March 11, 1913.

In re nvestigation of Accident on the Grand Trunk Railway at Nov Havenk Mich., on January 16, 1915.

On January 16, 1915, there was a head-end collision on the Grank Truck Mailway at New Haven, Mich., resulting in the death of 2 employees, and the injury of 20 passengers and 4 employees.

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Wostbound freight train extra 1426 consisted of 11 loaded evrs. 32 empty ours and a cuboose, hauled by engine No. 1426, and was in charge of Conductor Bazon on ! Engineeran Britton. It left Fort Huron, Mich., at 1:05 p.m. for Detroit, Mich. Extra 1426 arrived at Mey Haven. 25.19 miles from Port Muron, at 3:06 p.m., and after use ing so eral trains, loft there at 4:33 p.c., with 39 minutes to reach Chesterri. 1:, a distance of 5.61 miles, in all a to clear massoneer train No. 10 five minutes as rowing, by the rules. It recented only a abort distance den it at lieu. It was to a backed into the passing brock at Now Bavon, and En drac in Britann informed the conductor that e would ave to resumn to Alcia and for water. Conductor Haren went for orders no received an arder to flan on train No. 10 to Rectmond. He gave is to the rear branchin to deliver to the engineers, telling him to 8 7 to the engineers that he (the enductor) rould to the flaggin. Engine No. 1426 one then out fr from the train, being at this time about one-half mile east of the west passing track s itch, and engineran Britton proceeded west with his ongine intoning to sto on the passing track near the switch, cluar of the main tra k. Estimate: as to the speed of engine No. 1426 on its nair-alle run to the cattle varied from 4 to 12 miles per hour. The first intication the enjineman bad that he was meaning the one of the paveing truck was when the engine struck the curve of the saitch leading to the each track. Before the engine could be eta, at the head trucks and forward driving wheels had run through the saitch coints, fouling the pain track. Brakenen All n got off the engine, unlocked the switch and tried to pull the switch points over so that the online could back into clear, but were unable to do so. He started to be around the front end of the engine and as he ill e saw the feedlight of train No. 10. He run to make it. sign ling the ongineran or that train with his white light. He stated that he has gone a distance of one telegraph pole when the engine of train No. 10 paraod him, colliding with engine N . 1426.

Eastbound passenger train No. 10 consisted of 1 baggage our and 1 couch, bauled by engine No. 2085, and was in charge of Conductor Narris and Engineeum Cochrone. Thus train left Detroit, Mich., at 4:20 p.m. for Port Baron, Mich., and passed Chesterfiel., Mich., the last telegraph station our of the point of accident, at 5:28 p.m., and r n the distance of nearly 5 miles between Chesterfield and the cint of collision in about 5 minutes, collising with pagine No.

1426 of about 5:30 p.m., while running at a speed of about 40 miles per bour.

Both ongines, as well as the two ours in train No. 10 were derailed, but remained upright on the roadbed. The force of the collision pushed the tender of engine No. 2265 into the cab, crushing it against the boiler-hoad and firebox, badly demoging both engine and tender. Engine No. 1426 was considerably damaged, while the baggage our an ocach of train No. 10 were slightly damaged.

This division of the Grand Trunk Railway is a single-truck line, straight for several miles in each direction, and nearly level. No block signals are a use, trains being operated by train orders and time-eard scholules. At the time of the accident it was nearly dark, and the weather was foggy and misty.

Engineers Britten of engine No. 1426 has been in the employ of this railroad about F years and had been an engineers since November J. 1912. He stated that he had been ever this line but ence before as an engineers and a very few times as a first an, and was not familiar with it. The brakes were working properly, but the engine was lacking backy. Water was taken at Richard, yet hen the train stalled near New Haven about two hours later, it was necessary to go for water, although the train had only run a distance of about Y miles. He stated that be intended to whit on the passing track near the switch until train No. 10 passed. The switch light was burning very dimly and on account of being unfamiliar with that part of the line he did not realize that he was so near the twoin track. When he reached the curve leading to the main track to make a service application of the brakes, and later an emergency of lightion who caused the drivers to slide, the lead tracks passing to the switch points.

Fireman Elkington stated 3 Not were his origine reached the curve leading to the cain to or he had just returned to the cab from covering the headlight. We then looked out and saw the headlight of train No. 10. He so off on the engineman' side iighted a fuseo an start. As I to flag the approaching train. The engineman of train No. 10 inserved his signals, but it was too late to avoid the collision. He stated that after the accident Engineman Britton tol. The that he could not see the switch light until too late to say is engine.

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Her. Brakeman Allen at its that he out the engine of from the train at N. w ii ven in rode on the rear of the tender as the engine proceeded to and the assung track switch. When it stop od he wilked around in front of the engine and then saw the Loudlight of train No. 10 approaching. He flagged the train with his white lantern and his sign I was ans rod by the engineers. He did not think a minute charsel but can the time his engine and through the switch and the time has train No. 10 come into view. The

switch light coul: be seen only a distance of about two car lengths.

Conductor Marris of train No. 10 stated that he falt the br kee being applied in emergency and heard his engineman sound two short blacks on the whistle immediately before the collision. After the accident he asked the engineman of engine No. 1426 what he was doing on the main line and he replied that to got out there before he knew it.

Brakeman Handon of train No. 10 stated that when the train stopped the fireman of engine No. 1426 with a burning fuses was on the right size of the trick just opposite the baggage our door.

The records of all the employees involved were good and they ere a naidered reliable men.

Engineman B 1 ton was 24 years of ago. He had been employed nearly 5 years with is company and been been an engineera since Movember 7, 1912. This trip was its second trip on this division since his remainder of the time having been spent in yard pervice.

Firemen Etkington had been employed on the Grand Trunk Railway as a firemen alone Cotober 30, 1912, previous to which he lad worked one year and eight souths on emother rullway. While is had not made all of his trips over this division, he considered that he was very well as mainted with the road.

How Brakeren Allen had been employed on the Grand Trunk Raliway -ince about October 10, 1912. This was his first help over this division. He at had covered years previous experience on other railroads.

The ore of extra 1426 has been on duty 7 hours and 13 minutes at the cime of the accident, and had had more than 12 hours' rest prior to going on duty.

This accident was caused by engine No. 1426 occupying the cain track on the thee of a superior train, for which the engineers is directly responsible. On account of his unfamiliarity with the roas and especially in view of the slippery condition if the reils, and of the fog which obscured his victor, any proper regard for a fety would have required that he use extreme caution in order to avoid running through the switch.

On many rullroads where passing track switches connect such passing tracks with main line tracks, devailing devices are installed for the prevention of such accidents as the one here under consideration, and had such a derailing device been installed and in operation on this passing track, the enine would raye been derailed but the collision would have been everted.

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