UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D. C.

Effective: June 6, 1961 Issued: May 31, 1961

Special Civil Air Regulation No. SR-425C

[Reg. Docket No. 765; Reg. No. SR-425C]

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Special Civil Air Regulation; Provisional Certification and Operation of Aircraft

Special Civil Air Regulation No. SR-425A was adopted on July 22, 1958, to provide for provisional certification of

turbine-powered transport category airplanes in order to permit certain air carriers and manufacturers to conduct crow training, service testing, and simulated air carrier operations prior to introduction of the airplanes into commercial service. The objective of this regulation was to provide a means whereby the air carriers and manufacturers could obtain as much experience as possible with turbine-powered airplanes which, although safe for flight, had not been approved for the issuance of a type certificate.

Special Civil Air Regulation No. SR-425B, which superseded SR-425A, was adopted on April 7, 1960, to extend the application of the regulation to: (1) Piston-engine transport category aircraft, including rotorcraft; and (2) personal and executive type aircraft, including rotorcraft, trrespective of powerplant type. In addition, this regulation permitted operations such as sales demonstrations and market surveys with aircraft having a provisional type and airworthiness certificate.

To accomplish this, SR-425B provided for, among other things, the issuance of two classes of provisional type and airworthiness certificates. Class I provisional and airworthiness certificates could be issued for all types of aircraft for operation by the aircraft manufacturer. Class II provisional type and airworthiness certificates could be issued only for transport category aircraft, but these aircraft could be operated by either the aircraft manufacturer or a certificated air carrier. In general, the requirements for the issuance of Class I provisional certificates were less stringent, and the operating limitations less confining, than those for the issuance of Class II provisional certificates.

Under the provisions of SR-425B, however, eligibility to apply for Class I provisional certificates was limited to aircraft manufacturers. A recommendation that this eligibility be extended to include engine manufacturers had been evaluated by the Agency prior to the adoption of SR-425B, but rule making action on such extension was deferred until additional experience with provisional certification could be acquired.

Experience accumulated since the adoption of SR-425B has indicated that n would be practicable for engine manufacturers, who have altered a type certificated aircraft by installing type certificated engines of their own manufacture in place of the original engines, to show compliance with the currently effective requirements for issuance of Class I provisional type and provisional airworthiness certificates; and that compliance with these requirements will insure safe operation of provisionally certificated alreaft by such engine manufacturers. Further, the Agency believes that operations conducted by engine manufacturers under the terms of Class I provisional certificates, for the purpose of sales demonstrations, market surveys, and other similar activities related to the sale of their engines, would contribute to the promotion and development of civil aeronautics in the linited States

SR-425B is therefore being superseded by SR-425C to permit certain engine manufacturers to apply for Class I provisional type and provisional airworthiness certificates if they have applied for the issuance of a supplemental type certificate.

Since this is a superseding regulation which relieves restrictions and imposes no additional burden on any person,

notice and public procedures hereon are unnecessary, and this regulation may be made effective on less than 30 days' notice.

In consideration of the foregoing, the following Special Civil Air Regulation is adopted to become effective June 6, 1961.

GENERAL

- I Applicability. Contrary provisions of the Civil Air Regulations notwithstanding, provisional type and airworthiness certificates, amendments to provisional type certificates, and provisional amendments to type certificates, will be issued as prescribed in this regulation to a manufacturer or an air cerrier. As used in this regulation, a manufacturer shall mean only a manufacturer who is a citizen of the United States; and the term air carrier shall not include an air taxi operator.
 - 2. Eligibitity.
- (a) A manufacturer of aircraft manufactured by him within the United States may apply for Class I or Class II provisional type and provisional airworthiness certificates. for amendments to provisional type certificates held by him, and for provisional amendments to type certificates held by him.
- (b) An air carrier holding an air carrier operating certificate authorizing him to conduct operations under Parts 40, 41, 42, or 46 of the Civil Air Regulations may apply for Class II provisional airworthiness certificates for transport category aircraft which meet the conditions of either subparagraphs (1) or (2) of this paragraph.
- The aircraft has a currently valid Class II provisional type certificate or an amendment thereto;
- (2) The aircraft has a currently valid provisional amendment to a type certificate which was preceded by a corresponding Class II provisional type certificate.
- (c) An engine manufacturer who has altered a type cortificated alternat by installing different type certificated engines, manufactured by him within the United States, in place of the original engines, may apply for Class I provisional type and provisional arrowinthness certificates for such aircraft, and for amendments to Class I provisional type certificates held by him. If the basic aircraft, before alteration, was type certificated in the normal, utility, acrobatic, or transport enterport.
- 3. Application—(a) General. Applications for provisional type and airworthiness certificates, for amendments to provisional type certificates, and for provisional amendments to type certificates, shall be submitted to the Chief, Flight Standards Division. FAA. of the Regional Office in which the manufacturer or air carrier is located and shall be accompanied by the pertinent information specified in this regulation.
- 4. Duration. Unless sooner surrendered, superseded, revoked, or otherwise terminated.

