | 4,115 | 689 | 1,820 | 34,853 |
| New Hampshire | 3,993 | 0 | 11,342 | 31 | 137 | 15,503 |
| New Jersey | 2,310 | 7,430 | 25,698 | 1,032 | 88 | 36,558 |
| New Mexico | 11,399 | 38,476 | 4,250 | 145 | 7,114 | 61,384 |
| New York | 15,034 | 20,461 | 77,060 | 1,372 | 96 | 114,023 |
| North Carolina | 78,517 | 0 | 19,257 | 748 | 3,221 | 101,743 |
| North Dakota | 7,378 | 10,183 | 68,310 | 21 | 695 | 86,587 |
| Ohio | 19,301 | 29,134 | 72,774 | 3,241 | 435 | 124,885 |
| Oklahoma | 12,266 | 80,752 | 18,244 | 1,217 | 55 | 112,534 |
| Oregon | 7,574 | 33,501 | 9,851 | 4,743 | 10,973 | 66,642 |
| Pennsylvania | 39,905 | 287 | 75,422 | 3,740 | 945 | 120,299 |
| Rhode Island | 1,115 | 0 | 4,908 | 3 | 27 | 6,053 |
| South Carolina | 41,497 | 20,156 | 2,108 | 191 | 2,243 | 66,195 |
| South Dakota | 7,840 | 36,198 | 37,560 | 59 | 1,952 | 83,609 |
| Tennessee | 13,796 | 56,495 | 17,154 | 540 | 301 | 88,286 |
| Texas | 79,493 | 142,636 | 78,653 | 138 | 858 | 301,778 |
| Utah | 5,853 | 23,784 | 8,844 | 724 | 3,407 | 42,612 |
| Vermont | 2,631 | 0 | 11,341 | 210 | 110 | 14,292 |
| Virginia | 57,083 | 1,610 | 10,362 | 39 | 1,857 | 70,951 |
| Washington | 7,053 | 40,384 | 15,274 | 11,960 | 7,510 | 82,181 |
| West Virginia | 34,014 | 0 | 2,216 | 88 | 677 | 36,995 |
| Wisconsin | 11,754 | 12,152 | 88,188 | 0 | 825 | 112,919 |
| Wyoming | 6,758 | 14,461 | 2,082 | 837 | 3,286 | 27,424 |
| United States, total | 773,288 | 1,773,131 | 1,230,563 | 68,952 | 120,572 | 3,966,506 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2002, Washington, DC: 2003, table HM-14, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policy/ohim/hs02/pdf/hm14.pdf as of Dec. 2, 2003.

Table 1-3: Toll Roads, Bridges, Tunnels, and Ferries: 2003

| State | Toll road mileage | Number of toll bridges | Number of toll tunnels | Number of toll ferries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 6.0 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| Alaska | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 12 |
| Arizona | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arkansas | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| California | 95.8 | 9 | 0 | 1 |
| Colorado | 48.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Connecticut | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Delaware | 49.3 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 657.0 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Georgia | 6.2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois | 282.1 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Indiana | 156.8 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| lowa | 0.0 | 6 | 0 | 1 |
| Kansas | 236.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kentucky | 248.5 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Louisiana | 1.5 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Maine | 106.2 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| Maryland | 0.0 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Massachusetts | 135.6 | 1 | 2 | 12 |
| Michigan | 0.0 | 6 | 1 | 11 |
| Minnesota | 0.0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Mississippi | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Missouri | 0.0 | 2 | 0 | 6 |
| Montana | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 0.0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Nevada | 6.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 97.1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 356.0 | 27 | 2 | 1 |
| New Mexico | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New York | 574.6 | 30 | 4 | 9 |
| North Carolina | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| North Dakota | 0.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 392.2 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| Oklahoma | 596.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Oregon | 0.0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Pennsylvania | 508.2 | 15 | 0 | 2 |
| Rhode Island | 0.0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| South Carolina | 23.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Texas | 145.6 | 24 | 1 | 1 |
| Utah | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Vermont | 11.9 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Virginia | 65.1 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Washington | 0.0 | 1 | 0 | 18 |
| West Virginia | 86.8 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| Wisconsin | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Wyoming | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| United States, total | 4,721.8 | 142 | 12 | 123 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Toll Facilities in the United States: Bridges-Roads-Tunnels-Ferries, Washington, DC: July 2003, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/tollpage.htm as of July 2003.

Table 1-4: Road Condition: 2002

| State | Very Good | Good | Fair | Mediocre | Poor | Not Reported |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 2,611 | 8,121 | 9,506 | 2,580 | 1,047 | 0 |
| Alaska | 109 | 725 | 1,460 | 611 | 147 | 589 |
| Arizona | 4,587 | 2,666 | 3,426 | 444 | 165 | 703 |
| Arkansas | 667 | 2,344 | 9,210 | 5,413 | 2,231 | 311 |
| California | 384 | 6,851 | 22,836 | 12,916 | 10,838 | 75 |
| Colorado | 1,866 | 4,771 | 7,037 | 1,816 | 560 | 0 |
| Connecticut | 1,551 | 747 | 2,744 | 604 | 374 | 11 |
| Delaware | 42 | 532 | 608 | 165 | 102 | 2 |
| District of Columbia | 316 | 14 | 6 | 22 | 91 | 0 |
| Florida | 8,298 | 9,133 | 5,610 | 779 | 170 | 40 |
| Georgia | 15,618 | 10,263 | 4,118 | 32 | 27 | 2 |
| Hawaii | 92 | 113 | 874 | 308 | 138 | 15 |
| Idaho | 303 | 2,922 | 2,462 | 2,484 | 642 | 23 |
| Illinois | 7,309 | 7,125 | 14,082 | 3,340 | 2,065 | 2 |
| Indiana | 3,463 | 7,718 | 7,128 | 2,510 | 1,350 | 13 |
| lowa | 2,644 | 9,594 | 9,975 | 1,492 | 540 | 62 |
| Kansas | 3,282 | 9,101 | 3,603 | 3,672 | 3,832 | 275 |
| Kentucky | 661 | 3,833 | 8,776 | 931 | 233 | 6 |
| Louisiana | 1,023 | 3,181 | 5,009 | 1,915 | 1,272 | 151 |
| Maine | 267 | 1,796 | 3,991 | 331 | 29 | 0 |
| Maryland | 206 | 2,157 | 2,666 | 888 | 1,352 | 32 |
| Massachusetts | 241 | 1,042 | 5,385 | 3,117 | 938 | 2 |
| Michigan | 7,909 | 6,206 | 10,053 | 4,404 | 3,143 | , |
| Minnesota | 5,881 | 11,573 | 11,153 | 779 | 1,364 | 0 |
| Mississippi | 2,310 | 5,067 | 8,324 | 2,223 | 2,548 | 0 |
| Missouri | 820 | 9,239 | 14,167 | 4,607 | 1,188 | 363 |
| Montana | 1,008 | 6,331 | 3,984 | 710 | 319 | 48 |
| Nebraska | 3,302 | 4,431 | 5,545 | 1,300 | 795 | 71 |
| Nevada | 2,283 | 1,394 | 2,264 | 285 | 168 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 209 | 1,140 | 1,535 | 234 | 162 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 1,521 | 1,263 | 4,721 | 1,308 | 901 | 98 |
| New Mexico | 1,924 | 2,503 | 3,456 | 1,231 | 656 | 36 |
| New York | 2,136 | 11,668 | 8,204 | 2,080 | 1,791 | 220 |
| North Carolina | 3,676 | 5,969 | 8,143 | 1,628 | 1,132 | 0 |
| North Dakota | 2,637 | 5,479 | 4,637 | 803 | 123 | 0 |
| Ohio | 4,805 | 10,628 | 9,717 | 2,215 | 581 | 0 |
| Oklahoma | 1,094 | 6,455 | 10,793 | 3,139 | 4,802 | 256 |
| Oregon | 2,174 | 4,179 | 9,138 | 1,210 | 307 | 24 |
| Pennsylvania | 593 | 5,657 | 13,836 | 4,122 | 3,054 | 27 |
| Rhode Island | 215 | 277 | 884 | 218 | 90 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 827 | 6,390 | 7,711 | 1,215 | 1,221 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 1,069 | 3,642 | 6,668 | 805 | 1,761 | 469 |
| Tennessee | 5,816 | 5,847 | 4,603 | 469 | 116 | 98 |
| Texas | 2,683 | 16,869 | 43,219 | 10,681 | 3,818 | 279 |
| Utah | 704 | 2,104 | 4,189 | 514 | 170 | 99 |
| Vermont | 167 | 1,109 | 1,482 | 677 | 422 | 0 |
| Virginia | 2,964 | 5,776 | 10,556 | 1,104 | 635 | 53 |
| Washington | 2,979 | 4,968 | 7,616 | 1,315 | 907 | 846 |
| West Virginia | 327 | 1,941 | 4,856 | 1,786 | 1,331 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 3,015 | 6,999 | 13,725 | 1,819 | 2,207 | 7 |
| Wyoming | 1,807 | 3,433 | 2,026 | 231 | 44 | 17 |
| United States, total | 122,395 | 253,286 | 367,717 | 99,482 | 63,899 | 5,326 |

Serviceability Rating (PSR). States are required to report to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) IRI data for the Interstate system, other principal arterials, rural minor arterials, and the National Highway System regardless of functional system. The IRI is also recommended by FHWA for measuring all other functional classifications because the IRI uses a more standardized and objective measurement methodology. However, where PSR is still in use, the mileage for the PSR and IRI are combined for purposes of this table.
 Washington, DC: 2003, tables HM-63 and HM-64, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ as of Dec. 2, 2003.

Table 1-5: Number of Road Bridges by Functional System: 2002

| State | Urban |  |  |  |  | Rural |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Interstate | Other freeways and expressways | Other arterial | Collector | Local | Interstate | Other arterial | Collector | Local |
| Alabama | 556 | 81 | 868 | 210 | 774 | 603 | 2,573 | 5,649 | 4,382 |
| Alaska | 27 | 16 | 85 | 22 | 35 | 153 | 192 | 255 | 652 |
| Arizona | 346 | 109 | 682 | 131 | 363 | 461 | 2,238 | 4,976 | 3,135 |
| Arkansas | 279 | 224 | 711 | 348 | 578 | 1,267 | 1,460 | 1,137 | 1,033 |
| California | 2,489 | 2,801 | 4,280 | 828 | 1,735 | 1,222 | 2,947 | 3,251 | 4,175 |
| Colorado | 374 | 305 | 772 | 220 | 412 | 623 | 1,300 | 1,776 | 2,324 |
| Connecticut | 695 | 483 | 692 | 460 | 345 | 135 | 321 | 419 | 623 |
| Delaware | 64 | 32 | 88 | 13 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| District of Columbia | 87 | 28 | 160 | 78 | 48 | 0 | 125 | 102 | 207 |
| Florida | 986 | 985 | 1,895 | 770 | 1,109 | 756 | 1,898 | 1,448 | 1,527 |
| Georgia | 524 | 228 | 1,565 | 458 | 1,056 | 487 | 2,381 | 4,014 | 3,743 |
| Hawaii | 193 | 83 | 142 | 72 | 99 | 2 | 234 | 148 | 116 |
| Idaho | 255 | 0 | 885 | 200 | 453 | 392 | 2,276 | 7,537 | 12,957 |
| Illinois | 70 | 2 | 224 | 73 | 94 | 316 | 536 | 910 | 1,861 |
| Indiana | 1,172 | 139 | 2,208 | 702 | 787 | 1,070 | 2,435 | 4,607 | 12,490 |
| lowa | 730 | 213 | 1,287 | 496 | 726 | 760 | 1,329 | 5,036 | 7,510 |
| Kansas | 425 | 227 | 749 | 224 | 386 | 571 | 2,654 | 8,445 | 11,942 |
| Kentucky | 417 | 149 | 564 | 156 | 81 | 352 | 1,505 | 4,706 | 5,532 |
| Louisiana | 811 | 159 | 778 | 47 | 773 | 727 | 1,912 | 3,928 | 4,261 |
| Maine | 878 | 292 | 1,397 | 411 | 423 | 200 | 297 | 488 | 540 |
| Maryland | 617 | 293 | 553 | 245 | 676 | 245 | 467 | 865 | 992 |
| Massachusetts | 96 | 21 | 147 | 81 | 50 | 177 | 319 | 726 | 746 |
| Michigan | 808 | 315 | 1,414 | 455 | 524 | 383 | 1,181 | 2,587 | 3,132 |
| Minnesota | 411 | 200 | 886 | 264 | 319 | 286 | 1,667 | 3,212 | 5,601 |
| Mississippi | 627 | 928 | 614 | 497 | 1,044 | 412 | 2,314 | 5,246 | 11,813 |
| Missouri | 236 | 98 | 438 | 200 | 322 | 532 | 2,627 | 4,580 | 7,777 |
| Montana | 83 | 0 | 82 | 10 | 5 | 730 | 980 | 974 | 2,124 |
| Nebraska | 494 | 397 | 1,279 | 351 | 1,121 | 437 | 1,683 | 3,700 | 7,654 |
| Nevada | 57 | 0 | 132 | 17 | 24 | 148 | 585 | 872 | 2,682 |
| New Hampshire | 126 | 44 | 354 | 83 | 125 | 219 | 2,113 | 3,602 | 8,796 |
| New Jersey | 101 | 42 | 179 | 51 | 71 | 260 | 318 | 449 | 881 |
| New Mexico | 887 | 592 | 1,748 | 502 | 684 | 164 | 417 | 563 | 818 |
| New York | 208 | 0 | 367 | 111 | 129 | 636 | 998 | 817 | 534 |
| North Carolina | 164 | 87 | 220 | 180 | 186 | 309 | 134 | 167 | 173 |
| North Dakota | 1,259 | 819 | 2,299 | 670 | 1,020 | 791 | 2,025 | 3,430 | 5,059 |
| Ohio | 1,356 | 776 | 1,951 | 983 | 1,290 | 936 | 2,238 | 7,168 | 11,205 |
| Oklahoma | 500 | 219 | 1,006 | 464 | 510 | 680 | 2,599 | 7,254 | 9,761 |
| Oregon | 263 | 93 | 583 | 217 | 165 | 402 | 1,159 | 2,084 | 2,385 |
| Pennsylvania | 965 | 740 | 2,346 | 807 | 1,275 | 1,107 | 3,056 | 4,579 | 6,998 |
| Rhode Island | 125 | 104 | 254 | 66 | 59 | 14 | 38 | 50 | 39 |
| South Carolina | 255 | 61 | 522 | 297 | 289 | 426 | 1,375 | 2,582 | 3,284 |
| South Dakota | 67 | 1 | 131 | 40 | 47 | 380 | 975 | 1,330 | 3,008 |
| Tennessee | 714 | 278 | 1,787 | 394 | 910 | 649 | 2,615 | 5,389 | 6,730 |
| Texas | 3,080 | 2,862 | 5,213 | 1,097 | 3,661 | 3,124 | 7,608 | 11,319 | 10,244 |
| Utah | 376 | 20 | 259 | 81 | 233 | 450 | 341 | 465 | 556 |
| Vermont | 924 | 324 | 1,279 | 380 | 549 | 714 | 1,618 | 2,745 | 4,400 |
| Virginia | 58 | 24 | 65 | 41 | 31 | 256 | 360 | 694 | 1,187 |
| Washington | 581 | 280 | 805 | 175 | 246 | 364 | 991 | 1,986 | 2,203 |
| West Virginia | 521 | 479 | 1,195 | 191 | 371 | 596 | 2,000 | 2,773 | 5,437 |
| Wisconsin | 205 | 75 | 210 | 84 | 126 | 455 | 708 | 2,105 | 2,859 |
| Wyoming | 159 | 5 | 115 | 45 | 36 | 763 | 498 | 525 | 931 |
| United States, total | 27,701 | 16,733 | 48,465 | 14,998 | 26,416 | 27,142 | 74,620 | 143,671 | 209,022 |

NOTE: Some slight discrepancies exist between the total number of bridges reported in tables 1-5 and 1-6 because of differences in the version of the bridge database used, bridges not identified by functional class, and other anomalies.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, National Bridge Inventory CD-ROM, Washington, DC: 2003.

Table 1-6: Highway Bridge Condition: 2002

| State | All bridges (number) | Structurally deficient (number) | Functionally obsolete (number) | Total, structurally deficient and functionally obselete |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | (number) | (percent) |
| Alabama | 15,697 | 2,611 | 2,276 | 4,887 | 31.1 |
| Alaska | 1,437 | 176 | 251 | 427 | 29.7 |
| Arizona | 7,055 | 187 | 563 | 750 | 10.6 |
| Arkansas | 12,438 | 1,399 | 1,984 | 3,383 | 27.2 |
| California | 23,754 | 2,757 | 4,007 | 6,764 | 28.5 |
| Colorado | 8,105 | 597 | 853 | 1,450 | 17.9 |
| Connecticut | 4,173 | 342 | 974 | 1,316 | 31.5 |
| Delaware | 835 | 51 | 84 | 135 | 16.2 |
| District of Columbia | 244 | 21 | 145 | 166 | 68.0 |
| Florida | 11,376 | 302 | 1,833 | 2,135 | 18.8 |
| Georgia | 14,456 | 1,475 | 1,832 | 3,307 | 22.9 |
| Hawaii | 1,089 | 171 | 351 | 522 | 47.9 |
| Idaho | 4,090 | 321 | 438 | 759 | 18.6 |
| Illinois | 25,610 | 2,609 | 2,039 | 4,648 | 18.1 |
| Indiana | 18,087 | 2,197 | 1,975 | 4,172 | 23.1 |
| lowa | 24,955 | 5,069 | 1,958 | 7,027 | 28.2 |
| Kansas | 25,618 | 3,453 | 2,923 | 6,376 | 24.9 |
| Kentucky | 13,461 | 1,170 | 2,827 | 3,997 | 29.7 |
| Louisiana | 13,399 | 2,321 | 2,166 | 4,487 | 33.5 |
| Maine | 2,363 | 348 | 497 | 845 | 35.8 |
| Maryland | 4,950 | 429 | 1,004 | 1,433 | 28.9 |
| Massachusetts | 4,925 | 645 | 1,860 | 2,505 | 50.9 |
| Michigan | 10,799 | 1,990 | 1,328 | 3,318 | 30.7 |
| Minnesota | 12,845 | 1,208 | 575 | 1,783 | 13.9 |
| Mississippi | 16,809 | 3,652 | 1,334 | 4,986 | 29.7 |
| Missouri | 23,495 | 5,479 | 3,099 | 8,578 | 36.5 |
| Montana | 4,986 | 557 | 535 | 1,092 | 21.9 |
| Nebraska | 15,462 | 2,570 | 1,619 | 4,189 | 27.1 |
| Nevada | 1,562 | 68 | 155 | 223 | 14.3 |
| New Hampshire | 2,355 | 374 | 418 | 792 | 33.6 |
| New Jersey | 6,375 | 906 | 1,430 | 2,336 | 36.6 |
| New Mexico | 3,800 | 379 | 348 | 727 | 19.1 |
| New York | 17,389 | 2,252 | 4,249 | 6,501 | 37.4 |
| North Carolina | 17,116 | 2,465 | 2,787 | 5,252 | 30.7 |
| North Dakota | 4,517 | 859 | 260 | 1,119 | 24.8 |
| Ohio | 27,988 | 3,273 | 3,799 | 7,072 | 25.3 |
| Oklahoma | 22,989 | 7,684 | 1,544 | 9,228 | 40.1 |
| Oregon | 7,352 | 474 | 1,256 | 1,730 | 23.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 22,153 | 5,484 | 3,923 | 9,407 | 42.5 |
| Rhode Island | 749 | 187 | 207 | 394 | 52.6 |
| South Carolina | 9,091 | 1,234 | 845 | 2,079 | 22.9 |
| South Dakota | 5,979 | 1,106 | 584 | 1,690 | 28.3 |
| Tennessee | 19,467 | 1,707 | 2,899 | 4,606 | 23.7 |
| Texas | 48,202 | 2,978 | 7,528 | 10,506 | 21.8 |
| Utah | 2,781 | 253 | 293 | 546 | 19.6 |
| Vermont | 2,716 | 461 | 498 | 959 | 35.3 |
| Virginia | 12,932 | 1,175 | 2,245 | 3,420 | 26.4 |
| Washington | 7,624 | 479 | 1,548 | 2,027 | 26.6 |
| West Virginia | 6,821 | 1,125 | 1,521 | 2,646 | 38.8 |
| Wisconsin | 13,563 | 1,713 | 888 | 2,601 | 19.2 |
| Wyoming | 3,077 | 432 | 230 | 662 | 21.5 |
| United States, total | 589,111 | 81,175 | 80,785 | 161,960 | 27.5 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, National Bridge Inventory: Deficient Bridges by State and Highway System, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/britab.htm as of Aug. 26, 2003.

Table 1-7: Characteristics of Directly Operated Motor Bus Transit: 2001

| State | Directional route-miles |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Exclusive right-of-way | Controlled right-of-way | Mixed right-of-way |
| Alabama | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,103.6 |
| Alaska | 0.0 | 0.0 | 292.0 |
| Arizona | 0.0 | 87.6 | 1,546.6 |
| Arkansas | 0.0 | 0.0 | 337.3 |
| California | 106.0 | 231.9 | 23,251.3 |
| Colorado | 20.5 | 4.9 | 3,977.7 |
| Connecticut | 27.5 | 0.0 | 3,215.6 |
| Delaware | 0.0 | 0.0 | 943.3 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | 92.7 | 2,657.3 |
| Florida | 19.2 | 25.7 | 12,216.8 |
| Georgia | 0.2 | 13.6 | 3,081.4 |
| Hawaii | 1.2 | 34.7 | 871.5 |
| Idaho | 0.0 | 0.0 | 217.2 |
| Illinois | 3.7 | 0.0 | 5,731.3 |
| Indiana | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,117.3 |
| lowa | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,202.9 |
| Kansas | 0.0 | 0.0 | 407.6 |
| Kentucky | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,287.5 |
| Louisiana | 11.4 | 0.0 | 1,511.7 |
| Maine | 0.0 | 0.0 | 276.9 |
| Maryland | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,402.5 |
| Massachusetts | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2,563.6 |
| Michigan | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5,409.8 |
| Minnesota | 200.0 | 30.6 | 2,564.8 |
| Mississippi | 0.0 | 0.0 | 422.0 |
| Missouri | 6.4 | 3.8 | 3,512.8 |
| Montana | 0.0 | 0.0 | 496.1 |
| Nebraska | 0.0 | 0.0 | 973.4 |
| Nevada | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,530.2 |
| New Hampshire | 0.0 | 0.0 | 145.2 |
| New Jersey | 0.0 | 45.0 | 7,472.3 |
| New Mexico | 0.0 | 0.0 | 668.5 |
| New York | 3.8 | 84.4 | 11,790.2 |
| North Carolina | 5.6 | 0.0 | 2,768.1 |
| North Dakota | 0.0 | 0.0 | 83.3 |
| Ohio | 0.1 | 1.0 | 7,759.8 |
| Oklahoma | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,283.0 |
| Oregon | 2.3 | 0.6 | 2,968.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 54.0 | 0.0 | 9,104.7 |
| Rhode Island | 1.6 | 0.0 | 457.7 |
| South Carolina | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,389.0 |
| South Dakota | 0.0 | 0.0 | 205.6 |
| Tennessee | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,742.8 |
| Texas | 262.0 | 33.1 | 9,109.9 |
| Utah | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,612.0 |
| Vermont | 0.0 | 0.0 | 103.0 |
| Virginia | 0.0 | 110.7 | 2,943.2 |
| Washington | 294.4 | 14.6 | 6,778.7 |
| West Virginia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,044.3 |
| Wisconsin | 17.6 | 0.0 | 3,521.2 |
| Wyoming | 0.0 | 0.0 | 81.0 |
| United States, total | 1,038.6 | 816.5 | 163,154.0 |

NOTES: Directional route-miles is the mileage in each direction over which public transportation vehicles travel while in revenue service. Directional route-miles are a measure of the facility or roadway, not the service carried on the facility such as the number of routes or vehicle-miles. Directional route-miles are computed with regard to direction of service, but without regard to the number of traffic lanes or rail tracks existing in the right-of-way. Exclusive right-of-way refers to lanes reserved at all times for transit use and other high occupancy vehicles (HOVs). Controlled right-of-way refers to lanes restricted for at least a portion of the day for use by transit vehicles and other HOVs. Mixed right-of-way refers to lanes used for general automobile traffic.
Directly operated transit is service provided by a public transit agency using its own employees to operate transit vehicles. Transit service purchased under contract by a public transit agency is not considered directly operated transit.
Route-miles are assigned to the state of the transit agency's headquarters.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, National Transit Database, Data Tables, available at http://www.ntdprogram.com/ as of Oct. 2, 2003.

## Infrastructure

Table 1-8: Characteristics of Rail Transit by Transit Authority: 2001

| Rail transit mode/transit agency | Primary city served | States served | Directional route-miles | Number of crossings | Number of stations | Number of ADA accessible stations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Heavy rail |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago Transit Auth. | Chicago | IL | 206.3 | 25 | 144 | 64 |
| Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Auth. | Cleveland | OH | 38.2 | 0 | 18 | 8 |
| L.A. County Metropolitan Transportation Auth. | Los Angeles | CA | 31.9 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| Maryland Transit Administration | Baltimore | MD | 29.4 | 0 | 14 | 14 |
| Massachusetts Bay Transportation Auth. | Boston | MA | 76.3 | 0 | 53 | 38 |
| Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Auth. | Atlanta | GA | 96.0 | 0 | 38 | 38 |
| Miami-Dade Transit Agency | Miami | FL | 42.2 | 0 | 21 | 0 |
| MTA New York City Transit | New York | NY | 493.8 | 0 | 468 | 41 |
| MTA Staten Island Railway | New York | NY | 28.6 | 0 | 23 | 3 |
| Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation | New York | NY, NJ | 25.0 | 2 | 13 | 6 |
| Port Authority Transit Corporation | Philadelphia | PA, NJ | 31.5 | 0 | 13 | 5 |
| San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District | San Francisco | CA | 190.1 | 0 | 39 | 39 |
| Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Auth. | Philadelphia | PA | 76.1 | 0 | 76 | 4 |
| Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Auth. | Washington | DC, MD, VA | 206.6 | 0 | 83 | 83 |
| Light rail |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bi-State Development Agency | St. Louis | MO, IL | 68.8 | 23 | 26 | 26 |
| City of Detroit Department of Transportation | Detroit | MI | 1.3 | 8 | 8 | 0 |
| Dallas Area Rapid Transit Auth. | Dallas | TX | 47.1 | 68 | 22 | 22 |
| Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Auth. | Cleveland | OH | 30.8 | 22 | 34 | 7 |
| Hillsborough Area Regional Transit Auth. | Tampa | FL | 4.6 | U | 10 | 10 |
| Island Transit | Galveston | TX | 9.8 | 57 | 3 | 0 |
| Kenosha Transit | Kenosha | WI | 1.9 | 26 | 1 | 0 |
| King County Department of Transportation | Seattle | WA | 3.7 | 14 | 9 | 9 |
| Los Angeles County Metropolitan Trans Auth. | Los Angeles | CA | 82.4 | 77 | 36 | 36 |
| Maryland Transit Administration | Baltimore | MD | 57.6 | 52 | 32 | 32 |
| Massachusetts Bay Trans Auth. | Boston | MA | 51.0 | 56 | 78 | 16 |
| McKinney Avenue Transit Auth. | Dallas | TX | 2.8 | U | 0 | 0 |
| Memphis Area Transit Auth. | Memphis | TN | 5.8 | 40 | 28 | 28 |
| New Jersey Transit Corporation | Newark | NJ | 24.3 | 27 | 26 | 15 |
| Niagara Frontier Transit Metro System | Buffalo | NY | 12.4 | 8 | 14 | 7 |
| Port Authority of Allegheny County | Pittsburgh | PA | 34.8 | 39 | 13 | 13 |
| Portland Streetcar | Portland | OR | 4.8 | 87 | 0 | 0 |
| Regional Transit Auth. | New Orleans | LA | 16.0 | 124 | 9 | 9 |
| Regional Transportation District | Denver | CO | 28.0 | 34 | 20 | 20 |
| Sacramento Regional Transit District | Sacramento | CA | 40.7 | 90 | 29 | 29 |
| San Diego Trolley | San Diego | CA | 96.6 | 96 | 49 | 49 |
| San Francisco Municipal Railway | San Francisco | CA | 73.3 | 351 | 11 | 0 |
| Santa Clara Valley Trans Auth. | San Jose | CA | 58.4 | 97 | 49 | 23 |
| Southeastern Pennsylvania Trans Auth. | Philadelphia | PA | 69.3 | 1,702 | 64 | 0 |
| Tri-County Metropolitan Trans District | Portland | OR | 64.9 | 111 | 47 | 46 |
| Utah Transit Auth. | Salt Lake City | UT | 34.2 | 59 | 20 | 20 |
| Commuter rail |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alaska Railroad Corporation | Anchorage | AK | 275.0 | 27 | 3 | 3 |
| Altamont Commuter Express Auth. | San Jose | CA | 172.0 | 127 | 10 | 10 |
| Central Puget Sound Regional Transit Auth. | Seattle | WA | 78.6 | 39 | 7 | 7 |
| Connecticut Department of Transportation | New Haven | CT | 101.2 | 3 | 8 | 8 |
| Maryland Transit Administration | Baltimore | MD, DC, WV | 373.4 | 40 | 40 | 19 |
| Massachusetts Bay Transportation Auth. | Boston | MA, RI | 710.0 | 0 | 121 | 75 |
| MTA Long Island Rail Road | New York | NY | 638.2 | 402 | 124 | 97 |
| MTA Metro-North Railroad | New York | NY, NJ, CT | 545.7 | 162 | 108 | 28 |
| New Jersey Transit Corporation | New York | NY, NJ, PA | 975.2 | 329 | 162 | 46 |
| N. San Diego County Transit Development Board | San Diego | CA | 82.2 | 34 | 8 | 8 |
| NE Illinois Regional Commuter Rail Corporation | Chicago | IL, WI | 940.4 | 512 | 227 | 125 |
| Northern Indiana Commuter Trans District | Chicago | IL, IN | 179.8 | 117 | 18 | 7 |
| ON TRACK | Syracuse | NY | 3.5 | U | 3 | 3 |
| Peninsula Corridor Joint Powers Board | San Francisco | CA | 153.6 | 49 | 34 | 22 |
| Pennsylvania Department of Transportation | Philadelphia | PA | 144.4 | 7 | 14 | 4 |
| South Florida Regional Transportation Auth. | Miami | FL | 142.2 | 72 | 18 | 18 |
| Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Auth. | Philadelphia | PA | 449.2 | 116 | 177 | 30 |
| Southern California Regional Rail Auth. | Los Angeles | CA | 770.0 | 442 | 49 | 49 |
| Trinity Railway Express | Dallas | TX | 51.6 | 24 | 7 | 7 |
| Vermont Transportation Auth. | Burlington | VT | 25.0 | U | 3 | 3 |
| Virginia Railway Express | Washington | DC, VA | 177.5 | 23 | 18 | 18 |
| Total |  |  | 9,486.0 | 5,820 | 2,816 | 1,363 |

KEY: MTA = Metropolitan Transportation Authority; $\mathbf{U}=$ data are unavailable.
NOTE: Does not include several other transit rail systems including aerial tramway, automated guideway, inclined plane, and monorail. For definition of directional route-miles see table 1-7.

SOURCE: American Public Transportation Association, 2003 Public Transportation Fact Book, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www.apta.com/stats as of Oct. 2, 2003.

Table 1-9: Civil and Joint-Use Airports, Heliports, STOLports, and Seaplane Bases:

| State | Airports | Heliports | STOLports | Seaplane bases | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 178 | 87 | 1 | 4 | 270 |
| Alaska | 498 | 33 | 0 | 117 | 648 |
| Arizona | 196 | 110 | 1 | 0 | 307 |
| Arkansas | 227 | 81 | 0 | 0 | 308 |
| California | 538 | 388 | 2 | 11 | 939 |
| Colorado | 250 | 169 | 6 | 0 | 425 |
| Connecticut | 55 | 92 | 0 | 6 | 153 |
| Delaware | 32 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 48 |
| District of Columbia | 2 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| Florida | 482 | 275 | 13 | 41 | 811 |
| Georgia | 332 | 103 | 4 | 1 | 440 |
| Hawaii | 31 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 48 |
| Idaho | 201 | 40 | 2 | 6 | 249 |
| Illinois | 602 | 258 | 2 | 7 | 869 |
| Indiana | 498 | 119 | 3 | 13 | 633 |
| lowa | 236 | 84 | 2 | 0 | 322 |
| Kansas | 372 | 38 | 1 | 0 | 411 |
| Kentucky | 145 | 57 | 1 | 1 | 204 |
| Lovisiana | 241 | 236 | 0 | 16 | 493 |
| Maine | 100 | 12 | 0 | 34 | 146 |
| Maryland | 155 | 68 | 1 | 7 | 231 |
| Massachusetts | 77 | 139 | 1 | 18 | 235 |
| Michigan | 377 | 89 | 2 | 7 | 475 |
| Minnesota | 383 | 54 | 1 | 74 | 512 |
| Mississippi | 188 | 50 | 1 | 0 | 239 |
| Missouri | 405 | 130 | 2 | 4 | 541 |
| Montana | 234 | 31 | 2 | 2 | 269 |
| Nebraska | 267 | 36 | 0 | 1 | 304 |
| Nevada | 97 | 30 | 1 | 0 | 128 |
| New Hampshire | 52 | 62 | 0 | 7 | 121 |
| New Jersey | 119 | 250 | 0 | 12 | 381 |
| New Mexico | 149 | 25 | 0 | 1 | 175 |
| New York | 397 | 164 | 0 | 20 | 581 |
| North Carolina | 305 | 73 | 4 | 1 | 383 |
| North Dakota | 292 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 308 |
| Ohio | 510 | 102 | 4 | 2 | 718 |
| Oklahoma | 344 | 93 | 1 | 1 | 439 |
| Oregon | 343 | 102 | 2 | 3 | 450 |
| Pennsylvania | 467 | 318 | 3 | 10 | 798 |
| Rhode Island | 10 | 16 | 0 | 1 | 27 |
| South Carolina | 159 | 29 | 0 | 2 | 190 |
| South Dakota | 153 | 30 | 0 | 1 | 184 |
| Tennessee | 187 | 97 | 8 | 2 | 294 |
| Texas | 1,703 | 146 | 8 | 0 | 1,857 |
| Utah | 98 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 141 |
| Vermont | 61 | 20 | 2 | 2 | 85 |
| Virginia | 287 | 123 | 3 | 5 | 418 |
| Washington | 336 | 133 | 2 | 15 | 486 |
| West Virginia | 72 | 35 | 1 | 10 | 118 |
| Wisconsin | 448 | 89 | 0 | 17 | 554 |
| Wyoming | 94 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 119 |
| United States, total | 13,985 | 4,845 | 87 | 484 | 19,501 |

${ }^{1}$ Data are current as of Nov. 25, 2003.
KEY: STOLport = Short take-off and landing airport.
NOTE: This table comprises all U.S. public use and private use airports, heliports, STOLports, and seaplane bases. The United States Fast Facts page (see page v) reports the number of public use facilities only. Public use facilities are open to the public with no prior authorization or permission. Private use facilities are not open to the general public and include medical, law enforcement, corporate, and other such facilities.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Office of Airports, Airport Safety Data Branch.

Table 1-10: Top 50 Commercial Service Airport Enplanements: 2002 ${ }^{1}$

| Airport and state | Rank | Large certificated air carriers | Commuter and small certificated air carriers | Air taxi commuter operators | Foreign air carriers | Total enplanements |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The William B. Hartsfield Atlanta International, GA | 1 | 37,045,612 | 8,683 | 203 | 666,058 | 37,720,556 |
| Chicago O'Hare International, IL | 2 | 28,322,354 | 1,396,168 | 151 | 1,987,655 | 31,706,328 |
| Los Angeles International, CA | 3 | 20,306,926 | 1,011,416 | 148 | 5,593,080 | 26,911,570 |
| Dallas/Fort Worth International, TX | 4 | 24,051,291 | 410,207 | 24 | 299,583 | 24,761,105 |
| Phoenix Sky Harbor International, AZ | 5 | 15,895,007 | 1,154,842 | 2,046 | 219,624 | 17,271,519 |
| Denver International, CO | 6 | 16,058,241 | 610,391 | 0 | 274,932 | 16,943,564 |
| McCarran International, NV | 7 | 16,048,007 | 127,987 | 32,826 | 391,987 | 16,600,807 |
| George Bush Intercontinental, TX | 8 | 15,218,217 | 50,995 | 64 | 596,203 | 15,865,479 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul International/Wold-Chamberlain, MN | 9 | 15,045,843 | 432,029 | 1,807 | 64,360 | 15,544,039 |
| Detroit Metropolitan Wayne County, MI | 10 | 14,806,368 | 521,824 | 63 | 197,158 | 15,525,413 |
| San Francisco International, CA | 11 | 12,235,912 | 506,942 | 333 | 1,992,950 | 14,736,137 |
| Newark Liberty International, NJ | 12 | 13,128,976 | 82,490 | 22 | 1,342,355 | 14,553,843 |
| John F. Kennedy International, NY | 13 | 9,939,882 | 68,859 | 70 | 4,543,600 | 14,552,411 |
| Miami International, FL | 14 | 11,111,824 | 199,478 | 209 | 2,709,175 | 14,020,686 |
| Seattle-Tacoma International, WA | 15 | 12,579,077 | 115,301 | 78 | 274,568 | 12,969,024 |
| Orlando International, FL | 16 | 12,123,457 | 75,462 | 77 | 722,484 | 12,921,480 |
| Lambert-St Louis International, MO | 17 | 11,744,881 | 706,777 | 166 | 22,742 | 12,474,566 |
| Philadelphia International, PA | 18 | 10,351,019 | 1,243,347 | 754 | 359,349 | 11,954,469 |
| Charlotte/Douglas International, NC | 19 | 10,150,293 | 1,552,168 | 4,226 | 36,470 | 11,743,157 |
| General Edward Lawrence Logan International, MA | 20 | 9,481,949 | 431,848 | 345 | 1,163,096 | 11,077,238 |
| LaGuardia, NY | 21 | 9,717,411 | 994,487 | 233 | 363,901 | 11,076,032 |
| Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky International, KY | 22 | 9,970,477 | 299,770 | 65 | 45,858 | 10,316,170 |
| Honolulu International, HI | 23 | 7,576,923 | 150,661 | 1,483 | 1,677,400 | 9,406,467 |
| Baltimore-Washington International, MD | 24 | 8,965,689 | 236,800 | 221 | 164,789 | 9,367,499 |
| Salt Lake City International, UT | 25 | 7,250,970 | 1,710,791 | 2,168 | 34,013 | 8,997,942 |
| Pittsburgh International, PA | 26 | 7,513,012 | 1,455,937 | 163 | 5,999 | 8,975,111 |
| Fort Lauderdale/Hollywood International, FL | 27 | 7,739,144 | 164,623 | 267 | 362,754 | 8,266,788 |
| Chicago Midway International, IL | 28 | 7,826,117 | 19,041 | 830 | 32,450 | 7,878,438 |
| Washington Dulles International, VA | 29 | 5,408,513 | 1,354,031 | 1,550 | 1,084,817 | 7,848,911 |
| Tampa International, FL | 30 | 7,318,416 | 259,042 | 180 | 148,938 | 7,726,576 |
| San Diego International, CA | 31 | 7,079,422 | 193,656 | 117 | 119,194 | 7,392,389 |
| Ronald Reagan Washington National, VA | 32 | 5,561,515 | 528,198 | 1 | 82,351 | 6,172,065 |
| Metropolitan Oakland International, CA | 33 | 5,966,160 | 109,634 | 227 | 88,527 | 6,164,548 |
| Portland International, OR | 34 | 5,787,066 | 137,158 | 688 | 53,113 | 5,978,025 |
| Norman Y. Mineta San Jose International, CA | 35 | 5,065,333 | 126,810 | 384 | 55,666 | 5,248,193 |
| Memphis International, TN | 36 | 4,517,772 | 634,396 | 230 | 79,600 | 5,231,998 |
| Kansas City International, MO | 37 | 5,054,008 | 87,225 | 13 | 20,272 | 5,161,518 |
| Cleveland-Hopkins International, OH | 38 | 4,974,012 | 159,411 | 75 | 13,477 | 5,146,975 |
| Luis Munoz Marin International, PR | 39 | 4,474,742 | 45,452 | 8,324 | 78,772 | 4,607,290 |
| Louis Armstrong New Orleans International, LA | 40 | 4,535,474 | 20,607 | 188 | 42,569 | 4,598,838 |
| Sacramento International, CA | 41 | 4,051,731 | 195,611 | 32 | 13,140 | 4,260,514 |
| Raleigh-Durham International, NC | 42 | 3,812,171 | 338,364 | 1,852 | 46,486 | 4,198,873 |
| Nashville International, TN | 43 | 3,749,752 | 237,120 | 694 | 22,393 | 4,009,959 |
| John Wayne Airport-Orange County, CA | 44 | 3,889,774 | 78,981 | 223 | 0 | 3,968,978 |
| William P. Hobby, TX | 45 | 3,816,171 | 0 | 3,131 | 4 | 3,819,306 |
| Indianapolis International, IN | 46 | 3,187,894 | 213,921 | 110 | 10,053 | 3,411,978 |
| Port Columbus International, OH | 47 | 2,714,064 | 562,762 | 237 | 6,576 | 3,283,639 |
| San Antonio International, TX | 48 | 3,130,173 | 9,763 | 62 | 84,766 | 3,224,764 |
| Bradley International, CT | 49 | 3,045,588 | 136,662 | 226 | 38,605 | 3,221,081 |
| Austin-Bergstrom International, TX | 50 | 3,147,932 | 27,510 | 71 | 10,868 | 3,186,381 |
| Top 50 total |  | 482,492,562 | 21,195,638 | 67,657 | 28,244,780 | 532,000,637 |
| Total U.S. enplanements ${ }^{2}$ |  | 575,218,933 | 37,319,925 | 982,292 | 30,254,170 | 643,775,320 |

${ }^{1}$ For airports with scheduled service and 2,500 or more passengers enplaned.
${ }^{2}$ United States total includes Puerto Rico and other U.S. territories.
NOTE: Rank order by total enplaned passengers on air carriers of all types, including foreign air carriers. Data differ from those in table 4-5, which include only enplanements on large certificated U.S. air carriers.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Office of the Associate Administrator for Airports, CY 2002 Enplanement Activity at U.S. Commercial Service Airports, available at http://www.faa.gov/arp/Planning as of November 2003.

Table 1-11: Commercial Service Airport Enplanements by State: 2002 ${ }^{1}$

| State | Large certificated air carriers | Commuter and small certificated air carriers | Air taxi commuter operators | Foreign air carriers | Total enplanements |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 2,157,294 | 323,927 | 1,581 | 2,443 | 2,485,245 |
| Alaska | 2,688,685 | 1,060,067 | 103,008 | 414,600 | 4,266,360 |
| Arizona | 17,467,165 | 1,551,187 | 272,945 | 233,957 | 19,525,254 |
| Arkansas | 1,496,325 | 112,136 | 738 | 0 | 1,609,199 |
| California | 65,407,847 | 3,683,261 | 6,710 | 7,881,575 | 76,979,393 |
| Colorado | 17,450,796 | 1,090,116 | 808 | 274,932 | 18,816,652 |
| Connecticut | 3,045,588 | 165,435 | 424 | 38,605 | 3,250,052 |
| Delaware | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| District of Columbia | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Florida | 48,826,297 | 1,461,025 | 11,030 | 4,436,590 | 54,734,942 |
| Georgia | 38,071,388 | 180,721 | 3,449 | 666,132 | 38,921,690 |
| Hawaii | 13,213,330 | 314,351 | 125,135 | 1,737,591 | 15,390,407 |
| Idaho | 1,335,966 | 361,585 | 1,235 | 46 | 1,698,832 |
| Illinois | 37,083,974 | 1,522,659 | 2,938 | 2,020,261 | 40,629,832 |
| Indiana | 3,930,585 | 412,193 | 408 | 10,053 | 4,353,239 |
| lowa | 1,239,333 | 219,400 | 783 | 0 | 1,459,516 |
| Kansas | 462,700 | 225,182 | 2,168 | 0 | 690,050 |
| Kentucky | 11,931,447 | 592,578 | 2,372 | 45,911 | 12,572,308 |
| Lovisiana | 5,434,261 | 170,409 | 3,240 | 42,569 | 5,650,479 |
| Maine | 660,593 | 212,969 | 11,314 | 27,291 | 912,167 |
| Maryland | 8,965,689 | 317,199 | 383 | 164,789 | 9,448,060 |
| Massachusetts | 9,513,967 | 838,449 | 165,372 | 1,163,096 | 11,680,884 |
| Michigan | 16,893,867 | 861,444 | 6,035 | 206,306 | 17,967,652 |
| Minnesota | 15,434,108 | 435,492 | 2,617 | 64,360 | 15,936,577 |
| Mississippi | 1,045,416 | 65,173 | 453 | 0 | 1,111,042 |
| Missouri | 17,062,018 | 915,266 | 1,308 | 43,014 | 18,021,606 |
| Montana | 1,071,787 | 215,832 | 13,359 | 0 | 1,300,978 |
| Nebraska | 1,726,806 | 269,628 | 5,112 | 0 | 2,001,546 |
| Nevada | 18,159,663 | 364,282 | 107,529 | 392,480 | 19,023,954 |
| New Hampshire | 1,572,702 | 116,775 | 1,827 | 0 | 1,691,304 |
| New Jersey | 13,531,242 | 122,972 | 959 | 1,342,355 | 14,997,528 |
| New Mexico | 2,839,024 | 201,204 | 266 | 344 | 3,040,838 |
| New York | 25,922,573 | 2,298,725 | 4,965 | 4,928,356 | 33,154,619 |
| North Carolina | 15,401,652 | 2,427,091 | 10,036 | 84,722 | 17,923,501 |
| North Dakota | 495,494 | 48,812 | 9,765 | 0 | 554,071 |
| Ohio | 9,182,090 | 1,140,801 | 27,836 | 20,053 | 10,370,780 |
| Oklahoma | 2,830,315 | 247,970 | 981 | 0 | 3,079,266 |
| Oregon | 6,365,209 | 293,162 | 1,087 | 53,113 | 6,712,571 |
| Pennsylvania | 18,821,266 | 3,362,770 | 3,004 | 373,634 | 22,560,674 |
| Rhode Island | 2,532,758 | 125,571 | 541 | 19,108 | 2,677,978 |
| South Carolina | 1,920,468 | 795,824 | 2,025 | 5,797 | 2,724,114 |
| South Dakota | 368,474 | 182,800 | 8,195 | 0 | 559,469 |
| Tennessee | 8,987,364 | 1,304,295 | 2,690 | 102,161 | 10,396,510 |
| Texas | 56,589,041 | 570,538 | 5,301 | 1,004,447 | 58,169,327 |
| Utah | 7,251,868 | 1,761,028 | 3,784 | 34,013 | 9,050,693 |
| Vermont | 395,980 | 150,542 | 335 | 0 | 546,857 |
| Virginia | 13,881,931 | 52,775 | 7,151 | 1,178,468 | 17,744,766 |
| Washington | 14,265,506 | 269,702 | 1,285 | 282,764 | 14,819,257 |
| West Virginia | 133,180 | 217,509 | 1,629 | 37 | 352,355 |
| Wisconsin | 3,842,494 | 585,744 | 5,616 | 25,349 | 4,459,203 |
| Wyoming | 124,378 | 210,568 | 752 | 0 | 335,698 |
| United States, total ${ }^{2}$ | 575,218,933 | 37,319,925 | 982,292 | 30,254,170 | 643,775,320 |

${ }^{1}$ For airports with scheduled service and 2,500 or more passengers enplaned.
${ }^{2}$ United States total includes Puerto Rico and other U.S. territories.
KEY: NA = not applicable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Office of the Associate Administrator for Airports, CY 2002 Enplanement Activity at U.S. Commercial Service Airports, available at http://www.faa.gov/arp/Planning/ as of November 2003.

