

Bureau of Transportation Statistics



Freight Transportation in Louisiana

Selected Data from Federal Sources

October 1996

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Bureau of Transportation Statistics

T. R. Lakshmanan, Director

The Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS), established by the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991, is an operating administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT). The Bureau is responsible for compiling, analyzing, and disseminating information on the nation's transportation systems. The Bureau collects information on intermodal transportation and other topics as needed. BTS is also responsible for enhancing the quality and effectiveness of DOT's statistical programs through research and improvements in data acquisition and use.

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Preface

Welcome to the State Freight Transportation Profile. This report presents information on freight transportation in Louisiana and is part of a series of reports covering all 50 States. The purpose of the report is to present the major Federal databases related to State freight movements. Along with tables generated for each State, this report gives descriptions of the databases, information on access and formats, and contact points.

The database descriptions are based on entries in the Bureau of Transportation Statistics' (BTS) Directory of Transportation Data Sources. This publication provides users with a comprehensive inventory of transportation data sources within the Department of Transportation, other Federal government agencies, U.S. private transportation organizations, and Canadian and Mexican government agencies.

This report was prepared by Felix Ammah-Tagoe and David Mednick under the direction of Rolf R. Schmitt, Associate Director for Transportation Studies. Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) prepared many of the tables and provided valuable assistance in compiling this report. Additional copies of this report may be obtained by contacting the Bureau of Transportation Statistics at (202) 366-3282, by faxing (202) 366-3640, or by e-mailing orders@bts.gov.

BTS plans to publish State profiles on other transportation topics as well. Because this is a new product, reader and user feedback is particularly essential to continued improvement. Please use the comment form enclosed or send comments to info@bts.gov.

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Transportation Facilities

National Transportation Atlas Databases-1996

Abstract

The National Transportation Atlas Databases—1996 (NTAD96) is a set of national geographic databases of transportation facilities. These databases include geospatial information for transportation modal networks and intermodal terminals, and related attribute information. Included are descriptions of the file formats and database metadata as prescribed by the Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC). The data support research, analysis, and decision making across all modes of transportation. The databases are most useful at the national level, but have major applications at regional, state, and local scale throughout the transportation community.

Source of Data

The databases were compiled from many parts of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and the National Park Service.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: United States

First Developed: 1995 Update Frequency: Annual File Format: ASCII, dBase Media: CD-ROM, Internet

Significant Features/Limitations

The NTAD96 is available in both MS-DOS and UNIX compatible CD-ROM format. The files are also available on the Internet. The databases are designed for use within a geographic information system (GIS). Users should check the BTS world wide web site (www.bts.gov) for corrections and addenda.

Sponsoring Organization

Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Performing Organization

Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Vanderbilt University, and University of Tennessee Transportation Center

Availability

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Internet: www.bts.gov.

Contact for Additional Information

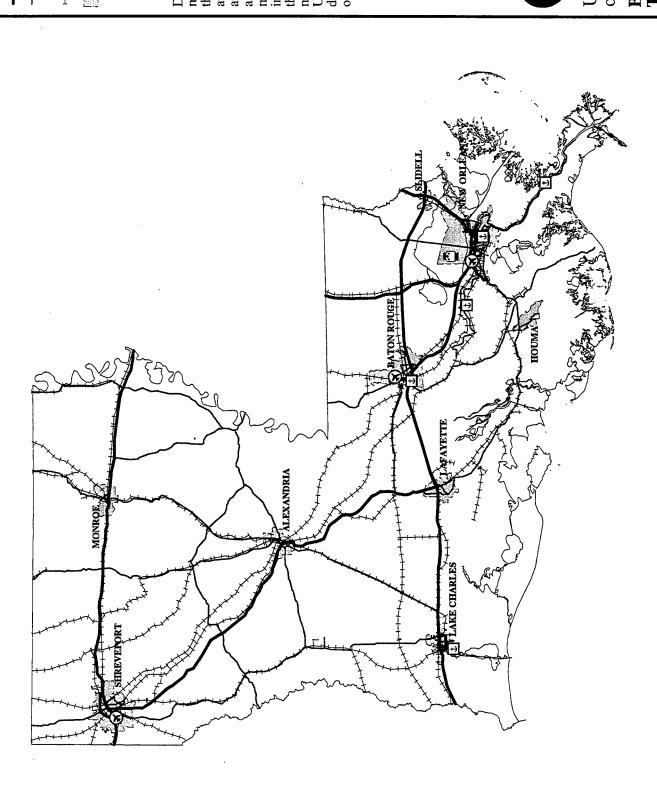
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MAJOR TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES



Interstate Highway

— Other NationalHighway System→ Rail Line

Urbanized Area

Major Airport

🗗 Major Port

Urban Area with Rail Transit

Data provided by the U.S. Department of Transportation agencies, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and the National Park Service, and are current as of 1995. Major airports are those that reported more than 250,000 enplanements in 1994. Major ports are those that handled more than one million tons of freight in 1994. Urban area with rail transit denotes urban areas with heavyor light-rail transit.



U.S. Department of Transportation

Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Commodity Movements

Commodity Flow Survey

Abstract

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) provides data on the movement of freight by type of commodity shipped and by mode of transport. The CFS is a continuation of statistics collected in the Commodity Transportation Survey from 1963 through 1977, and includes major improvements in methodology, sample size and scope. The Bureau of the Census used a sample of 200,000 domestic establishments randomly selected from a universe of about 800,000 in manufacturing, mining, wholesale, and some selected activities in retail and service. Each selected establishment reported a sample of shipments for a two-week period in each of the four calendar quarters of 1993. This produced a total sample of about 12 million shipments. For each sampled shipment, respondents reported domestic origin and destination, Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC) code, weight, value, and modes of transport. Respondents also provided information on whether the commodity was shipped in a container, a hazardous material, or an export.

Source of Data

A sample of manufacturing, mining, wholesale, auxiliary warehouses, and selected retail and service establishments completed a questionnaire.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, state, 89 National Transportation Analysis Regions (combination of Bureau of Economic Analysis Economic Areas)

First Developed: 1993

Update Frequency: Quinquennial (next planned

survey year is 1997)

File Format: Aggregate data only will be

released

Media: CD-ROM, Printed source, Internet

Significant Features/Limitations

The 1993 CFS differs from previous surveys in expanded coverage of intermodal transportation, additional industry coverage, and more detailed geographic levels. Earlier surveys reported only the principal mode. The 1993 survey asked for all modes used for the shipment (for-hire truck, private truck, rail, water, pipeline, air, parcel delivery or U.S. Postal Service, other mode, unknown). The 1993 CFS produces data at the U.S., state, and National Transportation Analysis Region (NTAR) levels. There are 89 NTARs, comprised of BEA Economic Areas covering the United States.

The 1993 CFS does not cover shipments of crude petroleum and imports, which primarily affect water transportation and pipelines. Oak Ridge National Laboratory has estimated commodity flows for these two categories. Also, the Survey does not cover establishments classified in the Standard Industrial Classification as farms, forestry, fisheries, oil and gas extraction, governments, construction, transportation, households, foreign establishments, and most retail and service businesses. Furthermore, the CFS does not cover data on shipments originating in Puerto Rico and other U.S. territories and possessions. Commodities that are shipped from a foreign location to another foreign destination, through the United States (e.g., from Canada to Mexico) are also excluded from the Survey.

Corresponding Print Source

1993 Commodity Flow Survey: U. S. Preliminary Report (by Census Bureau)

1993 Commodity Flow Survey: Area Reports for 50 States (by Census Bureau)

1993 Commodity Flow Survey: Preliminary Observations (by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics)

1993 Commodity Flow Survey: State Summaries (by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics)

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics; and the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

Performing Organization

Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; and Oak Ridge National Laboratory

Availability

CD-ROM and Printed Sources: Bureau of the Census, Commodity Flow Survey Branch, Services Division, Washington, DC 20233; (301) 457-2805.

