## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# **Development of a Rock Strength** Database

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## June 2018

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## **DEVELOPMENT OF A ROCK STRENGTH DATABASE**

### **FINAL REPORT**

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## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Rock strength and elastic behavior are important for foundations, such as spread footings resting on rock and drilled shafts socketed into rock. In addition to traditional rock quality information, stiffness (Young's modulus) and failure parameters (uniaxial compressive strength and friction angle) are helpful for design. The Minnesota Department of Transportation (MnDOT) has previously used a low-force load frame for routine rock testing, but this apparatus does not have sufficient capacity for testing hard rock.

This report provides a comprehensive suite of results from uniaxial compression tests (134 specimens) and triaxial compression tests (33 specimens) on a wide variety of rock, including hard rock, which frequently is of interest for high-capacity foundation systems. Thus, an economic benefit is realized if the strength of the rock is measured, as opposed to correlated with an index parameter, due to the potential to reduce foundation size and construction time. Information from the testing was used to expand the MnDOT database of rock properties and allow for improved designs based on accurate measurements of Young's modulus, uniaxial compressive strength, and friction angle.

## **CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION**

#### **1.1 MOTIVATION**

Understanding the failure response of rock to various stress states is of fundamental importance in a number of applications in geoengineering. For example, in foundation design or the excavation of a tunnel, an evaluation of strength is needed to prevent or promote failure, and a greater understanding of rock failure can lead to safer designs and improve constructability.

Failure criteria have been widely studied for rock (Jaeger and Cook 1979) by testing a right circular cylinder subjected to uniaxial compression or conventional triaxial compression (Figure 1.1). The results are typically analyzed using the Mohr-Coulomb failure criterion, which is depicted in Figure 1.2a using the principal stress plane  $\sigma_1$ ,  $\sigma_{III}$  (compression positive). The failure surface has slope *N* and intercept  $C_0$  = uniaxial compressive strength on the  $\sigma_1$  – axis; the intersection of the failure surface with the hydrostatic axis is denoted  $V_0$ , the theoretical isotropic tensile strength. The uniaxial tensile strength  $T_0$  predicted from Mohr-Coulomb is not measured in experiments and a tension cut-off is often implemented. The Mohr-Coulomb failure criterion on a Mohr diagram is shown in Figure 1.2b, where the parameters  $V_0$ ,  $T_0$ , and T = uniaxial tensile strength are indicated; the intercept on the shear stress axis is c and the slope is  $tan \phi$ , where c = cohesion and  $\phi$  = friction angle are material parameters related to  $C_0$  and N. The circle with principal stresses – $\sigma_{III}$  = T and  $\sigma_1 = \sigma^*$  forms the tension cut-off part of the failure envelope.



Figure 1.1 Axisymmetric stress state in conventional triaxial testing.



Figure 1.2 (a) Mohr-Coulomb (MC) failure surface with tension cut-off on principal stress plane, major stress =  $\sigma_{ll}$ and minor stress =  $\sigma_{lll}$ . (b) Mohr-Coulomb (MC) failure surface with tension cut-off on the Mohr plane, shear stress =  $\tau$  and normal stress =  $\sigma$ .

#### **1.2 OBJECTIVE**

The main focus of this work is to determine the strength and stiffness parameters of rock associated with transportation projects in Minnesota. Uniaxial and triaxial compression tests were performed on rock provided by the Minnesota Department of Transportation (MnDOT). Rock strength and stiffness relations were determined for various projects related to the rock formations. Test data were added to the geology/rock database, where data are aggregated to improve the general understanding of Minnesota geology and rock behavior.

#### **CHAPTER 2: BACKGROUND**

#### **2.1 STRESS INVARIANTS**

Using a Cartesian coordinate system, the Cauchy stress tensor  $\sigma_{ij}$  gives the state of stress in terms of normal stresses (i = j) and shear stresses ( $i \neq j$ ) acting on an element (compression positive):

	$\sigma_{xx}$	$\sigma_{_{xy}}$	$\sigma_{\scriptscriptstyle xz}$
$\sigma_{ij}$ =	$\sigma_{_{yx}}$	$\sigma_{_{yy}}$	$\sigma_{_{yz}}$
	$\sigma_{zx}$	$\sigma_{_{yz}}$	$\sigma_{zz}$

For any given stress state, a coordinate system exists such that no shear stresses act on three perpendicular faces of the element. The three orthogonal axes of this coordinate system ( $x_i, x_{ll}, x_{lll}$ ) are the principal axes, and the three corresponding normal stresses are stress invariants called the major  $\sigma_l$ , intermediate  $\sigma_{ll}$ , and minor  $\sigma_{lll}$  principal stresses ( $\sigma_l \ge \sigma_{lll} \ge \sigma_{lll}$ ).

$$\sigma_{p} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{I} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sigma_{II} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sigma_{III} \end{bmatrix}$$
(2)

Note that  $\sigma_1$ ,  $\sigma_2$ ,  $\sigma_3$  can also represent the principal stresses with no regard to order with six permutations:

 $\sigma_1 \ge \sigma_2 \ge \sigma_3$  (3a)

$$\sigma_1 \ge \sigma_3 \ge \sigma_2 \tag{3b}$$

- $\sigma_2 \ge \sigma_1 \ge \sigma_3 \tag{3c}$
- $\sigma_2 \ge \sigma_3 \ge \sigma_1 \tag{3d}$

$$\sigma_3 \ge \sigma_1 \ge \sigma_2$$
 (3e)

 $\sigma_3 \ge \sigma_2 \ge \sigma_1 \tag{3f}$ 

This coordinate system is useful when constructing a failure surface, *e.g.* Mohr-Coulomb, where a sixsided pyramid appears, as shown in Figure 2.1. The plane normal to the hydrostatic axis is called the  $\pi$ plane, with coordinate axes  $\sigma'_{1}$ ,  $\sigma'_{2}$ ,  $\sigma'_{3}$ .





#### **2.2 FAILURE CRITERIA**

Failure of rock and other geomaterials has been a topic of concern dating back to the classic experiments of Von Karman (1911). Over the years, numerous studies have been conducted to describe failure under various stress states and statistical analyses and fitting methods have been applied (Murrell, 1965; Carter *et al.*, 1991; Pincus, 2000; Pariseau, 2007).

The simplest failure criterion for geomaterials was proposed by Coulomb. Failure occurs when the shear stress  $\tau$  on a plane is equal to the sum of a constant *c* and a pressure-dependent component produced by the normal stress  $\sigma$  on the plane multiplied by  $tan \phi$ :

$$\tau = c + \sigma \tan \varphi$$

(4)

where c = cohesion and  $\phi$  = friction angle. Coulomb's criterion is linear on a Mohr diagram and is usually referred to as the Mohr-Coulomb failure criterion.

The Mohr-Coulomb failure criterion (MC) is a linear failure envelope that is a best fitted line, such that the failure envelope is tangent to the Mohr circles. The failure criterion can be written in terms of the major and minor principal stresses, a parameter N, and the uniaxial compressive strength  $C_0$ :

$$\sigma_I = N\sigma_{III} + C_0$$

$$N = \frac{1 + \sin \phi}{1 - \sin \phi} \tag{6}$$

Note that there is no dependence of the intermediate principal stress. The Mohr-Coulomb criterion is popular, as the friction angle and uniaxial compressive strength can be determined from a few lab tests. MC has been shown to be a reasonable approximation for a limited range of stress states, as typical failure envelopes appear nonlinear with increasing stresses (Figure 2.2).

(5)

A drawback of MC is the overestimation of the uniaxial tensile strength T, often times by greater than an order of magnitude;  $T_0$  is the theoretical uniaxial tensile strength predicted from MC. Paul (1960) suggested including a tension cut-off to improve the accuracy of the prediction, as shown in Figure 1.2 and described by

$$\sigma_{I} = N\sigma_{III} + C_{0} \text{ for } \sigma_{I} > \sigma_{I}^{*}$$

$$-\sigma_{III} = T \text{ for } \sigma_{I} \le \sigma_{I}^{*}$$

$$(8)$$

$$\sigma_{I}^{*} = C_{0} - NT$$

$$(9)$$

Mohr defined a failure criterion that is characterized by a group of Mohr circles described by principal stresses. The family of Mohr circles forms an envelope, where the normal and shear stresses at failure are found by the tangency of the envelope to the Mohr circles (Figure 2.2). Mohr's criterion can be linear or nonlinear. An example of the latter is the parabolic function proposed by Fairhurst (1964):

$$\tau^2 = \left(m - 1\right)^2 T \left(T + \sigma\right) \tag{9}$$

where T = uniaxial tensile strength,  $m = (\eta + 1)^{1/2}$ , and  $\eta = C_0/T$ .



Figure 2.2 Family of Mohr circles with corresponding failure envelope.

## **CHAPTER 3: EXPERIMENTAL TECHNIQUES**

#### **3.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

Tests were performed using the MTS 815 Rock Mechanics Test System load frame (Figure 3.1) with the MTS 286 confining pressure and pore pressure intensifiers with the following components.

