Motor vehicle crashes are a leading cause of death in the United States.

According to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, the number of people who died in crashes across the country decreased from 37,423 in 2008 to 33,808 in 2009. In addition, the number of people injured declined for the ninth year in a row to just over 2.2 million. Even in light of these reductions, motor vehicle crashes remain a significant problem. To improve safety, a coordinated response is needed from all levels and branches of government – Federal agencies, State legislatures, city and county councils, and local agencies. A coordinated response should result in increased safety funding, more effective safety laws, and enhanced education, enforcement, engineering, and emergency response efforts targeting critical safety issues. As part of the overall strategy to reduce fatalities and serious injuries, Oregon has an approved Transportation Safety Action Plan (TSAP), which identifies the following key safety emphasis areas: rural non-signalized intersection crashes, high speed signalized intersection crashes, lane departure crashes, and pedestrian crashes. To obtain a copy of the TSAP, contact the State DOT or FHWA Division Office Safety Specialist.

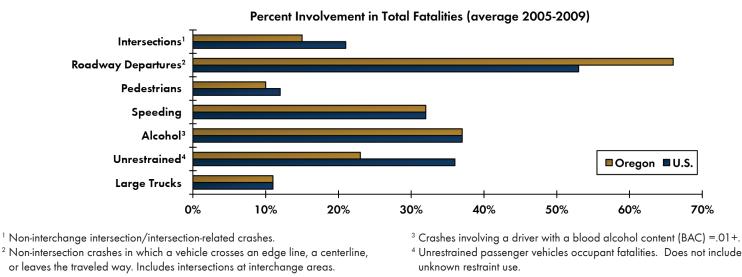
Fatality Trends

Indicators	OR	U.S.	
Total Fatalities			
2009	377	33,808	$\frac{32}{10}$ $\frac{400}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$
Average: 2000-2009	456	41,157	
Fatality Rate (per 100M VMT)			
2009	1.11	1.14	
Average: 2000-2009	1.31	1.41	0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + 0.0 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009
			Oregon Rate U.S. Rate –– Oregon Fatalities

Fatality rate is calculated based on State fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (VMT). Total fatalities are taken from the Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS): www.nhtsa.gov/FARS

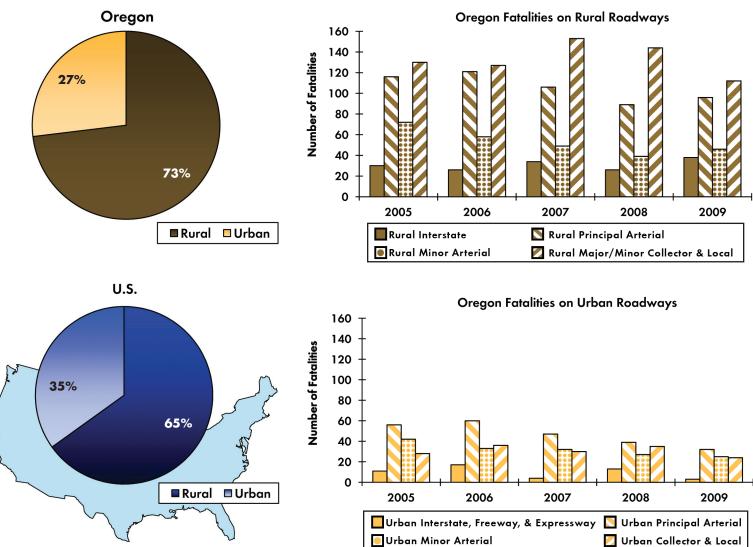
Safety Focus Areas

This chart represents national safety focus areas and their corresponding percentages of total crash fatalities in the State and in the Nation. More than one of these focus areas may be involved as contributing factors in a single crash.



Source: Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) 2000-2008 Final & 2009 Annual Report File (ARF).





For the purposes of this document, the terms urban and rural are based on the definition published in the American National Standard (ANSI D16.1-1996).

For More Information

The Transportation Safety Planning Working Group: tsp.trb.org

Fatality Analysis Reporting System: www.nhtsa.gov/FARS

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration: www.nhtsa.dot.gov

Federal Highway Administration Division Office Contacts: www.fhwa.dot.gov/field.html

Federal Highway Administration, Office of Planning: www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/index.htm

Federal Highway Administration, Office of Safety: safety.fhwa.dot.gov

Federal Highway Administration Resource Center: www.fhwa.dot.gov/resourcecenter/misc/techassist.cfm

Contacts

Safety Specialist or Planning Team Leader FHWA, Oregon Division 530 Center St, NE, Suite 100 Salem, OR 97301 (503) 399-5749 Jennifer Warren Transportation Specialist FHWA, Office of Safety, E71-113 1200 New Jersey Ave, SE Washington, DC 20590 (202) 366-2157 Fax (202) 366-3222 Jennifer.Warren@dot.gov Rae Keasler Transportation Planner FHWA, Office of Planning, E72-109 1200 New Jersey Ave, SE Washington, DC 20590 (202) 366-0329 Fax (202) 493-2198 Rae.Keasler@dot.gov Safety and Design or Planning Team FHWA Resource Center One Prairie Office Center 4749 Lincoln Mall Drive, Suite 600 Matteson, IL 60443 Phone: (708) 283-3500 Fax: (708) 283-3501