CD-ROM and Printed Sources: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Internet: www.bts.gov.

Contact for Additional Information

John Fowler Chief, Commodity Flow Survey Branch DOC/Bureau of the Census, Services Division (301) 457-2108, Fax: (301) 457-4491

Commodity Movements Originating in Louisiana Summary of 1993 CFS

In Louisiana, the CFS measured \$96 billion of goods weighing 360 million tons. Louisiana accounted for approximately 2 percent of the value and 4 percent of the weight of total U.S. shipments. The CFS data cover shipments by establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale, and selected retail and service industries. The data exclude most shipments of crude oil; therefore, the totals and percentages do not fully reflect the contribution of pipeline shipments.

The major commodities shipped by establishments vary when measured by value and by weight. The top two commodities by value and weight originating in Louisiana were: petroleum or coal products and chemicals or allied products. Other important commodities by value were: food or kindred products; farm products; and pulp, paper, or allied products. Other important commodities by weight were: farm products; lumber or wood products, excluding furniture; and nonmetallic minerals.

Local transportation of freight is important to Louisiana's commerce. The CFS shows that in 1993, about 49 percent of the value and 66 percent of the weight of total shipments from Louisiana were shipped to destinations within the state. About 38 percent of the value and about 54 percent of the weight of all shipments were between places less than 50 miles apart. In comparison, about 30 percent of the value

and 56 percent of the weight of total U.S. shipments were between places less than 50 miles apart. In Louisiana, about 47 percent of the value of shipments and 65 percent of the weight of shipments were between places less than 100 miles apart.

About 51 percent of the value and 34 percent of the weight of all shipments from Louisiana went to other states. Some of the most important destination states by value were: Texas, Mississippi, Illinois, Florida, and California. Important destination states by weight were: Texas, Mississippi, Illinois, California, and Alabama.

A large proportion of commodities were moved by truck, about 49 percent of the value and about 35 percent of the weight. Rail was used to move about 14 percent of the value and 8 percent of the weight of shipments. Pipelines transported 14 percent of the value and 20 percent of the weight of shipments. Water transportation accounted for 11 percent of the value and 19 percent of the weight. Parcel, U.S. postal, and courier services was used to ship 93,000 tons of goods worth about \$3 billion or 3 percent of the value of all shipments in Louisiana. In comparison, about 9 percent of the value of total U.S. shipments were moved by this mode.

1993 Commodity Flow Survey State Summary: Louisiana

Tabulation by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation

Summary	Value	Weight
Total shipments originating in Louisiana	\$96.2 billion	359.9 million tons
Percent of total U.S. shipments (preliminary U.S. estimate)	1.6	3.7

Commodity Shipments Originating in Louisiana Ranked by Value		Commodity Shipments Originating in Louisiana Ranked by Weight		
Commodity	Percent of value	Commodity	Percent of weight	
Petroleum or coal products	27.2	Petroleum or coal products	37.6	
Chemicals or allied products	23.7	Chemicals or allied products	17.4	
Food or kindred products	11.9	Farm products	10.4	
Farm products	6.8	Lumber or wood products, excluding furniture	8.6	
Pulp, paper, or allied products	4.5	Nonmetallic minerals	8.1	
Other commodities		Other commodities	18.0	
Total	100.0	Total	100.0	

Domestic Destinations of Shipments Originating in Louisiana Ranked by Value		Domestic Destinations of Shipments Originating in Louisiana Ranked by Weight		
State	Percent of value	State	Percent of weight	
Louisiana	49.3	Louisiana	66.4	
Texas	10.3	Texas	7.1	
Mississippi	4.8	Mississippi	4.3	
Illinois	3.3	Illinois	1.9	
Florida	2.8	California	1.8	
California	2.8	Alabama	1.5	
Other States	26.7	Other States	17.0	
Total	100.0	Total	100.0	

Modes of Transportation for Shipments Originating in Louisiana					
Modes	Percent of value	Percent of weight			
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier service	2.9	-			
Truck (for-hire, private, and both private truck and for-hire truck)	48.5	35.4			
Air (including truck and air)	0.3	-			
Rail	14.2	8.3			
Nater (inland water, Great Lakes, deep sea, truck and water, and rail and water)	11.1	19.2			
Pipeline*	13.5	19.5			
Fruck and rail intermodal combination	0.3	0.1			
Other intermodal (truck and pipeline, inland and Gt. Lakes, inland and deep sea)	2.1	3.4			
Other, unknown, and withheld for sampling and disclosure reasons	7.1	14.1			
Fotal	100.0	100.0			

Domestic Distance Shipped for Commodities Originating in Louisiana					
Distance	Percent of value	Percent of weight			
Less than 50 miles	37.6	53.6			
50 to 99 miles	9.6	11.4			
100 to 249 miles	13.1	11.0			
250 to 499 miles	12.4	7.8			
500 to 749 miles	9.4	6.2			
750 to 999 miles	8.1	3.6			
1,000 to 1,499 miles	6.6	4.0			
1,500 to 1,999 miles	2.7	1.8			
2,000 miles or more	0.5	**			
Total	100.0	100.0			

- CFS data for pipelines exclude most shipments of crude oil.
- ** Some or all data suppressed to avoid disclosure or because data are statistically unreliable.
- Represents zero or less than 1 unit of measurement.

NOTE: Data are estimates based on a sample and subject to error. See Appendix B, "Reliability of the Data," in source document.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, 1993 Commodity Flow Survey, TC92-CF (Washington, DC: 1996).

90-Percent Confidence Intervals for 1993 Commodity Flow Survey State Summary: Louisiana

Tabulation by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation

Summary	Value	Weight
Total shipments originating in Louisiana (in billion \$ and million tons)	88.92 - 103.48	330.89 - 388.91
Percent of total U.S. shipments (preliminary U.S. estimate)	1.46 - 1.72	3.34 - 3.96

Commodity Shipments Originating in Louisiana Ranked by Value		Commodity Shipments Originating in Louisiana Ranked by Weight		
Commodity	Percent of value	Commodity	Percent of weight	
Petroleum or coal products	21.0 - 33.4	Petroleum or coal products	29.4 - 45.7	
Chemicals or allied products	21.3 - 26.0	Chemicals or allied products	13.5 - 21.4	
Food or kindred products	9.6 - 14.1	Farm products	7.9 - 12.9	
Farm products	5.5 - 8.0	Lumber or wood products, excluding furniture	4.9 - 12.3	
Pulp, paper, or allied products	4.1 - 4.9	Nonmetallic minerals	5.6 - 10.5	
Other commodities	(NA)	Other commodities	(NA)	
Total	(X)	Total	(X)	

Domestic Destinations of Shipments Originating in Louisiana Ranked by Value		Domestic Destinations of Shipments Originating in Louisiana Ranked by Weight	
State	Percent of value	State	Percent of weight
Louisiana	45.9 - 52.8	Louisiana	62.3 - 70.5
Texas	8.3 - 12.3	Texas	5.3 - 8.9
Mississippi	3.5 - 6.1	Mississippi	3.0 - 5.6
Illinois	2.5 - 4.1	Illinois	1.4 - 2.4
Florida	1.7 - 4.0	California	0.3 - 3.3
California	1.8 - 3.8	Alabama	1.0 - 2.0
Other States	(NA)	Other States	(NA)
Total	(X)	Total	(X)

Modes of Transportation for Shipments Originating in Louisiana				
Modes	Percent of value	Percent of weight		
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier service	2.4 - 3.4	(X)		
Truck (for-hire, private, and both private truck and for-hire truck)	45.5 - 51.5	32.2 - 38.6		
Air (including truck and air)	0.1 - 0.5	(X)		
Rail	12.2 - 16.2	7.5 - 9.1		
Water (inland water, Great Lakes, deep sea, truck and water, and rail and water)	9.4 - 12.8	15.1 - 23.3		
Pipeline*	10.9 - 16.1	14.7 - 24.3		
Truck and rail intermodal combination	0.1 - 0.5	(X)		
Other intermodal (truck and pipeline, inland and Gt. Lakes, inland and deep sea)	1.0 - 3.2	1.6 - 5.2		
Other, unknown, and withheld for sampling and disclosure reasons	5.5 - 8.8	9.8 - 18.4		
Total	(X)	(X)		