- MTS Model 315.04 Load Frame: 4,600 kN (1,000,000 lb) compression, 2,300 kN (500,000 lb) tension, 100 mm (4.0 in.) stroke.
- Test space height with adapter plates: maximum 1160 mm (45.7 in.), minimum 1060 mm (41.7 in.); test space width, 686 mm (27 in.).
- Stiffness = 10.5 GN/m (6.0 x 10<sup>7</sup> lb/in.).
- LVDT stroke and differential pressure transducer for force measurements and syringe pump for volume change measurements.

#### **3.2 EQUIPMENT SET-UP**

Prior to testing rock specimens provided by the Minnesota Department of Transportation, the one million pound load frame was evaluated for system stiffness in axial and lateral displacement/strain measurements. To account for system response, a specimen was fabricated from a hardened aluminum alloy (6061) with the following geometry and material properties.

- Diameter D = 50.0 mm.
- Length L = 100.0 mm.
- Young's modulus E = 69.0 GPa.
- Poisson's ratio v = 0.33.

The response of the specimen can be then determined.

#### 3.2.1 Stroke

During compression testing, the axial displacement measured by the stroke – displacement of the actuator – contains both specimen and machine displacements. To evaluate machine stiffness, the aluminum specimen was tested using the same configuration (platens) that was used to test the rock specimens. Knowing the displacement of the aluminum specimen, system displacement was calculated and this information was used for all other tests. Results from the stroke calibration are presented in Figure 3.2.



Figure 3.1 MTS 815 Rock Mechanics Test System.



Figure 3.2 Calibration results for the one million pound load frame, MTS Model 315.04.

#### 3.2.2 Axial Strain

To measure axial strain, a strain-gage based transducer called an extensometer was used. The axial extensometer measures the axial deformation on opposite sides (diametrically opposed) of the specimen. The axial extensometer consists of two sensor units, which measure the axial displacement over a gage length of 50.0 mm. Two contact points made of hardened steel contact the specimen and are held inplace by a spring assembly. Axial strain is calculated from the displacement measurement and used to determine Young's modulus. Again, the aluminum (6061, E = 69.0 GPa) specimen was used to calibrate the axial extensometer. The setup is shown in Figure 3.3 and results are shown in Figure 3.4. The axial strain is accurately measured with the extensometers, as E = 69.0 GPa was determined.



Figure 3.3 Axial extensometer setup.





#### 3.2.3 Lateral Strain

To measure lateral strain, another type of strain-gage based extensometer was used. The extensometer responds to the change in circumference at the center of the specimen. The circumferential extensometer uses a roller chain placed around the specimen and the extensometer is attached to the ends of the chain. Tension in the chain is provided through a spring assembly. Lateral strain is calculated from this measurement. The aluminum specimen was used to calibrate the circumferential extensometer. The setup is shown in Figure 3.5 and results are shown in Figure 3.6. The initial loading of the specimen shows some additional displacement probably due to adjustment and slip of the chain, but the successive load-unload cycles are repeatable. Some hysteresis was observed due to frictional losses with the chair arrangement.



Figure 3.5 Circumferential extensometer setup.



Figure 3.6 Circumferential extensometer calibration for MTS Model 315.04.

#### **3.3 PREPARATION OF SPECIMENS**

All cores received were organized by elevation and cataloged for testing. Core length dictated which core could be tested under uniaxial and triaxial compression, as the 2:1 length:diameter (L:D) ratio was not strictly enforced; *i.e.* L:D < 2 for a few UCS tests. The specimens were prepared in accordance to ASTM standards: Standard Test Method for Laboratory Determination of Pulse Velocities and Ultrasonic Elastic Constants of Rock, ASTM D2845; Standard Test Method for Unconfined Compressive Strength of Intact Rock Core Specimens, ASTM D2938; Standard Test Method for Elastic Moduli of Intact Rock Core Specimens in Uniaxial Compression, ASTM D3148; Standard Test Method for Triaxial Compressive Strength of Undrained Rock Core Specimens Without Pore Pressure Measurements, ASTM D2664.

Each specimen was cut using a "wet" saw equipped with a 250 mm (10 in.) diamond saw blade (Figure 3.7). To prevent the specimen from breaking during the cutting process, the maximum depth of each cut was approximately one-third the specimen diameter. Once the maximum depth of the cut was achieved, the specimen was rotated and another cut was made; this was repeated until the specimen was cut completely. Each specimen was cut to achieve (i) a length-to-diameter ratio = 2.0 (typically L = 100 mm and D = 50 mm) or (ii) if L < 100m, the maximum ratio from the core.

Specimens were ground using a surface grinder and water with a rust inhibitor as a coolant (Figure 3.6). Each specimen was ground flat within a tolerance of 0.05 mm (0.002 in.) and perpendicular to the axis of the cylinder. A specimen was prepared by first placing it on the magnetic chuck and clamping it to a precision v-block, which ensured that the specimen would be ground perpendicular to the longitudinal axis. A maximum step of 0.0125 mm (0.0005 in.) was used. The cylinder was ground in steps until the entire surface made contact with the grinding wheel; once this occurred, the wheel was lowered by 0.0025 mm (0.0001 in.) and the specimen was reground.

With the one end completed, the specimen was then flipped and the grinding process was repeated. Once both ends of the specimen were ground, the flatness of each end was measured on a surface table with a

dial indicator (Figure 3.8). If the surface tolerance was not within the limits, the specimen was reground. A stearic acid lubricant was used to reduce frictional constraint in the compression tests.





Figure 3.7 (a) Table saw and (b) surface grinder.



Figure 3.8 Core on surface table with dial indicator.

#### **3.4 PROCEDURE FOR UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TESTS**

#### 3.4.1 Specimen Characteristic

Prior to testing, several specimen dimensions were measured to the nearest 0.01 mm (0.0004 in.) using a digital caliper. Diameter was measured in three locations along the length of the specimen and the average was recorded. Length was also measured in three locations and the average length was recorded. Specimen mass was measured to 0.01 g. P-wave velocity was also measured from the P-wave travel time through the length of the specimen; travel time was measured to the nearest 0.1  $\mu$ s and wave velocity was calculated knowing the average specimen length. Finally, stearic acid was applied to reduce friction between the specimen and platens during testing.

#### 3.4.2 Stroke Control

Following accepted standards, uniaxial compression tests were completed within 5-10 min. Loading of the specimen can be controlled using two methods. Stroke control is a method in which the rate of the actuator displacement is controlled; an LVDT measures actuator movement. For hard rock such as the specimens provided from TH 53, the rate was 1-3 microns/s.

#### 3.4.3 Circumferential Control

The second method that can be used to control loading is circumferential displacement control. Using this method, loading is controlled by the rate at which the circumference of the specimen increases. Circumference change is measured using a strain gage based extensometer attached around the center of the specimen. The extensometer measures the circumferential extension. The rate used for the TH 53 rock specimens was 0.2-0.4 microns/s.

In order to perform tests under closed-loop control, tuning of the system is needed. The purpose of tuning is to optimize test performance by minimizing the system error. The extensometer was tuned using specimen #3 (SB-12 184.9-185.2 ft.). During tuning, the specimen prematurely failed under an axial force of approximately 150 kN (axial stress = 74 MPa). No data acquisition was running, so an exact value is not available. Figure 3.9 shows the configuration that was used for tuning and testing.



Figure 3.9 Axial extensometer shown on left and circumferential extensometer on right.

#### **3.4.4 Rock Properties**

Uniaxial compressive strength (UCS) and Young's modulus (E) were determined using the following methods. To calculate UCS, peak load is divided by the original cross sectional area; strictly speaking, the current area at peak load should be used but because the displacements are very small, the original area provides an accurate value. Young's modulus is determined from the slope of the axial stress-strain plot at the range corresponding to 30-50% of the UCS (Figure 3.10). Axial strain is calculated using the axial extensometer or the corrected axial displacement from the stroke. Rock strength parameters, specimen properties, and axial stress-strain plots can be found in Appendix B.



Figure 3.10 Mechanical response of a uniaxially stressed sandstone specimen.

## **CHAPTER 4: UNIAXIAL COMPRESSION TESTING**

#### **4.1 INTRODUCTION**

Rock cores were received from MnDOT from the TH 53 project, which requires relocation of the highway from its existing alignment due to the expiration of a 1960 easement and the subsequent planned expansion of the United Taconite Thunderbird Mine. The cores were cataloged for testing by borehole and depth (Table 4.1). Prior to uniaxial compression tests, specimens were prepared in accordance with accepted standards. Each specimen was wet cut on a wet saw using diamond saw blade. Specimens were cut to a ratio of 2:1 (length:diameter) with a tolerance of 5 mm (0.20 in.). After cutting, cores were wet ground using a surface grinder with an aluminum oxide grinding wheel.

Prior to testing, several specimen dimensions were measured to the nearest 0.01 mm (0.0004 in.) using a digital caliper. Diameter was measured in three locations along the length of the specimen and the average was recorded. Length was also measured in three locations and the average length was recorded. Specimen mass was measured to 0.01 gram. P-wave velocity was also measured from the P-wave travel time through the length of the specimen; travel time was measured to the nearest 0.1 µs and wave velocity was calculated knowing the average specimen length.