Table 1-12: Number of Freight Railroads by Class: 2001

| State | Class 1 | Regional | Local | Switching and terminal | Canadian ${ }^{1}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 5 | 0 | 13 | 5 | 0 | 23 |
| Alaska | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Arizona | 2 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 10 |
| Arkansas | 3 | 1 | 15 | 5 | 0 | 24 |
| California | 2 | 1 | 14 | 15 | 0 | 32 |
| Colorado | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 12 |
| Connecticut | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Delaware | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 6 |
| District of Columbia | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Florida | 2 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 15 |
| Georgia | 2 | 0 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 19 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 9 |
| Illinois | 8 | 6 | 11 | 16 | 0 | 41 |
| Indiana | 5 | 2 | 17 | 14 | 0 | 38 |
| lowa | 3 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 18 |
| Kansas | 4 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 15 |
| Kentucky | 5 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| Louisiana | 6 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 16 |
| Maine | 0 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 9 |
| Maryland | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 10 |
| Massachusetts | 1 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 10 |
| Michigan | 4 | 3 | 9 | 9 | 1 | 26 |
| Minnesota | 3 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 20 |
| Mississippi | 5 | 0 | 15 | 5 | 0 | 25 |
| Missouri | 5 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 15 |
| Montana | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Nebraska | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 11 |
| Nevada | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 10 |
| New Jersey | 2 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 16 |
| New Mexico | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 6 |
| New York | 2 | 4 | 21 | 8 | 2 | 37 |
| North Carolina | 2 | 0 | 14 | 8 | 0 | 24 |
| North Dakota | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Ohio | 3 | 3 | 12 | 17 | 0 | 35 |
| Oklahoma | 3 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 19 |
| Oregon | 2 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 19 |
| Pennsylvania | 2 | 4 | 26 | 29 | 1 | 62 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| South Carolina | 2 | 0 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 14 |
| South Dakota | 2 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 11 |
| Tennessee | 6 | 0 | 13 | 5 | 0 | 24 |
| Texas | 3 | 2 | 20 | 20 | 0 | 45 |
| Utah | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 6 |
| Vermont | 0 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 10 |
| Virginia | 2 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 10 |
| Washington | 2 | 2 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 19 |
| West Virginia | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 9 |
| Wisconsin | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 12 |
| Wyoming | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| United States, total | 8 | 34 | 314 | 215 | 2 | 573 |

${ }^{1}$ Refers to non-Class I, Canadian-owned lines.
NOTES:

1. As defined by the Surface Transportation Board in 2001, a Class I Railroad is a railroad with operating revenues of at least $\$ 266.7$ million.
2. A Regional Railroad is a non-Class I, line-haul railroad operating 350 or more miles of road or with revenues of at least $\$ 40$ million or both.
3. A Local Railroad is a railroad which is neither a Class I nor a Regional Railroad, and is engaged primarily in line-haul service.
4. A Switching and Terminal Railroad is a non-Class I Railroad engaged primarily in switching and/or terminal services for other railroads.
SOURCE: Association of American Railroads, Railroads and States - 2001, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www.aar.org/AboutTheIndustry/StateInformation.asp as of Sept. 29, 2003.

Table 1-13: Miles of Freight Railroad Operated by Class of Railroad: $2001{ }^{1}$

| State | Class 1 | Regional | Local | Switching and terminal | Canadian ${ }^{3}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 3,149 | 0 | 360 | 159 | 0 | 3,668 |
| Alaska | 0 | 482 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 482 |
| Arizona | 1,336 | 0 | 373 | 203 | 0 | 1,912 |
| Arkansas | 2,607 | 182 | 616 | 111 | 0 | 3,516 |
| California | 5,742 | 52 | 1,106 | 707 | 0 | 7,607 |
| Colorado | 3,114 | 157 | 267 | 124 | 0 | 3,662 |
| Connecticut | 69 | 417 | 257 | 0 | 0 | 743 |
| Delaware | 246 | 0 | 24 | 20 | 0 | 290 |
| District of Columbia | 35 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 46 |
| Florida | 1,895 | 386 | 666 | 10 | 0 | 2,957 |
| Georgia | 3,545 | 0 | 1,366 | 25 | 0 | 4,936 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 1,001 | 101 | 543 | 71 | 0 | 1,716 |
| Illinois | 7,762 | 928 | 648 | 331 | 0 | 9,669 |
| Indiana | 3,816 | 56 | 924 | 239 | 0 | 5,035 |
| lowa | 2,643 | 1,514 | 390 | 50 | 0 | 4,597 |
| Kansas | 4,330 | 1,886 | 43 | 281 | 0 | 6,540 |
| Kentucky | 2,433 | 290 | 191 | 0 | 0 | 2,914 |
| Lovisiana | 2,793 | 0 | 566 | 52 | 0 | 3,411 |
| Maine | 0 | 786 | 414 | 2 | 0 | 1,202 |
| Maryland | 834 | 125 | 174 | 18 | 85 | 1,236 |
| Massachusetts | 448 | 511 | 261 | 6 | 0 | 1,226 |
| Michigan | 2,228 | 783 | 1,101 | 337 | 3 | 4,452 |
| Minnesota | 3,646 | 1,072 | 704 | 131 | 219 | 5,772 |
| Mississippi | 2,009 | 0 | 540 | 152 | 0 | 2,701 |
| Missouri | 4,167 | 505 | 123 | 82 | 0 | 4,877 |
| Montana | 2,277 | 868 | 165 | 0 | 0 | 3,310 |
| Nebraska | 2,714 | 326 | 505 | 15 | 0 | 3,560 |
| Nevada | 2,008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,008 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 172 | 300 | 12 | 0 | 484 |
| New Jersey | 1,581 | 85 | 196 | 871 | 68 | 2,801 |
| New Mexico | 2,173 | 0 | 94 | 63 | 0 | 2,330 |
| New York | 2,261 | 534 | 1,261 | 91 | 834 | 4,981 |
| North Carolina | 2,583 | 0 | 545 | 227 | 0 | 3,355 |
| North Dakota | 2,549 | 1,336 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,885 |
| Ohio | 4,526 | 929 | 771 | 419 | 0 | 6,645 |
| Oklahoma | 2,532 | 78 | 981 | 312 | 0 | 3,903 |
| Oregon | 1,518 | 418 | 157 | 632 | 0 | 2,725 |
| Pennsylvania | 3,651 | 626 | 1,590 | 662 | 502 | 7,031 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 102 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 102 |
| South Carolina | 2,097 | 0 | 359 | 37 | 0 | 2,493 |
| South Dakota | 937 | 723 | 195 | 22 | 0 | 1,877 |
| Tennessee | 2,168 | 0 | 632 | 109 | 0 | 2,909 |
| Texas | 11,569 | 924 | 691 | 1,008 | 0 | 14,192 |
| Utah | 1,785 | 438 | 12 | 40 | 0 | 2,275 |
| Vermont | 0 | 56 | 577 | 16 | <1 | 649 |
| Virginia | 3,194 | 0 | 181 | 63 | 4 | 3,442 |
| Washington | 2,389 | 370 | 679 | 109 | 0 | 3,547 |
| West Virginia | 2,397 | 10 | 277 | 3 | 0 | 2,687 |
| Wisconsin | 1,832 | 1,833 | 513 | 8 | 0 | 4,186 |
| Wyoming | 1,849 | 6 | 25 | 24 | 0 | 1,904 |
| United States, total ${ }^{2}$ | 97,631 | 17,439 | 20,881 | 6,682 | 728 | 143,361 |

${ }^{1}$ Miles of railroad operated is synonymous with route-miles (so that a mile of single track is counted the same as a mile of double track). Sidings, turnouts, yard switching mileage, and mileage not operated are excluded. Miles operated under trackage rights provided by another (owning) railroad are included.
${ }^{2}$ Does not include trackage rights.
${ }^{3}$ Refers to non-Class I, Canadian-owned lines.
NOTE: For definition of railroad types see previous table.
SOURCE: Association of American Railroads, Railroads and States - 2001, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www.aar.org/AboutTheIndustry/StateInformation.asp as of Sept. 29, 2003.

Table 1-14: Top 50 Water Ports Ranked by Tonnage: 2001

| Port and state | Rank | Millions of short tons |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Foreign | Domestic |
| Port of South Louisiana, LA | 1 | 212.6 | 95.7 | 116.9 |
| Houston, TX | 2 | 185.1 | 120.6 | 64.5 |
| New York, NY and NJ | 3 | 137.5 | 67.3 | 70.2 |
| New Orleans, LA | 4 | 85.6 | 50.3 | 35.3 |
| Beaumont, TX | 5 | 79.1 | 62.0 | 17.1 |
| Corpus Christi, TX | 6 | 77.6 | 53.9 | 23.7 |
| Huntington-Tristate, WV, OH, KY | 7 | 76.7 | 0.0 | 76.7 |
| Long Beach, CA | 8 | 67.6 | 51.6 | 16.1 |
| Texas City, TX | 9 | 62.3 | 44.1 | 18.1 |
| Baton Rouge, LA | 10 | 61.4 | 20.7 | 40.8 |
| Port of Plaquemines, LA | 11 | 60.7 | 23.4 | 37.3 |
| Pittsburgh, PA | 12 | 53.0 | 0.0 | 53.0 |
| Lake Charles, LA | 13 | 52.8 | 31.9 | 20.9 |
| Los Angeles, CA | 14 | 51.4 | 45.0 | 6.4 |
| Valdez, AK | 15 | 51.0 | 0.0 | 51.0 |
| Mobile, AL | 16 | 48.1 | 28.0 | 20.1 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 17 | 46.4 | 32.9 | 13.4 |
| Tampa, FL | 18 | 45.8 | 17.4 | 28.3 |
| Baltimore, MD | 19 | 42.1 | 25.4 | 16.7 |
| Duluth-Superior, MN and WI | 20 | 39.8 | 13.3 | 26.5 |
| Norfolk Harbor, VA | 21 | 37.3 | 27.0 | 10.3 |
| St. Louis, MO and IL | 22 | 34.4 | 0.0 | 34.4 |
| Portland, OR | 23 | 31.3 | 17.0 | 14.3 |
| Freeport, TX | 24 | 30.1 | 24.9 | 5.2 |
| Pascagoula, MS | 25 | 29.5 | 18.5 | 11.1 |
| Portland, ME | 26 | 28.5 | 26.4 | 2.0 |
| Charleston, SC | 27 | 23.3 | 17.1 | 6.1 |
| Port Arthur, TX | 28 | 22.8 | 15.1 | 7.7 |
| Chicago, IL | 29 | 22.0 | 2.6 | 19.4 |
| Port Everglades, FL | 30 | 21.9 | 9.6 | 12.3 |
| Paulsboro, NJ | 31 | 21.3 | 12.9 | 8.3 |
| Richmond, CA | 32 | 21.2 | 10.0 | 11.2 |
| Boston, MA | 33 | 20.6 | 12.4 | 8.2 |
| Seattle, WA | 34 | 20.5 | 14.9 | 5.6 |
| Tacoma, WA | 35 | 20.5 | 12.4 | 8.1 |
| Savannah, GA | 36 | 19.4 | 16.9 | 2.5 |
| Marcus Hook, PA | 37 | 19.1 | 8.2 | 10.9 |
| Jacksonville, FL | 38 | 17.8 | 8.9 | 8.9 |
| Detroit, MI | 39 | 17.0 | 4.7 | 12.3 |
| Memphis, TN | 40 | 16.9 | 0.0 | 16.9 |
| Anacortes, WA | 41 | 16.8 | 2.0 | 14.8 |
| Honolulu, HI | 42 | 16.6 | 4.8 | 11.8 |
| Cincinnati, OH | 43 | 14.1 | 0.0 | 14.1 |
| Newport News, VA | 44 | 13.9 | 6.7 | 7.2 |
| Indiana Harbor, IN | 45 | 13.6 | 0.7 | 12.8 |
| San Juan, PR | 46 | 12.8 | 5.2 | 7.6 |
| Oakland, CA | 47 | 12.3 | 10.7 | 1.6 |
| Cleveland, OH | 48 | 11.9 | 2.7 | 9.2 |
| Two Harbors, MN | 49 | 11.9 | 0.0 | 11.9 |
| Ashtabula, OH | 50 | 10.9 | 5.8 | 5.1 |
| Top 50, total |  | 2,146.8 | 1,081.8 | 1,065.0 |
| United States, total |  | 2,446.8 | 1,192.3 | 1,254.5 |

SOURCE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce of the United States, Calendar Year 2001, Part 5 National Summaries, Alexandria, VA: 2002, available at
http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/ ndc/wcsc/pdf/wcusnatl01.pdf as of Sept. 29, 2003.

Table 1-15: Inland Waterway Mileage: 2003 (Includes 39 states and the District of Columbia)

| State | Miles |  | State | Miles |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Alabama | 1,270 |  | Mississippi | 873 |
| Alaska | 5,497 |  | Missouri | 1,033 |
| Arkansas | 1,860 |  | Nebraska | 318 |
| California | 286 |  | New Hampshire | 8 |
| Connecticut | 117 |  | New Jersey | 8 |
| Delaware | 99 |  | New York | 360 |
| District of Columbia | 7 |  | North Carolina | 394 |
| Florida | 1,540 |  | Ohio | 1,152 |
| Georgia | 721 |  | Oklahoma | 444 |
| Idaho | 111 |  | Oregon | 150 |
| Illinois | 1,095 |  | Pennsylvania | 681 |
| Indiana | 353 |  | Rhode Island | 259 |
| lowa | 492 |  | South Carolina | 39 |
| Kansas | 120 |  | South Dakota | 482 |
| Kentucky | 1,591 |  | Tennessee | 75 |
| Louisiana | 2,823 |  | Texas | 946 |
| Maine | 73 |  | Virginia | 834 |
| Maryland | 532 |  | Washington | 674 |
| Massachusetts | 90 |  | West Virginia | 1,057 |
| Minnesota | 258 |  | Wisconsin | 682 |

NOTES: Waterway mileages were determined by including the length of channels 1) with a controlling draft of nine feet or greater, 2) with commercial cargo traffic reported for 1998 and 1999, but 3) were not offshore (i.e., channels in coastal areas included only the miles from the entrance channel inward). Channels within major bays are included (e.g., Chesapeake Bay, San Francisco Bay, Puget Sound, Long Island Sound, and major sounds and straits in southeastern Alaska). Channels in the Great Lakes are not included, but waterways connecting lakes and the St. Lawrence Seaway inside the United States are included.

SOURCE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Navigation Data Center, National Waterway Network, October 2003.

## B Safety

Table 2-1: Highway Traffic Fatalities and Fatality Rates

| State | $\begin{gathered} 2002 \\ \text { traffic } \\ \text { fatalities } \end{gathered}$ | 2001 <br> traffic <br> fatalities | Licensed drivers 2001 (thousands) | Registered vehicles 2001 <br> (thousands) | Vehicle-miles traveled 2001 (millions) | 2001 fatality rate per |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 100,000 <br> licensed <br> drivers | $\begin{gathered} 100,000 \\ \text { registered } \\ \text { vehicles } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 100 million vehiclemiles traveled |
| Alabama | 1,033 | 991 | 3,560 | 4,235 | 56,769 | 27.8 | 23.4 | 1.7 |
| Alaska | 87 | 89 | 472 | 598 | 4,721 | 18.9 | 14.9 | 1.9 |
| Arizona | 1,117 | 1,051 | 3,550 | 3,967 | 50,860 | 29.6 | 26.5 | 2.1 |
| Arkansas | 640 | 611 | 1,962 | 1,864 | 29,433 | 31.1 | 32.8 | 2.1 |
| California | 4,078 | 3,956 | 21,624 | 28,780 | 310,703 | 18.3 | 13.7 | 1.3 |
| Colorado | 742 | 741 | 3,288 | 4,649 | 42,955 | 22.5 | 15.9 | 1.7 |
| Connecticut | 322 | 318 | 2,650 | 2,917 | 30,844 | 12.0 | 10.9 | 1.0 |
| Delaware | 124 | 136 | 564 | 653 | 8,615 | 24.1 | 20.8 | 1.6 |
| District of Columbia | 47 | 68 | 328 | 249 | 3,750 | 20.7 | 27.3 | 1.8 |
| Florida | 3,132 | 3,012 | 12,743 | 14,340 | 155,664 | 23.6 | 21.0 | 1.9 |
| Georgia | 1,523 | 1,647 | 5,834 | 7,305 | 107,897 | 28.2 | 22.5 | 1.5 |
| Hawaii | 119 | 140 | 788 | 868 | 8,694 | 17.8 | 16.1 | 1.6 |
| Idaho | 264 | 259 | 897 | 1,324 | 14,078 | 28.9 | 19.6 | 1.8 |
| Illinois | 1,411 | 1,414 | 7,810 | 9,861 | 103,038 | 18.1 | 14.3 | 1.4 |
| Indiana | 792 | 909 | 4,117 | 5,625 | 71,624 | 22.1 | 16.2 | 1.3 |
| lowa | 404 | 446 | 1,979 | 3,318 | 30,016 | 22.5 | 13.4 | 1.5 |
| Kansas | 512 | 494 | 1,871 | 2,331 | 28,155 | 26.4 | 21.2 | 1.8 |
| Kentucky | 915 | 845 | 2,757 | 3,626 | 46,258 | 30.6 | 23.3 | 1.8 |
| Louisiana | 875 | 952 | 2,718 | 3,609 | 41,177 | 35.0 | 26.4 | 2.3 |
| Maine | 216 | 192 | 943 | 1,018 | 14,433 | 20.4 | 18.9 | 1.3 |
| Maryland | 659 | 659 | 3,452 | 3,939 | 51,996 | 19.1 | 16.7 | 1.3 |
| Massachusetts | 459 | 477 | 4,611 | 5,198 | 53,015 | 10.3 | 9.2 | 0.9 |
| Michigan | 1,277 | 1,328 | 6,977 | 8,454 | 98,987 | 19.0 | 15.7 | 1.3 |
| Minnesota | 657 | 568 | 2,961 | 4,554 | 53,341 | 19.2 | 12.5 | 1.1 |
| Mississippi | 885 | 784 | 1,859 | 1,954 | 35,988 | 42.2 | 40.1 | 2.2 |
| Missouri | 1,208 | 1,098 | 3,862 | 4,208 | 67,632 | 28.4 | 26.1 | 1.6 |
| Montana | 270 | 230 | 683 | 1,033 | 10,011 | 33.7 | 22.3 | 2.3 |
| Nebraska | 307 | 246 | 1,267 | 1,633 | 18,102 | 19.4 | 15.1 | 1.4 |
| Nevada | 381 | 314 | 1,421 | 1,280 | 18,309 | 22.1 | 24.5 | 1.7 |
| New Hampshire | 127 | 142 | 942 | 1,100 | 12,315 | 15.1 | 12.9 | 1.2 |
| New Jersey | 773 | 745 | 5,715 | 6,580 | 68,725 | 13.0 | 11.3 | 1.1 |
| New Mexico | 449 | 464 | 1,232 | 1,428 | 23,232 | 37.7 | 32.5 | 2.0 |
| New York | 1,522 | 1,564 | 11,015 | 10,196 | 130,722 | 14.2 | 15.3 | 1.2 |
| North Carolina | 1,575 | 1,530 | 5,885 | 6,180 | 91,580 | 26.0 | 24.8 | 1.7 |
| North Dakota | 97 | 105 | 456 | 708 | 7,235 | 23.0 | 14.8 | 1.5 |
| Ohio | 1,418 | 1,378 | 7,736 | 10,555 | 106,589 | 17.8 | 13.1 | 1.3 |
| Oklahoma | 734 | 682 | 2,172 | 3,281 | 43,527 | 31.4 | 20.8 | 1.6 |
| Oregon | 436 | 488 | 2,534 | 3,039 | 34,398 | 19.3 | 16.1 | 1.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,614 | 1,532 | 8,226 | 9,631 | 103,004 | 18.6 | 15.9 | 1.5 |
| Rhode Island | 84 | 81 | 660 | 764 | 7,991 | 12.3 | 10.6 | 1.0 |
| South Carolina | 1,053 | 1,060 | 2,850 | 3,143 | 46,601 | 37.2 | 33.7 | 2.3 |
| South Dakota | 180 | 171 | 545 | 803 | 8,542 | 31.4 | 21.3 | 2.0 |
| Tennessee | 1,175 | 1,251 | 4,188 | 5,139 | 67,632 | 29.9 | 24.3 | 1.8 |
| Texas | 3,725 | 3,736 | 13,046 | 14,359 | 216,217 | 28.6 | 26.0 | 1.7 |
| Utah | 328 | 291 | 1,496 | 1,752 | 23,452 | 19.5 | 16.6 | 1.2 |
| Vermont | 78 | 92 | 515 | 534 | 9,617 | 17.9 | 17.2 | 1.0 |
| Virginia | 914 | 935 | 4,921 | 6,171 | 73,745 | 19.0 | 15.2 | 1.3 |
| Washington | 659 | 649 | 4,238 | 5,179 | 53,665 | 15.3 | 12.5 | 1.2 |
| West Virginia | 439 | 376 | 1,317 | 1,452 | 19,714 | 28.5 | 25.9 | 1.9 |
| Wisconsin | 803 | 763 | 3,667 | 44,736 | 57,269 | 20.8 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| Wyoming | 176 | 186 | 371 | 573 | 8,625 | 50.1 | 32.5 | 2.2 |
| United States, total | 42,815 | 42,196 | 191,276 | 230,428 | 2,781,462 | 22.1 | 18.3 | 1.5 |

NOTE: The number shown for registered vehicles for the United States is approximately 6 percent lower than the sum of the registered vehicle numbers shown for the individual states due to differing data sources.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts 2001, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/pdf/nrd-30/NCSA/TSFAnn/TSF2001.pdf, U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts 2002 Early Edition, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/pdf/nrd-30/NCSA/TSFAnn/TSF2002.pdf as of Oct. 1, 2003.

Table 2-2: Passenger Car and Light Truck Occupants Killed and Restraint Use: 2002

| State | Restraint used |  | No restraint used |  | Restraint use unknown |  | Total occupants killed |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Alabama | 343 | 38.7 | 507 | 57.2 | 37 | 4.2 | 887 | 100.0 |
| Alaska | 27 | 50.0 | 24 | 44.4 | 3 | 5.6 | 54 | 100.0 |
| Arizona | 252 | 32.3 | 425 | 54.4 | 104 | 13.3 | 781 | 100.0 |
| Arkansas | 147 | 27.9 | 341 | 64.7 | 39 | 7.4 | 527 | 100.0 |
| California | 1,333 | 47.0 | 1,070 | 37.7 | 436 | 15.4 | 2,839 | 100.0 |
| Colorado | 193 | 33.5 | 381 | 66.1 | 2 | 0.3 | 576 | 100.0 |
| Connecticut | 78 | 35.9 | 107 | 49.3 | 32 | 14.7 | 217 | 100.0 |
| Delaware | 32 | 33.7 | 60 | 63.2 | 3 | 3.2 | 95 | 100.0 |
| District of Columbia | 13 | 41.9 | 9 | 29.0 | 9 | 29.0 | 31 | 100.0 |
| Florida | 781 | 36.4 | 1,336 | 62.3 | 26 | 1.2 | 2,143 | 100.0 |
| Georgia | 467 | 38.9 | 596 | 49.7 | 137 | 11.4 | 1,200 | 100.0 |
| Hawaii | 22 | 40.0 | 28 | 50.9 | 5 | 9.1 | 55 | 100.0 |
| Idaho | 80 | 36.5 | 131 | 59.8 | 8 | 3.7 | 219 | 100.0 |
| Illinois | 325 | 30.5 | 561 | 52.6 | 181 | 17.0 | 1,067 | 100.0 |
| Indiana | 254 | 40.8 | 302 | 48.5 | 67 | 10.8 | 623 | 100.0 |
| lowa | 119 | 37.2 | 156 | 48.8 | 45 | 14.1 | 320 | 100.0 |
| Kansas | 115 | 26.6 | 263 | 60.7 | 55 | 12.7 | 433 | 100.0 |
| Kentucky | 274 | 36.0 | 484 | 63.6 | 3 | 0.4 | 761 | 100.0 |
| Louisiana | 202 | 30.1 | 397 | 59.1 | 73 | 10.9 | 672 | 100.0 |
| Maine | 72 | 39.6 | 72 | 39.6 | 38 | 20.9 | 182 | 100.0 |
| Maryland | 274 | 55.9 | 188 | 38.4 | 28 | 5.7 | 490 | 100.0 |
| Massachusetts | 80 | 24.2 | 189 | 57.1 | 62 | 18.7 | 331 | 100.0 |
| Michigan | 499 | 51.9 | 347 | 36.1 | 115 | 12.0 | 961 | 100.0 |
| Minnesota | 212 | 39.5 | 300 | 55.9 | 25 | 4.7 | 537 | 100.0 |
| Mississippi | 204 | 26.2 | 547 | 70.1 | 29 | 3.7 | 780 | 100.0 |
| Missouri | 265 | 26.6 | 649 | 65.2 | 81 | 8.1 | 995 | 100.0 |
| Montana | 57 | 25.4 | 159 | 71.0 | 8 | 3.6 | 224 | 100.0 |
| Nebraska | 64 | 25.0 | 162 | 63.3 | 30 | 11.7 | 256 | 100.0 |
| Nevada | 105 | 37.9 | 163 | 58.8 | 9 | 3.2 | 277 | 100.0 |
| New Hampshire | 38 | 36.2 | 63 | 60.0 | 4 | 3.8 | 105 | 100.0 |
| New Jersey | 176 | 43.8 | 201 | 50.0 | 25 | 6.2 | 402 | 100.0 |
| New Mexico | 116 | 35.9 | 192 | 59.4 | 15 | 4.6 | 323 | 100.0 |
| New York | 430 | 44.7 | 440 | 45.7 | 93 | 9.7 | 963 | 100.0 |
| North Carolina | 527 | 43.4 | 595 | 49.1 | 91 | 7.5 | 1,213 | 100.0 |
| North Dakota | 21 | 24.1 | 64 | 73.6 | 2 | 2.3 | 87 | 100.0 |
| Ohio | 433 | 38.0 | 682 | 59.8 | 25 | 2.2 | 1,140 | 100.0 |
| Oklahoma | 239 | 39.8 | 358 | 59.7 | 3 | 0.5 | 600 | 100.0 |
| Oregon | 185 | 54.1 | 132 | 38.6 | 25 | 7.3 | 342 | 100.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 355 | 28.4 | 708 | 56.6 | 188 | 15.0 | 1,251 | 100.0 |
| Rhode Island | 16 | 25.0 | 47 | 73.4 | 1 | 1.6 | 64 | 100.0 |
| South Carolina | 270 | 32.3 | 528 | 63.2 | 37 | 4.4 | 835 | 100.0 |
| South Dakota | 35 | 24.1 | 98 | 67.6 | 12 | 8.3 | 145 | 100.0 |
| Tennessee | 314 | 31.9 | 612 | 62.2 | 58 | 5.9 | 984 | 100.0 |
| Texas | 1,416 | 48.4 | 1,420 | 48.5 | 90 | 3.1 | 2,926 | 100.0 |
| Utah | 104 | 40.3 | 148 | 57.4 | 6 | 2.3 | 258 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 26 | 39.4 | 36 | 54.5 | 4 | 6.1 | 66 | 100.0 |
| Virginia | 233 | 32.3 | 439 | 60.9 | 49 | 6.8 | 721 | 100.0 |
| Washington | 233 | 46.3 | 241 | 47.9 | 29 | 5.8 | 503 | 100.0 |
| West Virginia | 115 | 32.4 | 224 | 63.1 | 16 | 4.5 | 355 | 100.0 |
| Wisconsin | 214 | 33.5 | 375 | 58.7 | 50 | 7.8 | 639 | 100.0 |
| Wyoming | 47 | 32.9 | 94 | 65.7 | 2 | 1.4 | 143 | 100.0 |
| United States, total | 12,432 | 38.1 | 17,651 | 54.1 | 2,515 | 7.7 | 32,598 | 100.0 |

NOTE: Fatalities in this table include passenger car and light truck occupants only. Occupants of other vehicle types heavy trucks, motorcycles, and buses - are excluded as are other types of highway related fatalities such as pedestrian fatalities. Hence, the fatalities represented here are lower then those in table 2-1. Percents may not add to totals due to rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts 2002 Early Edition, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/pdf/nrd-30/NCSA/ TSFAnn/TSF2002.pdf as of Oct. 1, 2003.

Table 2-3: Key Provisions of Safety Belt Use Laws: 2001

| State | Effective ${ }^{1}$ | Enforcement ${ }^{2}$ | Fine | Seats | Vehicles exempted ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 7/18/1992 | Primary | \$25 | Front | Designed for more than 10 passengers; model year before 1965 |
| Alaska | 9/12/1990 | Secondary | \$15 | All | School bus |
| Arizona | 1/1/1991 | Secondary | \$10 | Front | Designed for more than 10 passengers; model year before 1972 |
| Arkansas | 7/15/1991 | Secondary | \$25 ${ }^{4}$ | Front | School bus, church bus, public bus; model year before 1968 |
| California | 1/1/1986 | Primary | \$20 | All | None |
| Colorado | 7/1/1987 | Secondary ${ }^{3}$ | \$15 | Front ${ }^{3}$ | Passenger bus, school bus |
| Connecticut | 1/1/1986 | Primary | \$37 | Front | Truck or bus over 15,000 lbs. |
| Delaware | 1/1/1992 | Secondary | \$20 | Front | Postal service vehicles |
| District of Columbia | 12/12/1985 | Primary | \$50 ${ }^{4}$ | All | Seating more than 8 people |
| Florida | 7/1/1986 | Secondary | \$30 | Front | School bus, public bus, truck over 5,000 lbs. |
| Georgia | 9/1/1988 | Primary | \$15 | Front | Designed for more than 10 passengers, pickup |
| Hawaii | 2/16/1985 | Primary | \$20 | Front | Bus or school bus over 10,000 lbs. |
| Idaho | 7/1/1986 | Secondary | \$5 | Front | Over 8,000 lbs. |
| Illinois | 7/1/1985 | Secondary | \$25 | Front | None |
| Indiana | 7/1/1987 | Primary | \$25 | Front | Truck, tractor, RV |
| lowa | 7/1/1986 | Primary | \$25 | Front | None |
| Kansas | 7/1/1986 | Secondary | \$10 | Front | Designed for more than 10 people, truck over $12,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. |
| Kentucky | 7/13/1994 | Secondary | \$25 | All | Designed for more than 10 people |
| Louisiana | 7/1/1986 | Primary | \$25 | Front | Designed for more than 10 people; model year before 1981 |
| Maine | 12/27/1995 | Secondary | \$60 | All | Manufactured without seat belts |
| Maryland | 7/1/1986 | Primary | \$25 | Front | Historic vehicle |
| Massachusetts | 2/1/1994 | Secondary | \$25 | All | Truck over 18,000 lbs., bus, taxi operators |
| Michigan | 7/1/1985 | Primary | \$25 | Front | Taxi, bus, school bus |
| Minnesota | 8/1/1986 | Secondary | \$25 | Front | Farm pickup truck |
| Mississippi | 3/20/1990 | Secondary | \$25 | Front | Farm vehicle, bus |
| Missouri | 9/28/1985 | Secondary | \$10 | Front | Designed for more than 10 people, truck over $12,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. |
| Montana | 10/1/1987 | Secondary | \$20 | All | None |
| Nebraska | 1/1/1993 | Secondary | \$25 | Front | Model year before 1973 |
| Nevada | 7/1/1987 | Secondary | \$25 | All | Taxi, bus, school bus |
| New Hampshire | None | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| New Jersey | 3/1/1985 | Primary | \$42 | Front | None |
| New Mexico | 1/1/1986 | Primary | \$25 ${ }^{4}$ | All | Over 10,000 lbs. |
| New York | 12/1/1984 | Primary | \$50 | Front | Bus, school bus, taxi, emergency vehicle |
| North Carolina | 10/1/1985 | Primary | \$25 | Front | Designed for more than 10 people |
| North Dakota | 7/14/1994 | Secondary | \$20 | Front | Designed for more than 10 people |
| Ohio | 5/6/1986 | Secondary | \$25 | Front | None |
| Oklahoma | 2/1/1987 | Primary | \$20 | Front | Farm vehicle, truck, truck tractor, RV |
| Oregon | 12/7/1990 | Primary | \$75 | All | Newspaper, mail, meter, transit vehicle |
| Pennsylvania | 11/23/1987 | Secondary | \$10 | Front | Truck over 7,000 lbs. |
| Rhode Island | 6/18/1991 | Secondary | \$50 | All | None |
| South Carolina | 7/1/1989 | Secondary | \$10 | All | School bus, public bus; vehicle with no belts in rear |
| South Dakota | 1/1/1995 | Secondary | \$20 | Front | Bus, school bus |
| Tennessee | 4/21/1986 | Secondary | \$10 | Front | Over 8,500 lbs. |
| Texas | 9/1/1985 | Primary | \$50 | Front | Designed for more than 10 people, truck over $15,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. |
| Utah | 4/28/1986 | Secondary | \$45 | All | None |
| Vermont | 1/1/1994 | Secondary | \$10 | All | Bus, taxi |
| Virginia | 1/1/1988 | Secondary | \$25 | Front | Designed for more than 10 people, taxi |
| Washington | 6/11/1986 | Secondary | \$71 | All | Designed for more than 10 people |
| West Virginia | 9/1/1993 | Secondary | \$25 | Front | Designed for more than 10 people |
| Wisconsin | 12/1/1987 | Secondary | \$10 | All | Taxi, farm truck |
| Wyoming | 6/8/1989 | Secondary | \$25 ${ }^{5}$ | All | Designed for more than 11 people, bus |

[^0]Table 2-4: Shoulder Belt Use
(Percent of drivers and passengers in the front right seat)

| State | 1998 | 2000 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 52 | 71 | 79 |
| Alaska | 57 | 61 | 66 |
| Arizona | 62 | 75 | 74 |
| Arkansas | 53 | 52 | 64 |
| California | 89 | 89 | 91 |
| Colorado | 66 | 65 | 73 |
| Connecticut | 70 | 76 | 78 |
| Delaware | 62 | 66 | 71 |
| District of Columbia | 80 | 83 | 85 |
| Florida | 57 | 65 | 75 |
| Georgia | 74 | 74 | 77 |
| Hawaii | 81 | 80 | 90 |
| Idaho | 57 | 59 | 63 |
| Illinois | 65 | 70 | 74 |
| Indiana | 62 | 62 | 72 |
| lowa | 77 | 78 | 82 |
| Kansas | 59 | 62 | 61 |
| Kentucky | 54 | 60 | 62 |
| Louisiana | 66 | 68 | 69 |
| Maine | 61 | N | N |
| Maryland | 83 | 85 | 86 |
| Massachusetts | 51 | 50 | 51 |
| Michigan | 70 | 84 | 83 |
| Minnesota | 64 | 73 | 80 |
| Mississippi | 58 | 50 | 62 |
| Missouri | 60 | 68 | 69 |
| Montana | 73 | 76 | 78 |
| Nebraska | 65 | 71 | 70 |
| Nevada | 76 | 79 | 75 |
| New Hampshire | N | N | N |
| New Jersey | 63 | 74 | 81 |
| New Mexico | 83 | 87 | 88 |
| New York | 75 | 77 | 83 |
| North Carolina | 77 | 81 | 84 |
| North Dakota | 40 | 48 | 63 |
| Ohio | 61 | 65 | 70 |
| Oklahoma | 56 | 68 | 70 |
| Oregon | 83 | 84 | 88 |
| Pennsylvania | 68 | 71 | 76 |
| Rhode Island | 59 | 64 | 71 |
| South Carolina | 65 | 74 | 66 |
| South Dakota | 46 | 53 | 64 |
| Tennessee | 57 | 59 | 67 |
| Texas | 74 | 77 | 81 |
| Utah | 67 | 76 | 80 |
| Vermont | 63 | 62 | 85 |
| Virginia | 74 | 70 | 70 |
| Washington | 79 | 82 | 93 |
| West Virginia | 57 | 50 | 72 |
| Wisconsin | 62 | 65 | 66 |
| Wyoming | 50 | 67 | 67 |
| United States | 69 | 71 | 75 |

KEY: $\mathrm{N}=$ data do not exist.
SOURCES: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 1998-2000 State Shoulder Belt Use Survey Results, Research Note, Washington, DC: May 2001; Safety Belt Use in 2002 - Use Rates in the States and Territories, Research Note, Washington, DC: May 2003, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/departments/nrd-30/ncsa/ availinf.html as of Aug. 26, 2003.

Table 2-5: Pedestrian Fatalities Involving Motor Vehicles: 2002

| State | Total traffic fatalities | Pedestrians killed | Pedestrian fatalities as percent of total | State population (thousands) | Pedestrian fatality rate per 100,000 population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 1,033 | 60 | 5.8 | 4,487 | 1.3 |
| Alaska | 87 | 14 | 16.1 | 644 | 2.2 |
| Arizona | 1,117 | 154 | 13.8 | 5,456 | 2.8 |
| Arkansas | 640 | 33 | 5.2 | 2,710 | 1.2 |
| California | 4,078 | 707 | 17.3 | 35,116 | 2.0 |
| Colorado | 742 | 69 | 9.3 | 4,507 | 1.5 |
| Connecticut | 322 | 50 | 15.5 | 3,461 | 1.4 |
| Delaware | 124 | 16 | 12.9 | 807 | 2.0 |
| District of Columbia | 47 | 7 | 14.9 | 571 | 1.2 |
| Florida | 3,132 | 487 | 15.5 | 16,713 | 2.9 |
| Georgia | 1,523 | 161 | 10.6 | 8,560 | 1.9 |
| Hawaii | 119 | 33 | 27.7 | 1,245 | 2.7 |
| Idaho | 264 | 15 | 5.7 | 1,341 | 1.1 |
| Illinois | 1,411 | 186 | 13.2 | 12,601 | 1.5 |
| Indiana | 792 | 53 | 6.7 | 6,159 | 0.9 |
| lowa | 404 | 19 | 4.7 | 2,937 | 0.6 |
| Kansas | 512 | 23 | 4.5 | 2,716 | 0.8 |
| Kentucky | 915 | 55 | 6.0 | 4,093 | 1.3 |
| Louisiana | 875 | 93 | 10.6 | 4,483 | 2.1 |
| Maine | 216 | 14 | 6.5 | 1,294 | 1.1 |
| Maryland | 659 | 104 | 15.8 | 5,458 | 1.9 |
| Massachusetts | 459 | 59 | 12.9 | 6,428 | 0.9 |
| Michigan | 1,277 | 175 | 13.7 | 10,050 | 1.7 |
| Minnesota | 657 | 50 | 7.6 | 5,020 | 1.0 |
| Mississippi | 885 | 55 | 6.2 | 2,872 | 1.9 |
| Missouri | 1,208 | 87 | 7.2 | 5,673 | 1.5 |
| Montana | 270 | 14 | 5.2 | 909 | 1.5 |
| Nebraska | 307 | 12 | 3.9 | 1,729 | 0.7 |
| Nevada | 381 | 52 | 13.6 | 2,173 | 2.4 |
| New Hampshire | 127 | 6 | 4.7 | 1,275 | 0.5 |
| New Jersey | 773 | 178 | 23.0 | 8,590 | 2.1 |
| New Mexico | 449 | 60 | 13.4 | 1,855 | 3.2 |
| New York | 1,522 | 336 | 22.1 | 19,158 | 1.8 |
| North Carolina | 1,575 | 176 | 11.2 | 8,320 | 2.1 |
| North Dakota | 97 | 2 | 2.1 | 634 | 0.3 |
| Ohio | 1,418 | 87 | 6.1 | 11,421 | 0.8 |
| Oklahoma | 734 | 53 | 7.2 | 3,494 | 1.5 |
| Oregon | 436 | 48 | 11.0 | 3,522 | 1.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,614 | 153 | 9.5 | 12,335 | 1.2 |
| Rhode Island | 84 | 9 | 10.7 | 1070 | 0.8 |
| South Carolina | 1,053 | 98 | 9.3 | 4,107 | 2.4 |
| South Dakota | 180 | 8 | 4.4 | 761 | 1.1 |
| Tennessee | 1,175 | 72 | 6.1 | 5,797 | 1.2 |
| Texas | 3,725 | 397 | 10.7 | 21,780 | 1.8 |
| Utah | 328 | 25 | 7.6 | 2,316 | 1.1 |
| Vermont | 78 | 4 | 5.1 | 617 | 0.6 |
| Virginia | 914 | 88 | 9.6 | 7,294 | 1.2 |
| Washington | 659 | 69 | 10.5 | 6,069 | 1.1 |
| West Virginia | 439 | 28 | 6.4 | 1,802 | 1.6 |
| Wisconsin | 803 | 50 | 6.2 | 5,441 | 0.9 |
| Wyoming | 176 | 4 | 2.3 | 499 | 0.8 |
| United States, total | 42,815 | 4,808 | 11.2 | 288,369 | 1.7 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, National Center for Statistics and Analysis, Traffic Safety Facts 2002: Pedestrians, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/ncsa/factshet.html as of Sept. 23, 2003.

Table 2-6: Fatalities in Motor Vehicle Crashes Involving High Blood Alcohol Concentration (BAC $\geq \mathbf{0 . 0 8}$ grams per deciliter)

| State | 2001 |  |  | 2002 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total fatalities | Fatalities involving high blood alcohol | Percent | Total fatalities | Fatalities involving high blood alcohol | Percent |
| Alabama | 991 | 336 | 34 | 1,033 | 370 | 36 |
| Alaska | 89 | 39 | 44 | 87 | 34 | 39 |
| Arizona | 1,051 | 424 | 40 | 1,117 | 420 | 38 |
| Arkansas | 611 | 150 | 25 | 640 | 207 | 32 |
| California | 3,956 | 1,277 | 32 | 4,078 | 1,312 | 32 |
| Colorado | 741 | 278 | 38 | 742 | 268 | 36 |
| Connecticut | 318 | 139 | 44 | 322 | 123 | 38 |
| Delaware | 136 | 58 | 43 | 124 | 43 | 35 |
| District of Columbia | 68 | 32 | 47 | 47 | 22 | 47 |
| Florida | 3,012 | 1,088 | 36 | 3,132 | 1,099 | 35 |
| Georgia | 1,647 | 466 | 28 | 1,523 | 439 | 29 |
| Hawaii | 140 | 51 | 36 | 119 | 41 | 34 |
| Idaho | 259 | 85 | 33 | 264 | 74 | 28 |
| Illinois | 1,414 | 535 | 38 | 1,411 | 552 | 39 |
| Indiana | 909 | 283 | 31 | 792 | 223 | 28 |
| lowa | 446 | 126 | 28 | 404 | 107 | 26 |
| Kansas | 494 | 169 | 34 | 512 | 205 | 40 |
| Kentucky | 845 | 213 | 25 | 915 | 263 | 29 |
| Louisiana | 952 | 383 | 40 | 875 | 351 | 40 |
| Maine | 192 | 60 | 31 | 216 | 47 | 22 |
| Maryland | 659 | 239 | 36 | 659 | 216 | 33 |
| Massachusetts | 477 | 206 | 43 | 459 | 192 | 42 |
| Michigan | 1,328 | 441 | 33 | 1,277 | 422 | 33 |
| Minnesota | 568 | 196 | 35 | 657 | 209 | 32 |
| Mississippi | 784 | 253 | 32 | 885 | 292 | 33 |
| Missouri | 1,098 | 441 | 40 | 1,208 | 457 | 38 |
| Montana | 230 | 96 | 42 | 270 | 106 | 39 |
| Nebraska | 246 | 79 | 32 | 307 | 97 | 32 |
| Nevada | 314 | 112 | 36 | 381 | 148 | 39 |
| New Hampshire | 142 | 55 | 39 | 127 | 46 | 36 |
| New Jersey | 745 | 244 | 33 | 773 | 254 | 33 |
| New Mexico | 464 | 179 | 39 | 449 | 189 | 42 |
| New York | 1,564 | 404 | 26 | 1,522 | 400 | 26 |
| North Carolina | 1,530 | 456 | 30 | 1,575 | 533 | 34 |
| North Dakota | 105 | 44 | 42 | 97 | 40 | 41 |
| Ohio | 1,378 | 515 | 37 | 1,418 | 496 | 35 |
| Oklahoma | 682 | 233 | 34 | 734 | 215 | 29 |
| Oregon | 488 | 157 | 32 | 436 | 153 | 35 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,532 | 580 | 38 | 1,614 | 568 | 35 |
| Rhode Island | 81 | 40 | 49 | 84 | 38 | 45 |
| South Carolina | 1,060 | 519 | 49 | 1,053 | 487 | 46 |
| South Dakota | 171 | 75 | 44 | 180 | 80 | 44 |
| Tennessee | 1,251 | 462 | 37 | 1,175 | 410 | 35 |
| Texas | 3,736 | 1,584 | 42 | 3,725 | 1,551 | 42 |
| Utah | 291 | 56 | 19 | 328 | 67 | 20 |
| Vermont | 92 | 33 | 36 | 78 | 22 | 28 |
| Virginia | 935 | 287 | 31 | 914 | 323 | 35 |
| Washington | 649 | 239 | 37 | 659 | 265 | 40 |
| West Virginia | 376 | 119 | 32 | 439 | 160 | 36 |
| Wisconsin | 763 | 325 | 43 | 803 | 325 | 40 |
| Wyoming | 186 | 71 | 38 | 176 | 62 | 35 |
| United States, total | 42,196 | 14,933 | 35 | 42,815 | 15,019 | 35 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, National Center for Statistics and Analysis, Traffic Safety Facts 2001: State Traffic Data, Washington, DC: 2002; Traffic Safety Facts 2002: Alcohol, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/ncsa/factshet.html as of Sept. 23, 2003.

Table 2-7: Impaired Driving High-Priority Legislation: 2001

| State | Administrative per se (BAC level) | Illegal per se (BAC level) | Lower BAC for youthful DWI offenders (BAC level and age) | License sanction(Mandatory minimum for a DWI conviction) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | First offense | Second offense | Third offense |
| Alabama | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-90 days | $\mathrm{R}-1 \mathrm{yr}$ | R-3 yrs |
| Alaska | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.00 (<21) | R-30 days | $\mathrm{R}-1 \mathrm{yr}$ | R-10 yrs |
| Arizona | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.00 (<21) | S-90 days | $\mathrm{R}-1 \mathrm{yr}$ | R-3 yrs |
| Arkansas | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | Nms | Nms |
| California | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.01 (<21) | Nms | Nms | $\mathrm{R}-18 \mathrm{mos}$ |
| Colorado | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | R-1 yr | R-1 yr |
| Connecticut | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | Nms | Nms |
| Delaware | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | R-6 mos | R-6 mos |
| District of Columbia | Y-0.05 | 0.08 | Y-0.00 (<21) | R-6 mos | R-1 yr | R-2 yrs |
| Florida | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | $\mathrm{R}-12 \mathrm{mos}$ | R-24 mos |
| Georgia | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | $\mathrm{S}-12 \mathrm{mos}$ | $\mathrm{R}-2 \mathrm{yrs}$ |
| Hawaii | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-30 days | S-1 yr | R-1 yr |
| Idaho | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-30 days | S-1 yr | S-1 yr |
| Illinois | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | R-1 yr | R-1 yr |
| Indiana | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-30 days | S-1 yr | S-1 yr |
| lowa | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | R-30 days | R-1 yr | R-1 yr |
| Kansas | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-30 days | S-1 yr | S-1 yr |
| Kentucky | A | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-30 days | $\mathrm{R}-12 \mathrm{mos}$ | $\mathrm{R}-24$ mos |
| Louisiana | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | Nms | Nms |
| Maine | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.00 (<21) | S-60 days | S-18 mos | S-4 yrs |
| Maryland | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | Nms | Nms |
| Massachusetts | Y-0.08 | N | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-45 days | R-6 mos | R-2 yrs |
| Michigan | N | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-30 days | $\mathrm{R}-1 \mathrm{yr}$ | S-5 yrs |
| Minnesota | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.00 (<21) | R-15 days | R-90 days | R-90 days |
| Mississippi | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-30 days | S-1 yr | S-3 yrs |
| Missouri | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-30 days | R-2 yrs | R-3 yrs |
| Montana | N | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | R-3 mos | R-3 mos |
| Nebraska | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | R-60 days | R-1 yr | R-1 yr |
| Nevada | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | R-45 days | $\mathrm{R}-1 \mathrm{yr}$ | $\mathrm{R}-1.5 \mathrm{yrs}$ |
| New Hampshire | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | R-90 days | $\mathrm{R}-3 \mathrm{yrs}$ | $\mathrm{R}-3 \mathrm{yrs}$ |
| New Jersey | N | 0.10 | Y-0.01 (<21) | $\mathrm{R}-6 \mathrm{mos}$ | R-2 yrs | $\mathrm{R}-10 \mathrm{yrs}$ |
| New Mexico | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | R-30 days | $\mathrm{R}-30$ days |
| New York | A | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | R-I yr | R-1 yr |
| North Carolina | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.00 (<21) | Nms | R-2 yrs | R-3 yrs |
| North Dakota | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-30 days | S-365 days | S-2 yrs |
| Ohio | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-15 days | S-30 days | S-180 days |
| Oklahoma | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.00 (<21) | Nms | $\mathrm{R}-1 \mathrm{yr}$ | R-1 yr |
| Oregon | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.00 (<21) | Nms | S-90 days | S-1 yr |
| Pennsylvania | N | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-1 mo | $\mathrm{S}-12 \mathrm{mos}$ | S-12 mos |
| Rhode Island | N | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-3 mos | S-1 yr | S-2 yrs |
| South Carolina | Y-0.15 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | S-1 yr | S-4 yrs |
| South Dakota | N | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | R-1 yr | R-1 yr |
| Tennessee | N | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | R-2 yrs | R-3 yrs |
| Texas | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.00 (<21) | Nms | S-1 yr | $\mathrm{S}-1 \mathrm{yr}$ |
| Utah | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.00 (<21) | S-90 days | R-1 yrs | R-1 yrs |
| Vermont | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-90 days | S -18 mos | R-2 yrs |
| Virginia | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | $\mathrm{R}-1 \mathrm{yr}$ | R-3 yrs |
| Washington | Y-0.08 | 0.08 | Y-0.02 (<21) | S-30 days | R-1 yr | R-2 yrs |
| West Virginia | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | R-30 days | R-1 yr | R-1 yr |
| Wisconsin | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | Y-0.02 (<21) | Nms | R-1 yr | R-1 yr |
| Wyoming | Y-0.10 | 0.10 | $\mathrm{Y}-0.02$ (<21) | Nms | S-1 yr | R-3 yrs |

KEY: BAC = blood alcohol concentration; DWI = driving while intoxicated; $\mathrm{Y}=$ yes; $\mathrm{N}=$ no; $\mathrm{A}=$ alternative; $\mathrm{S}=$ suspension; $=$ revocation; Nms = no mandatory sanction.

