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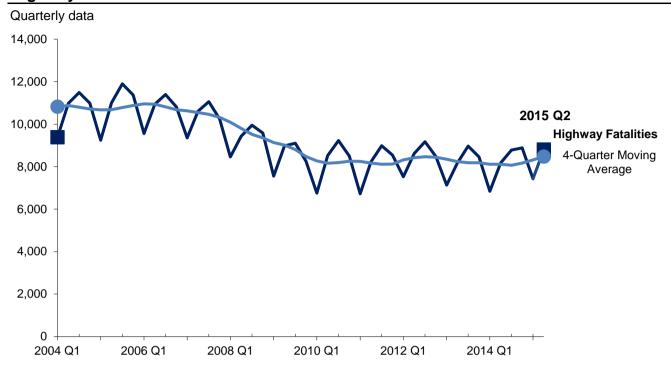
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## **Highway Fatalities**



Highway Fatalities	2014 Q2	2015 Q2
Highway-Related Fatalities	8,171	8,800
Percent change from same quarter previous year	+ 0.1%	+ 7.7%

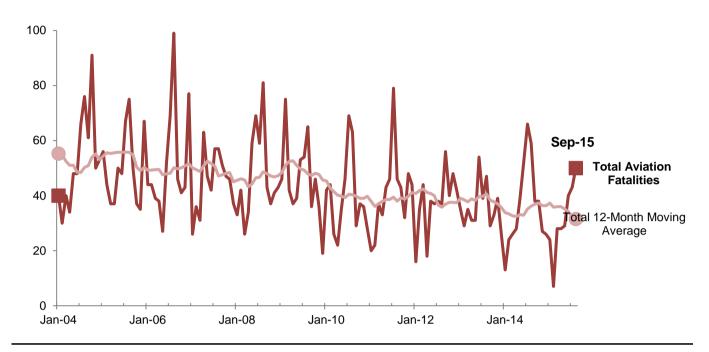
**NOTES**: Highway-related fatalities include the number of people who died in motor vehicle crashes within 30 days of the incident, including vehicles at rail crossings and transit vehicles operating over the road. It includes passenger cars, motorcycles, light trucks, large trucks, buses, pedestrians, pedalcyclists, and other/unknown.

Data for the most recent year that do not have an annual FARS dataset available (2015) are estimated by NHTSA and not final.

**SOURCES**: **2004-2013** — U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Fatality Analysis Reporting System, available at http://www.nhtsa.gov/FARS, as of December 2015. **2014-2015** — U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, "Early Estimates of Motor Vehicle Traffic Fatalities for the First Half of 2015," December 2015.

## **Air Fatalities**

Monthly data



Air Fatalities	Sep-14	Sep-15
General Aviation Fatalities	38	42
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 31.0%	+ 10.5%
Air Carrier and Air Taxi Fatalities	0	0

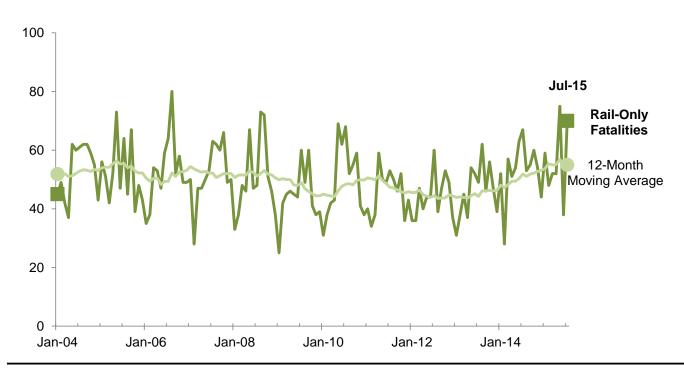
**NOTES**: General Aviation fatalities include private aviation operations and excludes Federal Aviation Regulation (FAR) Part 121 (Air Carriers), 129 (Foreign), 135 (On-Demand), and Non-U.S./Commercial operations. Air Carriers include scheduled and non-scheduled commercial passenger flights as well as cargo flights under FAR Part 121 and Air Taxis include smaller aircraft for commuter and on-demand operations included under FAR Part 135.

General aviation data in this dataset does not include the 154 persons killed aboard a foreign-registered aircraft operated by Gol Airlines, which collided with a U.S.-registered general aviation aircraft over Brazil in September 2006.

**SOURCE**: National Transportation Safety Board, *Aviation: Accident Database & Synopses*, available at http://www.ntsb.gov/\_layouts/ntsb.aviation/index.aspx as of December 2015.

# **Rail Fatalities**

Monthly data



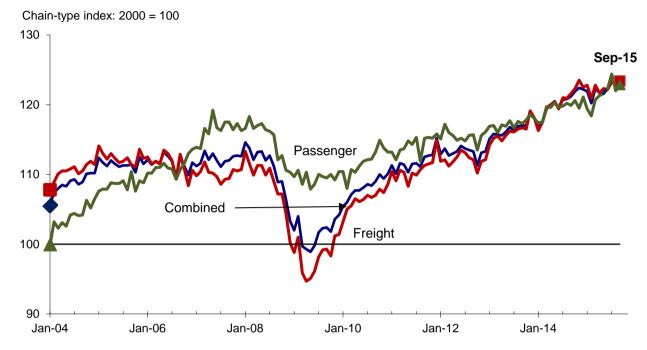
Rail Fatalities	Jul-14	Jul-15
Rail Only Fatalities (excluding highway vehicles at public crossings)	67	70
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 36.7%	+ 4.5%

**NOTES**: Rail fatalities excludes occupants of highway motor vehicles killed at public highway-rail grade crossings. Rail fatalities at public crossings with highway vehicles are also counted under highway fatailities.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety Analysis, *Operational Data Tables*, Accident Data and Table 4.06, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSafety/ as of December 2015.