Following accepted standards, uniaxial compression tests were completed within 5-10 min. Stroke control was used, where the rate of the actuator displacement is controlled; an LVDT measures actuator movement. For hard rock, such as the specimens provided from TH 53, the rate was 1-3 microns/s. Rock strength parameters and specimen properties for 134 specimens are recorded in Tables 4.2-4.4 in SI units (Tables 4.4-4.6) and the same results in English units (Tables 4.5-4.7). Axial stress-strain plots for each specimen can be found in Appendix B.

-							
Point ID	Unique	Hole	Elevation	CC North	CC East	UTM_N	UTM_E
	Number	Depth		(Y)	(X)		
DBA-01	81523	234	1559.9	197077.9	482606.1	5262630.8	536110.5
DBA-01a	81524	781.6	1558.1	197073.8	482555.3	5262629.5	536095
DBA-02	81526	80	1557.4	.557.4 197065.2 482543.7		5262626.8	536091.5
DBA-03	81528	180	1557.2	197040.4	482551.2	5262619.3	536093.8
DBA-04	81530	120	1558.3	197102.8	482522.3	5262638.2	536084.9
DBA-05A	81533	112	1493.9	196858.1	481370.0	5262561.2	535734.4
DBA-06	81535	252	1488.5	196917.1	481335.4	5262579.1	535723.7
IDH-02	81542	773	1564.6	197155.2	197155.2 482695.5		536137.6
IDH-08	81552	473.3	1611.7	195884.0	484312.9	5262270.8	536633.0
IDH-09	81555	323	1610.7	195666.7	484523.7	5262205.0	536697.7
IDH-10	81557	277	1588.0	196116.9	483871.6	5262340.8	536498.1
IDH-11	81558	417	1597.7	196332.6	483931.4	5262406.6	536515.9
SD-12	79226	237	1317.7	196968.0	481762.9	5262595.5	535853.8
SD-13	79227	228	1317.5	196915.4	481774.5	5262579.5	535857.5
SD-14	79228	237	1316.4	196944.2	481685.5	5262588.1	535830.3

#### Table 4.1 Rock boring metadata and locations

#### 4.2 RESULTS

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
1	SD-12	163.5	163.8	50.63	103.77	2013.29	629.77	3.01	4633	164.1	68.0	
2	SD-12	172.8	173.1	50.83	106.55	2029.22	645.00	2.98	5822	213.2	60.5	
3	SD-12	184.9	185.2	50.92	105.31	2036.42	653.92	3.05	4744	N/A	N/A	specimen failed during tuning of circumferential control
Δ	SD 14	164.2	164 E	E0 E1	101 41	2002 75	690.07	2.25	E122	140.0	94.4	
5	SD-14	104.2	104.5	50.51	101.41	2003.75	720 39	3 33	5671	140.0	85.6	
	00 11	27 110	17 110	50.50	10/1/0	2007.72	720.05	0.00	5071	11010	0010	
6	SD-13	169.8	170.1	50.70	101.45	2018.86	565.31	2.76	4299	110.3	55.4	
7	SD-13	179.0	179.3	50.72	102.78	2020.45	639.25	3.08	4111	111.4	55.6	
8	SD-12	188.3	188.7	50.89	104.49	2034.02	716.25	3.37	4318	88.6	27.8	
0	SD 14	196.2	196 E	E0 29	107 17	1002 /5	672.15	2.15	1971	122.2	16.2	
10	SD-14	180.2	180.3	50.38	107.17	1996.62	620.12	3.06	5071	99.6	45.9	
11	SD-13	183.9	184.2	50.68	100.34	2017.27	627.48	3.10	4216	56.8	20.3	
12	SD-13	190.7	191.0	50.70	108.24	2018.86	669.8	3.07	3838	45.7	15.4	
13	DBA-01-01	36.5	37.2	50.80	103.43	2026.83	682.24	3.25	5472	150.2	60.3	
14		10.6	20.2	E0 40	105.69	2002 17	654 10	2.00	5562	222.6	65.0	
14	DBA-02-01 DBA-02-02	70.8	71.4	50.49	103.08	1976.87	711 31	3.09	4736	189.3	45.5	
16	DBA-02-03	53.1	53.9	50.42	104.38	1996.62	678.39	3.26	4209	99.0	28.1	
17	DBA-03-01	33.1	33.7	50.76	103.95	2023.64	652.26	3.10	4747	89.4	38.6	
18	DBA-03-02	63.5	64.0	50.51	104.17	2003.75	712.57	3.41	4150	207.8	33.3	
19	DBA-03-03	68.1	68.8	50.54	104.08	2006.14	713.18	3.42	4355	223.5	40.0	
20	DBA-03-04	//.5	/8.2	50.34	104.25	1990.29	709.4	3.42	4533	103.5	28.7	
21	DBA-03-06	63.5 95.4	96.0	50.37	104.20	1992.00	654 92	3.18	5393	167.0	57.8	
23	DBA-03-07	102.1	102.8	50.37	103.89	1992.66	623.91	3.01	5556	336.0	69.5	
24	DBA-03-08	126.7	127.2	50.37	104.35	1992.66	631.92	3.04	4876	100.8	26.4	
25	DBA-03-09	158.2	158.9	50.17	103.42	1976.87	650.56	3.18	5530	240.6	50.4	
26	DBA-04-01	65.3	65.8	50.37	103.10	1992.66	719.96	3.50	5181	165.1	49.1	
27	DBA-04-02	74.5	75.4 85.1	50.44	104.64	1998.20	663.04	3.27	4219	130.0	34.4	
20	DBA-04-03	94.9	95.7	50.55	105.95	2006.93	692.77	3.26	5986	183.1	69.5	
30	DBA-04-05	104.4	104.9	50.56	95.11	2007.72	575.55	3.01	4662	128.0	45.0	
31	DBA-05A-01	19.6	20.1	50.59	105.92	2010.11	596.56	2.80	4729	87.2	35.9	
32	DBA-05A-02	40.2	41.0	50.62	103.18	2012.49	675.16	3.25	5159	97.0	36.0	
33	DBA-05A-03	49.2	49.9	50.46	105.10	1999.79	726.64	3.46	54/4	117.8	55.5	
35	DBA-05A-04	61.7	62.2	50.49	102.33	2001.38	617.69	2.97	5440	158.3	49.1	
36	DBA-05A-06	70.0	70.5	50.35	102.93	1991.08	563.41	2.75	4657	102.8	33.7	
37	DBA-05A-07	78.0	78.6	50.37	103.72	1992.66	654.57	3.17	5186	186.7	49.7	
38	DBA-05A-08	100.8	101.5	50.55	101.92	2006.93	664.49	3.25	5096	173.8	50.1	
39	DBA-06-01	29.3	29.9	50.53	105.68	2005.34	659.03	3.11	4782	35.2	8.8	Existing axial fractures
40	DBA-06-02	50.2	50.8	50.59	103.76	2010.11	702.33	3.37	5461	176.3	63.4	
41	DBA-06-03	58.1	58.8	50.50	105.06	2002.96	769.64	3.66	5559	158.6	62.1	
42	DBA-06-04	//.8	/8.5	50.49	104.72	2002.17	611.8	2.92	5454	59.4	29.0	
43	DBA-01a-01	48.0	48.6	50 58	103 77	2009 31	613 85	2 94	5520	128.8	39.6	
				====	105.77	2005.51	010.00	2.54	5520			Specimen fractured during
44	DBA-01a-02	102.8	103.4	50.55	107.58	2006.93	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	preparation
45	DBA-01a-03	156.3	156.8	50.34	101.11	1990.29	554.34	2.75	4956	22.0	10.4	
46	DBA-01a-04	196.9	197.4	50.64	104.78	2014.08	619.05	2.93	5789	102.0	39.9	
47	DBA-01a-05	253.4	254.2	50.70	106.25	2018.86	/49.06	3.49	5682	262.6	56.9 EC 4	
48 49	DBA-01a-06 DBA-01a-07	356.0	356.7	50.57	104.69	2008.52	557 68	2.66	4526	251.0	29.5	
.5	22,1 510 07				10 / 07	2002.17	557.00	2.00	.520			One end intially highly
50	DBA-01a-08	364.2	370.0	50.50	106.89	2002.96	561.00	2.62	5426	40.3	20.3	fractured