Domestic Distance Shipped for Commodities Originating in Louisiana				
Distance	Percent of value	Percent of weight		
Less than 50 miles	34.5 - 40.7	50.5 - 56.7		
50 to 99 miles	8.3 - 10.9	9.1 - 13.7		
100 to 249 miles	10.8 - 15.4	8.5 - 13.5		
250 to 499 miles	9.9 - 14.9	5.5 - 10.1		
500 to 749 miles	8.6 - 10.2	5.2 - 7.2		
750 to 999 miles	7.0 - 9.3	3.1 - 4.1		
1,000 to 1,499 miles	4.8 - 8.4	1.5 - 6.5		
1,500 to 1,999 miles	1.7 - 3.7	0.3 - 3.3		
2,000 miles or more	0.2 - 0.8	(X)		
Total	(X)	(X)		

CFS data for pipelines exclude most shipments of crude oil.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, 1993 Commodity Flow Survey, TC92-CF (Washington, DC: 1996).

NA Not available.

X Not applicable.

NOTE: For explanation of 90-percent confidence intervals see Appendix B, "Reliability of the Data," in source document.

1993 Commodity Flow Survey Out-of-State Shipments as Percent of State's Total Shipments

	Percent of	
State	value	Percent of weight
Alabama	66.2	28.8
Alaska	19.2	17.4
Arizona	57.3	23.0
Arkansas	73.7	41.0
California	38.8	8.8
Colorado	57.6	23.8
Connecticut	79.2	23.0
Delaware	85.2	72.2
Florida	36.8	18.2
Georgia	66.8	28.3
Hawaii	7.4	20.3 10.8
Idaho	68.2	35.5
Illinois	66.0	35.5 42.6
Indiana	71.6	
lowa	64.9	43.9
Kansas		39.6
	74.7	46.2
Kentucky	75.6	51.0
Louisiana	50.7	33.6
	65.5	27.2
Maryland	69.0	43.4
Massachusetts	66.5	28.3
Michigan	52.1	26.1
Minnesota	60.0	41.3
Mississippi	71.3	43.9
Missouri	73.5	36.6
Montana	47.0	57.8
Nebraska	70.9	51.0
Nevada	74.1	19.0
New Hampshire	77.8	**
New Jersey	68.7	40.6
New Mexico	51.7	40.3
New York	58.8	23.8
North Carolina	61.9	30.4
North Dakota	62.5	43.9
Ohio	62.5	30.0
Oklahoma	65.5	45.1
Oregon	58.5	19.8
Pennsylvania	64.7	38.1
Rhode Island	79.1	45.8
South Carolina	69.5	36.5
South Dakota	60.0	44.9
Tennessee	74.4	39.2
Texas	40.0	16.3
Utah	63.8	19.2
Vermont	65.8	31.9
Virginia	63.5	28.4
Washington	44.2	16.2
West Virginia	74.6	63.7
Wisconsin	64.9	30.5
Wyoming	70.8	84.3

^{**} Some or all data suppressed to avoid disclosure or because data are statistically unreliable.

SOURCE: U.S. Deaprtment of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, 1993 Commodity Flow Survey, TC92-CF (Washington, DC: 1996).

1993 Commodity Flow Survey Shipments to Louisiana from Neighboring States

State of	Value	Weight	Percent value of	Percent weight of
origin	(million dollars)	(thousand tons)	state's shipments*	state's shipments*
Arkansas	2,439	4,824	3.6	4.8
Mississippi	3,608	15,101	6.4	12.8
Oklahoma	671	1,272	1.4	1.1
Texas	11,889	18,737	2.6	2.1

^{*} Percentages are based on total shipments originating in neighboring states.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, 1993 Commodity Flow Survey, TC92-CF, 1996 (Washington, DC: 1996).

⁻ Data do not meet publication standards.

Exports To and Imports From Canada and Mexico

Surface Transborder Commodity Data

Abstract

The Bureau of Census provides the Bureau of Transportation Statistics with unpublished freight flow data by commodity type by mode of transportation (rail, truck or pipeline) for U.S. exports and imports to and from Canada and Mexico. The purpose of this program is to provide information needed to monitor increased traffic associated with the North American Free Trade Agreement and provide border communities better data to plan transportation improvements.

Source of Data

U.S. Department of Commerce/Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S., Canadian,

Mexican totals

Time Span of Data Source: 04/93-03/95

First Developed: 1993 Update Frequency: Annual

File Format: dBase Media: CD-ROM

Significant Features/Limitations

Files are organized by commodity detail or by geographic detail to satisfy Census confidentiality regulations.

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Availability

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Internet: www.bts.gov (monthly data after 3/95)

Contact for Additional Information

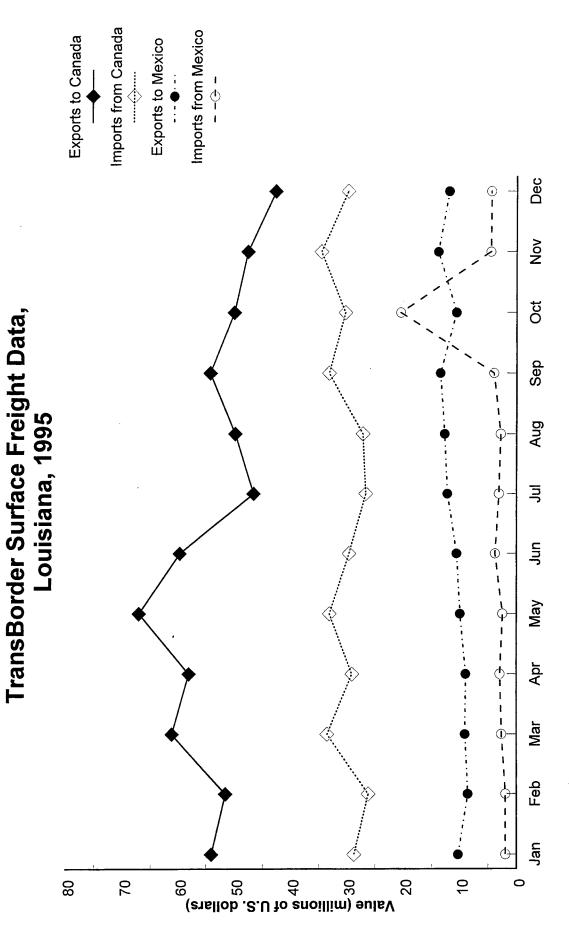
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Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, TransBorder Surface Trade Flow Data (Washington, DC: 1996).

