July 9, 1915.

In re Investigation of Accident on the Seaboard Air Line Rallway near Alton, Ala., on June 9, 1915.

On June 9, 1915, there was a derailment of a passenger train on the Seaboard air Line Seilway near Alton, Ala., resulting in the death of 3 employees and the injury of 9 passengers. After investigation of this accident the Chief of the Division of Safety reports as follows:

Westbound rassenger train No. 5, consisting of locomotive 94, I coach, I dining car, 2 sleeping cars, and I observation car, was an route from New York, N. Y., to Birmingham, Als., and was in charge of Conductor Carter and Enginees a Brooks. This train left Atlanta, Ga., at 6.31 p.m., 41 minutes late, passed Sellington, the last telegraph station east of the point of der ilment, and 55.2 miles distant therefrom, at 3.52 p.m., 23 minutes late, and was derailed at 10.20 p.m. at a point about 1.5 miles sept of alternation running at a speed of about 40 miles per hour.

The entire train to ser lead at a point 660 feet west of mile point No. 727. Lead-ative 34 turned over on its left side, care to rest 260 feet beyong the point of derailment, and was considerably damaged. The tender broke loose and came to rest on the right hand side of the locomotive with the tank reversed. The principal damage on the circumstate with the trucks and air brake equipment. The road forement of engines, who was riding in the locomotive, the engines n, and firemen were killed. The weather at the time was clear.

This part of the Seaboard Air Line is a single-track line, operated by train orders and time-table rights. The track is laid with 75-pound steel rolls, 33 feet in length, with about 13 thes under each rail, and ballasted with about 18 inches of slab, all of which is in good condition. At the point of dereilment the track is laid on a 9-foot fill with a grade of 1° rescending for pastbound trains. The track in this vicinity runs through a rugged and rough section of the country and is made up of a series of curves, cuts, and fills. Approaching the point of dereilment from the east there is a 6-degree curve leading toward the left, 950 feet in length, then a typent 295 feet in length, then a 6-degree curve leading toward the right, 900 feet in length, then a 6-degree curve 1930 feet in length, followed by 3 3-degree curve 18 ding toward the left. It was on this letter curve that the derailment occurred.

It was come that one of the rails on the left hand side of the trock was out of place and lying about 14 inches in toward the center of the track, without any marks on it to indicate that it has seen atruck by train 80.5. At this same woint reversl sikes, bolts, buts, and a fishplate were found which had been revoved from this rail, the marks on the heads of the spikes indicating that they had been recently pulled, while marks on the sides. Furthermore, at this same point, the first three that seat of the initial point of derailment were cut and marks of the wheels of train No. 5 at the place where the rail

in question would have been lying had it been in its proper place in the track. In clearing away the wreckage, a clawbar and track wrath were found about 100 yards from the scene of the accident, these, no doubt, being the instruments used in removing the rail.

This accident was clused by one of the rails having been removed from its place in the track with malicious intent. The wheel marks on the ties, and the fact that the rail which was found near the center of the track was not damaged and showed no wheel marks, is convincing evidence that this rail was not in place when train No. 5 reached the point of derail-went.

The next day after the accident, three sen were arrested and charged with arecking train To. 5 by removing a rail from the truct. Two of these men have confessed, implicating the third men, and all three are not being held for trial on this charge.