## **Transportation Services Index**

Monthly data, seasonally-adjusted



Transportation Services Index (Index: 2000 = 100)	Aug-15	Sep-15
Combined TSI	122.9	123.3
Percent change from previous month	- 0.6%	+ 0.3%
Freight TSI	123.2	123.4
Percent change from previous month	+ 0.0%	+ 0.2%
Passenger TSI	122.0	122.9
Percent change from previous month	- 1.9%	+ 0.7%

**NOTES**: The combined TSI measures the movement of both freight and passengers. The Freight TSI measures just the movement of freight and includes for-hire trucking (parcel services are not included), freight railroad services (including rail-based intermodal shipments such as containers on flat cars), inland waterway traffic, pipeline movements (including principally petroleum and petroleum products and natural gas), and air freight. The Passenger TSI measures the volume of passengers and consists of local mass transit, intercity passenger rail, and passenger air transportation.

The TSI is updated monthly with the index numbers for the latest four months considered to be preliminary. With the April 2013 release of the TSI, BTS improved procedures and refined the TSI methodology. As a result, data back through January 2000 have been revised.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, *Transportation Services Index,* available at http://www.bts.gov/ as of December 2015.

# **Personal Spending on Transportation**

Quarterly data, seasonally adjusted annual rate



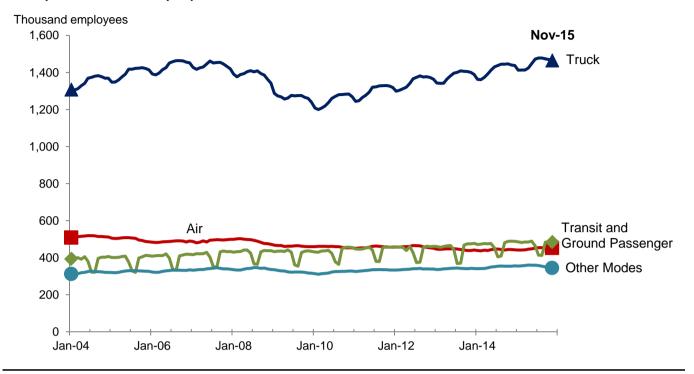
Personal Spending on Transportation (billions of chained 2009 dollars)	2015 Q2	2015 Q3
Motor Vehicles and Parts	413.6	416.7
Percent change from previous quarter	+ 2.4%	+ 0.7%
Gasoline and Other Energy Goods	284.5	286.6
Percent change from previous quarter	- 0.1%	+ 0.7%
Transportation Services	339.8	344.8
Percent change from previous quarter	+ 1.7%	+ 1.5%

**NOTES:** Personal spending on motor vehicles and parts include new motor vehicles, net purchases of used motor vehicles, and motor vehicle parts and accessories. Gasoline and other energy goods include motor vehicle fuels, lubricants, and fluids and fuel oil and other fuels. Transportation services include motor vehicle services (motor vehicle maintenance and repair and other motor vehicle services), public transportation/ground transportation (railway, intracity mass transit, taxicab, intercity bus, and other road transportation), air transportation, and water transportation.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *National Income and Product Accounts*, available at http://www.bea.gov/ as of December 2015.

# **Transportation Employment**

Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted



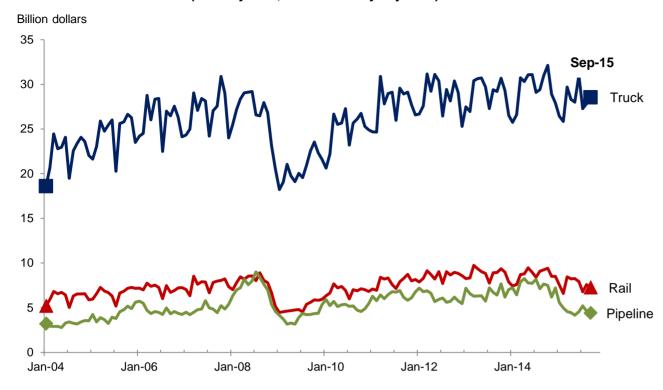
Transportation Employment (thousands)	Nov-14	Nov-15
Truck Transportation	1,441.1	1,466.3
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 2.8%	+ 1.7%
Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation	489.4	485.6
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 3.1%	- 0.8%
Air Transportation	443.8	452.9
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 1.2%	+ 2.1%
Other Transportation	354.1	345.1
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 3.5%	- 2.5%

**NOTES**: Other Transportation Modes includes rail, water, and pipeline transportation. Data do not include the sightseeing, support activity, courier, or warehousing industries.

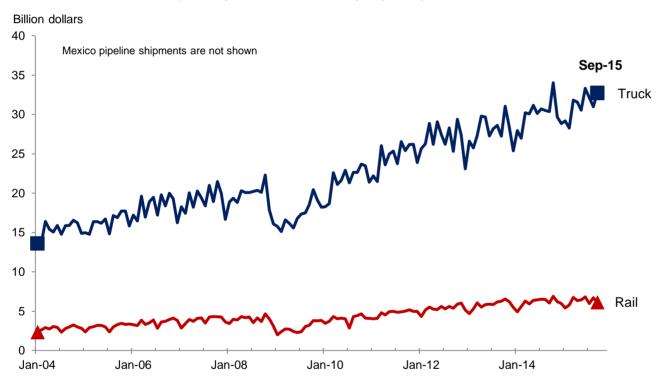
**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Current Employment Statistics*, available at http://www.bls.gov/ as of December 2015.