NOTES: An "administrative per se law" allows a state's driver licensing agency to either suspend or revoke a driver's license based on a specific alcohol (or drug) concentration or on some other criterion related to alcohol or drug use and driving. Such action is independent of any licensing action related to a DWI criminal offense. The term "illegal per se" refers to state laws that make it a criminal offense to operate a motor vehicle at or above a specified alcohol (or drug) concentration in the blood, breath, or urine. In those columns showing mandatory sanctions, "nms" does not mean that a state does not have a sanction. It only means that the state does not have a mandatory sanction for that offense or violation.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts 2002 Early Edition, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/pdf/nrd-30/NCSA/TSFAnn/TSF2002.pdf as of Oct. 1, 2003.

## Safety

Table 2-8: Maximum Posted Speed Limits by System: 2003 (Speed limit in miles per hour) ${ }^{1}$

| State | Interstate |  | Other limited-access roads ${ }^{2}$ | Other roads |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rural | Urban |  |  |
| Alabama | 70 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| Alaska | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Arizona | 75 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| Arkansas | 70, Trucks: 65 | 55 | 60 | 55 |
| California | 70, Trucks: 55 | 65 | 70 | 65 |
| Colorado | 75 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| Connecticut | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Delaware | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| District of Columbia | NA | 55 | NA | 25 |
| Florida | 70 | 65 | 70 | 65 |
| Georgia | 70 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| Hawaii | 60 | 50 | 45 | 45 |
| Idaho | 75, Trucks: 65 | 75 | 65 | 65 |
| Illinois | 65, Trucks: 55 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Indiana | 65, Trucks: 60 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| lowa | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Kansas | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| Kentucky | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Louisiana | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| Maine | 65 | 65 | 65 | 60 |
| Maryland | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Massachusetts | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Michigan | 70, Trucks: 55 | 65 | 70 | 55 |
| Minnesota | 70 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Mississippi | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| Missouri | 70 | 60 | 70 | 65 |
| Montana | 75, Trucks: 65 | 65 | Day: 70, Night: 65 | Day: 70, Night: 65 |
| Nebraska | 75 | 65 | 65 | 60 |
| Nevada | 75 | 65 | 70 | 70 |
| New Hampshire | 65 | 65 | 55 | 55 |
| New Jersey | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| New Mexico | 75 | 75 | 65 | 55 |
| New York | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| North Carolina | 70 | 70 | 70 | 55 |
| North Dakota | 75 | 75 | 70 | 65 |
| Ohio | 65, Trucks: 55 | 65 | 55 | 55 |
| Oklahoma | 75 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| Oregon | 65, Trucks: 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| Pennsylvania | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Rhode Island | 65 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| South Carolina | 70 | 70 | 60 | 55 |
| South Dakota | 75 | 75 | 65 | 65 |
| Tennessee | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| Texas | Day: 75, Night and Trucks: 65 | Day: 70, Night: 65 | Day: 75, Night and Trucks: 65 | Day: 60, Night: 55 |
| Utah | 75 | 65 | 75 | 65 |
| Vermont | 65 | 55 | 50 | 50 |
| Virginia | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Washington | 70, Trucks: 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| West Virginia | 70 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Wisconsin | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Wyoming | 75 | 60 | 65 | 65 |

${ }^{1}$ Many roads, particularly urban interstates, often have a lower posted speed limit than the maximum allowable shown in this table.
${ }^{2}$ Limited-access roads are multilaned roads with restricted access using exit and entrance ramps rather than intersections.
KEY: NA = not applicable.
NOTE: Interstates are divided into urban and rural sections based primarily on population size and population density.
SOURCE: Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, Highway Loss Data Institute, available at http://www.hwysafety.org/ safety_facts/state_laws/speed_limit_laws.htm as of Aug. 26, 2003.

Table 2-9: Rail Accidents/Incidents: 2002

| State | Accidents/ Incidents | Fatalities | Injuries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 264 | 18 | 123 |
| Alaska | 53 | 0 | 47 |
| Arizona | 190 | 16 | 133 |
| Arkansas | 281 | 28 | 150 |
| California | 1,012 | 129 | 700 |
| Colorado | 210 | 12 | 123 |
| Connecticut | 160 | 7 | 125 |
| Delaware | 58 | 7 | 44 |
| District of Columbia | 83 | 1 | 74 |
| Florida | 379 | 54 | 365 |
| Georgia | 365 | 20 | 167 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 80 | 2 | 47 |
| Illinois | 1,216 | 58 | 941 |
| Indiana | 373 | 26 | 198 |
| lowa | 254 | 22 | 125 |
| Kansas | 259 | 14 | 128 |
| Kentucky | 231 | 11 | 123 |
| Louisiana | 388 | 28 | 214 |
| Maine | 41 | 0 | 32 |
| Maryland | 134 | 9 | 171 |
| Massachusetts | 250 | 15 | 218 |
| Michigan | 297 | 11 | 191 |
| Minnesota | 309 | 17 | 199 |
| Mississippi | 204 | 24 | 92 |
| Missouri | 297 | 19 | 178 |
| Montana | 126 | 5 | 79 |
| Nebraska | 300 | 18 | 184 |
| Nevada | 39 | 4 | 26 |
| New Hampshire | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| New Jersey | 557 | 24 | 461 |
| New Mexico | 106 | 12 | 74 |
| New York | 1,066 | 30 | 947 |
| North Carolina | 191 | 23 | 97 |
| North Dakota | 116 | 3 | 1,521 |
| Ohio | 449 | 48 | 246 |
| Oklahoma | 175 | 21 | 85 |
| Oregon | 207 | 7 | 127 |
| Pennsylvania | 648 | 31 | 479 |
| Rhode Island | 21 | 1 | 19 |
| South Carolina | 154 | 22 | 100 |
| South Dakota | 48 | 3 | 20 |
| Tennessee | 266 | 16 | 141 |
| Texas | 1,293 | 83 | 753 |
| Utah | 85 | 5 | 45 |
| Vermont | 34 | 0 | 30 |
| Virginia | 209 | 13 | 135 |
| Washington | 245 | 15 | 171 |
| West Virginia | 119 | 3 | 74 |
| Wisconsin | 288 | 13 | 180 |
| Wyoming | 104 | 2 | 61 |
| United States, total | 14,244 | 950 | 10,973 |

NOTE: "Accidents/Incidents" includes all events reportable to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration under applicable regulations. These include: train accidents, reported on Form F 6180.54, comprised of collisions, derailments, and other events involving the operation of on-track equipment and causing reportable damage above an established threshold (\$6,600 in 1998); highway-rail grade crossing incidents, reported on Form F 6180.57, involving impact between railroad on-track equipment and highway users at crossings; and other incidents, reported on Form F 6180.55 a, involving all other reportable incidents or exposures that cause a fatality or injury to any person, or an occupational illness to a railroad employee.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Interim Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2002, Washington, DC: 2003, table 2-11, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety/ as of Sept. 23, 2003.

Table 2-10: Highway-Rail Grade Crossing Incidents: 2002

| State | Number of grade crossings | Incidents | Fatalities | Injuries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 5,307 | 118 | 13 | 32 |
| Alaska | 342 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
| Arizona | 1,642 | 19 | 0 | 5 |
| Arkansas | 4,680 | 84 | 14 | 29 |
| California | 12,784 | 140 | 30 | 55 |
| Colorado | 3,314 | 38 | 6 | 12 |
| Connecticut | 657 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| Delaware | 456 | 6 | 2 | 1 |
| District of Columbia | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 5,325 | 99 | 16 | 32 |
| Georgia | 8,433 | 141 | 5 | 13 |
| Hawaii | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 2,540 | 20 | 1 | 7 |
| Illinois | 13,247 | 172 | 24 | 67 |
| Indiana | 8,817 | 175 | 17 | 44 |
| lowa | 8,905 | 69 | 4 | 28 |
| Kansas | 10,759 | 71 | 8 | 27 |
| Kentucky | 5,065 | 85 | 5 | 24 |
| Louisiana | 6,686 | 149 | 12 | 65 |
| Maine | 1,682 | 6 | 0 | 1 |
| Maryland | 1,394 | 11 | 0 | 4 |
| Massachusetts | 1,642 | 12 | 4 | 1 |
| Michigan | 7,883 | 97 | 7 | 34 |
| Minnesota | 8,177 | 76 | 11 | 30 |
| Mississippi | 4,722 | 97 | 14 | 31 |
| Missouri | 8,112 | 76 | 14 | 26 |
| Montana | 3,520 | 25 | 2 | 6 |
| Nebraska | 6,589 | 55 | 13 | 20 |
| Nevada | 574 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| New Hampshire | 637 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| New Jersey | 2,495 | 32 | 4 | 13 |
| New Mexico | 1,350 | 17 | 1 | 4 |
| New York | 5,943 | 38 | 3 | 10 |
| North Carolina | 7,833 | 78 | 2 | 20 |
| North Dakota | 6,350 | 25 | 0 | 13 |
| Ohio | 9,697 | 141 | 26 | 35 |
| Oklahoma | 5,848 | 69 | 20 | 27 |
| Oregon | 5,240 | 34 | 0 | 13 |
| Pennsylvania | 8,694 | 73 | 6 | 12 |
| Rhode Island | 190 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 4,253 | 66 | 9 | 41 |
| South Dakota | 3,495 | 21 | 0 | 5 |
| Tennessee | 5,093 | 82 | 8 | 14 |
| Texas | 17,805 | 325 | 37 | 125 |
| Utah | 1,666 | 20 | 3 | 5 |
| Vermont | 1,176 | 5 | 0 | 3 |
| Virginia | 4,860 | 39 | 1 | 12 |
| Washington | 5,714 | 35 | 2 | 7 |
| West Virginia | 3,601 | 30 | 1 | 6 |
| Wisconsin | 6,799 | 83 | 7 | 31 |
| Wyoming | 1,172 | 6 | 1 | 1 |
| United States, total | 253,213 | 3,072 | 356 | 996 |

NOTE: Any impact, regardless of severity, between railroad on-track equipment and any user of a public or private crossing site must be reported to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration on Form F 6180.57. The crossing site includes sidewalks and pathways at, or associated with, the crossing. Counts of fatalities and injuries include motor vehicle occupants, people not in vehicles or on the trains, as well as people on the train or railroad equipment.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Interim Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2002, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/ officeofsafety/ as of Sept. 16, 2003.

Table 2-11: Highway-Rail Grade Crossings by Type: 2002

| State | Total | Percent of total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Public, motor vehicle | Private, motor vehicle | Pedestrian |
| Alabama | 5,307 | 64.3 | 35.3 | 0.4 |
| Alaska | 342 | 65.5 | 32.2 | 2.3 |
| Arizona | 1,642 | 57.2 | 42.3 | 0.4 |
| Arkansas | 4,680 | 67.5 | 32.3 | 0.2 |
| California | 12,784 | 61.4 | 37.4 | 1.3 |
| Colorado | 3,314 | 58.8 | 40.6 | 0.7 |
| Connecticut | 657 | 56.3 | 42.3 | 1.4 |
| Delaware | 456 | 67.1 | 32.5 | 0.4 |
| District of Columbia | 40 | 20.0 | 55.0 | 25.0 |
| Florida | 5,325 | 74.5 | 24.4 | 1.1 |
| Georgia | 8,433 | 69.7 | 29.8 | 0.5 |
| Hawaii | 8 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 2,540 | 52.3 | 47.2 | 0.5 |
| Illinois | 13,247 | 62.0 | 36.0 | 2.1 |
| Indiana | 8,817 | 71.8 | 27.4 | 0.8 |
| lowa | 8,905 | 56.1 | 43.3 | 0.5 |
| Kansas | 10,759 | 61.4 | 38.3 | 0.3 |
| Kentucky | 5,065 | 49.6 | 49.7 | 0.8 |
| Louisiana | 6,686 | 52.0 | 47.3 | 0.6 |
| Maine | 1,682 | 49.9 | 49.5 | 0.5 |
| Maryland | 1,394 | 49.9 | 49.6 | 0.5 |
| Massachusetts | 1,642 | 67.6 | 31.3 | 1.1 |
| Michigan | 7,883 | 67.7 | 31.4 | 0.8 |
| Minnesota | 8,177 | 62.1 | 37.3 | 0.6 |
| Mississippi | 4,722 | 57.9 | 41.8 | 0.3 |
| Missouri | 8,112 | 58.4 | 40.7 | 0.9 |
| Montana | 3,520 | 42.4 | 57.1 | 0.5 |
| Nebraska | 6,589 | 57.9 | 41.8 | 0.2 |
| Nevada | 574 | 52.4 | 47.0 | 0.5 |
| New Hampshire | 637 | 63.3 | 35.2 | 1.6 |
| New Jersey | 2,495 | 74.5 | 23.5 | 2.0 |
| New Mexico | 1,350 | 57.3 | 42.7 | 0.0 |
| New York | 5,943 | 49.4 | 49.3 | 1.3 |
| North Carolina | 7,833 | 57.7 | 41.6 | 0.7 |
| North Dakota | 6,350 | 68.2 | 31.5 | 0.3 |
| Ohio | 9,697 | 66.4 | 33.2 | 0.4 |
| Oklahoma | 5,848 | 72.3 | 27.4 | 0.2 |
| Oregon | 5,240 | 44.1 | 54.1 | 1.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 8,694 | 62.1 | 36.5 | 1.4 |
| Rhode Island | 190 | 62.1 | 37.4 | 0.5 |
| South Carolina | 4,253 | 69.2 | 30.5 | 0.3 |
| South Dakota | 3,495 | 61.2 | 38.6 | 0.2 |
| Tennessee | 5,093 | 63.4 | 36.1 | 0.5 |
| Texas | 17,805 | 65.0 | 34.8 | 0.2 |
| Utah | 1,666 | 56.2 | 43.6 | 0.2 |
| Vermont | 1,176 | 42.2 | 54.1 | 3.7 |
| Virginia | 4,860 | 42.0 | 57.1 | 0.9 |
| Washington | 5,714 | 47.8 | 51.2 | 1.1 |
| West Virginia | 3,601 | 44.0 | 54.4 | 1.6 |
| Wisconsin | 6,799 | 61.5 | 37.2 | 1.3 |
| Wyoming | 1,172 | 33.6 | 66.2 | 0.2 |
| United States, total | 253,213 | 60.5 | 38.7 | 0.8 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railway Administration, Office of Railway Safety, Interim Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2002, Wastington, DC: 2003, table 9-2, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety as of Sept. 16, 2003.

Table 2-12: Warning Devices at Public Highway-Rail Grade Crossings: 2002

| State | Total | Percent of total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cross bucks | Gates | Flashing lights | Stop signs | Unknown | Special warning | HWTS, ww, bells | Other |
| Alabama | 3,411 | 44.2 | 15.3 | 17.8 | 18.1 | 3.2 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Alaska | 224 | 44.6 | 22.8 | 13.4 | 11.2 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 0.0 | 0.9 |
| Arizona | 940 | 37.0 | 41.0 | 7.0 | 10.7 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 3,161 | 61.2 | 12.2 | 13.5 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 2.1 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| California | 7,847 | 36.5 | 40.3 | 12.7 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 3.5 | 0.2 |
| Colorado | 1,948 | 47.6 | 20.7 | 12.5 | 11.9 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 0.2 |
| Connecticut | 370 | 7.6 | 28.4 | 38.4 | 13.0 | 3.5 | 7.8 | 1.3 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 306 | 13.7 | 16.0 | 56.9 | 1.3 | 4.9 | 6.9 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 0.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 3,965 | 21.3 | 57.2 | 14.0 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Georgia | 5,877 | 43.1 | 29.5 | 5.2 | 17.0 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Hawaii | 8 | 87.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.5 |
| Idaho | 1,329 | 33.9 | 10.8 | 13.2 | 41.0 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 8,207 | 38.9 | 28.9 | 26.7 | 0.7 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| Indiana | 6,332 | 34.0 | 23.8 | 23.3 | 14.4 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 0.1 |
| lowa | 4,999 | 56.4 | 14.6 | 19.2 | 6.9 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 6,603 | 68.7 | 15.4 | 8.8 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.2 |
| Kentucky | 2,510 | 42.7 | 16.4 | 31.4 | 2.1 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 3,479 | 51.0 | 17.2 | 18.2 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.4 |
| Maine | 840 | 32.7 | 9.5 | 46.9 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 8.2 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 695 | 37.7 | 15.5 | 30.6 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 0.1 |
| Massachusetts | 1,110 | 16.9 | 23.9 | 35.9 | 0.6 | 4.4 | 15.7 | 2.3 | 0.2 |
| Michigan | 5,340 | 33.4 | 17.6 | 25.2 | 18.6 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| Minnesota | 5,079 | 58.5 | 14.9 | 10.8 | 13.2 | 1.9 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Mississippi | 2,732 | 54.1 | 9.7 | 19.0 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 1.7 | 0.3 | 4.5 |
| Missouri | 4,738 | 55.7 | 15.1 | 18.8 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 0.1 |
| Montana | 1,493 | 66.4 | 13.1 | 10.8 | 5.4 | 3.4 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| Nebraska | 3,817 | 67.2 | 17.0 | 6.8 | 5.5 | 2.9 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Nevada | 301 | 43.8 | 43.2 | 7.6 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| New Hampshire | 403 | 27.3 | 8.7 | 31.0 | 9.7 | 0.5 | 19.8 | 2.5 | 0.5 |
| New Jersey | 1,858 | 21.5 | 22.0 | 35.5 | 1.0 | 6.5 | 12.5 | 0.9 | 0.1 |
| New Mexico | 774 | 53.1 | 28.7 | 13.4 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| New York | 2,934 | 20.1 | 53.4 | 15.3 | 0.5 | 3.0 | 5.7 | 1.2 | 0.7 |
| North Carolina | 4,523 | 43.5 | 31.6 | 15.6 | 1.3 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| North Dakota | 4,328 | 82.2 | 11.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 6,436 | 41.4 | 35.7 | 17.4 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| Oklahoma | 4,229 | 64.1 | 15.3 | 14.0 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| Oregon | 2,313 | 37.5 | 25.0 | 5.9 | 18.6 | 5.3 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 5,397 | 33.7 | 14.1 | 24.2 | 1.5 | 8.2 | 11.3 | 1.9 | 5.2 |
| Rhode Island | 118 | 5.9 | 13.6 | 20.3 | 3.4 | 18.6 | 18.6 | 18.6 | 1.0 |
| South Carolina | 2,945 | 36.8 | 29.5 | 15.7 | 13.4 | 1.0 | 3.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| South Dakota | 2,140 | 84.8 | 1.0 | 9.3 | 1.3 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 3,229 | 47.7 | 13.7 | 21.7 | 4.9 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Texas | 11,580 | 48.1 | 31.7 | 12.2 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
| Utah | 936 | 41.3 | 20.6 | 16.7 | 4.8 | 6.9 | 8.4 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Vermont | 496 | 39.5 | 6.2 | 38.9 | 5.0 | 1.2 | 8.5 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 2,040 | 23.7 | 48.8 | 21.8 | 0.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| Washington | 2,730 | 50.1 | 20.2 | 14.0 | 3.4 | 9.7 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.1 |
| West Virginia | 1,585 | 45.1 | 14.3 | 29.3 | 1.4 | 8.1 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Wisconsin | 4,180 | 38.3 | 15.0 | 27.4 | 15.3 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 0.8 | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | 394 | 32.5 | 43.1 | 19.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| United States, total | 153,237 | 45.9 | 23.6 | 17.0 | 6.5 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 0.4 |

KEY: HWTS = highway traffic signals; $\mathrm{WW}=$ wigwags.
NOTE: Percentages may not total to 100 due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railway Administration, Office of Railway Safety, Interim Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2002, Washington, DC: 2003, table 9-4, available at
http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety as of Sept. 23, 2003.

Table 2-13: Types of People Killed in Train Accidents/Incidents: 2002 (Includes highway-rail crossing)

| State | Worker on duty ${ }^{1}$ | Passenger on train | Trespasser | Nontrespasser | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 0 | 0 | 10 | 8 | 0 |
| Alaska | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arizona | 1 | 0 | 14 | 1 | 0 |
| Arkansas | 1 | 0 | 13 | 13 | 1 |
| California | 1 | 3 | 114 | 9 | 2 |
| Colorado | 1 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 0 |
| Connecticut | 1 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| Delaware | 1 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 1 | 4 | 37 | 12 | 0 |
| Georgia | 1 | 0 | 17 | 2 | 0 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Illinois | 0 | 0 | 41 | 17 | 0 |
| Indiana | 1 | 0 | 13 | 12 | 0 |
| lowa | 0 | 0 | 18 | 3 | 1 |
| Kansas | 0 | 0 | 5 | 9 | 0 |
| Kentucky | 1 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 0 |
| Louisiana | 0 | 0 | 18 | 10 | 0 |
| Maine | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Massachusetts | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Michigan | 0 | 0 | 7 | 4 | 0 |
| Minnesota | 0 | 0 | 13 | 4 | 0 |
| Mississippi | 0 | 0 | 10 | 14 | 0 |
| Missouri | 0 | 0 | 7 | 12 | 0 |
| Montana | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 1 | 0 | 7 | 10 | 0 |
| Nevada | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 1 |
| New Mexico | 0 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 0 |
| New York | 2 | 0 | 25 | 3 | 0 |
| North Carolina | 1 | 0 | 20 | 2 | 0 |
| North Dakota | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Ohio | 2 | 0 | 21 | 24 | 1 |
| Oklahoma | 0 | 0 | 4 | 17 | 0 |
| Oregon | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 3 | 0 | 27 | 1 | 0 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 0 | 0 | 15 | 7 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 1 | 0 | 9 | 5 | 1 |
| Texas | 1 | 0 | 48 | 33 | 1 |
| Utah | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Vermont | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 0 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 0 |
| Washington | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| West Virginia | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 1 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| Wyoming | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| United States, total | 23 | 7 | 647 | 264 | 8 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes railroad employee, contractor, and volunteer.
NOTE: As defined by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, a trespasser is any person on a part of railroad property used in railroad operations whose presence is prohibited, forbidden, or unlawful. Employees who are trespassing on railroad property are reported as trespassers. "Other" includes employees not on duty, nontrespassers off railroad property, and volunteers or contractors who are not engaged in either the operation of on-track equipment or any other safety-sensitive function for the railroad.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Interim Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2002, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety/ as of Sept. 23, 2003.

Table 2-14: Types of People Injured in Train Accidents/Incidents: 2002 (Includes highway-rail crossing)

| State | Worker on duty ${ }^{1}$ | Passenger on train | Trespasser | Nontrespasser | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 87 | 2 | 7 | 20 | 7 |
| Alaska | 44 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Arizona | 109 | 5 | 15 | 3 | 1 |
| Arkansas | 105 | 1 | 11 | 30 | 3 |
| California | 481 | 71 | 68 | 27 | 53 |
| Colorado | 104 | 6 | 1 | 10 | 2 |
| Connecticut | 90 | 19 | 1 | 4 | 11 |
| Delaware | 40 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| District of Columbia | 67 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Florida | 162 | 145 | 26 | 17 | 15 |
| Georgia | 123 | 3 | 18 | 9 | 14 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 42 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Illinois | 554 | 211 | 41 | 75 | 60 |
| Indiana | 129 | 15 | 15 | 23 | 16 |
| lowa | 84 | 0 | 6 | 27 | 8 |
| Kansas | 83 | 2 | 7 | 25 | 11 |
| Kentucky | 90 | 3 | 13 | 14 | 3 |
| Louisiana | 133 | 8 | 19 | 50 | 4 |
| Maine | 31 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 87 | 75 | 5 | 4 | 0 |
| Massachusetts | 188 | 16 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| Michigan | 149 | 4 | 11 | 26 | 1 |
| Minnesota | 160 | 3 | 8 | 23 | 5 |
| Mississippi | 54 | 6 | 7 | 24 | 1 |
| Missouri | 119 | 4 | 16 | 24 | 15 |
| Montana | 62 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 4 |
| Nebraska | 154 | 2 | 5 | 13 | 10 |
| Nevada | 23 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 346 | 27 | 15 | 52 | 21 |
| New Mexico | 54 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 1 |
| New York | 737 | 70 | 12 | 84 | 44 |
| North Carolina | 64 | 5 | 15 | 9 | 4 |
| North Dakota | 62 | 2 | 2 | 11 | 1,444 |
| Ohio | 183 | 8 | 27 | 19 | 9 |
| Oklahoma | 53 | 0 | 9 | 22 | 1 |
| Oregon | 93 | 9 | 13 | 9 | 3 |
| Pennsylvania | 385 | 36 | 27 | 17 | 14 |
| Rhode Island | 18 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 45 | 24 | 20 | 7 | 4 |
| South Dakota | 12 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Tennessee | 96 | 2 | 20 | 13 | 10 |
| Texas | 492 | 14 | 94 | 100 | 53 |
| Utah | 35 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| Vermont | 28 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Virginia | 92 | 17 | 10 | 13 | 3 |
| Washington | 135 | 8 | 9 | 6 | 13 |
| West Virginia | 58 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 2 |
| Wisconsin | 138 | 3 | 4 | 30 | 5 |
| Wyoming | 57 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| United States, total | 6,744 | 848 | 608 | 880 | 1,893 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes railroad employee, contractor, and volunteer.
NOTE: As defined by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, a trespasser is any person on a part of railroad property used in railroad operations whose presence is prohibited, forbidden, or unlawful. Employees who are trespassing on railroad property are reported as trespassers. "Other" includes employees not on duty, nontrespassers off railroad property, and volunteers or contractors who are not engaged in either the operation of on-track equipment or any other safety-sensitive function for the railroad.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Interim Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2002, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety/ as of Sept. 23, 2003.

Table 2-15: Transit Incidents, Fatalities, Injuries, and Property Damage, All Transit Modes: 2001

| State | Collision |  |  | Noncollision |  |  | Total property damage (dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of incidents | Fatalities | Injuries | Number of incidents | Fatalities | Injuries |  |
| Alabama | 39 | 0 | 24 | 19 | 0 | 17 | 183,791 |
| Alaska | 18 | 1 | 16 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 88,956 |
| Arizona | 179 | 0 | 108 | 114 | 3 | 117 | 662,231 |
| Arkansas | 14 | 0 | 8 | 11 | 0 | 11 | 18,201 |
| California | 3,398 | 55 | 3,079 | 4,627 | 0 | 4,780 | 9,382,911 |
| Colorado | 331 | 3 | 205 | 321 | 0 | 322 | 572,479 |
| Connecticut | 284 | 1 | 373 | 234 | 0 | 246 | 598,874 |
| Delaware | 26 | 0 | 30 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 47,281 |
| District of Columbia | 1,268 | 8 | 627 | 1,529 | 0 | 1,552 | 1,025,701 |
| Florida | 1,199 | 10 | 1,081 | 1,105 | 1 | 1,127 | 1,521,211 |
| Georgia | 210 | 2 | 583 | 697 | 0 | 689 | 2,659,178 |
| Hawaii | 125 | 2 | 116 | 338 | 1 | 352 | 1,016,969 |
| Idaho | 12 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 | 9 | 38,274 |
| Illinois | 1,818 | 29 | 1,779 | 1,422 | 4 | 1,470 | 8,973,482 |
| Indiana | 146 | 1 | 137 | 177 | 1 | 172 | 514,803 |
| lowa | 62 | 0 | 31 | 26 | 0 | 28 | 135,325 |
| Kansas | 24 | 0 | 14 | 22 | 0 | 23 | 76,759 |
| Kentucky | 126 | 0 | 97 | 109 | 1 | 108 | 264,288 |
| Louisiana | 135 | 0 | 232 | 139 | 0 | 151 | 346,952 |
| Maine | 23 | 0 | 4 | 26 | 0 | 25 | 48,964 |
| Maryland | 2,011 | 9 | 3,843 | 581 | 0 | 620 | 1,228,397 |
| Massachusetts | 476 | 14 | 506 | 1,566 | 0 | 1,210 | 978,404 |
| Michigan | 241 | 2 | 385 | 395 | 1 | 391 | 1,314,933 |
| Minnesota | 275 | 0 | 224 | 401 | 0 | 432 | 588,898 |
| Mississippi | 6 | 0 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 9 | 103,415 |
| Missouri | 438 | 0 | 773 | 945 | 0 | 975 | 740,786 |
| Montana | 21 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 0 | 11 | 31,740 |
| Nebraska | 52 | 0 | 40 | 25 | 0 | 25 | 72,489 |
| Nevada | 59 | 3 | 11 | 487 | 0 | 475 | 137,709 |
| New Hampshire | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,117 |
| New Jersey | 1,763 | 32 | 689 | 1,283 | 0 | 1,089 | 20,737,842 |
| New Mexico | 47 | 2 | 37 | 83 | 0 | 82 | 93,260 |
| New York | 7,205 | 67 | 1,902 | 11,328 | 8 | 9,622 | 12,148,397 |
| North Carolina | 174 | 0 | 249 | 86 | 0 | 83 | 566,572 |
| North Dakota | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,344 |
| Ohio | 794 | 5 | 1,034 | 1,195 | 0 | 1,209 | 1,778,712 |
| Oklahoma | 55 | 0 | 74 | 151 | 0 | 153 | 182,045 |
| Oregon | 217 | 1 | 384 | 258 | 0 | 347 | 1,773,007 |
| Pennsylvania | 946 | 18 | 1,008 | 3,368 | 1 | 3,394 | 1,965,185 |
| Rhode Island | 22 | 0 | 30 | 92 | 0 | 89 | 85,317 |
| South Carolina | 157 | 0 | 135 | 25 | 0 | 23 | 331,143 |
| South Dakota | 9 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 7 | 14,196 |
| Tennessee | 63 | 0 | 35 | 39 | 0 | 38 | 179,036 |
| Texas | 1,318 | 11 | 1,521 | 952 | 0 | 1,044 | 3,752,690 |
| Utah | 60 | 2 | 42 | 98 | 0 | 103 | 368,843 |
| Vermont | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,270 |
| Virginia | 252 | 1 | 258 | 219 | 0 | 226 | 427,926 |
| Washington | 574 | 4 | 383 | 1,369 | 0 | 1,375 | 2,753,948 |
| West Virginia | 25 | 0 | 11 | 39 | 0 | 39 | 61,745 |
| Wisconsin | 266 | 2 | 376 | 363 | 0 | 376 | 873,968 |
| Wyoming | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| United States, total | 26,976 | 285 | 22,505 | 36,314 | 21 | 34,659 | 81,488,964 |

NOTES: Collision includes at-grade crossings and suicides. Noncollision includes: 1) derailments/buses going off road; 2) personal casualties in parking facilities, inside vehicles, on right of way, boarding/alighting, and in station/bus stops; and 3) nonarson fires. For an incident to be reportable it must involve a transit vehicle or occur on transit property and either 1) result in a fatality, injury or transit property damage greater than $\$ 1,000$ or 2 ) involve a nonarson fire.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, 2001 National Transit Database, available at http://www.ntdprogram.com as of September 2003.

Table 2-16: Recreational Boating Accidents: 2001

| State | Number of accidents |  |  |  | Number of persons |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Fatal | Nonfatal injury | Property damage | Killed | Injured |
| Alabama | 87 | 16 | 39 | 32 | 17 | 65 |
| Alaska | 64 | 20 | 19 | 25 | 21 | 48 |
| Arizona | 222 | 7 | 136 | 79 | 7 | 170 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 12 | 32 | 31 | 13 | 51 |
| California | 771 | 43 | 385 | 343 | 48 | 502 |
| Colorado | 74 | 7 | 39 | 28 | 10 | 42 |
| Connecticut | 39 | 4 | 19 | 16 | 4 | 36 |
| Delaware | 23 | 1 | 11 | 11 | 1 | 13 |
| District of Columbia | 6 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 2 |
| Florida | 993 | 47 | 392 | 554 | 52 | 522 |
| Georgia | 113 | 7 | 67 | 39 | 8 | 78 |
| Hawaii | 21 | 1 | 7 | 13 | 1 | 7 |
| Idaho | 46 | 7 | 25 | 14 | 8 | 37 |
| Illinois | 108 | 6 | 54 | 48 | 8 | 72 |
| Indiana | 120 | 9 | 54 | 57 | 14 | 63 |
| lowa | 36 | 1 | 28 | 7 | 1 | 38 |
| Kansas | 54 | 2 | 26 | 26 | 6 | 30 |
| Kentucky | 71 | 17 | 37 | 17 | 18 | 57 |
| Louisiana | 154 | 36 | 76 | 42 | 43 | 117 |
| Maine | 60 | 8 | 33 | 19 | 8 | 51 |
| Maryland | 186 | 14 | 93 | 79 | 15 | 130 |
| Massachusetts | 51 | 13 | 22 | 16 | 14 | 40 |
| Michigan | 299 | 25 | 176 | 98 | 28 | 201 |
| Minnesota | 125 | 15 | 71 | 39 | 16 | 92 |
| Mississippi | 64 | 13 | 31 | 20 | 15 | 42 |
| Missouri | 226 | 9 | 134 | 83 | 9 | 169 |
| Montana | 13 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 12 |
| Nebraska | 55 | 0 | 26 | 29 | 0 | 42 |
| Nevada | 109 | 4 | 54 | 51 | 5 | 82 |
| New Hampshire | 74 | 5 | 31 | 38 | 6 | 37 |
| New Jersey | 143 | 7 | 69 | 67 | 7 | 96 |
| New Mexico | 50 | 3 | 15 | 32 | 4 | 16 |
| New York | 223 | 17 | 106 | 100 | 25 | 142 |
| North Carolina | 179 | 15 | 108 | 56 | 17 | 148 |
| North Dakota | 10 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Ohio | 139 | 17 | 56 | 66 | 19 | 89 |
| Oklahoma | 86 | 5 | 53 | 28 | 5 | 76 |
| Oregon | 70 | 14 | 30 | 26 | 14 | 43 |
| Pennsylvania | 80 | 13 | 45 | 22 | 14 | 70 |
| Rhode Island | 27 | 3 | 7 | 17 | 4 | 11 |
| South Carolina | 123 | 16 | 53 | 54 | 18 | 68 |
| South Dakota | 23 | 1 | 13 | 9 | 1 | 16 |
| Tennessee | 132 | 11 | 79 | 42 | 11 | 103 |
| Texas | 206 | 36 | 109 | 61 | 41 | 165 |
| Utah | 83 | 7 | 46 | 30 | 8 | 67 |
| Vermont | 8 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| Virginia | 152 | 16 | 83 | 53 | 19 | 110 |
| Washington | 117 | 24 | 51 | 42 | 33 | 77 |
| West Virginia | 15 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 10 |
| Wisconsin | 164 | 17 | 75 | 72 | 20 | 92 |
| Wyoming | 12 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 6 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 6,419 | 588 | 3,151 | 2,680 | 681 | 4,274 |

${ }^{1}$ Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and offshore are included in the U.S. total.
NOTES: 1997 was the first year statistics were compiled for accidents that occurred three or more miles offshore in the Atlantic Ocean and Pacific Ocean and nine miles offshore in the Gulf of Mexico. An accident is listed under one category only, with fatal being the highest priority, followed by nonfatal injury, followed by property damage. For example, if two vessels are in an accident resulting in a fatality and a nonfatal injury, the accident is counted as a fatal accident involving two vessels. These data do not include: 1) accidents involving only slight injury not requiring medical treatment beyond first-aid; 2) accidents involving property damage of $\$ 500$ or less; 3 ) accidents not caused or contributed to by a vessel, its equipment, or its appendages; and 4) accidents in which the boat was used solely as a platform for other activities, such as swimming or skin diving. Such cases are not included because the victims freely left the safety of a boat. However, the data do include accidents involving people in the water who are struck by their boat or another boat.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard, Boating Statistics, 2001, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://www.uscgboating.org/Saf/pdf/Boating_Statistics_2001.pdf as of Sept. 16, 2003.

Table 2-17: Alcohol Involvement in Recreational Boating Accidents: 2001

| State | Total number of accidents | Accidents involving alcohol |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total number of accidents | Persons killed | Persons injured |
| Alabama | 87 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Alaska | 64 | 7 | 8 | 3 |
| Arizona | 222 | 25 | 4 | 30 |
| Arkansas | 75 | 8 | 5 | 3 |
| California | 771 | 40 | 17 | 40 |
| Colorado | 74 | 4 | 6 | 3 |
| Connecticut | 39 | 6 | 2 | 11 |
| Delaware | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 993 | 48 | 18 | 39 |
| Georgia | 113 | 12 | 2 | 11 |
| Hawaii | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 46 | 9 | 1 | 7 |
| Illinois | 108 | 13 | 5 | 13 |
| Indiana | 120 | 9 | 3 | 3 |
| lowa | 36 | 7 | 0 | 8 |
| Kansas | 54 | 4 | 6 | 2 |
| Kentucky | 71 | 8 | 5 | 1 |
| Louisiana | 154 | 21 | 18 | 16 |
| Maine | 60 | 4 | 1 | 6 |
| Maryland | 186 | 25 | 10 | 26 |
| Massachusetts | 51 | 9 | 8 | 8 |
| Michigan | 299 | 40 | 15 | 27 |
| Minnesota | 125 | 25 | 6 | 17 |
| Mississippi | 64 | 10 | 5 | 8 |
| Missouri | 226 | 44 | 3 | 37 |
| Montana | 13 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Nebraska | 55 | 3 | 0 | 10 |
| Nevada | 109 | 20 | 2 | 31 |
| New Hampshire | 74 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| New Jersey | 143 | 11 | 1 | 13 |
| New Mexico | 50 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| New York | 223 | 12 | 9 | 9 |
| North Carolina | 179 | 14 | 4 | 16 |
| North Dakota | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 139 | 16 | 11 | 8 |
| Oklahoma | 86 | 22 | 1 | 24 |
| Oregon | 70 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Pennsylvania | 80 | 6 | 4 | 4 |
| Rhode Island | 27 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| South Carolina | 123 | 10 | 5 | 7 |
| South Dakota | 23 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Tennessee | 132 | 11 | 2 | 6 |
| Texas | 206 | 11 | 7 | 13 |
| Utah | 83 | 10 | 4 | 26 |
| Vermont | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 152 | 10 | 4 | 8 |
| Washington | 117 | 15 | 6 | 11 |
| West Virginia | 15 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 164 | 25 | 11 | 11 |
| Wyoming | 12 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 6,419 | 594 | 232 | 530 |

${ }^{1}$ Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and offshore are included in the U.S. total.
NOTES: Alcohol involvement in a boating accident includes any accident in which alcoholic beverages are consumed in the boat and the investigating official has determined that the operator was impaired or affected while operating the boat.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard, Boating Statistics 2001, Washington, DC: 2002; available at http://www.uscgboating.org/Saf/pdf/Boating_Statistics_2001.pdf as of Sept. 16, 2003.

Table 2-18: Hazardous Materials Incidents: 2002 (Not including pipelines or bulk, nonpackaged water incidents)

| State | Incidents | Deaths | Injuries |  |  | Damages(\$ thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Major | Minor |  |
| Alabama | 190 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1,771 |
| Alaska | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 57 |
| Arizona | 203 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 7 | 528 |
| Arkansas | 178 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 804 |
| California | 1,119 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 1,608 |
| Colorado | 331 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1,703 |
| Connecticut | 337 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 976 |
| Delaware | 29 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 109 |
| District of Columbia | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Florida | 559 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 2,218 |
| Georgia | 408 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 1,351 |
| Hawaii | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Idaho | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,214 |
| Illinois | 1,324 | 1 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 1,430 |
| Indiana | 424 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 728 |
| lowa | 137 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 409 |
| Kansas | 393 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 306 |
| Kentucky | 286 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1,412 |
| Louisiana | 242 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 2,082 |
| Maine | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 251 |
| Maryland | 294 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 288 |
| Massachusetts | 272 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 190 |
| Michigan | 271 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 298 |
| Minnesota | 245 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 587 |
| Mississippi | 164 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 787 |
| Missouri | 349 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 1,226 |
| Montana | 38 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 301 |
| Nebraska | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 160 |
| Nevada | 56 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 460 |
| New Hampshire | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| New Jersey | 433 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 506 |
| New Mexico | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 388 |
| New York | 438 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1,033 |
| North Carolina | 651 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 1,949 |
| North Dakota | 26 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 106 |
| Ohio | 1,223 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1,769 |
| Oklahoma | 136 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 7 | 182 |
| Oregon | 214 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 315 |
| Pennsylvania | 947 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 3,406 |
| Rhode Island | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95 |
| South Carolina | 167 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 541 |
| South Dakota | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Tennessee | 868 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 3,996 |
| Texas | 1,206 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 4,610 |
| Utah | 179 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 386 |
| Vermont | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Virginia | 158 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2,257 |
| Washington | 175 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 651 |
| West Virginia | 67 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 1,071 |
| Wisconsin | 240 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 120 |
| Wyoming | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,047 |
| United States, total | 15,302 | 7 | 129 | 16 | 113 | 50,711 |

NOTES: Hazardous material incident locations are often listed as the terminals or sorting centers where they are discovered. Therefore, states with this type of a facility may show a disproportionate number of incidents.
Hazardous materials transportation incidents required to be reported are defined in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), 49 CFR Part 171.15, 171.16 (Form F 5800.1).
Hazardous materials deaths and injuries are caused by the hazardous material in commerce. Hazardous materials incident data are subject to revision and correction by the Office of Hazardous Materials Safety.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, Hazmat Summary by State for Calendar Year 2002, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://hazmat.dot.gov as of Sept. 5, 2003.

Table 2-19: Hazardous Materials Incidents by Mode: 2002 (Not including pipelines)

| State | Mode |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Highway | Rail | Air | Water ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| Alabama | 173 | 14 | 3 | 0 | 190 |
| Alaska | 3 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 10 |
| Arizona | 177 | 18 | 8 | 0 | 203 |
| Arkansas | 168 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 178 |
| California | 949 | 120 | 50 | 0 | 1,119 |
| Colorado | 316 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 331 |
| Connecticut | 334 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 337 |
| Delaware | 28 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 29 |
| District of Columbia | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Florida | 516 | 6 | 37 | 0 | 559 |
| Georgia | 380 | 20 | 8 | 0 | 408 |
| Hawaii | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 6 |
| Idaho | 36 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 37 |
| Illinois | 1,242 | 69 | 13 | 0 | 1,324 |
| Indiana | 404 | 13 | 7 | 0 | 424 |
| lowa | 124 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 137 |
| Kansas | 376 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 393 |
| Kentucky | 204 | 21 | 61 | 0 | 286 |
| Louisiana | 154 | 79 | 8 | 1 | 242 |
| Maine | 28 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 29 |
| Maryland | 280 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 294 |
| Massachusetts | 261 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 272 |
| Michigan | 239 | 22 | 10 | 0 | 271 |
| Minnesota | 232 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 245 |
| Mississippi | 155 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 164 |
| Missouri | 325 | 19 | 5 | 0 | 349 |
| Montana | 29 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 38 |
| Nebraska | 61 | 14 | 1 | 0 | 76 |
| Nevada | 52 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 56 |
| New Hampshire | 14 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 15 |
| New Jersey | 393 | 8 | 31 | 1 | 433 |
| New Mexico | 57 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 61 |
| New York | 412 | 18 | 8 | 0 | 438 |
| North Carolina | 623 | 17 | 11 | 0 | 651 |
| North Dakota | 21 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 26 |
| Ohio | 1,104 | 34 | 85 | 0 | 1,223 |
| Oklahoma | 128 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 136 |
| Oregon | 199 | 11 | 4 | 0 | 214 |
| Pennsylvania | 920 | 15 | 12 | 0 | 947 |
| Rhode Island | 27 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 29 |
| South Carolina | 144 | 17 | 6 | 0 | 167 |
| South Dakota | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| Tennessee | 593 | 31 | 244 | 0 | 868 |
| Texas | 1,043 | 125 | 37 | 2 | 1,207 |
| Utah | 154 | 23 | 2 | 0 | 179 |
| Vermont | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 13 |
| Virginia | 147 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 158 |
| Washington | 147 | 21 | 7 | 0 | 175 |
| West Virginia | 63 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 67 |
| Wisconsin | 232 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 240 |
| Wyoming | 22 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 32 |
| United States, total | 13,719 | 867 | 711 | 6 | 15,303 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes only packaged shipments (i.e., nonbulk shipments).
NOTE: Hazardous materials incident data are subject to revision and correction by the Office of Hazardous Materials Safety.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, Hazmat Summary by State for Calendar Year 2002, and earlier years, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://hazmat.dot.gov/ as of Sept. 5, 2003.

Table 2-20: Natural Gas Distribution Pipeline Incidents: 2002

| State | Number of incidents | Number of fatalities | Number of injuries | Property damage (dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Alaska | 12 | 0 | 0 | 5,125,000 |
| Arizona | 4 | 0 | 0 | 320,000 |
| Arkansas | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| California | 8 | 1 | 0 | 2,332,022 |
| Colorado | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3,800,000 |
| Connecticut | 2 | 2 | 5 | 100,000 |
| Delaware | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Georgia | 2 | 0 | 2 | 300,000 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2,050,000 |
| Indiana | 4 | 0 | 0 | 485,000 |
| lowa | 2 | 0 | 0 | 180,000 |
| Kansas | 1 | 1 | 0 | 750,000 |
| Kentucky | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2,078,000 |
| Louisiana | 1 | 0 | 0 | 15,000 |
| Maine | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 3 | 1 | 9 | 250,000 |
| Massachusetts | 2 | 2 | 0 | 550,000 |
| Michigan | 8 | 0 | 4 | 305,000 |
| Minnesota | 2 | 0 | 0 | 140,000 |
| Mississippi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Missouri | 1 | 0 | 1 | 24,979 |
| Montana | 1 | 0 | 1 | 10,000 |
| Nebraska | 1 | 0 | 1 | 60,000 |
| Nevada | 1 | 0 | 0 | 84,000 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Mexico | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New York | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| North Carolina | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| North Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1,875,000 |
| Oklahoma | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Oregon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 12 | 1 | 6 | 850,000 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 1 | 0 | 3 | 120,000 |
| South Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 1 | 0 | 1 | 25,000 |
| Texas | 6 | 0 | 2 | 675,000 |
| Utah | 3 | 0 | 0 | 642,500 |
| Vermont | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 4 | 0 | 1 | 443,103 |
| Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| West Virginia | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3,000 |
| Wisconsin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wyoming | 1 | 0 | 0 | 15,000 |
| United States, total | 102 | 9 | 45 | 23,607,604 |

NOTES: Incidents are reported on Form RSPA F 7100.1. Incident means any of the following events: I. An event that involves a release of gas from a pipeline or of liquefied natural gas (LNG) facility and a) a death or personal injury necessitating in-patient hospitalization or b) estimated property damage, including cost of gas lost, of the operator or others, or both, of $\$ 50,000$ or more.
II. An event that results in an emergency shutdown of an LNG facility.
III. An event that is significant, in the judgment of the operator, even though it did not meet the criteria of I or II.
Historical totals may change as the Office of Pipeline Safety receives supplemental information on incidents.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety, available at http://ops.dot.gov as of Oct. 10, 2003.

Table 2-21: Natural Gas Transmission Pipeline Incidents: 2002

| State | Number of incidents | Number of fatalities | Number of injuries | Property damage (dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 4 | 0 | 0 | 738,215 |
| Alaska | 1 | 0 | 1 | 30,000 |
| Arizona | 1 | 0 | 0 | 16,000 |
| Arkansas | 3 | 0 | 0 | 305,000 |
| California | 4 | 0 | 1 | 284,000 |
| Colorado | 1 | 0 | 0 | 52,000 |
| Connecticut | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Delaware | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 1 | 0 | 0 | 202,000 |
| Georgia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois | 2 | 0 | 0 | 120,010 |
| Indiana | 2 | 0 | 0 | 274,800 |
| lowa | 1 | 0 | 0 | 133,900 |
| Kansas | 2 | 0 | 0 | 371,885 |
| Kentucky | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2,011,000 |
| Louisiana | 17 | 0 | 0 | 10,740,651 |
| Maine | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 1 | 0 | 0 | 350,000 |
| Massachusetts | 1 | 0 | 0 | 57,500 |
| Michigan | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3,104,629 |
| Minnesota | 1 | 0 | 0 | 70,000 |
| Mississippi | 4 | 0 | 1 | 456,851 |
| Missouri | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Montana | 1 | 0 | 0 | 50,000 |
| Nebraska | 2 | 0 | 0 | 157,683 |
| Nevada | 1 | 0 | 0 | 171,360 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Mexico | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New York | 1 | 0 | 0 | 162,000 |
| North Carolina | 1 | 0 | 0 | 141,252 |
| North Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 2 | 0 | 0 | 140,000 |
| Oklahoma | 1 | 1 | 0 | 122,458 |
| Oregon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Texas | 11 | 0 | 2 | 1,215,986 |
| Utah | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vermont | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Washington | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| West Virginia | 2 | 0 | 0 | 649,040 |
| Wisconsin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wyoming | 2 | 0 | 0 | 240,000 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 81 | 1 | 5 | 24,365,559 |

${ }^{1}$ Incidents that have an "unknown" location are included in the totals.
NOTES: Incidents are reported on Form RSPA F 7100.2. Incident means any of the following events: I. An event that involves a release of gas from a pipeline or of liquefied natural gas (LNG) facility and a) a death or personal injury necessitating in-patient hospitalization or b) estimated property damage, including cost of gas lost, of the operator or others, or both, of $\$ 50,000$ or more.
II. An event that results in an emergency shutdown of an LNG facility.
III. An event that is significant, in the judgment of the operator, even though it did not meet the criteria of I or II.
Historical totals may change as the Office of Pipeline Safety receives supplemental information on incidents.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety, available at http://ops.dot.gov as of Oct. 10, 2003.