TransBorder Surface Freight Data, 1995

(million dollars)

	Expo	rt to	Impor	t from	
State	Canada	Mexico	Canada	Mexico	
Alabama	1,043	176	781	434	
Alaska	71	2	110	4	
Arizona	561	2,076	444	3,123	
Arkansas	605	96	666	94	
California	5,648	6,287	5,198	9,052	
Colorado	646	106	785	94	
Connecticut	1,428	300	1,341	309	
Delaware	663	145	437	64	
District of Columbia	32	7	111	0	
Florida	1,259	277	1,361	414	
Georgia	1,672	392	1,800	519	
Hawaii	7	1	142	3	
Idaho	241	40	340	21	
Illinois	7,776	876	8,299	1,382	
Indiana	5,262	232	2,521	2,382	
lowa	1,539	191	897	57	
Kansas	1,054	324	599	52	
Kentucky	2,195	141	2,346	580	
Louisiana	642	132	362	55	
Maine	562	11	1,337	30	
Maryland	1,094	46	917	53	
Massachusetts	3,155	172	4,072	249	
Michigan	16,723	2,980	42,214	9,677	
Minnesota	2,527	143	4,686	177	
Mississippi	406	171	314	231	
Missouri	1,647	379	1,537	490	
Montana	157	19	693	6	
Nebraska	463	109	374	45	
Nevada	159	11	254	28	
New Hampshire	386	44	558	36	
New Jersey	2,870	371	3,104	741	
New Mexico	2,070	50	70	103	
New York	9,406	637	12,454	1,344	
North Carolina	3,275	759	2,362	1,237	
North Dakota	373	37	1,068	1,237	
Ohio	10,386	596	7,238	1,992	
Oklahoma	560	131	319	120	
Oregon	1,468	74	1,581	39	
Pennsylvania	4,673	594	5,028	505	
Rhode Island	302	25	607	32	
South Carolina	1,494	183	937	742	
South Dakota	1,494	6	937 198	10	
_	2,609	467	2,303	2,153	
Tennessee Texas	5,485	18,745	4,113	14,237	
Utah	332	16,745 66	611	21	
		9		7	
Vermont	2,460		3,682	=	
Virginia	1,408	162 130	1,615	233	
Washington	9,582	139	4,388	113	
West Virginia	356 3.740	22	464 2.065	46	
Wisconsin	3,749	279	3,965	196	
Wyoming	52	7	72	500	
Unidentified states	9,271	3,416	1,992	598	
U.S. Total	129,884	42,661	143,669	54,146	

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, *TransBorder Surface Trade Flow Data* (Washington, DC: 1996).

Rail Shipments

Rail Waybill Data, 1988-1992

Abstract

This database contains public-use, aggregate, non-confidential rail shipment data such as origin and destination points, type of commodity, number of cars, tons, revenue, length of haul, participating railroads, and interchange locations. The data are based on the Carload Waybill Sample, which is a proprietary sample of freight waybills that were submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission (now the Surface Transportation Board) by Class I Railroads.

Source of Data

Class I Railroads.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. Class I

Railroads

Time Span of Data Source: 1988-1992

First Developed: 1994 Media: CD-ROM

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Availability

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Internet: www.bts.gov

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E-mail: info@bts.gov

Rail Shipments From and To Louisiana, 1994*

Originated within Louisiana: major commodities shipped by rail, ranked by weight				
Commodity	Tonnage	Percent of state total		
Chemicals	19,173,732	49		
Pulp and paper	4,094,692	11		
Mixed freight	3,379,200	9		
Petroleum or coal products	2,733,276	7		
Lumber or wood products	2,726,572	7		

Terminated within Louisiana: major commodities shipped by rail, ranked by weight				
Commodity	Tonnage	Percent of state total		
Chemicals	5,880,764	18		
Coal	4,777,146	15		
Farm products	4,772,316	14		
Food products	3,243,068	10		
Mixed freight	3,221,924	10		

^{*}The five largest (by tonnage terminated and originated) of the 36 two-digit Standard Transportation Commodity Code groupings, and the percentage that commodity represents of all tonnage handled within the state.

SOURCE: Rail Waybill Data, compiled by the DOT Surface Transportation Board (formerly part of the Interstate Commerce Commission) and the DOT Federal Railroad Administration (Washington, DC: 1996).

Waterborne Commerce

Origin and Destination of Waterborne Commerce of the United States, Public Domain Data

Abstract

This database contains aggregated information that depicts waterborne commodity movements between 26 geographical regions or between individual states of the United States. This database protects the confidentiality of the data provided by the individual companies and provides the origin/destination of commodity flows.

Sources of Data

Vessel operating companies file vessel operations reports.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, U.S.

territories

Time Span of Data Source: 1985-1994

First Developed: 1985 Update Frequency: Annual

File Format: ASCII

Media: Diskette, Printed Source, CD-ROM

Significant Features/Limitations

All companies moving commerce by water are required by law to report.

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Products and Services Office

Corresponding Print Source

Origin and Destination of Waterborne Commerce of the United States, Public Domain

Availability

Diskette and Printed Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Products and Services Office, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, P.O. Box 61280, New Orleans, LA 70161-1280; (504) 862-1424; Fax: (504) 862-1423. Price, \$5/data file; \$15/printed source.

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Contact for Additional Information

Thomas Mire
Data Manager
COE/Waterborne Commerce Statistics Office
(504) 862-1424, Fax: (504) 862-1423

Roy Walsh Data Manager COE/Waterborne Commerce Statistics Office (504) 862-1424, Fax: (504) 862-1423

United States Waterway Data

Abstract

This collection of data bases is a compilation of information related to the navigable waters in the United States including inland, off-shore, Great Lakes and Saint Lawrence Seaway. Data on commerce, facilities and performance, imports and exports, and accidents are included along with the geographic waterways network.

Sources of Data

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center and Navigation Data Center; U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census; and U.S. Coast Guard.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. navigable

waterways

First Developed: 1994 Update Frequency: Annual

File Format: ASCII Media: CD-ROM

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Availability

DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Contact for Additional Information

Staff DOT/BTS, K-40

(202) 366-3282, Fax: (202) 366-3640

E-mail: info@bts.gov

Waterborne Tonnage for Louisiana, 1994

(thousand tons)

	Domestic	Foreign	Total
Shipping	99,256	98,796	198,052
Receiving	127,020	114,427	241,447
Intrastate	37,824	-	37,824
Total	264,100	213,223	477,323

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, *United States Waterway Data CD-ROM*, BTS CD-18 (Washington, DC: 1996).

Waterborne Shipments Originating in Louisiana, 1994

	Thereand	
Destination	Thousand tons	Percent
Alabama	2,477	Percent 1.1
Arkansas	2,181	0.9
California	127	0.9
Canada	694	0.1
Connecticut	62	0.0
Florida	22,522	9.5
Foreign	98,102	41.6
Georgia	232	0.1
Hawaii	70	0.0
	1,527	0.6
lowa	=	3.8
Illinois	9,072	3.6 1.4
Indiana	3,186	
Kansas	29	0.0
Kentucky	6,127	2.6
Louisiana	37,824	16.0
Massachusetts	183	0.1
Maryland	277	0.1
Maine	125	0.1
Minnesota	2,412	1.0
Missouri	3,225	1.4
Mississippi	4,061	1.7
North Carolina	176	0.1
Nebraska	57	0.0
New Hampshire	120	0.1
New Jersey	430	0.2
New York	563	0.2
Ohio	5,754	2.4
Oklahoma	1,048	0.4
Oregon	1	0.0
Other	4,335	1.8
Pennsylvania	2,920	1.2
Puerto Rico	1,900	0.8
Rhode Island	94	0.0
South Carolina	42	0.0
Tennessee	5,102	2.2
Texas	16,569	7.0
Virginia	18	0.0
Washington	7	0.0
Wisconsin	335	0.1
West Virginia	1,890	0.8
Total	235,877	100.0

SOURCE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, *State-to-State Public Domain Database* (New Orleans, LA: 1996).

Waterborne Shipments Originating in Louisiana, 1994

	Thousand	
Commodity	tons	Percent
Coal, lignite, and coal coke	18,177	7.7
Crude petroleum	15,633	6.6
Petroleum products	58,075	24.6
Chemical fertilizers	9,993	4.2
Chemicals excluding fertilizers	21,936	9.3
Lumber, logs, wood chips, and pulp	1,211	0.5
Sand, gravel, shells, clay, salt, and slag	9,491	4.0
Iron ore, iron, and steel waste and scrap	3,703	1.6
Non-ferrous ores and scrap	2,762	1.2
Primary non-metal products	2,287	1.0
Primary metal products	10,075	4.3
Food and food products	78,336	33.2
Manufactured goods	2,521	1.1
Unknown and not elsewhere classified products	1,678	0.7
Total	235,877	100.0

SOURCE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, *State-to-State Public Domain Database* (New Orleans, LA: 1996).

