

Commonwealth of Kentucicy OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

My Fellow Kentuckians:
This 2000 Kentucky Traffic Collision Facts report provides us with valuable statistics concerning traffic collisions on the roadways of our Commonwealth. These figures should also remind us that motor vehicle travel, although required by most to provide our very livelihood, many times results in injury and even death.

Each year I am saddened to learn, through this publication, the number of individuals killed and injured in traffic collisions throughout our state. The number of fatalities for 2000 increased by $.05 \%$, there being four more fatalities than during 1999. The 823 people who lost their lives in fatal traffic collisions in Kentucky represent a
 far too great a portion of our most valuable asset - our citizens.

Injury and death on our highways can be dramatically reduced if everyone will be alert, observe speed limits, never drink and drive, and always buckle-up. By following these few, common-sense rules, we can make our roadways safer for all Kentuckians.


# COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY Kentucky State Police <br> 919 Versailles Road <br> FRANKFORT 40601 

Pall E. Patton
GOVEANOA

ISHMON F. BURKS
COMMISSIONER

The Honorable Paul E. Patton
Governor of Kentucky
The Capitol
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

## Dear Governor Patton:

The Kentucky Revised Statutes, Chapter 189.635, requires that Kentucky State Police collect and tabulate traffic collision reports submitted by all law enforcement agencies in the Commonwealth.

It is my great pleasure to present, pursuant to the above referenced statute, this 2000 TRAFFIC COLLISION FACTS report. Statistical information, based on comprehensive evaluation and analyses of fatal, injury, and property damage collisions, is provided in this report.


Kentucky State Police would like to take this opportunity to express our gratitude to the Kentucky Transportation Center, College of Engineering, University of Kentucky, for compiling and printing our 2000 traffic collision statistics. For the seventh consecutive year, this mutually beneficial joint-effort has produced a report, which we feel more accurately reflects traffic collision data, while offering a broader analytical approach to many areas of special interest.

We sincerely hope that the information contained herein is beneficial to law enforcement agencies, national, state and local organizations, as well as citizens concerned with highway safety across "Our Great State".

Respectfully submitted,


Commissioner


## DEDICATION

## This 2000 Collision Facts Report

is appropriately
dedicated
to

THE EIGHT HUNDRED TWENTY-THREE CITIZENS
Who were victims of Fatal Traffic Collisions

## During 2000 and to

Their Families
All citizens of the Commonwealth of Kentucky share the sorrow brought about by senseless tragedies on our streets and highways.

# KENTUCKY TRAFFIC COLLISION FACTS 2000 

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## INTRODUCTION

KENTUCKY'S TRAFFIC COLLISION FACTS report for 2000 is based on collision reports submitted to the Kentucky State Police Records Branch. As required by Kentucky Revised statutes 189.635, "every law enforcement agency whose officers investigate a vehicle accident of which a report must be made...shall file a report of the accident...within ten days after investigation of the accident upon forms supplied by the bureau." The stated purpose of this requirement is to utilize data on traffic collisions for such purposes as will improve the traffic safety program in the Commonwealth." Data contained in this report are based solely on the observations and judgements of the state and local police officers who investigated each collision. The collision data is contained in an automatic system (Collision Report Analysis for Safer Highways) (CRASH). This system has edit checks for accuracy. Computer tabulations and summaries are again checked for accuracy before information is released or disseminated. It is hoped that the detailed information presented in the 2000 Kentucky Traffic Collision Facts report will, in fact, "improve the traffic safety program within the Commonwealth."

Definitions and Terms: the National MANUAL ON CLASSIFICATION OF MOTOR VEHICLE TRAFFIC CRASHES is used to ensure uniformity and compliance with federal requirements. Standard definitions and terms used in this booklet include the following:

Motor Vehicle Traffic Collision: any motor vehicle collision that occurs on a trafficway or that occurs after the motor vehicle runs off roadway but before events are stabilized.

Collision: an unintended event that produces death, injury or damage. The word "injury" includes "fatal injury."
Trafficway: the entire width between property lines or other boundary lines, of every way or place, of which any part is open to the public for purposes of vehicular travel as matter of right or custom.

Fatal Collision: is any motor vehicle collision that results in fatal injuries to one or more persons.
Fatality: a person or persons killed in a fatal collision (also referred to as "persons killed").
Nonfatal Injury Collision: any motor vehicle collision that results in injury, other than fatal, to one or more persons (also referred to as Personal Injury Collision).

Injured: a person or person injured in a collision (also referred to as "persons injured").
Property Damage Collision: any motor vehicle collision in which there is no injury to any person, but only damage to a motor vehicle or other property, including injury to domestic animals.

Alcohol-Related Collision: any collision in which an operator was observed to have been drinking by the officer investigating the collision.

NOTE: KRS 189.635 requires "any person operating a vehicle...who is involved in an accident resulting in any property damage exceeding $\$ 500$ in which an investigation is not conducted by a law enforcement officer shall file a written report of the accident with the state police within ten(10) days of occurrence of the accident..." Such reports are not included in the overall data presented in this report.

NOTE: Summary data on fatal collisions are included throughout this report. Additional data on fatal collisions can be found in the section titled "Kentucky's Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS)", pages 57-62.

NOTE: Prior to 1985, Kentucky utilized a ninety day cut-off for deaths resulting from fatal collisions. As of 1986, persons who died as a result of injuries sustained in a motor vehicle collision are counted as fatalities only if death occurred within thirty days from the date of the collision. This change from ninety to thirty days was made to be consistent with guidelines of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

NOTE: Beginning with the 2000 Kentucky Traffic Collision Facts report, these statistics were tabulated under modified formats. Data from parking lots and private property are reported but summarized separately from collisions on public roads. Civilian report data are not included. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, THE DATA ARE FOR PUBLIC ROADS ONLY. Therefore, some data are not directly comparable to previous years.

COLLISION SUMMARY

## 2000 COLLISION SUMMARY

| TYPE COLLISION REPORTED | $\mathbf{1 , 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 0 0}$ | PERCENT <br> CHANGE |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| FATAL (Public Roads) | NA | 711 | NA |
| NONFATAL INJURY (Public Roads) | 36,125 | 34,732 | -3.9 |
| PROPERTY DAMAGE ONLY (Public Roads) | 95,362 | 99,636 | -4.5 |
| TOTAL NUMBER REPORTED (Public Roads) | 132,216 | 135,079 | +2.2 |
| PARKING LOTS / PRIVATE PROPERTY | NA | 22,262 | NA |
| TOTAL ALL REPORTED | NA | 157,341 | NA |
| FATAL (Total) | 729 | $724^{\star}$ | -0.7 |

*Includes 13 fatals on parking lots / private property

NOTE: Beginning with the 2000 Kentucky Traffic Collision Facts report, these statistics were tabulated under modified formats. Data from parking lots and private property are reported but summarized separately from collisions on public roads. Civilian report data are not included. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, THE DATA ARE FOR PUBLIC ROADS ONLY, Therefore some data are not directly comparable to previous years.


## DEATH AND INJURY SUMMARY

|  | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\%$ <br> CHANGE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PERSONS KILLED - Public Roads | NA | 810 | NA |
| PERSONS KILLED - Parking Lots / Private Property | NA | 13 | NA |
| PERSONS KILLED (Total) | 819 | 823 | +0.5 |
| PERSONS INJURED - Public Roads | 54,951 | 53,129 | -3.3 |
| PERSONS INJURED - Parking Lots / Private Property | NA | 1,353 | NA |
| PERSONS INJURED (Total) | NA | 54,482 | NA |

FACTS: APPROXIMATELY ONE OF EVERY 5,500 KENTUCKY RESIDENTS DIED AS A RESULT OF A FATAL TRAFFIC COLLISION DURING 2000 IN KENTUCKY. ABOUT ONE IN 82 KENTUCKY RESIDENTS WAS INJURED IN A TRAFFIC COLLISION IN KENTUCKY. *

> APPROXIMATELY ONE OF EVERY 12 DRIVERS LICENSED IN KENTUCKY WAS INVOLVED IN A TRAFFIC COLLISION IN KENTUCKY. ABOUT ONE OF 3,000 KENTUCKY DRIVERS WAS INVOLVED IN A FATAL COLLISION.**

* Based on 4,041,769 population estimate for 2000.
** Based on 2,754,348 licensed drivers In Kentucky in 2000 (including learner permits).

A total of 823 persons were killed during 2000. The total number of traffic fatalities increased $0.5 \%$, with 4 more fatalities than during 1999.

53,129 persons were injured on public roads during 2000, a decrease of $3.3 \%$ from 1999 , or 1,822 fewer persons injured.

The chart at the right compares death rates for Kentucky vs. U.S. death rates computed by the National Safety Council.

The bottom chart plots persons injured by severity of injury. An incapacitating injury includes those injuries that required transport to a hospital.

| TYPE INJURY | NUMBER | $\%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| INCAPACITATING INJURY | 8,354 | 16 |
| Public Roads | 180 | 13 |
| Parking Lots / Private Property | 20,849 | 39 |
| NON-INCAPACITATING INJURY | 453 | 33 |
| Public Roads | 23,926 | 45 |
| Parking Lots / Private Property | 720 | 53 |
| POSSIBLE INJURY |  |  |
| Public Roads | 53,129 |  |
| Parking Lots / Private Property | 1,353 |  |
| TOTAL |  |  |
| Public Roads |  |  |
| Parking Lots / Private Property |  |  |


| TOTAL DEATH RATES <br> (deaths per 100 million miles traveled*) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | KILLED | RATE |  |
|  |  | K $Y$ | U.S. |
| 1985 | 730 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
| 1986 | 808 | 2.8 | 2.6 |
| 1987 | 849 | 2.8 | 2.6 |
| 1988 | 840 | 2.7 | 2.5 |
| 1989 | 776 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| 1990 | 851 | 2.5 | 2.2 |
| 1991 | 828 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
| 1992 | 819 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| 1993 | 875 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| 1994 | 791 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| 1995 | 856 | 2.1 | 1.8 |
| 1996 | 846 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| 1997 | 865 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| 1998 | 869 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| 1999 | 819 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| 2000 | 823 | 1.8 | 1.5 |

*Miles traveled in Kentucky in $2000=46.7$ billion **Includes both Public Roads and Private Property

## FATALITIES BY AGE AND SEX

The number of persons killed in fatal collisions in 2000 is shown by age and sex in the chart below. There were 560 males versus 250 females killed. Twenty-eight (28) percent of all persons killed in traffic collisions were in the 15 - to 24 -year old age group. Fifty-two (52) of the persons killed were pedestrians, four were pedalcyclists. The percentages represent the percent of males or females killed in the given age group (as a percentage of the total males or females killed).


## AGE

## SEVERITY OF INJURY BY TYPE OF COLLISION

The chart below depicts the number of persons killed and injured, by severity of injury, with 12 categories of collisions. As shown in the percentage column, collisions with moving motor vehicles (66\%) and collisions with fixed objects (24\%) account for $90 \%$ of the fatalities and injuries during 2000.

| TYPE OF COLLISION | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOTAL } \\ & \text { COLLISIONS } \end{aligned}$ | FATAL COLLISIONS | TYPE OF INJURY |  |  |  | \% OF TOTAL OCCUPANTS KILLED OR inJured |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | KILLED | INCAPACITATING INJURY | NON-INCAPACITATING INJURY | POSSIBLE |  |
| NON COLLISION OVERTURNED | 1,242 | 25 | 25 | 229 | 482 | 291 | 1.9 |
| OTHER NON COLLISION | 2,454 | 30 | 31 | 226 | 464 | 386 | 2.1 |
| COLLISION WITH PEDESTRIAN | 1,124 | 52 | 52 | 280 | 406 | 333 | 2.0 |
| COLLISION WITH MOVING VEHICLE | 90,739 | 271 | 336 | 4,746 | 12,960 | 17,565 | 66.0 |
| COLLISION WITH PARKED VEHICLE | 7,081 | 4 | 5 | 82 | 241 | 184 | 0.9 |
| COLLISION WITH TRAIN | 59 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 10 | 10 | 0.1 |
| COLLISION WITH PEDALCYCLIST | 582 | 4 | 4 | 95 | 211 | 159 | 0.9 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { COLISION WITH } \\ \text { DEER } \end{gathered}$ | 3,248 | 1 | 1 | 26 | 117 | 130 | 0.5 |
| COLLISION WITH OTHER ANIMAL | 1,414 | 1 | 1 | 26 | 86 | 90 | 0.4 |
| COLLISION WITH FIXED OBJECT | 24,401 | 311 | 340 | 2,521 | 5,566 | 4,255 | 23.5 |
| COLLISION WITH OTHER OBJECT | 2,735 | 8 | 11 | 120 | 306 | 523 | 1.8 |
| TOTALS | 135,079 | 711 | 810 | 8,354 | 20,849 | 23,926 | 100.0 |

## OCCURRENCE OF COLLISIONS BY TYPE

Sixty-seven (67) percent of all collisions reported during 2000 involved collisions between two or more moving vehicles (not in a parking lot).

Eighteen (18) percent of all collisions involved collisions with fixed objects.

Fifteen (15) percent of all collisions did not involve a collision with either a moving vehicle or a fixed object. About $12 \%$ were other types of collisions (vehicle with pedestrian, deer, pedalcyclist, etc.) while the remainder were non-collisions (vehicle overturning and other non-collisions).

When looking at fatal collisions, the ratio among types of occurrences is different. Thirty-eight (38) percent of all fatal collisions involved a collision with another moving vehicle.

Forty-four (44) percent of the fatal collisions reported during 2000 involved collisions with fixed objects.

Collisions with pedestrians accounted for $7 \%$ of the fatal collisions. Eleven (11) percent of the fatal collisions were other type collisions. Most of these ( $8 \%$ ) were non-collisions (vehicle overturning or other non-collision).

Specific types of collisions and the percentage of total collisions and fatalities in each type of collision category are shown on the following page.



## TYPES OF COLLISIONS

Collisions with other moving motor vehicles were responsible for $67 \%$ of all collisions reported during 2000, and accounted for $41 \%$ of all fatalities (persons killed). Collisions with fixed objects accounted for $18 \%$ of all collisions, but $42 \%$ of fatalities. Types of collisions are depicted below.


COLLISION WITH PEDESTRIAN:

Total Collisions:
\% of Total Collisions:
Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
\% of All Fatal Collisions:

COLLISION WITH
PEDALCYCLIST:
Total Collisions:
\% of Total Collisions: Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
\% of All Fatal Collisions:


COLLISION WITH
RAILWAY TRAIN:
Total Collisions:
\% of Total Collisions:
Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
\% of All Fatal Collisions:

1,124
0.83\%

52
6.42\%

52
7.31\%


COLLISION WITH DEER:

Total Collisions:
582
0.43\%
$0.49 \%$
4
0.56\%


3,248
\% of Total Collisions:
2.40\%

Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
0.12\%
\% of All Fatal Collisions:
0.14\%


## COLLISION WITH ANIMALS

 (excluding deer):Total Collisions:
\% of Total Collisions:
Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
\% of All Fatal Collisions:

1,414
1.05\%

1
$0.12 \%$
1
0.14\%

## COLLISION WITH FIXED OBJECT:

Total Collisions: 24,401
\% of Total Collisions: $18.06 \%$
Persons Killed: $\quad 340$
\% of Total Fatalities: 41.98\%
No. of Fatal Collisions: $\quad 311$
\% of All Fatal Collisions: $43.74 \%$


## COLLISION WITH MOVING MOTOR VEHICLE:

Total Collisions: $\quad 90,739$
\% of Total Collisions: $67.17 \%$
Persons Killed: 336
\% of Total Fatalities: 41.48\%
No. of Fatal Collisions: 271
\% of All Fatal Collisions:
38.12\%

## PARKED VEHICLE COLLISIONS:

Total Collisions: 7,081
\% of Total Collisions: $\quad 5.24 \%$
Persons Killed:
5
\% of Total Fatalities: 0.62\%
No. of Fatal Collisions:
4
\% of All Fatal Collisions:
0.56\%


## COLLISION WITH OTHER OBJECT:

Total Collisions: $\quad 2,735$
\% of Total Collisions: 2.02\% Persons Killed:

11
\% of Total Fatalities: 1.36\%
No. of Fatal Collisions: 8
\% of All Fatal Collisions:
1.13\%


## NON-COLLISION OVERTURNED:

Total Collisions:
1,242
\% of Total Collisions: 0.92\% Persons Killed: 25
\% of Total Fatalities: $3.09 \%$
No. of Fatal Collisions: $\quad 25$
\% of All Fatal Collisions:


## OTHER

NON-COLLISION:
Total Collisions:
2,454
\% of Total Collisions: 1.82\%

$$
\text { Persons Killed: } \quad 31
$$

\% of Total Fatalities: 3.83\%
No. of Fatal Collisions: $\quad 30$
\% of All Fatal Collisions: 4.22\%


## PEDESTRIAN COLLISIONS

Fifty-two (52) pedestrians were killed and 1,019 were injured in traffic collisions in 2000. The charts below depict ages of victims of pedestrian collisions and the factors related to the pedestrian vs. the vehicle at the time of the collision. Up to three pedestrian factors can be coded for one collision. Nineteen (19) percent of the pedestrians killed or injured were 14 years of age or younger, while $15 \%$ were age 65 or older.

| PEDESTRIAN <br> FACTOR | TOTAL ACTIONS FOR KILLED OR INJURED PEDESTRIANS BY AGE CATEGORY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fatal Actions | Injury Actions | 0-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-44 | 45-64 | 65-UP | Not Stated |
| Approaching or Leaving Vehicle | 5 | 58 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 12 | 3 | 18 | 8 | 6 | 0 |
| At Intersection | 5 | 107 | 1 | 4 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 32 | 30 | 8 | 0 |
| Crossing Against Signal | 1 | 47 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 1 |
| Crossing With Signal | 1 | 62 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 14 | 25 | 9 | 1 |
| Dark Clothing / Not Visible | 20 | 50 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 12 | 7 | 27 | 13 | 5 | 0 |
| Darting into Roadway | 11 | 225 | 24 | 71 | 62 | 25 | 11 | 21 | 14 | 6 | 2 |
| Drinking | 5 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 36 | 15 | 3 | 2 |
| Drug Related | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Getting On or Off Vehicle | 0 | 14 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| In Crosswalk | 1 | 110 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 15 | 12 | 32 | 28 | 10 | 1 |
| Jogging | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Lying in Roadway | 1 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Not at Intersection | 9 | 109 | 4 | 12 | 23 | 8 | 7 | 36 | 14 | 13 | 1 |
| Not in Roadway | 4 | 55 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 7 | 10 | 2 |
| Physical Impairment | 2 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Playing in Roadway | 0 | 29 | 2 | 8 | 12 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| Pushing Vehicle | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Skating/Skateboarding | 0 | 14 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Walking in Roadway | 22 | 154 | 5 | 3 | 26 | 16 | 13 | 63 | 30 | 20 | 0 |
| Working in Roadway | 1 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 16 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Working on Vehicle | 0 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| TOTAL* | 89 | 1,174 | 48 | 123 | 174 | 135 | 118 | 345 | 207 | 102 | 11 |


| PEDESTRIAN <br> FACTOR | VEHICLE ACTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

* These totals are higher than the actual number of pedestrians involved because they reflect multiple pedestrian actions.