# U.S. Surface Trade with Canada and Mexico

Value of U.S. - Canada trade (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



Value of U.S. - Mexico trade (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



U.S Canada (billions of dollars)	Sep-14	Sep-15
Truck	30.96	28.55
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 6.0%	- 7.8%
Rail	9.24	7.29
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 3.3%	- 21.1%
Pipeline	7.66	4.43
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 19.2%	- 42.1%

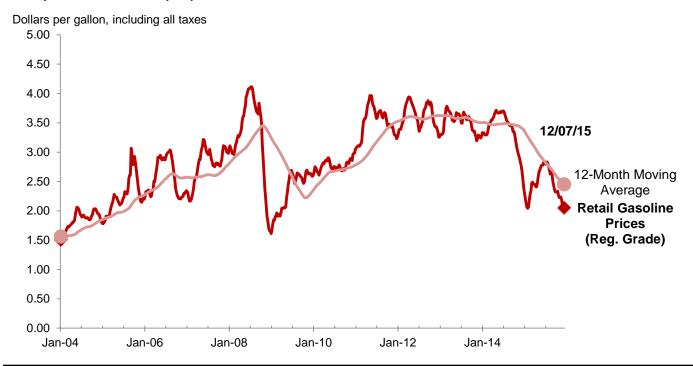
U.S Mexico (billions of dollars)	Sep-14	Sep-15
Truck	30.35	32.74
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 11.5%	+ 7.9%
Rail	6.05	6.13
Percent change from same month previous year	- 3.3%	+ 1.4%
Pipeline	0.47	0.29
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 60.5%	- 37.0%

**NOTE**: The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, *TransBorder Freight Data*, available at http://transborder.bts.gov/programs/international/transborder/ as of December 2015.

# **Motor Fuel Prices: Retail Gasoline Prices**

Weekly data, not seasonally adjusted

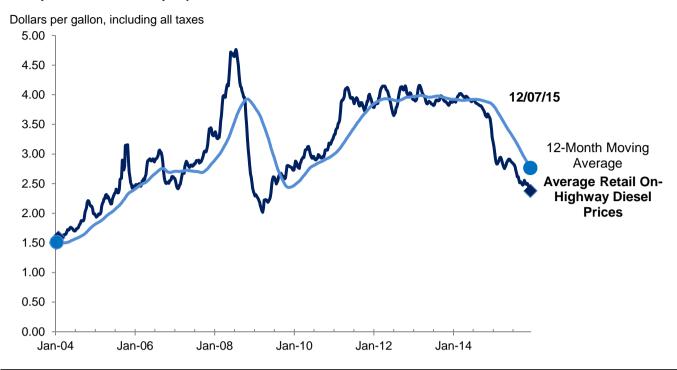


Retail Gasoline Prices (Regular Grade)	11/30/15	12/07/15
Average regular grade, all formulations (Current dollars per gallon, including all taxes)	2.06	2.05
Percent change from previous week	- 1.7%	- 0.3%

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, *Weekly Retail Gasoline Prices*, available at http://eia.doe.gov/ as of December 2015.

# **Motor Fuel Prices: Retail Diesel Prices**

Weekly data, not seasonally adjusted

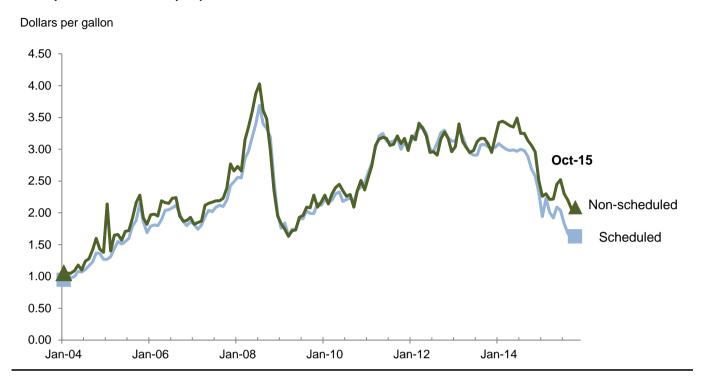


Retail On-Highway Diesel Prices (Average All Types)	11/30/15	12/07/15
Retail on-highway diesel prices (Current dollars per gallon, including all taxes)	2.42	2.38
Percent change from previous week	- 1.0%	- 1.7%

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, *Weekly On-Highway Diesel Prices*, available at http://eia.doe.gov/ as of December 2015.

# **Domestic Airline Jet Fuel Prices**

Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted



Average Jet Fuel Price (Current dollars per gallon)	Oct-14	Oct-15
Domestic Non-scheduled Airline Service	3.06	2.09
Percent change from same month previous year	- 1.0%	- 31.7%
Domestic Scheduled Airline Service	2.69	1.63
Percent change from same month previous year	- 11.5%	- 39.4%

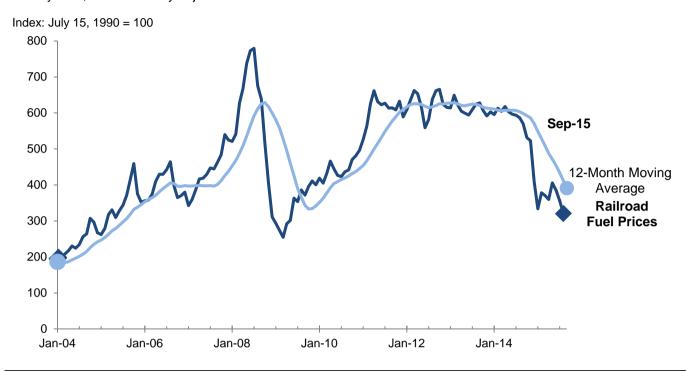
**NOTES**: Average jet fuel prices are for U.S. Carriers only. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

July - October 2015 data are preliminary.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, *Airline Fuel Cost and Consumption*, available at http://www.bts.gov/programs/airline\_information/ as of December 2015.