Table 2-22: Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Incidents: 2002

| State | Number of incidents | Number of fatalities | Number of injuries | Property damage (dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Alaska | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arizona | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arkansas | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| California | 35 | 0 | 0 | 95,000 |
| Colorado | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Connecticut | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Delaware | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Georgia | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hawaii | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4,500 |
| Idaho | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois | 20 | 0 | 0 | 27,000 |
| Indiana | 12 | 0 | 0 | 350 |
| lowa | 10 | 0 | 0 | 16,000 |
| Kansas | 29 | 0 | 0 | 151,925 |
| Kentucky | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Louisiana | 22 | 0 | 0 | 215,000 |
| Maine | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Massachusetts | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Michigan | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Minnesota | 10 | 0 | 0 | 249,800 |
| Mississippi | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Missouri | 9 | 0 | 0 | 1,000 |
| Montana | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2,000 |
| Nevada | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Mexico | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New York | 3 | 0 | 0 | 5,000 |
| North Carolina | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| North Dakota | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 13 | 1 | 0 | 42,000 |
| Oklahoma | 45 | 0 | 0 | 18,200 |
| Oregon | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 11 | 0 | 0 | 50,000 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Texas | 120 | 0 | 0 | 45,650 |
| Utah | 3 | 0 | 0 | 20,000 |
| Vermont | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Washington | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| West Virginia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wyoming | 12 | 0 | 0 | 5,000 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 451 | 1 | 0 | 948,425 |

${ }^{1}$ Incidents that have an "unknown" location are included in the totals.
NOTES: Historical totals may change as the Office of Pipeline Safety receives supplemental information on incidents. Incidents are reported on Form RSPA F 7100.1. An accident report is required for each failure in a pipeline system in which there is a release of the hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide transported resulting in any of the following:

1. Explosion or fire not intentionally set by the operator;
2. Loss of 50 or more barrels ( 8 or more cubic meters) of hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide;
3. Escape to the atmosphere of more than 5 barrels ( 0.8 cubic meters) a day of highly volatile liquids;
4. Death of any person;
5. Bodily harm to any person resulting in: a. loss of consciousness; or b. necessity to carry the person from the scene; or c . necessity for medical treatment; or d . disability which prevents the discharge of normal duties or the pursuit of normal activities beyond the day of the accident;
6. Estimated property damage, including cost of clean-up and recovery, value of lost product, and damage to the property of the operator or others, or both, exceeding $\$ 50,000$.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety, available at http://ops.dot.gov as of Oct. 10, 2003.

## C Freight Transportation

Table 3-1: Shipments by Mode of Transportation for the United States: 2002 (Commodity Flow Survey data)

|  | Value |  | Tons |  | Ton-miles ${ }^{3}$ |  | Average miles per shipment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (\$ millions) | Percent | Number (thousands) | Percent | Number (millions) | Percent |  |
| All modes | 8,483,123 | 100.0 | 11,572,780 | 100.0 | 3,204,410 | 100.0 | 589 |
| Single modes | 7,052,924 | 83.1 | 10,878,148 | 94.0 | 2,913,015 | 90.9 | 285 |
| Truck ${ }^{1}$ | 6,200,469 | 73.1 | 7,622,257 | 65.9 | 1,311,085 | 40.9 | 199 |
| For-hire | 3,838,514 | 45.2 | 3,665,982 | 31.7 | 1,001,463 | 31.3 | 577 |
| Private truck | 2,340,328 | 27.6 | 3,920,474 | 33.9 | 302,026 | 9.4 | 70 |
| Rail | 320,469 | 3.8 | 1,816,528 | 15.7 | 1,199,407 | 37.4 | 911 |
| Water | 90,895 | 1.1 | 713,884 | 6.2 | 323,085 | 10.1 | 577 |
| Shallow draft | 56,480 | 0.7 | 499,699 | 4.3 | 236,619 | 7.4 | 423 |
| Great Lakes | 787 | Z | 39,485 | 0.3 | 19,544 | 0.6 | 391 |
| Deep draft | 33,628 | 0.4 | 174,700 | 1.5 | 66,922 | 2.1 | 683 |
| Air (including truck and air) | 279,489 | 3.3 | 3,891 | Z | 5,560 | 0.2 | 1,819 |
| Pipeline ${ }^{2}$ | 161,601 | 1.9 | 721,588 | 6.2 | S | S | S |
| Multiple modes | 1,110,975 | 13.1 | 198,454 | 1.7 | 214,833 | 6.7 | 911 |
| Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier | 1,022,033 | 12.0 | 26,447 | 0.2 | 20,536 | 0.6 | 910 |
| Truck and rail | S | S | S | S | S | S | S |
| Truck and water | 17,053 | 0.2 | 31,814 | 0.3 | 59,147 | 1.8 | 1,946 |
| Rail and water | S | S | S | S | S | S | S |
| Other multiple modes | 5,528 | Z | 28,047 | 0.2 | 19,600 | 0.6 | 173 |
| Other and unknown modes | 319,224 | 3.8 | 496,178 | 4.3 | 76,563 | 2.4 | 153 |

${ }^{1}$ "Truck" as a single mode includes shipments that were made by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private and forhire truck.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for pipeline exclude shipments of crude petroleum.
${ }^{3}$ Ton-miles estimates are based on estimated distances traveled along a modeled transportation network.

Table 3-2: Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for the United States: 2002 (Commodity Flow Survey data)

|  | Ton-miles ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Mode of transportation ${ }^{\text {A }}$ | Average <br> miles per <br> (millions) | Percent | shipment <br> shiper |
| Total | $3,204,410$ | 100.0 | 575 |
| Truck | $1,318,383$ | 41.1 | 191 |
| Rail | $1,275,195$ | 39.8 | 975 |
| Shallow draft | 271,371 | 8.5 | 496 |
| Great Lakes | 50,490 | 1.6 | 491 |
| Deep draft | 110,919 | 3.5 | 1,517 |
| Air | 5,388 | 0.2 | 1,771 |
| Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier | 20,536 | 0.6 | 910 |
| Pipeline ${ }^{2}$ | S | S | S |
| Other and unknown modes | 76,587 | 2.4 | 153 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates represent activity for a given mode across single and multiple mode shipments. For example, "Truck" ton-miles includes total ton-miles for shipments moving only by truck plus ton-miles for truck segments of multiple mode shipments.
${ }^{2}$ Estimates for pipeline exclude shipments of crude petroleum.
${ }^{3}$ Ton-miles estimates are based on estimated distance traveled along a modeled transportation network.
KEY FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: $S=$ withheld due to high sampling variability or poor response quality; $Z=$ zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

NOTES FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: The data presented in these tables exclude shipments from the following establishments classified in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) as: farms, forestry, logging, fisheries, construction, publishing, and crude petroleum production; households; governments; and most retail and service businesses. Also excluded are most imports and commodities shipped from a foreign location to another foreign destination that pass through the United States. Estimates are preliminary and may be revised.

SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Commodity Flow Survey: United States Preliminary Report, Washington, DC: December 2003.

Table 3-3: Shipment Characteristics by Commodity for the United States: 2002
(Commodity Flow Survey data)

| Commodity (2-digit SCTG commodity code) | Value |  | Tons |  | Ton-miles ${ }^{2}$ |  | Average miles per shipment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (\$ millions) | Percent | Number (thousands) | Percent | Number (millions) | Percent |  |
| Live animals and live fish (01) | 7,200 | Z | 6,549 | Z | 2,021 | Z | 534 |
| Cereal grains (02) | 55,927 | 0.7 | 578,637 | 5.0 | 263,718 | 8.2 | 125 |
| Other agricultural products (03) | 129,890 | 1.5 | 277,547 | 2.4 | 122,134 | 3.8 | 477 |
| Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c (04) | 55,251 | 0.7 | 240,003 | 2.1 | 77,474 | 2.4 | 141 |
| Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations (05) | 204,869 | 2.4 | 85,019 | 0.7 | 41,795 | 1.3 | 192 |
| Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products (06) | 119,718 | 1.4 | 116,018 | 1.0 | 51,384 | 1.6 | 265 |
| Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils (07) | 362,312 | 4.3 | 463,363 | 4.0 | 171,249 | 5.3 | 206 |
| Alcoholic beverages (08) | 115,772 | 1.4 | 93,698 | 0.8 | 25,572 | 0.8 | 56 |
| Tobacco products (09) | 77,163 | 0.9 | 5,793 | Z | 1,256 | Z | 414 |
| Monumental or building stone (10) | 2,451 | Z | 16,851 | 0.1 | 1,325 | Z | 170 |
| Natural sands (11) | 4,611 | Z | 466,338 | 4.0 | 33,952 | 1.1 | 57 |
| Gravel and crushed stone (12) | 12,643 | 0.1 | 1,775,181 | 15.3 | 104,552 | 3.3 | 33 |
| Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c (13) | 12,680 | 0.1 | 186,322 | 1.6 | 56,975 | 1.8 | 214 |
| Metallic ores and concentrates (14) | 15,741 | 0.2 | 116,050 | 1.0 | 59,404 | 1.9 | 465 |
| Coal (15) | 24,085 | 0.3 | 1,255,082 | 10.8 | 562,463 | 17.6 | 112 |
| Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel (17) | 233,563 | 2.8 | 840,400 | 7.3 | 130,207 | 4.1 | 103 |
| Fuel oils (18) | 109,618 | 1.3 | 507,540 | 4.4 | 108,928 | 3.4 | 81 |
| Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. (19) | 74,693 | 0.9 | 431,255 | 3.7 | 96,006 | 3.0 | 125 |
| Basic chemicals (20) | 152,069 | 1.8 | 497,049 | 4.3 | 173,927 | 5.4 | 516 |
| Pharmaceutical products (21) | 426,753 | 5.0 | 22,825 | 0.2 | 12,095 | 0.4 | 722 |
| Fertilizers (22) | 34,079 | 0.4 | 214,227 | 1.9 | 74,422 | 2.3 | 150 |
| Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. (23) | 234,355 | 2.8 | 109,819 | 0.9 | 54,824 | 1.7 | 409 |
| Plastics and rubber (24) | 343,386 | 4.0 | 147,035 | 1.3 | 83,916 | 2.6 | 430 |
| Logs and other wood in the rough (25) | 5,178 | Z | 86,316 | 0.7 | 8,882 | 0.3 | 108 |
| Wood products (26) | 140,006 | 1.7 | 321,143 | 2.8 | 114,007 | 3.6 | 250 |
| Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard (27) | 102,406 | 1.2 | 139,895 | 1.2 | 82,591 | 2.6 | 233 |
| Paper or paperboard articles (28) | 105,890 | 1.2 | 72,508 | 0.6 | 25,480 | 0.8 | 282 |
| Printed products (29) | 136,886 | 1.6 | 34,418 | 0.3 | 17,364 | 0.5 | 903 |
| Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather (30) | 506,992 | 6.0 | 53,306 | 0.5 | 34,589 | 1.1 | 967 |
| Nonmetallic mineral products (31) | 143,106 | 1.7 | 910,259 | 7.9 | 120,262 | 3.8 | 388 |
| Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes (32) | 253,678 | 3.0 | 325,992 | 2.8 | 121,634 | 3.8 | 275 |
| Articles of base metal (33) | 234,922 | 2.8 | 115,686 | 1.0 | 44,434 | 1.4 | 396 |
| Machinery (34) | 509,477 | 6.0 | 62,943 | 0.5 | 34,653 | 1.1 | 413 |
| Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment (35) | 948,049 | 11.2 | 53,789 | 0.5 | 32,906 | 1.0 | 747 |
| Motorized and other vehicles (including parts) (36) | 735,730 | 8.7 | 133,676 | 1.2 | 59,077 | 1.8 | 401 |
| Transportation equipment, n.e.c. (37) | 162,984 | 1.9 | 10,269 | Z | 6,220 | 0.2 | 1,003 |
| Precision instruments and apparatus (38) | 222,042 | 2.6 | 15,208 | 0.1 | 3,401 | 0.1 | 986 |
| Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and illuminated signs (39) | 135,049 | 1.6 | 30,880 | 0.3 | 13,293 | 0.4 | 564 |
| Miscellaneous manufactured products (40) | 404,683 | 4.8 | 90,600 | 0.8 | 37,082 | 1.2 | 1,003 |
| Waste and scrap (41) | 49,307 | 0.6 | 305,638 | 2.6 | 71,063 | 2.2 | 163 |
| Mixed freight (43) | 858,320 | 10.1 | 332,188 | 2.9 | 57,793 | 1.8 | 434 |
| Commodity unknown | 19,588 | 0.2 | 25,464 | 0.2 | 10,079 | 0.3 | 585 |
| Total, all commodities ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 8,483,123 | 100.0 | 11,572,780 | 100.0 | \#\#\#\#\#\# | 100.0 | 589 |

${ }^{1}$ Estimates exclude shipments of crude petroleum (SCTG 16).
${ }^{2}$ Ton-miles estimates are based on estimated distances traveled along a modeled transportation network.
KEY: n.e.c. $=$ not elsewhere classified; SCTG $=$ Standard Classification of Transported Goods; $\mathbf{Z}=$ zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
NOTES: The data presented in this table exclude shipments from the following establishments classified in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) as: farms, forestry, logging, fisheries, construction, publishing, and crude petroleum production; households; governments; and most retail and service businesses. Also excluded are most imports and commodities shipped from a foreign location to another foreign destination that pass through the United States. Estimates are preliminary and may be revised. A breakout of CFS data by state is planned for inclusion in the CFS final report scheduled for release in December 2004.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Commodity Flow Survey: United States Preliminary Report, Washington, DC: December 2003.

Table 3-4: Shipment Characteristics by Distance Shipped for the United States: 2002
(Commodity Flow Survey data)

| Distance shipped ${ }^{1}$ | Value |  | Tons |  | Ton-miles ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (\$ millions) | Percent | Number (thousands) | Percent | Number (millions) | Percent |
| Less than 50 miles | 2,447,018 | 28.8 | 6,028,724 | 52.1 | 121,093 | 3.8 |
| 50 to 99 miles | 753,019 | 8.9 | 1,242,433 | 10.7 | 116,044 | 3.6 |
| 100 to 249 miles | 1,345,926 | 15.9 | 1,553,406 | 13.4 | 343,922 | 10.7 |
| 250 to 499 miles | 1,258,978 | 14.8 | 1,097,835 | 9.5 | 539,271 | 16.8 |
| 500 to 749 miles | 862,741 | 10.2 | 647,884 | 5.6 | 541,309 | 16.9 |
| 750 to 999 miles | 568,002 | 6.7 | 437,698 | 3.8 | 508,330 | 15.9 |
| 1,000 to 1,499 miles | 545,968 | 6.4 | 386,657 | 3.3 | 619,659 | 19.3 |
| 1,500 to 1,999 miles | 360,651 | 4.3 | 122,649 | 1.1 | 260,455 | 8.1 |
| 2,000 miles or more | 340,820 | 4.0 | 55,493 | 0.5 | 154,327 | 4.8 |
| United States, total | 8,483,123 | 100.0 | 11,572,780 | 100.0 | 3,204,410 | 100.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Shipments are grouped into distance categories based on Great Circle Distance (GCD). GCD is the shortest distance between two points on the surface of a sphere over the surface of that sphere.
${ }^{2}$ Ton-miles estimates are based on estimated distances traveled along a modeled transportation network.
NOTES: The data presented in this table exclude shipments from the following establishments classified in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) as: farms, forestry, logging, fisheries, construction, publishing, and crude petroleum production; households; governments; and most retail and service businesses. Also excluded are most imports and commodities shipped from a foreign location to another foreign destination that pass through the United States. Estimates are preliminary and may be revised.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Commodity Flow Survey: United States Preliminary Report, Washington, DC: December 2003.

Table 3-5: Shipment Characteristics by Shipment Weight for the United States: (Commodity Flow Survey data)

| Shipment weight | Value |  | Tons |  | Ton-miles ${ }^{1}$ |  | Average miles per shipment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number (\$ millions) | Percent | Number (thousands) | Percent | Number (millions) | Percent |  |
| Less than 50 lb | 1,009,779 | 11.9 | 19,140 | 0.2 | 10,869 | 0.3 | 735 |
| 50 to 99 lb | 298,263 | 3.5 | 13,855 | 0.1 | 5,308 | 0.2 | 388 |
| 100 to 499 lb | 829,694 | 9.8 | 81,940 | 0.7 | 22,757 | 0.7 | 283 |
| 500 to 749 lb | 250,562 | 3.0 | 39,364 | 0.3 | 9,907 | 0.3 | 252 |
| 750 to 999 lb | 181,610 | 2.1 | 33,991 | 0.3 | 8,128 | 0.3 | 239 |
| 1,000 to 9,999 lb | 1,797,380 | 21.2 | 584,664 | 5.1 | 154,612 | 4.8 | 259 |
| 10,000 to $49,999 \mathrm{lb}$ | 3,111,754 | 36.7 | 4,358,037 | 37.7 | 906,343 | 28.3 | 212 |
| 50,000 to 99,999 lb | 351,127 | 4.1 | 1,948,882 | 16.8 | 211,709 | 6.6 | 107 |
| 100,000 lb or more | 652,955 | 7.7 | 4,492,907 | 38.8 | 1,874,776 | 58.5 | 539 |
| United States, total | 8,483,123 | 100.0 | 11,572,780 | 100.0 | 3,204,410 | 100.0 | 589 |

${ }^{1}$ Ton-miles estimates are based on estimated distances traveled along a modeled transportation network.
NOTES: The data presented in this table exclude shipments from the following establishments classified in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) as: farms, forestry, logging, fisheries, construction, publishing, and crude petroleum production; households; governments; and most retail and service businesses. Also excluded are most imports and commodities shipped from a foreign location to another foreign destination that pass through the United States. Estimates are preliminary and may be revised.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Commodity Flow Survey: United States Preliminary Report, Washington, DC: December 2003.

Table 3-6: Rail Shipments: 2001

| State | Rail shipments terminating in state |  | Rail shipments originating in state |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All commodities (tons) | Top commodity by weight | All commodities (tons) | Top commodity by weight |
| Alabama | 52,271,213 | Coal | 42,310,954 | Coal |
| Alaska | 7,784,418 | Nonmetallic minerals | 7,784,418 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| Arizona | 26,698,637 | Coal | 5,925,572 | Glass and stone products |
| Arkansas | 29,939,837 | Coal | 20,561,845 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| California | 92,684,031 | Mixed freight | 57,609,683 | Mixed freight |
| Colorado | 29,347,707 | Coal | 36,163,191 | Coal |
| Connecticut | 2,370,589 | Nonmetallic minerals | 1,702,782 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| Delaware | 5,117,197 | Coal | 1,588,316 | Chemicals |
| District of Columbia | 42,312 | Miscellaneous freight | 145,216 | Miscellaneous freight |
| Florida | 93,820,901 | Nonmetallic minerals | 64,413,774 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| Georgia | 83,033,699 | Coal | 34,409,658 | Glass and stone products |
| Hawaii | 0 | NA | 0 | NA |
| Idaho | 8,233,421 | Farm products | 10,416,206 | Farm products |
| Illinois | 186,302,393 | Coal | 119,524,605 | Coal |
| Indiana | 63,407,891 | Coal | 55,817,548 | Coal |
| lowa | 38,655,026 | Coal | 43,043,912 | Farm products |
| Kansas | 28,476,174 | Coal | 23,311,938 | Farm products |
| Kentucky | 38,060,191 | Coal | 109,670,324 | Coal |
| Louisiana | 30,726,478 | Chemicals | 36,990,390 | Chemicals |
| Maine | 3,634,604 | Glass and stone products | 4,072,888 | Pulp and paper products |
| Maryland | 26,250,892 | Coal | 7,715,510 | Primary metal products |
| Massachusetts | 9,800,893 | Food products | 2,581,856 | Mixed freight |
| Michigan | 50,520,723 | Coal | 32,874,823 | Metallic ores |
| Minnesota | 63,179,264 | Coal | 74,389,180 | Metallic ores |
| Mississippi | 17,411,695 | Coal and petroleum products | 12,851,200 | Lumber and wood products |
| Missouri | 78,030,320 | Coal | 19,632,473 | Food products |
| Montana | 5,304,284 | Petroleum products | 38,739,230 | Coal |
| Nebraska | 19,849,026 | Coal | 24,175,569 | Farm products |
| Nevada | 8,079,455 | Coal | 2,914,584 | Glass and stone products |
| New Hampshire | 1,760,702 | Coal and petroleum products | 1,364,108 | Coal and nonmetallic minerals |
| New Jersey | 22,254,659 | Mixed freight | 10,939,074 | Mixed freight |
| New Mexico | 3,886,035 | Food products | 16,331,900 | Coal |
| New York | 24,946,863 | Coal | 10,042,309 | Chemicals |
| North Carolina | 62,265,078 | Coal | 13,706,585 | Chemicals |
| North Dakota | 9,980,664 | Coal | 21,730,345 | Farm products |
| Ohio | 97,329,450 | Coal | 61,036,161 | Primary metal products |
| Oklahoma | 31,625,791 | Coal | 20,299,358 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| Oregon | 23,645,719 | Chemicals | 16,044,471 | Lumber and wood products |
| Pennsylvania | 57,806,399 | Coal | 59,815,765 | Coal |
| Rhode Island | 452,600 | Chemical and petroleum products | 156,780 | Chemicals; transportation equip. |
| South Carolina | 34,763,046 | Coal | 15,251,011 | Lumber and wood products |
| South Dakota | 3,182,138 | Coal and petroleum products | 10,326,007 | Farm products |
| Tennessee | 35,780,625 | Coal | 19,200,313 | Food products |
| Texas | 189,633,233 | Coal | 108,589,349 | Chemicals |
| Utah | 15,903,561 | Coal and petroleum products | 26,533,926 | Coal |
| Vermont | 1,960,815 | Nonmetallic minerals; glass and stone prod. | 1,288,575 | Glass and stone products |
| Virginia | 68,915,424 | Coal | 54,337,364 | Coal |
| Washington | 38,643,560 | Farm products | 21,262,746 | Mixed freight |
| West Virginia | 32,953,476 | Coal | 127,283,023 | Coal |
| Wisconsin | 70,169,618 | Coal | 16,452,546 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| Wyoming | 15,437,802 | Coal | 375,510,739 | Coal |
| United States, total | 1,942,330,529 | Coal | 1,898,840,100 | Coal |

KEY: NA = not applicable.
NOTE: Top commodity for each state is determined by tonnage terminating and originating of the 38 two-digit Standard Transportation Commodity Code groupings and includes intrastate shipments.
SOURCE: Association of American Railroads, Railroads and States-2001, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www.aar.org/ abouttheindustry/stateinformation.asp as of Sept. 29, 2003.

Table 3-7: Waterborne Shipments: 2001 (Thousands of short tons)

| State | Intrastate | Terminating in state |  | Originating in state |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Domestic | Foreign | Domestic | Foreign |  |
| Alabama | 12,774 | 17,026 | 17,723 | 10,459 | 10,263 | 68,244 |
| Alaska | 3,926 | 2,561 | 587 | 52,361 | 7,802 | 67,238 |
| Arkansas | 2,453 | 4,801 | 0 | 4,385 | 0 | 11,639 |
| California | 8,941 | 29,962 | 100,647 | 5,584 | 41,345 | 186,480 |
| Connecticut | 1,308 | 11,653 | 4,397 | 872 | 37 | 18,267 |
| Delaware | 2,011 | 2,028 | 18,735 | 13,729 | 689 | 37,192 |
| District of Columbia | 0 | 663 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 663 |
| Florida | 3,677 | 57,031 | 34,353 | 8,937 | 17,767 | 121,765 |
| Georgia | 185 | 1,739 | 10,888 | 808 | 8,402 | 22,023 |
| Hawaii | 8,776 | 5,631 | 6,893 | 1,067 | 746 | 23,113 |
| Idaho | 322 | 9 | 0 | 1,004 | 0 | 1,335 |
| Illinois | 10,295 | 19,939 | 2,078 | 89,859 | 568 | 122,739 |
| Indiana | 4,130 | 49,743 | 2,442 | 14,142 | 556 | 71,013 |
| lowa | 607 | 4,115 | 0 | 9,624 | 0 | 14,347 |
| Kansas | 315 | 1,828 | 0 | 196 | 0 | 2,339 |
| Kentucky | 14,487 | 33,258 | 0 | 53,356 | 0 | 101,101 |
| Louisiana | 40,445 | 127,507 | 117,579 | 105,096 | 105,591 | 496,218 |
| Maine | 157 | 2,674 | 27,242 | 98 | 415 | 30,586 |
| Maryland | 4,702 | 11,594 | 19,010 | 6,926 | 7,670 | 49,903 |
| Massachusetts | 1,937 | 9,506 | 13,398 | 950 | 655 | 26,446 |
| Michigan | 16,411 | 20,795 | 8,517 | 25,135 | 5,758 | 76,617 |
| Minnesota | 2,217 | 6,340 | 708 | 28,342 | 6,423 | 44,031 |
| Mississippi | 877 | 10,825 | 16,529 | 13,778 | 4,252 | 46,261 |
| Missouri | 8,517 | 8,523 | 0 | 17,665 | 0 | 34,705 |
| Nebraska | 0 | 76 | 0 | 102 | 0 | 178 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 556 | 3,792 | 17 | 81 | 4,447 |
| New Jersey | 4,859 | 20,370 | 34,574 | 29,472 | 4,560 | 93,834 |
| New York | 16,605 | 21,026 | 44,851 | 16,566 | 4,205 | 103,253 |
| North Carolina | 1,830 | 2,627 | 3,889 | 154 | 2,167 | 10,667 |
| Ohio | 12,593 | 62,314 | 5,314 | 18,751 | 20,568 | 119,539 |
| Oklahoma | 7 | 2,168 | 0 | 1,958 | 0 | 4,133 |
| Oregon | 3,879 | 10,036 | 4,312 | 3,436 | 14,165 | 35,830 |
| Pennsylvania | 22,427 | 36,323 | 47,078 | 18,548 | 715 | 125,090 |
| Puerto Rico | 2,126 | 7,251 | 11,785 | 1,280 | 863 | 23,306 |
| Rhode Island | 36 | 5,436 | 2,957 | 330 | 412 | 9,170 |
| South Carolina | 2,096 | 3,628 | 12,353 | 432 | 6,158 | 24,668 |
| Tennessee | 4,794 | 33,942 | 0 | 7,997 | 0 | 46,733 |
| Texas | 56,873 | 20,684 | 270,805 | 43,782 | 62,622 | 454,765 |
| Virginia | 6,471 | 5,892 | 11,209 | 13,171 | 25,096 | 61,840 |
| Washington | 13,345 | 30,116 | 15,732 | 14,855 | 30,927 | 104,975 |
| West Virginia | 10,386 | 15,889 | 0 | 53,175 | 0 | 79,450 |
| Wisconsin | 131 | 7,452 | 1,829 | 21,432 | 6,595 | 37,438 |
| United States, total | 308,423 | 734,049 | 945,075 | 734,049 | 399,011 | 2,386,558 |

NOTES: U.S. and state totals exclude duplication. The U.S. total includes Guam, the Virgin Islands, the Pacific Islands, other territories, and trans-shipments.

SOURCE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, State to State and Region to Region Commodity Tonnages, Public Domain database, available at http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/ndc/ as of Sept. 30, 2003.

Table 3-8: Waterborne Imports by State and Vessel Type: 2001 (Thousands of metric tons)

| Cargo discharged in | Total | Vessel type |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tanker | Chemical tanker | Gas carrier | Dry-bulk carrier | Full container | Other freighter ${ }^{1}$ |
| Alabama | 16,194 | 4,793 | 20 | Z | 10,264 | 45 | 1,072 |
| Alaska | 596 | 172 | 92 | 3 | 133 | 6 | 190 |
| California | 88,414 | 34,839 | 4,806 | 349 | 9,315 | 32,464 | 6,641 |
| Connecticut | 4,184 | 1,400 | 998 | 1 | 1,057 | Z | 693 |
| Delaware | 16,152 | 11,240 | 75 | Z | 887 | 1,052 | 2,897 |
| Florida | 31,546 | 6,193 | 3,290 | 2,448 | 11,603 | 2,783 | 5,229 |
| Georgia | 9,752 | 1,548 | 907 | 441 | 2,123 | 2,932 | 1,801 |
| Hawaii | 5,850 | 4,423 | 148 | 1 | 1,061 | 98 | 119 |
| Illinois | 3,528 | 55 | 108 | Z | 3,229 | 23 | 112 |
| Indiana | 582 | 7 | Z | Z | 568 | Z | 7 |
| Louisiana | 149,538 | 98,744 | 4,340 | 5,731 | 31,285 | 1,373 | 8,066 |
| Maine | 4,216 | 2,803 | 672 | Z | 350 | 7 | 384 |
| Maryland | 17,023 | 1,626 | 573 | 4 | 9,815 | 1,618 | 3,387 |
| Massachusetts | 13,622 | 5,996 | 2,059 | 2,722 | 1,833 | 335 | 677 |
| Michigan | 7,277 | 174 | 175 | Z | 6,626 | 68 | 234 |
| Minnesota | 636 | 7 | Z | Z | 499 | 4 | 126 |
| Mississippi | 18,620 | 15,805 | 171 | 144 | 1,473 | 587 | 440 |
| New Hampshire | 3,645 | 1,117 | 309 | 194 | 1,878 | 1 | 146 |
| New Jersey | 9,760 | 8,071 | 373 | Z | 283 | Z | 1,032 |
| New York | 66,446 | 30,602 | 8,187 | 152 | 7,546 | 12,420 | 7,540 |
| North Carolina | 3,299 | 656 | 914 | Z | 927 | 236 | 566 |
| Ohio | 5,009 | 85 | 148 | Z | 4,551 | 28 | 198 |
| Oregon | 4,146 | 491 | 308 | 133 | 1,404 | 391 | 1,418 |
| Pennsylvania | 42,262 | 30,773 | 683 | 61 | 4,827 | 974 | 4,943 |
| Puerto Rico | 11,268 | 4,971 | 1,718 | 900 | 1,034 | 973 | 1,672 |
| Rhode Island | 2,969 | 757 | 675 | 170 | 1,150 | 5 | 212 |
| South Carolina | 11,489 | 379 | 472 | 8 | 4,764 | 4,518 | 1,348 |
| Texas | 233,876 | 182,049 | 10,107 | 3,105 | 18,409 | 3,308 | 16,898 |
| Virgin Islands | 21,250 | 19,580 | 390 | 2 | 173 | 147 | 958 |
| Virginia | 10,377 | 3,133 | 455 | 155 | 1,549 | 4,278 | 807 |
| Washington | 14,467 | 1,602 | 180 | 1 | 1,767 | 4,961 | 5,957 |
| Wisconsin | 1,954 | Z | Z | Z | 1,499 | 12 | 443 |
| Total, all states | 829,950 | 474,091 | 43,354 | 16,726 | 143,882 | 75,684 | 76,213 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes passenger, breakbulk ships, partial containerships, refrigerated cargo ships, roll-on/roll-off, barge carriers, and specialized cargo ships.

KEY: $\mathrm{Z}=$ zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis, Waterborne Databank 2001, October 2003.

Table 3-9: Waterborne Exports by State and Vessel Type: 2001 (Thousands of metric tons)

| Cargo loaded in | Total | Vessel type |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tanker | Chemical tanker | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gas } \\ \text { carrier } \end{gathered}$ | Dry-bulk carrier | Full container | $\begin{gathered} \text { Other } \\ \text { freighter } \end{gathered}$ |
| Alabama | 8,985 | 61 | 134 | 2 | 5,158 | 92 | 3,539 |
| Alaska | 6,817 | 604 | 111 | 1,994 | 1,957 | 323 | 1,827 |
| California | 37,681 | 3,421 | 536 | 32 | 9,903 | 21,207 | 2,582 |
| Connecticut | 149 | 58 | 4 | Z | 43 | 11 | 33 |
| Delaware | 496 | 11 | 17 | Z | 72 | 131 | 265 |
| Florida | 14,855 | 423 | 206 | 5 | 7,464 | 2,090 | 4,666 |
| Georgia | 7,308 | 25 | 119 | Z | 1,102 | 3,901 | 2,161 |
| Hawaii | 588 | 330 | 72 | Z | 82 | 88 | 15 |
| Illinois | 442 | 38 | 2 | 1 | 341 | 33 | 27 |
| Indiana | 293 | 16 | Z | Z | 271 | 4 | 1 |
| Louisiana | 92,850 | 6,116 | 4,415 | 767 | 69,957 | 2,214 | 9,381 |
| Maine | 384 | 39 | 3 | Z | 46 | 27 | 268 |
| Maryland | 6,328 | 16 | 12 | 1 | 4,279 | 660 | 1,360 |
| Massachusetts | 746 | 37 | 12 | Z | 442 | 166 | 87 |
| Michigan | 5,954 | 399 | 15 | 17 | 4,925 | 275 | 322 |
| Minnesota | 2,863 | 3 | 1 | Z | 2,729 | 2 | 128 |
| Mississippi | 3,638 | 129 | 221 | 2 | 1,517 | 489 | 1,280 |
| New Hampshire | 35 | 8 | 15 | Z | 6 | 1 | 6 |
| New Jersey | 116 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 37 | 15 | 41 |
| New York | 9,841 | 380 | 328 | 10 | 1,502 | 6,603 | 1,018 |
| North Carolina | 1,946 | 9 | 217 | Z | 867 | 307 | 545 |
| Ohio | 16,786 | 94 | 33 | 9 | 15,937 | 47 | 667 |
| Oregon | 11,210 | 42 | 78 | 1 | 7,237 | 2,076 | 1,775 |
| Pennsylvania | 652 | 90 | 83 | 3 | 78 | 300 | 98 |
| Puerto Rico | 645 | 58 | 137 | 10 | 13 | 238 | 189 |
| Rhode Island | 525 | 148 | 4 | Z | 261 | 14 | 98 |
| South Carolina | 5,571 | 24 | 30 | 1 | 59 | 4,780 | 677 |
| Texas | 49,118 | 8,370 | 13,342 | 1,199 | 16,118 | 4,602 | 5,487 |
| Virgin Islands | 911 | 348 | 318 | 9 | 10 | 1 | 226 |
| Virginia | 22,847 | 122 | 107 | 1 | 15,255 | 4,433 | 2,929 |
| Washington | 28,232 | 1,241 | 427 | 24 | 16,648 | 6,140 | 3,751 |
| Wisconsin | 6,530 | 23 | 11 | 77 | 5,707 | 32 | 680 |
| Total, all states | 345,340 | 22,691 | 21,020 | 4,174 | 190,026 | 61,300 | 46,129 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes passenger, breakbulk ships, partial containerships, refrigerated cargo ships, roll-on/roll-off, barge carriers, and specialized cargo ships.

KEY: $\mathrm{Z}=$ zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis, Waterborne Databank 2001, October 2003.

Table 3-10: Top 25 Ports by Calls and Vessel Type: $200{ }^{1}$

| Port | Rank | Total |  | Vessel type and total capacity (thousands of dwt) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Tanker ${ }^{2}$ |  | Dry-bulk |  | Containership |  | Other general cargo ${ }^{3}$ |  |
|  |  | Calls | Capacity | Calls | Capacity | Calls | Capacity | Calls | Capacity | Calls | Capacity |
| Los Angeles/Long Beach, CA | 1 | 5,326 | 242,951 | 911 | 66,045 | 783 | 37,568 | 2,955 | 124,281 | 677 | 15,057 |
| Houston, TX | 2 | 5,129 | 207,831 | 2,988 | 134,809 | 748 | 28,342 | 614 | 19,799 | 779 | 24,881 |
| New Orleans, LA | 3 | 5,090 | 234,036 | 1,371 | 81,956 | 2,676 | 119,270 | 388 | 10,853 | 655 | 21,957 |
| New York, NY | 4 | 4,605 | 186,631 | 1,271 | 65,965 | 301 | 10,099 | 2,172 | 87,463 | 861 | 23,104 |
| San Francisco, CA | 5 | 3,575 | 163,071 | 787 | 50,653 | 626 | 22,619 | 1,936 | 82,958 | 226 | 6,841 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 6 | 2,739 | 129,204 | 954 | 82,170 | 492 | 17,662 | 468 | 11,315 | 825 | 18,057 |
| Hampton Roads, VA | 7 | 2,496 | 110,417 | 155 | 7,602 | 436 | 26,602 | 1,557 | 61,943 | 348 | 14,271 |
| Charleston, SC | 8 | 2,167 | 81,699 | 149 | 6,052 | 139 | 4,872 | 1,547 | 62,463 | 332 | 8,313 |
| Columbia River, OR | 9 | 2,163 | 77,436 | 277 | 13,894 | 1,279 | 46,457 | 262 | 10,025 | 345 | 7,061 |
| Savannah, GA | 10 | 1,769 | 62,629 | 253 | 8,561 | 330 | 10,407 | 739 | 31,506 | 447 | 12,154 |
| Baltimore, MD | 11 | 1,636 | 55,476 | 151 | 4,938 | 426 | 20,517 | 409 | 14,669 | 650 | 15,352 |
| Corpus Christi, TX | 12 | 1,348 | 84,289 | 974 | 64,596 | 230 | 9,574 | 2 | 83 | 142 | 10,036 |
| San Juan, PR | 13 | 1,344 | 27,449 | 80 | 3,784 | 101 | 3,098 | 610 | 11,490 | 553 | 9,077 |
| Jacksonville, FL | 14 | 1,291 | 35,532 | 204 | 8,848 | 190 | 6,946 | 305 | 7,989 | 592 | 11,749 |
| Beaumont, TX | 15 | 1,219 | 86,101 | 1,053 | 76,914 | 99 | 4,483 | Z | Z | 67 | 4,704 |
| Miami, FL | 16 | 1,212 | 34,553 | 11 | 472 | 65 | 2,519 | 766 | 25,522 | 370 | 6,041 |
| Texas City, TX | 17 | 1,197 | 70,335 | 1,105 | 64,471 | 64 | 3,223 | 2 | 63 | 26 | 2,578 |
| Tacoma, WA | 18 | 1,196 | 47,169 | 68 | 3,190 | 218 | 10,163 | 568 | 27,950 | 342 | 5,866 |
| Seattle, WA | 19 | 1,150 | 45,569 | 49 | 2,786 | 229 | 10,253 | 794 | 31,182 | 78 | 1,348 |
| Port Everglades, FL | 20 | 814 | 27,834 | 345 | 15,119 | 123 | 4,734 | 211 | 5,890 | 135 | 2,091 |
| Tampa, FL | 21 | 779 | 23,628 | 228 | 6,379 | 367 | 13,750 | 6 | 127 | 178 | 3,372 |
| Mobile, AL | 22 | 757 | 39,860 | 140 | 8,702 | 408 | 22,706 | 5 | 88 | 204 | 8,364 |
| Lake Charles, LA | 23 | 715 | 44,935 | 518 | 37,749 | 115 | 5,203 | 3 | 62 | 79 | 1,921 |
| Honolulu, HI | 24 | 676 | 26,900 | 141 | 10,677 | 84 | 4,802 | 339 | 8,987 | 112 | 2,434 |
| Freeport, TX | 25 | 641 | 35,737 | 516 | 30,660 | 18 | 646 | 46 | 766 | 61 | 3,664 |
| All other ports |  | 8,921 | 548,568 | 4,484 | 414,991 | 2,102 | 72,782 | 697 | 20,147 | 1,638 | 40,649 |
| U.S. ports total |  | 59,955 | 2,729,841 | 19,183 | 1,271,983 | 12,649 | 519,297 | 17,401 | 657,619 | 10,722 | 280,942 |
| Top 25 as \% of U.S. total |  | 85\% | 80\% | 77\% | 67\% | 83\% | 86\% | 96\% | 97\% | 85\% | 86\% |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes calls by vessels under 10,000 dwt.
${ }^{2}$ Includes petroleum, chemical, and gas carriers.
${ }^{3}$ Includes roll-on/roll-off, roll-on/roll-off container, vehicle carriers, general cargo, partial containership, refrigerated, barge carrier,
livestock carrier, and combination carriers.
KEY: Capacity $=d w t^{*}$ calls; $d w t=$ dead weight tons; $Z=$ zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Vessel Calls at U.S. Ports 2000, available at http://www.marad.dot.gov as of October 2003.

Table 3-11: Top 30 Containership Ports: 2002 (Thousands of TEUs)

| Port | Rank | Total | Export | Import |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Los Angeles, CA | 1 | 4,060 | 866 | 3,194 |
| Long Beach, CA | 2 | 3,184 | 717 | 2,467 |
| New York, NY | 3 | 2,627 | 747 | 1,879 |
| Charleston, SC | 4 | 1,197 | 521 | 676 |
| Savannah, GA | 5 | 1,014 | 453 | 561 |
| Norfolk, VA | 6 | 982 | 431 | 551 |
| Oakland, CA | 7 | 979 | 496 | 482 |
| Houston, TX | 8 | 851 | 430 | 420 |
| Seattle, WA | 9 | 850 | 338 | 512 |
| Tacoma, WA | 10 | 769 | 278 | 491 |
| Miami, FL | 11 | 752 | 349 | 403 |
| Port Everglades, FL | 12 | 370 | 213 | 157 |
| Baltimore, MD | 13 | 302 | 99 | 203 |
| New Orleans, LA | 14 | 216 | 127 | 89 |
| Portland, OR | 15 | 185 | 138 | 47 |
| San Juan, PR | 16 | 159 | 42 | 117 |
| W. Palm Beach, FL | 17 | 142 | 109 | 33 |
| Wilmington, DE | 18 | 133 | 27 | 107 |
| Gulfport, MS | 19 | 132 | 58 | 74 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 20 | 115 | 36 | 78 |
| Jacksonville, FL | 21 | 114 | 78 | 36 |
| Boston, MA | 22 | 80 | 25 | 56 |
| Wilmington, NC | 23 | 71 | 26 | 45 |
| Chester, PA | 24 | 59 | 24 | 35 |
| Newport News, VA | 25 | 57 | 20 | 37 |
| Freeport, TX | 26 | 54 | 25 | 29 |
| Port Bienville, MS | 27 | 41 | 22 | 19 |
| Richmond, VA | 28 | 36 | 18 | 17 |
| Honolulu, HI | 29 | 32 | 16 | 16 |
| Ponce, PR | 30 | 29 | 7 | 22 |
| United States, total |  | 19,729 | 6,814 | 12,916 |
| Top 30 ports as \% of U.S. total |  | 99.3\% | 98.8\% | 99.5\% |

KEY: TEUs = twenty-foot equivalent units.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Port Import/Export Reporting Services, February 2003.

Table 3-12: Scheduled and Nonscheduled Air Freight and Mail Enplaned: 2002 (Short tons)

| State | Freight |  | Mail |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Scheduled | Nonscheduled | Scheduled | Nonscheduled |
| Alabama | 8,615 | 42,938 | 2,451 | 0 |
| Alaska | 249,329 | 110,113 | 76,587 | 7,771 |
| Arizona | 53,923 | 5,023 | 19,203 | 525 |
| Arkansas | 3,591 | 249 | 1,160 | 0 |
| California | 1,039,794 | 77,782 | 112,232 | 18,920 |
| Colorado | 55,325 | 4,413 | 21,543 | 1,118 |
| Connecticut | 18,798 | 2,967 | 4,368 | 248 |
| Delaware | 1,190 | 28,757 | 0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 80,697 | 340 | 11,486 | 190 |
| Florida | 585,007 | 153,266 | 52,773 | 1 |
| Georgia | 220,707 | 10,489 | 52,684 | 40 |
| Hawaii | 185,850 | 13,660 | 8,399 | 8,288 |
| Idaho | 7,134 | 4 | 466 | 0 |
| Illinois | 433,767 | 35,217 | 47,901 | 11 |
| Indiana | 154,746 | 13,426 | 6,457 | 3,997 |
| lowa | 18,511 | 698 | 2,850 | 13 |
| Kansas | 3,725 | 1,437 | 561 | 0 |
| Kentucky | 236,685 | 21,549 | 2,346 | 236 |
| Louisiana | 19,005 | 1,041 | 3,842 | 1 |
| Maine | 2,970 | 553 | 2 | 0 |
| Maryland | 18,674 | 4,439 | 8,478 | 24 |
| Massachusetts | 88,232 | 3,498 | 16,707 | 0 |
| Michigan | 52,183 | 2,213 | 20,060 | 0 |
| Minnesota | 44,790 | 3,729 | 36,143 | 437 |
| Mississippi | 3,382 | 283 | 237 | 0 |
| Missouri | 40,044 | 9,208 | 19,269 | 0 |
| Montana | 6,477 | 109 | 1,380 | 135 |
| Nebraska | 12,440 | 331 | 5,630 | 0 |
| Nevada | 26,490 | 89 | 10,631 | 145 |
| New Hampshire | 11,185 | 14 | 0 | 902 |
| New Jersey | 120,108 | 3,127 | 13,206 | 902 |
| New Mexico | 13,543 | 108 | 1,871 | 0 |
| New York | 601,005 | 27,672 | 80,289 | 1,325 |
| North Carolina | 52,691 | 4,803 | 13,424 | 23 |
| North Dakota | 2,545 | 72 | 410 | 0 |
| Ohio | 232,761 | 88,810 | 13,771 | 39 |
| Oklahoma | 11,856 | 849 | 2,735 | 0 |
| Oregon | 50,445 | 2,484 | 3,911 | 59 |
| Pennsylvania | 170,627 | 5,883 | 19,288 | 264 |
| Puerto Rico | 62,700 | 3,041 | 1,370 | 0 |
| Rhode Island | 3,017 | 3 | 218 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 22,334 | 629 | 623 | 24 |
| South Dakota | 8,521 | 54 | 385 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 599,039 | 9,396 | 13,948 | 0 |
| Texas | 359,616 | 35,479 | 70,355 | 838 |
| Utah | 39,006 | 1,708 | 13,504 | 20 |
| Vermont | 1,404 | 76 | 2 | 0 |
| Virginia | 16,225 | 8,682 | 2,498 | 0 |
| Washington | 135,194 | 9,686 | 15,084 | 4,729 |
| West Virginia | 1,313 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 17,242 | 1,338 | 4,347 | 243 |
| Wyoming | 1,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| United States, total | 6,205,460 | 751,733 | 817,094 | 51,466 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, special tabulation, September 2003.