Transportation Establishments

1992 Census of Transportation Geographic Area Series (TC92-A-1)

Abstract

Presents data for establishments with payroll from selected transportation services for the United States, each state, District of Columbia, and selected Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs). Presents general statistics on number of establishments, revenue, payroll, and employment by varied transportation classifications. Data are also provided on revenue and employees per establishment, and on revenue and payroll per employee. Comparative statistics showing percent changes in revenue and payroll between 1982 and 1992 are also shown for some kind-of-business classifications.

Source of Data

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Economic Census; 1992 Census of Transportation (transportation companies).

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, state, District of Columbia, selected MSAs Time Span of Data Source: 01/92-12/92

First Developed: 1991

Update Frequency: Quinquennial Media: Tape, Printed source

Significant Features/Limitations

Covers selected transportation industries as defined in Division E of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. Includes all establishments with one or more paid employees primarily engaged in these classifications: SIC 42, motor freight transportation and warehousing; SIC 44, water transportation; and SIC 47, transportation services. Excludes firms without paid employees, governmental establishments, and auxiliary establishments.

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Business Division

Availability

Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402; (202) 512-1800.

Contact for Additional Information

Sidney Marcus Chief DOC/Bureau of the Census Utilities Census Branch (301) 457-2786, Fax: (301) 457-4576

Larry Britt
Assistant Chief
DOC/Bureau of the Census
Utilities Census Branch
(301) 457-2786, Fax: (301) 457-4576

Louisiana Summary Statistics for the 1992 Census of Transportation

Kind of business	Establishments (number)	Revenue (\$1,000)	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	Paid employees * (number)
Passenger transportation	264	182,445	65,738	4,202
Local and suburban passenger transportation	180	146,849	56,826	3,518
Local and suburban transit	8	13,536	8,556	423
Other local passenger transportation	172	133,313	48,270	3,095
Taxicabs	36	8,844	2,676	259
Other bus transportation and terminal service	48	26,752	6,236	425
Intercity and rural bus service	14	11,298	2,046	172
Charter bus service	17	14,639	3,929	198
School buses	17	815	261	5 5
Bus terminal and service facilities	0	0	0	0
Motor freight transportation and warehousing	1,582	1,966,982	526,602	21,623
Trucking and courier services, except air	1,444	1,650,488	437,360	18,832
Local trucking without storage	710	451,780	99,763	5,298
Household goods moving	42	5,521	1,463	188
General freight	137	77,713	17,526	874
Garbage and trash collection	63	139,654	30,466	1,359
Dump trucking	209	94,963	21,028	1,317
Other local trucking without storage	259	133,929	29,280	1,560
Hazardous materials	26	19,162	4,342	209
Agricultural products	118	36,778	7,798	437
Other local trucking without storage, n.e.c	115	77,989	17,140	914
Trucking, except local	625	1,038,985	245,746	9,852
Household goods moving	36	37,693	10,810	702
General freight trucking	352	646,809	161,472	6,010
Other trucking, except local	237	354,483	73,464	3,140
Hazardous materials	66	172,120	35,381	1,253
Agricultural products	44	27,504	4,063	279
Other trucking, except local, n.e.c.	127	154,859	34,020	1,608
Local trucking with storage	52	47,149	16,996	1,000
Household goods moving	22	22,394	7,720	548
Other local trucking with storage	30 57	24,755	9,276	452
Courier services, except by air	57	112,574	74,855	2,682
Public warehousing and storage	138	316,494	89,242	2,791
Farm products warehousing and storage	18 9	56,651	11,322	508
Refrigerated warehousing and storage	9 77	10,341 30,822	2,864 8,140	119 388
General goods warehousing	24	19,564	6,884	257
Self-service or miniwarehousing	53	11,258	1,256	131
Special warehousing and storage, n.e.c.	34	218,680	66,916	1,776
Trucking terminal facilities	0	0	0	0
Water transportation	830	2,724,773	500,112	21,477
Water transportation of freight	108	1,274,637	156,365	5,837
Deep sea foreign and domestic freight	75	928,514	116,073	4,331
Deep sea foreign freight	14	624,835	66,313	2,142
Deep sea domestic freight	61	303,679	49,760	2,189
Other water transportation of freight	33	346,123	40,292	1,506
Great Lakes-St Lawrence Seaway freight	0	0	0	0
Water transportation of freight, n.e.c.	33	346,123	40,292	1,506
Water transportation of passengers	62	113,915	33,236	1,759
Ferries	7	5,440	1,758	81
Water transportation of passengers, except by ferry	55	108,475	31,478	1,678
Deep sea transportation, except by ferry	14	9,112	3,694	275
Water transportation of passengers, n.e.c.	41	99,363	27,784	1,403
Services incidental to water transportation	660	1,336,221	310,511	13,881
Marinas	57	27,177	4,089	386
Other services incidental to water transportation .	603	1,309,044	306,422	13,495
Marine cargo handling	104	486,782	111,822	4,536
Towing and tugboat services	325	615,278	157,329	7,384
Water transportation services, n.e.c.	174	206,984	37,271	1,575
Air transportation #	130	393,123 352,760	114,124	3,889
Air transportation, including air courier services #	94 51	352,760	104,498 33,038	3,363 1,232
Scheduled and air courier services #	51 43	139,114 213,646	33,038 71,460	1,232 2,131
Nonscheduled	43 36	40,363	9,626	∠,131 526
All port terminal services	50	40,303	3,020	520

Louisiana Summary Statistics for the 1992 Census of Transportation (continued)

and the second s	Establishments	Revenue	Annual payroll	Paid employees *
Kind of business	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	(number)
Pipelines, except natural gas	54	438,873	40,984	897
Refined petroleum pipelines	16	116,460	5,907	124
Other pipelines	38	322,413	35,077	773
Transportation services	614	235,037	91,332	3,904
Arrangement of passenger transportation	320	57,011	24,632	1,545
Travel agencies	277	48,352	20,912	1,306
Other arrangement of passenger transportation	43	8,659	3,720	239
Tour operators	29	(D)	(D)	CC
Arrangement of passenger transportation, n.e.c.	14	(D)	(D)	BB
Freight shipping services	240	130,696	49,061	1,686
Freight forwarding	66	34,077	14,379	471
Arrangement of freight and cargo, n.e.c.	174	96,619	34,682	1,215
Other transportation services	54	47,330	17,639	673
Rental of railroad cars	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous services incidental to transportation	54	47,330	17,639	673
Packing and crating	10	2,482	571	33
Fixed facilities, inspection and weighing services	17	19,098	8,148	269
Transportation services, n.e.c.	27	25,750	8,920	371

^{*} Paid employees for pay period including March 12.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, UC92-A-1 (Washington, DC: 1995).

^{**} Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies; data are included in broader kind-of-business totals.

[#] Data do not include large, certificated passenger carriers that report to the Office of Airline Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation.

BB = Employment size 20-99.

CC = Employment size 100-249.



Truck Inventory and Use Survey (TIUS)

Abstract

This database provides detailed information on the physical and operational characteristics of the Nation's truck population. Collected from an approximately 154,000 truck sample, individual state and United States estimates are produced. Physical characteristics include model year, body type, empty weight, truck type, axle arrangement, length, and engine size. Operational characteristics include major use, products carried, annual and lifetime miles, area of operation, miles per gallon, operator classification, and hazardous materials transported.

Source of Data

Owners of private and commercial trucks registered in each state complete a mail survey.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, 50

states, District of Columbia Time Span of Data Source: 1992

First Developed: 1963

Update Frequency: Quinquennial

Last Update: 1995 File Format: ASCII

Media: CD-ROM, Microdata File, Printed

Source

Significant Features/Limitations

Only source of comprehensive data collected for trucks that are classified by their physical and operational characteristics and that also provide microdata records to data users of the transportation community. The records on the microdata file are modified to avoid disclosure of a sampled vehicle or operating company.