# **Index of Railroad Fuel Prices**

Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted



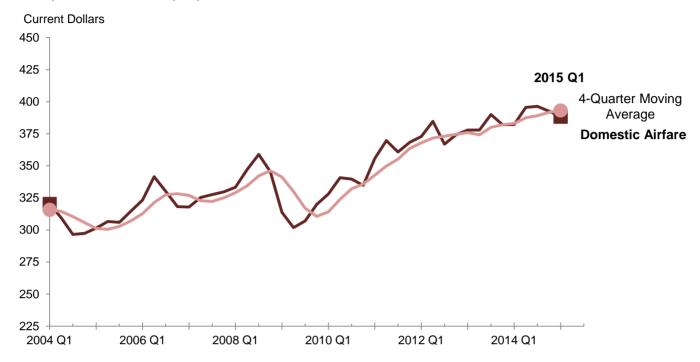
Index of Railroad Fuel Prices	Sep-14	Sep-15
Railroad Fuel Prices (Index: July 15, 1990 = 100)	570.3	318.6
Percent change from same month previous year	- 9.2%	- 44.1%

**NOTE**: The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCE**: Association of American Railroads, *Monthly Railroad Fuel Price Indexes*, available at http://www.aar.org/ as of December 2015.

# **Average Domestic Air Fares**

Quarterly data, not seasonally adjusted



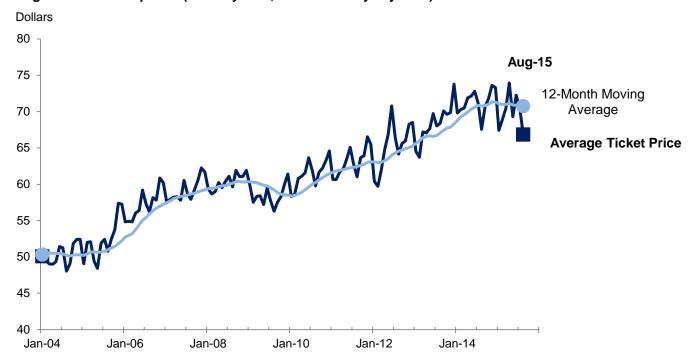
Average Domestic Air Fares	2014 Q1	2015 Q1
Average Fare (dollars)	382.15	388.32
Percent change from same quarter previous year	+ 1.1%	+ 1.6%

**NOTE**: The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

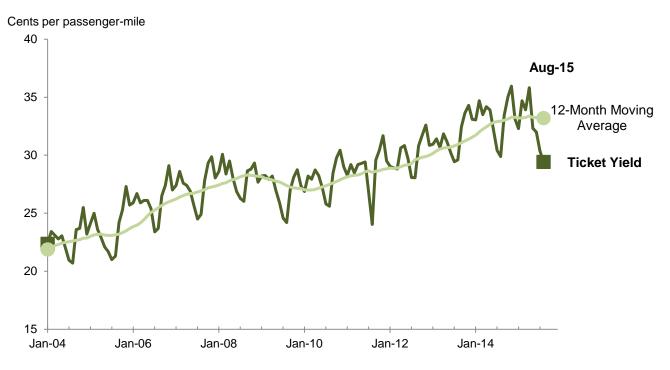
**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, *Air Fares*, available at http://www.bts.gov/ as of December 2015.

### **Amtrak Ticket Prices and Yields**

## Average Amtrak ticket prices (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



## Amtrak ticket yield (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



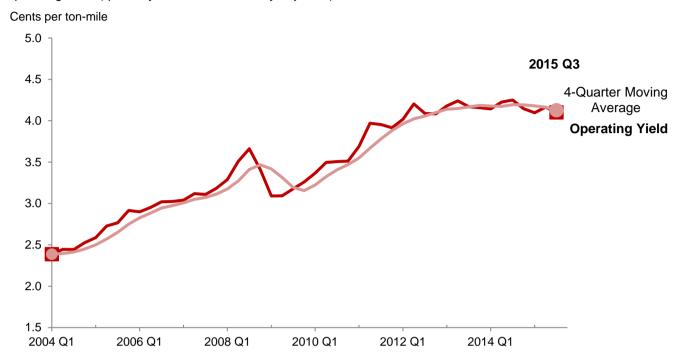
Amtrak Ticket Prices and Yields	Aug-14	Aug-15
Average Amtrak ticket prices (dollars)	67.55	66.85
Percent change from same month previous year	- 1.2%	- 1.0%
Amtrak ticket yield (cents per passenger-mile)	29.9	29.4
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 1.0%	- 1.6%

**NOTE**: Amtrak ticket yield mesures ticket revenue per passenger mile. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCE**: National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak), *Monthly Performance Reports*, available at http://www.amtrak.com/as of December 2015.