## HIT-AND-RUN COLLISIONS

Hit-and-run collisions are those collisions in which the driver leaves the collision scene with the intent of evading responsibility. Hit-and-run is a serious violation of the law. During 2000, there were 10,422 hit-and-run collisions, of which 13 were fatal collisions and 1,341 were injury collisions. As depicted in the chart below, most of Kentucky's hit-and-run collisions were property damage collisions (87\%). Fourteen (14) persons were killed and 1,796 were injured.

| TOTAL | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | INJURY <br> COLLISIONS | PROPERTY <br> DAMAGE <br> COLLISIONS | PERSONS <br> KILLED | PERSONS <br> INJURED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10,422 | 13 | 1,341 | 9,068 | 14 | 1,796 |

## HIT-AND-RUN VICTIMS

As shown in the chart below, 5 of the 14 persons killed in hit-and-run collisions were pedestrians and none were pedalcyclists. One hundred twenty-seven (127) pedestrians and 36 pedalcyclists were injured.

| TYPE OF VICTIM | PERSONS <br> KILLED | PERSONS <br> INJURED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pedestrian | 5 | 127 |
| Pedalcyclist | 0 | 36 |
| Other | 9 | 1,633 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 9 6}$ |

## LOCATION OF HIT-AND-RUN COLLISIONS

The location of hit-and-run collisions are shown in the chart below. The largest percentage of hit-and-run collisions (44\%) occurred on local streets, followed by $23 \%$ on state routes.

| TYPE OF <br> ROADWAY | ALL <br> HIT-AND-RUN <br> COLLISIONS | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | INJURY <br> COLLISIONS | PROPERTY <br> DAMAGE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INTERSTATE | 663 | 0 | 97 | 566 |
| U.S. ROUTE | 1,629 | 3 | 267 | 1,359 |
| STATE ROUTE | 2,405 | 8 | 445 | 1,952 |
| PARKWAY | 35 | 1 | 6 | 28 |
| COUNTY ROADS | 592 | 0 | 101 | 491 |
| LOCAL STREETS | 4,621 | 1 | 401 | 4,219 |
| OTHER | 477 | 0 | 24 | 453 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 0 , 4 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 0 6 8}$ |

## LAND USE



## COLLISION LOCATIONS

For the purpose of tabulating collision locations, an urban area is an area including and adjacent to a municipality or other place of 5,000 or more population. Rural areas are those places which do not meet this specification. As shown in the chart below, most collisions (62\%) occurred in urban areas. However, the majority of fatal collisions (59\%) took place in rural areas of Kentucky during 2000. Although nonfatal injury collisions were divided between urban and rural areas, nearly twice as many property damage collisions were reported in urban areas.


| AREA | Number <br> of <br> Collisions | \% <br> Total | Fatal | \% <br> Total | Nonfatal <br> Injury | \% <br> Total | Property <br> Damage | \% <br> Total | Killed | \% <br> Total | Injured | \% <br> Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RURAL | 51,502 | 38 | 416 | 59 | 15,453 | 44 | 35,633 | 36 | 470 | 58 | 23,830 | 45 |
| URBAN | 83,577 | 62 | 295 | 41 | 19,279 | 56 | 64,003 | 64 | 340 | 42 | 29,299 | 55 |
| TOTAL | 135,079 | 100 | 711 | 100 | 34,732 | 100 | 99,636 | 100 | 810 | 100 | 53,129 | 100 |

## LOCATION OF COLLISIONS

The chart at right shows the number of collisions during 2000 by type of roadway, with percentages of all collisions.

As shown, relatively few collisions were reported on interstate highways (7\%).

Thirty-four (34) percent of all collisions occurred on Kentucky's "State Numbered" roads, with $53 \%$ of all fatal collisions reported during 2000 occurring on this type of roadway.

Although $23 \%$ of all collisions occurred on city streets, only $4 \%$ of the fatal collisions occurred on city streets.

| TYPE OF <br> ROADWAY | Fatal <br> Collisions | Nonfatal <br> Injury | Property <br> Damage | \% <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INTERSTATE | 65 | 2,284 | 7,291 | 7 |
| U.S. ROUTE <br> STATE <br> ROUTE | 162 | 9,062 | 24,098 | 25 |
| PARKWAY | 19 | 14,108 | 31,112 | 34 |
| COUNTY <br> ROAD <br> CITY STREET | 51 | 29,624 | 6,519 | 7 |
| Other | 10 | 5,342 | 25,342 | 23 |
| TOTAL | 711 | $\mathbf{3 4 , 7 3 2}$ | 99,636 | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |

## INTERSTATES AND PARKWAYS

The chart below depicts the incidence of collisions on Kentucky's interstates and parkways. Interstate collisions represent $7 \%$ of all collisions. Parkway collisions represent $1 \%$ of all collisions.

| INTERSTATE | Collisions | Fatal <br> Collisions | Nonfatal <br> Injury | Property <br> Damage | Number <br> Killed | Number <br> Injured |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I-24 | 391 | 6 | 97 | 288 | 7 | 149 |
| I-64 | 1,771 | 18 | 439 | 1,314 | 21 | 632 |
| I-65 | 2,001 | 19 | 446 | 1,536 | 26 | 708 |
| I-71 | 641 | 6 | 170 | 465 | 8 | 249 |
| I-75 | 2,585 | 7 | 622 | 1,956 | 7 | 919 |
| I-264 | 1,187 | 4 | 289 | 894 | 4 | 404 |
| I-265 | 324 | 3 | 70 | 251 | 3 | 108 |
| I-471 | 582 | 2 | 122 | 458 | 2 | 173 |
| TOTAL | 158 | 0 | 29 | 129 | 0 | 32 |


| PARKWAY | Collisions | Fatal <br> Collisions | Nonfatal <br> Injury | Property <br> Damage | Number <br> Killed | Number <br> Injured |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Audubon | 47 | 0 | 6 | 41 | 0 | 11 |
| Blue Grass | 188 | 2 | 39 | 147 | 3 | 60 |
| Edward Breathitt | 331 | 2 | 77 | 252 | 2 | 112 |
| Daniel Boone | 118 | 3 | 42 | 73 | 3 | 83 |
| Louie Nunn | 133 | 4 | 28 | 101 | 4 | 40 |
| Bert Combs | 150 | 4 | 49 | 97 | 9 | 70 |
| Mountain | 127 | 115 | 0 | 33 | 93 | 1 |

## COLLISIONS BY ROADWAY CONDITIONS AND ROADWAY CHARACTER

The charts below depict percentages and numbers of all collisions and fatal collisions according to the conditions and character of the roadway on which the collision occurred.

The road conditions chart compares fatal collisions with all collisions for different road conditions identified by the police officer who completed the collision investigation report.

As depicted in the bottom chart, $79 \%$ of all collisions occurred on straight roads and $21 \%$ on curved roads. Thirty-eight (38) percent of the fatal collisions during 2000 occurred on curved roads.



## COLLISIONS BY LIGHT CONDITION

Seventy-two (72) percent of all collisions reported during 2000 occurred during daylight hours. Twenty-three (23) percent of all collisions occurred during dark hours, and $5 \%$ occurred at dawn or dusk.

Fifty-four (54) percent of all fatal collisions occurred during daylight hours, $40 \%$ occurred during dark hours, and 5.9\% at dawn or dusk.


ALL COLLISIONS (excludes unknown light condition)

COLLISIONS
AT DUSK
25
(3.5\%)

(2.4\%)

FATAL COLLISIONS ONLY

## TWO-VEHICLE COLLISIONS



83,948 traffic collisions (including 213 fatal collisions) reported during 2000 involved "two-vehicle" collisions. These collisions represent $62 \%$ of collisions and $30 \%$ of fatal collisions reported.

This chart depicts the manner of collision for these collisions, where known. The numbers and percents of each type of collision are shown.

Head-on collisions accounted for only 3\% of the total collisions involving two vehicles, but $29 \%$ of the fatal collisions.

Rear-end collisions reflect $34 \%$ of all two-vehicle collisions, but only $7 \%$ of the fatal collisions.
Sideswipe collisions (both meeting and passing) reflect $17 \%$ of all collisions and $8 \%$ of the fatal collisions.

Angle collisions represent the highest percentage of fatal collisions.

## COLLISIONS BY DAY AND MONTH

The graph below shows all collisions and fatal collisions by day of occurrence (excluding unknown). Forty-two (42) percent of all collisions and $49 \%$ of fatal collisions occurred on weekends (Friday, Saturday, Sunday combined).

## COLLISIONS BY DAY OF WEEK



July reported the highest number of fatal collisions; January showed the lowest. December ranked highest for total number of collisions and February showed the lowest number of total collisions.



## HOLIDAY DEATH TOLL

The chart below depicts the number of deaths in fatal collisions and the number of alcohol involved deaths (as indicated by blood-alcohol tests) over holiday periods for five years. These holiday periods are established by the National Safety Council. The total number of persons killed in holiday periods in 2000 was 67 as compared to 48 in 1999.

| HOLIDAY PERIOD | 1996 |  | 1997 |  | 1998 |  | 1999 |  | 2000 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Number | Alcohol <br> Involved | Number | Alcohol <br> Involved | Number | Alcohol <br> Involved | Number | Alcohol <br> Involved | Number | Alcohol <br> Involved |
| NEW YEAR'S DAY | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| MEMORIAL DAY | 11 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 11 | 5 | 11 | 5 | 13 | 7 |
| FOURTH OF JULY | 17 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 20 | 5 |
| LABOR DAY | 5 | 3 | 13 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 12 | 7 | 7 | 3 |
| THANKSGIVING | 10 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 11 | 2 | 16 | 5 |
| CHRISTMAS | 2 | 0 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 2 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{5 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 1}$ | $\mathbf{6 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ |

## HOLIDAY TIMES AND DATES

The times and dates below have been designated by the National Safety Council for holidays in 2000.

| HOLIDAY | START | END |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| New Year's Day | 6:00 pm Thursday, December 30, 1999 | $11: 59 \mathrm{pm}$ Sunday, January 2, 2000 |
| Memorial Day | 6:00 pm Friday, May 26 | $11: 59 \mathrm{pm}$ Monday, May 29 |
| Fourth of July | 6:00 pm Friday, June 30 | $11: 59$ pm Tuesday, July 4 |
| Labor Day | 6:00 pm Friday, September 1 | $11: 59$ pm Monday, September 4 |
| Thanksgiving | $6: 00$ pm Wednesday, November 22 | $11: 59 \mathrm{pm}$ Sunday, November 26 |
| Christmas | 6:00 pm Friday, December 22 | $11: 59 \mathrm{pm}$ Monday, December 25 |

## COMPARISON OF HOLIDAY FATALITIES/COLLISIONS

The Fourth of July holiday period registered the highest number of fatalities during 2000. The lowest number of holiday fatalities occurred over the New Year's Day holiday. The chart below shows relevant collision data for each of the holidays.

| HOLIDAY PERIOD | NEW <br> YEAR'S <br> DAY | MEMORIAL <br> DAY | FOURTH <br> OF JULY | LABOR <br> DAY | THANKS- <br> GIVING | CHRIST- <br> MAS |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NO. PERSONS KILLED | 5 | 13 | 20 | 7 | 16 | 6 |
| NO. PERSONS INJURED | 373 | 473 | 372 | 496 | 705 | 356 |
| FATAL COLLISIONS | 5 | 10 | 15 | 7 | 16 | 4 |
| INJURY COLLISIONS | 254 | 270 | 235 | 316 | 423 | 213 |
| PROPERTY DAMAGE | 623 | 749 | 672 | 674 | 1,123 | 560 |
| TOTAL COLLISIONS | 882 | $\mathbf{1 , 0 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{9 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 7 7}$ |



| VEHICLE TYPE | VEHICLES INVOLVED IN ALL COLLISIONS | PERCENT OF TOTAL | VEHICLES INVOLVED IN FATAL COLLISIONS | PERCENT OF TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passenger Cars* | 222,324 | 90.60 | 916 | 78.69 |
| Taxicabs | 323 | 0.13 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Trucks | 11,042 | 4.50 | 103 | 8.85 |
| Motorcycles | 1,140 | 0.46 | 38 | 3.26 |
| Motor Scooters/Motor Bikes | 90 | 0.04 | 2 | 0.17 |
| School Buses | 943 | 0.38 | 1 | 0.09 |
| Other Buses | 543 | 0.22 | 2 | 0.17 |
| Farm Tractors/Equipment | 200 | 0.08 | 2 | 0.17 |
| Emergency | 985 | 0.40 | 4 | 0.34 |
| Other Public Owned | 583 | 0.24 | 3 | 0.26 |
| Other | 5,709 | 2.33 | 93 | 7.99 |
| Not Stated | 1,513 | 0.62 | 0 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL | 245,395 | 100.00 | 1,164 | 100.00 |

* Passenger cars include automobiles and trucks registered for 6,000 pounds or less.

There were 245,395 vehicles involved in collisions during 2000. Of this total, 182,060 were involved in property damage only collisions, 62,171 were involved in injury collisions, and 1,164 were involved in fatal collisions. The majority ( $91 \%$ ) of the vehicles involved in all collisions were passenger cars ( $79 \%$ in fatal collisions). Trucks accounted for $4.5 \%$ of vehicles in all collisions, but accounted for $9 \%$ of vehicles in fatal collisions. Motorcycles represented $3 \%$ of the vehicles in fatal collisions, but only $0.5 \%$ of vehicles in all collisions.