Corresponding Print Source

1992 Census of Transportation, Truck Inventory and Use Survey

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

Availability

Data File: DOC/Bureau of the Census, Customer Services, Washington, DC 20233; (301) 457-4100.

Printed Source: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, P. O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954. Price, \$2.50/Individual State Report; \$15.00/U.S. Summary Report.

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, S.W., Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Contact for Additional Information

Robert Crowther Chief, Transportation Characteristics Branch DOC/Bureau of the Census (301) 457-2797, Fax: (301) 457-2374

Commercial and Private Truck Registration 1992 Truck Inventory and Use Survey (TIUS)

Percent change 1987 to 1992 1988 to			
Alabama 1,166,900 30.6 Alaska 200,500 17.7 Arizona 999,500 31.8 Arkansas 748,700 43.8 California 7,150,200 50.7 Colorado 1,092,900 12.3 Connecticut 543,600 24.1 Delaware 172,900 43.7 District of Columbia 29,400 48.1 Fiorida 2,673,200 38.9 Georgia 1,644,200 35.9 Hawaii 280,300 74.3 Idaho 467,000 46.7 Illinois 2,271,600 41.7 Indiana 1,414,300 31.4 Iowa 930,600 37.0 Kansas 1,001,700 37.5 Kentucky 1,015,900 25.7 Louisiana 1,123,800 21.3 Maine 338,600 30.6 Maryland 940,700 42.2 Massachusetts 878,700 30.4			Percent change
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District of Columbia 29,400 48.1 Florida 2,673,200 38.9 Georgia 1,644,200 35.9 Hawaii 280,300 74.3 Idaho 467,000 46.7 Illinois 2,271,600 41.7 Indiana 1,414,300 31.4 Iowa 930,600 37.0 Kansas 1,001,700 37.5 Kentucky 1,015,900 25.7 Louisiana 1,123,800 21.3 Maine 338,600 30.6 Maryland 940,700 42.2 Massachusetts 878,700 30.4 Michigan 2,166,200 39.9 Minnesota 1,155,900 36.0 Missouri 1,357,100 38.1 Missouri 1,357,100 38.8 Montana 371,800 18.1 Nebraska 533,900 20.2 Newda 387,600 55.8 New Jersey 1,098,500 36.3 <td>Connecticut</td> <td>543,600</td> <td>24.1</td>	Connecticut	543,600	24.1
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Hawaii 280,300 74.3 Idaho 467,000 46.7 Illinois 2,271,600 41.7 Indiana 1,414,300 31.4 Iowa 930,600 37.0 Kansas 1,001,700 37.5 Kentucky 1,015,900 25.7 Louisiana 1,123,800 21.3 Maine 338,600 30.6 Maryland 940,700 42.2 Massachusetts 878,700 30.4 Michigan 2,166,200 39.9 Minnesota 1,155,900 36.0 Mississippi 647,600 29.4 Missouri 1,357,100 33.8 Montana 371,800 18.1 Nevada 387,600 55.8 New Hampshire 306,300 31.3 New Jersey 1,098,500 36.3 New York 1,999,700 29.8 North Carolina 1,760,000 28.4 North Dakota 290,500 36.4	Georgia		35.9
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Wyoming	West Virginia		
	Wisconsin		
U.S. Total 59.200.800 32.8	Wyoming	234,900	4.7
	U.S. Total	59,200.800	32.8

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Truck Inventory and Use Survey, TC92-T-1 - TC92-T-51 (Washington, DC: 1995).

Trucks Registered in Louisiana by Size, Major Use, and Range of Operation 1992 Truck Inventory and Use Survey

Size in gross vehicle weight (gvw)	Number of trucks (thousands)	Percent
Light trucks (10,000 pounds or less gvw)	1,066.4	94.9
Medium trucks (10,001-19,500 pounds gvw)	19.1	1.7
Light-heavy trucks (19,501-26,000 pounds gvw)	11.5	1.0
Heavy-heavy trucks (26,001 pounds or more gvw)	26.8	2.4
Total	1,123.8	100.0
Major use		
Personal transportation	765.5	68.1
For-hire transportation	12.7	1.1
Other business use (private trucking)		
Agriculture	32.1	2.9
Forestry and lumbering	8.4	0.7
Mining and quarrying	8.1	0.7
Construction	103.6	9.2
Manufacturing	10.9	1.0
Wholesale trade	36.2	3.2
Retail trade	40.2	3.6
Utilities	7.0	0.6
Services	61.9	5.5
Daily and one-way rental	5.4	0.5
Other	-	-
Not in use	31.5	2.8
Range of operation (miles from vehicle's home base)		
Local (less than 50 miles)	779.2	69.3
Short range (50-200 miles)	185.3	16.5
Long range (beyond 200 miles)	53.8	4.8

⁻ Suppressed because data are statistically unreliable. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Truck Inventory and Use Survey, TC92-T-19 (Washington, DC: 1994).

Percent Vehicle Miles Traveled Outside Base State for Trucks by Use 1992 Truck Inventory and Use Survey

	Personal	For-hire	Other
State	use	transportation	business use
Alabama	7.7	62.9	15.1
Alaska	3.3	4.0	4.3
Arizona	7.2	43.2	7.4
Arkansas	6.9	76.6	17.7
California	4.7	17.5	2.5
Colorado	8.1	47.8	7.6
Connecticut	9.5	39.7	8.5
Delaware	14.8	55.1	20.5
District of Columbia	39.4	93.7	30.5
Florida	6.7	46.3	5.8
Georgia	7.9	46.7	14.3
Hawaii	0.1	0.0	0.0
Idaho	10.9	52.2	14.1
	9.6	44.4	11.5
Illinois		60.1	21.6
Indiana	7.9		
lowa	8.4	63.9	14.7
Kansas	9.4	54.4	10.3
Kentucky	7.7	50.4	10.7
Louisiana	9.5	37.6	8.3
Maine	7.7	47.3	12.4
Maryland	10.2	44.5	15.3
Massachusetts	9.9	30.8	12.0
Michigan	7.3	46.7	6.1
Minnesota	7.0	49.8	9.1
Mississippi	10.2	68.2	14.7
Missouri	7.8	65.6	12.4
Montana	6.6	58.3	10.8
Nebraska	7.1	64.2	9.7
Nevada	11.1	33.6	14.6
New Hampshire	15.7	49.1	21.1
New Jersey	12.1	48.3	14.1
New Mexico	11.7	35.3	12.2
New York	8.1	37.6	7.0
North Carolina	8.0	55.6	11.4
North Dakota	10.9	58.9	12.5
Ohio	7.9	47.1	10.6
Oklahoma	8.2	49.0	9.5
Oregon	8.2	39.1	8.2
Pennsylvania	9.6	49.3	14.5
Rhode Island	13.9	77.0	22.8
South Carolina	7.9	46.8	11.0
South Dakota	7. 9 9.4	64.9	10.1
	5.4 5.4	65.7	12.4
Tennessee	5. 4 4.4	34.1	5.8
Texas			
Utah	7.4	65.7 54.6	11.8
Vermont	12.2	54.6	15.3
Virginia	9.9	30.0	9.4
Washington	5.6	30.4	8.6
West Virginia	11.8	45.6	17.5
Wisconsin	8.5	58.4	10.8
Wyoming	10.6	48.3	10.0

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Truck Inventory and Use Survey, Microdata File on CD (Washington, DC: 1995).

Highway Statistics

Abstract

This annual publication compiles a wide range of information on highway extent, condition, performance, use, and finance. Freight-related tables include numbers of trucks and trailers by State, vehicle miles of travel, and information on commercial drivers licenses.

Source of Data

State agencies.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, 50

states, District of Columbia Time Span of Data Source: 1994

First Developed: 1945 Update Frequency: Annual

Last Update: 1995

File Format: HTML, Excel

Media: CD-ROM, Internet, Printed Source

Significant Features/Limitations

Data on numbers of trucks and truck vehicle miles of travel are not consistent between Highway Statistics and the Census Bureau's Truck Inventory and Use Survey. Highway Statistics is based on the total number of vehicles registered in each State throughout the reporting year, while the Truck Inventory and Use Survey is based on a snapshot of the vehicle fleet at the middle of the year. Vehicle types are also classified differently.