Table 3-13: Top 50 All-Cargo Airports by Landed Weight

| Airport | Rank in 2002 | Landed weight (million lbs.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| Anchorage, AK (Ted Stevens Anchorage International) | 1 | 16,167 | 15,554 | 17,987 |
| Memphis, TN (Memphis International) | 2 | 12,637 | 13,730 | 17,653 |
| Louisville, KY (Louisville International-Standiford Field) | 3 | 7,973 | 8,053 | 8,403 |
| Miami, FL (Miami International) | 4 | 5,858 | 6,109 | 6,347 |
| Los Angeles, CA (Los Angeles International) | 5 | 5,784 | 5,858 | 6,076 |
| New York, NY (John F. Kennedy International) | 6 | 5,586 | 5,085 | 5,824 |
| Indianapolis, IN (Indianapolis International) | 7 | 5,768 | 6,309 | 4,676 |
| Chicago, IL (O'Hare International) | 8 | 4,123 | 4,023 | 4,434 |
| Newark, NJ (Newark Liberty International) | 9 | 3,921 | 3,590 | 3,516 |
| Oakland, CA (Metropolitan Oakland International) | 10 | 3,621 | 3,278 | 3,493 |
| Fort Worth, TX (Dallas/Fort Worth International) | 11 | 3,383 | 3,091 | 2,961 |
| Philadelphia, PA (Philadelphia International) | 12 | 2,908 | 2,905 | 2,932 |
| Ontario, CA (Ontario International) | 13 | 2,440 | 2,583 | 2,888 |
| Atlanta, GA (William B. Hartsfield International) | 14 | 2,179 | 2,086 | 2,332 |
| Covington/Cincinnati, OH (Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky International) | 15 | 1,825 | 1,960 | 2,086 |
| San Francisco, CA (San Francisco International) | 16 | 2,534 | 2,025 | 2,070 |
| Honolulu, HI (Honolulu International) | 17 | 1,383 | 1,578 | 1,941 |
| Dayton, OH (James M. Cox Dayton International) | 18 | 4,466 | 2,887 | 1,794 |
| Seattle, WA (Seattle-Tacoma International) | 19 | 2,120 | 1,915 | 1,761 |
| Phoenix, AZ (Sky Harbor International) | 20 | 1,841 | 1,676 | 1,735 |
| Portland, OR (Portland International) | 21 | 1,764 | 1,615 | 1,632 |
| Denver, CO (Denver International) | 22 | 1,800 | 1,606 | 1,565 |
| Boston, MA (Logan International) | 23 | 1,405 | 1,302 | 1,272 |
| Rockford, IL (Greater Rockford) | 24 | 1,308 | 1,361 | 1,261 |
| Orlando, FL (Orlando International) | 25 | 1,344 | 1,222 | 1,246 |
| Minneapolis, MN (Minneapolis-St. Paul International) | 26 | 1,243 | 1,173 | 1,242 |
| Fairbanks, AK (Fairbanks International) | 27 | 1,110 | 1,208 | 1,237 |
| Salt Lake City, UT (Salt Lake City International) | 28 | 1,503 | 1,213 | 1,166 |
| San Juan, PR (Luis Munoz Marin International) | 29 | 970 | 835 | 1,073 |
| Houston, TX (George Bush Intercontinental) | 30 | 959 | 925 | 964 |
| Toledo, OH (Toledo Express) | 31 | 1,772 | 1,153 | 945 |
| Windsor Locks, CT (Bradley International) | 32 | 1,021 | 963 | 905 |
| Kansas City, MO (Kansas City International) | 33 | 906 | 896 | 853 |
| Columbia, SC (Columbia Metropolitan) | 34 | 947 | 849 | 838 |
| Fort Lauderdale, FL (Fort Lauderdale/Hollywood International) | 35 | 1,176 | 947 | 823 |
| Austin, TX (Austin-Bergstrom International) | 36 | 982 | 935 | 801 |
| Seattle, WA (Boeing Field/King County International) | 37 | 856 | 725 | 782 |
| Charlotte, NC (Charlotte/Douglas International) | 38 | 933 | 868 | 747 |
| Fort Worth, TX (Fort Worth Alliance) | 39 | 1,017 | 905 | 740 |
| San Jose, CA (Norman Y. Mineta San Jose International) | 40 | 686 | 767 | 717 |
| Detroit, MI (Detroit Metropolitan Wayne County) | 41 | 779 | 719 | 709 |
| San Antonio, TX (San Antonio International) | 42 | 651 | 593 | 683 |
| Des Moines, IA (Des Moines International) | 43 | 762 | 704 | 680 |
| Chantilly, VA (Washington Dulles International) | 44 | 793 | 725 | 677 |
| San Diego, CA (San Diego International-Lindbergh Field) | 45 | 709 | 713 | 653 |
| Columbus, OH (Rickenbacker International) | 46 | 619 | 557 | 651 |
| Fort Wayne, IN (Fort Wayne International) | 47 | 959 | 831 | 623 |
| Albuquerque, NM (Albuquerque International Sunport) | 48 | 651 | 618 | 619 |
| Glen Burnie, MD (Baltimore-Washington International) | 49 | 610 | 576 | 611 |
| St. Louis, MO (Lambert-St Louis International) | 50 | 671 | 722 | 600 |
| Top 50 airports |  | 127,424 | 122,519 | 128,223 |
| United States, all airports |  | 149,507 | 142,851 | 146,865 |
| Top 50 as \% of U.S. total |  | 85\% | 86\% | 87\% |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, ACAIS Database Report F5, CY 2002 and CY 2000, available at http://www2.faa.gov/arp/planning/stats as of Dec. 16, 2003.

Table 3-14: U.S. Surface Merchandise Trade with Canada and Mexico: $2002{ }^{1}$ (Millions of current dollars)

| State | Exports to |  | Imports from |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Canada | Mexico | Canada | Mexico |
| Alabama | 1,626 | 424 | 1,085 | 756 |
| Alaska | 71 | 19 | 201 | 6 |
| Arizona | 574 | 2,831 | 1,051 | 3,476 |
| Arkansas | 786 | 243 | 741 | 201 |
| California | 7,158 | 13,781 | 13,667 | 20,308 |
| Colorado | 1,263 | 348 | 1,196 | 368 |
| Connecticut | 1,302 | 304 | 1,587 | 755 |
| Delaware | 569 | 314 | 496 | 78 |
| District of Columbia | 22 | 8 | 70 | 9 |
| Florida | 1,834 | 787 | 2,479 | 1,466 |
| Georgia | 3,404 | 886 | 3,264 | 2,151 |
| Hawaii | 6 | 3 | 69 | 1 |
| Idaho | 256 | 44 | 516 | 27 |
| Illinois | 7,690 | 1,817 | 11,670 | 4,041 |
| Indiana | 6,664 | 1,879 | 3,948 | 3,566 |
| lowa | 1,627 | 383 | 1,741 | 282 |
| Kansas | 1,176 | 611 | 1,182 | 189 |
| Kentucky | 3,468 | 439 | 3,307 | 1,313 |
| Louisiana | 915 | 410 | 606 | 74 |
| Maine | 765 | 26 | 1,843 | 33 |
| Maryland | 733 | 157 | 1,364 | 781 |
| Massachusetts | 2,194 | 420 | 4,869 | 585 |
| Michigan | 19,419 | 4,149 | 46,400 | 24,099 |
| Minnesota | 2,476 | 349 | 5,713 | 649 |
| Mississippi | 474 | 168 | 458 | 158 |
| Missouri | 3,055 | 663 | 2,447 | 1,249 |
| Montana | 229 | 15 | 1,849 | 9 |
| Nebraska | 508 | 454 | 620 | 69 |
| Nevada | 230 | 15 | 540 | 71 |
| New Hampshire | 413 | 44 | 832 | 418 |
| New Jersey | 3,306 | 643 | 3,895 | 1,022 |
| New Mexico | 72 | 107 | 154 | 100 |
| New York | 8,322 | 1,493 | 16,130 | 2,945 |
| North Carolina | 3,487 | 1,095 | 2,248 | 2,963 |
| North Dakota | 436 | 38 | 1,122 | 104 |
| Ohio | 14,824 | 2,006 | 9,355 | 3,740 |
| Oklahoma | 892 | 184 | 780 | 375 |
| Oregon | 1,312 | 299 | 1,989 | 496 |
| Pennsylvania | 5,189 | 1,133 | 6,843 | 2,121 |
| Rhode Island | 312 | 54 | 453 | 89 |
| South Carolina | 2,365 | 627 | 1,670 | 1,112 |
| South Dakota | 249 | 74 | 276 | 71 |
| Tennessee | 3,683 | 1,345 | 3,948 | 2,512 |
| Texas | 8,034 | 37,673 | 6,162 | 24,857 |
| Utah | 433 | 114 | 1,454 | 220 |
| Vermont | 990 | 20 | 2,411 | 9 |
| Virginia | 1,616 | 352 | 2,151 | 855 |
| Washington | 2,461 | 304 | 8,418 | 909 |
| West Virginia | 634 | 72 | 579 | 20 |
| Wisconsin | 3,726 | 653 | 3,860 | 1,129 |
| Wyoming | 92 | 57 | 1,349 | 5 |
| United States, total ${ }^{2}$ | 146,435 | 85,158 | 194,821 | 114,381 |

${ }^{1}$ Surface merchandise trade comprises all shipments of goods between the U.S. and Canada or Mexico by surface modes of transport (other than air or maritime vessel).
${ }^{2}$ United States total includes trade in which the state is unknown.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Transborder Surface Freight Data, available at http://www.bts.gov/ntda/tbscd/reports.html as of October 2003.

Table 3-15: U.S. Surface Merchandise Imports from Canada and Mexico by Mode: 2002

| State | Canada |  |  |  | Mexico |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total (thousand metric tons) | Truck (percent) | Rail (percent) | Other ${ }^{1}$ (percent) | Total (thousand metric tons) | Truck (percent) | Rail (percent) | $\text { Other }{ }^{1}$ (percent) |
| Alabama | 1,439,143 | 21 | 79 | 0 | 132,672 | 95 | 5 | 0 |
| Alaska | 82,800 | 60 | 34 | 6 | 2,360 | 72 | 28 | 0 |
| Arizona | 814,996 | 33 | 64 | 3 | 2,257,389 | 94 | 6 | 0 |
| Arkansas | 564,113 | 48 | 52 | 0 | 79,339 | 96 | 4 | 0 |
| California | 5,891,793 | 37 | 63 | 0 | 4,718,692 | 94 | 5 | 0 |
| Colorado | 1,402,969 | 25 | 67 | 7 | 70,098 | 89 | 11 | 0 |
| Connecticut | 1,662,419 | 54 | 46 | 0 | 276,134 | 60 | 40 | 0 |
| Delaware | 362,770 | 59 | 41 | 0 | 19,068 | 98 | 2 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 32,391 | 70 | 30 | 0 | 7,099 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 1,636,373 | 40 | 60 | 0 | 337,957 | 82 | 18 | 0 |
| Georgia | 2,251,719 | 49 | 51 | 0 | 602,442 | 81 | 19 | 0 |
| Hawaii | 25,771 | 96 | 4 | 0 | 477 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 1,112,029 | 63 | 37 | 0 | 62,845 | 99 | 1 | 0 |
| Illinois | 27,567,178 | 10 | 22 | 68 | 1,734,845 | 47 | 53 | 0 |
| Indiana | 4,560,862 | 38 | 62 | 0 | 421,292 | 91 | 9 | 0 |
| lowa | 1,859,570 | 35 | 65 | 0 | 56,780 | 98 | 2 | 0 |
| Kansas | 785,051 | 35 | 42 | 23 | 49,925 | 98 | 2 | 0 |
| Kentucky | 2,095,805 | 48 | 52 | 0 | 231,795 | 83 | 17 | 0 |
| Louisiana | 624,117 | 26 | 74 | 0 | 36,932 | 78 | 18 | 4 |
| Maine | 3,889,777 | 45 | 30 | 25 | 13,120 | 93 | 7 | 0 |
| Maryland | 1,369,016 | 54 | 46 | 1 | 117,407 | 61 | 39 | 0 |
| Massachusetts | 3,258,467 | 69 | 31 | 0 | 77,970 | 83 | 17 | 0 |
| Michigan | 21,040,273 | 44 | 29 | 27 | 3,602,521 | 32 | 68 | 0 |
| Minnesota | 18,823,078 | 9 | 16 | 75 | 111,839 | 84 | 16 | 0 |
| Mississippi | 349,738 | 47 | 53 | 0 | 30,413 | 97 | 3 | 0 |
| Missouri | 2,087,076 | 40 | 60 | 1 | 561,454 | 75 | 25 | 0 |
| Montana | 8,812,517 | 14 | 6 | 80 | 1,777 | 88 | 12 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 634,446 | 53 | 47 | 0 | 11,717 | 86 | 14 | 0 |
| Nevada | 465,147 | 25 | 75 | 0 | 23,846 | 99 | 1 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 974,839 | 66 | 34 | 0 | 21,681 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 2,987,619 | 62 | 38 | 0 | 735,444 | 31 | 30 | 39 |
| New Mexico | 165,798 | 23 | 77 | 0 | 474,328 | 23 | 77 | 0 |
| New York | 9,994,931 | 81 | 19 | 0 | 505,180 | 87 | 13 | 0 |
| North Carolina | 1,777,861 | 45 | 55 | 0 | 438,331 | 94 | 3 | 3 |
| North Dakota | 3,382,791 | 37 | 22 | 41 | 10,010 | 97 | 3 | 0 |
| Ohio | 11,155,692 | 39 | 26 | 35 | 633,324 | 88 | 11 | 0 |
| Oklahoma | 610,300 | 30 | 70 | 0 | 124,177 | 98 | 2 | 0 |
| Oregon | 4,278,075 | 30 | 70 | 0 | 239,793 | 84 | 16 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 9,275,223 | 44 | 29 | 27 | 538,467 | 45 | 55 | 0 |
| Rhode Island | 233,030 | 87 | 13 | 0 | 25,128 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 1,036,592 | 56 | 44 | 0 | 177,419 | 87 | 4 | 9 |
| South Dakota | 537,960 | 66 | 34 | 0 | 9,260 | 21 | 79 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 1,869,932 | 42 | 58 | 0 | 408,273 | 81 | 17 | 2 |
| Texas | 6,210,300 | 29 | 47 | 24 | 8,754,167 | 75 | 24 | 1 |
| Utah | 963,154 | 40 | 39 | 21 | 63,922 | 39 | 61 | 0 |
| Vermont | 1,609,123 | 71 | 29 | 0 | 4,323 | 69 | 31 | 0 |
| Virginia | 1,615,710 | 51 | 49 | 0 | 128,582 | 98 | 2 | 0 |
| Washington | 7,965,849 | 42 | 29 | 29 | 106,516 | 92 | 8 | 0 |
| West Virginia | 470,811 | 55 | 45 | 0 | 10,551 | 56 | 44 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 6,913,285 | 25 | 46 | 30 | 381,007 | 81 | 19 | 0 |
| Wyoming | 7,532,360 | 2 | 2 | 96 | 6,613 | 25 | 75 | 0 |
| United States, total | 197,135,508 | 34 | 32 | 34 | 29,446,699 | 72 | 27 | 1 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes pipeline, mail, imports into Foreign Trade Zones, and other imports by modes not elsewhere classified.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Transborder Surface Freight Data, available at http://www.bts.gov as of October 2003.

Table 3-16: Incoming Truck Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 11 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 12 |
| Idaho | 52 | 59 | 59 | 56 | 58 |
| Maine | 445 | 497 | 536 | 530 | 511 |
| Michigan | 2,348 | 2,620 | 2,676 | 2,534 | 2,641 |
| Minnesota | 115 | 119 | 130 | 128 | 117 |
| Montana | 166 | 183 | 206 | 198 | 188 |
| New York | 1,797 | 1,955 | 1,983 | 1,903 | 2,011 |
| North Dakota | 307 | 325 | 345 | 360 | 350 |
| Vermont | 281 | 313 | 325 | 320 | 320 |
| Washington | 748 | 736 | 778 | 734 | 707 |
| United States, total | 6,271 | 6,817 | 7,048 | 6,777 | 6,916 |

NOTE: Data represent the number of truck crossings, not the number of unique vehicles, and include both loaded and unloaded trucks.

Table 3-17: Incoming Truck Container (Loaded) Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 8 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 |
| Idaho | 43 | 47 | 51 | 53 | 56 |
| Maine | 332 | 343 | 344 | 304 | 391 |
| Michigan | 1,982 | 2,186 | 2,069 | 2,144 | 2,248 |
| Minnesota | 77 | 83 | 100 | 100 | 95 |
| Montana | 147 | 165 | 170 | 177 | 170 |
| New York | 805 | 1,544 | 1,708 | 1,656 | 1,763 |
| North Dakota | 138 | 268 | 305 | 329 | 314 |
| Vermont | 148 | 171 | 217 | 270 | 276 |
| Washington | 552 | 517 | 363 | 530 | 497 |
| United States, total | 4,232 | 5,331 | 5,335 | 5,571 | 5,818 |

## Table 3-18: Incoming Truck Container (Unloaded) Crossings, U.S.Canadian Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Idaho | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Maine | 59 | 52 | 50 | 49 | 78 |
| Michigan | 274 | 335 | 402 | 462 | 402 |
| Minnesota | 30 | 32 | 31 | 25 | 24 |
| Montana | 22 | 19 | 28 | 21 | 20 |
| New York | 99 | 191 | 202 | 207 | 228 |
| North Dakota | 26 | 38 | 36 | 36 | 35 |
| Vermont | 7 | 6 | 9 | 13 | 16 |
| Washington | 163 | 174 | 134 | 201 | 196 |
| United States, total | 685 | 852 | 897 | 1,021 | 1,002 |

NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: The data for incoming trucks exceeds the data for truck containers loaded and unloaded (empty) because some incoming trucks do not carry a container.

SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, special tabulation, June 2003. Based on the following primary data source: U.S. Department of Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, Office of Field Operations, Operations Management Database.

Table 3-19: Incoming Train Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 277 | 266 | 326 | 316 | 279 |
| Idaho | 577 | 673 | 699 | 703 | 845 |
| Maine | 1,698 | 1,653 | 1,428 | 1,303 | 1,082 |
| Michigan | 9,224 | 8,993 | 9,757 | 10,312 | 9,669 |
| Minnesota | 11,351 | 9,207 | 9,162 | 9,693 | 9,737 |
| Montana | 373 | 392 | 471 | 358 | 339 |
| New York | 5,837 | 5,961 | 5,725 | 5,139 | 5,192 |
| North Dakota | 1,621 | 1,596 | 1,728 | 1,764 | 1,980 |
| Vermont | 1,287 | 1,238 | 1,119 | 1,034 | 908 |
| Washington | 3,190 | 2,951 | 3,032 | 2,955 | 2,791 |
| United States, total | 35,435 | 32,930 | 33,447 | 33,577 | 32,543 |

## Table 3-20: Incoming Rail Container (Full) Crossings, U.S.-Canadian

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Idaho | 33,623 | 39,872 | 47,263 | 54,593 | 60,502 |
| Maine | 23,324 | 31,210 | 28,139 | 27,790 | 17,417 |
| Michigan | 433,779 | 459,213 | 528,096 | 585,589 | 571,046 |
| Minnesota | 175,229 | 210,011 | 204,386 | 222,443 | 258,710 |
| Montana | 17,824 | 17,595 | 15,964 | 16,367 | 17,707 |
| New York | 105,854 | 190,227 | 192,614 | 207,574 | 204,948 |
| North Dakota | 20,087 | 102,225 | 112,462 | 111,601 | 129,506 |
| Vermont | 33,122 | 34,857 | 37,745 | 32,968 | 42,567 |
| Washington | 60,742 | 65,726 | 48,770 | 72,457 | 83,740 |
| United States, total | 903,584 | $1,150,936$ | $1,215,439$ | $1,331,382$ | $1,386,143$ |

Table 3-21: Incoming Rail Container (Empty) Crossings, U.S.Canadian Border

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Idaho | 3,956 | 2,464 | 2,977 | 4,730 | 4,669 |
| Maine | 23,558 | 35,738 | 32,219 | 28,281 | 19,458 |
| Michigan | 153,538 | 140,390 | 151,651 | 209,221 | 193,543 |
| Minnesota | 40,670 | 45,482 | 46,557 | 52,439 | 59,750 |
| Montana | 5,905 | 5,737 | 9,291 | 10,637 | 8,924 |
| New York | 34,568 | 43,950 | 64,541 | 53,991 | 51,411 |
| North Dakota | 6,595 | 36,818 | 42,236 | 56,660 | 70,588 |
| Vermont | 10,429 | 11,385 | 13,324 | 8,758 | 11,175 |
| Washington | 22,086 | 15,603 | 16,602 | 23,246 | 24,598 |
| United States, total | 301,305 | 337,567 | 379,398 | 447,963 | 444,116 |

KEY: NA = not applicable.
SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, special tabulation, June 2003. Based on the following primary data source: U.S. Department of Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, Office of Field Operations, Operations Management Database.

| Table 3-22: Incoming Truck Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border <br> (Thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| Arizona | 349 | 348 | 344 | 336 | 312 |
| California | 866 | 969 | 1,032 | 1,028 | 1,067 |
| New Mexico | 31 | 29 | 36 | 34 | 33 |
| Texas | 2,701 | 3,011 | 3,113 | 2,907 | 3,015 |
| United States, total | 3,947 | 4,358 | 4,526 | 4,305 | 4,427 |

NOTE: Data represent the number of truck crossings, not the number of unique vehicles, and include both loaded and unloaded trucks.

## Table 3-23: Incoming Truck Container (Loaded) Crossings, U.S.Mexican Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 227 | 242 | 233 | 231 | 227 |
| California | 441 | 454 | 510 | 524 | 580 |
| New Mexico | 23 | 25 | 24 | 21 | 23 |
| Texas | 1,301 | 1,589 | 1,583 | 1,596 | 1,692 |
| United States, total | 1,991 | 2,310 | 2,350 | 2,372 | 2,523 |

## Table 3-24: Incoming Truck Container (Unloaded) Crossings, U.S.Mexican Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 92 | 85 | 90 | 96 | 88 |
| California | 420 | 409 | 437 | 490 | 497 |
| New Mexico | 8 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 9 |
| Texas | 1,202 | 1,415 | 1,313 | 1,318 | 1,318 |
| United States, total | 1,722 | 1,917 | 1,851 | 1,916 | 1,911 |

NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: The data for incoming trucks exceeds the data for truck containers loaded and unloaded (empty) because some incoming trucks do not carry a container.

SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, special tabulation, June 2003. Based on the following primary data source: U.S. Department of Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, Office of Field Operations, Operations Management Database.

Table 3-25: Incoming Train Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 531 | 587 | 774 | 635 | 607 |
| California | 449 | 550 | 522 | 628 | 578 |
| New Mexico | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Texas | 4,701 | 4,882 | 5,812 | 6,206 | 6,572 |
| United States, total | 5,681 | 6,019 | 7,108 | 7,469 | 7,757 |

Table 3-26: Incoming Rail Container (Full) Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 20,528 | 19,466 | 25,249 | 35,716 | 31,789 |
| California | 1,574 | 2,515 | 1,565 | 2,243 | 2,104 |
| New Mexico | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Texas | 153,388 | 204,033 | 239,421 | 228,613 | 235,657 |
| United States, total | 175,490 | 226,014 | 266,235 | 266,572 | 269,550 |

## Table 3-27: Incoming Rail Containers (Empty) Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 15,284 | 14,226 | 25,353 | 22,951 | 20,447 |
| California | 6,181 | 7,771 | 7,550 | 8,375 | 8,963 |
| New Mexico | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Texas | 190,951 | 252,363 | 272,687 | 284,754 | 303,362 |
| United States, total | 212,416 | 274,360 | 305,590 | 316,080 | 332,772 |

KEY FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: NA $=$ not applicable.
SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, special tabulation, June 2003. Based on the following primary data source: U.S. Department of Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, Office of Field Operations, Operations Management Database.

Table 3-28: Top 50 Foreign Trade Freight Gateways: 2002 (Ranked by value of shipments in $\$$ billions)

| Gateway ${ }^{1}$ | Mode | Rank | Exports | Imports | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JFK International Airport, NY | Air | 1 | 44.0 | 68.7 | 112.7 |
| Port of Los Angeles, CA | Water | 2 | 16.4 | 93.9 | 110.3 |
| Port of Detroit, MI | Land | 3 | 56.2 | 44.7 | 100.9 |
| Port of New York, NY and NJ | Water | 4 | 22.6 | 68.9 | 91.5 |
| Port of Long Beach, CA | Water | 5 | 15.1 | 73.7 | 88.8 |
| Port of Laredo, TX | Land | 6 | 32.3 | 46.9 | 79.3 |
| Los Angeles International Airport, CA | Air | 7 | 31.5 | 29.1 | 60.6 |
| Port of Huron, MI | Land | 8 | 19.1 | 38.3 | 57.4 |
| Port of Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY | Land | 9 | 24.2 | 30.9 | 55.1 |
| San Francisco International Airport, CA | Air | 10 | 23.2 | 26.5 | 49.7 |
| Chicago, IL | Air | 11 | 18.6 | 29.2 | 47.8 |
| Port of Houston, TX | Water | 12 | 19.4 | 22.5 | 41.9 |
| Port of El Paso, TX | Land | 13 | 15.8 | 22.6 | 38.5 |
| Port of Charleston, SC | Water | 14 | 11.8 | 21.5 | 33.3 |
| New Orleans, LA | Air | 15 | 13.4 | 13.2 | 26.6 |
| Port of Norfolk Harbor, VA | Water | 16 | 10.8 | 15.2 | 26.0 |
| Port of Seattle, WA | Water | 17 | 5.3 | 18.5 | 23.8 |
| Port of Baltimore, MD | Water | 18 | 5.3 | 17.9 | 23.2 |
| Port of Tacoma, WA | Water | 19 | 4.4 | 18.4 | 22.9 |
| Anchorage, AK | Air | 20 | 4.8 | 18.0 | 22.7 |
| Port of Oakland, CA | Water | 21 | 7.5 | 15.3 | 22.7 |
| Miami International Airport, FL | Air | 22 | 13.3 | 7.8 | 21.1 |
| Port of Otay Mesa Station, CA | Land | 23 | 8.6 | 11.8 | 20.4 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth, TX | Air | 24 | 10.1 | 9.6 | 19.7 |
| Port of Savannah, GA | Water | 25 | 6.8 | 12.8 | 19.6 |
| Port of New Orleans, LA | Water | 26 | 10.0 | 8.8 | 18.8 |
| Atlanta, GA | Air | 27 | 7.7 | 9.8 | 17.5 |
| Port of Miami, FL | Water | 28 | 7.8 | 9.0 | 16.8 |
| Cleveland, OH | Air | 29 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 16.4 |
| Port of Champlain-Rouses Pt., NY | Land | 30 | 5.2 | 9.6 | 14.8 |
| Port of Hidalgo, TX | Land | 31 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 12.7 |
| Port of Blaine, WA | Land | 32 | 4.7 | 6.7 | 11.4 |
| Port of Jacksonville, FL | Water | 33 | 2.6 | 8.7 | 11.3 |
| Port of Portland, OR | Water | 34 | 2.6 | 8.6 | 11.2 |
| Port of Nogales, AZ | Land | 35 | 3.8 | 6.9 | 10.8 |
| Port of Alexandria Bay, NY | Land | 36 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 10.7 |
| Port of Brownsville-Cameron, TX | Land | 37 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 10.3 |
| Port of Port Everglades, FL | Water | 38 | 4.1 | 5.3 | 9.4 |
| Port of Beaumont, TX | Water | 39 | 0.8 | 8.3 | 9.1 |
| Port of Philadelphia, PA | Water | 40 | 0.6 | 8.3 | 8.8 |
| San Juan International Airport, PR | Air | 41 | 3.5 | 5.3 | 8.7 |
| Philadelphia International Airport, PA | Air | 42 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 8.7 |
| Port of Pembina, ND | Land | 43 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 8.7 |
| Boston Logan Airport, MA | Air | 44 | 5.1 | 3.3 | 8.5 |
| Port of Calexico-East, CA | Land | 45 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 8.4 |
| Newark, NJ | Air | 46 | 2.6 | 5.7 | 8.3 |
| Port of Corpus Christi, TX | Water | 47 | 1.6 | 6.0 | 7.5 |
| Port of Sweetgrass, MT | Land | 48 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 7.5 |
| Port of Morgan City, LA | Water | 49 | 0.2 | 7.2 | 7.4 |
| Houston International Airport, TX | Air | 50 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 7.4 |
| Total, top 50 | NA | NA | 547.0 | 940.5 | 1,487.5 |

${ }^{1}$ Gateway means any port, airport, or border crossing that provides access for the import or export of goods.
KEY: NA = not applicable.
NOTES: Mode of transportation is the type of transportation as a shipment enters or exits at a border port. Flows through individual ports are based on reported data collected from U.S. trade documents. Low-value shipments, generally imports valued at less than $\$ 1,250$ and exports valued at less than $\$ 2,500$, are not included. Data for air gateways include some shipments (generally less than $3 \%$ of the total value) from small user-fee airports located in the same region. Air gateways not identified by airport name include major airport(s) in that geographic area in addition to small regional airports. In addition, due to U.S. Census Bureau confidentiality regulations, data for courier operations are included in the airport totals for JFK International Airport, New Orleans, Los Angeles, Cleveland, Chicago, Miami, and Anchorage.

## SOURCES:

Air: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, Foreign Trade Division, special tabulation, April 2003. Water: U.S. Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis, Waterborne Databank, August 2003.
Land: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Transborder Surface Freight Data, August 2003.

D Passenger Travel

Table 4-1: Commuting to Work: 2000

| State | Number of workers | Percent |  |  |  |  |  | Mean travel time to work (minutes) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Car, truck, or van drove alone | Car, truck, or van carpooled | Public transportatio n (including taxicab) | Walked | Other means | Worked at home |  |
| Alabama | 1,900,089 | 83.0 | 12.3 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 2.1 | 24.8 |
| Alaska | 290,597 | 66.5 | 15.5 | 1.8 | 7.3 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 19.6 |
| Arizona | 2,210,395 | 74.1 | 15.4 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 24.9 |
| Arkansas | 1,160,101 | 79.9 | 14.1 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 2.6 | 21.9 |
| California | 14,525,322 | 71.8 | 14.5 | 5.1 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 27.7 |
| Colorado | 2,191,626 | 75.1 | 12.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 4.9 | 24.3 |
| Connecticut | 1,640,823 | 80.0 | 9.4 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 0.7 | 3.1 | 24.4 |
| Delaware | 373,070 | 79.2 | 11.5 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 24.0 |
| District of Columbia | 260,884 | 38.4 | 11.0 | 33.2 | 11.8 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 29.7 |
| Florida | 6,910,168 | 78.8 | 12.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 26.2 |
| Georgia | 3,832,803 | 77.5 | 14.5 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 27.7 |
| Hawaii | 563,154 | 63.9 | 19.0 | 6.3 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 26.1 |
| Idaho | 594,654 | 77.0 | 12.3 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 4.7 | 20.0 |
| Illinois | 5,745,731 | 73.2 | 10.9 | 8.7 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 28.0 |
| Indiana | 2,910,612 | 81.8 | 11.0 | 1.0 | 2.4 | 0.9 | 2.9 | 22.6 |
| lowa | 1,469,763 | 78.6 | 10.8 | 1.0 | 4.0 | 0.9 | 4.7 | 18.5 |
| Kansas | 1,311,343 | 81.5 | 10.6 | 0.5 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 4.0 | 19.0 |
| Kentucky | 1,781,733 | 80.2 | 12.6 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 0.9 | 2.7 | 23.5 |
| Louisiana | 1,831,057 | 78.1 | 13.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 25.7 |
| Maine | 615,144 | 78.6 | 11.3 | 0.8 | 4.0 | 0.9 | 4.4 | 22.7 |
| Maryland | 2,591,670 | 73.7 | 12.4 | 7.2 | 2.5 | 0.8 | 3.3 | 31.2 |
| Massachusetts | 3,102,837 | 73.8 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 27.0 |
| Michigan | 4,540,372 | 83.2 | 9.7 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 0.7 | 2.8 | 24.1 |
| Minnesota | 2,541,611 | 77.6 | 10.4 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 0.9 | 4.6 | 21.9 |
| Mississippi | 1,164,118 | 79.4 | 15.2 | 0.6 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 24.6 |
| Missouri | 2,629,296 | 80.5 | 11.6 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 0.8 | 3.5 | 23.8 |
| Montana | 422,159 | 73.9 | 11.9 | 0.7 | 5.5 | 1.7 | 6.4 | 17.7 |
| Nebraska | 873,197 | 80.0 | 10.5 | 0.7 | 3.2 | 0.9 | 4.6 | 18.0 |
| Nevada | 923,155 | 74.5 | 14.7 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 23.3 |
| New Hampshire | 638,565 | 81.8 | 9.8 | 0.7 | 2.9 | 0.8 | 4.0 | 25.3 |
| New Jersey | 3,876,433 | 73.0 | 10.6 | 9.6 | 3.1 | 0.9 | 2.7 | 30.0 |
| New Mexico | 759,177 | 75.8 | 14.8 | 0.8 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 4.2 | 21.9 |
| New York | 8,211,916 | 56.3 | 9.2 | 24.4 | 6.2 | 0.8 | 3.0 | 31.7 |
| North Carolina | 3,837,773 | 79.4 | 14.0 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 2.7 | 24.0 |
| North Dakota | 319,481 | 77.7 | 10.0 | 0.4 | 5.0 | 0.8 | 6.0 | 15.8 |
| Ohio | 5,307,502 | 82.8 | 9.3 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 0.7 | 2.8 | 22.9 |
| Oklahoma | 1,539,792 | 80.0 | 13.2 | 0.5 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 3.1 | 21.7 |
| Oregon | 1,601,378 | 73.2 | 12.2 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 5.0 | 22.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 5,556,311 | 76.5 | 10.4 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 0.8 | 3.0 | 25.2 |
| Puerto Rico | 908,386 | 69.0 | 18.0 | 5.3 | 4.1 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 29.4 |
| Rhode Island | 490,905 | 80.1 | 10.4 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 22.5 |
| South Carolina | 1,822,969 | 79.4 | 14.0 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 24.3 |
| South Dakota | 372,648 | 77.3 | 10.4 | 0.5 | 4.5 | 0.8 | 6.5 | 16.6 |
| Tennessee | 2,618,404 | 81.7 | 12.5 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 2.6 | 24.5 |
| Texas | 9,157,875 | 77.7 | 14.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 25.4 |
| Utah | 1,032,858 | 75.5 | 14.1 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 4.2 | 21.3 |
| Vermont | 311,839 | 75.2 | 11.9 | 0.7 | 5.6 | 0.9 | 5.7 | 21.6 |
| Virginia | 3,481,820 | 77.1 | 12.7 | 3.6 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 27.0 |
| Washington | 2,785,479 | 73.3 | 12.8 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 4.3 | 25.5 |
| West Virginia | 718,106 | 80.3 | 12.7 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 26.2 |
| Wisconsin | 2,690,704 | 79.5 | 9.9 | 2.0 | 3.7 | 0.9 | 3.9 | 20.8 |
| Wyoming | 239,809 | 75.4 | 13.2 | 1.4 | 4.4 | 1.3 | 4.3 | 17.8 |
| United States, total | 128,279,228 | 75.7 | 12.2 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 3.3 | 25.5 |

NOTE: Data are for workers 16 years and over.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics, available at http://www.census.gov/c2ss/www/ as of Aug. 25, 2003.

Table 4-2: Licensed Drivers: 2001

| State | Number of licensed drivers | Licensed drivers per registered vehicle | Resident population | Driving age population (16 and over) | Drivers per 1,000 total resident population | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Drivers per } \\ 1,000 \\ \text { driving } \\ \text { age } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 3,559,897 | 0.85 | 4,447,100 | 3,451,586 | 800 | 1,031 |
| Alaska | 472,211 | 0.81 | 626,932 | 457,728 | 753 | 1,032 |
| Arizona | 3,550,367 | 0.90 | 5,130,632 | 3,907,526 | 692 | 909 |
| Arkansas | 1,961,883 | 1.07 | 2,673,400 | 2,072,622 | 734 | 947 |
| California | 21,623,793 | 0.76 | 33,871,648 | 25,599,275 | 638 | 845 |
| Colorado | 3,287,922 | 0.71 | 4,301,261 | 3,322,455 | 764 | 990 |
| Connecticut | 2,650,374 | 0.92 | 3,405,565 | 2,651,452 | 778 | 1,000 |
| Delaware | 564,099 | 0.88 | 783,600 | 610,269 | 720 | 924 |
| District of Columbia | 328,094 | 1.38 | 572,059 | 468,575 | 574 | 700 |
| Florida | 12,743,403 | 0.91 | 15,982,378 | 12,741,821 | 797 | 1,000 |
| Georgia | 5,833,802 | 0.81 | 8,186,453 | 6,250,708 | 713 | 933 |
| Hawaii | 787,820 | 0.92 | 1,211,537 | 949,184 | 650 | 830 |
| Idaho | 896,666 | 0.69 | 1,293,953 | 969,166 | 693 | 925 |
| Illinois | 7,809,500 | 0.80 | 12,419,293 | 9,530,327 | 629 | 819 |
| Indiana | 4,116,924 | 0.74 | 6,080,485 | 4,682,392 | 677 | 879 |
| lowa | 1,978,748 | 0.61 | 2,926,324 | 2,281,002 | 676 | 867 |
| Kansas | 1,871,301 | 0.81 | 2,688,418 | 2,058,489 | 696 | 909 |
| Kentucky | 2,756,634 | 0.77 | 4,041,769 | 3,161,283 | 682 | 872 |
| Louisiana | 2,718,209 | 0.77 | 4,468,976 | 3,394,854 | 608 | 801 |
| Maine | 942,556 | 0.94 | 1,274,923 | 1,010,273 | 739 | 933 |
| Maryland | 3,451,966 | 0.89 | 5,296,486 | 4,085,342 | 652 | 845 |
| Massachusetts | 4,610,666 | 0.90 | 6,349,097 | 5,008,007 | 726 | 921 |
| Michigan | 6,976,982 | 0.84 | 9,938,444 | 7,628,170 | 702 | 915 |
| Minnesota | 2,961,236 | 0.66 | 4,919,479 | 3,782,817 | 602 | 783 |
| Mississippi | 1,859,487 | 0.97 | 2,844,658 | 2,160,165 | 654 | 861 |
| Missouri | 3,862,300 | 0.92 | 5,595,211 | 4,292,175 | 690 | 900 |
| Montana | 683,351 | 0.68 | 902,195 | 701,423 | 757 | 974 |
| Nebraska | 1,267,284 | 0.79 | 1,711,263 | 1,314,974 | 741 | 964 |
| Nevada | 1,420,714 | 1.13 | 1,998,257 | 1,537,896 | 711 | 924 |
| New Hampshire | 941,829 | 0.87 | 1,235,786 | 960,593 | 762 | 980 |
| New Jersey | 5,715,089 | 0.89 | 8,414,350 | 6,545,471 | 679 | 873 |
| New Mexico | 1,231,701 | 0.89 | 1,819,046 | 1,370,134 | 677 | 899 |
| New York | 11,014,805 | 1.10 | 18,976,457 | 14,797,284 | 580 | 744 |
| North Carolina | 5,884,651 | 0.97 | 8,049,313 | 6,291,182 | 731 | 935 |
| North Dakota | 455,921 | 0.66 | 642,200 | 502,176 | 710 | 908 |
| Ohio | 7,736,115 | 0.74 | 11,353,140 | 8,789,530 | 681 | 880 |
| Oklahoma | 2,172,394 | 0.68 | 3,450,654 | 2,665,966 | 630 | 815 |
| Oregon | 2,534,464 | 0.85 | 3,421,399 | 2,673,283 | 741 | 948 |
| Pennsylvania | 8,226,202 | 0.87 | 12,281,054 | 9,693,987 | 670 | 849 |
| Rhode Island | 660,435 | 0.88 | 1,048,319 | 827,474 | 630 | 798 |
| South Carolina | 2,849,885 | 0.92 | 4,012,012 | 3,115,130 | 710 | 915 |
| South Dakota | 544,997 | 0.70 | 754,844 | 577,391 | 722 | 944 |
| Tennessee | 4,188,317 | 0.83 | 5,689,283 | 4,445,987 | 736 | 942 |
| Texas | 13,045,727 | 0.93 | 20,851,820 | 15,618,097 | 626 | 835 |
| Utah | 1,495,887 | 0.87 | 2,233,169 | 1,598,531 | 670 | 936 |
| Vermont | 515,348 | 0.99 | 608,827 | 479,265 | 846 | 1,075 |
| Virginia | 4,920,753 | 0.81 | 7,078,515 | 5,529,436 | 695 | 890 |
| Washington | 4,237,845 | 0.83 | 5,894,121 | 4,552,631 | 719 | 931 |
| West Virginia | 1,316,955 | 0.94 | 1,808,344 | 1,455,370 | 728 | 905 |
| Wisconsin | 3,667,497 | 0.83 | 5,363,675 | 4,156,609 | 684 | 882 |
| Wyoming | 370,713 | 0.67 | 493,782 | 381,882 | 751 | 971 |
| United States, total | 191,275,719 | 0.84 | 281,421,906 | 217,109,365 | 680 | 881 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2001, Washington, DC: 2003.

Table 4-3: Transit Ridership in 50 Largest Urbanized Areas: 2001

| Urbanized area | Population <br> (2000) | Rank by population | Annual unlinked passenger trips (thousands) | Percent |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Motor bus | Heavy rail | Light <br> rail | Commute r rail | Other |
| New York-Newark, NY-NJ-CT | 17,799,861 | 1 | 3,401,999 | 38.8 | 53.6 | 0.2 | 6.6 | 0.7 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA | 11,789,487 | 2 | 614,570 | 88.1 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Chicago, IL-IN | 8,307,904 | 3 | 600,368 | 56.4 | 30.3 | 0.0 | 12.6 | 0.7 |
| Philadelphia, PA-NJ-DE-MD | 5,149,079 | 4 | 337,491 | 51.1 | 28.9 | 7.4 | 9.2 | 3.5 |
| Miami, FL | 4,919,036 | 5 | 126,350 | 81.4 | 10.9 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 5.7 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX | 4,145,659 | 6 | 85,150 | 80.5 | 0.0 | 13.6 | 3.3 | 2.6 |
| Boston, MA-NH-RI | 4,032,484 | 7 | 372,376 | 31.4 | 36.9 | 20.2 | 9.7 | 1.8 |
| Washington, DC-VA-MD | 3,933,920 | 8 | 418,351 | 42.1 | 56.3 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 0.2 |
| Detroit, MI | 3,903,377 | 9 | 56,364 | 94.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 5.6 |
| Houston, TX | 3,822,509 | 10 | 101,172 | 98.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 |
| Atlanta, GA | 3,499,840 | 11 | 167,014 | 50.5 | 49.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| San Francisco-Oakland, CA | 3,228,605 | 12 | 451,615 | 44.0 | 23.0 | 11.0 | 1.2 | 20.8 |
| Phoenix-Mesa, AZ | 2,907,049 | 13 | 41,002 | 95.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.3 |
| Seattle, WA | 2,712,205 | 14 | 144,713 | 66.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 33.3 |
| San Diego, CA | 2,674,436 | 15 | 103,252 | 68.9 | 0.0 | 28.0 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN | 2,388,593 | 16 | 78,477 | 97.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.2 |
| St. Louis, MO-IL | 2,077,662 | 17 | 53,033 | 71.7 | 0.0 | 26.9 | 0.0 | 1.3 |
| Baltimore, MD | 2,076,354 | 18 | 109,420 | 77.1 | 12.4 | 7.1 | 2.7 | 0.6 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg, FL | 2,062,339 | 19 | 19,778 | 98.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| Denver-Aurora, CO | 1,984,889 | 20 | 80,120 | 88.0 | 0.0 | 11.3 | 0.0 | 0.7 |
| Cleveland, OH | 1,786,647 | 21 | 68,042 | 80.4 | 12.1 | 6.5 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| Pittsburgh, PA | 1,753,136 | 22 | 78,652 | 85.5 | 0.0 | 9.6 | 0.0 | 5.0 |
| Portland, OR-WA | 1,583,138 | 23 | 97,368 | 73.3 | 0.0 | 25.7 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| San Jose, CA | 1,538,312 | 24 | 63,733 | 75.4 | 0.0 | 14.5 | 8.7 | 1.4 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino, CA | 1,506,816 | 25 | 24,486 | 90.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.0 | 3.8 |
| Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN | 1,503,262 | 26 | 29,702 | 98.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| Virginia Beach, VA | 1,394,439 | 27 | 16,694 | 94.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.8 |
| Sacramento, CA | 1,393,498 | 28 | 29,633 | 69.8 | 0.0 | 29.1 | 0.0 | 1.1 |
| Kansas City, MO-KS | 1,361,744 | 29 | 16,021 | 96.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 |
| San Antonio, TX | 1,327,554 | 30 | 46,981 | 97.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.2 |
| Las Vegas, NV | 1,314,357 | 31 | 50,234 | 98.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 |
| Milwaukee, WI | 1,308,913 | 32 | 72,999 | 98.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| Indianapolis, IN | 1,218,919 | 33 | 10,703 | 97.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.8 |
| Providence, RI-MA | 1,174,548 | 34 | 15,594 | 91.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.7 | 4.1 |
| Orlando, FL | 1,157,431 | 35 | 26,472 | 94.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.2 |
| Columbus, OH | 1,133,193 | 36 | 18,795 | 97.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| New Orleans, LA | 1,009,283 | 37 | 61,321 | 85.9 | 0.0 | 8.4 | 0.0 | 5.7 |
| Buffalo, NY | 976,703 | 38 | 26,234 | 75.6 | 0.0 | 24.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| Memphis, TN-MS-AR | 972,091 | 39 | 13,059 | 81.7 | 0.0 | 16.7 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| Austin, TX | 901,920 | 40 | 33,987 | 98.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Bridgeport-Stamford, CT-NY | 888,890 | 41 | 39,643 | 62.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 36.8 | 0.9 |
| Salt Lake City, UT | 887,650 | 42 | 25,946 | 73.3 | 0.0 | 23.4 | 0.0 | 3.3 |
| Jacksonville, FL | 882,295 | 43 | 9,217 | 86.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.1 |
| Louisville, KY-IN | 863,582 | 44 | 16,552 | 97.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.4 |
| Hartford, CT | 851,535 | 45 | 18,740 | 95.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 2.6 |
| Richmond, VA | 818,836 | 46 | 16,152 | 98.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Charlotte, NC-SC | 758,927 | 47 | 15,460 | 96.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 |
| Nashville-Davidson, TN | 749,935 | 48 | 7,120 | 98.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| Oklahoma City, OK | 747,003 | 49 | 5,704 | 97.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.9 |
| Tucson, AZ | 720,425 | 50 | 15,865 | 98.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| Top 50 Total | 127,900,270 |  | 8,333,724 | 55.3 | 32.7 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 2.9 |
| United States, total $^{1}$ | 195,984,216 |  | 9,007,786 | 57.9 | 30.3 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 3.5 |
| Top 50 as \% of U.S. total | 65.3 |  | 92.5 | 88.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 78.1 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes Puerto Rico.
NOTE: Transit ridership data in this table, including the United States total, are based on urban transit agencies that are required to report information to the federal government because they applied for or are direct beneficiaries of urbanized area formula grants (49 USC 5307). Transit agencies with nine or fewer vehicles that would otherwise need to report under this definition typically receive a waiver from detailed reporting and, thus, are not included in the database.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, National Transit Database, available at http://www.ntdprogram.com/NTD/ as of Oct. 28, 2003.

Table 4-4: Urban Transit Ridership by State and Transit Mode: 2001

| State | Number of agencies reporting | Annual unlinked passenger trips (thousands) | Percent |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Motor bus | Heavy rail | Light rail | Commute r rail | Other |
| Alabama | 9 | 5,674 | 81.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.8 |
| Alaska | 2 | 3,678 | 90.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.2 |
| Arizona | 12 | 56,867 | 96.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 |
| Arkansas | 3 | 5,094 | 96.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 |
| California | 82 | 1,346,517 | 71.2 | 10.0 | 9.4 | 1.4 | 7.9 |
| Colorado | 7 | 87,015 | 88.5 | 0.0 | 10.4 | 0.0 | 1.1 |
| Connecticut | 17 | 47,995 | 96.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 2.9 |
| Delaware | 1 | 8,543 | 93.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.3 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 378,936 | 37.6 | 62.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Florida | 28 | 202,853 | 85.9 | 6.8 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 6.1 |
| Georgia | 9 | 175,963 | 52.9 | 46.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| Hawaii | 2 | 71,519 | 98.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| Idaho | 3 | 1,683 | 92.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.7 |
| Illinois | 13 | 616,940 | 58.1 | 29.5 | 0.0 | 11.7 | 0.8 |
| Indiana | 18 | 29,970 | 83.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.6 | 4.0 |
| lowa | 9 | 13,346 | 94.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.8 |
| Kansas | 4 | 4,810 | 89.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.9 |
| Kentucky | 3 | 24,468 | 97.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.2 |
| Louisiana | 9 | 74,787 | 88.3 | 0.0 | 6.9 | 0.0 | 4.8 |
| Maine | 5 | 3,072 | 61.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 39.0 |
| Maryland | 7 | 135,596 | 79.0 | 10.0 | 5.8 | 4.3 | 0.9 |
| Massachusetts | 12 | 393,345 | 34.5 | 34.9 | 19.1 | 9.4 | 2.1 |
| Michigan | 18 | 92,046 | 93.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.3 |
| Minnesota | 7 | 84,756 | 97.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 |
| Mississippi | 2 | 1,572 | 89.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.0 |
| Missouri | 6 | 69,539 | 77.8 | 0.0 | 20.8 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| Montana | 3 | 1,982 | 94.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.4 |
| Nebraska | 2 | 5,418 | 98.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Nevada | 2 | 58,803 | 98.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| New Hampshire | 2 | 690 | 92.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.0 |
| New Jersey | 20 | 375,488 | 55.9 | 23.7 | 1.8 | 17.5 | 1.1 |
| New Mexico | 3 | 9,772 | 96.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.1 |
| New York | 38 | 3,121,001 | 37.6 | 55.9 | 0.2 | 5.6 | 0.7 |
| North Carolina | 12 | 36,721 | 95.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.7 |
| North Dakota | 3 | 1,537 | 81.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.5 |
| Ohio | 18 | 136,384 | 88.8 | 6.0 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| Oklahoma | 2 | 8,922 | 95.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.2 |
| Oregon | 4 | 105,246 | 75.3 | 0.0 | 23.7 | 0.0 | 1.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 23 | 427,509 | 60.8 | 20.4 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 4.0 |
| Rhode Island | 2 | 14,855 | 95.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.3 |
| South Carolina | 8 | 10,592 | 87.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.4 |
| South Dakota | 2 | 1,045 | 82.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.9 |
| Tennessee | 8 | 26,360 | 88.4 | 0.0 | 8.3 | 0.0 | 3.4 |
| Texas | 31 | 302,730 | 92.9 | 0.0 | 3.8 | 0.9 | 2.4 |
| Utah | 2 | 27,062 | 74.3 | 0.0 | 22.5 | 0.0 | 3.2 |
| Vermont | 1 | 1,599 | 98.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 |
| Virginia | 14 | 50,939 | 92.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.8 | 2.7 |
| Washington | 17 | 175,329 | 70.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 29.2 |
| West Virginia | 4 | 3,495 | 97.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.3 |
| Wisconsin | 18 | 95,996 | 97.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.2 |
| Wyoming | 1 | 181 | 90.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.9 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 529 | 8,936,241 | 58.0 | 30.5 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 3.1 |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes Puerto Rico.
NOTE: Transit ridership data in this table, including the United States total, are based on urban transit agencies that are required to report information to the federal government because they applied for or are direct beneficiaries of urbanized area formula grants (49 USC 5307). Transit agencies with nine or fewer vehicles that would otherwise need to report under this definition typically receive a waiver from detailed reporting and, thus, are not included in the database. Data are assigned to the state of a transit agency's mailing address.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, National Transit Database, available at http://www.ntdprogram.com/NTD/ as of Dec. 3, 2003.