## TRUCK COLLISIONS

Contributing vehicular factors, as noted by the investigating officer on the collision report, are shown below for collisions involving trucks. A truck is defined as a vehicle with a registered weight of 10,000 pounds or more. Up to two factors may be noted for each vehicle in the collision. The number represents the number of trucks with the given factor, and the percentage is the percent of all trucks with that factor. A total of 11,042 trucks were involved in collisions and 103 trucks involved in fatal collisions.

| CONTRIBUTING VEHICULAR FACTORS | NUMEER OF TRUCKS INVOLVED IN: |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ALL COLLISIONS |  | FATAL COLLISIONS |  | NONFATAL INJURY COLLISIONS |  |
|  | NUMBER | PERCENT | NUMBER | PERCENT | NUMBER | PERCENT |
| Load Securement | 212 | 1.92 | 4 | 3.88 | 25 | 1.07 |
| Brakes Defective | 131 | 1.19 | 5 | 4.85 | 42 | 1.80 |
| Tire Failure | 90 | 0.82 | 0 | 0.00 | 22 | 0.94 |
| Oversized Load on Vehicle | 72 | 0.65 | 0 | 0.00 | 9 | 0.39 |
| Tow Hitch Defective / Separation of Units | 57 | 0.52 | 0 | 0.00 | 4 | 0.17 |
| Other Lighting Defective | 30 | 0.27 | 2 | 1.94 | 7 | 0.30 |
| Steering Failure | 18 | 0.16 | 0 | 0.00 | 7 | 0.30 |
| Overweight | 14 | 0.13 | 1 | 0.97 | 7 | 0.30 |
| Headlights Defective | 2 | 0.02 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Other | 388 | 3.51 | 7 | 6.80 | 74 | 3.17 |

The chart below shows the total number of truck collisions, as well as those with hazardous cargo, by type of roadway. There were 10,276 collisions in which a truck was involved. This resulted in 102 fatalities and 3,140 injuries. Twenty-two (22) percent of the truck collisions occurred on county or city streets, $21 \%$ on interstates, and $51 \%$ on U.S. and state-numbered routes. Twenty-five (25) percent of the hazardous cargo collisions occurred on interstates and $59 \%$ on U.S. and state-numbered routes.

| TYPE of <br> ROADWAY | ALL TRUCK COLLISIONS |  |  |  | TRUCKS WITH HAZARDOUS CARGO |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | INJURY <br> COLLISIONS | PROPERTY <br> DAMAGE | TOTAL | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | INJURY <br> COLISIONS | PROPERTY <br> DAMAGE | TOTAL |
| Interstate | 17 | 477 | 1,651 | 2,145 | 1 | 11 | 44 | 56 |
| US Route | 24 | 580 | 1,692 | 2,296 | 1 | 18 | 35 | 54 |
| State Route | 40 | 749 | 2,110 | 2,899 | 4 | 21 | 51 | 76 |
| Parkway | 3 | 63 | 173 | 239 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| County | 3 | 84 | 409 | 496 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 11 |
| City Street | 1 | 177 | 1,636 | 1,814 | 0 | 3 | 14 | 17 |
| Other | 0 | 51 | 336 | 387 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 |
| TOTAL | 88 | 2,181 | 8,007 | 10,276 | 6 | 58 | 158 | 222 |

The residence of truck drivers involved in collisions is shown below. Thirty-seven (37) percent of the drivers, with known residences, were non-residents of Kentucky. This percentage is $43 \%$ for fatal collisions and $29 \%$ for injury collisions. Local residents live in the county where the collision occurred.

| RESIDENCE OF DRIVERS <br> IN TRUCK COLLISIONS | ALL <br> COLLISIONS | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | INJURY <br> COLLISIONS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Local Resident | 2,954 | 21 | 613 |
| State Resident | 3,019 | 26 | 652 |
| Out of State Resident | 3,530 | 35 | 688 |
| Not Stated | 1,539 | 21 | 381 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 1 , 0 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 3 4}$ |

## DRIVER INVOLVEMENT



## RESIDENCE <br> OF <br> DRIVER



There were 227,592 drivers involved in collisions during 2000. Of these, 1,061 drivers were involved in fatal collisions. The chart below tabulates driver involvement by residence and shows that most drivers ( $68 \%$ of those in which residence is known) were local residents (reside in the county where the collision occurred). Many drivers in the unknown category are the result of hit-and-run collisions where the drivers' identities remain unknown. There are fewer drivers than vehicles because of collisions with unoccupied vehicles (generally a parked vehicle).

INVOL VEMENT BY RESIDENCE

| RESIDENCE OF DRIVER | NUMBER <br> INVOLVED IN <br> ALL | PERCENT <br> OF <br> TOTAL | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL <br> EXCLUDING <br> NOT STATED |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOCAL RESIDENT | 152,615 | 67 | 68 |
| STATE RESIDENT | 46,699 | 21 | 21 |
| OUT OF STATE | 24,535 | 11 | 11 |
| NOT STATED | 3,743 | 2 |  |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{2 2 7 , 5 9 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |


| RESIDENCE OF DRIVER | NUMBER <br> INVOLVED IN <br> FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF <br> TOTAL | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL <br> EXCLUDING <br> NOT STATED |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOCAL RESIDENT | 626 | 59 | 59 |
| STATE RESIDENT | 282 | 27 | 27 |
| OUT OF STATE | 148 | 14 | 14 |
| NOT STATED | 5 | 0 |  |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 , 0 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |



As shown in the chart below, $59 \%$ of the drivers who were involved in collisions during 2000 (where sex was listed) were male; $41 \%$ were female. In fatal collisions, $73 \%$ of the drivers were male and $27 \%$ were female.

| TOTAL COLLISIONS |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SEX | NUMBER IN <br> ALL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT IN <br> ALL <br> COLLISIONS |
| MALE | 133,425 | 59 |
| FEMALE | 94,167 | 41 |
| TOTAL | 227,592 | 100 |


| FATAL COLLISIONS |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SEX | NUMBER IN <br> FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT IN <br> FATAL <br> COLLISIONS |
| MALE | 776 | 73 |
| FEMALE | 285 | 27 |
| TOTAL | 1,061 | 100 |

## AGE OF DRIVER (ALL COLLISIONS)

The chart below groups the ages of 225,553 drivers involved in traffic collisions in 2000 in Kentucky (for which age information was available). For each age category, the following information is shown: the percentage of drivers involved in all collisions, the number of drivers involved in these collisions is shown in parentheses, the percentage of all licensed drivers, and the number of licensed drivers is shown in parentheses (includes learner permits). This allows a comparison to be made between the percentage of a given age category is of the driving population and the corresponding percentage this age category is involved in collisions. The percentage of drivers involved in all collisions was higher than the percentage of licensed drivers for the age categories under age 35, especially for the 16 to 19 years of age category. This data does not differentiate drivers "at-fault" versus drivers "not-at-fault." There were 2,039 driver's ages which could not be determined. These drivers represent $0.9 \%$ of all drivers involved in all collisions. The percentages given below do not consider the "Unknown" category.


## AGE OF DRIVER (FATAL COLLISIONS)

The chart below groups the ages of 1,060 drivers involved in fatal collisions in 2000 (for which age information was available). It should be noted that the drivers were not necessarily killed in the fatal collision. The number of drivers involved in fatal collisions exceeded the total number of fatal collisions. Percentages are based on drivers involved in fatal collisions during 2000 and do not include one driver whose age was not stated on the collision report. The numbers of drivers involved in fatal collisions and licensed drivers are in parentheses. The percentage of the driving population within a given age category can be compared to the corresponding percentage of involvement in fatal collisions within this same age category. The largest difference is the over-representation of teenage drivers in fatal collisions (12\%) compared to their percent of the driving population ( $6.3 \%$ including learner permits).


## COLLISIONS INVOLVING TEENAGE DRIVERS

The percentages of teenage drivers ( 16 to 19 years of age versus other groups) involved in collisions during 2000 (by type) are shown below, irrespective of the driver at fault in the collisions reported. The numbers of collisions involving teenage drivers are also shown.


The number of teenage drivers involved in collisions, together with alcohol-related collisions, are shown below. It should be noted that tabulations for alcohol-related collisions were derived from the total number of drinking drivers as reported by the officer at the scene. FARS would report higher numbers. As shown, 993 teenage drivers were involved in alcohol-related collisions during 2000. There were 139 fatalities in collisions involving a teenage driver ( 67 of these fatalities were the teenage driver). There were 27 fatalities in alcohol-related collisions involving teenage drivers (20 of these fatalities were the teenage driver).

| NUMBER OF TEENAGE DRIVERS INVOLVED IN: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { ALL } \\ \text { COLISIONS } \end{gathered}$ | FATAL COLLISIONS | INJURY COLLISIONS | PROPERTY DAMAGE | ALCOHOL RELATED COLLISIONS |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | FATAL | INJURY | PROPERTY DAMAGE | TOTAL |
| 2000 | 31,684 | 123 | 8,831 | 22,730 | 23 | 430 | 540 | 993 |
| 1999 | 30,806 | 131 | 9,262 | 21,413 | 18 | 345 | 344 | 707 |
| 1998 | 28,505 | 147 | 8,649 | 19,709 | 14 | 315 | 315 | 644 |
| 1997 | 30,145 | 149 | 8,961 | 21,035 | 19 | 404 | 351 | 774 |

## ALCOHOL-RELATED COLLISIONS

An alcohol-related collision is any collision where a driver was determined to have been drinking. For injury and property damage collisions, the following information gives the determination made at the scene by the investigating officer and given on the collision report. However, more detailed information regarding drinking drivers in fatal collisions is obtained from FARS, which follows up on blood alcohol content (BAC) results.

Alcohol-related collisions are listed by county beginning on page 40. The following information has been adjusted to agree with FARS statistics involving fatal collisions; therefore, these numbers may not agree with previously listed state totals.

| 2 | FATAL COLLISIONS | 181 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢ | INJURY COLLISIONS | 2,903 |
| O | PROPERTY DAMAGE COLLISIONS | 3,043 |
| ¢ | TOTAL | 6,127 |


|  | NUMBER KILLED | 196 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NUMBER INJURED | 4,447 |
|  | INCAPACITATING INJURIES | 1,163 |
|  | NON-INCAPACITATING INJURIES | 1,949 |
|  | POSSIBLE INJURIES | 1,335 |

The total number of alcohol involved collisions is depicted in the upper left chart. The number of persons killed and injured in alcohol involved collisions is depicted in the right-hand chart.

6,126 alcohol-related collisions were reported during 2000. $2.9 \%$ of the alcohol-related collisions were fatal, $47 \%$ were injury collisions, and $50 \%$ were property damage only.

## Comparison with previous years

During 2000, alcohol-related collisions increased by 13\% from 1999. The 196 persons killed in 2000 reflect an decrease of $12 \%$ when compared with 222 persons killed in 1999. During 2000, there were 4,447 persons injured in alcohol-related collisions, an increase of $12 \%$ from 1999 when 3,981 persons were injured.

Fatal collision data in the chart below have been adjusted to reflect follow-up studies of alcohol test results.

| YEAR | TOTAL COLLISIONS <br> (Alcohol Related) | \% CHANGE FROM <br> PREVIOUS YEAR | TOTAL <br> KILLED | $\%$ <br> \% | TOTAL <br> INJURED | $\%$ <br> +/- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | 6,127 | +13 | 196 | -12 | 4,447 | +12 |
| 1999 | 5,441 | +4 | 222 | +8 | 3,981 | +3 |
| 1998 | 5,222 | -14 | 205 | -12 | 3,882 | -17 |
| 1997 | 6,070 | -1 | 234 | -9 | 4,653 | +0 |
| 1996 | 6,150 | -0 | 256 | -8 | 4,637 | -2 |
| 1995 | 6,163 | +3 | 278 | -3 | 4,741 | +5 |

## SAFETY RESTRA $\mathbb{N} T S$

The chartbebw com pares safety beltusage for the years of 1996 through 2000 . The data were obtaned as part ofan annualobservationalsurvey conducted at 200 sites across Kentucky. Data forchidren under fouryears of age were collected in both the frontand rearseats.

| YEAR | PERCENT USING SAFETY BELTS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ALL FRONT SEAT <br> DRIVERS \& PASSENGERS | CH LDRREN UNDER FOUR <br> YEARS OFAGE |
| 2000 | 60 | 87 |
| 1999 | 59 | 89 |
| 1998 | 54 | 80 |
| 1997 | 54 | 82 |

The chartbebw show sehick occupants by theirinjury status, and separates the occupants into categories of restraintused and restraintnotused. O verall, 15\% of allvehicle occupants were kiled or injured. A breakdown into restraintusage show s only $13 \%$ of those restrained were kiled or injured, com pared to $40 \%$ of those notrestrained. Com paring the percentages kiled or injured in the "R estraint $U$ sed" and "R estraint $N$ ot $U$ sed" categores show s the benefiitofw earing a safety belt. The 'NOT APPLTAABLE " category includes occupants in vehicles thatnorm ally do not contain safety restraints, occupants where safety restraints usage was notindicated, occupants not in an approprite position, orpedestríns and pedalcyclist.

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{N} \text { JURY } \\ & \text { STATUS } \end{aligned}$ | ALL OCCUPANTS |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { RESTRA } \mathbb{N} T \\ \text { USED } \end{gathered}$ |  | RESTRA $\mathbb{N} T$ <br> NOTUSED |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { NOT } \\ \text { APPLICABLE } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NUMBER | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% OF } \\ \text { TOTAL } \end{gathered}$ | NUMBER | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% OF } \\ \text { TOTAL } \end{gathered}$ | NUMBER | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% OF } \\ \text { TOTAL } \end{gathered}$ | NUMBER | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% OF } \\ & \text { TOTAL } \end{aligned}$ |
| KILLED | 810 | 0.2 | 247 | 0.1 | 418 | 1.5 | 145 | 0.4 |
| INCAPACITATING INJURY | 8,354 | 2.3 | 4,760 | 1.6 | 2,630 | 9.5 | 964 | 2.8 |
| NON-INCAPACITATING INJURY | 20,849 | 5.8 | 14,379 | 4.8 | 4,850 | 17.5 | 1,620 | 4.7 |
| POSSIBLE INJURY | 23,926 | 6.7 | 19,402 | 6.5 | 3,227 | 11.6 | 1,297 | 3.8 |
| NOT INJURED | 304,877 | 85.0 | 258,095 | 86.9 | 16,576 | 59.8 | 30,206 | 882 |
| TOTAL | 358,816 | 100.0 | 296,883 | 100.0 | 27,701 | 100.0 | 34,232 | 100.0 |

Note:There were 16,117 depbym ents offrontairbags and 409 ofside airbags.

# CONTRIBUTING FACTORS 

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

A variety of factors and conditions can contribute to a collision. Police officers may indicate up to three driver factors for each driver, two vehicular factors for each vehicle, and up to two environmental factors for each collision. This table gives the number of collisions in which a given factor was listed at least once. Accumulations were made only once for each factor indicated in a collision, even if the factor was listed for more than one driver or vehicle. Therefore, the percentages give the percent of collisions in which a given factor is listed.

| HUMAN FACTORS | ALL COLLISIONS | PERCENT OF TOTAL | FATAL COLLISIONS | PERCENT OF TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inattention | 48,548 | 35.94 | 124 | 17.44 |
| Failed to Yield Right of Way | 18,455 | 13.66 | 91 | 12.80 |
| Following Too Close | 7,755 | 5.74 | 2 | 0.28 |
| Too Fast for Conditions | 7,512 | 5.56 | 64 | 9.00 |
| Not Under Proper Control | 6,979 | 5.17 | 86 | 12.10 |
| Alcohol Involvement | 6,117 | 4.53 | 171 | 24.05 |
| Disregard Traffic Control | 4,401 | 3.26 | 30 | 4.22 |
| Misjudge Clearance | 3,885 | 2.88 | 4 | 0.56 |
| Distraction | 3,782 | 2.80 | 11 | 1.55 |
| Overcorrecting/Oversteering | 2,972 | 2.20 | 68 | 9.56 |
| Turning Improperly | 2,450 | 1.81 | 8 | 1.13 |
| Exceeded Stated Speed Limit | 2,121 | 1.57 | 90 | 12.66 |
| Fell Asleep | 1,539 | 1.14 | 26 | 3.66 |
| Improper Passing | 1,532 | 1.13 | 7 | 0.98 |
| Improper Backing | 1,200 | 0.89 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Drug Involvement | 868 | 0.64 | 10 | 1.41 |
| Lost Consciousness/Fainted | 572 | 0.42 | 16 | 2.25 |
| Weaving in Traffic | 368 | 0.27 | 2 | 0.28 |
| Cell Phone | 362 | 0.27 | 2 | 0.28 |
| Fatigue | 359 | 0.27 | 5 | 0.70 |
| Sick | 306 | 0.23 | 6 | 0.84 |
| Emotional | 297 | 0.22 | 1 | 0.14 |
| Physical Disability | 239 | 0.18 | 8 | 1.13 |
| Medication | 227 | 0.17 | 2 | 0.28 |

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

## (cont'd)

A variety of factors and conditions can contribute to a collision. Police officers may indicate up to three driver factors for each driver, two vehicular factors for each vehicle, and up to two environmental factors for each collision. This table gives the number of collisions in which a given factor was listed at least once. Accumulations were made only once for each factor indicated in a collision, even if the factor was listed for more than one driver or vehicle. Therefore, the percentages give the percent of collisions in which a given factor is listed.

| VEHICULAR FACTORS | ALL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brakes Defective | 1,544 | 1.14 | 10 | 1.41 |
| Tire Failure | 750 | 0.56 | 3 | 0.42 |
| Load Securement | 397 | 0.29 | 6 | 0.84 |
| Steering Failure | 340 | 0.25 | 2 | 0.28 |
| Other Lighting Defective | 194 | 0.14 | 2 | 0.28 |
| Oversized Load on Vehicle <br> Tow Hitch Defective / Separation <br> of Units | 160 | 0.12 | 2 | 0.28 |
| Headlights Defective <br> Overweight | 51 | 0.11 | 1 | 0.14 |


| ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS | ALL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slippery Surface | 15,489 | 11.47 | 64 | 9.00 |
| Animals Action | 4,844 | 3.59 | 3 | 0.42 |
| View Obstructed / Limited | 3,925 | 2.91 | 24 | 3.38 |
| Water Pooling | 1,367 | 1.01 | 10 | 1.41 |
| Glare | 995 | 0.74 | 7 | 0.98 |
| Construction Work Zone | 718 | 0.53 | 6 | 0.84 |
| Debris In Roadway | 678 | 0.50 | 3 | 0.42 |
| Improperly Parked Vehicle(s) | 406 | 0.30 | 3 | 0.42 |
| Shoulders Defective / Drop-off | 396 | 0.29 | 4 | 0.56 |
| Hole/Deep Ruts/Bumps | 158 | 0.12 | 4 | 0.56 |
| Improper / Non-Working Traffic | 156 | 0.12 | 1 | 0.14 |
| Controls | 139 | 0.10 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Maintenance / Utility Work Zone | 66 | 0.05 | 1 | 0.14 |