## **Freight Rail Yields**

Operating Yield (quarterly data, not seasonally adjusted)



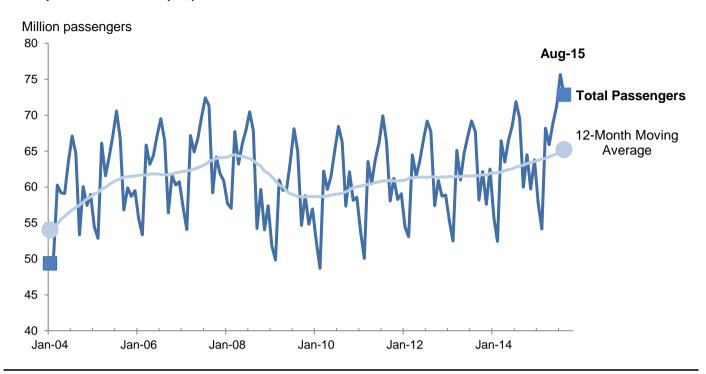
Freight Rail Operating Yields (Class I only)	2014 Q3	2015 Q3
Operating Yield (cents per ton-mile)	4.25	4.10
Percent change from same quarter previous year	+ 2.0%	- 3.5%

**NOTES**: The operating yield measures the revenue from one ton of freight traveling one mile. It is calculated based on operating revenues per revenue ton-mile of freight for Class I railroads only. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, calculations based upon Surface Transportation Board, Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration, *Quarterly Selected Earnings*, available at http://www.stb.dot.gov/ as of December 2015.

# **U.S. Airline Passengers**

Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted



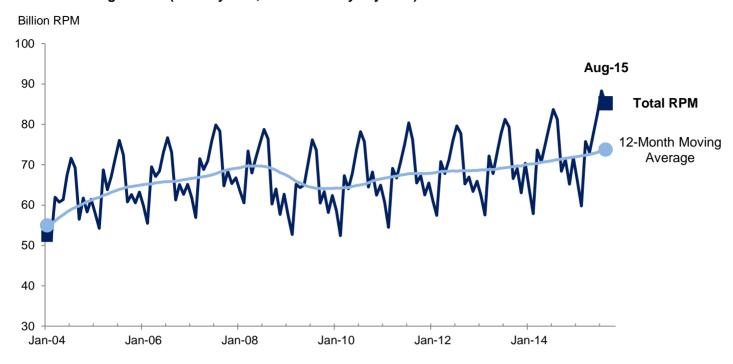
U.S. Airline Passengers	Aug-14	Aug-15
Scheduled System (Domestic and International) U.S. Airlines Total Passengers	69,527,814	72,843,689
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 2.7%	+ 4.8%

**NOTE**: Does not include foreign point-to-point totals. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

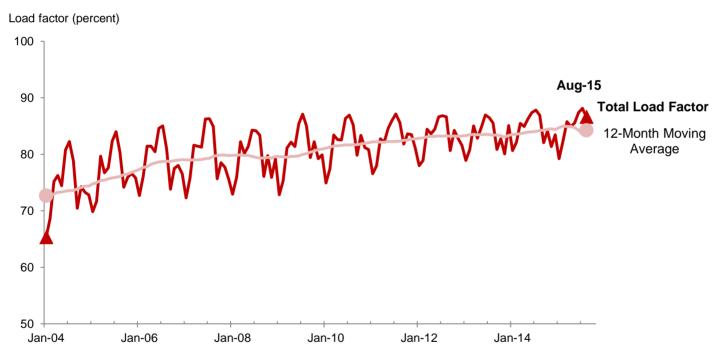
**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, available at http://www.bts.gov/programs/airline\_information/ as of December 2015.

# U.S. Airline Revenue Passenger-Miles and Load Factor

### Revenue Passenger-Miles (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



# Load Factor (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



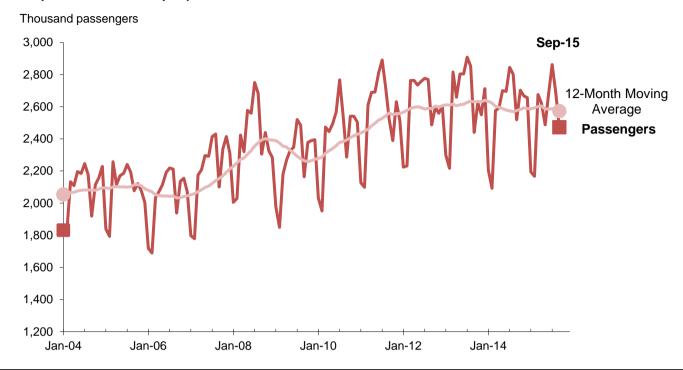
U.S. Airline Revenue Passenger-Miles and Load Factor (Domestic and International)	Aug-14	Aug-15
Scheduled System U.S. Airlines Total RPM (billions)	81.23	85.23
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 2.4%	+ 4.9%
Scheduled System U.S. Airlines Load Factor (percent)	86.91	86.65
Difference from same month previous year	+ 1.4%	- 0.3%

**NOTE**: Revenue passenger miles and load factor are for U.S. Carriers only. Revenue passenger miles includes transporting one revenue passenger one mile in revenue service. Airline load factors measure aircraft capacity and are calculated by dividing total revenue passenger miles by available seat miles. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, available at http://www.bts.gov/programs/airline\_information/ as of December 2015.

## **Amtrak Ridership**

Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted



Amtrak Ridership	Sep-14	Sep-15
Amtrak Ridership	2,519,583	2,472,007
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 3.3%	- 1.9%

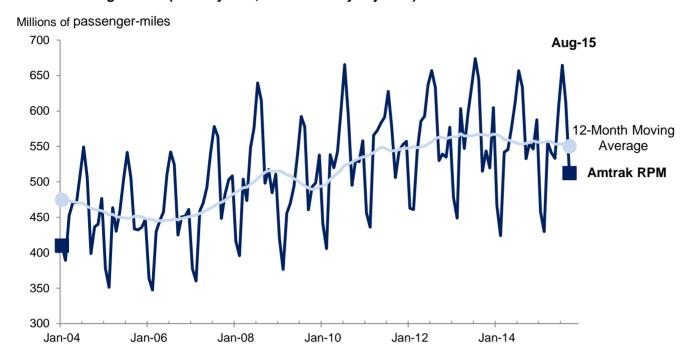
NOTES: The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

Starting with October 2013, Amtrak began counting actual lifted ridership for multi-ride tickets, rather than estimating multi-ride ridership. One result is that adjusted ridership for earlier periods is generally two to three percent lower than under the new standard. More information is available in Amtrak's *Monthly Performance Reports*, available at http://www.amtrak.com.