Table 4-5: Top 50 Airports by Passengers Enplaned on Large Certificated U.S. Air Carriers

| Airport | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rank in } \\ 2002 \end{gathered}$ | Number of enplanements |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1992 | 2001 | 2002 |
| Atlanta, GA (Hartsfield Intl.) | 1 | 19,705,107 | 36,384,264 | 37,070,492 |
| Chicago, IL (O'Hare Intl.) | 2 | 28,947,832 | 28,626,694 | 28,356,224 |
| Dallas / Ft. Worth, TX (Dallas / Ft. Worth Intl.) | 3 | 24,671,160 | 25,198,256 | 24,072,162 |
| Los Angeles, CA (Los Angeles Intl.) | 4 | 18,394,652 | 22,873,307 | 20,320,299 |
| Denver, CO (Denver Intl.) | 5 | 13,594,753 | 16,397,390 | 16,053,940 |
| Phoenix, AZ (Phoenix Sky Harbor Intl.) | 6 | 10,787,302 | 16,540,686 | 15,897,012 |
| Las Vegas, NV (McCarran Intl.) | 7 | 9,346,568 | 16,121,009 | 15,575,101 |
| Houston, TX (George Bush Intercontinental) | 8 | 8,358,305 | 15,639,781 | 15,223,638 |
| Minneapolis, MN (Minneapolis-St. Paul Intl.) | 9 | 10,055,330 | 15,648,295 | 15,045,630 |
| Detroit, MI (Wayne County) | 10 | 10,424,778 | 15,467,012 | 14,859,952 |
| Newark, NJ (Newark) | 11 | 10,479,157 | 13,822,541 | 13,113,997 |
| Seattle, WA (Seattle-Tacoma Intl.) | 12 | 8,571,972 | 12,705,320 | 12,577,597 |
| San Francisco, CA (San Francisco Intl.) | 13 | 14,208,463 | 13,862,994 | 12,250,289 |
| Orlando, FL (Orlando Intl.) | 14 | 8,764,938 | 12,619,918 | 12,127,425 |
| St. Louis, MO (Lambert-St. Louis Muni.) | 15 | 10,435,595 | 12,864,472 | 11,765,453 |
| Miami, FL (Miami Intl.) | 16 | 9,076,473 | 11,505,040 | 11,125,611 |
| Philadelphia, PA (Philadelphia Intl.) | 17 | 6,968,466 | 10,386,872 | 10,323,655 |
| Charlotte, NC (Douglas Muni.) | 18 | 8,239,025 | 10,226,010 | 10,154,889 |
| New York, NY (John F. Kennedy Intl.) | 19 | 8,468,339 | 9,647,313 | 9,930,102 |
| New York, NY (La Guardia) | 20 | 9,252,185 | 10,311,470 | 9,713,965 |
| Cincinnati, OH (Greater Cincinnati) | 21 | 4,916,046 | 8,352,434 | 9,492,938 |
| Boston, MA (Logan Intl.) | 22 | 9,320,420 | 10,016,801 | 9,484,401 |
| Baltimore, MD (Baltimore-Washington Intl.) | 23 | 3,647,868 | 9,450,749 | 8,962,712 |
| Chicago, IL (Midway) | 24 | 1,983,291 | 7,062,993 | 7,829,471 |
| Honolulu, HI (Honolulu Intl.) | 25 | 8,741,806 | 7,794,787 | 7,734,079 |
| Miami / Ft. Lauderdale, FL (Ft. Lauderdale-Hollywood Intl.) | 26 | 3,498,548 | 7,372,417 | 7,662,281 |
| Pittsburgh, PA (Greater Pittsburgh) | 27 | 8,582,058 | 8,710,821 | 7,528,104 |
| Tampa, FL (Tampa Intl.) | 28 | 4,397,533 | 7,458,091 | 7,260,166 |
| Salt Lake City, UT (Salt Lake City Intl.) | 29 | 6,095,518 | 7,839,933 | 7,254,485 |
| San Diego, CA (San Diego Intl.-Lindbergh) | 30 | 5,656,546 | 7,254,291 | 7,082,934 |
| Oakland, CA (Oakland Metropolitan Intl.) | 31 | 3,104,087 | 5,487,002 | 5,968,718 |
| Portland, OR (Portland Intl.) | 32 | 3,587,641 | 6,005,120 | 5,784,838 |
| Washington, DC (Ronald Reagan National) | 33 | 6,836,877 | 5,784,639 | 5,551,990 |
| Washington, DC (Dulles Intl.) | 34 | 4,478,719 | 5,753,870 | 5,404,106 |
| Kansas City, MO (Kansas City Intl.) | 35 | 3,514,701 | 5,495,846 | 5,073,709 |
| San Jose, CA (Norman Y. Mineta San Jose Intl.) | 36 | 3,137,190 | 5,865,995 | 5,067,502 |
| Cleveland, OH (Hopkins Intl.) | 37 | 3,785,012 | 5,528,765 | 5,016,032 |
| New Orleans, LA (New Orleans Intl.) | 38 | 3,252,133 | 4,682,763 | 4,545,152 |
| Memphis, TN (Memphis Intl.) | 39 | 3,338,772 | 4,786,581 | 4,537,659 |
| San Juan, PR (Luis Munoz Marin Intl.) | 40 | 3,991,597 | 4,537,774 | 4,472,230 |
| Sacramento, CA (Sacramento Intl.) | 41 | 2,488,628 | 3,874,856 | 4,052,945 |
| Santa Ana, CA (John Wayne Intl.) | 42 | 2,679,000 | 3,618,717 | 3,889,774 |
| Houston, TX (William P. Hobby) | 43 | 4,004,722 | 4,120,895 | 3,817,754 |
| Raleigh-Durham, NC (Raleigh-Durham) | 44 | 4,386,144 | 4,483,332 | 3,753,975 |
| Nashville, TN (Metropolitan) | 45 | 4,469,736 | 4,080,530 | 3,753,291 |
| Indianapolis, IN (Indianapolis Intl.) | 46 | 2,835,446 | 3,410,636 | 3,206,486 |
| Austin, TX (Robert Muller Muni.) | 47 | 2,134,157 | 3,430,348 | 3,150,412 |
| San Antonio, TX (San Antonio Intl.) | 48 | 2,658,767 | 3,254,348 | 3,100,390 |
| Hartford / Springfield / Westfield CT (Bradley Intl.) | 49 | 2,149,924 | 3,310,346 | 3,047,535 |
| Ontario, CA (Ontario Intl.) | 50 | 2,978,354 | 3,105,210 | 2,979,565 |
| Top 50 airports, total |  | 375,401,641 | 498,779,534 | 482,023,067 |
| United States, all airports |  | 454,060,126 | 595,945,486 | 574,819,852 |
| Top 50 as \% of all enplanements |  | 83 | 84 | 84 |

NOTE: Rank order by total enplaned passengers on large certificated U.S. air carriers (Majors, Nationals, Large Regionals, and Medium Regionals), scheduled and nonscheduled operations, at all airports served within the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and other U.S. areas designated by the Federal Aviation Administration. These air carriers operate aircraft with more than 60 seats or a payload capacity of more than 18,000 pounds. Data for commuter and foreign-flag air carriers are not included. Data differ from those in table 1-10, which include enplaned passengers on air carriers of all types, including foreign-flag carriers.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, special tabulation, December 2003.

Table 4-6: Incoming Personal Vehicle Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 124 | 120 | 118 | 116 | 112 |
| Idaho | 219 | 219 | 209 | 198 | 185 |
| Maine | 4,026 | 3,903 | 3,909 | 3,469 | 3,072 |
| Michigan | 12,019 | 12,396 | 11,970 | 10,876 | 10,011 |
| Minnesota | 1,049 | 1,137 | 1,104 | 1,048 | 953 |
| Montana | 526 | 577 | 490 | 478 | 453 |
| New York | 10,555 | 10,658 | 10,833 | 10,581 | 10,862 |
| North Dakota | 620 | 636 | 632 | 594 | 600 |
| Vermont | 1,422 | 1,573 | 1,599 | 1,493 | 1,511 |
| Washington | 6,036 | 6,002 | 6,052 | 5,455 | 4,779 |
| United States, total | 36,597 | 37,220 | 36,915 | 34,308 | 32,539 |

Table 4-7: Incoming Passengers in Personal Vehicles, U.S.-Canadian (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 303 | 260 | 264 | $\mathbf{2 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 6}$ |
| Idaho | 497 | 526 | 510 | 484 | 404 |
| Maine | 8,549 | 8,176 | 7,968 | 6,828 | 6,054 |
| Michigan | 29,634 | 29,456 | 32,471 | 21,976 | 18,345 |
| Minnesota | 2,882 | 2,932 | 3,040 | 2,733 | 2,558 |
| Montana | 1,616 | 1,806 | 1,453 | 1,307 | 2,331 |
| New York | 26,083 | 25,478 | 25,302 | 24,370 | 25,641 |
| North Dakota | 1,577 | 1,629 | 1,675 | 1,509 | 1,576 |
| Vermont | 3,042 | 3,302 | 3,123 | 2,946 | 2,912 |
| Washington | 14,100 | 15,803 | 14,239 | 12,567 | 9,931 |
| United States, total | 88,283 | 89,369 | 90,047 | 74,971 | 70,008 |

Table 4-8: Incoming Train Passengers, U.S.-Canadian Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 31 | 28 | 35 | 34 | 30 |
| Idaho | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Maine | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Michigan | 53 | 52 | 54 | 48 | 42 |
| Minnesota | 20 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 21 |
| Montana | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| New York | 76 | 85 | 93 | 90 | 82 |
| North Dakota | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| Vermont | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Washington | 52 | 50 | 52 | 48 | 65 |
| United States, total | 246 | 249 | 270 | 254 | 225 |

SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, special tabulation, June 2003. Based on the following primary data source: U.S. Department of Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, Office of Field Operations, Operations Management Database.

Table 4-9: Incoming Bus Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 9 |
| Idaho | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ |
| Maine | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Michigan | 48 | 51 | 54 | 53 | 50 |
| Minnesota | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Montana | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| New York | 74 | 77 | 85 | 70 | 67 |
| North Dakota | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Vermont | 6 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 6 |
| Washington | 23 | 24 | 22 | 20 | 19 |
| United States, total | 173 | 182 | 189 | 169 | 161 |

Table 4-10: Incoming Passengers on Buses, U.S.-Canadian Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 150 | 156 | 149 | 139 | 141 |
| Idaho | 14 | 18 | 18 | 16 | 20 |
| Maine | 110 | 60 | 64 | 53 | 50 |
| Michigan | 767 | 864 | 1,157 | 1,269 | 1,201 |
| Minnesota | 93 | 100 | 98 | 91 | 76 |
| Montana | 44 | 54 | 40 | 36 | 28 |
| New York | 1,948 | 2,245 | 2,475 | 2,080 | 2,020 |
| North Dakota | 119 | 117 | 112 | 99 | 93 |
| Vermont | 174 | 180 | 192 | 175 | 155 |
| Washington | 550 | 573 | 567 | 498 | 430 |
| United States, total | 3,970 | 4,367 | 4,873 | 4,456 | 4,213 |

Table 4-11: Incoming Pedestrians, U.S.-Canadian Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ |
| Idaho | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Maine | 122 | 121 | 122 | 118 | 101 |
| Michigan | U | U | U | 1 | U |
| Minnesota | 45 | 26 | 28 | 29 | 26 |
| Montana | 16 | 21 | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| New York | 306 | 313 | 287 | 421 | 825 |
| North Dakota | 10 | 8 | 7 | 10 | 7 |
| Vermont | 22 | 29 | 22 | 23 | 20 |
| Washington | 74 | 67 | 102 | 137 | 94 |
| United States, total | 598 | 588 | 585 | 750 | 1,082 |

KEY: $\mathbf{U}=$ data are unavailable.
SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, special tabulation, June 2003. Based on the following primary data source: U.S. Department of Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, Office of Field Operations, Operations Management Database.

Table 4-12: Incoming Personal Vehicle Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 9,098 | 9,887 | 10,304 | 10,102 | 10,428 |
| California | 29,125 | 30,616 | 30,018 | 30,160 | 31,946 |
| New Mexico | 384 | 458 | 467 | 574 | 765 |
| Texas | 45,248 | 48,508 | 50,368 | 48,691 | 46,710 |
| United States, total | 83,854 | 89,470 | 91,157 | 89,527 | 89,849 |

Table 4-13: Incoming Passengers in Personal Vehicles, U.S.-Mexican Border
(Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 23,974 | 25,221 | 26,856 | 23,727 | 26,895 |
| California | 72,114 | 75,216 | 74,569 | 67,411 | 68,180 |
| New Mexico | 578 | 1,306 | 1,583 | 1,354 | 1,687 |
| Texas | 129,346 | 139,779 | 136,786 | 116,614 | 102,258 |
| United States, total | 226,013 | 241,522 | 239,795 | 209,106 | 199,021 |

Table 4-14: Incoming Train Passengers, U.S.-Mexican Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | U | $<1$ | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| California | 8 | 10 | 6 | 7 | 4 |
| New Mexico | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Texas | 5 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 9 |
| United States, total | 13 | 16 | 18 | 19 | 15 |

KEY FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: NA = not applicable; $U=$ data are unavailable.
SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, special tabulation, June 2003. Based on the following primary data source: U.S. Department of Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, Office of Field Operations, Operations Management Database.

Table 4-15: Incoming Bus Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 6 | 10 | 14 | 13 | 13 |
| California | 137 | 157 | 151 | 163 | 165 |
| New Mexico | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ | $<1$ |
| Texas | 120 | 121 | 105 | 111 | 130 |
| United States, total | 263 | 288 | 271 | 288 | 309 |

Table 4-16: Incoming Passengers on Buses, U.S.-Mexican Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 58 | 101 | 167 | 175 | 178 |
| California | 1,195 | 1,216 | 1,671 | 1,402 | 1,814 |
| New Mexico | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 10 |
| Texas | 2,385 | 2,040 | 1,627 | 1,786 | 1,925 |
| United States, total | 3,639 | 3,358 | 3,466 | 3,367 | 3,926 |

Table 4-17: Incoming Pedestrians, U.S.-Mexican Border (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 7,601 | 8,380 | 8,391 | 8,995 | 9,682 |
| California | 17,758 | 18,278 | 18,597 | 21,700 | 18,628 |
| New Mexico | 142 | 200 | 191 | 186 | 264 |
| Texas | 18,961 | 21,356 | 19,911 | 20,621 | 21,704 |
| United States, total | 44,462 | 48,213 | 47,090 | 51,501 | 50,278 |

SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of
Transportation Statistics, special tabulation, June 2003. Based on the following primary data source: U.S. Department of Treasury, U.S. Customs Service, Office of Field Operations, Operations Management Database.

Table 4-18: Overseas Visitors to the United States by Destination State and Territory ${ }^{1}$

|  | 1997 |  |  | 2000 |  |  | 2002 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total |
| New York | 3 | 5,274 | 21.8 | 3 | 5,922 | 22.8 | 1 | 4,492 | 23.5 |
| Florida | 2 | 6,073 | 25.1 | 2 | 6,026 | 23.2 | 2 | 4,416 | 23.1 |
| California | 1 | 6,436 | 26.6 | 1 | 6,364 | 24.5 | 3 | 4,053 | 21.2 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 3,073 | 12.7 | 4 | 2,727 | 11.2 | 4 | 1,950 | 10.2 |
| Nevada | 5 | 2,202 | 9.1 | 5 | 2,364 | 9.1 | 5 | 1,281 | 6.7 |
| Guam | 6 | 1,355 | 5.6 | 8 | 1,325 | 5.1 | 6 | 1,071 | 5.6 |
| Illinois | 8 | 1,137 | 4.7 | 7 | 1,377 | 5.3 | 6 | 1,071 | 5.6 |
| Massachusetts | 7 | 1,210 | 5.0 | 6 | 1,429 | 5.5 | 8 | 937 | 4.9 |
| Texas | 9 | 1,040 | 4.3 | 9 | 1,169 | 4.5 | 9 | 822 | 4.3 |
| New Jersey | 11 | 726 | 3.0 | 10 | 909 | 3.5 | 10 | 707 | 3.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 13 | 629 | 2.6 | 13 | 649 | 2.5 | 11 | 669 | 3.5 |
| Georgia | 12 | 653 | 2.7 | 12 | 805 | 3.1 | 12 | 593 | 3.1 |
| Arizona | 10 | 968 | 4.0 | 11 | 883 | 3.4 | 13 | 554 | 2.9 |
| Colorado | 15 | 532 | 2.2 | 14 | 519 | 2.0 | 14 | 382 | 2.0 |
| Michigan | 21 | 339 | 1.4 | 15 | 494 | 1.9 | 15 | 363 | 1.9 |
| Washington | 14 | 581 | 2.4 | 16 | 468 | 1.8 | 15 | 363 | 1.9 |
| Ohio | 17 | 436 | 1.8 | 19 | 390 | 1.5 | 17 | 325 | 1.7 |
| North Carolina | 16 | 484 | 2.0 | 17 | 416 | 1.6 | 18 | 306 | 1.6 |
| Utah | 18 | 411 | 1.7 | 17 | 416 | 1.6 | 19 | 287 | 1.5 |
| Virginia | 19 | 363 | 1.5 | 21 | 364 | 1.4 | 19 | 287 | 1.5 |
| Connecticut | 23 | 290 | 1.2 | 25 | 260 | 1.0 | 21 | 268 | 1.4 |
| Louisiana | 19 | 363 | 1.5 | 19 | 390 | 1.5 | 21 | 268 | 1.4 |
| Maryland | 24 | 266 | 1.1 | 23 | 312 | 1.2 | 23 | 229 | 1.2 |
| Tennessee | 24 | 266 | 1.1 | 24 | 286 | 1.1 | 24 | 191 | 1.0 |
| Minnesota | 24 | 266 | 1.1 | 21 | 364 | 1.4 | 25 | 172 | 0.9 |
| Oregon | 22 | 315 | 1.3 | 26 | 234 | 0.9 | 25 | 172 | 0.9 |
| South Carolina | 27 | 242 | 1.0 | 28 | 156 | 0.6 | 25 | 172 | 0.9 |
| Indiana | 30 | 169 | 0.7 | 28 | 156 | 0.6 | 28 | 134 | 0.7 |
| New Hampshire | 33 | 121 | 0.5 | 31 | 130 | 0.5 | 28 | 134 | 0.7 |
| Wisconsin | 27 | 242 | 1.0 | 27 | 208 | 0.8 | 28 | 134 | 0.7 |
| Maine | 31 | 145 | 0.6 | 32 | 104 | 0.4 | 31 | 115 | 0.6 |
| Kentucky | 36 | 97 | 0.4 | 34 | 78 | 0.3 | 32 | 96 | 0.5 |
| Missouri | 29 | 194 | 0.8 | 28 | 156 | 0.6 | 32 | 96 | 0.5 |
| New Mexico | 33 | 121 | 0.5 | 32 | 104 | 0.4 | 32 | 96 | 0.5 |
| Vermont | 36 | 97 | 0.4 | U | U | U | 32 | 96 | 0.5 |
| Alabama | 33 | 121 | 0.5 | 34 | 78 | 0.3 | 36 | 76 | 0.4 |
| Rhode Island | 36 | 97 | 0.4 | U | U | U | 36 | 76 | 0.4 |
| Wyoming | 31 | 145 | 0.6 | U | U | U | 38 | 57 | 0.3 |
| Oklahoma | 41 | 73 | 0.3 | U | U | U | 39 | 38 | 0.2 |
| United States, total |  | 24,194 |  |  | 25,974 |  |  | 19,117 |  |

${ }^{1}$ International travelers to the United States from Canada and Mexico are not included.

KEY: U = data are unavailable.

NOTES: A visitor may visit more than one state. "Share of U.S. total" represents the percent of overseas visitors visiting the state. These columns, therefore, do not sum to 100. Some states are not shown due to low sampling size of overseas visitors. The District of Columbia is included, together with the rest of its metropolitan area, in table 4-19.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Commerce, International Trade Administration, Office of Tourism Industries, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. States and Territories, annual issues, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/ as of Oct. 8, 2003.

Table 4-19: Overseas Visitors to the United States by Destination City ${ }^{1}$

|  | 1997 |  |  | 2000 |  |  | 2002 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total |
| New York City, NY | 1 | 5,008 | 20.7 | 1 | 5,714 | 22.0 | 1 | 4,244 | 22.2 |
| Los Angeles, CA | 2 | 3,920 | 16.2 | 2 | 3,533 | 13.6 | 2 | 2,256 | 11.8 |
| Miami, FL | 3 | 3,315 | 13.7 | 4 | 2,935 | 11.3 | 3 | 2,198 | 11.5 |
| Orlando, FL | 5 | 2,782 | 11.5 | 3 | 3,013 | 11.6 | 4 | 1,873 | 9.8 |
| San Francisco, CA | 4 | 2,855 | 11.8 | 5 | 2,831 | 10.9 | 5 | 1,644 | 8.6 |
| Oahu/Honolulu, HI | 6 | 2,468 | 10.2 | 7 | 2,234 | 8.6 | 6 | 1,587 | 8.3 |
| Las Vegas, NV | 7 | 2,105 | 8.7 | 6 | 2,260 | 8.7 | 7 | 1,223 | 6.4 |
| Metro DC Area, DC-MD-VA | 8 | 1,427 | 5.9 | 8 | 1,481 | 5.7 | 8 | 1,032 | 5.4 |
| Chicago, IL | 10 | 1,089 | 4.5 | 9 | 1,351 | 5.2 | 9 | 1,013 | 5.3 |
| Boston, MA | 9 | 1,137 | 4.7 | 10 | 1,325 | 5.1 | 10 | 822 | 4.3 |
| Atlanta, GA | 14 | 532 | 2.2 | 11 | 701 | 2.7 | 11 | 535 | 2.8 |
| San Diego, CA | 11 | 823 | 3.4 | 11 | 701 | 2.7 | 12 | 440 | 2.3 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 20 | 387 | 1.6 | 21 | 390 | 1.5 | 13 | 421 | 2.2 |
| Houston, TX | 17 | 460 | 1.9 | 18 | 442 | 1.7 | 14 | 363 | 1.9 |
| Tampa/St. Petersburg, FL | 13 | 556 | 2.3 | 13 | 519 | 2.0 | 14 | 363 | 1.9 |
| San Jose, CA | 19 | 411 | 1.7 | 14 | 494 | 1.9 | 16 | 344 | 1.8 |
| Anaheim, CA | 12 | 605 | 2.5 | 14 | 494 | 1.9 | 17 | 325 | 1.7 |
| Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX | 18 | 436 | 1.8 | 14 | 494 | 1.9 | 17 | 325 | 1.7 |
| Seattle, WA | 14 | 532 | 2.2 | 20 | 416 | 1.6 | 19 | 306 | 1.6 |
| Ft. Lauderdale, FL | 20 | 387 | 1.6 | 17 | 468 | 1.8 | 20 | 287 | 1.5 |
| Denver, CO | 25 | 315 | 1.3 | 26 | 286 | 1.1 | 21 | 249 | 1.3 |
| Detroit, MI | 28 | 242 | 1.0 | 23 | 338 | 1.3 | 21 | 249 | 1.3 |
| Phoenix, AZ | 20 | 387 | 1.6 | 23 | 338 | 1.3 | 21 | 249 | 1.3 |
| New Orleans, LA | 23 | 339 | 1.4 | 22 | 364 | 1.4 | 24 | 229 | 1.2 |
| Florida Keys, FL | 23 | 339 | 1.4 | 26 | 286 | 1.1 | 25 | 210 | 1.1 |
| Maui, HI | 16 | 508 | 2.1 | 18 | 442 | 1.7 | 25 | 210 | 1.1 |
| Newark, NJ | 34 | 194 | 0.8 | 26 | 286 | 1.1 | 27 | 172 | 0.9 |
| Buffalo, NY | 32 | 218 | 0.9 | 31 | 208 | 0.8 | 28 | 153 | 0.8 |
| Riverside/San Bern., CA | 26 | 266 | 1.1 | 29 | 234 | 0.9 | 28 | 153 | 0.8 |
| West Palm Beach, FL | 36 | 169 | 0.7 | 31 | 208 | 0.8 | 28 | 153 | 0.8 |
| Baltimore, MD | 39 | 145 | 0.6 | 35 | 182 | 0.7 | 31 | 134 | 0.7 |
| Minn./St. Paul, MN | 28 | 242 | 1.0 | 25 | 312 | 1.2 | 31 | 134 | 0.7 |
| Sacramento, CA | 28 | 242 | 1.0 | 31 | 208 | 0.8 | 31 | 134 | 0.7 |
| Ft. Myers, FL | 39 | 145 | 0.6 | 36 | 156 | 0.6 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 |
| Melbourne, FL | 47 | 121 | 0.5 | 36 | 156 | 0.6 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 |
| Monterey, CA | 26 | 266 | 1.1 | 29 | 234 | 0.9 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 |
| Nassau, NY | 56 | 97 | 0.4 | 48 | 104 | 0.4 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 |
| Portland, OR | 28 | 242 | 1.0 | 36 | 156 | 0.6 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 |
| Salt Lake City, UT | 39 | 145 | 0.6 | 36 | 156 | 0.6 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 |
| Sarasota, FI | 34 | 194 | 0.8 | 41 | 130 | 0.5 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 |
| Cincinnati, OH | 47 | 121 | 0.5 | 48 | 104 | 0.4 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 |
| Columbus, OH | 64 | 73 | 0.3 | 56 | 78 | 0.3 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 |
| Hawaii, HI | 32 | 218 | 0.9 | 41 | 130 | 0.5 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 |
| Oakland, CA | 39 | 145 | 0.6 | 31 | 208 | 0.8 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 |
| Pittsburgh, PA | 47 | 121 | 0.5 | 48 | 104 | 0.4 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 |
| Santa Barbara, CA | 36 | 169 | 0.7 | 41 | 130 | 0.5 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 |
| Albany, NY | U | U | U | U | U | U | 47 | 76 | 0.4 |
| Atlantic City, NJ | 56 | 97 | 0.4 | 56 | 78 | 0.3 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 |
| Austin, TX | 56 | 97 | 0.4 | 41 | 130 | 0.5 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 |
| Charlotte, NC | 47 | 121 | 0.5 | 41 | 130 | 0.5 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 |
| Indianapolis, IN | 47 | 121 | 0.5 | 56 | 78 | 0.3 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 |
| Nashville, TN | 39 | 145 | 0.6 | 36 | 156 | 0.6 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 |
| Raleigh, NC | 39 | 145 | 0.6 | 41 | 130 | 0.5 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 |
| San Antonio, TX | 56 | 97 | 0.4 | U | U | U | 47 | 76 | 0.4 |
| Cleveland, OH | 47 | 121 | 0.5 | 48 | 104 | 0.4 | 55 | 57 | 0.3 |
| Daytona Beach, FL | 39 | 145 | 0.6 | U | U | U | 55 | 57 | 0.3 |
| Jacksonville, FL | 64 | 73 | 0.3 | U | U | U | 55 | 57 | 0.3 |
| Memphis, TN | 56 | 97 | 0.4 | U | U | U | 55 | 57 | 0.3 |
| St. Louis, MO | 47 | 121 | 0.5 | 48 | 104 | 0.4 | 55 | 57 | 0.3 |
| Tucson, AZ | 47 | 121 | 0.5 | 41 | 130 | 0.5 | 55 | 57 | 0.3 |
| United States, total |  | 24,194 |  |  | 25,974 |  |  | 19,117 |  |

${ }^{1}$ International travelers to the United States from Canada and Mexico are not included.
KEY: $\mathbf{U}=$ data are unavailable.
NOTES: A visitor may visit more than one city. "Share of U.S. total" represents the percent of visitors visiting the city. These columns, therefore, do not sum to 100. Some cities are not shown due to low sampling size of overseas visitors.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Commerce, International Trade Administration, Office of Tourism Industries, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. Cities/Hawaiian Islands, annual issues, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/ as of Oct. 8, 2003.

## E Registered Vehicles and Vehicle-Miles Traveled

Table 5-1: Motor-Vehicle Registrations: 2001 (Thousands)

| State | Private and commercial |  |  |  | Partial classification of trucks ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Automobiles | Motorcycles | Buses | Trucks ${ }^{1}$ | Truck tractors | Pickups | Vans | Sport utilities | Other light ${ }^{3}$ |
| Alabama | 1,749 | 55 | 2 | 2,434 | 77 | 1,248 | 339 | 235 | 515 |
| Alaska | 240 | 17 | 2 | 343 | 3 | 179 | 49 | 104 | 4 |
| Arizona | 2,247 | 191 | 1 | 1,679 | 20 | 867 | 279 | 475 | 12 |
| Arkansas | 964 | 29 | 1 | 872 | 14 | 548 | 115 | 191 | 29 |
| California | 17,727 | 473 | 32 | 10,532 | 124 | 3,985 | 2,232 | 3,063 | 60 |
| Colorado | 2,357 | 195 | 2 | 2,249 | 13 | 921 | 321 | 789 | 189 |
| Connecticut | 2,040 | 52 | 9 | 828 | 3 | 288 | 209 | 320 | 6 |
| Delaware | 402 | 13 | 1 | 238 | 4 | 92 | 58 | 78 | 4 |
| District of Columbia | 199 | 1 | 2 | 36 | 0 | 6 | 11 | 16 | 1 |
| Florida | 8,835 | 299 | 6 | 5,206 | 119 | 1,919 | 1,215 | 1,537 | 30 |
| Georgia | 4,059 | 91 | 4 | 3,136 | 75 | 1,472 | 534 | 858 | 17 |
| Hawaii | 521 | 21 | 3 | 327 | 1 | 150 | 79 | 92 | 3 |
| Idaho | 572 | 39 | 1 | 725 | 13 | 398 | 83 | 161 | 5 |
| Illinois | 6,356 | 257 | 17 | 3,403 | 71 | 1,206 | 967 | 980 | 55 |
| Indiana | 3,206 | 127 | 9 | 2,325 | 58 | 1,092 | 533 | 505 | 61 |
| lowa | 1,860 | 138 | 2 | 1,408 | 59 | 688 | 275 | 251 | 33 |
| Kansas | 834 | 51 | 1 | 1,465 | 28 | 599 | 317 | 365 | 100 |
| Kentucky | 2,099 | 46 | 2 | 1,481 | 28 | 841 | 244 | 312 | 112 |
| Louisiana | 1,953 | 50 | 15 | 1,570 | 33 | 942 | 220 | 332 | 111 |
| Maine | 613 | 33 | 1 | 386 | 4 | 208 | 67 | 97 | 8 |
| Maryland | 2,582 | 55 | 7 | 1,308 | 16 | 459 | 361 | 447 | 20 |
| Massachusetts | 3,513 | 115 | 11 | 1,616 | 13 | 535 | 425 | 619 | 21 |
| Michigan | 4,856 | 198 | 11 | 3,447 | 71 | 1,369 | 879 | 939 | 62 |
| Minnesota | 2,555 | 152 | 7 | 1,950 | 33 | 808 | 413 | 462 | 64 |
| Mississippi | 1,137 | 27 | 4 | 780 | 9 | 491 | 98 | 158 | 5 |
| Missouri | 2,483 | 64 | 4 | 1,688 | 45 | 864 | 325 | 374 | 75 |
| Montana | 454 | 26 | 1 | 552 | 16 | 315 | 59 | 111 | 118 |
| Nebraska | 821 | 23 | 1 | 773 | 36 | 374 | 133 | 162 | 153 |
| Nevada | 669 | 32 | 2 | 584 | 7 | 252 | 81 | 174 | 3 |
| New Hampshire | 680 | 53 | 1 | 402 | 6 | 174 | 85 | 124 | 4 |
| New Jersey | 4,472 | 125 | 19 | 1,938 | 11 | 490 | 591 | 827 | 31 |
| New Mexico | 657 | 28 | 2 | 731 | 12 | 393 | 91 | 168 | 21 |
| New York | 7,517 | 118 | 23 | 2,450 | 12 | 555 | 617 | 732 | 60 |
| North Carolina | 3,684 | 86 | 10 | 2,387 | 56 | 1,138 | 427 | 603 | 97 |
| North Dakota | 344 | 18 | 1 | 349 | 9 | 176 | 50 | 63 | 40 |
| Ohio | 6,616 | 268 | 16 | 3,775 | 44 | 1,598 | 1,026 | 920 | 53 |
| Oklahoma | 1,737 | 77 | 2 | 1,467 | 17 | 821 | 190 | 271 | 176 |
| Oregon | 1,533 | 72 | 4 | 1,435 | 20 | 711 | 247 | 360 | 29 |
| Pennsylvania | 6,184 | 237 | 28 | 3,297 | 73 | 1,134 | 767 | 1,046 | 18 |
| Rhode Island | 532 | 21 | 2 | 221 | 3 | 88 | 54 | 65 | 1 |
| South Carolina | 1,909 | 56 | 5 | 1,180 | 19 | 604 | 213 | 311 | 34 |
| South Dakota | 385 | 31 | 1 | 398 | 17 | 188 | 55 | 74 | 2 |
| Tennessee | 2,991 | 84 | 4 | 2,056 | 61 | 1,107 | 346 | 520 | 52 |
| Texas | 7,618 | 210 | 17 | 6,347 | 158 | 3,358 | 924 | 1,774 | 212 |
| Utah | 913 | 39 | 0 | 811 | 32 | 374 | 118 | 254 | 60 |
| Vermont | 299 | 24 | 1 | 224 | 3 | 109 | 41 | 64 | 4 |
| Virginia | 3,941 | 65 | 3 | 2,140 | 34 | 899 | 460 | 655 | 37 |
| Washington | 2,884 | 123 | 3 | 2,224 | 27 | 1,044 | 425 | 598 | 37 |
| West Virginia | 771 | 27 | 1 | 632 | 10 | 350 | 90 | 153 | 6 |
| Wisconsin | 2,563 | 209 | 9 | 1,834 | 39 | 778 | 451 | 427 | 102 |
| Wyoming | 206 | 21 | 1 | 346 | 4 | 205 | 34 | 84 | 7 |
| United States, total | 136,341 | 4,862 | 318 | 89,988 | 1,664 | 39,410 | 18,222 | 24,298 | 2,959 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes light trucks (pickups, vans, sport utility vehicles, and other light trucks) as well as medium and large trucks.
${ }^{2}$ May not add to total because some trucks may be unclassified and other trucks may be included more than once. For instance, a truck-tractor in farm use could appear in both columns.
${ }^{3}$ Includes farm trucks.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2001 , Washington, DC: 2002, tables MV-1 and MV-9, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/ohimstat.htm as of October 2003.

Table 5-2: Trailer and Semi-Trailer Registrations: $2001{ }^{1}$

| State | Private and commercial |  |  | Publicly owned |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Commercial trailers ${ }^{2}$ | Light farm trailers, car trailers, etc. ${ }^{3}$ | House trailers ${ }^{4}$ | Federal government | State, county, municipal government |
| Alabama | 65,711 | 72,877 | 18,047 | 14 | 1,104 |
| Alaska | 9,901 | 90,717 | U | 127 | 1,591 |
| Arizona | 74,407 | 258,937 | 117,609 | 94 | 3,908 |
| Arkansas | 44,347 | 409,231 | 12,866 | 5 | 274 |
| California | 719,915 | 1,564,833 | 570,586 | 362 | 53,089 |
| Colorado | 147,997 | 347,913 | 146,492 | 79 | 2,123 |
| Connecticut | 59,076 | 118,686 | U | 12 | 2,779 |
| Delaware | 22,349 | 33,544 | U | 7 | 900 |
| District of Columbia | 80 | 858 | U | 148 | 345 |
| Florida | 70,016 | 1,302,887 | U | 178 | 28,990 |
| Georgia | 155,184 | 517,222 | 36,504 | 126 | 4,179 |
| Hawaii | 3,916 | 18,543 | U | 4 | 1,010 |
| Idaho | 27,838 | 73,342 | 56,937 | 58 | 2,882 |
| Illinois | 117,957 | 531,181 | 125,126 | 226 | 336 |
| Indiana | 65,326 | 369,504 | 99,053 | 38 | 2,198 |
| lowa | 132,180 | 321,840 | 74,819 | 20 | 6,094 |
| Kansas | 72,907 | 21,059 | 16,566 | 23 | 921 |
| Kentucky | 25,927 | 30,297 | 35,012 | 59 | 131 |
| Louisiana | 214,966 | 303,535 | 9,764 | 25 | 2,869 |
| Maine | 734,359 | 113,845 | U | 8 | 2,196 |
| Maryland | 19,207 | 233,237 | U | 101 | 409 |
| Massachusetts | 25,131 | 268,972 | U | 71 | 197 |
| Michigan | 119,220 | 891,501 | 146,412 | 83 | 4,566 |
| Minnesota | 180,518 | 751,841 | 99,380 | 80 | 3,045 |
| Mississippi | 34,592 | 61,938 | 9,130 | 31 | 1,732 |
| Missouri | 93,137 | 480,841 | U | 121 | 457 |
| Montana | 23,900 | 127,615 | 56,853 | 51 | 2,565 |
| Nebraska | 97,690 | 195,156 | U | 12 | 1,125 |
| Nevada | 10,211 | 77,948 | 34,662 | 46 | 1,166 |
| New Hampshire | 11,558 | 123,654 | U | 3 | 1,159 |
| New Jersey | 21,259 | 336,613 | U | 156 | 101 |
| New Mexico | 40,022 | 28,654 | 31,827 | 136 | 3,282 |
| New York | 16,263 | 495,264 | U | 345 | 9,142 |
| North Carolina | 85,447 | 623,781 | 1,548 | 44 | 7,791 |
| North Dakota | 24,639 | 29,537 | 17,608 | 10 | 1,067 |
| Ohio | 113,822 | 512,411 | 109,964 | 121 | 10,181 |
| Oklahoma | 118,692 | 73,535 | 9,215 | 34 | 2,056 |
| Oregon | 51,044 | 142,456 | 119,239 | 96 | 10,662 |
| Pennsylvania | 149,577 | 475,400 | 237,060 | 200 | 4,366 |
| Rhode Island | 6,030 | 42,672 | U | 8 | 963 |
| South Carolina | 16,991 | 31,494 | 133 | 32 | 1,194 |
| South Dakota | 48,615 | 62,206 | 45,340 | 30 | 1,355 |
| Tennessee | 75,980 | 44,581 | 197 | 69 | 355 |
| Texas | 247,158 | 1,400,650 | U | 176 | 33,741 |
| Utah | 35,903 | 54,164 | 52,242 | 73 | 467 |
| Vermont | 4,783 | 75,853 | U | 2 | 1,131 |
| Virginia | 84,267 | 172,631 | 73,812 | 58 | 2,762 |
| Washington | 53,461 | 479,753 | 101,174 | 154 | 2,129 |
| West Virginia | 49,890 | 66,813 | 33,448 | 9 | 3,613 |
| Wisconsin | 224,903 | 18,783 | 45,098 | 27 | 1,645 |
| Wyoming | 16,081 | 215,516 | 26,892 | 86 | 1,103 |
| United States, total | 4,864,350 | 15,096,321 | 2,570,615 | 4,078 | 233,446 |

${ }^{1}$ The completeness of data on trailer registrations varies greatly among states. Data are reported to the extent available and, in some cases, are supplemented by estimates of the Federal Highway Administration.
${ }^{2}$ This column includes all commercial type vehicles and semi-trailers that are in private or for-hire use.
${ }^{3}$ Several states do not require the registration of light farm or automobile trailers.
${ }^{4}$ Some states may not require the registrations of mobile homes and house trailers. In states where this classification is not available, house trailers are included with light car trailers.

KEY: U = data are unavailable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2001, Washington, DC: 2003, table MV-11.

Table 5-3: Highway Vehicle-Miles Traveled (VMT)

| State | 1997 |  | 2002 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total VMT (millions) | VMT per capita | Total VMT (millions) | VMT per capita |
| Alabama | 53,458 | 12,239 | 57,515 | 12,820 |
| Alaska | 4,387 | 7,157 | 4,896 | 7,605 |
| Arizona | 43,491 | 9,181 | 51,334 | 9,408 |
| Arkansas | 28,076 | 10,794 | 30,080 | 11,099 |
| California | 279,096 | 8,591 | 320,942 | 9,139 |
| Colorado | 37,746 | 9,394 | 43,545 | 9,663 |
| Connecticut | 28,552 | 8,526 | 31,205 | 9,017 |
| Delaware | 8,008 | 10,663 | 8,875 | 10,992 |
| District of Columbia | 3,326 | 5,856 | 3,547 | 6,213 |
| Florida | 134,027 | 8,826 | 178,367 | 10,672 |
| Georgia | 93,530 | 12,170 | 108,321 | 12,654 |
| Hawaii | 7,947 | 6,557 | 8,886 | 7,138 |
| Idaho | 12,880 | 10,480 | 14,167 | 10,563 |
| Illinois | 99,319 | 8,150 | 105,401 | 8,365 |
| Indiana | 68,633 | 11,525 | 72,523 | 11,775 |
| lowa | 27,984 | 9,680 | 30,847 | 10,504 |
| Kansas | 26,524 | 10,066 | 28,443 | 10,473 |
| Kentucky | 43,520 | 11,009 | 46,841 | 11,444 |
| Louisiana | 38,099 | 8,618 | 43,295 | 9,658 |
| Maine | 13,245 | 10,554 | 14,727 | 11,377 |
| Maryland | 46,812 | 9,077 | 53,702 | 9,839 |
| Massachusetts | 50,468 | 8,106 | 53,266 | 8,287 |
| Michigan | 91,494 | 9,328 | 100,144 | 9,964 |
| Minnesota | 49,082 | 10,305 | 54,562 | 10,870 |
| Mississippi | 31,519 | 11,350 | 36,429 | 12,685 |
| Missouri | 62,980 | 11,491 | 68,163 | 12,016 |
| Montana | 9,392 | 10,553 | 10,395 | 11,430 |
| Nebraska | 17,077 | 10,129 | 18,719 | 10,825 |
| Nevada | 16,309 | 9,245 | 17,966 | 8,266 |
| New Hampshire | 11,202 | 9,421 | 12,578 | 9,865 |
| New Jersey | 62,784 | 7,639 | 69,942 | 8,142 |
| New Mexico | 21,937 | 12,359 | 22,789 | 12,285 |
| New York | 120,779 | 6,474 | 133,057 | 6,945 |
| North Carolina | 81,893 | 10,695 | 92,894 | 11,165 |
| North Dakota | 7,122 | 10,957 | 7,336 | 11,569 |
| Ohio | 103,677 | 9,194 | 107,861 | 9,444 |
| Oklahoma | 41,400 | 12,274 | 45,731 | 13,090 |
| Oregon | 32,268 | 9,766 | 34,578 | 9,819 |
| Pennsylvania | 98,015 | 8,016 | 104,476 | 8,470 |
| Rhode Island | 7,072 | 6,900 | 8,142 | 7,611 |
| South Carolina | 41,333 | 10,708 | 47,290 | 11,514 |
| South Dakota | 7,939 | 10,671 | 8,499 | 11,167 |
| Tennessee | 60,526 | 11,007 | 68,229 | 11,769 |
| Texas | 198,702 | 10,066 | 221,026 | 10,148 |
| Utah | 20,444 | 9,643 | 24,564 | 10,605 |
| Vermont | 6,466 | 10,831 | 9,677 | 15,694 |
| Virginia | 70,320 | 10,297 | 77,450 | 10,619 |
| Washington | 51,068 | 8,999 | 54,776 | 9,026 |
| West Virginia | 18,324 | 10,074 | 20,005 | 11,102 |
| Wisconsin | 54,405 | 10,331 | 58,746 | 10,797 |
| Wyoming | 7,576 | 15,493 | 9,007 | 18,061 |
| United States | 2,552,233 | 9,361 | 2,855,756 | 9,903 |

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, annual editions, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/ohimstat.htm as of Dec. 1, 2003; U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, table ST-EST2002-ASRO-01 available at http://eire.census.gov/popest/estimates.php as of Dec. 1, 2003.

Table 5-4: Highway, Demographic, and Geographic Characteristics of 30 Largest Urbanized Areas: 2002

| Federal-aid urbanized area ${ }^{1}$ | State(s) | Total roadway miles | Total DVMT (thousands) | Estimated population (thousands) | Net land area (square miles) | Persons per square mile | Miles of roadway per thousand persons | Total DVMT per capita | Total estimated freeway lane miles ${ }^{2}$ | Average daily traffic per freeway lane mile |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York-Newark | NY, NJ | 37,854 | 274,767 | 17,307 | 3,962 | 4,368 | 2.2 | 15.9 | 6,766 | 15,548 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana | CA | 26,329 | 292,516 | 12,365 | 2,231 | 5,542 | 2.1 | 23.7 | 5,849 | 23,139 |
| Chicago | IL, IN | 23,832 | 165,494 | 7,702 | 2,730 | 2,821 | 3.1 | 21.5 | 2,659 | 19,342 |
| Miami | FL | 15,436 | 120,131 | 5,021 | 1,590 | 3,158 | 3.1 | 23.9 | 1,917 | 18,626 |
| Philadelphia | PA, NJ, DE, MD | 15,743 | 93,445 | 4,813 | 1,590 | 3,027 | 3.3 | 19.4 | 2,084 | 14,765 |
| San Francisco-Oakland | CA | 9,461 | 91,945 | 4,120 | 1,203 | 3,425 | 2.3 | 22.3 | 2,414 | 20,125 |
| Boston | MA, NH, RI | 13,809 | 80,693 | 3,854 | 1,695 | 2,274 | 3.6 | 20.9 | 2,014 | 16,446 |
| Detroit | MI | 13,755 | 96,388 | 3,835 | 1,304 | 2,941 | 3.6 | 25.1 | 1,795 | 17,616 |
| Washington | DC, MD, VA | 10,561 | 86,519 | 3,807 | 999 | 3,811 | 2.8 | 22.7 | 1,960 | 18,466 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington | TX | 17,778 | 107,298 | 3,746 | 1,727 | 2,169 | 4.7 | 28.6 | 3,086 | 16,517 |
| Phoenix-Mesa | AZ | 10,684 | 62,566 | 2,949 | 1,054 | 2,798 | 3.6 | 21.2 | 1,269 | 17,758 |
| Atlanta | GA | 13,438 | 101,402 | 2,873 | 1,757 | 1,635 | 4.7 | 35.3 | 2,252 | 19,263 |
| San Diego | CA | 6,331 | 66,391 | 2,823 | 733 | 3,851 | 2.2 | 23.5 | 1,830 | 18,307 |
| Seattle | WA | 10,094 | 67,330 | 2,746 | 1,185 | 2,317 | 3.7 | 24.5 | 1,740 | 17,512 |
| Houston | TX | 15,572 | 97,614 | 2,487 | 1,476 | 1,685 | 6.3 | 39.2 | 2,373 | 19,034 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | MN | 10,980 | 62,430 | 2,440 | 1,192 | 2,047 | 4.5 | 25.6 | 1,587 | 17,051 |
| Baltimore | MD | 7,060 | 50,256 | 2,295 | 764 | 3,004 | 3.1 | 21.9 | 1,526 | 16,659 |
| St. Louis | MO, IL | 9,123 | 60,292 | 2,067 | 1,124 | 1,839 | 4.4 | 29.2 | 1,773 | 14,537 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg | FL | 9,852 | 55,540 | 2,023 | 1,294 | 1,563 | 4.9 | 27.5 | 658 | 14,249 |
| Denver-Aurora | CO | 7,261 | 45,479 | 1,989 | 720 | 2,763 | 3.7 | 22.9 | 1,029 | 16,601 |
| San Juan | PR | 4,498 | 26,081 | 1,824 | 514 | 3,549 | 2.5 | 14.3 | 658 | 15,221 |
| Cleveland | OH | 6,975 | 36,757 | 1,785 | 838 | 2,130 | 3.9 | 20.6 | 1,302 | 12,886 |
| San Jose | CA | 4,114 | 39,637 | 1,663 | 365 | 4,556 | 2.5 | 23.8 | 894 | 18,749 |
| Portland | OR, WA | 5,750 | 31,826 | 1,610 | 469 | 3,433 | 3.6 | 19.8 | 712 | 18,117 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino | CA | 4,754 | 35,458 | 1,599 | 514 | 3,111 | 3.0 | 22.2 | 895 | 20,467 |
| Pittsburgh | PA | 8,508 | 36,154 | 1,569 | 1,086 | 1,445 | 5.4 | 23.0 | 1,216 | 9,620 |
| Virginia Beach | VA | 5,604 | 35,639 | 1,530 | 952 | 1,607 | 3.7 | 23.3 | 939 | 13,269 |
| Sacramento | CA | 4,615 | 30,521 | 1,508 | 383 | 3,937 | 3.1 | 20.2 | 707 | 18,696 |
| Kansas City | MO, KS | 7,896 | 42,262 | 1,474 | 1,036 | 1,423 | 5.4 | 28.7 | 1,772 | 11,326 |
| Las Vegas | NV | 3,206 | 26,408 | 1,456 | 270 | 5,393 | 2.2 | 18.1 | 480 | 16,639 |

[^1]KEY: DVMT = daily vehicle-miles of travel.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, 2002, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/ohimstat.htm as of Dec. 1, 2003.