#### Table 4.2 Specimen dimensions, mass, density, UCS, and Young's modulus in SI units (specimen 1 – 50)

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
51	DBA-012-09	367.7	368.3	50.44	105 78	1008 20	570.13	2 70	3186	14.0	46	
51	DBA 010 00	270.2	271.0	50.44	102.05	2002.06	622.21	2.70	2712	E6 0	15.0	
52	DBA-01a-10	370.5	373.6	50.50	105.55	2002.30	578.60	2.35	10/12	127.1	25.2	
55	DBA-01a-11	290.0	200.0	50.51	100.74	2003.73	616.26	2.71	2556	E0 1	14.1	
54	DBA-01a-12	365.0	305.5	50.57	104.33	2008.32	010.30 FF1.02	2.54	3550	50.1	21.0	
55	DBA-01a-13	395.0	395.6	50.56	104.11	2007.72	551.93	2.64	4607	55.1	21.9	
50	DBA-01a-14	401.8	402.5	50.57	105.19	2008.52	582.80	2.76	5844	320.1	58.2	
57	DBA-01a-15	452.9	453.8	50.20	105.64	1979.23	/51.1/	3.59	5649	53.8	14.9	
58	DBA-01a-16	490.4	491.3	49.46	105.84	1921.31	603.21	2.97	5266	179.0	53.2	
59	DBA-01a-17	549.3	550.1	50.49	104.88	2002.17	699.02	3.33	5434	123.0	45.1	
60	DBA-01a-18	600.6	601.4	50.17	105.46	1976.87	709.95	3.41	5992	221.2	63.1	
61	DBA-01a-19	651.8	652.4	50.19	106.28	1978.45	662.10	3.15	5594	178.0	56.9	
62	DBA-01a-20	703.2	703.9	50.37	105.56	1992.66	597.42	2.84	5441	150.1	50.7	
63	DBA-01a-21	755.0	755.8	50.59	105.28	2010.11	594.37	2.81	5013	167.5	54.2	
64	DBA-06-05	108.0	108.6	50.49	105.73	2002.17	630.08	2.98	4387	73.3	18.5	
65	DBA-06-06	151.6	152.4	50.17	105.60	1976.87	706.53	3.38	5708	266.9	76.4	
66	DBA-06-07	187.6	188.2	50.48	103.74	2001.38	643.89	3.10	5460	303.2	83.5	
67	DBA-06-08	248.0	248.7	50.50	104.90	2002.96	632.19	3.01	5828	355.2	77.3	ļ
68	IDH-02-01	248.2	249.0	50.55	104.69	2006.93	657.64	3.13	5598	229.8	58.8	
69	IDH-02-02	293.4	294.4	50.61	104.80	2011.70	631.06	2.99	5402	102.3	38.4	
70	IDH-02-03	346.8	347.6	50.59	105.97	2010.11	591.70	2.78	4839	98.8	40.3	
71	IDH-02-04	361.9	362.5	50.56	105.23	2007.72	635.51	3.01	4176	22.7	9.2	Chip missing from end of specimen
72	IDH-02-05	373.5	374.2	50.55	104.03	2006.93	634.10	3.04	4112	102.0	25.0	
73	IDH-02-06	408.0	408.8	50.12	105.66	1972.93	611.47	2.93	5363	226.2	58.1	
74	IDH-08-01	96.0	97.0	50.53	104.10	2005.34	557.11	2.67	5816	103.2	40.2	Core sample in poor
75	IDH-08-02	222.6	223.2	50 58	105 19	2009 31	726.40	3 44	5340	62.1	27.2	condition
76	IDH-08-04	167.0	167.6	50.50	104.95	2005.51	702.40	3.44	6102	228.7	65.6	
77	IDH-08-05	321.7	322.2	49.98	103.76	1961.92	662.13	3.25	5670	379.1	79.0	
78	IDH-08-06	378.1	378.7	50.50	104 47	2003 75	576.12	2 75	5470	158.2	51.3	
70	IDH-08-07	418 5	419.0	50.51	104.47	2005.75	618.62	2.75	5557	126.6	47.7	
	1511 00 07	12010	12510	50.55	10	2000.00	010.02	2.55	5557	12010		
80	IDH-09-01	161.2	161.8	50.29	104.24	1986.34	654.10	3.16	4964	92.2	34.4	
81	IDH-09-02	286.1	286.6	50.55	104 90	2006.93	656.25	3 12	5550	170.1	51.2	
82	IDH-09-03	247.0	247.8	50.70	104.97	2018.86	624.99	2.95	5768	107.5	43.0	
	1011 00 04	127.0	120.2	50.40	00.40	4074.20	476.00	2 70	4440		40.0	Core in poor condition resulting
83	IDH-09-04	137.8	138.2	50.10	89.40	1971.36	476.39	2.70	4448	49.3	18.9	in spec. length
84	IDH-09-05	191.7	192.2	50.28	105.61	1985.55	692.74	3.30	5102	125.2	46.7	
85	IDH-09-06	96.1	96.7	50.48	104.34	2001.38	607.59	2.91	4992	137.3	51.1	
86	IDH-09-07	41.9	42.4	50.70	104.81	2018.86	699.23	3.30	5347	369.0	67.2	
87	IDH-02-07	436.0	437.1	50.53	104.87	2005.34	732.08	3.48	6062	185.6	27.3	
88	IDH-02-08	464.0	464.7	50.55	104.59	2006.93	639.55	3.05	5534	170.0	24.3	
89	IDH-02-09	489.3	490.2	50.54	104.11	2006.14	597.19	2.86	5628	161.8	25.0	
90	IDH-02-10	568.4	569.2	50.74	104.67	2022.04	786.74	3.72	4961	109.3	21.9	
91	IDH-02-11	634.5	635.1	50.58	104.05	2009.31	593.29	2.84	5100	65.4	14.5	
92	IDH-02-12	708.5	709.1	50.37	105.46	1992.66	652.87	3.11	5353	41.6	10.3	Ends visibly fractured prior to
02	1011 02 12	764.0	764.0	50.50	104.00	2002.00	EC1 22	2.00	FFCC	07.0	47.7	testing
93	1011-02-13	704.0	/04.ð	50.50	104.09	2002.90	201.23	2.09	3000	97.0	1/./	l
04		244.2	245.0	50.56	104 69	2007 72	615.6	2.02	E424	204.0	26.2	
94	IDH-10-01	244.2	245.0	50.50	104.00	2007.72	613.0	2.95	5424	204.0	20.5	
33	1011-10-02	233.0	234.7	30.32	105.01	1900.71	033.30	5.05	5504	87.0	12.0	
06	IDH 11.01	FC 2	56.0	50.22	105 44	1000 71	60F 04	2.00	5600	100 F	22.2	
90	IDH-11-01	50.2	50.9	50.52	105.44	1966.71	005.94	2.69	2099	190.5	25.2	Specimen freetured during
97	IDH-11-02	135.1	135.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	preparation
98	IDH-11-03	196.7	197.5	50.34	104.9	1990.29	640.23	3.07	5960	215.4	28.1	
99	IDH-11-04	212.1	212.9	50.36	103.98	1991.87	655.19	3.16	5908	223.8	28.4	
100	IDH-11-05	232.9	233.8	50.44	103.99	1998.20	659.07	3.17	5445	135.5	21.2	
101	IDH-11-06	240.6	241.5	50.60	105.51	2010.90	671.20	3.16	5024	41.9	8.5	
102	IDH-11-07	248.0	248.7	50.36	104.41	1991.87	687.06	3.30	4350	78.8	13.7	
103	IDH-11-08	275.3	276.3	50.53	105.40	2005.34	711.85	3.37	4925	81.8	15.5	
104	IDH-11-09	292.1	292.1	50.21	104.73	1980.02	611.00	2.95	4173	95.3	14.1	
105	IDH-11-10	358.8	359.5	50.44	105.18	1998.20	623.78	2.97	5507	132.9	21.6	
106	IDH-11-11	412.6	413.2	50.45	105.17	1999.00	574.14	2.73	4759	139.9	21.4	
107	IDH-11-12	224.0	224.9	50.5	106.27	2002.96	683.77	3.21	5623	168.4	20.5	1

#### Table 4.3 Specimen dimensions, mass, density, UCS, and Young's modulus in SI units (specimen 51-107)

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
108	DBA-07-01	22.2	23.0	50.27	102.07	1984.76	602.92	2.98	4619	109.1	14.5	
109	DBA-07-02	27.6	28.3	50.34	101.07	1990.29	605.17	3.01	5183	102.0	18.2	
110	DBA-07-03	46.9	47.4	50.47	100.62	2000.58	569.39	2.83	6845	144.9	26.3	
111	DBA-07-04	59.8	60.4	50.5	101.08	2002.96	587.31	2.90	6357	255.7	29.3	
112	DBA-08-01	32.3	32.8	50.45	102.56	1999.00	569.53	2.78	1906	57.8	3.6	
113	DBA-08-02	40.9	41.5	50.55	101.45	2006.93	565.44	2.78	7246	425.1	61.4	
114	DBA-08-03	44.6	45.4	50.49	100.23	2002.17	558.66	2.78	7480	293.2	54.8	
115	DBA-08-04	56.1	56.7	50.32	101.30	1988.71	630.75	3.13	6845	378.1	60.5	
116	DBA-09-01	15.1	15.8	50.40	100.30	1995.04	600.19	3.00	4438	91.8	16.7	
117	DBA-09-02	31.1	31.6	50.49	100.71	2002.17	531.22	2.63	6031	75.5	19.6	
118	DBA-09-03	44.0	44.6	50.52	100.13	2004.55	566.75	2.82	7309	266.0	57.8	
119	DBA-09-04	49.9	50.6	50.57	99.53	2008.52	535.92	2.68	5753	108.3	30.0	
120	DBA-01	168.5	169.3	50.43	99.65	1997.41	625.12	3.14	5137	107.4	53.8	
121	DBA-01A	405.3	406.0	50.5	100.94	2002.96	595.89	2.95	3838	15.6	4.5	
122	DBA-01A	383.9	384.5	50.63	100.73	2013.29	587.76	2.90	3178	31.3	6.9	
123	IDH-01	371.0	371.7	50.32	80.54	1988.71	446.88	2.79	3183	9.3	1.2	Short length due to fraturing during preparation
124	IDH-02	364.5	365.0	50.61	101.14	2011.70	609.43	3.00	4359	140.6	27.8	
125	IDH-06	189.0	189.6	50.04	103.49	1966.64	582.87	2.86	3644	16.2	8.4	
126	IDH-07	76.0	76.6	50.39	100.83	1994.25	597.62	2.97	5016	155.6	35.0	
127	IDH-07	362.0	362.6	50.13	102.38	1973.72	512.55	2.54	4612	27.2	8.5	
128	IDH-09	78.9	79.5	50.52	103.75	2004.55	610.2	2.93	5608	241.6	46.7	
129	IDH-09	237.0	237.6	50.68	101.33	2017.27	556.27	2.72	5333	97.1	22.0	
130	IDH-10	124.0	124.6	50.46	101.95	1999.79	574.16	2.82	5511	162.8	28.9	
131	IDH-10	200.8	200.1	50.58	103.37	2009.31	587.26	2.83	5743	267.4	47.1	
132	IDH-11	118.1	118.9	50.36	101.88	1991.87	623.66	3.07	5145	125.4	35.8	
133	IDH-11	358.7	386.3	50.52	101.90	2004.55	538.06	2.63	3287	22.8	5.6	
134	IDH-11	386.5	387.2	50.54	102.01	2006.14	550.07	2.69	3435	19.3	4.6	