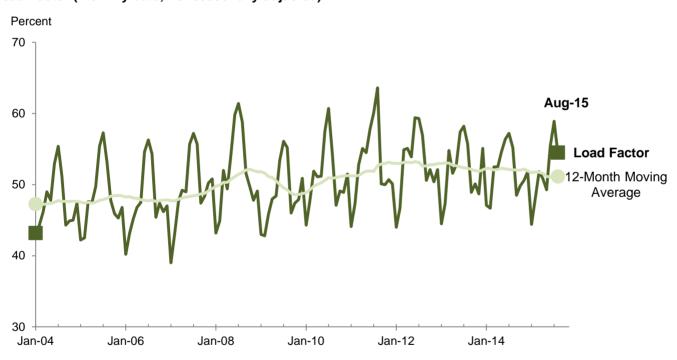
**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety Analysis, *Operational Data Tables*, Table 1.02, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSafety/ as of December 2015.

# **Amtrak Revenue Passenger-Miles and Load Factor**

### Revenue Passenger-Miles (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



## Load Factor (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



Amtrak Revenue Passenger-Miles and Load Factor	Aug-14	Aug-15
Amtrak revenue passenger-miles (millions)	633.5	611.8
Percent change from same month previous year	- 1.8%	- 3.4%
Passenger load factor (percent)	55.2	54.5
Difference from same month previous year	- 0.5%	- 0.7%

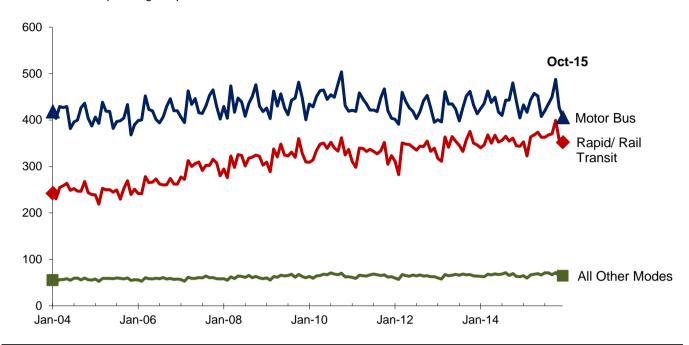
**NOTE**: Amtrak revenue passenger-miles measure the movement of a passenger for a distance of one mile. Amtrak load factors measure Amtrak passenger capacity and are calculated by dividing total passenger miles by seat miles. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCES**: Revenue Passenger-Miles — U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety Analysis, *Operational Data Tables*, Table 1.02, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSafety/ as of December 2015. **Load Factor** — National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak), *Monthly Performance Reports*, available at http://www.amtrak.com/ as of December 2015.

## **Transit Ridership**

Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted

Million unlinked passenger trips



Transit Ridership (million unlinked passenger trips)	Oct-14	Oct-15
Motor Bus	485.8	406.3
Percent change from same month previous year	- 0.4%	- 16.4%
Rapid/Rail Transit	411.5	387.6
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 3.1%	- 5.8%
All Other Modes	73.7	64.8
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 2.8%	- 12.2%

**NOTES:** Motor Bus includes local motor bus, commuter bus, and bus rapid transit. Rapid Transit includes heavy rail, light rail, and streetcar rail. All Other Modes includes commuter rail, demand response and demand response taxi, trolley bus, van pool, ferry boat, monorail and automated guideway, cable car, and inclined plane.

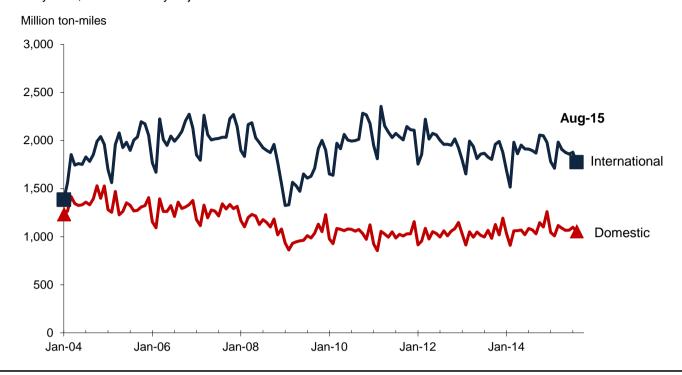
Starting in January 2012, data for Small System Waiver agencies that do not have a mode are reported under Motor Bus. Data reported under the hybrid rail mode are reported under their classifications prior to January 2012.

Data for the most recent two months are estimated for agencies that have yet to report.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, *National Transit Database*, available at http://www.ntdprogram.gov/ as of December 2015.