Table 5-5: Recreational Boat Registrations by Propulsion Type:

| State | Powered | Nonpowered | Other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 258,049 | 3,565 | 402 | 262,016 |
| Alaska | 34,297 | 5,022 | 1,791 | 41,110 |
| Arizona | 141,349 | 41 | 7,233 | 148,623 |
| Arkansas | 181,232 | 447 | 18,034 | 199,713 |
| California | 876,574 | 55,512 | 25,377 | 957,463 |
| Colorado | 99,404 | 4,355 | 717 | 104,476 |
| Connecticut | 104,354 | 693 | 315 | 105,362 |
| Delaware | 46,963 | 0 | 523 | 47,486 |
| District of Columbia | 1,669 | 309 | 6 | 1,984 |
| Florida | 866,204 | 12,409 | 24,351 | 902,964 |
| Georgia | 310,300 | 4,691 | 12,035 | 327,026 |
| Hawaii | 13,317 | 586 | 0 | 13,903 |
| Idaho | 78,298 | 787 | 2,847 | 81,932 |
| Illinois | 332,406 | 24,887 | 12,333 | 369,626 |
| Indiana | 207,567 | 1,362 | 9,326 | 218,255 |
| lowa | 174,873 | 28,659 | 7,309 | 210,841 |
| Kansas | 97,851 | 4,583 | 321 | 102,755 |
| Kentucky | 160,553 | 0 | 11,377 | 171,930 |
| Louisiana | 322,779 | 0 | 0 | 322,779 |
| Maine | 119,243 | 0 | 0 | 119,243 |
| Maryland | 187,458 | 481 | 9,066 | 197,005 |
| Massachusetts | 146,475 | 0 | 0 | 146,475 |
| Michigan | 944,025 | 29,286 | 30,636 | 1,003,947 |
| Minnesota | 618,038 | 195,764 | 12,246 | 826,048 |
| Mississippi | 300,562 | 408 | 0 | 300,970 |
| Missouri | 332,114 | 3,371 | 36 | 335,521 |
| Montana | 50,300 | 508 | 0 | 50,808 |
| Nebraska | 73,125 | 741 | 787 | 74,653 |
| Nevada | 60,130 | 435 | 557 | 61,122 |
| New Hampshire | 95,277 | 4,243 | 0 | 99,520 |
| New Jersey | 199,128 | 7,008 | 426 | 206,562 |
| New Mexico | 34,568 | 1,194 | 365 | 36,127 |
| New York | 517,102 | 0 | 9,088 | 526,190 |
| North Carolina | 344,722 | 1,820 | 7,018 | 353,560 |
| North Dakota | 50,494 | 609 | 380 | 51,483 |
| Ohio | 327,437 | 68,886 | 18,335 | 414,658 |
| Oklahoma | 229,454 | 0 | 0 | 229,454 |
| Oregon | 192,621 | 0 | 3,015 | 195,636 |
| Pennsylvania | 321,977 | 29,248 | 8,300 | 359,525 |
| Rhode Island | 41,224 | 0 | 0 | 41,224 |
| South Carolina | 360,056 | 19,882 | 2,134 | 382,072 |
| South Dakota | 46,874 | 0 | 4,352 | 51,226 |
| Tennessee | 255,609 | 1,061 | 0 | 256,670 |
| Texas | 611,370 | 2,162 | 7,712 | 621,244 |
| Utah | 78,191 | 1,395 | 0 | 79,586 |
| Vermont | 33,844 | 0 | 144 | 33,988 |
| Virginia | 234,533 | 250 | 5,726 | 240,509 |
| Washington | 260,335 | 0 | 0 | 260,335 |
| West Virginia | 63,061 | 0 | 0 | 63,061 |
| Wisconsin | 564,448 | 11,251 | 221 | 575,920 |
| Wyoming | 26,890 | 331 | 0 | 27,221 |
| United States, total | 12,028,724 | 528,242 | 254,841 | 12,811,807 |

NOTES: Data are derived from reports of states and other jurisdiction with varying registration categories. "Other" includes boats not elsewhere classified by the reporting jurisdiction. U.S. totals include Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands. U.S. total does not include sailboards, which are numbered in some states.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard, Boating Statistics, 2001, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://www.uscgboating.org/Saf/pdf/Boating_Statistics_2001.pdf as of Sept. 16, 2003.

Table 5-6: General Aviation and Air Taxi Aircraft and Hours Flown: (Excludes commuter aircraft)

| State | Active aircraft | Hours flown (thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 3,012 | 465 |
| Alaska | 5,714 | 717 |
| Arizona | 6,707 | 1,075 |
| Arkansas | 2,730 | 471 |
| California | 22,708 | 2,934 |
| Colorado | 5,104 | 632 |
| Connecticut | 1,573 | 203 |
| Delaware | 1,938 | 359 |
| District of Columbia | 39 | 9 |
| Florida | 14,773 | 2,256 |
| Georgia | 5,324 | 959 |
| Hawaii | 282 | 68 |
| Idaho | 2,504 | 265 |
| Illinois | 6,041 | 740 |
| Indiana | 4,143 | 484 |
| lowa | 3,156 | 433 |
| Kansas | 3,361 | 466 |
| Kentucky | 2,191 | 274 |
| Louisiana | 2,355 | 463 |
| Maine | 1,207 | 143 |
| Maryland | 2,784 | 396 |
| Massachusetts | 2,600 | 366 |
| Michigan | 6,234 | 667 |
| Minnesota | 5,928 | 649 |
| Mississippi | 1,893 | 313 |
| Missouri | 3,503 | 474 |
| Montana | 2,180 | 459 |
| Nebraska | 1,919 | 369 |
| Nevada | 2,563 | 334 |
| New Hampshire | 1,753 | 196 |
| New Jersey | 3,917 | 543 |
| New Mexico | 2,486 | 291 |
| New York | 5,570 | 700 |
| North Carolina | 5,272 | 645 |
| North Dakota | 1,434 | 230 |
| Ohio | 7,325 | 869 |
| Oklahoma | 3,421 | 481 |
| Oregon | 4,955 | 620 |
| Pennsylvania | 5,825 | 887 |
| Rhode Island | 232 | 27 |
| South Carolina | 2,152 | 345 |
| South Dakota | 971 | 114 |
| Tennessee | 3,610 | 599 |
| Texas | 17,564 | 2,377 |
| Utah | 1,653 | 273 |
| Vermont | 546 | 40 |
| Virginia | 4,451 | 532 |
| Washington | 6,666 | 1,037 |
| West Virginia | 1,071 | 106 |
| Wisconsin | 4,667 | 501 |
| Wyoming | 1,030 | 151 |
| United States, total | 211,446 | 29,133 |

NOTE: These data are derived from a sample survey of general aviation and air taxi aircraft and are estimates subject to sampling and nonsampling error.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, General Aviation and Air Taxi Activity Survey: 2001, Washington, DC: February 2003, available at http://api.hq.faa.gov/gasurvey2001/index.htm as of Oct. 27, 2003.

Table 5-7: Active Aviation Pilots and Flight Instructors: 2001 ${ }^{1}$

| State | Total | Students | Airplane pilots ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Misc. ${ }^{3}$ | Flight instructor ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Private | Commercial | Airline transport |  |  |
| Alabama | 7,148 | 1,087 | 3,004 | 1,677 | 1,099 | 281 | 955 |
| Alaska | 8,415 | 791 | 3,526 | 2,120 | 1,901 | 77 | 1,117 |
| Arizona | 16,974 | 2,123 | 6,139 | 3,338 | 4,783 | 591 | 2,758 |
| Arkansas | 4,794 | 707 | 2,044 | 1,168 | 814 | 61 | 648 |
| California | 68,442 | 9,477 | 30,284 | 13,186 | 12,678 | 2,817 | 9,016 |
| Colorado | 17,406 | 2,279 | 6,185 | 3,139 | 5,193 | 610 | 2,667 |
| Connecticut | 6,204 | 832 | 2,562 | 972 | 1,630 | 208 | 869 |
| Delaware | 1,503 | 259 | 539 | 245 | 422 | 38 | 225 |
| District of Columbia | 457 | 80 | 192 | 97 | 63 | 25 | 52 |
| Florida | 47,420 | 6,301 | 16,009 | 10,170 | 14,048 | 892 | 7,324 |
| Georgia | 18,611 | 2,434 | 6,166 | 2,960 | 6,745 | 306 | 2,277 |
| Hawaii | 3,046 | 529 | 670 | 594 | 1,052 | 201 | 437 |
| Idaho | 4,330 | 508 | 2,053 | 948 | 727 | 94 | 558 |
| Illinois | 20,709 | 3,029 | 8,764 | 3,836 | 4,688 | 392 | 3,117 |
| Indiana | 11,453 | 1,694 | 5,588 | 2,052 | 1,974 | 145 | 1,537 |
| lowa | 5,919 | 845 | 3,222 | 1,120 | 679 | 53 | 768 |
| Kansas | 8,398 | 1,175 | 4,079 | 1,744 | 1,299 | 101 | 1,231 |
| Kentucky | 6,596 | 942 | 2,291 | 1,098 | 2,187 | 78 | 935 |
| Louisiana | 5,756 | 799 | 2,207 | 1,433 | 1,068 | 249 | 687 |
| Maine | 3,055 | 418 | 1,445 | 619 | 543 | 30 | 380 |
| Maryland | 8,274 | 1,207 | 3,354 | 1,561 | 1,901 | 251 | 1,224 |
| Massachusetts | 9,266 | 1,422 | 4,397 | 1,643 | 1,473 | 331 | 1,203 |
| Michigan | 16,967 | 2,621 | 8,202 | 2,906 | 2,891 | 347 | 2,358 |
| Minnesota | 15,376 | 2,148 | 6,631 | 2,926 | 3,489 | 182 | 2,080 |
| Mississippi | 3,951 | 513 | 1,568 | 1,030 | 757 | 83 | 495 |
| Missouri | 10,592 | 1,381 | 4,753 | 2,006 | 2,299 | 153 | 1,560 |
| Montana | 3,571 | 463 | 1,672 | 893 | 476 | 67 | 451 |
| Nebraska | 4,031 | 609 | 1,995 | 868 | 533 | 26 | 423 |
| Nevada | 6,310 | 711 | 2,097 | 1,128 | 2,140 | 234 | 887 |
| New Hampshire | 4,207 | 451 | 1,518 | 682 | 1,452 | 104 | 633 |
| New Jersey | 10,967 | 1,638 | 4,673 | 1,830 | 2,438 | 388 | 1,524 |
| New Mexico | 4,421 | 708 | 1,805 | 978 | 784 | 146 | 542 |
| New York | 17,902 | 3,292 | 7,702 | 3,266 | 2,870 | 772 | 2,525 |
| North Carolina | 14,480 | 1,921 | 5,975 | 2,611 | 3,720 | 253 | 1,762 |
| North Dakota | 2,472 | 437 | 1,122 | 701 | 198 | 14 | 294 |
| Ohio | 18,959 | 2,702 | 8,486 | 3,349 | 4,022 | 400 | 2,914 |
| Oklahoma | 8,352 | 1,319 | 3,684 | 1,868 | 1,401 | 80 | 1,164 |
| Oregon | 9,668 | 1,457 | 4,808 | 1,923 | 1,211 | 269 | 1,178 |
| Pennsylvania | 17,812 | 2,526 | 7,465 | 3,102 | 4,196 | 523 | 2,594 |
| Rhode Island | 1,133 | 161 | 512 | 212 | 227 | 21 | 136 |
| South Carolina | 6,150 | 788 | 2,655 | 1,276 | 1,301 | 130 | 745 |
| South Dakota | 2,226 | 349 | 1,029 | 532 | 297 | 19 | 263 |
| Tennessee | 12,071 | 1,501 | 4,315 | 2,087 | 3,931 | 237 | 1,662 |
| Texas | 47,533 | 6,075 | 16,325 | 8,901 | 15,214 | 1,018 | 6,590 |
| Utah | 6,953 | 1,312 | 2,738 | 1,235 | 1,554 | 114 | 863 |
| Vermont | 1,435 | 203 | 668 | 252 | 254 | 58 | 161 |
| Virginia | 14,412 | 1,795 | 5,024 | 2,833 | 4,363 | 397 | 2,061 |
| Washington | 20,730 | 2,786 | 7,932 | 3,883 | 5,584 | 545 | 2,789 |
| West Virginia | 1,912 | 289 | 904 | 386 | 301 | 32 | 280 |
| Wisconsin | 11,055 | 1,621 | 5,541 | 1,873 | 1,926 | 94 | 1,499 |
| Wyoming | 1,773 | 234 | 873 | 352 | 285 | 29 | 211 |
| United States, total | 581,597 | 80,949 | 237,392 | 111,609 | 137,081 | 14,566 | 80,629 |

${ }^{1}$ An active pilot is a person who holds a pilot certificate and a valid medical certificate issued within the last 25 months.
${ }^{2}$ Includes pilots with an airplane only certificate and those with an airplane and a helicopter and/or glider certificate.
${ }^{3}$ Includes helicopter, glider, and recreational pilots. Does not include pilots holding an airplane certificate. A
recreational pilot may fly no more than one passenger in a light, single engine aircraft with no more than four seats during good weather and daylight hours and, unless authorized, no more than 50 miles from the home airport.
${ }^{4}$ Not included in total. A flight instructor must hold a flight instructor certificate in addition to a pilot certificate.
NOTE: Excludes U.S. military personnel holding civilian certificates who are stationed in a foreign country and pilots in U.S. territories.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, U.S. Civil Airmen Statistics 2001, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://api.hq.faa.gov/civilair2001/index.htm as of Oct. 28, 2003.

## F Economy and Finance

Table 6-1: Transportation and Warehousing Establishments and Employment: 2001

| State | Establishments ${ }^{1}$ (number) | Number of employees | Annual payroll (\$ thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 3,101 | 47,494 | 1,457,563 |
| Alaska | 982 | 18,104 | 833,909 |
| Arizona | 2,605 | 73,585 | 2,380,219 |
| Arkansas | 2,413 | 43,379 | 1,449,396 |
| California | 17,776 | 421,195 | 15,007,867 |
| Colorado | 2,879 | 59,553 | 2,154,069 |
| Connecticut | 1,572 | 34,721 | 1,143,723 |
| Delaware | 651 | 7,350 | 219,387 |
| District of Columbia | 210 | 3,797 | 126,817 |
| Florida | 10,730 | 183,265 | 6,038,755 |
| Georgia | 5,199 | 122,828 | 4,679,237 |
| Hawaii | 708 | 23,278 | 732,711 |
| Idaho | 1,367 | 12,526 | 308,850 |
| Illinois | 9,425 | 213,334 | 7,824,108 |
| Indiana | 4,527 | 93,458 | 2,944,166 |
| lowa | 3,286 | 40,735 | 1,208,851 |
| Kansas | 2,463 | 35,323 | 1,089,405 |
| Kentucky | 2,990 | 66,627 | 2,686,520 |
| Louisiana | 3,632 | 65,579 | 2,270,283 |
| Maine | 1,294 | 10,755 | 289,623 |
| Maryland | 3,359 | 54,324 | 1,749,740 |
| Massachusetts | 3,429 | 72,008 | 2,388,601 |
| Michigan | 5,214 | 97,145 | 3,574,254 |
| Minnesota | 4,082 | 79,090 | 2,774,789 |
| Mississippi | 2,199 | 25,262 | 756,621 |
| Missouri | 4,867 | 85,862 | 2,704,789 |
| Montana | 1,117 | 9,674 | 261,032 |
| Nebraska | 2,172 | 28,623 | 929,619 |
| Nevada | 1,030 | 30,154 | 775,395 |
| New Hampshire | 797 | 14,717 | 417,977 |
| New Jersey | 6,795 | 161,741 | 5,812,954 |
| New Mexico | 1,135 | 13,285 | 380,783 |
| New York | 10,938 | 224,257 | 7,532,025 |
| North Carolina | 5,311 | 100,210 | 3,362,513 |
| North Dakota | 946 | 8,088 | 221,086 |
| Ohio | 6,972 | 140,627 | 4,803,391 |
| Oklahoma | 2,284 | 34,902 | 1,138,365 |
| Oregon | 2,664 | 43,398 | 1,435,450 |
| Pennsylvania | 6,999 | 171,746 | 5,611,050 |
| Rhode Island | 616 | 7,338 | 211,460 |
| South Carolina | 2,345 | 40,166 | 1,220,573 |
| South Dakota | 1,025 | 7,312 | 186,866 |
| Tennessee | 4,266 | 110,707 | 3,842,129 |
| Texas | 13,976 | 311,940 | 12,245,878 |
| Utah | 1,467 | 38,239 | 1,295,264 |
| Vermont | 524 | 5,170 | 132,737 |
| Virginia | 4,843 | 79,971 | 2,883,208 |
| Washington | 4,174 | 79,358 | 3,004,941 |
| West Virginia | 1,499 | 13,732 | 428,648 |
| Wisconsin | 5,157 | 79,075 | 2,388,980 |
| Wyoming | 671 | 5,656 | 189,606 |
| United States, total | 190,683 | 3,750,663 | 129,506,183 |

${ }^{1}$ The transportation and warehousing sector (North American Industry Classification System [NAICS] 48 and 49) includes industries providing transportation of passengers and cargo, warehousing and storage for goods, scenic and sightseeing transportation, and support activities related to modes of transportation. Establishments in these industries use transportation equipment or transportation related facilities as a productive asset. The type of equipment depends on the mode of transportation. The modes of transportation comprise air, rail, water, road, and pipeline.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2001 County Business Patterns, Washington, DC: May 2002, available at http://censtats.census.gov/ as of Sept. 29, 2003.

Table 6-2: Transportation Expenditures by State and Local Governments: 2000 ${ }^{1}$
(Current \$ millions)

| State | Total | Highway | Transit | Air | Water |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 1,776 | 1,499 | 25 | 165 | 86 |
| Alaska | 1,037 | 830 | 25 | 144 | 37 |
| Arizona | 2,481 | 1,962 | 140 | 379 | Z |
| Arkansas | 927 | 872 | 13 | 42 | 1 |
| California | 18,224 | 8,738 | 6,386 | 2,134 | 966 |
| Colorado | 2,365 | 1,757 | 370 | 238 | Z |
| Connecticut | 1,540 | 1,206 | 291 | 29 | 13 |
| Delaware | 493 | 430 | 51 | 12 | Z |
| District of Columbia | 1,088 | 45 | 1,044 | Z | Z |
| Florida | 7,648 | 5,256 | 709 | 1,341 | 342 |
| Georgia | 3,458 | 2,504 | 543 | 305 | 107 |
| Hawaii | 681 | 353 | 121 | 165 | 41 |
| Idaho | 599 | 562 | 6 | 30 | 1 |
| Illinois | 7,009 | 4,104 | 2,111 | 769 | 25 |
| Indiana | 2,192 | 1,973 | 95 | 106 | 18 |
| lowa | 1,982 | 1,857 | 75 | 50 | Z |
| Kansas | 1,759 | 1,721 | 7 | 29 | 1 |
| Kentucky | 1,964 | 1,761 | 73 | 106 | 23 |
| Louisiana | 2,064 | 1,660 | 152 | 83 | 169 |
| Maine | 614 | 573 | 4 | 27 | 10 |
| Maryland | 2,204 | 1,521 | 421 | 155 | 107 |
| Massachusetts | 5,015 | 3,249 | 1,350 | 356 | 60 |
| Michigan | 3,924 | 3,128 | 381 | 415 | Z |
| Minnesota | 3,253 | 2,459 | 308 | 471 | 16 |
| Mississippi | 1,317 | 1,232 | 10 | 42 | 32 |
| Missouri | 2,777 | 2,166 | 300 | 310 | 1 |
| Montana | 548 | 520 | 8 | 20 | Z |
| Nebraska | 970 | 890 | 24 | 56 | Z |
| Nevada | 1,408 | 1,134 | 116 | 158 | Z |
| New Hampshire | 496 | 472 | 8 | 15 | 1 |
| New Jersey | 4,315 | 2,375 | 1,912 | 12 | 17 |
| New Mexico | 1,171 | 1,071 | 44 | 56 | Z |
| New York | 18,190 | 6,873 | 9,800 | 1,357 | 160 |
| North Carolina | 3,024 | 2,652 | 135 | 213 | 24 |
| North Dakota | 485 | 454 | 4 | 27 | Z |
| Ohio | 4,740 | 3,979 | 482 | 276 | 2 |
| Oklahoma | 1,535 | 1,412 | 36 | 83 | 4 |
| Oregon | 1,941 | 1,254 | 410 | 223 | 54 |
| Pennsylvania | 6,031 | 4,215 | 1,435 | 367 | 15 |
| Rhode Island | 418 | 286 | 84 | 45 | 2 |
| South Carolina | 1,577 | 1,338 | 26 | 106 | 107 |
| South Dakota | 566 | 541 | 5 | 19 | Z |
| Tennessee | 2,237 | 1,843 | 91 | 302 | 1 |
| Texas | 9,429 | 7,215 | 1,230 | 785 | 199 |
| Utah | 1,289 | 1,033 | 178 | 78 | Z |
| Vermont | 361 | 332 | 20 | 9 | Z |
| Virginia | 3,523 | 2,659 | 227 | 469 | 168 |
| Washington | 3,714 | 2,216 | 777 | 401 | 319 |
| West Virginia | 955 | 897 | 30 | 27 | 1 |
| Wisconsin | 3,071 | 2,737 | 202 | 121 | 11 |
| Wyoming | 474 | 426 | 19 | 30 | Z |
| Total | 150,856 | 102,242 | 32,315 | 13,160 | 3,140 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes federal grants.
KEY: Z = zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
NOTE: Data for railroads, pipelines, and general support are not available on a state by state basis.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Government Transportation Financial Statistics 2002 (Washington, DC: forthcoming).

Table 6-3: Transportation Revenues Collected by State and Local Governments: 2000 (Current \$ millions)

| State | Total | Highway | Transit | Air | Water |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 935 | 802 | 6 | 62 | 66 |
| Alaska | 234 | 141 | 4 | 62 | 27 |
| Arizona | 1,041 | 775 | 7 | 259 | Z |
| Arkansas | 586 | 548 | 4 | 32 | 2 |
| California | 9,028 | 5,661 | 1,129 | 1,469 | 770 |
| Colorado | 1,426 | 820 | 83 | 523 | Z |
| Connecticut | 888 | 828 | 36 | 25 | Z |
| Delaware | 306 | 293 | 9 | 4 | Z |
| District of Columbia | 448 | 61 | 387 | Z | Z |
| Florida | 5,445 | 3,958 | 161 | 1,092 | 233 |
| Georgia | 1,556 | 931 | 115 | 423 | 88 |
| Hawaii | 649 | 270 | 30 | 280 | 69 |
| Idaho | 358 | 340 | 1 | 16 | 1 |
| Illinois | 4,604 | 3,185 | 711 | 673 | 36 |
| Indiana | 1,115 | 964 | 25 | 119 | 7 |
| lowa | 786 | 741 | 12 | 34 | Z |
| Kansas | 619 | 591 | 2 | 25 | 1 |
| Kentucky | 866 | 708 | 11 | 139 | 8 |
| Louisiana | 894 | 712 | 41 | 72 | 69 |
| Maine | 361 | 334 | 1 | 23 | 3 |
| Maryland | 1,417 | 1,085 | 118 | 136 | 78 |
| Massachusetts | 1,873 | 1,247 | 307 | 276 | 44 |
| Michigan | 2,418 | 2,107 | 62 | 248 | 1 |
| Minnesota | 1,617 | 1,363 | 66 | 172 | 16 |
| Mississippi | 627 | 574 | 3 | 17 | 33 |
| Missouri | 1,321 | 1,005 | 48 | 266 | 2 |
| Montana | 281 | 264 | 1 | 15 | Z |
| Nebraska | 448 | 401 | 5 | 42 | Z |
| Nevada | 797 | 515 | 40 | 242 | Z |
| New Hampshire | 290 | 262 | 4 | 24 | Z |
| New Jersey | 2,248 | 1,733 | 487 | 9 | 19 |
| New Mexico | 458 | 396 | 3 | 59 | Z |
| New York | 8,275 | 3,551 | 3,107 | 1,494 | 124 |
| North Carolina | 1,779 | 1,563 | 27 | 164 | 24 |
| North Dakota | 179 | 161 | 1 | 17 | Z |
| Ohio | 2,726 | 2,432 | 98 | 185 | 10 |
| Oklahoma | 1,307 | 1,204 | 9 | 88 | 5 |
| Oregon | 1,235 | 963 | 65 | 96 | 111 |
| Pennsylvania | 2,958 | 2,198 | 398 | 356 | 6 |
| Rhode Island | 248 | 195 | 11 | 40 | 1 |
| South Carolina | 702 | 533 | 11 | 58 | 100 |
| South Dakota | 196 | 188 | 1 | 8 | Z |
| Tennessee | 1,348 | 1,163 | 23 | 160 | 1 |
| Texas | 5,477 | 4,458 | 130 | 731 | 159 |
| Utah | 582 | 453 | 14 | 114 | Z |
| Vermont | 117 | 107 | 3 | 7 | Z |
| Virginia | 2,017 | 1,437 | 51 | 398 | 131 |
| Washington | 1,961 | 1,345 | 123 | 237 | 256 |
| West Virginia | 419 | 401 | 4 | 13 | Z |
| Wisconsin | 1,468 | 1,337 | 51 | 75 | 5 |
| Wyoming | 155 | 148 | Z | 7 | Z |
| Total | 79,090 | 57,453 | 8,049 | 11,083 | 2,506 |

KEY: $\mathrm{Z}=$ zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
NOTE: Data for pipelines and general support are not available on a state by state basis. Railroads do not generate transportation revenue under the current definition used to collect these data.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Government Transportation Financial Statistics 2002 (Washington, DC: forthcoming).

Table 6-4: State Motor-Fuel Tax Rates: 2001
(Cents per gallon)

| State | Gasoline | Diesel | Liquified petroleum gas | Gasohol ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 18.00 | 19.00 | 17.00 | 18.00 |
| Alaska | 8.00 | 8.00 | 0.00 | 8.00 |
| Arizona | 18.00 | 26.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 |
| Arkansas | 21.70 | 22.70 | 0.00 | 21.70 |
| California | 18.00 | 18.00 | 6.00 | 18.00 |
| Colorado | 22.00 | 20.50 | 20.50 | 22.00 |
| Connecticut | 25.00 | 18.00 | 0.00 | 24.00 |
| Delaware | 23.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 23.00 |
| District of Columbia | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| Florida | 13.60 | 25.90 | 16.00 | 13.10 |
| Georgia | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 |
| Hawaii | 16.00 | 16.00 | 11.00 | 16.00 |
| Idaho | 25.00 | 25.00 | 18.10 | 22.50 |
| Illinois | 19.00 | 21.50 | 19.00 | 19.00 |
| Indiana | 15.00 | 16.00 | 0.00 | 15.00 |
| lowa | 20.00 | 22.50 | 20.00 | 19.00 |
| Kansas | 21.00 | 23.00 | 20.00 | 21.00 |
| Kentucky | 16.40 | 13.40 | 15.00 | 16.40 |
| Louisiana | 20.00 | 20.00 | 16.00 | 20.00 |
| Maine | 22.00 | 23.00 | 21.00 | 22.00 |
| Maryland | 23.50 | 24.25 | 23.50 | 23.50 |
| Massachusetts | 21.00 | 21.00 | 12.00 | 21.00 |
| Michigan | 19.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 19.00 |
| Minnesota | 20.00 | 20.00 | 15.00 | 20.00 |
| Mississippi | 18.40 | 18.40 | 17.00 | 18.40 |
| Missouri | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 |
| Montana | 27.00 | 27.75 | 0.00 | 27.00 |
| Nebraska | 24.50 | 24.50 | 24.50 | 24.50 |
| Nevada | 24.75 | 27.75 | 22.00 | 24.75 |
| New Hampshire | 19.50 | 19.50 | 18.00 | 19.50 |
| New Jersey | 10.50 | 13.50 | 5.25 | 10.50 |
| New Mexico | 18.50 | 19.50 | 6.00 | 18.50 |
| New York | 22.00 | 20.25 | 8.00 | 22.00 |
| North Carolina | 24.10 | 24.10 | 24.10 | 24.10 |
| North Dakota | 21.00 | 21.00 | 21.00 | 21.00 |
| Ohio | 22.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 |
| Oklahoma | 17.00 | 14.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 |
| Oregon | 24.00 | 24.00 | 24.00 | 24.00 |
| Pennsylvania | 26.00 | 30.90 | 19.00 | 26.00 |
| Rhode Island | 29.00 | 29.00 | 29.00 | 29.00 |
| South Carolina | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 |
| South Dakota | 22.00 | 22.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| Tennessee | 20.00 | 17.00 | 14.00 | 20.00 |
| Texas | 20.00 | 20.00 | 15.00 | 20.00 |
| Utah | 24.50 | 24.50 | 24.50 | 24.50 |
| Vermont | 20.00 | 26.00 | 0.00 | 20.00 |
| Virginia | 17.50 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 17.50 |
| Washington | 23.00 | 23.00 | 0.00 | 23.00 |
| West Virginia | 25.65 | 25.65 | 25.65 | 25.65 |
| Wisconsin | 27.30 | 27.30 | 20.00 | 27.30 |
| Wyoming | 14.00 | 14.00 | 0.00 | 14.00 |
| Federal tax | 18.40 | 24.40 | 13.60 | 13.10 |

${ }^{1}$ Tax rates for gasoline blended with 10 percent ethanol.
NOTE: Tax rates in effect as of Jan. 1, 2001.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2001, Washington, DC: 2002, table MF-121T.

## G Energy and Environment

Table 7-1: Transportation Energy Consumption by Energy Source: 2000 (Trillion Btu)

| State | Petroleum |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ethanol ${ }^{4}$ | Electricity | Net energy | Electrical system energy losses ${ }^{5}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Natural gas ${ }^{1}$ | Distillate fuel (diesel) | Jet fuel | Motor gasoline ${ }^{2}$ | Residual fuel | Other ${ }^{3}$ | Total petroleum |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama | 23.6 | 124.9 | 13.3 | 295.3 | 22.1 | 3.6 | 459.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 482.8 | 0.0 | 482.8 |
| Alaska | 5.6 | 25.1 | 146.7 | 30.7 | 0.9 | 3.2 | 206.6 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 212.2 | 0.0 | 212.2 |
| Arizona | 20.9 | 87.7 | 59.2 | 292.1 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 442.3 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 463.2 | 0.0 | 463.2 |
| Arkansas | 8.9 | 87.4 | 27.6 | 170.5 | 0.0 | 3.5 | 289.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 297.9 | 0.0 | 297.9 |
| California | 13.9 | 405.2 | 584.0 | 1,774.9 | 256.4 | 22.6 | 3,043.1 | 5.6 | 2.1 | 3,059.1 | 3.5 | 3,062.7 |
| Colorado | 9.4 | 70.7 | 43.0 | 243.6 | 0.0 | 3.5 | 360.8 | 5.1 | S | 370.2 | 0.1 | 370.3 |
| Connecticut | 3.2 | 33.1 | 14.7 | 176.5 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 226.4 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 229.5 | 0.0 | 229.5 |
| Delaware | 0.1 | 12.6 | 0.6 | 46.5 | 12.5 | 0.5 | 72.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 72.8 | 0.0 | 72.8 |
| Dist. of Columbia | 0.3 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 20.8 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 25.4 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 26.3 | 1.0 | 27.4 |
| Florida | 7.8 | 210.4 | 199.2 | 921.6 | 76.3 | 8.7 | 1,416.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1,424.2 | 0.3 | 1,424.5 |
| Georgia | 6.3 | 204.3 | 74.0 | 572.7 | 6.3 | 4.8 | 862.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 868.7 | 0.6 | 869.2 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | 8.0 | 53.5 | 47.5 | 17.0 | 0.7 | 126.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 126.7 | 0.0 | 126.7 |
| Idaho | 6.1 | 36.4 | 5.0 | 78.4 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 120.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 127.0 | 0.0 | 127.0 |
| Illinois | 13.6 | 198.0 | 128.7 | 618.6 | 0.7 | 11.2 | 957.2 | 24.4 | 1.6 | 972.3 | 2.7 | 975.0 |
| Indiana | 5.8 | 192.4 | 79.4 | 381.4 | 2.3 | 5.2 | 660.7 | 10.0 | 0.1 | 666.5 | 0.1 | 666.6 |
| lowa | 8.3 | 73.0 | 4.4 | 184.6 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 265.7 | 7.8 | S | 274.0 | S | 274.0 |
| Kansas | 38.8 | 57.4 | 18.3 | 162.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 242.7 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 281.5 | 0.0 | 281.5 |
| Kentucky | 14.4 | 140.1 | 37.7 | 250.3 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 431.8 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 446.1 | 0.0 | 446.1 |
| Louisiana | 53.3 | 164.2 | 200.7 | 269.4 | 207.7 | 5.0 | 847.0 | S | S | 900.4 | S | 900.4 |
| Maine | 0.9 | 24.9 | 5.1 | 84.6 | 5.3 | 0.9 | 120.8 | 0.0 | S | 121.7 | S | 121.7 |
| Maryland | 3.4 | 74.0 | 23.3 | 295.9 | 6.0 | 2.5 | 401.7 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 405.6 | 0.9 | 406.5 |
| Massachusetts | 2.5 | 60.6 | 46.5 | 335.8 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 450.7 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 454.0 | 1.4 | 455.4 |
| Michigan | 27.4 | 132.9 | 40.9 | 609.3 | 0.4 | 11.3 | 794.8 | 8.0 | S | 822.1 | S | 822.1 |
| Minnesota | 21.4 | 100.1 | 75.4 | 313.0 | 1.7 | 5.7 | 495.9 | 19.8 | 0.0 | 517.3 | 0.0 | 517.3 |
| Mississippi | 32.2 | 78.9 | 51.1 | 189.6 | 10.4 | 2.9 | 332.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 365.0 | 0.0 | 365.0 |
| Missouri | 7.7 | 140.0 | 27.8 | 378.7 | S | 6.6 | 553.1 | 2.5 | 0.1 | 561.0 | 0.1 | 561.1 |
| Montana | 6.5 | 37.2 | 4.2 | 58.0 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 101.3 | S | 0.0 | 107.9 | 0.0 | 107.9 |
| Nebraska | 3.2 | 60.1 | 7.0 | 101.8 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 171.5 | 2.8 | 0.0 | 174.7 | 0.0 | 174.7 |
| Nevada | 1.0 | 37.5 | 52.0 | 114.3 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 204.7 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 205.6 | 0.0 | 205.6 |
| New Hampshire | S | 14.0 | 5.5 | 82.2 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 102.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 102.3 | 0.0 | 102.3 |
| New Jersey | 3.0 | 123.5 | 208.5 | 491.8 | 93.4 | 5.1 | 922.3 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 925.8 | 0.8 | 926.6 |
| New Mexico | 44.4 | 56.7 | 17.1 | 108.8 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 184.5 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 228.9 | 0.0 | 228.9 |
| New York | 8.6 | 139.3 | 54.0 | 686.1 | 62.1 | 7.9 | 949.4 | 1.3 | 9.4 | 967.5 | 16.1 | 983.6 |
| North Carolina | 7.4 | 150.6 | 41.3 | 503.8 | 1.0 | 5.1 | 701.8 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 709.1 | 0.0 | 709.1 |
| North Dakota | 10.9 | 25.0 | 2.3 | 42.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 70.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 81.4 | 0.0 | 81.4 |
| Ohio | 19.7 | 232.2 | 105.8 | 625.5 | 0.1 | 10.6 | 974.2 | 20.0 | 0.2 | 994.1 | 0.3 | 994.4 |
| Oklahoma | 21.6 | 146.8 | 38.6 | 216.8 | 0.0 | 5.6 | 407.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 429.4 | 0.0 | 429.4 |
| Oregon | 12.2 | 71.2 | 35.6 | 185.3 | 9.7 | 4.3 | 306.1 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 318.3 | 0.2 | 318.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 39.5 | 204.9 | 107.8 | 610.5 | 35.9 | 9.3 | 968.4 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1,009.3 | 2.3 | 1,011.7 |
| Rhode Island | 0.3 | 8.2 | 7.3 | 49.1 | S | 0.5 | 65.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 65.5 | 0.0 | 65.5 |
| South Carolina | 3.6 | 89.6 | 10.6 | 274.4 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 379.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 383.2 | 0.0 | 383.2 |
| South Dakota | 6.3 | 20.8 | 5.8 | 51.4 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 79.4 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 85.6 | 0.0 | 85.6 |
| Tennessee | 14.3 | 140.6 | 72.9 | 355.6 | 0.0 | 5.2 | 574.3 | 0.0 | S | 588.6 | S | 588.6 |
| Texas | 59.2 | 507.5 | 582.4 | 1,287.3 | 158.7 | 16.0 | 2,551.9 | 5.5 | 0.1 | 2,611.2 | 0.2 | 2,611.4 |
| Utah | 3.0 | 51.6 | 43.7 | 123.1 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 220.2 | 1.0 | S | 223.2 | S | 223.3 |
| Vermont | S | 7.5 | 0.8 | 43.3 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 52.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 52.2 | 0.0 | 52.2 |
| Virginia | 8.3 | 149.8 | 56.4 | 442.5 | 32.3 | 4.0 | 685.0 | 3.2 | 0.3 | 693.7 | 0.6 | 694.2 |
| Washington | 6.4 | 100.8 | 140.2 | 324.3 | 50.7 | 5.0 | 621.0 | 2.8 | 0.1 | 627.3 | 0.1 | 627.4 |
| West Virginia | 34.8 | 49.4 | 1.1 | 100.1 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 152.3 | S | 0.0 | 187.0 | 0.0 | 187.0 |
| Wisconsin | 4.1 | 98.5 | 17.8 | 298.7 | 0.1 | 4.1 | 419.2 | 2.8 | S | 423.3 | S | 423.3 |
| Wyoming | 14.8 | 56.3 | 1.6 | 39.3 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 99.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 114.4 | 0.0 | 114.4 |
| United States | 668.8 | 5,326.1 | 3,580.4 | 15,960.3 | 1,077.2 | 226.9 | 26,170.9 | 139.3 | 18.4 | 26,857.9 | 31.5 | 26,889.4 |

[^2]KEY: Btu $=$ British thermal unit; $\mathbf{S}=$ less than 0.05 trillion Btu.
NOTE: Totals may not equal sum of components due to rounding
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, State Energy Data Report 2000, Washington, DC: 2002, table 7, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep_sum/html/pdf/sum_use_all.pdf as of Sept. 23, 2003.

Table 7-2: Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector: 2000
(Trillion Btu)

| State | Total energy consumed ${ }^{1}$ | End-use sectors ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Transportation |  | Residential |  | Commercial |  | Industrial |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Alabama | 1,977.3 | 482.8 | 24.4 | 339.2 | 17.2 | 219.3 | 11.1 | 936.0 | 47.3 |
| Alaska | 627.3 | 212.2 | 33.8 | 42.3 | 6.7 | 62.7 | 10.0 | 310.2 | 49.5 |
| Arizona | 1,215.8 | 463.2 | 38.1 | 283.2 | 23.3 | 263.2 | 21.6 | 206.3 | 17.0 |
| Arkansas | 1,083.7 | 297.9 | 27.5 | 194.1 | 17.9 | 126.1 | 11.6 | 465.6 | 43.0 |
| California | 8,518.7 | 3,062.7 | 36.0 | 1,317.5 | 15.5 | 1,188.8 | 14.0 | 2,949.7 | 34.6 |
| Colorado | 1,199.9 | 370.3 | 30.9 | 266.9 | 22.2 | 247.3 | 20.6 | 315.5 | 26.3 |
| Connecticut | 863.0 | 229.5 | 26.6 | 243.0 | 28.2 | 190.5 | 22.1 | 200.0 | 23.2 |
| Delaware | 302.6 | 72.8 | 24.1 | 54.2 | 17.9 | 48.1 | 15.9 | 127.5 | 42.1 |
| District of Columbia | 166.2 | 27.4 | 16.5 | 33.3 | 20.0 | 102.4 | 61.6 | 3.1 | 1.9 |
| Florida | 3,943.8 | 1,424.5 | 36.1 | 988.6 | 25.1 | 794.7 | 20.2 | 736.0 | 18.7 |
| Georgia | 2,769.9 | 869.2 | 31.4 | 588.6 | 21.2 | 429.1 | 15.5 | 883.0 | 31.9 |
| Hawaii | 264.8 | 126.7 | 47.8 | 23.7 | 9.0 | 25.7 | 9.7 | 88.7 | 33.5 |
| Idaho | 511.1 | 127.0 | 24.8 | 95.3 | 18.6 | 87.9 | 17.2 | 201.0 | 39.3 |
| Illinois | 4,417.9 | 975.0 | 22.1 | 884.8 | 20.0 | 718.7 | 16.3 | 1,839.4 | 41.6 |
| Indiana | 2,777.6 | 666.6 | 24.0 | 462.9 | 16.7 | 306.2 | 11.0 | 1,341.8 | 48.3 |
| lowa | 1,099.3 | 274.0 | 24.9 | 213.4 | 19.4 | 153.7 | 14.0 | 458.2 | 41.7 |
| Kansas | 1,035.7 | 281.5 | 27.2 | 201.4 | 19.4 | 168.4 | 16.3 | 384.4 | 37.1 |
| Kentucky | 1,868.2 | 446.1 | 23.9 | 305.5 | 16.4 | 214.1 | 11.5 | 902.5 | 48.3 |
| Louisiana | 3,965.2 | 900.4 | 22.7 | 322.1 | 8.1 | 237.5 | 6.0 | 2,505.1 | 63.2 |
| Maine | 561.2 | 121.7 | 21.7 | 91.6 | 16.3 | 60.7 | 10.8 | 287.1 | 51.2 |
| Maryland | 1,520.1 | 406.5 | 26.7 | 353.1 | 23.2 | 324.6 | 21.4 | 435.9 | 28.7 |
| Massachusetts | 1,722.8 | 455.4 | 26.4 | 417.9 | 24.3 | 328.8 | 19.1 | 520.8 | 30.2 |
| Michigan | 3,121.9 | 822.1 | 26.3 | 733.9 | 23.5 | 552.7 | 17.7 | 1,013.2 | 32.5 |
| Minnesota | 1,688.0 | 517.3 | 30.6 | 345.7 | 20.5 | 221.2 | 13.1 | 603.8 | 35.8 |
| Mississippi | 1,143.8 | 365.0 | 31.9 | 205.6 | 18.0 | 141.3 | 12.4 | 431.9 | 37.8 |
| Missouri | 1,659.2 | 561.1 | 33.8 | 425.2 | 25.6 | 330.2 | 19.9 | 342.7 | 20.7 |
| Montana | 594.5 | 107.9 | 18.1 | 63.3 | 10.6 | 54.0 | 9.1 | 369.4 | 62.1 |
| Nebraska | 583.5 | 174.7 | 29.9 | 129.2 | 22.1 | 113.8 | 19.5 | 165.9 | 28.4 |
| Nevada | 632.8 | 205.6 | 32.5 | 125.1 | 19.8 | 95.5 | 15.1 | 206.5 | 32.6 |
| New Hampshire | 329.1 | 102.3 | 31.1 | 78.9 | 24.0 | 58.5 | 17.8 | 89.5 | 27.2 |
| New Jersey | 2,706.6 | 926.6 | 34.2 | 530.0 | 19.6 | 506.1 | 18.7 | 743.9 | 27.5 |
| New Mexico | 620.7 | 228.9 | 36.9 | 91.9 | 14.8 | 107.7 | 17.4 | 192.3 | 31.0 |
| New York | 4,620.0 | 983.6 | 21.3 | 1,131.9 | 24.5 | 1,253.0 | 27.1 | 1,251.5 | 27.1 |
| North Carolina | 2,501.9 | 709.1 | 28.3 | 566.8 | 22.7 | 434.0 | 17.3 | 792.1 | 31.7 |
| North Dakota | 365.4 | 81.4 | 22.3 | 53.8 | 14.7 | 43.4 | 11.9 | 186.8 | 51.1 |
| Ohio | 4,001.8 | 994.4 | 24.8 | 844.1 | 21.1 | 622.3 | 15.6 | 1,541.0 | 38.5 |
| Oklahoma | 1,400.5 | 429.4 | 30.7 | 262.1 | 18.7 | 195.2 | 13.9 | 513.8 | 36.7 |
| Oregon | 1,079.7 | 318.5 | 29.5 | 225.4 | 20.9 | 181.6 | 16.8 | 354.2 | 32.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,779.9 | 1,011.7 | 21.2 | 854.1 | 17.9 | 608.9 | 12.7 | 2,305.2 | 48.2 |
| Rhode Island | 250.4 | 65.5 | 26.2 | 66.0 | 26.4 | 50.9 | 20.3 | 68.0 | 27.2 |
| South Carolina | 1,477.1 | 383.2 | 25.9 | 285.3 | 19.3 | 200.9 | 13.6 | 607.6 | 41.1 |
| South Dakota | 246.0 | 85.6 | 34.8 | 53.8 | 21.9 | 39.9 | 16.2 | 66.7 | 27.1 |
| Tennessee | 2,025.9 | 588.6 | 29.1 | 434.0 | 21.4 | 316.4 | 15.6 | 687.0 | 33.9 |
| Texas | 11,588.6 | 2,611.4 | 22.5 | 1,333.2 | 11.5 | 1,161.0 | 10.0 | 6,483.1 | 55.9 |
| Utah | 718.2 | 223.3 | 31.1 | 125.3 | 17.4 | 119.0 | 16.6 | 250.6 | 34.9 |
| Vermont | 164.6 | 52.2 | 31.7 | 43.7 | 26.5 | 28.5 | 17.3 | 40.3 | 24.5 |
| Virginia | 2,303.6 | 694.2 | 30.1 | 497.0 | 21.6 | 454.5 | 19.7 | 658.0 | 28.6 |
| Washington | 2,173.8 | 627.4 | 28.9 | 410.4 | 18.9 | 321.2 | 14.8 | 814.8 | 37.5 |
| West Virginia | 744.0 | 187.0 | 25.1 | 135.8 | 18.3 | 100.0 | 13.4 | 321.2 | 43.2 |
| Wisconsin | 1,799.7 | 423.3 | 23.5 | 368.8 | 20.5 | 276.8 | 15.4 | 730.9 | 40.6 |
| Wyoming | 417.1 | 114.4 | 27.4 | 35.6 | 9 | 44.0 | 10.5 | 223.1 | 53.5 |
| United States | 98,216.2 | 26,889.4 | 27.4 | 18,178.4 | 18.5 | 14,931.0 | 15.2 | 38,217.4 | 38.9 |

${ }^{1}$ U.S. total energy and U.S. industrial sector include 57.7 trillion Btu of net imports of coal coke that is not allocated to the states. State and U.S. totals include 92.6 trillion Btu of net imports of electricity generated from nonrenewable energy sources.
${ }^{2}$ End-use sector data include electricity sales and associated electrical system energy losses.

KEY: Btu = British thermal unit; Number = trillion Btu.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, State Energy Data Report 2000, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep_sum/html/pdf/sum_use_all.pdf as of Sept. 23, 2003.