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

The following tables outline driver factors that contributed to each type of collision. Driver-contributing factors are summarized for each specific collision type. Any factor cannot be accumulated more than once in one collision. The percentages represent the percent a given factor occurred in a specific type of collision.

| COLLISIONS INVOL VING |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| EMERGENCY VEHICLES |  |
| TOTAL EMERGENCY | 963 |
| VEHICLE COLLISIONS |  |
| FATAL COLLISIONS | 4 |
| INJURY COLLISIONS | 208 |
| TOTAL KILLED | 4 |
| TOTAL INJURED | 334 |


| COLLISIONS INVOLVING FARM EQUIPMENT |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL FARM EQUIPMENT COLLISIONS | 200 |
| FATAL COLLISIONS | 2 |
| INJURY COLLISIONS | 58 |
| TOTAL KILLED | 2 |
| TOTAL INJURED | 81 |


| EMERGENCY |  |  |  |  |  | VEHICLE COLLISIONS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| FARM EQUIPMENT COLLISIONS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DRIVER CONTRIBUTING FACTORS | $\begin{gathered} \text { ALL } \\ \text { COLLISIONS } \end{gathered}$ | PERCENT OF TOTAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { FATAL } \\ \text { COLLISIONS } \end{gathered}$ | PERCENT OF TOTAL |
| Alcohol Involvement |  | 1.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Cell Phone | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Disregard Traffic Control | 9 | 4.50 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Distraction | 6 | 3.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Drug Involvement | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Emotional | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Exceeded Stated Speed Limit | 6 | 3.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Failed to Yield Right of Way | 37 | 18.50 | 1 | 50.00 |
| Fatigue | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Fell Asleep | 1 | 0.50 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Following Too Close | 1 | 0.50 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Backing | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Passing | 25 | 12.50 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Inattention | 71 | 35.50 | 1 | 50.00 |
| Lost Consciousness/Fainted | 2 | 1.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Medication | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Misjudge Clearance | 8 | 4.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Not Under Proper Control | 5 | 2.50 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Overcorrecting/Oversteering |  | 1.50 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Physical Disability | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Sick | 1 | 0.50 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Too Fast for Conditions | 6 | 3.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Turning Improperly |  | 1.50 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Weaving in Traffic | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (cont'd)

The following tables outline driver factors that contributed to each type of collision. Driver-contributing factors are summarized for each specific collision type. Any factor cannot be accumulated more than once in one collision. The percentages represent the percent a given factor occurred in a specific type of collision.

\left.| COLLISIONS INVOL VING |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| SCHOOL BUSES |  |$\right]$.


| COLLISIONS INVOL VING ELEMEN- |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| TARY SCHOOL AGE CHILDREN |  |
| TOTAL ELEM. SCHOOL AGE | 8,217 |
| CHILDREN COLLISIONS |  |
| FATAL COLLISIONS | 54 |
| INJURY COLLISIONS | 3,169 |
| TOTAL KILLED |  |
| ALL AGES | 74 |
| 6-12 YEARS OF AGE | 17 |
| TOTAL INJURED |  |
| ALL AGES | 6,901 |
| 6-12 YEARS OF AGE | 2,477 |


| SCHOOL |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DRIVER CONTRIBUTING <br> FACTORS | ALL <br> COLLSIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL |
| Alcohol Involvement | 8 | 0.86 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Cell Phone | 2 | 0.21 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Disregard Traffic Control | 19 | 2.04 | 1 | 100.00 |
| Distraction | 31 | 3.33 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Drug Involvement | 3 | 0.32 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Emotional | 1 | 0.11 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Exceeded Stated Speed Limit | 6 | 0.64 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Failed to Yield Right of Way | 89 | 9.55 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Fatigue | 2 | 0.21 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Fell Asleep | 1 | 0.11 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Following Too Close | 44 | 4.72 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Backing | 27 | 2.90 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Passing | 16 | 1.72 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Inattention | 350 | 37.55 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Lost Consciousness/Fainted | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Medication | 3 | 0.32 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Misjudge Clearance | 166 | 17.81 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Not Under Proper Control | 29 | 3.11 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Overcorrecting/Oversteering | 6 | 0.64 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Physical Disability | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Sick | 2 | 0.21 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Too Fast for Conditions | 34 | 3.65 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Turning Improperly | 21 | 2.25 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Weaving in Traffic | 3 | 0.32 | 0 | 0.00 |


| ELEMENTARY SCHOOL AGE CHILDREN COLLISIONS (6 TO 12 YEARS OF AGE) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DRIVER CONTRIBUTING FACTORS | $\begin{gathered} \text { ALL } \\ \text { COLLISIONS } \end{gathered}$ | PERCENT OF TOTAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { FATAL } \\ \text { COLLISIONS } \end{gathered}$ | PERCENT OF TOTAL |
| Alcohol Involvement | 186 | 2.26 | 6 | 8.11 |
| Cell Phone | 30 | 0.37 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Disregard Traffic Control | 318 | 3.87 | 5 | 6.76 |
| Distraction | 331 | 4.03 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Drug Involvement | 40 | 0.49 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Emotional | 22 | 0.27 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Exceeded Stated Speed Limit | 86 | 1.05 | 5 | 6.76 |
| Failed to Yield Right of Way | 1,306 | 15.89 | 13 | 17.57 |
| Fatigue | 12 | 0.15 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Fell Asleep | 46 | 0.56 | 2 | 2.70 |
| Following Too Close | 522 | 6.35 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Backing | 72 | 0.88 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Passing | 119 | 1.45 | 3 | 4.05 |
| Inattention | 3,475 | 42.29 | 8 | 10.81 |
| Lost Consciousness/Fainted | 31 | 0.38 | 3 | 4.05 |
| Medication | 9 | 0.11 | 1 | 1.35 |
| Misjudge Clearance | 175 | 2.13 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Not Under Proper Control | 366 | 4.45 | 7 | 9.46 |
| Overcorrecting/Oversteering | 123 | 1.50 | 8 | 10.81 |
| Physical Disability | 10 | 0.12 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Sick | 10 | 0.12 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Too Fast for Conditions | 469 | 5.71 | 3 | 4.05 |
| Turning Improperly | 140 | 1.70 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Weaving in Traffic | 26 | 0.32 | 0 | 0.00 |

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (cont'd)

The following tables outline driver factors that contributed to each type of collision. Driver-contributing factors are summarized for each specific collision type. Any factor cannot be accumulated more than once in one collision. The percentages represent the percent a given factor occurred in a specific type of collision.

| COLLISIONS INVOLVING <br> PEDESTRIAN |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| COLLISIONS <br> INVOLVING <br> PEDESTRIANS | 1,124 |
| FATAL COLLISIONS | 52 |
| INJURY COLLISIONS | 907 |
| TOTAL KILLED | 52 |
| TOTAL INJURED | 1,019 |


| PEDESTRIAN COLLISIONS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DRIVER CONTRIBUTING FACTORS | $\begin{gathered} \text { ALL } \\ \text { COLLISIONS } \end{gathered}$ | PERCENT OF TOTAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { FATAL } \\ \text { COLLISIONS } \end{gathered}$ | PERCENT OF TOTAL |
| Alcohol Involvement | 63 | 0.00 | 8 | 0.00 |
| Cell Phone | 3 | 0.27 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Disregard Traffic Control | 37 | 3.29 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Distraction | 28 | 2.49 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Drug Involvement | 11 | 0.98 | 2 | 3.85 |
| Emotional | 15 | 1.33 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Exceeded Stated Speed Limit | 17 | 1.51 | 3 | 5.77 |
| Failed to Yield Right of Way | 122 | 10.85 | 1 | 1.92 |
| Fatigue | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Fell Asleep | 2 | 0.18 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Following Too Close | 11 | 0.98 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Backing | 5 | 0.44 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Passing | 9 | 0.80 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Inattention | 316 | 28.11 | 5 | 9.62 |
| Lost Consciousness/Fainted | 3 | 0.27 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Medication | 1 | 0.09 | 1 | 1.92 |
| Misjudge Clearance | 25 | 2.22 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Not Under Proper Control | 32 | 2.85 | 1 | 1.92 |
| Overcorrecting/Oversteering | 3 | 0.27 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Physical Disability | 6 | 0.53 | 1 | 1.92 |
| Sick | 2 | 0.18 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Too Fast for Conditions | 19 | 1.69 | 2 | 3.85 |
| Turning Improperly | 3 | 0.27 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Weaving in Traffic | 6 | 0.53 | 0 | 0.00 |


| BICYCLE COLLISIONS |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DRIVER CONTRIBUTING <br> FACTORS | ALL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL |
| Alcohol Involvement | 21 | 3.62 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Cell Phone | 2 | 0.34 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Disregard Traffic Control | 36 | 6.21 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Distraction | 9 | 1.55 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Drug Involvement | 1 | 0.17 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Emotional | 2 | 0.34 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Exceeded Stated Speed Limit | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Failed to Yield Right of Way | 98 | 16.90 | 1 | 25.00 |
| Fatigue | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Fell Asleep | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Following Too Close | 3 | 0.52 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Backing | 2 | 0.34 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Passing | 6 | 1.03 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Inattention | 175 | 30.17 | 2 | 50.00 |
| Lost Consciousness/Fainted | 2 | 0.34 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Medication | 3 | 0.52 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Misjudge Clearance | 9 | 1.55 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Not Under Proper Control | 10 | 1.72 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Overcorrecting/Oversteering | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Physical Disability | 2 | 0.34 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Sick | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Too Fast for Conditions | 3 | 0.52 | 2 | 50.00 |
| Turning Improperly | 5 | 0.86 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Weaving in Traffic | 4 | 0.69 | 0 | 0.00 |

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (cont'd)

The following tables outline driver factors that contributed to each type of collision. Driver-contributing factors are summarized for each specific collision type. Any factor cannot be accumulated more than once in one collision. The percentages represent the percent a given factor occurred in a specific type of collision.
COLLISIONS INVOLVING

| ALL TERRAIN VEHICLES |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| TOTAL ALL TERRAIN | 127 |
| VEHICLE COLLISIONS |  |
| FATAL COLLISIONS | 10 |
| INJURY COLLISIONS | 103 |
| TOTAL KILLED | 11 |
| Wearing Helmet | 1 |
| TOTAL INJURED | 156 |

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (cont'd)

The following tables outline driver factors that contributed to each type of collision. Driver-contributing factors are summarized for each specific collision type. Any factor cannot be accumulated more than once in one collision. The percentages represent the percent a given factor occurred in a specific type of collision.

| COLLISIONS INVOL VING <br> TRUCKS* |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| TOTAL TRUCK <br> COLLISIONS | 10,276 |
| FATAL COLLISIONS | 88 |
| INJURY COLLISIONS | 2,181 |
| TOTAL KILLED | 102 |
| TOTAL INJURED | 3,140 |

*A truck is defined as a vehicle with a registered weight of 10,000 pounds or more.

| TRUCK COLLISIONS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DRIVER CONTRIBUTING FACTORS | $\begin{gathered} \text { ALL } \\ \text { COLLISIONS } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PERCENT } \\ & \text { OF TOTAL } \end{aligned}$ | FATAL COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL |
| Alcohol Involvement | 180 | 1.75 | 6 | 6.82 |
| Cell Phone | 17 | 0.17 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Disregard Traffic Control | 270 | 2.63 | 10 | 11.36 |
| Distraction | 201 | 1.96 | 1 | 1.14 |
| Drug Involvement | 29 | 0.28 | 2 | 2.27 |
| Emotional | 21 | 0.20 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Exceeded Stated Speed Limit | 111 | 1.08 | 6 | 6.82 |
| Failed to Yield Right of Way | 1,133 | 11.03 | 18 | 20.45 |
| Fatigue | 33 | 0.32 | 1 | 1.14 |
| Fell Asleep | 129 | 1.26 | 2 | 2.27 |
| Following Too Close | 513 | 4.99 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Backing | 197 | 1.92 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Passing | 174 | 1.69 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Inattention | 3,621 | 35.24 | 26 | 29.55 |
| Lost Consciousness/Fainted | 40 | 0.39 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Medication | 14 | 0.14 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Misjudge Clearance | 988 | 9.61 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Not Under Proper Control | 574 | 5.59 | 16 | 18.18 |
| Overcorrecting/Oversteering | 171 | 1.66 | 4 | 4.55 |
| Physical Disability | 13 | 0.13 | 2 | 2.27 |
| Sick | 27 | 0.26 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Too Fast for Conditions | 425 | 4.14 | 5 | 5.68 |
| Turning Improperly | 288 | 2.80 | 5 | 5.68 |
| Weaving in Traffic | 46 | 0.45 | 1 | 1.14 |


\left.| TRAIN COLLISIONS |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\right]$

## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS (cont'd)

The following tables outline driver factors that contributed to each type of collision. Driver-contributing factors are summarized for each specific collision type. Any factor cannot be accumulated more than once in one collision. The percentages represent the percent a given factor occurred in a specific type of collision.

| COLLISIONS INVOL VING |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| MULTIPLE FATALITIES |  |$|$| TOTAL MULTIPLE | 78 |
| :--- | :--- |
| FATALITY COLLISIONS |  |
| FATAL COLLISIONS | 78 |
| INJURY COLLISIONS | 0 |
| TOTAL KILLED | 177 |
| TOTAL INJURED | 144 |


| MULTIPLE FATALITY COLLISIONS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DRIVER CONTRIBUTING FACTORS | $\begin{gathered} \text { ALL } \\ \text { COLLISIONS } \end{gathered}$ | PERCENT OF TOTAL | FATAL COLLISIONS | PERCENT OF TOTAL |
| Alcohol Involvement | 19 | 24.36 | 19 | 24.36 |
| Cell Phone | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Disregard Traffic Control | 7 | 8.97 | 7 | 8.97 |
| Distraction | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Drug Involvement | 1 | 1.28 | 1 | 1.28 |
| Emotional | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Exceeded Stated Speed Limit | 14 | 17.95 | 14 | 17.95 |
| Failed to Yield Right of Way | 15 | 19.23 | 15 | 19.23 |
| Fatigue | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Fell Asleep | 2 | 2.56 | 2 | 2.56 |
| Following Too Close | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Backing | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Passing | 2 | 2.56 | 2 | 2.56 |
| Inattention | 18 | 23.08 | 18 | 23.08 |
| Lost Consciousness/Fainted | 1 | 1.28 | 1 | 1.28 |
| Medication | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Misjudge Clearance | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Not Under Proper Control | 9 | 11.54 | 9 | 11.54 |
| Overcorrecting/Oversteering | 9 | 11.54 | 9 | 11.54 |
| Physical Disability | 1 | 1.28 | 1 | 1.28 |
| Sick | 1 | 1.28 | 1 | 1.28 |
| Too Fast for Conditions | 8 | 10.26 | 8 | 10.26 |
| Turning Improperly | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Weaving in Traffic | 1 | 1.28 | 1 | 1.28 |