## **U.S. Air Carrier Cargo Revenue Ton-Miles**

Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted



U.S. Air Carrier Cargo Revenue Ton-Miles (millions)	Aug-14	Aug-15
International Cargo Revenue Ton-Miles	1,896	1,775
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 3.8%	- 6.4%
Domestic Cargo Revenue Ton-Miles	1,070	1,057
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 0.4%	- 1.3%

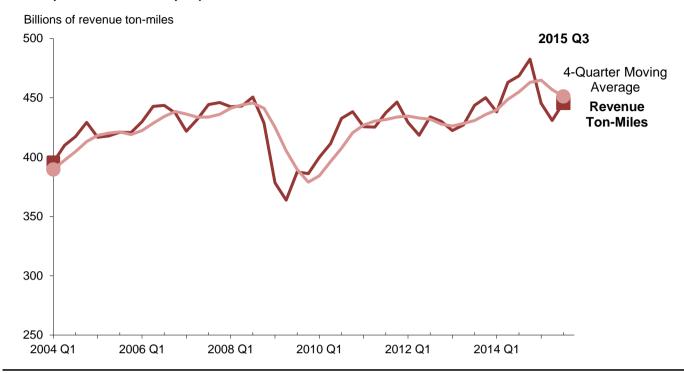
**NOTES:** A Cargo Revenue Ton-Mile is one ton of revenue cargo (freight or mail) carried for one mile. International data in this file cover all non-domestic operating entities of U.S. air carriers. The non-domestic operating entity categories include "Atlantic," "Latin America," "Pacific," and "International." The "International" classification covers operations for carriers that do not classify certain operations as being conducted by the other three operating entities.

Data for September 2002 and earlier are not strictly comparable to more recent data due to a change in reporting requirements. More carriers became required to report starting October 2002. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, available at http://www.transtats.bts.gov/ as of December 2015.

# **Rail Freight Revenue Ton-Miles**

Quarterly data, not seasonally adjusted



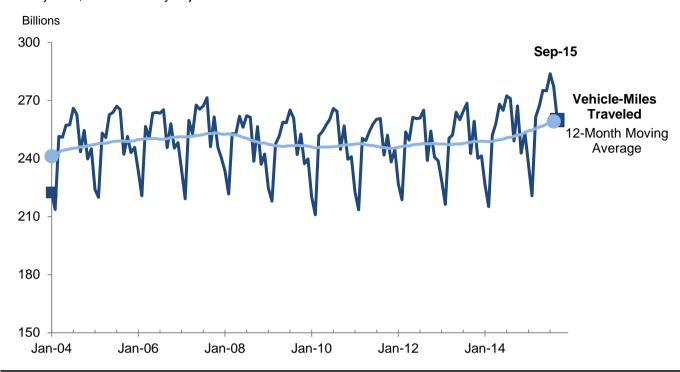
Rail Freight Revenue Ton-Miles (Class I only)	2014 Q3	2015 Q3
Rail Freight Revenue Ton-Miles (billions)	468.5	445.8
Percent change from same quarter previous year	+ 5.6%	- 4.8%

**NOTES**: Rail Freight Revenue Ton-Miles is the number of rail revenue tons of freight carried one mile. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCE**: Surface Transportation Board; Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration; *Quarterly Earnings Reports*; available at http://www.stb.dot.gov/ as of December 2015.

# **U.S. Highway Vehicle-Miles Traveled**

Monthly data, not seasonally adjusted



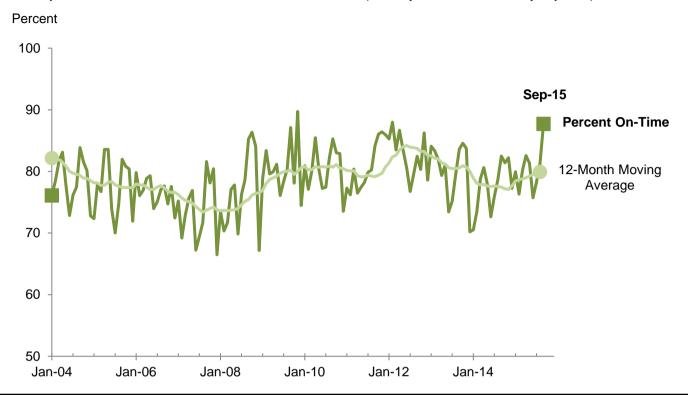
Vehicle-Miles Traveled	Sep-14	Sep-15
Highway vehicle-miles (millions)	249,125	259,892
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 2.7%	+ 4.3%

**NOTE:** Vehicle-miles traveled measures the number of miles traveled nationally by vehicles for a certain period of time. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Highway Policy Information, *Traffic Volume Trends*, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ as of December 2015.

## **U.S. Major Air Carriers On-time Performance**

U.S. Major Air Carrier Domestic On-time Arrival Performance (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



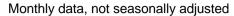
Flight On-Time Performance	Sep-14	Sep-15
Number of scheduled flights	291,589	302,136
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 3.7%	+ 3.6%
Percentage of flights arriving on-time	82.49	87.73
Difference from same month previous year	- 1.1%	+ 5.2%

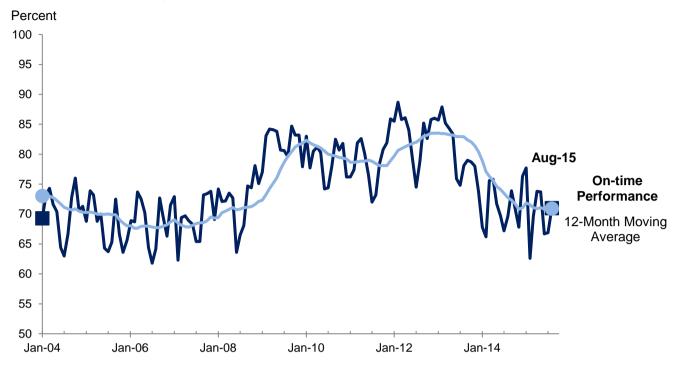
**NOTES**: The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality. Data are available for those carriers that had at least 1% of domestic enplanements in the previous year. The last 25 months of data include only carriers that reported in each of the last 25 months to retain comparability. Earlier data includes all reporting carriers.