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration

Availability

Printed Source: DOT/FHWA, Office of Highway Information Management, HPM-1, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-0180.

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Internet: www.bts.gov.

Contact for Additional Information

Staff
DOT/FHWA, Office of Highway Information
Management, HPM-1
(202) 366-0180

Trailer and Semi-Trailer Registrations 1994 Highway Statistics

		Other private or	Publicly-	
	Commercial	commercial	owned	
State	trailers	trailers*	trailers	Total
Alabama	56,393	72,577	1,021	129,991
Alaska	16,754	69,096	1,198	87,048
Arizona	48,917	247,547	3,736	300,200
Arkansas	34,429	391,183	271	425,883
California	683,252	2,026,667	42,686	2,752,605
Colorado	57,175	208,655	2,143	267,973
Connecticut	28,455	138,789	2,604	169,848
Delaware	12,527	28,796	608	41,931
District of Columbia	95	1,015	466	1,576
Florida	116,332	947,866	27,212	1,091,410
Georgia	110,972	395,974	3,519	510,465
Hawaii	3,984	16,727	776	21,487
Idaho	18,115	97,038	2,807	117,960
		438,631	906	518,371
Illinois	78,834		2,046	·
Indiana	89,883 75,570	331,914	•	423,843
lowa	75,579	285,196	3,847	364,622
Kansas	80,277	41,429	859 164	122,565
Kentucky	39,658	58,449	164	98,271
Louisiana	206,264	310,085	2,437	518,786
Maine	533,693	101,587	2,192	637,472
Maryland	14,313	203,227	479	218,019
Massachusetts	23,518	152,277	229	176,024
Michigan	87,159	826,803	4,339	918,301
Minnesota	177,779	624,216	3,786	805,781
Mississippi	28,061	75,577	1,509	105,147
Missouri	82,155	310,025	478	392,658
Montana	17,353	155,223	3,013	175,589
Nebraska	69,289	165,050	907	235,246
Nevada	9,634	108,466	1,170	119,270
New Hampshire	8,718	86,372	1,072	96,162
New Jersey	40,059	277,682	251	317,992
New Mexico	16,935	89,028	2,988	108,951
New York	19,721	512,189	6,078	537,988
North Carolina	81,229	450,253	8,544	540,026
North Dakota	18,538	38,398	723	57,659
Ohio	132,811	511,068	6,457	650,336
Oklahoma	81,517	70,630	1,791	153,938
Oregon	46,401	235,553	8,478	290,432
Pennsylvania	123,690	549,796	3,994	677,480
Rhode Island	6,350	35,789	837	42,976
South Carolina	34,289	28,932	1,071	64,292
South Dakota	25,348	101,192	1,263	127,803
Tennessee	29,279	32,622	376	62,277
Texas	206,931	1,202,425	34,831	1, 444 ,187
Utah	22,807	92,193	478	115,478
Vermont	2,989	58,159	866	62,014
Virginia	74,477	217,809	2,523	294,809
Washington	139,976	424,434	2,043	566,453
West Virginia	35,878	72,102	4,170	112,150
Wisconsin	164,369	48,587	1,571	214,527
Wyoming	7,835	108,838	997	117,670
U.S. Total	4,120,994	14,074,140	208,809	18,403,943

^{*} Includes light farm trailers, car trailers, house trailers, etc. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, 1994, FHWA-PL-95-042 (Washington, DC: 1995).

Motor Carrier Statistics

Motor Carrier Financial and Operational Statistics

Abstract

This data program was transferred to the Bureau of Transportation Statistics by the Interstate Commerce Commission Termination Act of 1995. Class I and II Motor Carriers of Property and Passengers are required to submit financial, employee, operating, and other data pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 14123. Unless otherwise prohibited, these reports are made available to the public through a reports reference facility. In addition, selected data are published in aggregate and for the largest carriers.

Source of Data

Class I and Class II Motor Carriers of Property and Class I Motor Carriers of Passengers.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: Class I and Class II Motor Carriers of Property and Class I Motor Carriers of Passengers.

Update Frequency: Continuously

Media: Printed Source

Significant Features/Limitations

The reports from carriers are made available unaudited and unedited.

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Availability

DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 4201, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-4383; Fax: (202) 366-3383.

Contact for Additional Information

Staff

DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics (202) 366-4383, Fax: (202) 366-3383 E-mail: mcs@bts.gov

State Data

Due to the recent transfer of the program to BTS, state-level data are not available for publication. In the future, BTS plans to publish selected earnings and other data for carriers by state.

Fatal Truck Crashes

Truck and Bus Accident Factbook

Abstract

This report presents aggregate statistics on trucks and buses involved in traffic accidents.

Sources of Data

Federal Highway Administration, Office of Motor Carriers (accident statistics reported through the SAFETYNET data system); National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (General Estimates System and Fatal Accident Reporting System); and The University of Michigan, Transportation Research Institute (Trucks Involved in Fatal Accidents file).

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: United States Update Frequency: Annual Media: Printed Source

Sponsoring Organizations

Michigan Office of Highway Safety Planning; U. S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Motor Carriers

Performing Organization

University of Michigan, Transportation Research Institute

Availability

Center for National Truck Statistics, University of Michigan Transportation Research Institute, 2901 Baxter Road, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48109; (313) 764-0248; Fax: (313) 936-1081.

Contact for Additional Information

Truck and Bus Accident Factbook, SAFETYNET, and Trucks Involved in Fatal Accidents

Ralph Craft DOT/ Federal Highway Administration (202) 366-0324, Fax: (202) 366-7298 E-mail: ralph.craft@fhwa.dot.gov

Fatal Accident Reporting System

Chuck Venturi DOT/ National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (202) 366-4709, Fax: (202) 366-7078

Number of Fatal Involvements by State and Combination Type, 1993

State	Single-unit	One-trailer	Multi-trailer	Total
Alabama	36	108	3	147
Alaska	2	1	0	3
Arizona	29	36	4	69
Arkansas	16	82	4	102
California	104	197	59	360
Colorado	23	36	0	59
Connecticut	10	15	1	26
Delaware	5	17	0	22
District of Columbia	2	1	1	4
Florida	94	198	2	294
Georgia	61	99	6	166
Hawaii	1	2	1	4
Idaho	5	5	1	11
Illinois	39	110	3	152
Indiana	49	81	3	135
lowa	22	63	ő	85
Kansas	16	45	7	68
	38	67	ó	105
Kentucky		60	1	82
Louisiana	6	15	0	21
Maryland	24	26	0	50
Massachusetts	21	16	0	37
	26	68	17	111
Michigan	20	43	0	63
Minnesota	1	43	0	90
	24	78	6	108
Missouri	3	8	1	12
Montana	14	41	1	56
Nebraska	6	16	3	25
Nevada	=	3	0	25 7
New Hampshire	4 35	40	1	76
New Jersey		25	4	38
New Mexico	9			36 148
New York	82	64	2 3	
North Carolina	64	142		209
North Dakota	7	10	0	17
Ohio	66 66	127	2	195
Oklahoma	28	57	3	88
Oregon	10	46	7	63
Pennsylvania	72	122	3	197
Rhode Island	5	3	0	8
South Carolina	24	65	2	91
South Dakota	6	11	0	17
Tennessee	45	76	2	123
Texas	93	257	10	360
Utah	8	19	1	28
Vermont	4	9	0	13
Virginia	33	60	2	95
Washington	18	36	9	63
West Virginia	13	29	0	42
Wisconsin	28	61	2	91
Wyoming	3	11	1	15
U.S. Total	1,375	2,811	178	4,451
J.J. 1900	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			

^{*} Truck configuration is generally unavailable for Mississippi because the state does not release police reports to the TIFA project.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Truck and Bus Accident Factbook 1993*, UMTRI-95-43 (Washington, DC: 1995).

