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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA CIVIL AFRONAUTICS BOARD WASHINGTON, D. C.

Effective: October 27, 1952 Adopted: October 27, 1952

## SPECIAL CIVIL AIR REGULATION

EMERGENCY EXITS FOR AIRPLANES CARRYING PASSANGERS FOR HIRE

Special Civil Air Regulation SR-387 effective October 27, 1952, contained inadvertent errors in the table with respect to the number of exits authorized by the Civil Aeronautics Administration for passenger use. These errors are being corrected in this Special Civil Air Regulation. Accordingly, the CV-240, CV-340, and M-202 which were listed in SR-387 with seven approved exits are listed herein with six exits, and the M-404 which was listed in SR-387 with eight approved exits is listed herein with seven exits.

Civil Air Regulations Amendment 4b-4, effective December 20, 1951, prescribes emergency exit provisions for new type transport category airplanes. The amendment was not made applicable to airplane types currently in operation. Nevertheless the Board considers that more stringent rules should apply to all large airplanes carrying passengers for hire. A study of current type airplanes indicates that in some instances the exit facilities have become marginal for the number of occupants carried and that further increases in occupancy must be more strictly related to the number of exits available. The study further reveals that even in some of the airplane types which are not considered marginal in this respect further increases in occupancy should not be permitted without the installation of additional exits.

The regulation herein adopted requires on all large airplanes (above 12,500 pounds maximum certificated take-off weight) compliance with either \$ 4b.362 (a), (b), and (c) of Part 4b of the Civil Air Regulations as amended by Amendment 4b-4, effective December 20, 1951, or with the listed values of maximum number of occupants, except that the listed values can be adjusted for the number of exits installed in the ratio of not more than eight additional occupants for each additional exit. The type, size, and location of such additional exits are being made dependent upon the presently installed exit facilities on the individual airplane types. The listed values of maximum number of occupants and the corresponding number of exits reflect in most instances the arrangement presently approved. In a few cases, upward adjustments from the presently approved arrangement have been made where the number of exits so warrants.

Special Civil Air Regulation SR-387 is hereby superseded. It is, however, set out in its entirety in this regulation, including the reasons for its adoption, so that all pertinent information may be available in one document. Since the errors being corrected by this regulation are minor in nature and impose no additional burden on any person, notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary, and the regulation may be made effective without prior notice.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby makes and promulgates the following Special Civil Air Regulation, effective October 27, 1952:

Contrary provisions of the Civil Air Regulations not ithstanding, no large airplane (above 12,500 pounds maximum certificated take-off weight) while carrying passengers for hire shall be operated with occupants in excess of the number permitted by applying the provisions of 8 40.362 (a), (b), and (c) of Part 4b of the Civil Air Regulations as amended by Amendment 40-4, effective December 20, 1951, except that airplane types listed in the following table may be operated with the listed maximum number of occupants (including all crew members) and the listed corresponding number of exits (including emergency exits and doors) heretofore approved by the Administrator for emergency egress of passengers. Additional occupants above the values listed in the table may be carried if additional exits are provided, except that in no case shall more than eight additional occupants be carried for any one additional exit. The type, size, and location of such additional exits shall be approved by the Administrator. For airplanes which have a ratio of maximum number of occupants to number of exits (as listed in the following table) greater than list and for airplanes which do not have installed at least one full-size door-type exit in the side of the fuschage in the rearrand portion of the cabin, the first additional exit approved by the Administrator for increased occupancy shall be a floor-level exit not less than 24 inches wide by 48 inches high located in the side of the fuselage in the rearward portion of the cabin. In no case shall an occupancy greater than 115 be allowed unless there are two full-size door-type exits in the rearward portion of the cabin, one on each side of the fuselage.

Maximum number	Corresponding number
of occupants	of exits authorized
Airplane type including all crew memb	oers for passenger use
	<del></del>
B-307 61	
В-377	
C-46	
CV-240 53	
CV-340 53	
DC-3	
DG-3 (Super)	
DC-4	
DC-6	
DC-6B*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	3
L-049, L-649, L-749	
L-1049	. <b></b> 9
M-202 53	6
M-404	7

\* The DC-6A, if converted to a passenger transport configuration, will be governed by the maximum number applicable to the DC-6B.

(Sec. 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984; 49 U.S.C. 425 (a). Interpret or apply secs. 601, 603, 604, 52 Stat. 1007, 1009, 1010; 49 U.S.C. 551, 553, 554; 62 Stat. 1216)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board:

/s/ M. C. Mulligan

M. C. Mulligan Secretary

(SLAL)