#### Table 4.4 Specimen dimensions, mass, density, UCS, and Young's modulus in SI units (specimen 108-134)

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Weight	Density	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[in]	[in]	[in <sup>2</sup> ]	[lb]	[lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ]	[ft/s]	[ksi]	[ksi]	
1	SD-12	163.5	163.8	1.99	4.09	3.12	1.39	188.18	15199	23.8	9,860	
2	SD-12	172.8	173.1	2.00	4.19	3.15	1.42	186.23	19102	30.9	8,773	
3	SD-12	184.9	185.2	2.00	4.15	3.16	1.44	190.36	15563	N/A	N/A	Specimen failed during tuning of circumferential control
		1010		1.00								
4	SD-14	164.2	164.5	1.99	3.99	3.11	1.50	208.93	16804	20.3	12,243	
5	SD-14	174.0	174.3	1.99	4.24	3.11	1.59	207.89	18606	16.4	12,415	
6	SD-13	169.8	170.1	2.00	3.99	3.13	1.25	172.31	14103	16.0	8,039	
7	SD-13	179.0	179.3	2.00	4.05	3.13	1.41	192.17	13488	16.2	8,066	
8	SD-12	188.3	188.7	2.00	4.11	3.15	1.58	210.38	14166	12.8	4,025	
9	SD-14	186.2	186.5	1.98	4.22	3.09	1.48	196.41	15982	19.3	6,704	
10	SD-14	189.1	189.4	1.99	3.99	3.09	1.37	191.18	16637	14.5	6,653	
11	SD-13	183.9	184.2	2.00	3.95	3.13	1.38	193.53	13832	8.2	2,949	
12	SD-13	190.7	191.0	2.00	4.26	3.13	1.48	191.35	12593	6.6	2,228	
13	DBA-01-01	36.5	37.2	2.00	4.07	3.14	1.50	203.17	17954	21.8	8,739	
14	DBA-02-01	19.6	20.2	1 00	4 16	3 10	1.44	103.01	182/18	22.2	9.430	
14	DBA-02-01	70.8	71 /	1.55	4.10	3.10	1.44	216 57	15538	27.5	6 593	
15	DBA-02-02	53.1	53.0	1.56	4.00	3.00	1.57	210.37	13338	14.4	4 080	
10	DBA-02-03	55.1	33.9	1.55	4.11	3.09	1.30	203.21	13809	14.4	4,080	
17	DPA 02 01	22.1	22.7	2.00	4.00	2.14	1.44	102 57	15572	12.0	E E09	
19	DBA-03-01	53.1 62 E	53.7 64.0	2.00	4.09	2 11	1.44	212.37	13575	20.1	3,330	
10	DBA-03-02	69.1	69.9	1.99	4.10	2 11	1.57	213.12	14297	30.1	4,023 E 902	
20	DBA-03-03	77 5	79.2	1.99	4.10	2.09	1.57	213.23	14207	15.0	3,002	
20	DBA-03-04	77.3 92 E	94.2	1.98	4.10	2.00	1.30	109 61	14071	13.0 E 1	4,130	
21	DBA-03-03	05.3	04.2	1.98	4.10	2.07	1.40	100.01	17602	24.2	0 202	
22	DBA-03-00	102.1	102.8	1.58	4.10	3.07	1.44	198.33	18227	/9.7	10 079	
25	DBA-03-09	102.1	102.0	1.58	4.05	3.00	1.30	180.14	15008	14.6	3 878	
24	DBA-03-08	158.7	158.0	1.58	4.11	3.05	1.33	109.72	19330	24.0	7 303	
25	DBA 05 05	150.2	130.5	1.50	4.07	5.00	1.45	150.05	10145	34.5	1,303	
26	DBA-04-01	65.3	65.8	1 98	4.06	3.09	1 59	218 77	16998	23.9	7 124	
20	DBA-04-02	74.5	75.4	1.99	4 12	3 10	1.55	204 17	13843	24.8	4,986	
28	DBA-04-03	84.5	85.1	1.98	4.06	3.09	1.01	201 19	13333	20.3	3,661	
29	DBA-04-04	94.9	95.7	1.99	4.17	3.11	1.53	203.39	19639	26.6	10.086	
30	DBA-04-05	104.4	104.9	1.99	3.74	3.11	1.27	188.16	15296	18.6	6.528	
31	DBA-05A-01	19.6	20.1	1.99	4.17	3.12	1.32	174.92	15514	12.7	5.203	
32	DBA-05A-02	40.2	41.0	1.99	4.06	3.12	1.49	202.98	16926	14.1	5.226	
33	DBA-05A-03	49.2	49.9	1.99	4.14	3.10	1.60	215.83	17959	17.1	8.050	
34	DBA-05A-04	58.9	59.4	1.99	4.04	3.10	1.28	177.22	17162	13.8	5.632	
35	DBA-05A-05	61.7	62.2	1.99	4.09	3.10	1.36	185.37	17847	23.0	7.118	
36	DBA-05A-06	70.0	70.5	1.98	4.05	3.09	1.24	171.62	15280	14.9	4,883	
37	DBA-05A-07	78.0	78.6	1.98	4.08	3.09	1.44	197.71	17014	27.1	7,214	
38	DBA-05A-08	100.8	101.5	1.99	4.01	3.11	1.46	202.80	16719	25.2	7,261	
39	DBA-06-01	29.3	29.9	1.99	4.16	3.11	1.45	194.13	15689	5.1	1,272	Existing axial fractures
40	DBA-06-02	50.2	50.8	1.99	4.09	3.12	1.55	210.22	17917	25.6	9,190	
41	DBA-06-03	58.1	58.8	1.99	4.14	3.10	1.70	228.33	18237	23.0	9,005	
42	DBA-06-04	77.8	78.5	1.99	4.12	3.10	1.35	182.16	17894	8.6	4,206	
43	DBA-01a-01	48.0	48.6	1.99	4.09	3.11	1.35	183.79	18109	18.7	5,745	
44	DBA-01a-02	102.8	103.4	1.99	4.24	3.11	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Specimen fractured during preparation
45	DBA-01a-03	156.3	156.8	1.98	3.98	3.08	1.22	171.97	16261	3.2	1,513	
46	DBA-01a-04	196.9	197.4	1.99	4.13	3.12	1.36	183.13	18993	14.8	5,780	
47	DBA-01a-05	253.4	254.2	2.00	4.18	3.13	1.65	218.00	18641	38.1	8,248	
48	DBA-01a-06	300.5	301.0	1.99	4.12	3.11	1.43	192.78	21602	33.5	8,180	
49	DBA-01a-07	356.0	356.7	1.99	4.12	3.10	1.23	166.33	14848	22.0	4,284	
50	DBA-01a-08	364.2	370.0	1.99	4.21	3.10	1.24	163.58	17801	5.8	2,950	One end intially very fractured