Rail Accidents and Fatalities

Railroad Accident/Incident Reporting System (RAIRS)

Abstract

RAIRS contains four data bases: rail equipment, injury/illness, grade-crossing accidents, and railroad summary (freight and passenger). These data bases include information on all railroad accidents, grade-crossing accidents, railroad employee casualties, and any other injuries on railroad property. These data bases provide the basis for accident analyses and assessment as well as annual reports.

Source of Data

Railroads.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals Time Span of Data Source: 1976-present

First Developed: 1975 Update Frequency: Monthly File Format: Sequential

Media: 9-Track Tape, Diskette, Printed Source,

Internet

Corresponding Printed Source

Rail Highway Grade-Crossing Accident/Incident and Inventory Bulletin

Accident/Incident Bulletin

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation/Federal Railroad Administration, Systems Support Division

Availability

Data file: DOT/FRA, Systems Support Division, RRS-22, 400 7th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-2760; Fax: (202) 366-7592. Price \$35/tape, non-government agencies. No charge to government, railroad, or railroad labor requesters.

Internet: gopher.dot.gov/1/fra/safety

Contact for Additional Information

Robert Finkelstein, Chief DOT/FRA, RRS-22 (202) 366-2760, Fax: (202) 366-7592

Number of Rail Accidents and Fatalities, 1995*

	- AA		Rail-highway	Rail-highway
	Railroad	Railroad	grade crossing	grade crossing
State	accidents**	fatalities**	accidents ***	fatalities***
Alabama	5	0	166	16
Alaska	3	0	3	0
Arizona	25	0	30	2
Arkansas	27	0	137	22
California	49	1	154	21
Colorado	29	0	51	11
Connecticut	0	0	3	1
Delaware	2	0	2	0
Florida	20	0	78	22
Georgia	16	0	137	16
Hawaii	0	0	0	0
Idaho	21	0	28	7
Illinois	83	3	226	34
Indiana	24	0	242	29
lowa	53	0	95	9
Kansas	37	0	83	15
Kentucky	17	Ō	93	7
Louisiana	31	0	193	26
Maine	4	0	6	0
Maryland	4	Ō	10	Ö
Massachusetts	6	Ō	10	1
Michigan	25	Ö	116	5
Minnesota	48	Ö	116	18
Mississippi	44	Ö	145	31
Missouri	43	ž	112	22
Montana	24	ō	14	4
Nebraska	53	ő	73	7
Nevada	1	1	7	4
New Hampshire	2	Ö	5	0
New Jersey	6	Ö	13	2
New Mexico	11	1	16	5
New York	44	ò	46	9
North Carolina	10	Ö	121	11
North Dakota	28	Ö	34	7
Ohio	43	ŏ	215	36
Oklahoma	30	Ö	103	15
Oregon	17	Ö	30	12
Pennsylvania	46	Ŏ	67	10
Rhode Island	0	ŏ	1	0
South Carolina	9	Ŏ	102	6
South Dakota	35	Ö	33	4
Tennessee	25	Ö	89	11
Texas	111	1	407	55
Utah	10	0	24	
Vermont	3	0	4	0
Virginia	21	0	56	6
Washington	35	0	65	3
West Virginia	16	0	31	3 1
Wisconsin	41	1	111	13
Wyoming	35	1	11	0
· ·		-		-
U.S. Total	1,272	11	3,914	543

^{*} Includes only accidents/incidents involving freight trains or mixed freight and passenger trains.

^{**} Includes only collisions, derailments, or other events involving the operation of railroad on-track equipment resulting in damages that exceed \$6,300.

^{***} Includes any highway-rail collision regardless of severity .

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Railroad Accident/Incident Reporting System (RAIRS) (Washington, DC:1996).

Hazardous Materials Incidents

Hazardous Materials Incident Reporting System

Abstract

This system is used to process information on the unintentional release of hazardous materials during the course of transportation. This information is compiled in accordance with the requirement levied in the Transportation Safety Act of 1974, Public Law 93-633. The major uses of the system are to highlight problem areas, pinpoint need for corrective action, and provide a statistical compilation of all accidents and incidents involving hazardous materials. The system contains information on each reported incident and consists of data elements such as the date of the incident, location, shipper, carrier, commodity involved, and other detailed information concerning the packaging and nature of the incident. Monthly and yearly reports are generated and include, but are not limited to. incidents by mode, incidents involving exemptions, commodity, container, cause and state summaries.

Source of Data

Carriers of hazardous materials are required to report to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration certain unintentional release that occurred during transportation. These reports include (a) immediate telephone notification made to the U.S. Coast Guard's national Response Center (NRC) since 1982; and (b) written reports on hazardous material spills, Form F5800.1, made within 30 days of the incident and collected since 1971.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, 50 states, District of Columbia, county, city, U.S. territories, Canada

Time Span of Data Source: 1971-present

First Developed: 1971

Update Frequency: Quarterly/written report;

daily/telephone report

File Format: System 1032 (VAX) Media: 9-Track Tape, Diskette, Printout

Sponsoring Organization

DOT/Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Planning and Analysis

Availability

DOT/RSPA, Office of Hazardous Materials Planning and Analysis, DHM-63, 400 7th Street, S.W., Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-4555; Fax: (202) 366-7435. Price \$35

Contact for Additional Information

Kevin Coburn Information Systems Manager DOT/RSPA, DHM-63 (202) 366-4555, Fax: (202) 366-7435

E-mail: coburnk@rspa.dot.gov

Hazardous Materials Incident Statistics, 1995

State	Incidents	Injuries	Deaths	Damages(\$)
Alabama	168	6	0	368,895
Alaska	14	6	0	1,374
Arizona	122	4	0	785,401
Arkansas	210	4	. 0	814,016
California	1,090	37	3	2,751,502
Colorado	344	7	0	280,476
Connecticut	151	1	0	47,354
Delaware	17	0	0	6,390
District of Columbia	9	0	0	25,220
Florida	518	9	0	1,240,157
Georgia	435	28	0	1,114,849
Hawaii	6	0	0	976
Idaho	64	2	Ō	79,801
Illinois	842	29	Ö	3,822,414
Indiana	383	7	ő	274,164
		4		158,860
lowa	147	•	0	
Kansas	243	5	0	525,010
Kentucky	338	6	1	499,510
Louisiana	212	7	0	440,723
Maine	41	0	0	12,756
Maryland	226	2	0	184,546
Massachusetts	351	4	0	220,145
Michigan	337	16	1	280,081
Minnesota	327	8	0	1,046,811
Mississippi	147	1	0	1,312,156
Missouri	364	8	0	573,229
Montana	16	0	0	590,486
Nebraska	120	1	0	55,619
Nevada	49	0	0	119,081
New Hampshire	42	1	0	19,134
New Jersey	297	9	0	307,593
New Mexico	136	2	0	209,147
New York	758	7	0	1,909,976
North Carolina	639	8	Ō	401,995
North Dakota	20	Ö	Ō	48,170
Ohio	1,415	29	Ö	1,746,188
Oklahoma	133	1	ő	496,830
	254	9	0	377,948
Oregon	918	14	0	1,106,324
Pennsylvania	11	177	0	24,700
Rhode Island		3		312,206
South Carolina	167		0 0	66,535
South Dakota	20	1	_	•
Tennessee	581	13	0	278,733
Texas	1,072	37	1	2,020,159
Utah	343	10	0	121,200
Vermont	15	1	0	148,351
Virginia	148	15	0	362,148
Washington	156	7	0	118,065
West Virginia	53	24	0	405,846
Wisconsin	129	1	0	385,791
Wyoming	77	2	0	307,309
U.S. Total	14,688	399	6	28,827,110

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, *Hazardous Materials Information System* (Washington, DC: 1996).