A scheduled operation consists of any nonstop segment of a flight. The term "late" is defined as 15 minutes after the scheduled departure or arrival time. A "cancelled" flight is a flight that was not operated but was in the carrier's computer reservation system within 7 days of the scheduled departure. A "diverted" flight is a flight which is operated from the scheduled origin point to a point other than the scheduled destination point in the carrier's published schedule.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, *Flight Delays at-a-Glance*, available at http://www.bts.gov/programs/airline\_information/ as of December 2015.

## **Amtrak On-Time Performance**



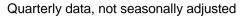


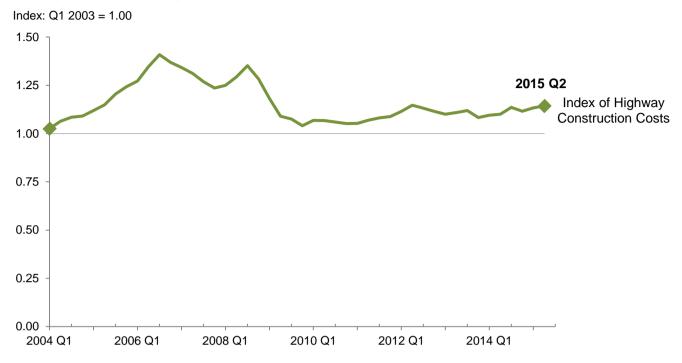
Amtrak On-Time Performance	Aug-14	Aug-15
On-time performance (percent on-time)	69.6	71.0
Difference from same month previous year	- 8.5%	+ 1.4%

**NOTES**: On-time performance is measured by taking the total number of trains arriving "on-time" at the endpoint divided by the total number of trains operated on the run. A train is considered "on-time" if it arrives at the final destination, or end-point, within an allowed number of minutes, or tolerance, of its scheduled arrival time. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCE**: National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak), *Monthly Performance Reports*, available at http://www.amtrak.com/ as of December 2015.

# **National Highway Construction Cost Index**





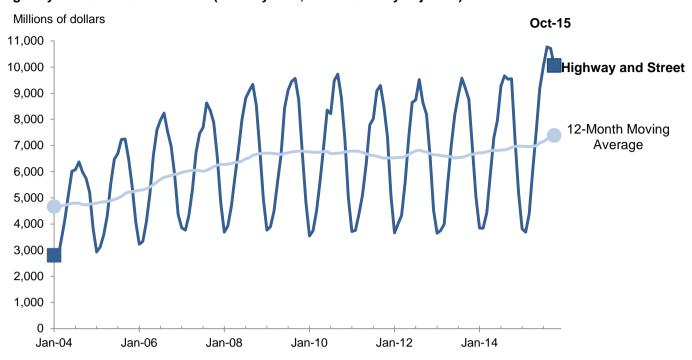
National Highway Construction Cost Index	2014 Q2	2015 Q2
National Highway Construction Cost Index (Index: Q1 2003 = 1.00)	1.10	1.14
Percent change from same quarter previous year	- 0.8%	+ 3.9%

**NOTES**: The National Highway Construction Cost Index (NHCCI) is a price index that tracks price changes associated with highway construction costs. The data series began with 45 states in 2003 and currently includes 48 states; Alaska and Hawaii are excluded due to unique cost issues. The C30 data (Value of Construction Put in Place) only covers the value of new construction, and the NHCCI tracks materials and services purchased by states. The NHCCI does not have the exact same coverage as the C30 (Value of Construction Put in Place) dataset from the Census Bureau. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

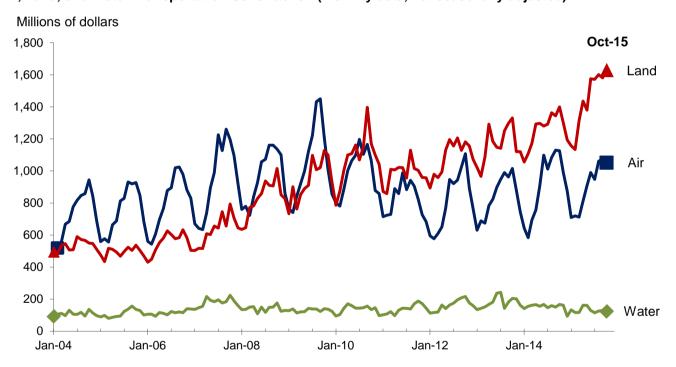
**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Highway Policy Information, National Highway Construction Cost Index, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policyinformation/nhcci/pt1.cfm as of December 2015.

# State and Local Government Transportation Construction Spending

# Highway and Street Construction (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



# Air, Land, and Water Transportation Construction (monthly data, not seasonally adjusted)



State and Local Transportation Construction Value (millions of dollars)	Oct-14	Oct-15
Highway and Street Construction Value	9,553	10,061
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 9.2%	+ 5.3%
Land Transportation Construction Value	1,399	1,629
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 5.1%	+ 16.4%
Air Transportation Construction Value	1,125	1,052
Percent change from same month previous year	+ 10.7%	- 6.5%
Water Transportation Construction Value	168	125
Percent change from same month previous year	- 18.0%	- 25.6%

**NOTES**: The value of transportation construction shows the investment in new and rebuilt transportation infrastructure including new infrastructure put in place, as well as conversions, expansions, reconstructions, and rehabilitations of existing transportation infrastructure. Air transportation includes terminals, runways, towers, and other facilities. Land transportation includes terminals, transit facilities, railroad track and bridges, and other facilities. Water transportation includes docks, wharves, marinas, and other terminals, but does not include levees, locks, jetties, or sea walls. The current value is compared to the value from the same period in the previous year to account for seasonality.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau, *Construction Spending*, available at http://www.census.gov/construction/c30/c30index.html as of December 2015.