Table 7-3: Transportation Energy Consumption per Capita: 2000

| State | Population (thousands) | Petroleum |  | All energy sources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total (trillion Btu) | Per capita ${ }^{1}$ (million Btu) | Total (trillion Btu) | Per capita ${ }^{1}$ (million Btu) |
| Alabama | 4,447 | 459.2 | 103.3 | 482.8 | 108.6 |
| Alaska | 627 | 206.6 | 329.5 | 212.2 | 338.4 |
| Arizona | 5,131 | 442.2 | 86.2 | 463.2 | 90.3 |
| Arkansas | 2,673 | 289.0 | 108.1 | 297.9 | 111.4 |
| California | 33,872 | 3,043.2 | 89.8 | 3,062.7 | 90.4 |
| Colorado | 4,301 | 360.8 | 83.9 | 370.3 | 86.1 |
| Connecticut | 3,406 | 226.3 | 66.4 | 229.5 | 67.4 |
| Delaware | 784 | 72.8 | 92.9 | 72.8 | 92.9 |
| District of Columbia | 572 | 25.5 | 44.6 | 27.4 | 47.9 |
| Florida | 15,982 | 1,416.2 | 88.6 | 1,424.5 | 89.1 |
| Georgia | 8,186 | 862.1 | 105.3 | 869.2 | 106.2 |
| Hawaii | 1,212 | 126.7 | 104.5 | 126.7 | 104.5 |
| Idaho | 1,294 | 120.9 | 93.4 | 127.0 | 98.1 |
| Illinois | 12,419 | 957.1 | 77.1 | 975.0 | 78.5 |
| Indiana | 6,080 | 660.7 | 108.7 | 666.6 | 109.6 |
| lowa | 2,926 | 265.7 | 90.8 | 274.0 | 93.6 |
| Kansas | 2,688 | 242.7 | 90.3 | 281.5 | 104.7 |
| Kentucky | 4,042 | 431.7 | 106.8 | 446.1 | 110.4 |
| Louisiana | 4,469 | 847.0 | 189.5 | 900.4 | 201.5 |
| Maine | 1,275 | 120.9 | 94.8 | 121.7 | 95.5 |
| Maryland | 5,296 | 401.6 | 75.8 | 406.5 | 76.8 |
| Massachusetts | 6,349 | 450.7 | 71.0 | 455.4 | 71.7 |
| Michigan | 9,938 | 794.7 | 80.0 | 822.1 | 82.7 |
| Minnesota | 4,919 | 496.0 | 100.8 | 517.3 | 105.2 |
| Mississippi | 2,845 | 332.8 | 117.0 | 365.0 | 128.3 |
| Missouri | 5,595 | 553.2 | 98.9 | 561.1 | 100.3 |
| Montana | 902 | 101.4 | 112.4 | 107.9 | 119.6 |
| Nebraska | 1,711 | 171.5 | 100.2 | 174.7 | 102.1 |
| Nevada | 1,998 | 204.7 | 102.5 | 205.6 | 102.9 |
| New Hampshire | 1,236 | 102.3 | 82.8 | 102.3 | 82.8 |
| New Jersey | 8,414 | 922.3 | 109.6 | 926.6 | 110.1 |
| New Mexico | 1,819 | 184.4 | 101.4 | 228.9 | 125.8 |
| New York | 18,976 | 949.5 | 50.0 | 983.6 | 51.8 |
| North Carolina | 8,049 | 701.7 | 87.2 | 709.1 | 88.1 |
| North Dakota | 642 | 70.4 | 109.7 | 81.4 | 126.8 |
| Ohio | 11,353 | 974.2 | 85.8 | 994.4 | 87.6 |
| Oklahoma | 3,451 | 407.8 | 118.2 | 429.4 | 124.4 |
| Oregon | 3,421 | 306.0 | 89.4 | 318.5 | 93.1 |
| Pennsylvania | 12,281 | 968.5 | 78.9 | 1,011.7 | 82.4 |
| Rhode Island | 1,048 | 65.2 | 62.2 | 65.5 | 62.5 |
| South Carolina | 4,012 | 379.6 | 94.6 | 383.2 | 95.5 |
| South Dakota | 755 | 79.3 | 105.0 | 85.6 | 113.4 |
| Tennessee | 5,689 | 574.3 | 100.9 | 588.6 | 103.5 |
| Texas | 20,852 | 2,551.9 | 122.4 | 2,611.4 | 125.2 |
| Utah | 2,233 | 220.2 | 98.6 | 223.3 | 100.0 |
| Vermont | 609 | 52.2 | 85.7 | 52.2 | 85.7 |
| Virginia | 7,079 | 685.0 | 96.8 | 694.2 | 98.1 |
| Washington | 5,894 | 620.9 | 105.3 | 627.4 | 106.4 |
| West Virginia | 1,808 | 152.2 | 84.2 | 187.0 | 103.4 |
| Wisconsin | 5,364 | 419.1 | 78.1 | 423.3 | 78.9 |
| Wyoming | 494 | 99.6 | 201.6 | 114.4 | 231.6 |
| United States | 281,422 | 26,170.7 | 93.0 | 26,889.4 | 95.5 |

${ }^{1}$ Calculated by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics.
KEY: Btu = British thermal unit.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, State Energy Data Report 2000, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/sep_sum/ html/pdf/sum_use_all.pdf as of Sept. 23, 2003.

Table 7-4: Motor-Fuel Use: $2001{ }^{1}$
(Millions of gallons)

| State | Gasoline |  |  |  | Special fuel (mainly Private and commercial | Total use |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Highway use |  | Nonhighway use |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Private and commercial | $\begin{gathered} \text { Public } \\ \text { use } \end{gathered}$ | Private and | Public use |  | Private and commercial | $\begin{gathered} \text { Public } \\ \text { use } \end{gathered}$ | Combine d total |
| Alabama | 2,344 | 38 | 70 | 2 | 683 | 3,097 | 40 | 3,137 |
| Alaska | 227 | 9 | 48 | 0 | 112 | 386 | 9 | 395 |
| Arizona | 2,390 | 38 | 63 | 2 | 679 | 3,132 | 40 | 3,172 |
| Arkansas | 1,332 | 26 | 61 | 1 | 582 | 1,975 | 28 | 2,002 |
| California | 14,469 | 223 | 265 | 10 | 2,648 | 17,382 | 233 | 17,615 |
| Colorado | 2,011 | 38 | 70 | 2 | 513 | 2,594 | 39 | 2,634 |
| Connecticut | 1,437 | 22 | 49 | 1 | 273 | 1,758 | 23 | 1,781 |
| Delaware | 376 | 6 | 16 | 0 | 57 | 449 | 6 | 455 |
| District of Columbia | 138 | 11 | 16 | 0 | 27 | 182 | 11 | 193 |
| Florida | 7,364 | 108 | 234 | 5 | 1,290 | 8,887 | 112 | 9,000 |
| Georgia | 4,634 | 60 | 128 | 3 | 1,417 | 6,178 | 63 | 6,241 |
| Hawaii | 394 | 10 | 9 | 0 | 33 | 437 | 11 | 448 |
| Idaho | 594 | 15 | 34 | 1 | 219 | 847 | 16 | 863 |
| Illinois | 4,922 | 94 | 127 | 5 | 1,248 | 6,297 | 98 | 6,395 |
| Indiana | 3,071 | 50 | 72 | 2 | 981 | 4,123 | 52 | 4,176 |
| lowa | 1,445 | 31 | 86 | 2 | 497 | 2,028 | 32 | 2,061 |
| Kansas | 1,208 | 29 | 58 | 1 | 368 | 1,634 | 30 | 1,664 |
| Kentucky | 2,049 | 37 | 93 | 2 | 814 | 2,956 | 39 | 2,995 |
| Louisiana | 2,114 | 37 | 131 | 2 | 602 | 2,848 | 39 | 2,887 |
| Maine | 580 | 10 | 19 | 1 | 158 | 757 | 11 | 767 |
| Maryland | 2,429 | 31 | 59 | 1 | 502 | 2,990 | 33 | 3,023 |
| Massachusetts | 2,682 | 39 | 56 | 2 | 402 | 3,139 | 41 | 3,180 |
| Michigan | 4,835 | 70 | 167 | 3 | 905 | 5,907 | 73 | 5,980 |
| Minnesota | 2,500 | 45 | 99 | 2 | 632 | 3,231 | 48 | 3,279 |
| Mississippi | 1,449 | 28 | 76 | 1 | 506 | 2,030 | 29 | 2,059 |
| Missouri | 2,910 | 49 | 124 | 2 | 915 | 3,949 | 51 | 4,000 |
| Montana | 455 | 13 | 32 | 1 | 198 | 685 | 13 | 698 |
| Nebraska | 793 | 19 | 57 | 1 | 367 | 1,217 | 20 | 1,237 |
| Nevada | 929 | 16 | 29 | 1 | 269 | 1,227 | 17 | 1,244 |
| New Hampshire | 653 | 10 | 24 | 0 | 100 | 776 | 10 | 787 |
| New Jersey | 3,858 | 54 | 85 | 3 | 835 | 4,777 | 57 | 4,834 |
| New Mexico | 866 | 20 | 36 | 1 | 405 | 1,307 | 21 | 1,328 |
| New York | 5,423 | 113 | 147 | 5 | 963 | 6,533 | 118 | 6,652 |
| North Carolina | 3,967 | 94 | 134 | 3 | 959 | 5,060 | 97 | 5,157 |
| North Dakota | 325 | 9 | 29 | 0 | 151 | 505 | 10 | 515 |
| Ohio | 4,944 | 85 | 130 | 4 | 1,476 | 6,549 | 89 | 6,638 |
| Oklahoma | 1,717 | 34 | 77 | 2 | 948 | 2,742 | 36 | 2,778 |
| Oregon | 1,458 | 30 | 58 | 1 | 416 | 1,932 | 31 | 1,963 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,945 | 80 | 90 | 4 | 1,387 | 6,422 | 84 | 6,506 |
| Rhode Island | 391 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 55 | 455 | 9 | 464 |
| South Carolina | 2,187 | 30 | 69 | 1 | 621 | 2,877 | 31 | 2,909 |
| South Dakota | 392 | 11 | 32 | 0 | 150 | 574 | 11 | 585 |
| Tennessee | 2,789 | 49 | 66 | 2 | 869 | 3,724 | 51 | 3,774 |
| Texas | 10,481 | 157 | 268 | 7 | 2,990 | 13,739 | 164 | 13,903 |
| Utah | 924 | 21 | 33 | 1 | 338 | 1,295 | 22 | 1,318 |
| Vermont | 325 | 6 | 11 | 0 | 70 | 407 | 6 | 413 |
| Virginia | 3,711 | 55 | 94 | 3 | 940 | 4,744 | 57 | 4,802 |
| Washington | 2,580 | 43 | 78 | 2 | 545 | 3,203 | 45 | 3,248 |
| West Virginia | 801 | 17 | 19 | 1 | 272 | 1,092 | 18 | 1,110 |
| Wisconsin | 2,373 | 46 | 90 | 2 | 671 | 3,134 | 48 | 3,182 |
| Wyoming | 314 | 8 | 32 | 0 | 309 | 655 | 8 | 663 |
| United States | 127,504 | 2,178 | 3,958 | 100 | 33,365 | 164,827 | 2,278 | 167,105 |

${ }^{1}$ Based on reports from state motor-fuel tax agencies. Gasohol is included with gasoline. Public use and nonhighway use were estimated by the Federal Highway Administration.
NOTE: The term "motor fuel" applies to gasoline and all other fuels, including special fuels, coming under the purview of the state motor-fuel tax laws. "Special fuels" include diesel fuel and, to the extent they can be quantified, liquefied petroleum gases such as propane. Gasohol, a blend of gasoline and fuel alcohol, is included with gasoline.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2001, Washington, DC: October 2002, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/hs01/pdf/mf2 1 .pdf as of September 2003.

## H Information on Data Sources

## Airline freight and passenger data

The U.S. Department of Transportation's (USDOT) Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) collects and compiles data on the volume of revenue passengers, freight, and mail traffic handled and reported by the nation's large certificated air carriers. These carriers hold Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPN) issued by the USDOT authorizing the performance of air transportation. Large certificated air carriers operate aircraft with seating capacity of more than 60 seats or a maximum payload capacity of more than 18,000 pounds or conduct international operations. Data for commuters, intrastate, nonscheduled air taxi operators, and foreign flag air carriers are not included in this BTS data.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information

Print source: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information. Airport Activity Statistics. Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.bts.gov

## Commodity Flow Survey

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) provides data on the movement of freight by type of commodity shipped and by mode of transport. In 2002, 50,000 domestic establishments were randomly selected from a universe of approximately 760,000 engaged in mining, manufacturing, wholesale, warehouses of multi-establishment companies, and some selected activities in retail and service. The survey excluded establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most
establishments in retail. For the 2002 CFS, each selected establishment reported on average about 25 outbound shipments for a one-week period in each of four calendar quarters in 2002. This produced a total sample of over 2.5 million shipments. Due to industry-wide reporting problems, shipments by oil and gas extraction establishments were excluded from data tabulations.

For each sampled 2002 CFS shipment, zip code of origin and destination, 5-digit Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) code, weight, value, and modes of transport were provided. Information on whether the shipment was a hazardous material or an export was also obtained. Route-distance for each mode, for each shipment, is imputed from a Mode-Distance Table developed by Oak Ridge National Laboratory. Distance was used to compute ton-mileage by mode of transport. The 2002 CFS provides nationwide geographic coverage in the states and selected substate areas.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Statistical Programs

Print source: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 2002 Commodity Flow Survey. Washington, DC: forthcoming.

Internet: http://www.bts.gov/ and http://www.census.gov/

## Commuting data

Commuting data are derived from the decennial census "long form" administered to approximately 1 in 6 households (about 19 million) in 2000.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau
Internet: http://www.census.gov

## G as and hazardous liquid pipeline data

U.S. fatality and injury data for natural gas pipelines and hazardous liquid pipelines are based on reports filed with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Office of Pipeline Safety (OPS) under 49 CFR 191. Accidents must be reported as soon as possible, but no later than 30 days after discovery. Undetected releases are a possible source of error; even if subsequently detected and reported, it may not be possible to accurately reconstruct the accident. Property damage figures are estimates.

Gas pipeline incidents involve: 1) releases of gas from a pipeline or liquefied natural gas (LNG) or gas from an LNG facility that results in a) death or personal injury necessitating inpatient hospitalization, or b) estimated property damage, including cost of gas lost, of the operator or others, or both, of $\$ 50,000$ or more; 2) an event that results in an emergency shutdown of an LNG facility; or 3) an event that is significant, in the judgment of the operator, even though it did not meet the criteria of 1) or 2).

For hazardous liquids pipelines, an accident report is required for each failure in a pipeline system in which there is a release of the hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide transported resulting in any of the following: 1) explosion or fire not intentionally set by the operator; 2) loss of 50 or more barrels ( 8 or more cubic
meters) of hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide; 3) escape to the atmosphere of more than 5 barrels ( 0.8 cubic meters) a day of highly volatile liquids; 4) death of any person; 5) bodily harm to any person resulting in one or more of the following: a) loss of consciousness, b) an individual being carried from the scene, c) medical treatment, or d) disability which prevents the discharge of normal duties or the pursuit of normal activities beyond the day of the accident; or 6) estimated property damage, including cost of clean-up and recovery, value of lost product, and damage to the property of the operator or others, or both, exceeding $\$ 50,000$.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety

Internet: http://ops.dot.gov

## G overnment transportation revenue and expenditure data

The U.S. Department of Commerce (USDOC), U.S. Census Bureau conducts an Annual Survey of Government Finances. Alternatively, every five years, in years ending in a '2' or ' 7 ', a Census of Governments, including a finance portion, is conducted. The survey coverage includes all state and local governments in the United States. For both the Census and annual survey, the finance detail data encompasses revenue, expenditure, debt, and assets.

The data collection for the annual survey uses two methods: mail canvas and central collection from state sources. Data for local governments includes county, municipal, township, special district, and school district data. Data for state governments are compiled from state government audits, budgets, and other financial reports into the chssification
categories used for reporting by the Census Bureau.

Reporting of government finances by the Census Bureau involves presentation of data in uniform categories. While often similar to, or identical to, the classification used by the state or local government, there could be instances in which a significant difference exists between the name used by a state for a financial item and the final category to which it is assigned by the Census Bureau.

Like financial transactions are combined. The financial categories for revenue involve grouping of items by source. Revenue items of the same kind are merged. Financial transactions for expenditures are classified both by function and by object category. Debt items are classified by term (short- and longterm), as well as by type of debt and, to a limited extent, by purpose. Assets also are put into uniform categories, grouped by type of holding, with holdings for insurance trust systems grouped separately from general government.

The share of government sector financial totals contributed by a state government or by local governments differs materially from one state to another. Users can review the Government Finance and Employment Classification Manual for additional information regarding the financial categories. The financial amounts in the tables and files are statistical in nature and do not represent accounting statements or conditions.

The local government statistics are developed from a sample survey. Therefore, the local totals, as well as state and local aggregates, are considered estimated amounts subject to sampling error. State government finance data are not subject to sampling. Consequently, state-local aggregates for individual states are
more reliable (on a relative standard error basis) than the local government estimates they include.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, Finance Branch

Print Sources: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, Federal Aid to States: 2000

Internet: http://www.census.gov

## Hazardous materials incidents data

Incidents resulting in certain unintentional releases of hazardous materials must be reported under 49 CFR 171.16. Each carrier must submit a report to the USDOT, Research and Special Programs Administration (RSPA) within 30 days of the incident, inc luding information on the mode of transportation involved, results of the incident, and a narrative description of the accident. These reports are generally made available on RSPA's incident database within 90 days of receipt.

Fatalities and injuries are counted only if directly caused by a hazardous material. For example, a truck operator killed by impact forces during a motor vehicle crash would not be counted as a hazardous-material fatality. RSPA contacts the submitting carrier by telephone to verify all reported fatalities.

Although RSPA acknowledges that there is some level of underreporting, it believes that the underreporting is mostly limited to small, nonserious incidents. The reporting requirements were extended to intrastate highway carriers on October 1, 1998, and the response rate from this new group is expected to increase over time. Property damage figures are estimates determined by the carrier prior to the 30-day reporting deadline, and are generally not subsequently updated. Property
damage figures, therefore, may underestimate actual damages.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Planning and Analysis

Print source: USDOT, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, Hazmat Summary by State for Calendar Year 2002. Washington, DC: 2003

Internet: http://hazmat.dot.gov

## Highway mileage, condition, and use, driver licenses, and highway vehicle registrations data

Data on roadway mileage, condition, and use are extracted from the Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS), which uses a stratified simple random sample of highway links (small sections of roadway) selected from state inventory files. The HPMS sample was designed as a fixed sample to minimize data collection costs, but adjustments to maintain representativeness are carried out periodically. The HPMS also consists of universe reporting (a complete census) for the Interstate and the National Highway System, and tabular summary reporting of limited information.

Data are collected independently by the 50 states, Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs), and lower jurisdictions. Many of the geometric data items rarely change, such as number of lanes; others change frequently, such as traffic. The U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) provides guidelines for data collection in the HPMS Field Manual, which the states follow to varying extents depending on matters such as staff, resources,
state perspective, uses of the data, and state/MPO/local needs for the data. State Departments of Transportation (DOTs) report HPMS data annually to the FHWA.

HPMS data are subject to sampling and nonsampling error. Nonsampling error is the major concern with these data. For some of the most variable and important data items, such as traffic, guidelines for measurement and data collection have been produced. States have the option of using the guidelines or using their own procedures. Many data items are difficult and costly to collect and are reported as estimates not based on direct measurement. The data are collected and reported by many entities and individuals within the responsible organizations. Most do a reasonably good job, but staff turnover, cost, equipment issues, etc., can create difficulties.

States provide vehicle registration data to the FHWA. Vehicle registration data are shown on a calendar-year basis. Efforts are made to exclude transfers, re-registrations, and any other factors that could result in duplication in the vehicle counts. Registration practices for commercial vehicles differ greatly among the states. Some states register a tractorsemitrailer combination as a single unit; others register the tractor and the semitrailer separately. Some states register buses with trucks or automobiles, while many states do not report house and light utility trailers separately from commercial trailers or semitrailers. Some states do not require registration of car or light utility trailers. In some instances, FHWA has supplemented the data supplied by the states with information obtained from other sources.

States also provide driver licensing data to the FHWA. Although efforts are made to minimize license duplication, drivers who move from one state to another are sometimes
counted in both states until the license from the previous state of residence expires. Problems with the data also arise from the fact that: 1) some individuals obtain their drivers licenses in states other than those of legal residence; 2) some individuals fraudulently obtain multiple licenses; 3) not all individuals who drive are licensed; and 4) the purging of expired licenses or licenses from deceased individuals is not performed on a continual basis.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Federal Highway
Administration, Office of Highway Policy Information

Print source: USDOT, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics. Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/ index.html

## Highway safety data

Fatalities: Highway fatality data are extracted from the Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS), which is compiled by the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT), National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA). Data are gathered from a census of police accident reports (PARs), state vehicle registration files, state drivers licensing files, state highway department data, vital statistics, death certificates, coroner/medical examiner reports, hospital medical reports, and emergency medical service reports. A separate form is completed for each fatal crash. Blood alcohol concentration (BAC) is estimated when not known. Statistical procedures used for unknown data in FARS can be found in the NHTSA report, A Method for Estimating Posterior BAC Distributions for Persons

Involved in Fatal Traffic Accidents, DOT HS 807094 (Washington, DC: July 1986).

Data are collected from relevant state agencies and electronically submitted for inclusion in the FARs database on a continuous basis. Cross-verification of PARs with death certificates helps prevent undercounting. Moreover, when data are entered, they are checked automatically for acceptable range values and consistency, enabling quick corrections when necessary. Several programs continually monitor the data for completeness and accuracy. Periodically, sample cases are analyzed for accuracy and consistency.

FARS data do not include motor vehicle fatalities on nonpublic roads. These are thought to account for about 2 percent or fewer of the total motor vehicle fatalities per year.

Injuries and crashes: NHTSA’s General Estimates System (GES) data are a nationally representative sample of police-reported crashes that contributed to an injury or fatality or resulted in property damage and involved at least one motor vehicle traveling on a trafficway. GES data collectors randomly sample PARs and forward copies to a central contractor for coding into a standard GES system format. Documents such as police diagrams or supporting text provided by the officers might be further reviewed to complete a data entry. A NHTSA study of injuries from motor vehicle crashes estimated the total count of nonfatal injuries at over 5 million compared with the GES's estimate of 3.2 million in 1998.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, National Center for Statistics and Analysis

Print source: USDOT, National Highway
Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety
Facts. Washington, DC: Annual issues.
Internet: http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov

## International visitors data

Data on international visitors to the United States are based on international arrivals by air to the United States (excluding those from Canada and Mexico). Information is derived from the Immigration and Naturalization Service's (INS) Visitor Arrivals Program (I94) and the U.S. Department of Commerce, Tourism Industries Office's Survey of International Air Travelers. The survey obtains data on overseas travel patterns, characteristics, and spending patterns of internationaltravelers to and from the United States. Between 69,000 and 95,000 travelers are surveyed each year. The survey results are weighted so they represent the international travel populations of U.S. residents and nonresidents based upon Immigration and Naturalization Service data.

## Additional information:

Contact: U.S. Department of Commerce (USDOC), International Trade
Administration, Tourism Industries Office
Print source: USDOC, International Trade Administration, Tourism Industries Office, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. States and Territories. Washington, DC: Annual issues; and USDOC, International Trade Administration, Tourism Industries Office, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S.
Cities/Hawaiian Islands. Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/

## Passenger border crossing data

U.S. Custom Service personnel collect passenger border-crossing entry data for all U.S. land, air, and maritime ports. These numbers reflect all entries, and it is not possible to divide these data into separate entries for same-day and overnight travel or by country of residence for the traveler. Additionally, for border-crossing figures, the total number of people is not the number of unique individuals, but rather indicates the number of border crossings. Multiple crossings by the same individual count as multiple border crossings.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Transportation Analysis

Internet: http://www.bts.gov

## Railroad industry and shipments data

The Association of American Railroads (AAR) database aggregates data from several sources concerning the freight railroad industry and movement of freight, both nationally and statewide. The state-specific data include commerce, employment, and financial contributions.

The primary source of data for Class I railroads is Schedule 700 of the R-1 Annual Report to the Surface Transportation Board (STB) by individual carriers ( 100 percent reporting) and the 2000 Carload Waybill Sample. The primary source of data for nonClass I railroads is AAR's Profiles of U.S. Railroads from statistics supplied annually by nearly all operating U.S. freight railroads. Some of the data are estimated based on more aggregated, national figures.

The STB defines Class I railroads as having operating revenues at or above a threshold indexed to a base of $\$ 250$ million (1991) and adjusted annually in concert with changes in
the Railroad Freight Rate Index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Declassification from Class I status occurs when a railroad falls below the applicable threshold for three consecutive years. Although few in number, Class I railroads account for over 90 percent of the industry's revenue.

The AAR determines the number of non-Class I railroads through an annual survey sent to each U.S. freight railroad.

Historical reliability may vary due to changes in the railroad industry, including bankruptcies, mergers, and declassification by the STB. Small data errors may also have occurred because of independent rounding in this series by the AAR.

## Additional information:

Contact: Association of American Railroads, Policy and Economics Department

Internet: http://www.aar.org

## Railroad safety data

Railroads are required to file a report for each accident or incident to the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA). These include: 1) train accidents, reported on Form F 6180.54, comprised of collisions, derailments, and other events involving the operation of on-track equipment and causing reportable damage above an established threshold (\$6,700 in 2002); 2) highway-rail grade crossing incidents, reported on Form F 6180.57, involving impact between railroad on-track equipment and highway users at crossings; and 3) other incidents, reported on Form F 6180.55 a , involving all other reportable incidents or exposures that cause a fatality or injury to any person or an occupational illness to a railroad employee.

Railroads are required by FRA regulations to use the current FRA Guide for Preparing Accident/Incident Reports when preparing reports.

The Systems Support Division of FRA maintains the Railroad Accident/Incident Reporting System (RAIRS), consisting of four databases: rail equipment, injury/illness, grade-crossing accidents, and railroad summary (freight and passenger). These databases include information on all railroad accidents, grade-crossing accidents, railroad employee casualties, and any other injuries on railroad property, and provide the basis for accident analyses and assessment as well as annual reports. The databases are updated monthly from information submitted by the railroads.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety

Print publication: USDOT, Federal Railroad Administration, Railroad Safety Statistics. Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.fra.dot.gov

## Recreational boating safety and vehicles data

The U.S. Coast Guard, of the U.S. Department of Transportation, collects data on recreational boating accidents from two sources: 1) Boating Accident Report (BAR) da ta forwarded to the Coast Guard by jurisdictions with an approved boat numbering and casualty reporting system, and 2) reports of Coast Guard investigations of fatal boating accidents that occurred on waters under federal jurisdiction. Recreational Boating Accident Investigation data are used if submitted to the Coast Guard and are relied on as much as possible to provide accident statistics. In the
absence of investigations, information is collected from reports filed by boat operators.

Boat operators are required to file a BAR if an accident results in 1) loss of life, 2) personal injury that requires medical treatment beyond first aid, 3) damage to the vessel and other property exceeding $\$ 500$, or 4 ) complete loss of the vessel.

Boat operators are required to report their accidents to authorities in the state where the accident occurred. States with approved boat numbering systems furnish the Coast Guard with BAR data. The minimum reporting requirements are set by federal regulation, but states are allowed to have stricter requirements. The Coast Guard reports recreational boating safety data in the report Boating Statistics, which only covers accidents meeting the federal minimum reporting requirements.

The statistics in Boating Statistics cover boating accidents reported on waters of joint federal and state jurisdiction, and exclusive state jurisdiction.

The Coast Guard believes over 90 percent of fatal accidents are included in Boating Statistics. A smaller percentage of nonfatal accidents are reported because of reporting thresholds, ignorance of the law, and difficulties enforcing the law. Federal law does not require the reporting of accidents on private waters where states have no jurisdiction. Reports of accidents on such waters are included when received by the Coast Guard if they satisfy the other requirements of inclusion. Accidents excluded are those in which the boat was used as a platform for other activities (e.g., swimming), and those in which a person dies of natural causes aboard a boat. However, the data do include accidents involving people in the
water who are struck by their boat or another boat.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, U.S. Coast Guard, Office of Boating Safety

Print source: USDOT, U.S. Coast Guard, Office of Boating Safety, Boating Statistics, Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.uscgboating.org

## Transborder surface freight data

The Transborder Surface Freight Dataset is extracted from the Census Foreign Trade Statistics Program and made available by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics. Import and export data are extracted from administrative records required by the Departments of Commerce and Treasury. This dataset incorporates all shipments entering or exiting the United States by surface modes of transport (that is, other than air or maritime vessel) to and from Canada or Mexico. Prior to January 1997, this dataset also included transhipments in its detailed tables, that is, shipments entering or exiting the United States by way of U.S. Customs ports on the northern or southern borders, even when the actual origin or final destination of the goods was other than Canada or Mexico. Shipments that neither originate nor terminate in the United States (i.e., intransit shipments) are beyond the scope of this dataset because they are not considered U.S. international trade shipments.

Users should be aware that the trade data fields (such as value and commodity classification) are typically more rigorously reviewed than transportation data fields (i.e., mode of transportation and port of entry/exit). Users should also be aware that the use of foreign trade data to describe physical transportation flows might not be direct. For
example, this dataset provides surface transportation information for individual Customs districts and ports on the northern and southern borders. However, because of filing procedures for trade documents, these ports may or may not reflect where goods physically crossed the border. This is because the filer of information may choose to file trade documents at one port, while shipments actually enter or exit at another port.

Import data are generally more accurate than export data. This is primarily due to the fact that Customs uses import documents for enforcement purposes, while it performs no similar function for exports.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Transportation Analysis

Internet: http://www.bts.gov

## Transit operating, financial, and safety data

Transit data are from the NationalTransit Database (NTD) produced by the USDOT, Federal Transit Administration (FTA). Data are collected from transit agencies that receive Urbanized Area Formula Program funds. Transit operators that do not report to FTA are those that do not receive federal funding, typically private, small, and rural operators. FTA reviews and validates information submitted by individual transit agencies. Reliability may vary because some transit agencies cannot obtain accurate information or may interpret certain data definitions differently than intended.

In 2001, 601 agencies submitted data to the NTD. Of that total, 68 transit agencies received exemptions from detailed reporting because they operated 9 or fewer vehicles, and 2 were excluded because their data were
incomplete. Thus, 534 individual reporters were included in the NTD accounting for 90 to 95 percent of transit passenger-miles.

Data are collected on a range of variables including capital and operating funding, transit service supplied and consumed, and transit safety and security. Transit operators must report fatalities, injuries, accidents, incidents, and property damage in excess of $\$ 1,000$.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Federal Transit Administration

Print source: USDOT, Federal Transit Administration, Data Tables. Washington, DC: Annual issues; and USDOT, Federal Transit Administration, National Transit Database Reporting Manual. Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.fta.dot.gov

## Transportation establishment, employees, and payroll data

Data on employees, establishments, and payroll are taken from County Business Patterns, a database of employment in the United States using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Data are collected annually. Data are extracted from the Business Register, the Census Bureau's file of all known single and multiestablishment companies. The Annual Company Organization Survey and quinquennial Economic Censuses provide individual establishment data for multilocation firms. Data for single-location firms are obtained from various programs conducted by the Census Bureau, such as the Economic Censuses, the Annual Survey of Manufactures, and Current Business Surveys. They are also obtained from administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS),
the Social Security Administration (SSA), and the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, Economic Planning and Coordination Division

Print source: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, [State]: County Business Patterns 2001. Washington, DC: 2003.

Internet: http://www.census.gov/epcd/ cbp/view/cbpview.html

## Waterborne imports and vessel data

The U.S. Department of Transportation's Maritime Administration (MARAD) classifies merchant-based vessels by size and type and reports this information in its annual publication, Merchant Fleets of the World. MARAD compiles these figures from a data service provided by Lloyd's Maritime Information Service. The parent company, Lloyd's Register (LR), collects data from several sources, including its offices around the world, data transfers and agreements with other classification societies, questionnaires to ship owners and shipbuilders, feedback from government agencies, and input from port agents.

MARAD's Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis maintains the waterborne databank used to compile the annual import and export statistics from monthly and quarterly data provided by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. MARAD publishes the data in reports of vessel movements, trade and cargo by type of service, U.S. and foreign port, country of origin/destination, commodity, value, weight, and containerized cargo.

MARAD distributes the reports and performs special tabulations and customized maritime data reports created for other government agencies and the private sector on a
reimbursable basis. MARAD also provides these services for historic data and maintains the Schedule K Classification of Foreign Ports by Geographic Trade Area and Country.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Maritime Administration, Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis

Print source: USDOT, Maritime
Administration, Merchant Fleets of the World.
Internet: http://www.marad.dot.gov

## Waterborne shipments data

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' (Corps) Navigation Data Center (NDC) collects data on waterborne commodity and vessel movements, domestic commercial vessel characteristics, port and waterway facilities, and navigation dredging projects.

The NDC's databases contain information on physical characteristics, infrastructure, and commodities for principal facilities on the U.S. coast, Great Lakes, and inland ports. The data consists of listings of port area's waterfront facilities, including information on berthing, cranes, transit sheds, grain elevators, marine repair plants, fleeting areas, and docking and storage facilities.

All vessel operators of record report their domestic waterborne traffic movements to the Corps via ENG Forms 3925 and 3925b. Cargo movements are reported according to points of loading and unloading. Excluded cargo movements are: 1) cargo carried on general ferries, 2) coal and petroleum products loaded from shore facilities directly into vessels for fuel use, 3) military cargo moved in U.S.
Department of Defense vessels, and 4) cargo weighing less than 100 tons moved on government equipment. The Corps calculates ton-miles by multiplying the cargo's tonnage
by the distance between points of loading and unloading.

An annual survey of companies that operate inland waterway vessels is the principal source of data for inland non self-propelled vessels, self-propelled vessels, and flag passenger and cargo vessels. More than 3,000 surveys are sent to these companies, and response rates are typically above 90 percent.

## Additional information:

Contact: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center Print source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce of the United States. New Orleans, LA: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.wrsc.usace.army.mil

## I Appendices and Glossary

## Appendix 1: Data Sources and Availability

| Publication/database | Source | Website | Tables | Update available (approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Air Carrier Activity Information System (ACAIS) | U.S. DOT, Federal Aviation Administration, O ffice of Airports | http://www1.faa.gov/arp/ planning/stats/ | 1-10, 1-11, 3-13 | 4th quarter 2004 |
| Air Traffic Statistics | U.S. DOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics | http://www.bts.gov | 3-12, 4-5 | 3rd quarter 2004 |
| Boating Statistics | U.S. DOT, U.S. Coast Guard | http://www.uscgboating.org | 2-16, 2-17, 5-5 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Border Crossing Data | U.S. DOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics | http://www.bts.gov/itt/cross/ | $\begin{aligned} & 3-16,3-17,3-18, \\ & 3-19,3-20,3-21, \\ & 3-22,3-23,3-24, \\ & 3-25,3-26,3-27, \\ & 4-5,4-7,4-8, \\ & 4-9,4-10,4-11, \\ & 4-12,4-13,4-14, \\ & 4-15,4-16,4-17 \end{aligned}$ | 2nd quarter 2004 |
| Census 2000 | U.S. Census Bureau | http://www.census.gov | 4-1 | 2012 |
| Commodity Flow Survey | U.S. DOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics | http://www.bts.gov/cfs and http://www.census.gov | $\begin{aligned} & 3-1,3-2,3-3, \\ & 3-4,3-5 \end{aligned}$ | 4th quarter 2004 |
| County Business Patterns | U.S. Census Bureau | http://censtats.census.gov/ | 6-1 | 2nd quarter 2004 |
| General Aviation and Air Taxi Activity Survey | U.S. DOT, Federal Aviation Administration | http://api.hq.faa.gov/pubs.asp | 5-6 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Government Transportation Financial Statistics | U.S. DOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics | http://www.bts.gov | 6-2,6-3 | 4th quarter 2004 |
| Hazmat Summary by State | U.S. DOT, RSPA, Office of Hazardous Material Safety | http://hazmat.dot.gov/ | 2-18, 2-19 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Highway Statistics | U.S. DOT, Federal Highway Administration | http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/ ohimstat.htm | $\begin{aligned} & 1-1,1-2,1-4,4-2, \\ & 5-1,5-2,5-3, \\ & 5-4,6-4,7-4 \end{aligned}$ | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Maximum Posted Speed Limits for Passenger Vehicles | Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, Highway Loss Data Institute | http://www.hwysafety.org/safety_facts/ state_laws/speed_limit_laws.htm | 2-8 | 3rd quarter 2004 |
| National Bridge Inventory | U.S. DOT, Federal Highway Administration | http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/ britab.htm | 1-5, 1-6 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| National Transit Database | U.S. DOT, Federal Transit Administration | http://www.ntdprogram.com | $\begin{aligned} & 1-7,2-15,4-3, \\ & 4-4 \end{aligned}$ | 1st quarter 2004 |
| O verseas Visitors to Select U.S. States and Territories and O verseas Visitors to Select U.S. Cities/Hawaiian Islands | U.S. Dept. of Commerce, International Trade Administration, Office of Tourism Industries | http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/ | 4-18, 4-19 | 1st quarter 2004 |

KEY: RSPA = Research and Special Programs Administration; U.S. DOT = U.S. Department of Transportation.

## Data Sources and Availability (continued)

| Publication/database | Source | Website | Tables | Update Available (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pipeline Statistics | U.S. DOT, RSPA, Office of Pipeline Safety | http://ops.dot.gov | 2-20, 2-21, 2-22 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Port Import/Export Reporting Services (PIERS) | U.S. DOT, MARAD, O ffice of Statistical and Economic Analysis | http://www.marad.dot.gov/ Marad_Statistics/index.html | 3-11 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Public Transportation Fact Book | American Public Transportation Association | http://www.apta.com/stats | 1-8 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report | U.S. DOT, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Railway Safety | http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/ O fficeofSafety | $\begin{aligned} & 2-9,2-10,2-11, \\ & 2-12,2-13,2-14 \end{aligned}$ | 3rd quarter 2004 |
| Railroads and States | Association of American Railroads | http://www.aar.org/AboutTheIndustry/ StateInformation.asp | 1-12, 1-13, 3-6 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Safety Belt Use | U.S. DOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration | http://www- <br> nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/departments/ nrd-30/ncsa/Availlnf.html | 2-4 | 2nd quarter 2004 |
| State Energy Data Report | U.S. Dept. of Energy, Energy Information Administration | http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/ _use_multistate.html | 7-1, 7-2, 7-3 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Toll Facilities in the United States: Bridges-Roads-Tunnels-Ferries | U.S. DOT, Federal Highway Administration | http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/ tollpage.htm | 1-3 | 2nd quarter 2005 |
| Traffic Safety Facts | U.S. DOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration | http://www- <br> nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/departments/ nrd-30/ncsa/Availlnf.html | $\begin{aligned} & 2-1,2-2,2-3, \\ & 2-5,2-6,2-7 \end{aligned}$ | 4th quarter 2004 |
| Transborder Surface Freight Data | U.S. DOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics | http://www.bts.gov/transborder/ reports.html | 3-14, 3-15, 3-28 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| U.S. Civil Airmen Statistics | U.S. DOT, Federal Aviation Administration | http://api.hq.faa.gov/pubs.asp | 5-7 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Vessel Calls | U.S. DOT, MARAD, O ffice of Statistical and Economic Analysis | http://www.marad.dot.gov/ Marad_Statistics/index.html | 3-10 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Waterborne Commerce in the United States | U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Navigation Data Center | http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/ndc/ | 1-14, 1-15, 3-7 | 1st quarter 2004 |
| Waterborne Databank | U.S. DOT, MARAD, Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis | http://www.marad.dot.gov/ Marad_Statistics/index.html | 3-8, 3-9 | 3rd quarter 2004 |

KEY: MARAD = Maritime Administration; RSPA = Research and Special Programs Administration; U.S. DOT = U.S. Department of Transportation.

## Appendix 2: State Departments of Transportation Contact Information

| State | Agency | Website address | Telephone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | Alabama State Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.al.us | (334) 242-6358 |
| Alaska | Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities | www.dot.state.ak.us | (907) 465-3900 |
| Arizona | Arizona Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.az.us | (602) 712-7011 |
| Arkansas | Arkansas State Highway and Transportation Department | www.ahtd.state.ar.us | (501) 569-2000 |
| California | California Department of Transportation | www.dot.ca.gov | (916) 654-5266 |
| Colorado | Colorado Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.co.us | (303) 757-9201 |
| Connecticut | Connecticut Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.ct.us | (860) 594-2000 |
| Delaware | Delaware Department of Transportation | www.deldot.net | (302) 760-2080 |
| District of Columbia | District of Columbia Department of Transportation | www.ddot.dc.gov | (202) 673-6813 |
| Florida | Florida Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.fl.us | (850) 414-4100 |
| Georgia | Georgia Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.ga.us | (404) 656-5267 |
| Hawaii | Hawaii Department of Transportation | www.state.hi.us/dot | (808) 587-2150 |
| Idaho | Idaho Transportation Department | www.state.id.us/itd | (208) 334-8000 |
| Illinois | Illinois Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.il.us | (217)782-7820 |
| Indiana | Indiana Department of Transportation | www.ai.org/dot | (217) 782-6953 |
| lowa | Iowa Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.ia.us | (515) 239-1101 |
| Kansas | Kansas Department of Transportation | www.ksdot.org | (785) 296-3566 |
| Kentucky | Kentucky Transportation Cabinet | www.kytc.state.ky.us | (502) 564-4890 |
| Louisiana | Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development | www.dotd.state.la.us | (225) 379-1100 |
| Maine | Maine Department of Transportation | www.maine.gov/mdot-stage | (207) 624-3000 |
| Maryland | Maryland Department of Transportation | www.mdot.state.md.us | (410) 865-1000 |
| Massachusetts | MA ${ }^{1}$ Executive Department of Transportation and Construction | www.state.ma.us/eotc | (617) 973-7000 |
| Michigan | Michigan Department of Transportation | www.michigan.gov/mdot | (517) 373-2090 |
| Minnesota | Minnesota Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.mn.us | (651) 296-3000 |
| Mississippi | Mississippi Department of Transportation | www.mdot.state.ms.us | (601) 359-7001 |
| Missouri | Missouri Department of Transportation | www.modot.state.mo.us | (573) 751-2551 |
| Montana | Montana Department of Transportation | www.mdt.state.mt.us | (406) 444-6200 |
| Nebraska | Nebraska Department of Roads | www.dor.state.ne.us | (402) 471-4567 |
| Nevada | N evada Department of Transportation | www.nevadadot.com | (775) 888-7000 |
| New Hampshire | New Hampshire Department of Transportation | www.state.nh.us/dot | (603) 271-3734 |
| New Jersey | N ew Jersey Department of Transportation | www.state.nj.us/transportation | (609) 530-3536 |
| New Mexico | N ew Mexico Department of Transportation | www.nmshtd.state.nm.us | (505) 827-5100 |
| N ew York | New York State Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.ny.us | (518) 457-6195 |
| North Carolina | N orth Carolina Department of Transportation | www.ncdot.org | (919) 733-2520 |
| North Dakota | N orth Dakota Department of Transportation | www.state.nd.us/dot | (701) 328-2500 |
| O hio | O hio Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.oh.us | (614) 466-7170 |
| O klahoma | O klahoma Department of Transportation | www.okladot.state.ok.us | (405) 522-6000 |
| Oregon | Oregon Department of Transportation | www.odot.state.or.us | (503) 986-4366 |
| Pennsylvania | Pennsylvania Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.pa.us | (717) 787-2838 |
| Rhode Island | Rhode Island Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.ri.us | (401) 222-2481 |
| South Carolina | South Carolina Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.sc.us | (803) 737-2314 |
| South Dakota | South Dakota Department of Transportation | www.sddot.com | (605) 773-3265 |
| Tennessee | Tennessee Department of Transportation | www.tdot.state.tn.us | (615) 741-2848 |
| Texas | Texas Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.tx.us | (512) 463-8585 |
| Utah | Utah Department of Transportation | www.sr.ex.state.ut.us | (801) 695-4000 |
| Vermont | Vermont Agency of Transportation | www.aot.state.vt.us | (802) 828-2657 |
| Virginia | Virginia Department of Transportation | www.virginiadot.org | (804) 786-2801 |
| Washington | Washington State Department of Transporation | www.wsdot.wa.gov | (360) 705-7000 |
| West Virginia | West Virginia Department of Tranportation | www.wvdot.com | (304) 558-3456 |
| Wisconsin | Wisconsin Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.wi.us | (608) 266-2211 |
| Wyoming | Wyoming Department of Transportation | wydotweb.state.wy.us | (307) 777-4375 |
| United States | United States Department of Transportation | www.dot.gov | (202) 366-4000 |

British thermal unit (Btu): The amount of energy required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water 1 degree Fahrenheit (F) at or near 39.2 degrees $F$ and 1 atmosphere of pressure.

Certificated airport: An airport holding an operating certificate issued by the Federal Aviation Administration in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 139 allowing it to serve scheduled or unscheduled air carrier aircraft designed for more than 30 passengers.

Commuter rail: Urban passenger train service for short-distance travel between a central city and adjacent suburb. Does not include rapid rail transit or light rail transit service.

Container: A box-like device used to store, protect, and handle a number of packages or items as a unit of transit that can be interchanged between trucks, trains, and ships without rehandling the contents.

Controlled right-of-way: Lanes restricted for at least a portion of the day for use by transit vehicles and other high occupancy vehicles (HOVs).

Demand responsive: Transit service provided without a fixed route and without a fixed schedule that operates in response to calls from passengers or their agents to the transit operator or dispatcher. Service is usually provided using cars, vans, or buses with fewer than 25 seats.

Directional route-miles: The mileage in each direction over which public transportation vehicles travel while in revenue service. Directional route-miles are a measure of the facility or roadway, not the service carried on the facility such as the number of routes or vehicle-miles.

Directional route-miles are computed with regard to direction of service, but without regard to the number of traffic lanes or rail tracks existing in the right-of-way.

Dry-bulk carrier (water): A ship with specialized holds for carrying dry cargo such as coal, grain, and iron ore in unpackaged bulk form.

Enplanements: The total number of revenue passengers boarding aircraft.

Exclusive right-of-way: Lanes reserved at all times for transit use and other high occupancy vehicles (HOVs).

Ferryboat (transit): Vessels that carry passengers and/or vehicles over a body of water. Generally steam or diesel-powered, ferryboats may also be hovercraft, hydrofoil, and other high-speed vessels. The vessel is limited in its use to the carriage of deck passengers or vehicles or both, operates on a short run on a frequent schedule between two points over the most direct water routes other than in ocean or coastwise service, and is offered as a public service of a type normally attributed to a bridge or tunnel.

Full container ship: Ships equipped with permanent container cells, with little or no space for other types of cargo.

Heavy rail: An electric railway with the capacity to transport a heavy volume of passenger traffic and characterized by exclusive rights-of-way, multi-car trains, high speed, rapid acceleration, sophisticated signaling, and high-platform loading. Also known as "subway," "elevated (railway)," or metropolitan railway (metro)."

Light rail: A streetcar-type vehicle operated on city streets, semi-exclusive rights-of-way, or exclusive rights-of-way.

Service may be provided by step-entry vehicles or by level boarding.

Major arterial highway: A major highway used primarily for through traffic.

Metric ton: 2,205 pounds (2,000 pounds divided by 0.907 ).

Minor arterial: In rural areas, roads linking cities and larger towns. In urban areas, roads distributing trips to small geographic area but not penetrating identifiable neighborhoods.

Minor collector highway: In rural areas, routes that serve intracounty rather than statewide travel. In urban areas, streets that provide direct access to neighborhoods and arterials.

Mixed right-of-way: Lanes used for general automobile traffic.

Motor bus: A rubber-tired, self-propelled, manually steered bus with fuel supply onboard the vehicle. Motor bus types include intercity, school, and transit.

Natural gas distribution pipeline: Smaller than transmission pipelines and maintained by companies that distribute natural gas locally (intrastate). Distribution pipeline systems are analogous to networks of lesser roads and residential streets that people travel after getting off the freeway.

## Natural gas transmission pipeline:

Analogous to a major freeway, it is the main interstate transportation route for moving large amounts of natural gas from the source of production to points of distribution. Transmission pipelines are designed to move large amounts of natural gas from areas where the gas is extracted and stored
to the local distribution companies that provide natural gas to homes and businesses.

Principal arterial highway: Major streets or highways, many of multilane or freeway design, serving high- volume traffic corridor movements that connect major generators of travel.

Short ton: 2,000 pounds.
Tanker: An oceangoing ship designed to haul liquid bulk cargo in world trade.

Ton-mile: The movement of one ton of cargo the distance of one statute mile.

Trackage rights: The authority of one railroad to use the tracks of another railroad for a fee.

Trolley bus: Rubber-tired, electric transit vehicle, manually steered and propelled by a motor drawing current, normally through overhead wires, from a central power source.

Unlinked passenger trips: The number of passengers who board public transportation vehicles. A passenger is counted each time he or she boards a vehicle even if on the same journey from origin to destination.

Vanpool: Public-sponsored commuter service operating under prearranged schedules for previously formed groups of riders in 8 - to 18 -seat vehicles. Drivers are also commuters who receive little or no compensation besides the free ride.

Vehicle-miles traveled (highway): Miles of travel by all types of motor vehicles as determined by the states on the basis of actual traffic counts and established estimating procedures.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Effective date of first belt law in the state; ${ }^{2}$ Primary enforcement enables police officers to stop vehicles and write citations whenever they observe a violation of the seat belt law. Secondary enforcement allows police officers to write a citation for seat belt infractions only after stopping a vehicle for some other traffic infraction; ${ }^{3}$ Primary enforcement for all positions if driver is under 18 years; ${ }^{4}$ Plus 2 points on license; ${ }^{5}$ Fine for driver is $\$ 25$; fine for passengers over 12 years is $\$ 10$; ${ }^{6}$ Most states exempt vehicles not manufactured with seat belts.

    KEY: NA = not applicable; RV = recreational vehicle.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts 2002 Early Edition, Washington, DC: 2003, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/pdf/nrd-30/NCSA/TSFAnn/TSF2002.pdf as of Oct. 1, 2003.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ A "federal-aid urbanized area" is an area with 50,000 or more persons that, at a minimum, encompasses the land area delineated as the urbanized area by the U.S. Census Bureau. Areas are ranked by population.
    ${ }^{2}$ Lane miles estimated by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation use of natural gas is consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors, or consumed as vehicle fuel.
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.
    ${ }^{3}$ "Other" is the sum of aviation gasoline, liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), and lubricants.
    ${ }^{4}$ Ethanol blended into motor gasoline is included in motor gasoline, but is also shown separately to display the use of renewable energy by the transportation sector. It is counted only once in the total.
    ${ }^{5}$ Incurred in the generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity plus plant use and unaccounted for electrical system energy losses.