#### Table 4.5 Specimen dimensions, mass, density, UCS, and Young's modulus in US customary (specimen 1 – 50)

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Weight	Density	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[in]	[in]	[in <sup>2</sup> ]	[Ib]	[lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ]	[ft/s]	[ksi]	[ksi]	
F1	DBA 01a 00	267.7	269.2	1.00	4.16	2.10	1.20	169.20	10452	2.0	661	
51	DBA-01d-09	507.7	306.3	1.99	4.10	5.10	1.20	108.59	10455	2.0	001	
52	DBA-01a-10	370.3	3/1.0	1.99	4.09	3.10	1.37	186.56	12180	8.3	2,302	
53	DBA-01a-11	372.9	373.6	1.99	4.20	3.11	1.28	168.88	16213	18.4	3,656	
54	DBA-01a-12	389.0	389.9	1.99	4.12	3.11	1.36	183.24	11667	7.3	2,048	
55	DBA-01a-13	395.0	395.6	1.99	4.10	3.11	1.22	164.84	15114	8.0	3.172	
56	DBA-01a-14	401.8	402.5	1 99	4 14	3 11	1 28	172 22	19173	46.4	8 443	
50	DDA-01a-14	401.0	402.5	1.55	4.14	2.07	1.20	224.20	10524	70.4	3,450	
57	DBA-01a-15	452.9	453.8	1.98	4.16	3.07	1.66	224.28	18534	7.8	2,158	
58	DBA-01a-16	490.4	491.3	1.95	4.17	2.98	1.33	185.18	17276	26.0	7,709	
59	DBA-01a-17	549.3	550.1	1.99	4.13	3.10	1.54	207.81	17829	17.8	6,541	
60	DBA-01a-18	600.6	601.4	1.98	4.15	3.06	1.57	212.59	19659	32.1	9.146	
61	DBA-01a-19	651.8	652.4	1 98	4 18	3.07	1.46	196 57	18352	25.8	8 245	
61	DDA 010 10	702.2	702.0	1.00	4.10	2.00	1.40	130.37	17052	23.0	7,250	
02	DBA-01d-20	705.2	705.9	1.96	4.10	5.09	1.52	1/7.51	1/652	21.8	7,559	
63	DBA-01a-21	755.0	755.8	1.99	4.14	3.12	1.31	175.34	16448	24.3	7,858	
64	DBA-06-05	108.0	108.6	1.99	4.16	3.10	1.39	185.81	14394	10.6	2,688	
65	DBA-06-06	151.6	152.4	1 98	4 16	3.06	1 56	211 28	18727	38.7	11.081	
65		197.6	100.0	1.00	4.09	2.10	1.30	102.60	17012	44.0	12,001	
00	DBA-00-07	187.0	100.2	1.99	4.08	5.10	1.42	195.00	1/915	44.0	12,109	
6/	DBA-06-08	248.0	248.7	1.99	4.13	3.10	1.39	187.84	19120	51.5	11,204	
68	IDH-02-01	248.2	249.0	1.99	4.12	3.11	1.45	195.40	18367	33.3	8,525	I
69	IDH-02-02	293.4	294.4	1.99	4.13	3.12	1.39	186.86	17723	14.8	5.564	
70	IDH-02-03	346.8	347.6	1 99	Δ 17	3 12	1 20	172 /1	15875	14.3	5 842	
70	1011-02-03	340.0	347.0	1.99	4.17	5.12	1.50	1/5.41	13673	14.5	3,042	
71	IDH-02-04	361.9	362.5	1.99	4.14	3.11	1.40	187.78	13700	3.3	1.339	Chip missing from end of
						-	-				,	specimen
72	IDH-02-05	373.5	374.2	1.99	4.10	3.11	1.40	189.60	13490	14.8	3,622	
73	IDH-02-06	408.0	408.8	1.97	4.16	3.06	1.35	183.12	17597	32.8	8.424	
-												
												Care comple in near
74	IDH-08-01	96.0	97.0	1.99	4.10	3.11	1.23	166.60	19080	15.0	5,825	Core sample in poor
												condition
75	IDH-08-02	222.6	223.2	1.99	4.14	3.11	1.60	214.55	17518	9.0	3,944	
76	IDH-08-04	167.0	167.6	1.99	4.13	3.12	1.55	207.73	20019	33.2	9,512	
77	IDH-08-05	321 7	322.2	1 97	4 09	3.04	1 46	203.05	18602	55.0	11.455	
70		279.1	279.7	1.00	4 11	2 11	1.27	171 91	17045	22.0	7 /25	
78	IDH-08-00	376.1	378.7	1.99	4.11	3.11	1.27	1/1.81	1/545	22.9	7,433	
/9	IDH-08-07	418.5	419.0	1.99	4.11	3.11	1.36	184.20	18231	18.4	6,912	
80	IDH-09-01	161.2	161.8	1.98	4.10	3.08	1.44	197.21	16285	13.4	4,992	
81	IDH-09-02	286.1	286.6	1.99	4.13	3.11	1.45	194.60	18210	24.7	7,420	
87	IDH-09-03	247.0	247.8	2.00	4 13	3 13	1 38	184 11	18923	15.6	6 240	
02	1011 05 05	247.0	247.0	2.00	4.15	5.15	1.50	104.11	10525	15.0	0,240	Core in poor condition resulting
83	IDH-09-04	137.8	138.2	1.97	3.52	3.06	1.05	168.75	14592	7.1	2,738	in spot longth
04		101 7	102.2	1.09	4.16	2.00	1 5 2	206.24	16720	10.2	6 776	in spec. length
64	IDH-09-05	191.7	192.2	1.96	4.10	5.06	1.55	200.24	10/39	16.2	6,776	
85	IDH-09-06	96.1	96.7	1.99	4.11	3.10	1.34	181.64	16379	19.9	7,409	
86	IDH-09-07	41.9	42.4	2.00	4.13	3.13	1.54	206.30	17544	53.5	9,748	
87	IDH-02-07	436.0	437 1	1 99	4 13	3 11	1.61	217 32	19888	26.9	3,955	
00		164.0	16/12	1.00	4.12	2 11	1 /1	100.21	10156	24.7	2 520	
00	IDH-02-08	404.0	404.7	1.99	4.12	5.11	1.41	190.21	10130	24.7	3,330	
89	IDH-02-09	489.3	490.2	1.99	4.10	3.11	1.32	1/8.50	18463	23.5	3,619	
90	IDH-02-10	568.4	569.2	2.00	4.12	3.13	1.73	232.06	16275	15.9	3,179	
91	IDH-02-11	634.5	635.1	1.99	4.10	3.11	1.31	177.16	16734	9.5	2,109	
07		709 5	700.1	1.09	4 15	2 00	1 44	102.05	17560	6.0	1 407	Ends visibly fractured prior to
92	IDH-02-12	708.5	709.1	1.98	4.15	3.09	1.44	193.95	1/503	6.0	1,497	testing
93	IDH-02-13	764.0	764.8	1.99	4.10	3.10	1.24	168.05	18262	14.2	2.567	
											_,	
04	1011 10 01	244.2	245.0	1.00	4.12	2.11	1.20	102.00	17705	20.0	2 020	
94	IDH-10-01	244.2	245.0	1.99	4.1Z	3.11	1.36	182.86	17795	29.6	3,820	
95	IDH-10-02	253.6	254.7	1.98	4.13	3.08	1.40	189.34	17400	12.7	1,825	
96	IDH-11-01	56.2	56.9	1.98	4.15	3.08	1.34	180.40	18699	27.6	3,365	
				1							,	Specimen fractured during
97	IDH-11-02	135.1	135.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	properation
0.7	1011	405 -	407.7	4.00		0.00		101 11	40555	<b>a</b> 4 -		preparation
98	IDH-11-03	196.7	197.5	1.98	4.13	3.08	1.41	191.44	19555	31.2	4,076	
99	IDH-11-04	212.1	212.9	1.98	4.09	3.09	1.44	197.48	19383	32.5	4,119	
100	IDH-11-05	232.9	233.8	1.99	4.09	3.10	1.45	198.01	17863	19.7	3,070	
101	IDH-11-06	240.6	241 5	1.99	4,15	3,12	1.48	197 49	16484	6.1	1,227	1
102	IDH_11_07	249.0	249.7	1 92	<u>4</u> 11	3.00	1 51	206.24	14772	11 /	1 99/	1
102	IDII-11-07	2-+0.0	240.7	1.50	4.11	3.05	1.31	200.24	16450	11.4	2,304	1
103	IDH-11-08	2/5.3	276.3	1.99	4.15	3.11	1.57	210.25	10159	11.9	2,251	
104	IDH-11-09	292.1	292.1	1.98	4.12	3.07	1.35	183.94	13689	13.8	2,045	
105	IDH-11-10	358.8	359.5	1.99	4.14	3.10	1.38	185.28	18067	19.3	3,139	l
106	IDH-11-11	412.6	413.2	1.99	4.14	3.10	1.27	170.49	15613	20.3	3,104	
107	IDH-11-12	224.0	224.9	1 99	4 18	3 10	1 51	200 54	18447	24.4	2,967	1