- certificates and amendments thereto, shall have periods of duration in accordance with paragraphs (a) through (f) of this section.
- (a) A Class I provisional type certificate shall remain in effect for 24 months after the date of its issuance or until the date of issuance of the corresponding type or supplemental type certificate, whichever occurs
- (b) A Class I provisional type certificate shall expire immediately upon issuance of a Class II provisional type certificate for nircraft of the same type design.
- (c) A Class II provisional type certificate shall remain in effect for 6 months after the date of its issuance or 60 days after the date of izzuance of the corresponding type certificate, whichever occurs first.
- (d) An amendment to a Class I or a Class II provisional type certificate shall remain in effect for the duration of the corresponding provisional type certificate.
- ie) A provisional amendment to a type certificate shall remain in effect for 6 months after its approval or until the amendment to the type certificate is approved, Whichever occurs first.
- (f) Provisional airworthiness certificates shall remain in effect for the duration of the corresponding provisional type certificate, amendment to a provisional type certificate, or a provisional amendment to the type certificate.
- 5. Transferability of certificates. Certificates issued pursuant to this regulation are not transferable except that a Class II provisional airworthiness certificate may be transferred to an air carrier eligible to apply for such certificate under section 2 of this regulation.
- 6. Display of certificates and markings. A provisional airworthiness certificate shall be prominently displayed in the aircraft for which it is issued. The words "Provisional Airworthiness" shall be painted in letters not less than 2 inches high on the exterior of such aircraft adjacent to each entrance to the cabin and cockpit of the aircraft.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ISSUANCE

7. Class I provisional type certificates. A Class I provisional type certificate and amendments thereto will be issued for a particular type design when the eligible alterate or engine manufacturer shows compliance with the provisions of paragraph (a) through (f) of this section, and an authorized representative of the Administrator finds, on the basis of information submitted to him by the manufacturer in compliance with the provisions of this section and of other relevant information, that there is no feature, characteristic, or condition which would render the aircraft unsafe when operated in accordance with the limitations established in paragraph (d) of this section and in section 13 of this regulation.

- (a) The manufacturer has applied for the issuance of a type or supplemental type certificate for the mircraft.
- (b) The manufacturer certifies that the aircraft has met the provisions of subparagraphs (1) through (S) of this paragraph.
- The aircraft has been designed and constructed in accordance with the airworthiness requirements applicable to the issuance of the type or supplemental type certificate for the aircraft;
- (2) The aircraft substantially complies with the applicable flight characteristics requirements for the type or supplemental type
- (3) The aircraft can be operated safely under the appropriate operating limitations specified in this regulation.
- (c) The manufacturer has submitted a report showing that the aircraft had been flown in all maneuvers necessary to show compliance with the flight requirements for the insuance of the type or supplemental type certificate and to establish that the aircraft can be operated safely in accordance with the limitations specified in this regulation.
- (d) The manufacturer has established limitations with respect to weights, speeds, flight maneuvers, loading, operation of controls and equipment, and all other relevant factors. The limitations shall include all the limitations required for the issuance of a type or supplemental type certificate for the aircraft: Provided, That, where such limitations have not been established, appropriate restrictions on the operation of the aircraft shall be established.
- (e) The manufacturer has established an inspection and maintenance program for the continued airworthiness of the aircraft.
- (1) A prototype abreraft has been flown by the manufacturer for at least 50 hours pursuant to the authority of an experimental certificate issued under Part 1 of the Civil Air Regulations or under the suspices of a United States military service: Provided, That the number of flight hours may be reduced by the authorized representativa of the Administrator in the case of an amendment to a provisional type certificate.
- 8. Class I provisional airworthiness certificates. Except as provided in section 12 of this regulation, a Class I provisional airworthiness certificate will be issued for an aircraft, for which a Class I provisional type certificate is in effect, when the eligible aircraft or engine manufacturer shows compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section, and an authorized representative of the Administrator finds that there is no feature, characteristic, or condition of the aircraft which would render the aircraft unsafe when operated in accordance with the limitations established in sections 7(d) and 13 of this regulation.
- (a) The manufacturer is the holder of the provisional type certificate for the aircraft.