# COLLISIONS <br> BY <br> COUNTY 

## COLLIS $\mathbb{D N S}$ BY COUNTY

## 1999 VS 2000

| COUNTY | C O L L IS IO N S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P ERSONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TO TAL |  | FATAL |  | NON FATAL $\mathbb{N}$ JURY |  | PROPERTY DAMAGE |  | K ILLED |  | $\mathbb{N}$ JUR ED |  |
|  | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 |
| Adair | 466 | 556 | 7 | 3 | 120 | 136 | 339 | 417 | 7 | 3 | 177 | 206 |
| AIlen | 509 | 377 | 5 | 1 | 141 | 141 | 363 | 235 | 7 | 1 | 232 | 193 |
| Anderson | 515 | 484 | 2 | 3 | 146 | 110 | 367 | 371 | 2 | 3 | 202 | 176 |
| B alard | 188 | 256 | 3 | 3 | 68 | 84 | 117 | 169 | 3 | 4 | 96 | 137 |
| B amen | 1,297 | 1,275 | 4 | 6 | 381 | 363 | 912 | 906 | 5 | 6 | 589 | 574 |
| Bath | 289 | 324 | 2 | 4 | 85 | 91 | 202 | 229 | 2 | 4 | 156 | 119 |
| Bell | 612 | 697 | 4 | 3 | 202 | 236 | 406 | 458 | 4 | 3 | 305 | 387 |
| Boone | 3,507 | 3,691 | 5 | 7 | 851 | 799 | 2,651 | 2,885 | 5 | 8 | 1,259 | 1,120 |
| Bourbon | 684 | 625 | 4 | 2 | 208 | 187 | 472 | 436 | 4 | 2 | 339 | 258 |
| Boyd | 2,073 | 1,915 | 4 | 6 | 562 | 478 | 1,507 | 1,431 | 4 | 7 | 811 | 749 |
| Boyle | 941 | 949 | 8 | 5 | 242 | 251 | 691 | 693 | 10 | 6 | 396 | 391 |
| Bracken | 279 | 271 | 2 | 2 | 79 | 74 | 198 | 195 | 2 | 2 | 117 | 115 |
| Breathitt | 450 | 442 | 7 | 8 | 201 | 214 | 242 | 220 | 8 | 10 | 388 | 374 |
| B reckinridge | 281 | 300 | 7 | 3 | 109 | 115 | 165 | 182 | 7 | 3 | 183 | 198 |
| Bullit | 1,325 | 1,324 | 9 | 5 | 386 | 343 | 930 | 976 | 10 | 5 | 607 | 512 |
| Butler | 220 | 231 | 4 | 3 | 68 | 74 | 148 | 154 | 7 | 3 | 104 | 118 |
| Caldw ell | 323 | 355 | 3 | 3 | 95 | 105 | 225 | 247 | 3 | 5 | 150 | 181 |
| Calbway | 970 | 1,024 | 3 | 7 | 260 | 258 | 707 | 759 | 3 | 7 | 376 | 396 |
| Campbell | 3,027 | 2,746 | 13 | 2 | 638 | 525 | 2,376 | 2,219 | 13 | 2 | 917 | 738 |
| C artisk | 35 | 69 | 3 | 0 | 14 | 22 | 18 | 47 | 3 | 0 | 20 | 30 |
| Caroll | 474 | 441 | 1 | 5 | 148 | 101 | 325 | 335 | 1 | 5 | 204 | 177 |
| Carter | 721 | 659 | 12 | 7 | 214 | 214 | 495 | 438 | 14 | 9 | 361 | 310 |
| Casey | 257 | 264 | 3 | 1 | 88 | 63 | 166 | 200 | 3 | 1 | 137 | 100 |
| Christian | 1,973 | 1,913 | 10 | 14 | 577 | 504 | 1,386 | 1,395 | 12 | 15 | 914 | 777 |
| C lark | 1,260 | 1,195 | 6 | 5 | 331 | 254 | 923 | 936 | 8 | 10 | 484 | 368 |
| C lay | 455 | 503 | 11 | 9 | 194 | 211 | 250 | 283 | 12 | 11 | 347 | 367 |
| $C$ linton | 175 | 162 | 2 | 3 | 49 | 44 | 124 | 115 | 2 | 3 | 96 | 72 |
| Criltenden | 222 | 220 | 4 | 0 | 83 | 86 | 135 | 134 | 4 | 0 | 124 | 126 |
| Cum berand | 84 | 100 | 4 | 2 | 24 | 27 | 56 | 71 | 6 | 2 | 40 | 49 |
| D aviess | 3,229 | 3,576 | 10 | 10 | 730 | 821 | 2,489 | 2,745 | 10 | 11 | 1,095 | 1,258 |
| Edm onson | 247 | 230 | 2 | 5 | 93 | 78 | 152 | 147 | 2 | 9 | 135 | 123 |
| E Inott | 60 | 159 | 1 | 2 | 33 | 45 | 26 | 112 | 1 | 3 | 53 | 66 |
| Estill | 399 | 306 | 4 | 4 | 142 | 93 | 253 | 209 | 4 | 4 | 235 | 143 |
| Fayette | 12,324 | 13,040 | 17 | 20 | 2,845 | 2,831 | 9,462 | 10,189 | 19 | 24 | 4,177 | 4,121 |
| Flem ing | 293 | 246 | 1 | 4 | 95 | 89 | 197 | 153 | 1 | 5 | 153 | 141 |
| Fbyd | 1,048 | 1,004 | 14 | 11 | 456 | 468 | 578 | 525 | 15 | 12 | 724 | 809 |
| Franklin | 1,567 | 1,731 | 10 | 9 | 385 | 335 | 1,172 | 1,387 | 12 | 10 | 559 | 503 |
| Fulton | 158 | 237 | 2 | 1 | 54 | 75 | 102 | 161 | 6 | 3 | 73 | 113 |
| Galatin | 226 | 202 | 1 | 0 | 76 | 69 | 149 | 133 | 1 | 0 | 124 | 102 |
| G arrard | 420 | 398 | 6 | 3 | 143 | 122 | 271 | 273 | 7 | 4 | 216 | 183 |

## COLLIS $\mathbb{D N S}$ BY COUNTY

## 1999 VS 2000

| COUNTY | C O L L IS IO N S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P ERSONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TO TAL |  | FATAL |  | NON FATAL $\mathbb{N} J U R Y$ |  | PROPERTY DAMAGE |  | K ILLED |  | $\mathbb{N}$ JUR ED |  |
|  | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 |
| G rant | 902 | 915 | 8 | 5 | 224 | 232 | 670 | 678 | 8 | 5 | 368 | 327 |
| G raves | 988 | 895 | 11 | 7 | 256 | 239 | 721 | 649 | 14 | 7 | 398 | 365 |
| G rayson | 290 | 747 | 7 | 3 | 187 | 206 | 96 | 538 | 7 | 3 | 263 | 302 |
| G reen | 245 | 231 | 1 | 1 | 66 | 75 | 178 | 155 | 1 | 1 | 102 | 122 |
| G reenup | 738 | 791 | 4 | 6 | 243 | 244 | 491 | 541 | 5 | 6 | 373 | 376 |
| H ancock | 179 | 137 | 2 | 2 | 56 | 37 | 121 | 98 | 2 | 2 | 74 | 61 |
| H ardin | 2,611 | 2,773 | 20 | 15 | 676 | 647 | 1,915 | 2,111 | 21 | 17 | 1,073 | 1,053 |
| H aran | 709 | 735 | 8 | 7 | 244 | 273 | 457 | 455 | 8 | 12 | 382 | 425 |
| H arrison | 520 | 584 | 4 | 4 | 152 | 138 | 364 | 442 | 4 | 4 | 213 | 185 |
| H art | 524 | 417 | 9 | 9 | 158 | 129 | 357 | 279 | 10 | 12 | 256 | 202 |
| H enderson | 1,865 | 2,028 | 7 | 5 | 461 | 500 | 1,397 | 1,523 | 7 | 5 | 697 | 774 |
| H enry | 373 | 439 | 5 | 2 | 109 | 134 | 259 | 303 | 5 | 2 | 162 | 177 |
| H ickm an | 119 | 100 | 2 | 1 | 44 | 38 | 73 | 61 | 2 | 1 | 61 | 51 |
| H opkins | 1,611 | 1,565 | 10 | 8 | 364 | 389 | 1,237 | 1,168 | 10 | 9 | 517 | 577 |
| Jackson | 327 | 261 | 4 | 2 | 145 | 101 | 178 | 158 | 5 | 2 | 247 | 156 |
| Jefferson | 28,013 | 29,214 | 63 | 86 | 6,632 | 6,576 | 21,318 | 22,552 | 68 | 95 | 9,817 | 9,746 |
| Jessam ine | 1,188 | 1,344 | 4 | 6 | 298 | 333 | 886 | 1,005 | 5 | 8 | 440 | 497 |
| Johnson | 552 | 600 | 0 | 3 | 207 | 216 | 345 | 381 | 0 | 4 | 350 | 344 |
| Kenton | 6,011 | 5,666 | 11 | 9 | 1,362 | 1,121 | 4,638 | 4,536 | 12 | 9 | 1,935 | 1,543 |
| Knott | 373 | 347 | 5 | 6 | 151 | 156 | 217 | 185 | 6 | 6 | 250 | 237 |
| Knox | 787 | 849 | 8 | 6 | 303 | 313 | 476 | 530 | 8 | 6 | 508 | 499 |
| Larue | 335 | 355 | 3 | 0 | 100 | 101 | 232 | 254 | 3 | 0 | 139 | 150 |
| Laurel | 1,648 | 1,703 | 11 | 13 | 509 | 442 | 1,128 | 1,248 | 13 | 14 | 778 | 731 |
| Law rence | 329 | 293 | 4 | 1 | 119 | 119 | 206 | 173 | 4 | 1 | 181 | 192 |
| Lee | 138 | 104 | 2 | 2 | 52 | 38 | 84 | 64 | 2 | 3 | 86 | 76 |
| Leslie | 308 | 248 | 3 | 8 | 164 | 127 | 141 | 113 | 3 | 9 | 255 | 228 |
| Letcher | 649 | 557 | 5 | 9 | 265 | 225 | 379 | 323 | 5 | 9 | 423 | 365 |
| Lew is | 335 | 269 | 7 | 12 | 94 | 74 | 234 | 183 | 8 | 15 | 158 | 145 |
| Lincoln | 389 | 506 | 3 | 3 | 169 | 171 | 217 | 332 | 3 | 3 | 267 | 256 |
| Livingston | 222 | 240 | 1 | 2 | 69 | 76 | 152 | 162 | 1 | 2 | 109 | 108 |
| Logan | 714 | 646 | 7 | 5 | 222 | 194 | 485 | 447 | 7 | 7 | 341 | 297 |
| Lyon | 245 | 239 | 3 | 3 | 84 | 63 | 158 | 173 | 3 | 4 | 126 | 87 |
| M cC racken | 2,904 | 2,562 | 13 | 17 | 840 | 682 | 2,051 | 1,863 | 13 | 20 | 1,323 | 1,107 |
| M cC reary | 319 | 330 | 5 | 8 | 109 | 115 | 205 | 207 | 5 | 10 | 184 | 185 |
| M cLean | 226 | 228 | 2 | 2 | 76 | 85 | 148 | 141 | 2 | 2 | 110 | 143 |
| M adison | 2,541 | 2,615 | 17 | 15 | 625 | 595 | 1,899 | 2,005 | 22 | 15 | 905 | 925 |
| M agoffin | 225 | 245 | 1 | 2 | 122 | 111 | 102 | 132 | 1 | 2 | 187 | 198 |
| M arion | 499 | 524 | 6 | 6 | 146 | 147 | 347 | 371 | 6 | 6 | 225 | 235 |
| M arshall | 710 | 795 | 6 | 4 | 211 | 236 | 493 | 555 | 6 | 5 | 319 | 359 |
| M artin | 253 | 285 | 2 | 1 | 121 | 128 | 130 | 156 | 2 | 1 | 205 | 210 |

## COLLIS IONS BY COUNTY

## 1999 VS 2000

| COUNTY | C O L L IS IO N S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P ER S O N S |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TO TAL |  | FATAL |  | NON FATAL $\mathbb{N} J U R Y$ |  | PROPERTY DAM AGE |  | K ILLED |  | $\mathbb{N}$ JUR ED |  |
|  | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 |
| M ason | 824 | 730 | 7 | 11 | 193 | 151 | 624 | 568 | 9 | 14 | 282 | 243 |
| M eade | 544 | 520 | 9 | 10 | 195 | 167 | 340 | 343 | 10 | 11 | 316 | 282 |
| M enifee | 134 | 91 | 1 | 2 | 59 | 32 | 74 | 57 | 1 | 2 | 98 | 54 |
| M ercer | 531 | 599 | 4 | 1 | 171 | 154 | 356 | 444 | 5 | 2 | 252 | 232 |
| M etcalfe | 163 | 248 | 3 | 3 | 49 | 73 | 111 | 172 | 3 | 3 | 81 | 114 |
| M onroe | 250 | 195 | 3 | 2 | 91 | 46 | 156 | 147 | 3 | 2 | 152 | 67 |
| M ontgom ery | 720 | 826 | 8 | 4 | 190 | 214 | 522 | 608 | 8 | 6 | 274 | 343 |
| M organ | 305 | 309 | 5 | 2 | 123 | 127 | 177 | 180 | 8 | 4 | 177 | 198 |
| M uhlenberg | 901 | 956 | 10 | 7 | 262 | 286 | 629 | 663 | 13 | 7 | 413 | 459 |
| Nelson | 1,220 | 1,206 | 12 | 5 | 314 | 281 | 894 | 920 | 14 | 5 | 477 | 426 |
| N icholas | 185 | 168 | 1 | 1 | 52 | 48 | 132 | 119 | 1 | 1 | 79 | 76 |
| O hi | 474 | 608 | 3 | 8 | 182 | 222 | 289 | 378 | 3 | 8 | 265 | 357 |
| o ldham | 986 | 867 | 6 | 3 | 248 | 229 | 732 | 635 | 9 | 3 | 362 | 332 |
| O wen | 223 | 269 | 3 | 1 | 66 | 96 | 154 | 172 | 3 | 1 | 105 | 135 |
| Owsley | 129 | 87 | 1 | 0 | 29 | 30 | 99 | 57 | 1 | 0 | 41 | 44 |
| Pendleton | 378 | 381 | 1 | 6 | 117 | 101 | 260 | 274 | 2 | 6 | 172 | 160 |
| P eny | 993 | 1,048 | 6 | 7 | 389 | 390 | 598 | 651 | 7 | 7 | 639 | 648 |
| P ike | 2,007 | 2,056 | 19 | 23 | 854 | 861 | 1,134 | 1,172 | 23 | 23 | 1,362 | 1,363 |
| Powell | 370 | 323 | 3 | 6 | 124 | 109 | 243 | 208 | 3 | 6 | 194 | 172 |
| Pulaski | 1,737 | 1,677 | 14 | 13 | 480 | 460 | 1,243 | 1,204 | 16 | 15 | 743 | 719 |
| R obertson | 15 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 19 | 9 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 33 |
| R ockcastle | 505 | 443 | 4 | 4 | 168 | 131 | 333 | 308 | 4 | 4 | 269 | 215 |
| R ow an | 912 | 905 | 4 | 4 | 260 | 235 | 648 | 666 | 7 | 4 | 400 | 363 |
| R ussell | 339 | 366 | 4 | 5 | 109 | 98 | 226 | 263 | 5 | 5 | 170 | 156 |
| S cott | 1,283 | 1,345 | 6 | 8 | 354 | 328 | 923 | 1,009 | 7 | 8 | 544 | 503 |
| Sheby | 1,060 | 1,229 | 12 | 8 | 266 | 274 | 782 | 947 | 15 | 9 | 397 | 451 |
| S in pson | 564 | 520 | 7 | 5 | 176 | 126 | 381 | 389 | 7 | 5 | 256 | 191 |
| Spencer | 197 | 235 | 4 | 3 | 63 | 79 | 130 | 153 | 4 | 3 | 100 | 140 |
| Taybr | 748 | 688 | 3 | 5 | 210 | 155 | 535 | 528 | 3 | 8 | 313 | 222 |
| Todd | 235 | 225 | 3 | 2 | 73 | 67 | 159 | 156 | 3 | 3 | 117 | 108 |
| Trigg | 322 | 264 | 2 | 2 | 107 | 74 | 213 | 188 | 2 | 3 | 165 | 115 |
| Trimble | 206 | 208 | 3 | 2 | 63 | 55 | 140 | 151 | 3 | 2 | 99 | 85 |
| Union | 457 | 469 | 4 | 3 | 136 | 168 | 317 | 298 | 4 | 3 | 211 | 251 |
| W anen | 3,893 | 4,003 | 13 | 17 | 1,001 | 1,034 | 2,879 | 2,952 | 14 | 21 | 1,522 | 1,611 |
| W ashington | 269 | 268 | 2 | 5 | 95 | 62 | 172 | 201 | 2 | 6 | 160 | 96 |
| W ayne | 491 | 492 | 3 | 5 | 147 | 130 | 341 | 357 | 3 | 9 | 245 | 214 |
| W ebster | 346 | 400 | 2 | 3 | 117 | 130 | 227 | 267 | 2 | 3 | 160 | 203 |
| W hitley | 959 | 1,013 | 9 | 7 | 291 | 293 | 659 | 713 | 10 | 8 | 483 | 492 |
| W olfe | 205 | 205 | 5 | 3 | 83 | 71 | 117 | 131 | 6 | 3 | 134 | 108 |
| W oodford | 639 | 712 | 6 | 8 | 161 | 164 | 472 | 540 | 10 | 8 | 230 | 252 |
| TOTALS | 132,216 | 135,079 | 729 | 711 | 36,125 | 34,732 | 95,362 | 99,636 | 819 | 810 | 54,951 | 53,129 |