#### Table 4.6 Specimen dimensions, mass, density, UCS, and Young's modulus in US customary (specimen 51 – 107)

Additional Notes	Young's Modulus	UCS	V <sub>p</sub>	Density	Weight	Area	Length	Diameter	Depth To	Depth From	Bore Hole #	Assigned ID
	[ksi]	[ksi]	[ft/s]	[lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ]	[lb]	[in <sup>2</sup> ]	[in]	[in]	[ft]	[ft]		
	2,103	15.8	15153	185.79	1.33	3.08	4.02	1.98	23.0	22.2	DBA-07-01	108
	2,640	14.8	17005	187.81	1.33	3.08	3.98	1.98	28.3	27.6	DBA-07-02	109
	3,814	21.0	22457	176.58	1.26	3.10	3.96	1.99	47.4	46.9	DBA-07-03	110
	4,250	37.1	20857	181.10	1.29	3.10	3.98	1.99	60.4	59.8	DBA-07-04	111
	522	8.4	6254	173.42	1.26	3.10	4.04	1.99	32.8	32.3	DBA-08-01	112
	8,905	61.7	23774	173.37	1.25	3.11	3.99	1.99	41.5	40.9	DBA-08-02	113
	7,948	42.5	24540	173.79	1.23	3.10	3.95	1.99	45.4	44.6	DBA-08-03	114
	8,775	54.8	22456	195.46	1.39	3.08	3.99	1.98	56.7	56.1	DBA-08-04	115
	2,422	13.3	14561	187.25	1.32	3.09	3.95	1.98	15.8	15.1	DBA-09-01	116
	2,843	10.9	19785	164.47	1.17	3.10	3.96	1.99	31.6	31.1	DBA-09-02	117
	8,383	38.6	23979	176.27	1.25	3.11	3.94	1.99	44.6	44.0	DBA-09-03	118
	4,351	15.7	18875	167.36	1.18	3.11	3.92	1.99	50.6	49.9	DBA-09-04	119
	7,796	1.3	16852	196.06	1.38	3.10	3.92	1.99	169.3	168.5	DBA-01	120
	648	2.3	12592	184.00	1.31	3.10	3.97	1.99	406.0	405.3	DBA-01A	121
	994	4.5	10425	180.93	1.30	3.12	3.97	1.99	384.5	383.9	DBA-01A	122
Short length due to fraturing during preparation	177	1.4	10444	174.18	0.99	3.08	3.17	1.98	371.7	371.0	IDH-01	123
	4,026	20.4	14303	186.99	1.34	3.12	3.98	1.99	365.0	364.5	IDH-02	124
	1,217	2.4	11955	178.78	1.29	3.05	4.07	1.97	189.6	189.0	IDH-06	125
	5,072	22.6	16458	185.54	1.32	3.09	3.97	1.98	76.6	76.0	IDH-07	126
	1,233	3.9	15130	158.35	1.13	3.06	4.03	1.97	362.6	362.0	IDH-07	127
	6,772	35.0	18399	183.17	1.35	3.11	4.08	1.99	79.5	78.9	IDH-09	128
	3,195	14.1	17497	169.89	1.23	3.13	3.99	2.00	237.6	237.0	IDH-09	129
	4,186	23.6	18080	175.81	1.27	3.10	4.01	1.99	124.6	124.0	IDH-10	130
	6,834	38.8	18841	176.51	1.29	3.11	4.07	1.99	200.1	200.8	IDH-10	131
	5,189	18.2	16881	191.86	1.37	3.09	4.01	1.98	118.9	118.1	IDH-11	132
	805	3.3	10784	164.44	1.19	3.11	4.01	1.99	386.3	358.7	IDH-11	133
	660	2.8	11269	167.80	1.21	3.11	4.02	1.99	387.2	386.5	IDH-11	134

#### Table 4.7 Specimen dimensions, mass, density, UCS, and Young's modulus in US customary (specimen 108-134)

#### **4.3 CLASSIFICATION**

As stated by Deere and Miller (1966): "In classifying rock for engineering purposes, it is desirable to have a relatively simple system of classification with a small number of categories. The classification should be based on significant physical properties so that the system has wide application and is not limited to a specific problem. An optimum classification system should also provide good reproducibility, and the classification should not be a function of the background and experience of the person making the classification."

Figure 4.1 is a summary of the data plotted in the Deere and Miller (1966) system of engineering classification using two mechanical properties: uniaxial compressive strength and Young's modulus. The description uses both the strength class (A, B, C, D, or E) and the modulus ratio = E/UCS, with H = High Modulus Ratio, L = Low Modulus Ratio, and no suffix (or M) for an Average Modulus Ratio. Thus, a rock can be classified as BH for high strength and high modulus ratio. Most of the tested rock is in the very high (A) to medium (C) strength range with an average modulus ratio.



Figure 4.1 Deere and Miller (1966) classification of tested rocks.

## **CHAPTER 5: TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TESTING**

#### **5.1 INTRODUCTION**

Thirty-three (33) triaxial compression tests were performed on rock supplied by MnDOT. All specimens tested included axial displacement measurements to determine axial strain. Prior to testing, triaxial compression specimens were measured for volume, mass, density, and P-wave velocity (Tables 5.1-5.4).

Triaxial compression testing was performed on St. Peter Sandstone, where specimens were machined from a block provided by MnDOT. Due to the St. Peter Sandstone being a soft, friable rock, obtaining "good" core samples for triaxial testing was challenging. The irregular shaped block was placed in a wood box and filled with sand in order to provide confinement while coring. Coring was performed dry with a saw-tooth barrel, and compressed air was used to blow the cuttings from the borehole. The ends of the cores were then sawed by hand to make the ends flat and parallel. Results for the St. Peter Sandstone are in Table 5.1; stress-strain curves are in Appendix C and photos of the specimens and coring process are presented in Appendix F.

The results from triaxial compression testing for SP2782-334 are reported in Table 5.3 and for SP804-81 in Table 5.4. Failure was determined from the peak load and the original cross-sectional area of the specimens. The axial stress-axial strain diagrams of the specimens from SP2782-334 and SP804-81 are included in Appendices B and C respectively. Photographs of the specimens before testing and after testing are shown in Appendices D and E for SP2782-334 and SP804-81 respectively. Axial displacement is determined from a measure of stroke displacement that contains system displacement. This machine displacement is determined by testing an aluminum specimen within the same configuration as that used for the rock specimens. Knowing the displacement of the aluminum (from known material properties and geometry), a system correction was calculated and applied to all other tests. The displacements reported are associated with the specimens (the correction was applied).

#### **5.2 RESULTS**

#### 5.2.1 SP2782-334 Results

From Figure 5.1, an estimate of friction angle for group A is 48.7 degrees with an R-squared of 0.93. Group B cannot yield a realistic friction angle due to the specimens not being of the similar material. From Figure 5.2, an estimate of friction angle for group B is 35.1 degrees with an R-squared of 0.98. Group A from Figure 5.2 cannot yield a realistic friction angle due to the specimens not being of the same material.

Sample ID	Hole ID	Depth from [ft]	Depth to [ft]	Member	Formation
x1	T06	74.4	74.825	Magnolia	Platteville
x2	Т06	84.0	84.425	Hidden Falls	Platteville
x3	Т06	85.9	86.325	Mifflin	Platteville
x4	T06	95.8	96.225	Mifflin	Platteville
x5	T06	99.0	99.425	Pecatonica	Platteville
x6	T06	100.6	101.025	N/A	Glenwood Shale

Table 5.1 Labeling, depth, and stratigraphy for each sample

Table 5.2 Specimen dimensions, mass, density, P-wave velocity, minor and major principal stresses

Sample ID	D [mm]	L [mm]	M [g]	Density [g/cm³]	P-wave [m/s]	σ₃[MPa]	σ <sub>1</sub> [MPa]
x1	44.83	91.95	372.1	2.564	4123	5.0	174.5
x2	44.65	93.15	355.5	2.437	3833	10.0	181.2
x3	44.70	96.35	395.5	2.616	4700	20.0	274.4
x4	44.70	94.25	387.3	2.619	4736	5.0	220.4
x5	44.68	95.4	390.4	2.610	5021	10.0	231.2
x6	44.40	94.9	336.0	2.287	2166	20.0	100.0



Figure 5.1 Principal stress plot of test specimens divided into groups by depth. Samples x1, x2, x3 belong to group A and samples x4, x5, x6 belong to group B.



Figure 5.2 Principal stress plot of test specimens divided into groups based on similar P-wave velocities and densities. Samples x1, x2, and x6 belong to group C while samples x3, x4, x5 belong to group D.

5.2.2 SP804-81 Resu	lts
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Sample ID	Unique#	Depth from [ft]	Depth to [ft]	Stratigraphy
7	80240	40.3	40.7	Cretaceous Sediments
,	<u>80240</u>	62.0	62.4	Crotação us Sodiments
8	80240	02.0	02.4	Cretaceous sediments
9	80240	69.1	69.5	Cretaceous Sediments
10	80241	40.5	40.9	Cretaceous Sediments
11	80241	41.1	41.5	Cretaceous Sediments
12	80241	42.45	42.85	Cretaceous Sediments
13	80241	43.1	43.5	Cretaceous Sediments
14	80241	43.9	44.3	Cretaceous Sediments
15	80241	44.8	45.2	Cretaceous Sediments
16	80241	46.8	47.2	Cretaceous Sediments
17	80241	47.3	47.7	Cretaceous Sediments
18	80241	61.2	61.6	Cretaceous Sediments
19	80241	68.9	69.3	Cretaceous Sediments
20	80241	73.6	74.0	Cretaceous Sediments
21	80242	87.0	87.4	Cretaceous Sediments
22	80243	70.3	70.7	Cretaceous Sediments

Table 5.3 Labeling, depth and stratigraphy for each sample

23	80243	72.6	73.0	Cretaceous Sediments
24	80243	76.7	77.1	Cretaceous Sediments
25	80243	77.3	77.8	Cretaceous Sediments
26	80243	77.9	78.3	Cretaceous Sediments
27	80243	78.5	78.9	Cretaceous Sediments
28	80243	79.5	79.9	Cretaceous Sediments
29	80243	80.0	80.4	Cretaceous Sediments

Table 5.4 Specimen	dimensions,	mass, der	nsity, P-	-wave veloc	ity, minoı	r and majo	r principal	stresses,	and f	friction
angles.										