- (b) The manufacturer submits a statement that the aircraft conforms to the type design corresponding with the provisional type certificate and has been found by him to be in safe operating condition under the applicable limitations.
- (c) The aircraft has been flown at least 5 hours by the manufacturer.
- (d) The alrerati has been supplied with a provisional aircraft flight manual or other document and appropriate placards containing the limitations required by sections 7(d) and 19 of this regulation.
- 9. Class II provisional type certificates. A Class II provisional type certificate and amendments thereto will be issued for a particular transport category type design when the manufacturer of the aircraft shows compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (h) of this section, and an authorized representative of the Administrator finds, on the basis of information submitted to him by the manufacturer in compliance with the provisions of this section and of other relevant information, that there is no feature, characteristic, or condition which would render the aircraft unsafe when operated in accordance with the limitations established in paragraph (f) of this section and in sections 13 and 14 of this regulation.
- (a) The manufacturer has applied for the issuance of a transport category type certificate for the aircraft.
- (b) The manufacturer holds a type certificate and a currently effective production certificate for at least one other aircraft in the same transport category as the subject aircraft.
- (c) The Agency's official flight test program with respect to the issuance of a type certificate for the aircraft is in progress.
- (d) The manufacturer certifies that the aircraft has met the provisions of subparagraphs (1) through (3) of this paragraph.

 (1) The sircraft has been designed and
- The sircraft has been designed and constructed in accordance with the airworthiness requirements applicable to the issuance of the type certificate for the aireraft;
- (2) The aircraft substantially complies with the applicable flight characteristics requirements for the type certificate;
- (3) The aircraft can be operated safely under the appropriate operating limitations specified in this regulation.
- (e) The manufacturer has submitted a report showing that the aircraft had been flown in all maneuvers necessary to show compliance with the flight requirements for the issuance of the type certificate and to establish that the aircraft can be operated safely in accordance with the limitations specified in this regulation.
- (f) The manufacturer has prepared a provisional aircraft flight manual which includes limitations with respect to weights, speeds, flight maneuvers, loading, operation of controls and equipment, and all other

relevant factors. The limitations shall include all the limitations required for the issuance of a type certificate for the aircraft. Provided. That, where such limitations have not been established, the provisional light manual shall contain appropriate restrictions on the operation of the aircraft.

(g) The manufacturer has established an inspection and maintenance program for the continued alreadthiness of the aircraft.

- (b) A prototype aircraft has been flown by the manufacturer for at least 100 hours pursuant to the authority of either an experimental certificate issued under Part I of the Civil Air Regulations or a Class I provisional airworthiness certificate: Provided, That the number of flight hours may be reduced by the authorized representative of the Administrator in the case of an amendment to a provisional type certificate.
- ment to a provisional type certificate.

 10. Class II provisional dirworthiness certificates. Except as provided in section 12 of this regulation, a Class II provisional airworthiness certificate will be issued for an airwarft, for which a Class II provisional type certificate is in effect, when the applicant shows compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section, and an authorized representative of the Administrator finds that there is no feature, characteristic, or condition of the aircraft which would reader the aircraft unsafe when operated in accordance with the limitations established in sections 9(I), 13, and 14 of this regulation.
- (a) The applicant submits evidence that a Class II provisional type certificate for the aircraft has been issued to the manufacturer.
- (b) The applicant submits a statement by the manufacturer that the aircraft has been manufactured under a quality control system adequate to ensure that the aircraft conforms to the type design corresponding with the provisional type certificate.
- (c) The applicant submits a statement that the aircraft has been found by him to be in a safe operating condition under the applicable limitations.
- (d) The applicant submits a statement that the aircraft has been flown at least 5 hours by the manufacturer
- (e) The aircraft has been supplied with a provisional aircraft flight manual containing the limitations required by sections 9(f), 13, and 14 of this regulation.
- 11. Provisional amendments to type certificate. A provisional amendment to a type certificate will be approved when the manufacturer of the type certificated altreraft shows compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (g) of this section, and an authorized representative of the Administrator finds, on the basis of information submitted to him by the manufacturer in compliance with the provisions of this section and of other relevant information, that there is no feature, characteristic or condition which would render the aircraft unsafe when operated in coverdance with the

limitations established in paragraph (e) of this section, and section 13 and, if applicable, section 14 of this regulation.