## COLLIS $\mathbb{D} N S \mathbb{N} V O L V \mathbb{N} G D R \mathbb{N} K \mathbb{N} G \operatorname{DR} \mathbb{I} E R S$ BY COUNTY <br> 1999 VS 2000

| COUNTY | C O L L IS IO N S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P ERSONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TO TAL |  | FATAL * |  | NON FATAL $\mathbb{N}$ JURY |  | PROPERTY DAMAGE |  | K LLLED * |  | $\mathbb{N}$ JURED |  |
|  | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 |
| Adair | 17 | 23 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 12 | 5 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 14 | 15 |
| A Ilen | 18 | 21 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 11 | 7 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 21 | 17 |
| Anderson | 31 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 6 | 17 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 6 |
| B a lard | 18 | 16 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 21 | 10 |
| Bamen | 41 | 49 | 3 | 2 | 20 | 26 | 18 | 21 | 4 | 2 | 27 | 35 |
| Bath | 13 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 12 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 17 | 19 |
| BeII | 29 | 29 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 13 | 16 | 15 | 1 | 1 | 23 | 26 |
| Boone | 105 | 138 | 1 | 0 | 57 | 59 | 47 | 79 | 1 | 0 | 86 | 76 |
| Bourbon | 28 | 39 | 2 | 1 | 15 | 16 | 11 | 22 | 2 | 1 | 18 | 26 |
| Boyd | 61 | 71 | 2 | 0 | 26 | 33 | 33 | 38 | 2 | 0 | 36 | 50 |
| Boyle | 39 | 36 | 3 | 0 | 13 | 16 | 23 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 28 | 32 |
| Bracken | 13 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 16 |
| Breathit | 30 | 39 | 3 | 1 | 19 | 30 | 8 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 27 | 52 |
| Breckinridge | 17 | 19 | 2 | 0 | 11 | 8 | 4 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 17 | 10 |
| Bulite | 57 | 79 | 6 | 3 | 29 | 37 | 22 | 39 | 6 | 3 | 53 | 56 |
| Butier | 13 | 14 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 13 |
| Caldwell | 13 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 10 | 5 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 18 |
| Calbway | 41 | 50 | 0 | 2 | 24 | 19 | 17 | 29 | 0 | 2 | 31 | 31 |
| Cam pbell | 104 | 122 | 5 | 0 | 35 | 44 | 64 | 78 | 5 | 0 | 46 | 70 |
| C arlisk | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| Canoll | 32 | 33 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 16 | 19 | 16 | 0 | 1 | 17 | 32 |
| $C$ arter | 40 | 40 | 3 | 3 | 16 | 26 | 21 | 11 | 4 | 5 | 31 | 43 |
| C asey | 19 | 15 | 3 | 0 | 12 | 7 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 19 | 8 |
| Christian | 85 | 85 | 1 | 3 | 37 | 40 | 47 | 42 | 1 | 3 | 58 | 67 |
| C lark | 59 | 44 | 1 | 1 | 24 | 19 | 34 | 24 | 1 | 1 | 32 | 29 |
| C by | 28 | 22 | 4 | 1 | 15 | 18 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 35 | 31 |
| C linton | 10 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 6 |
| Critenden | 14 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 5 |
| Cum berand | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Daviess | 122 | 138 | 3 | 3 | 55 | 47 | 64 | 88 | 3 | 3 | 73 | 78 |
| Edm onson | 16 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 14 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 16 | 23 |
| E Piott | 5 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 10 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 17 |
| Estill | 20 | 22 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 11 | 6 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 25 | 21 |
| Fayette | 459 | 600 | 3 | 9 | 162 | 221 | 294 | 370 | 3 | 11 | 238 | 342 |
| Flem ing | 15 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 9 |
| Fbyd | 75 | 71 | 5 | 1 | 48 | 48 | 22 | 22 | 6 | 1 | 73 | 71 |
| Franklin | 67 | 70 | 2 | 1 | 31 | 36 | 34 | 33 | 2 | 1 | 44 | 48 |
| Fulton | 9 | 14 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 9 |
| G alatin | 8 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 11 |
| G anard | 18 | 18 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 16 | 13 |

* Fatalcollision data has been adjusted to reflect follow -up studies ofdrivers with blood alcoholcontent (BAC) of . 01 orhigher (from FARS).

Th is also affects the totalofallcollisions.

## COLLIS $\mathbb{D} N S \mathbb{N V O L V \mathbb { N } G D R \mathbb { N } K \mathbb { N } G \operatorname { D R } \mathbb { I } E R S}$ BY COUNTY <br> 1999 VS 2000

| COUNTY | C O L L IS IO N S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P ERSONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TO TAL |  | FATAL * |  | NON FATAL $\mathbb{N}$ JUR Y |  | PROPERTY DAMAGE |  | K LLLED * |  | $\mathbb{N}$ JUR ED |  |
|  | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 |
| G rant | 30 | 32 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 20 | 16 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 19 | 35 |
| G raves | 35 | 46 | 2 | 1 | 21 | 34 | 12 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 28 | 49 |
| G rayson | 23 | 36 | 1 | 2 | 18 | 22 | 4 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 25 | 35 |
| G reen | 6 | 15 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 11 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 22 |
| G reenup | 38 | 45 | 1 | 2 | 21 | 20 | 16 | 23 | 2 | 2 | 27 | 28 |
| Hancock | 11 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 1 |
| H ardin | 94 | 102 | 3 | 2 | 41 | 44 | 50 | 56 | 3 | 2 | 57 | 60 |
| H arkn | 39 | 35 | 4 | 1 | 17 | 23 | 18 | 11 | 4 | 1 | 26 | 30 |
| H amison | 27 | 32 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 21 | 19 |
| H art | 23 | 18 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 11 | 13 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 17 | 13 |
| Henderson | 81 | 59 | 3 | 1 | 29 | 34 | 49 | 24 | 3 | 1 | 46 | 52 |
| Henry | 24 | 24 | 2 | 0 | 13 | 12 | 9 | 12 | 2 | 0 | 17 | 13 |
| H ickm an | 6 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Hopkis | 51 | 43 | 3 | 2 | 18 | 25 | 30 | 16 | 3 | 2 | 28 | 39 |
| Jackson | 17 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 13 | 8 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 21 |
| Jefferson | 894 | 1112 | 16 | 26 | 393 | 476 | 485 | 610 | 19 | 28 | 632 | 696 |
| Jessam ne | 57 | 81 | 2 | 2 | 24 | 38 | 31 | 41 | 2 | 3 | 35 | 71 |
| Johnson | 26 | 32 | 0 | 1 | 18 | 20 | 8 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 25 | 25 |
| Kenton | 237 | 267 | 2 | 4 | 94 | 108 | 141 | 155 | 3 | 4 | 138 | 153 |
| Knott | 21 | 17 | 2 | 1 | 14 | 10 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 19 | 17 |
| Knox | 44 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 23 | 18 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 34 |
| Larue | 11 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 7 |
| Laurel | 48 | 63 | 3 | 3 | 21 | 36 | 24 | 24 | 4 | 4 | 36 | 67 |
| Law rence | 11 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 15 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 21 |
| Lee | 11 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 22 |
| Lesle | 18 | 20 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 14 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 23 |
| Letcher | 34 | 40 | 3 | 3 | 19 | 26 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 28 | 47 |
| Lew is | 25 | 24 | 2 | 3 | 14 | 13 | 9 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 28 | 27 |
| Lincoln | 22 | 25 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 12 | 0 | 2 | 16 | 18 |
| Livingston | 11 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 3 |
| Logan | 28 | 30 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 15 | 18 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 22 |
| Lyon | 9 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 4 |
| M CC racken | 95 | 125 | 5 | 5 | 50 | 62 | 40 | 58 | 5 | 5 | 76 | 95 |
| M CC reary | 29 | 19 | 2 | 4 | 16 | 10 | 11 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 27 | 26 |
| M cLean | 11 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 4 |
| M adison | 136 | 147 | 2 | 6 | 60 | 60 | 74 | 81 | 2 | 6 | 96 | 95 |
| M agoffin | 29 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 23 | 14 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 36 | 21 |
| M arion | 54 | 66 | 3 | 2 | 26 | 37 | 25 | 27 | 3 | 2 | 42 | 55 |
| M arshall | 27 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 17 | 14 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 28 |
| M artin | 13 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 14 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 25 |

*Fatalcollision data has been adjusted to reflect follow up studies ofdrivers with blood alcoholcontent (BAC) of . 01 orhigher (from FARS). This also affects the totalofallcollisions.

##  BY COUNTY <br> 1999 VS 2000

| COUNTY | C O L L IS IO N S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P ERSONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TO TAL |  | FATAL * |  | NON FATAL $\mathbb{N}$ JURY |  | PROPERTY <br> DAMAGE |  | K LLLED * |  | $\mathbb{N}$ JURED |  |
|  | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 |
| M ason | 35 | 50 | 3 | 4 | 16 | 23 | 16 | 23 | 5 | 4 | 24 | 35 |
| M eade | 29 | 38 | 1 | 4 | 15 | 15 | 13 | 19 | 1 | 5 | 21 | 32 |
| M enife | 16 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 7 |
| M ercer | 22 | 27 | 2 | 0 | 12 | 11 | 8 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 20 | 15 |
| M etcalfe | 13 | 12 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 7 |
| M onroe | 16 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 12 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 26 | 4 |
| M ontgom ery | 38 | 44 | 3 | 1 | 18 | 22 | 17 | 21 | 3 | 1 | 27 | 36 |
| M organ | 15 | 15 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 12 |
| M uhlenberg | 49 | 36 | 1 | 1 | 23 | 21 | 25 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 34 | 24 |
| N elson | 66 | 60 | 3 | 0 | 35 | 32 | 28 | 28 | 4 | 0 | 55 | 49 |
| N icholas | 19 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 16 | 11 |
| O hio | 28 | 23 | 1 | 2 | 19 | 11 | 8 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 33 | 19 |
| O lham | 24 | 24 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 16 | 11 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 17 | 22 |
| Owen | 13 | 24 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 13 | 4 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 15 |
| Owsky | 8 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 6 |
| Pendlaton | 25 | 27 | 0 | 3 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 14 | 0 | 3 | 18 | 12 |
| Peny | 48 | 46 | 3 | 3 | 28 | 31 | 17 | 12 | 4 | 3 | 38 | 50 |
| P ike | 90 | 103 | 4 | 5 | 44 | 66 | 42 | 32 | 4 | 5 | 60 | 99 |
| Powell | 16 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 9 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 22 | 13 |
| Pułaski | 62 | 56 | 2 | 1 | 35 | 29 | 25 | 26 | 2 | 1 | 59 | 48 |
| R obertson | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| R ockcastle | 23 | 13 | 2 | 1 | 14 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 22 | 11 |
| Rowan | 29 | 48 | 1 | 1 | 17 | 26 | 11 | 21 | 1 | 1 | 21 | 38 |
| Russell | 16 | 20 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 11 | 10 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 17 |
| Scott | 50 | 43 | 1 | 1 | 20 | 14 | 29 | 28 | 2 | 1 | 29 | 17 |
| Sheby | 51 | 70 | 3 | 4 | 23 | 28 | 25 | 38 | 3 | 4 | 32 | 47 |
| Simpson | 24 | 21 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 20 | 11 |
| Spencer | 15 | 21 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 13 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 17 | 17 |
| Taybr | 41 | 28 | 0 | 1 | 21 | 15 | 20 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 30 | 25 |
| Todd | 6 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 5 |
| Trigg | 9 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 1 |
| Trimbl | 7 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 10 |
| Union | 25 | 29 | 0 | 2 | 12 | 15 | 13 | 12 | 0 | 2 | 16 | 20 |
| W amen | 150 | 166 | 1 | 3 | 68 | 76 | 81 | 87 | 1 | 3 | 108 | 115 |
| W ashington | 27 | 21 | 1 | 2 | 16 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 1 | 2 | 26 | 12 |
| W ayne | 20 | 18 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 22 | 22 |
| W ebster | 15 | 22 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 11 | 8 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 20 |
| W hitly | 42 | 37 | 5 | 1 | 22 | 17 | 15 | 19 | 6 | 1 | 43 | 29 |
| W olfe | 19 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 13 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 19 | 5 |
| W oodford | 36 | 44 | 2 | 3 | 15 | 19 | 19 | 22 | 5 | 3 | 17 | 29 |
| TO TALS | 5,441 | 6,127 | 196 | 181 | 2,592 | 2,903 | 2,653 | 3,043 | 222 | 196 | 3,981 | 4,447 |

* Fatalcollision data has been adjusted to reflect follow up studies ofdrivers with blood alcoholcontent (BAC) of . 01 orhigher (from FARS). This also affects the totalofallcollisions.


## DRIVERS UNDER $\mathbb{N} F L U E N C E O F D R U G S$ BY COUNTY

The folbwing chart shows the number of drivers suspected of being under the nifuence of drugs involved in colisinns, abng w ih the num berofpersons killed or injured in those colisions. A totalof 868 drivers were suspected ofbeng under the infuence ofdrugs based on prelim nary investigation ofthe officer investigating the colision. Of this total, 10 drivers were involved in fatalcollisions and 461 drivers were involved in njury collisins.

| COUNTY |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $A D A \mathbb{R}$ | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 7 |
| ALLEN | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| ANDERSON | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| BALLARD | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| BARREN | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 6 |
| BATH | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| BELL | 9 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 8 |
| BOONE | 12 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| BOURBON | 11 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 10 |
| BOYD | 18 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 7 |
| BOYLE | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| BRACKEN | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BREATH IIT | 11 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 18 |
| BRECKENRIDGE | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BULLITT | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| BUTLER | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| CALDW ELL | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| CALLOW AY | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
| CAM PBELL | 17 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| CARLISLE | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CARROLU | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| CARTER | 14 | 1 | 9 | 1 | 15 |
| CASEY | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CHRISTAN | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CLARK | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CLAY | 24 | 3 | 17 | 4 | 28 |
| CLINTON | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| CRITTENDEN | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| CUMBERLAND | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| DAVESS | 15 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 7 |
| EDMONSON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ELLD TT | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| ESTILL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| FAYETTE | 67 | 5 | 25 | 6 | 41 |
| FLEM NG | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| FLO YD | 41 | 3 | 24 | 3 | 41 |
| FRAN KLIN | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 5 |
| FULTO N | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| GALLATIN | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |


| COUNTY |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GARRARD | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| GRANT | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| GRAVES | 10 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| GRAYSON | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 7 |
| GREEN | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GREENUP | 13 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 14 |
| HANCOCK | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HARD $\mathbb{N}$ | 12 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 7 |
| HARLAN | 22 | 4 | 10 | 7 | 19 |
| HARR ISON | 6 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| HART | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| HENDERSON | 14 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| HENRY | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| H IE KM AN | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| HO PKNS | 15 | 2 | 7 | 3 | 12 |
| JACKSON | 9 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 10 |
| JEFFERSON | 68 | 9 | 29 | 10 | 46 |
| JESSAM NE | 8 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| JO HNSON | 30 | 1 | 20 | 1 | 29 |
| KENTON | 35 | 1 | 18 | 1 | 28 |
| KNOTT | 12 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 11 |
| KNOX | 29 | 2 | 18 | 2 | 28 |
| LARUE | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| LAUREL | 25 | 3 | 10 | 3 | 16 |
| LAW RENCE | 8 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 8 |
| LEE | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 11 |
| LESLE | 15 | 2 | 10 | 2 | 21 |
| LETCHER | 15 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 16 |
| LEW IS | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| LINCOLN | 6 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| LVINGSTON | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| LO G AN | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| LYON | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| McCRACKEN | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 |
| M CCREARY | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| M CLEAN | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| M AD ISON | 9 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| M AGOFFN | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 7 |
| MARDN | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

[^0]DRIVERS UNDER $\mathbb{N} F L U E N C E O F D R U G S$ BY COUNTY

| COUNTY |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| MARSHALL | 10 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 8 |
| M ARTIN | 18 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 9 |
| MASON | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| M EADE | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| M EN FFEE | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MERCER | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| METCALFE | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MONROE | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| MONTGOMERY | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| MORGAN | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| MUHLENBERG | 6 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 7 |
| NELSON | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| N CHOLAS | 5 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 6 |
| OHD | 6 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 6 |
| OLDHAM | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| OW EN | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| OW SLEY | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| PENDLETON | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| PERRY | 23 | 2 | 11 | 2 | 18 |
| PIKE | 57 | 10 | 30 | 10 | 48 |
| POW ELL | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| PULASKI | 19 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 10 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


| COUNTY |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ROBERTSON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ROCKCASTLE | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| ROW AN | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| RUSSELL | 8 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| SCOTT | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| SHELBY | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| SIM PSON | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| SPENCER | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TAYLOR | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| TODD | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TR IGG | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TR IM BLE | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| UNDN | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| W ARREN | 24 | 5 | 11 | 5 | 17 |
| WASHINGTON | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| W AYNE | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| W EBSTER | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| W H ITLEY | 18 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 11 |
| W O LFE | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| WOODFORD | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTALS | 990 | 133 | 461 | 147 | 749 |

*Fatalcollision data has been adjusted to reflect follow up studies ofdrivers under the influence ofdrugs (from FARS).
This also affects the totalofallcollisions.