- (a) The manufacturer has applied for an amendment to the type certificate.
 (b) The Agency's official flight test pro-
- (b) The Agency's official flight test program with respect to the amendment of the type certificate is in progress.
- (c) The manufacturer certifies that the aircraft has met the provisions of subparagraphs (1) through (3) of this paragraph.
- (1) The modification involved in the amendment to the type certificate has been designed and constructed in accordance with the airworthiness requirements applicable to the issuance of the type certificate for the aircraft;
- (2) The aircraft substantially complies with the applicable flight characteristics requirements for the type certificate;
- (3) The aircraft can be operated safely under the appropriate operating limitations specified in this regulation.
- (d) The manufacturer has submitted a report showing that the alicraft incorporating the modifications involved had been flown in all manufacturers necessary to show compliance with the flight requirements applicable to these modifications and to establish that the alicraft can be operated safely in accordance with the limitations specified in this regulation.
- (e) The manufacturer has established, in a provisional sicraft light manual or other document and appropriate placards, limitations with respect to weights, speeds, flight manucurers, loading, operation of controls and equipment, and all other relevant factors. The limitations shall include all the limitations required for the issuance of a type certificate for the aircraft: Provided, That where such limitations have not been established, appropriate restrictions on the operation of the aircraft shall be established.
- (f) The manufacturer has established an inspection and maintenance program for the continued airworthiness of the aircraft.
- (g) An alteralt modified in accordance with the corresponding amendment to the type certificate has been flown by the manufacturer for the number of hours found necessary by the authorized representative of the Administrator, such flights having been conducted pursuant to the authority of an experimental certificate insued under Part 1 of the Civil Air Regulations.
- 12. Provisional airporthiness certificates corresponding with provisional amendment to type certificate. A Class I or a Class II provisional altworthiness certificate, as sportfied in section 2 of this regulation, will be issued for an aircraft for which a provisional amendment to the type certificate has been issued, when the applicant shows compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) turough (e) of this section, and an authorized representative of the Administrator

finds that there is no feature, characteristic. or condition of the aircraft, as modified in accordance with the providenally amended type certificate, which would render the aircraft unsale when operated in accordance with the limitations established in sections 11(e) and 13 and, if applicable, section 14 of this regulation.

(a) The applicant submits evidence that approval has been obtained for the relevant provisional amendment to the type certificate for the aircraft.

- (b) The applicant submits evidence that the modification to the aircraft was accomplished under a quality control system adequate to ensure that the modification conforms to the provisionally amended type certificate.
- (c) The applicant submits a statement that the aircraft has been found by him to be in a care operating condition under the applicable (imitations.

(d) The applicant submits a statement that the aircraft has been flown at least 5 hours by the manufacturer.

(e) The aircraft has been supplied with a provisional aircraft flight manual or other document and appropriate placards contain-ing the limitations required by sections life) and 13 and, if applicable, section 14 of this regulation.

OPERATING LIMITATIONS

- 13. Operation of provishmally certificated aircraft. An aircraft for which a provisional airworthiness certificate has been issued shall be operated only by a person eligible to apply for a provisional airworthiness certifiin accordance with section 2 of this regulation. Operations shall be in compliance with paragraphs (a) through (j) of this section.
- (a) The aircraft shall not be operated in air transportation unless so authorized in a particular case by the Director, Bureau of Flight Standards.
- (b) Operations shall be restricted to the United States, its Territories and possessions.
- (c) The aircraft shall be limited to the types of operations listed in subparsgraphs through (7) of this paragraph.
- (1) Flights conducted by the aircraft or engine manufacturer in direct conjunction with the type or supplemental type certification of the aircraft;
- (2) Training of flight crews, including simulated air carrier operations;
 (3) Demonstration flights conducted by
- the manufacturer for prospective purchasers; (4) Market surveys by the manufacturer,
- (5) Flight checking of instruments, accessories, and equipment, the functioning of which does not adversely affect the basic airworthiness of the aircraft;
 (6) Service testing of the aircraft;
 (7) Such additional operations as may be
- specifically authorized by the authorized

representative of the Administrator.

- (d) All operations shall be conducted within the prescribed limitations displayed in the aircraft or set forth in the provisional sircraft flight manual or other document containing the limitations for the safe operation of the aircraft: Provided, That operations conducted in direct conjunction with the type or supplemental type certification of the aircraft shall be subject to the experimental aircraft limitations of § 1.74 of l of the Civil Air Regulations, and all "flight tests" as defined in \$60.60 of the Civil Air Regulations shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of § 60.24 of that
- (e) The operator shall establish procedures for the use and guidance of flight and ground personnel in the conduct of opera-tions under this section. Specific procedures shall be established for operations from and into airports where the runways require takeoffs or approaches over populated areas. All procedures shall be approved by an authorized representative of the Administrator. All operations shall be conducted in accord-
- All operations shall be conducted in accordance with such approved procedures.

 (1) The operator shall ensure that each flight crewmember is properly certificated and possesses adequate knowledge of, and familiarity with, the aircraft and the procedures to be used by him.
- (g) The alreraft shall be maintained in accordance with applicable Civil Air Regulations, with the inspection and maintenance program established in accordance with this regulation, and with any special inspections and maintenance conditions prescribed by an authorized representative of the Administrator.
- (b) No aircraft shall be operated under authority of a provisional airworthiness certificate if the manufacturer or the authorleed representative of the Administrator determines that a change in design, construction, or operation is necessary to ensure sale operation, until such change is made and approved by the authorized representative of the Administrator. Section 1.24 of Part 1 of the Civil Air Regulations shall be applicable to operations under this section.
- (i) Only those persons who have a bona ie interest in the operations permitted under this section or who are specifically authorized by both the manufacturer and the authorized representative of the Administrator may be carried in provisionally certificated aircraft: Provided, That they have been advised by the operator of the provisional certification status of the aircraft.
- (i) The authorized representative of the Administrator may prescribe such additional limitations or procedures as he finds necessary. This shall include limitations on the number of persons who may be carried aboard the aircraft.
 - 14. Additional limitations to operations by

air carriers. In addition to the limitations in section 13 of this regulation, operations by air carriers shall be subject to the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (d) of this

(a) In addition to crewmembers, the aircraft may carry only those persons who are listed in § 40.356(c) of Part 40 of the Civil Air Regulations or who are specifically authorized by both the air carrier and the authorized representative of the Administrator.

(b) The air carrier shall maintain current These records for each flight crewmember. records shall include such information as is necessary to show that each flight crewmember is properly trained and qualified to perform his assigned duties.

(c) The appropriate instructor, supervisor, or check airman shall certify to the pro-ficiency of each flight crewmember and such certification shall become a part of the flight crewmember's record.

(d) A log of all flights conducted under this regulation, and accurate and complete records of inspections made and maintenance accomplished, shall be kept by the air carrier and made available to the manu-facturer and to an authorized representative of the Administrator.

15. Other operations. The Director, Eureau of Flight Standards, may credit toward the aircraft proving test requirements of the applicable air carrier regulations such opera-tions conducted pursuant to this special regulation as he finds have met the applicable aircraft proving test requirements: Provided, That he also finds that there is no significant difference between the provisionally certificated aircraft and the aircraft for which application is made for operation pursuant to an air carrier operating certificate

CERTIFICATES ISSUED UNDER SR-425A AND SR-425B

16. Duration. Currently valid provisional type and airworthiness certificates issued in accordance with Special Civil Air Regula-tions Nos. SR-425A and SR-425B shall remain in effect for the durations and under the conditions prescribed in those regula-

This special regulation supersedes Special Civil Air Regulation No. SR-425B and shall terminate on June 50, 1963, unless sooner superseded, rescinded, or otherwise terminated.

(Secs. 313(a), 601, 608, 608, 609, 72 Stat. 762, 765, 776, 779; 49 U.S.C. 1354, 1421, 1423, 1428, 1429)

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N. E. HALABY. Administrator.

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