## ALL COLLIS DNS

BY AREA DEVELO PM ENT D ISTRITT

| AREA <br> DEVELOPMENT <br> D IS TR ICT | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { NUMBER } \\ \text { REPORTED } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | FOTAL COLLIS 10 NS REPORTED |  | NUMBER PERSONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | FATAL | $\mathbb{N}$ JUR Y | KILLED | $\mathbb{N}$ JUR ED |
| Purchase | 5,938 | 40 | 1,634 | 47 | 2,558 |
| Pennyrie | 5,977 | 41 | 1,650 | 48 | 2,538 |
| G reen R iver | 7,446 | 33 | 1,963 | 34 | 3,047 |
| Bamen R iver | 8,142 | 56 | 2,258 | 69 | 3,490 |
| Lincoh Trail | 6,693 | 47 | 1,726 | 51 | 2,742 |
| KIPDA | 33,516 | 109 | 7,690 | 119 | 11,443 |
| N orthem Kentucky | 14,311 | 35 | 3,044 | 36 | 4,302 |
| Buffab Trace | 1,562 | 29 | 407 | 36 | 677 |
| G ateway | 2,455 | 16 | 699 | 20 | 1,077 |
| FIVCO | 3,817 | 22 | 1,100 | 26 | 1,693 |
| B ig S andy | 4,190 | 40 | 1,784 | 42 | 2,924 |
| Kentucky R iver | 3,038 | 43 | 1,251 | 47 | 2,080 |
| Cum berand Valky | 6,204 | 51 | 2,000 | 60 | 3,272 |
| Lake Cum berand | 4,866 | 46 | 1,303 | 57 | 2,045 |
| B hegrass | 26,924 | 103 | 6,223 | 118 | 9,241 |
| TO TALS | 135,079 | 711 | 34,732 | 810 | 53,129 |

## ALCOHOLRELATED COLLTSDN

BY AREA DEVELO PMENT D ISTR ICT

| AREADEVELO PMENTDISTRICT | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { NUMBER } \\ \text { REPORTED } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | TOTAL COLLISTDNS REPORTED |  | NUMBER PERSONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | FATAL* | $\mathbb{N}$ JUR Y | K ILLED * | $\mathbb{N}$ JUR ED |
| Purchase | 288 | 11 | 151 | 13 | 228 |
| Pennyril | 225 | 9 | 111 | 11 | 166 |
| G reen R iver | 286 | 9 | 122 | 9 | 194 |
| $B$ amen R iver | 358 | 11 | 177 | 11 | 260 |
| Lincoln Trail | 358 | 12 | 173 | 13 | 260 |
| KIPDA | 1,341 | 36 | 588 | 38 | 861 |
| N orthem Kentucky | 659 | 9 | 277 | 8 | 404 |
| Buffab Trace | 105 | 9 | 56 | 9 | 96 |
| G atew ay | 137 | 6 | 73 | 6 | 112 |
| FIVCO | 193 | 5 | 104 | 8 | 159 |
| B ig S andy | 245 | 7 | 162 | 7 | 241 |
| Kentucky R iver | 192 | 9 | 130 | 9 | 222 |
| Cum berland Vally | 259 | 9 | 149 | 10 | 249 |
| Lake Cum berrand | 202 | 10 | 109 | 11 | 190 |
| B luegrass | 1,279 | 29 | 521 | 33 | 805 |
| TO TALS | 6,127 | 181 | 2,903 | 196 | 4,447 |

*Fatalcollision data has been adjusted to reflect follow -up studies ofdrivers (FARS).
This also affects the totalofallcollisions.
DRUG RELATED COLLISDNS
BY AREA DEVELO PMENT DISTRICT

| AREADEVELO PM ENTD ISTRICT | TOTALNUMBERREPORTED | TOTAL COLLISISN REPORTED |  | NUMBER PERSONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | FATAL* | $\mathbb{N}$ JUR Y | K ILLED* | $\mathbb{N}$ JURED |
| Purchase | 34 | 7 | 14 | 8 | 25 |
| Pennyrie | 36 | 6 | 15 | 7 | 27 |
| G reen R iver | 42 | 5 | 15 | 5 | 25 |
| Bamen R iver | 45 | 11 | 21 | 11 | 32 |
| Lincoln Trail | 27 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 18 |
| KPDA | 84 | 13 | 35 | 14 | 57 |
| N orthem Kentucky | 78 | 4 | 32 | 4 | 44 |
| Buffab Trace | 6 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| G atew ay | 13 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 8 |
| FIVCO | 55 | 2 | 30 | 3 | 46 |
| B ig S andy | 152 | 15 | 84 | 15 | 134 |
| Kentucky R iver | 82 | 13 | 46 | 14 | 96 |
| Cum berland Valley | 143 | 19 | 76 | 23 | 124 |
| Lake Cum beriand | 52 | 6 | 20 | 7 | 27 |
| Bluegrass | 141 | 21 | 57 | 25 | 85 |
| TO TALS | 990 | 133 | 461 | 147 | 749 |

*Fatalcollision data has been adjusted to reflect follow up studies ofdrivers (FARS).
This also affects the totalofallcollisions.

| AREA <br> DEVELO PMENT <br> D ISTR ITT | COUNTES $\mathbb{N}$ D $\mathbb{S T R} \mathbb{C} T$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Purchase <br> Pennyrie <br> G reen R iver <br> Bamen R iver <br> Lincoln Trail <br> KPDA <br> N orthem Kentucky <br> Buffab Trace <br> G atew ay <br> FIVCO <br> Big S andy <br> Kentucky R iver <br> Cum berrand Valey <br> Lake Cum beriand <br> Bluegrass | B alard, C albw ay, C arlisle, Fulton, G raves, H ickm an, M CC racken, M arshall C aldw ell, C hristian, C rittenden, H opkins, Livingston, Lyon, M uhlenberg, Todd, Trigg Daviess, H ancock, H enderson, M cLean, O hí, Union, W ebster <br> A len, B arren, Butler, Edm onson, $H$ art, Logan, $M$ etcalfe, $M$ onroe, S im pson, W arren B reckinridge, G rayson, H ardin, Larue, M arion, M eade, N elson, W ashington Bullit, H enry, Jefferson, O laham, Sheby, Spencer, Trim ble <br> Boone, C am pbell, C arroll, G a Ilatin, G rant, Kenton, O w en, Pendleton <br> B racken, Fl lem ing, Lew is, M ason, R obertson <br> Bath, $M$ enifee, $M$ ontgom ery, $M$ organ, $R$ ow an <br> B oyd, C arter, E liott, G reenup, Law rence <br> Fbyd, Johnson, M agoffin, M artin, P ke <br> B reathilt, Knott, Lee, Leslie, Letcher, O w sley, Peny, W olfe <br> Bell, C lay, H arran, Jackson, Knox, Laurel, R ockcastle, W hitey <br> Adair, C asey, C linton, C um berland, G reen, M cC reary, Pulaski, R ussell, Taybr, W ayne Anderson, Bourbon, Boyle, C lark, Estill, Fayette, Franklin, G anard, H arrison, Jessam ine Lincolh, M adison, M ercer, N icholas, P ow ell, S cott, W oodford |

# PARKING LOTS/ PRIVATE PROPERTY 

## COLLISIDNS BY COUNTY <br> PARKING LOTS /PRIVATE PROPERTY* <br> 2000

| COUNTY | C O L L IS IO N S |  |  |  | PERSONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TO TAL | FATAL | NON FATAL <br> INJURY | PROPERTY DAMAGE | K LLLED | $\mathbb{N}$ JURED |
| Adair | 121 | 0 | 4 | 117 | 0 | 4 |
| A Inn | 63 | 0 | 4 | 59 | 0 | 5 |
| Anderson | 111 | 0 | 5 | 106 | 0 | 9 |
| Balard | 32 | 0 | 3 | 29 | 0 | 3 |
| Bamen | 67 | 0 | 5 | 62 | 0 | 5 |
| Bath | 46 | 0 | 1 | 45 | 0 | 1 |
| BeII | 188 | 0 | 10 | 178 | 0 | 13 |
| Boone | 801 | 0 | 42 | 759 | 0 | 50 |
| B ourbon | 113 | 0 | 7 | 106 | 0 | 7 |
| Boyd | 471 | 0 | 19 | 452 | 0 | 26 |
| Boyl | 197 | 0 | 6 | 191 | 0 | 9 |
| B racken | 19 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| Breathit | 97 | 0 | 7 | 90 | 0 | 9 |
| Breckinridge | 59 | 0 | 2 | 57 | 0 | 2 |
| Bulith | 179 | 0 | 13 | 166 | 0 | 14 |
| Buter | 32 | 0 | 2 | 30 | 0 | 2 |
| Cablwell | 32 | 0 | 1 | 31 | 0 | 1 |
| Calbway | 171 | 0 | 4 | 167 | 0 | 4 |
| C am pbell | 588 | 0 | 16 | 572 | 0 | 18 |
| C arlisle | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| C anoll | 74 | 0 | 2 | 72 | 0 | 3 |
| C arter | 130 | 0 | 3 | 127 | 0 | 3 |
| Casey | 69 | 0 | 2 | 67 | 0 | 6 |
| Christian | 160 | 0 | 13 | 147 | 0 | 14 |
| C lark | 298 | 0 | 10 | 288 | 0 | 10 |
| C by | 107 | 0 | 9 | 98 | 0 | 13 |
| C linton | 49 | 0 | 0 | 49 | 0 | 0 |
| Critenden | 49 | 0 | 4 | 45 | 0 | 7 |
| Cum berzand | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Daviess | 883 | 0 | 44 | 839 | 0 | 55 |
| Edm onson | 36 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 0 |
| E Phett | 15 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 0 | 2 |
| Estill | 56 | 0 | 2 | 54 | 0 | 3 |
| Fayette | 2,968 | 1 | 109 | 2,858 | 1 | 121 |
| Flem ing | 55 | 0 | 1 | 54 | 0 | 1 |
| Fbyd | 141 | 1 | 22 | 118 | 1 | 29 |
| Franklin | 489 | 0 | 13 | 476 | 0 | 16 |
| Fulton | 66 | 0 | 2 | 64 | 0 | 2 |
| G alatin | 29 | 0 | 1 | 28 | 0 | 1 |
| G anard | 61 | 0 | 4 | 57 | 0 | 4 |

*O nly 2000 data available

## COLLISIDNS BY COUNTY <br> PARKING LOTS /PRIVATE PROPERTY* <br> 2000

| COUNTY | C O L L IS IO N S |  |  |  | PERSONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TO TAL | FATAL | NON FATAL <br> $\mathbb{N} J U R Y$ | PROPERTY DAMAGE | K LLLED | $\mathbb{N}$ JURED |
| G rant | 184 | 0 | 3 | 181 | 0 | 4 |
| G raves | 214 | 0 | 11 | 203 | 0 | 11 |
| G rayson | 183 | 0 | 5 | 178 | 0 | 6 |
| G reen | 48 | 0 | 1 | 47 | 0 | 2 |
| G reenup | 104 | 0 | 4 | 100 | 0 | 5 |
| H ancock | 33 | 0 | 1 | 32 | 0 | 1 |
| H ardin | 376 | 0 | 17 | 359 | 0 | 21 |
| H aran | 140 | 0 | 6 | 134 | 0 | 14 |
| H a mison | 145 | 0 | 2 | 143 | 0 | 2 |
| H art | 70 | 0 | 5 | 65 | 0 | 5 |
| Henderson | 524 | 0 | 20 | 504 | 0 | 27 |
| Henry | 78 | 0 | 2 | 76 | 0 | 3 |
| H ickm an | 11 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 1 |
| H opkins | 65 | 0 | 2 | 63 | 0 | 5 |
| Jackson | 48 | 0 | 2 | 46 | 0 | 3 |
| Jefferson | 1,733 | 2 | 194 | 1,537 | 2 | 219 |
| Jessam ne | 326 | 0 | 11 | 315 | 0 | 15 |
| Johnson | 206 | 2 | 20 | 184 | 2 | 23 |
| Kenton | 805 | 0 | 23 | 782 | 0 | 24 |
| Knott | 58 | 0 | 11 | 47 | 0 | 13 |
| Knox | 169 | 0 | 11 | 158 | 0 | 13 |
| Larue | 43 | 0 | 2 | 41 | 0 | 2 |
| Laurel | 346 | 0 | 16 | 330 | 0 | 20 |
| Law rence | 52 | 0 | 3 | 49 | 0 | 4 |
| Lee | 20 | 1 | 1 | 18 | 1 | 1 |
| Leslie | 35 | 0 | 1 | 34 | 0 | 2 |
| Letcher | 109 | 1 | 8 | 100 | 1 | 8 |
| Lew is | 35 | 0 | 2 | 33 | 0 | 2 |
| Lincoh | 69 | 0 | 3 | 66 | 0 | 3 |
| Livingston | 22 | 0 | 1 | 21 | 0 | 2 |
| Logan | 159 | 0 | 7 | 152 | 0 | 7 |
| Lyon | 38 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 0 |
| M CC racken | 299 | 0 | 21 | 278 | 0 | 27 |
| M cC reary | 74 | 0 | 3 | 71 | 0 | 5 |
| M cLean | 46 | 0 | 2 | 44 | 0 | 2 |
| M adison | 884 | 0 | 22 | 862 | 0 | 29 |
| M agoffin | 51 | 0 | 11 | 40 | 0 | 14 |
| M aron | 117 | 0 | 3 | 114 | 0 | 3 |
| M arshal | 121 | 0 | 8 | 113 | 0 | 10 |
| M artin | 65 | 0 | 12 | 53 | 0 | 13 |

*O nly 2000 data available

## COLLISIDNS BY COUNTY <br> PARKING LOTS /PRIVATE PROPERTY* <br> 2000

| COUNTY | C O L L IS IO N S |  |  |  | PERSONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TOTAL | FATAL | NON FATAL NJURY | PROPERTY DAMAGE | K ILLED | INJURED |
| M ason | 208 | 0 | 4 | 204 | 0 | 4 |
| M eade | 58 | 0 | 4 | 54 | 0 | 4 |
| M enife | 14 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| M ercer | 104 | 1 | 4 | 99 | 1 | 5 |
| M etcalfe | 29 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 |
| M onroe | 40 | 0 | 2 | 38 | 0 | 3 |
| M ontgom ery | 231 | 0 | 7 | 224 | 0 | 11 |
| M organ | 70 | 0 | 6 | 64 | 0 | 6 |
| M uhlenberg | 192 | 0 | 5 | 187 | 0 | 5 |
| N elson | 108 | 1 | 8 | 99 | 1 | 15 |
| N icholas | 31 | 0 | 3 | 28 | 0 | 3 |
| $\bigcirc \mathrm{hi}$ | 123 | 0 | 3 | 120 | 0 | 3 |
| O liham | 71 | 0 | 5 | 66 | 0 | 6 |
| Owen | 30 | 0 | 3 | 27 | 0 | 3 |
| O wsky | 12 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 0 | 1 |
| Pendleton | 58 | 0 | 3 | 55 | 0 | 4 |
| Peny | 260 | 0 | 17 | 243 | 0 | 22 |
| P ke | 397 | 0 | 36 | 361 | 0 | 44 |
| Powell | 26 | 0 | 2 | 24 | 0 | 2 |
| Pulaski | 460 | 0 | 10 | 450 | 0 | 12 |
| R obertson | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| R ockcastle | 37 | 0 | 2 | 35 | 0 | 3 |
| Rowan | 231 | 0 | 7 | 224 | 0 | 9 |
| Russell | 58 | 0 | 4 | 54 | 0 | 5 |
| Scott | 143 | 0 | 8 | 135 | 0 | 8 |
| Sheby | 228 | 0 | 10 | 218 | 0 | 12 |
| Simpson | 195 | 0 | 6 | 189 | 0 | 8 |
| Spencer | 36 | 0 | 1 | 35 | 0 | 1 |
| Taybr | 201 | 0 | 3 | 198 | 0 | 3 |
| Todd | 39 | 0 | 1 | 38 | 0 | 2 |
| Trigg | 50 | 0 | 3 | 47 | 0 | 3 |
| Trimbl | 17 | 2 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 0 |
| Union | 79 | 0 | 6 | 73 | 0 | 7 |
| W amen | 569 | 0 | 44 | 525 | 0 | 61 |
| W ashington | 29 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 |
| W ayne | 129 | 0 | 7 | 122 | 0 | 9 |
| W ebster | 49 | 1 | 2 | 46 | 1 | 2 |
| W hitley | 227 | 0 | 9 | 218 | 0 | 11 |
| W olfe | 39 | 0 | 5 | 34 | 0 | 6 |
| W oodford | 145 | 0 | 5 | 140 | 0 | 6 |
| TO TALS | 22,262 | 13 | 1,119 | 21,130 | 13 | 1,353 |

## TYPES OF COLLISIONS <br> PARKING LOTS / PRIVATE PROPERTY



## PARKING LOT:

Total Collisions:
\% of Total Collisions: Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
\% of All Fatal Collisions:


COLLISION WITH PEDESTRIAN:

Total Collisions:
\% of Total Collisions:
Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
\% of All Fatal Collisions: 23.10\%


## COLLISION WITH

 PEDALCYCLIST:Total Collisions:
\% of Total Collisions:
Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
\% of All Fatal Collisions:

19,910
89.4\%
15.4\%

2
15.4\%

## COLLISION WITH FIXED OBJECT:

Total Collisions:
633
\% of Total Collisions: 2.84\%
Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
\% of All Fatal Collisions:
23.10\%
$23.10 \%$

## COLLISION WITH MOVING MOTOR VEHICLE:

Total Collisions:
\% of Total Collisions:
3.34\%

Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions: \% of All Fatal Collisions:
$15.48 \%$
2
$15.48 \%$

## PARKED VEHICLE COLLISIONS:

Total Collisions:
769
\% of Total Collisions:
Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
\% of All Fatal Collisions:

## 0

0.00\%
0.00\%


## COLLISION WITH OTHER OBJECT:

Total Collisions:
\% of Total Collisions:
Persons Killed:
0.21\%

1
7.70\%

1
7.70\%


## NON-COLLISION:

Total Collisions:

\% of Total Collisions:
0.40\%

Persons Killed:
\% of Total Fatalities:
No. of Fatal Collisions:
\% of All Fatal Collisions:
15.40\%

2
$15.40 \%$



COLLISION WITH ANIMAL (INCLUDING DEER):

Total Collisions: $\quad 11$
\% of Total Collisions: $0.05 \%$
Persons Killed:
0.00\%

No. of Fatal Collisions: $\quad 0$
\% of All Fatal Collisions: $0.00 \%$

## AGE OF DRIVER (ALL COLLISIONS)

## PARKING LOTS / PRIVATE PROPERTY

The chart below groups the ages of 27,601 drivers involved in traffic collisions during 2000 in Kentucky (for which age information was available). For each age category, the following information is shown: the percentage of drivers involved in all collisions, the number of drivers involved in these collisions is shown in parentheses, the percentage of all licensed drivers, and the number of licensed drivers is shown in parentheses (includes learner permits). This allows a comparison to be made between the percentage of a given age category is of the driving population and the corresponding percentage this age category is involved in collisions. The percentage of drivers involved in all collisions was higher than the percentage of licensed drivers for the age categories under age 35, especially for the 16 to 19 years of age category. This data does not differentiate drivers "at-fault" versus drivers "not-at-fault." There were 722 driver's ages which could not be determined. These drivers represent $2.6 \%$ of all drivers involved in collisions. The percentages given below do not consider the "Unknown" category.


## CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

## PARKING LOTS / PRIVATE PROPERTY

A variety of factors and conditions can contribute to a collision. Police officers may indicate up to three driver factors for each driver, two vehicular factors for each vehicle, and up to two environmental factors for each collision. This table gives the number of collisions in which a given factor was listed at least once. Accumulations were made only once for each factor indicated in a collision, even if the factor was listed for more than one driver or vehicle. Therefore, the percentages give the percent of collisions in which a given factor is listed.

| HUMAN FACTORS | ALL COLLISIONS | PERCENT OF TOTAL | FATAL COLLISIONS | PERCENT OF TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inattention | 10,988 | 49.36 | 4 | 30.77 |
| Misjudge Clearance | 1,915 | 8.60 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Failed to Yield Right of Way | 1,028 | 4.62 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Backing | 881 | 3.96 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Not Under Proper Control | 574 | 2.58 | 5 | 38.46 |
| Alcohol Involvement | 521 | 2.34 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Distraction | 384 | 1.72 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Too Fast for Conditions | 255 | 1.15 | 1 | 7.69 |
| Turning Improperly | 202 | 0.91 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Exceeded Stated Speed Limit | 114 | 0.51 | 2 | 15.38 |
| Drug Involvement | 104 | 0.47 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Emotional | 102 | 0.46 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Improper Passing | 101 | 0.45 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Disregard Traffic Control | 97 | 0.44 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Lost Consciousness/Fainted | 80 | 0.36 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Physical Disability | 75 | 0.34 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Following Too Close | 68 | 0.31 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Overcorrecting/Oversteering | 67 | 0.30 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Medication | 45 | 0.20 | 1 | 7.69 |
| Weaving in Traffic | 36 | 0.16 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Sick | 30 | 0.13 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Fatigue | 28 | 0.13 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Fell Asleep | 27 | 0.12 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Cell Phone | 25 | 0.11 | 0 | 0.00 |

# CONTRIBUTING FACTORS 

## PARKING LOTS / PRIVATE PROPERTY (cont'd.)

A variety of factors and conditions can contribute to a collision. Police officers may indicate up to three driver factors for each driver, two vehicular factors for each vehicle, and up to two environmental factors for each collision. This table gives the number of collisions in which a given factor was listed at least once. Accumulations were made only once for each factor indicated in a collision, even if the factor was listed for more than one driver or vehicle. Therefore, the percentages give the percent of collisions in which a given factor is listed.

| VEHICULAR FACTORS | ALL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brakes Defective | 227 | 1.02 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Steering Failure <br> Tow Hitch Defective / Separation <br> of Units | 27 | 0.12 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Tire Failure | 17 | 0.09 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Oversized Load on Vehicle | 14 | 0.08 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Load Securement | 7 | 0.06 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Other Lighting Defective | 4 | 0.02 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Headlights Defective | 1 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Overweight | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |  |


| ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS | ALL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL | FATAL <br> COLLISIONS | PERCENT <br> OF TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slippery Surface | 702 | 3.15 | 1 | 7.69 |
| View Obstructed | 616 | 2.77 | 2 | 15.38 |
| Improperly Parked Vehicle | 152 | 0.68 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Glare | 87 | 0.39 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Animal Action | 39 | 0.18 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Fixed Object(s) | 30 | 0.13 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Hole/Deep Ruts/Bumps | 24 | 0.11 | 1 | 7.69 |
| Water Pooling | 19 | 0.09 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Traffic Controls Not Working | 13 | 0.06 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Roadway Construction | 7 | 0.03 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Maintenance / Utility | 6 | 0.03 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Shoulder Defective | 5 | 0.02 | 1 | 7.69 |
| Debris In Roadway | 4 | 0.02 | 0 | 0.00 |

FATALITY ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM


## FATALITY ANALYSIS REPORTING SYSTEM

The Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) is a computerized file containing data on all fatal motor vehicle traffic collisions occurring each year in the fifty states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. The system is operated by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration for the purpose of identifying safety problems, suggesting solutions, and helping to provide an objective basis to evaluate the effectiveness of motor vehicle safety standards and highway safety countermeasures.
$F A R S$ has a contract with a government agency in each state for the purpose of fatal collision data acquisition. In Kentucky, this contract is with the Kentucky State Police Records Section.

For reasons of timeliness in reporting and continuity among the states, FARS counts only those fatalities that occur within 30 days of the collision date. FARS does not include fatalities occurring in parking lots or on private property. FARS differs from Kentucky data in that it collects data not only from the collision reports submitted from across the state, but contacts many other sources to obtain additional data pertinent to the collision, vehicles, drivers, etc. Examples of additional sources contacted by FARS are vehicle registration files, Driver Licensing, Vital Statistics, EMS reports, labs, coroners, and medical examiners. THE FARS DATA CANNOT BE COMPARED DIRECTLY WITH THE PREVIOUSLY LISTED STATISTICS BECAUSE OF A DIFFERENCE IN THE REPORTING CRITERIA.

## DRIVERS INVOLVED IN FATAL COLLISIONS - AGE AND ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT

The chart below depicts the ages of all drivers in fatal collisions in 2000 vs. alcohol involved drivers in fatal collisions during the same time period and the percentages of involvement for various ages and age groups. The alcohol involved teenage driver (ages 13 through 19) represents $4 \%$ of the total number of drinking drivers involved in fatal collisions.

NOTE: Data is derived from the Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) . The number of alcohol related drivers differs from those reported through the Kentucky Collision Reporting System because FARS follows up on alcohol test results.
*Alcohol involved drivers refers to a driver suspected by the police to be drinking and who tested positive for alcohol in a subsequent test (. 01 or higher).

| AGE | Number of <br> Drivers <br> Involved | Alcohol <br> Involved <br> Drivers | \% Alcohol <br> Involved |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 16 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| 17 | 31 | 2 | 7 |
| 18 | 43 | 1 | 2 |
| 19 | 33 | 4 | 12 |
| 20 | 42 | 14 | 33 |
| 21 | 33 | 6 | 18 |
| $22-24$ | 92 | 18 | 20 |
| $25-34$ | 227 | 49 | 22 |
| $35-44$ | 209 | 43 | 21 |
| $45-54$ | 145 | 26 | 18 |
| $55-64$ | 87 | 14 | 16 |
| $65-74$ | 53 | 36 | 11 |
| Over 74 | 55 | 0 | 0 |
| Unknown | 7 | 1 | 14 |
| TOTALS | 1,082 | 214 | 17 |

# ALCOHOL INVOLVEMENT BY AGE AND TEST RESULTS FOR DRIVERS INVOLVED IN FATAL COLLISIONS 

DURING 2000, THERE WERE 196 PERSONS KILLED IN FATAL COLLISIONS INVOLVING A DRINKING DRIVER. THIS REPRESENTS 24\% OF ALL PERSONS KILLED IN TRAFFIC COLLISIONS IN KENTUCKY DURING 2000.

The chart below shows drinking drivers by age and alcohol test result. Eighty (80) percent of the drinking drivers tested were found to have a blood alcohol content (BAC) of $0.10 \%$ or above at the time of the collision.

| AGE | NUMBER OF DRINKING DRIVERS* | BAC TEST RESULTS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | .01-.05 | .06-.09 | .10-. 19 | .20+ |
| Under 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 17 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 18 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 19 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| 20 | 14 | 4 | 0 | 7 | 3 |
| 21 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| 22-24 | 19 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 5 |
| 25-34 | 49 | 5 | 4 | 27 | 13 |
| 35-44 | 43 | 0 | 4 | 18 | 21 |
| 45-54 | 26 | 2 | 3 | 11 | 10 |
| 55-64 | 14 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 2 |
| 65-74 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| 75+ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unknown | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| TOTAL | 185 | 21 | 16 | 89 | 59 |

* Drinking driver refers to a driver suspected by the police to be drinking, and who tested positive for alcohol in a subsequent test.

DURING 2000, TWENTY-FOUR (24) PERCENT OF THE FATALLY INJURED PEDESTRIANS OVER THE AGE OF 15 WERE DRINKING. THEIR AVERAGE ALCOHOL TEST WAS 0.27\%

Another traffic hazard is the drinking pedestrian. The chart on the right shows the number of fatally injured pedestrians by age and alcohol involvement.

FARS total number of pedestrians differs from the number reported through the Kentucky Collision Reporting System because FARS does not include pedestrians killed in parking lots.

FATALLY INJURED PEDESTRIANS

| AGE | TOTAL | NUMBER <br> DRINKING | AVERAGE <br> TEST <br> RESULTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-5$ | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| $6-10$ | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| $11-15$ | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| $16-20$ | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| $21-25$ | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| $26-30$ | 7 | 2 | .21 |
| $31-40$ | 6 | 1 | .47 |
| $41-50$ | 5 | 2 | .29 |
| $51-60$ | 7 | 2 | .18 |
| $61-70$ | 5 | 2 | .14 |
| $71-80$ | 4 | 1 | .33 |
| $81+$ | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| UNKNOWN | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{5 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | .27 |

## SAFETY RESTRAINTS AND EJECTION IN FATAL COLLISIONS

The chart below plots overall results in fatal collisions when motorcycle helmets and other restraints (safety belts, harnesses, child restraints, etc.) are used. A comparison of "used" versus "not used" for 2000 FARS data strongly confirms both the lifesaving advantage as well as the reduction of serious injury when restraints are in place. SIXTY-THREE (63) PERCENT OF THE VEHICLE OCCUPANTS KILLED DURING 2000 WERE NOT RESTRAINED. FIFTY (50) PERCENT OF THE VEHICLE OCCUPANTS SUFFERING INCAPACITATING INJURY WERE NOT RESTRAINED. FORTY (40) PERCENT OF THE OCCUPANTS SUFFERING NON-INCAPACITATING INJURY WERE NOT RESTRAINED. NON-MOTORISTS ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE CHARTS BELOW.

| Result | MOTORCYCLE HELMET |  |  | RESTRAINT |  |  | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Used | Not <br> Used | Unknown | Used | Not <br> Used | Unknown |  |
| Fatal Injury | 20 | 15 | 1 | 235 | 487 | 18 | 776 |
| Incapacitating Injury | 1 | 1 | 0 | 172 | 180 | 10 | 364 |
| Non-Incapacitating Injury | 1 | 1 | 0 | 145 | 90 | 1 | 238 |
| Possible Injury | 0 | 0 | 0 | 69 | 31 | 0 | 100 |
| No Injury | 0 | 0 | 0 | 220 | 57 | 6 | 283 |
| Unknown If Injured | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 |
| Injured, Severity Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{8 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 6 9}$ |

Of the 1,769 vehicle occupants involved in fatal collisions in 2000 , only 863 were using safety restraints - an overall usage rate of $49 \%$ in fatal collisions.

EJECTION

| Result | Total <br> Ejection | Partial <br> Ejection | No <br> Ejection | Unknown | TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fatal Injury | 160 | 43 | 581 | 0 | 784 |
| Incapacitating Injury | 25 | 4 | 333 | 0 | 362 |
| Non-Incapacitating Injury | 5 | 0 | 240 | 0 | 245 |
| Possible Injury | 0 | 0 | 102 | 0 | 102 |
| No Injury | 0 | 0 | 284 | 0 | 284 |
| Unknown If Injured | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 8 |
| Injured, Severity Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 8 5}$ |

The above chart shows overall injuries in fatal collisions according to whether the vehicle occupant was ejected from the vehicle, partially ejected, or not ejected. EIGHTY-SIX (86) PERCENT OF VEHICLE OCCUPANTS WHO WERE EITHER TOTALLY OR PARTIALLY EJECTED WERE KILLED. This data also reaffirms the lifesaving advantage of using an active restraint, since the possibility of being ejected upon impact is significantly reduced.
*Motorcycles are excluded for ejections (not applicable under FARS guidelines).

## CHILD RESTRAINTS IN FATAL COLLISIONS

Kentucky's "child restraint law" (KRS 189.125) became effective July 15, 1982, and Subsection (3) requires that "Any driver of a motor vehicle, when transporting a child of forty (40) inches in height or less in a motor vehicle operated on the roadways, streets, and highways of this state, shall have the child properly secured in a child restraint system of a type meeting federal motor vehicle safety standards."

In order to qualify, the child restraint system must be certified as having been federally approved. (Federal approval of a child restraint system is based on its having withstood dynamic crash tests -- 30 mph collision into a fixed barrier.)

The data on child restraints depicted in the chart below reflects age (four years and under) rather than the height of the child. Other states with child restraint laws have adopted the "four years and under" standard in their statutes.

| RESULT |  <br> Under <br> Total | Child <br> Restraint <br> Used | Lap Belt \&/or <br> Harness Used | None <br> Used | Unknown |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Killed | 19 | 7 | 1 | 11 | 0 |
| Injured (Incapacitating) | 11 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Injured (Non-Incapacitating) | 10 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Injured (Possible) | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Not Injured | 9 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 53 | 27 | 6 | 19 | 1 |

Of the fifty-three (53) child occupants (four years and under) involved in fatal collisions in 2000, only thirty-three (33) children were secured in a child restraint. Of the nineteen (19) children killed, eleven (11) had no restraint and only seven (7) were using child safety seats. This information confirms what other studies have suggested regarding the effectiveness of child restraints. An infant or small child's survival can depend on whether the child was properly secured.


## COST <br> of KENTUCKY TRAFFIC COLLISIONS

## 2000



The calculable costs (economic costs) of motor vehicle collisions on public roads include wage loss, medical expense, administration costs, property damage, and employer costs. Comprehensive costs include not only the economic cost components but also a measure of the value of lost quality of life associated with deaths and injuries. Estimated costs provided by the National Safety Council, considering both economic and comprehensive costs, were used to arrive at a cost range for traffic collisions in Kentucky during 2000 (occurring on public roads).

The economic cost ( $\$ 1.9$ billion) was derived from the following formula:

| Cost per | X | Number Reported | = | Estimated Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fatalities @ \$1,000,000 | X | 810 | = | \$810,000,000 |
| Incapacitating Injuries <br> @ $\$ 47,900$ | X | 8,354 | = | \$400,156,600 |
| Non-Incapaci Injuries <br> @ \$16,000 | X | 20,849 | = | \$333,584,000 |
| Possible Injuries @ \$9,150 | X | 23,926 | $=$ | \$217,726,600 |
| Property Dam @ \$1,861 |  | 99,636 | = | \$185,422,596 |
| TOTAL ECON COST ESTIM |  |  |  | \$1,946,889,796 |

The comprehensive cost (\$5.4 billion) was derived from the following formula:

| Cost per | X | Number Reported | = | Estimated Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fatalities <br> @ \$3,214,290 | X | 810 | = | \$2,603,574,900 |
| Incapacitating Injuries <br> @ \$159,449 | X | 8,354 | = | \$1,332,036,946 |
| Non-Incapacit Injuries <br> @ \$41,027 | X | 20,849 | = | \$855,371,923 |
| Possible Injuries <br> @ \$19,528 | X | 23,926 | $=$ | \$467,226,928 |
| Property Dam <br> @ $\$ 1,861$ | X | 99,636 | = | \$185,422,596 |
| TOTAL COMP COST ESTIMA | N | IVE |  | \$5,443,633,293 |

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Here is your copy of the 2000 TRAFFIC COLLISION FACTS report you requested. If you want to receive the 2001 report, please print or type your name and address below and return this form.

This card must be returned to ensure receipt of the 2001 publication. Existing mailing lists are being revised to include only those individuals who respond to this notice.

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[^0]:    Fatalcollision data has been adjusted to reflect follow up studies ofdrivers with blood alcoholcontent (BAC) of . 01 orhigher (from FARS).
    This also affects the totalofallcollisions.