Triaxial Group	Sample ID	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	P- wave	σ3	σ1	Friction Angle
-	-	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[MPa]	[deg]
1	9	44.0	93.4	300.7	2.12	2245	5.0	50.4	
1	19	44.2	95.0	311.2	2.13	2273	2.5	40.4	25.5
1	22	44.1	91.7	297.1	2.12	2215	10.0	60.0	
2	12	44.2	96.2	294.2	1.99	2069	2.5	34.9	
2	13	44.3	95.1	293	2.00	2366	5.0	52.5	34.4
2	14	44.3	96.1	299	2.02	2403	10.0	63.6	
3	7	43.7	69.7	220.8	2.11	2099	2.5	30.0	
3	10	43.7	93.4	306.6	2.19	2359	2.5	54.2	52.1
3	18	44.0	88.2	277.2	2.07	1991	5.0	51.3	
4	8	44.6	64.4	202	2.01	1328	10.0	64.3	
4	11	44.3	59.2	185.7	2.04	2368	2.5	48.9	18.9
4	15	44.1	89.5	284.7	2.08	2096	5.0	57.4	
5	20	44.3	81.1	246.3	1.97	1191	2.5	33.7	
5	23	44.2	68.9	208.3	1.97	1298	7.5	45.9	10.2
5	24	44.2	89.1	269.5	1.97	1700	5.0	38.7	19.2
5	25	43.3	93.7	266.7	1.93	2002	10.0	47.8	
6	26	43.4	96.4	281	1.97	1890	2.5	25.9	
6	27	43.8	94.9	283.2	1.98	2086	5.0	41.0	20 C
6	28	44.2	95.3	281.2	1.92	2032	10.0	47.1	28.0
6	29	44.1	66.4	205.1	2.02	2082	7.5	48.3	
7	16	43.4	90.1	273.2	2.05	1713	2.5	26.5	
7	17	42.5	91.0	243.6	1.89	1628	0.0	21.6	N/A
7	21	45.3	90.9	282.7	1.93	1416	0.0	24.3	


Figure 5.3 Principal stress plot for triaxial group 1 (specimens 19, 9, 22).



Figure 5.4 Principal stress plot for triaxial group 2 (specimens 12, 13, 14).



Figure 5.5 Principal stress plot for triaxial group 3 (specimens 7, 10, 18).



Figure 5.6 Principal stress plot for triaxial group 4 (specimens 11, 15, 8).

## **CHAPTER 6: CONCLUSIONS**

A bridge project in northern Minnesota provided an opportunity to expand the rock strength database and examine in greater detail the mechanical properties of rock. A high-capacity, computer-controlled, servo-hydraulic load frame can apply up to one million pounds of force on a rock specimen, and do so in a controlled manner, so the failure of brittle materials such as rock can be studied and classified.

In classifying rock for engineering purposes, it is desirable to have a simple system of classification with only a few categories. The classification for intact rock should be based on physical properties such as strength and stiffness. Also the classification should not be a function of the background and experience of the person classifying the rock.

The classification system due to Deere and Miller (1966), which depends on uniaxial compressive strength (UCS) and Young's modulus (E), was applied to the measured data. The description uses both the strength class (A, B, C, D, or E) and the modulus ratio = E/UCS, with H = High Modulus Ratio, L = Low Modulus Ratio, and no suffix (or M) for an Average Modulus Ratio. Thus, a rock can be classified as BH for high strength and high modulus ratio. Most of the tested rock is in the very high (A) to medium (C) strength range with an average modulus ratio.

Often when rock is tested, engineers apply force until the rock breaks, which for high-strength rock usually happens violently. But with the computer-controlled load frame, the force placed on the rock can be applied at a constant rate up to a maximum force. Then the force can be reduced gradually, to preserve the rock specimen for further study. By observing the way the rock fails and by recording the maximum force, researchers can determine if natural features in the rock are contributing to the failure process. These planes of weakness are important for design of the bridge foundation. Additionally, by preventing the rock from breaking apart violently when it fails, engineers can study the effects of the applied force after the experiment is completed.

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## APPENDIX A: AXIAL STRESS - AXIAL STRAIN PLOTS AND SPECIMEN PHOTOS

Specimen 1

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
1	SD-12	163.5	163.8	50.63	103.77	629.77	3.01	2013.29	4633	164.1	67.98



Figure A.1 Specimen 1: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.2 Specimen 1: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 2

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
2	SD-12	172.8	173.1	50.83	106.55	645.00	2.98	2029.22	5822	213.2	60.49



Figure A.3 Specimen 2: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.4 Specimen 2: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 3

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
3	SD-12	184.9	185.2	50.92	105.31	653.92	3.05	2036.42	4744	N/A	N/A	Specimen failed during tuning of circumferential control





Figure A.5 Specimen 3: Before tuning and After tuning

Specimen 4

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
4	SD-14	164.2	164.5	50.51	101.41	680.07	3.35	2003.75	5122	140.0	84.41



Figure A.6 Specimen 4: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.7 Specimen 4: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 5

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
5	SD-14	174.0	174.3	50.56	107.75	720.39	3.33	2007.72	5671	113.3	85.60



Figure A.8 Specimen 5: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.9 Specimen 5: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 6

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
6	SD-13	169.8	170.1	50.70	101.45	565.31	2.76	2018.86	4299	110.3	55.43



Figure A.10 Specimen 6: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.11 Specimen 6: Before USC test and After UCS test



Specimen 7

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
7	SD-13	179.0	179.3	50.72	102.78	639.25	3.08	2020.45	4111	111.4	55.61



Figure A.12 Specimen 7: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.13 Specimen 7: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 8

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
8	SD-12	188.3	188.7	50.89	104.49	716.25	3.37	2034.02	4318	88.6	27.75



Figure A.14 Specimen 8: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.15 Specimen 8: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 9

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
9	SD-14	186.2	186.5	50.38	107.17	672.15	3.15	1993.45	4871	133.3	46.22



Figure A.16 Specimen 9: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.17 Specimen 9: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 10

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
10	SD-14	189.1	189.4	50.42	101.42	620.12	3.06	1996.62	5071	99.6	45.87



Figure A.18 Specimen 10: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.19 Specimen 10: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 11

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
11	SD-13	183.9	184.2	50.68	100.34	627.48	3.10	2017.27	4216	56.8	20.33



Figure A.20 Specimen 11: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.21 Specimen 11: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 12

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
12	SD-13	190.7	191.0	50.70	108.24	669.8	3.07	2018.86	3838	45.7	15.36



Figure A.22 Specimen 12: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.23 Specimen 12: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 13

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
13	DBA-01-01	36.5	37.2	50.80	103.43	682.24	3.25	2026.83	5472	150.2	60.25



Figure A.24 Specimen 13: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.25 Specimen 13: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 14

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
14	DBA-02-01	19.6	20.2	50.49	105.68	654.19	3.09	2002.17	5562	222.6	65.02



Figure A.26 Specimen 14: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.27 Specimen 14: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 15

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
15	DBA-02-02	70.8	71.4	50.17	103.72	711.31	3.47	1976.87	4736	189.3	45.46



Figure A.28 Specimen 15: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.29 Specimen 15: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 16

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
16	DBA-02-03	53.1	53.9	50.42	104.38	678.39	3.26	1996.62	4209	99.0	28.13



Figure A.30 Specimen 16: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.31 Specimen 16: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 17

Ass	igned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
			[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
	17	DBA-03-01	33.1	33.7	50.76	103.95	652.26	3.10	2023.64	4747	89.4	38.60



Figure A.32 Specimen 17: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.33 Specimen 17: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 18

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
18	DBA-03-02	63.5	64.0	50.51	104.17	712.57	3.41	2003.75	4150	207.8	33.27



Figure A.34 Specimen 18: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.35 Specimen 18: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 19

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
19	DBA-03-03	68.1	68.8	50.54	104.08	713.18	3.42	2006.14	4355	223.5	40.00



Figure A.36 Specimen 19: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.37 Specimen 19: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 20

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
20	DBA-03-04	77.5	78.2	50.34	104.25	709.4	3.42	1990.29	4533	103.5	28.67



Figure A.38 Specimen 20: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.39 Specimen 20: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 21

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
21	DBA-03-05	83.5	84.2	50.37	104.26	660.96	3.18	1992.66	4418	35.3	15.44



Figure A.40 Specimen 21: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.41 Specimen 21: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 22

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
22	DBA-03-06	95.4	96.0	50.21	104.08	654.92	3.18	1980.02	5393	167.0	57.80



Figure A.42 Specimen 22: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.43 Specimen 22: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 23

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
23	DBA-03-07	102.1	102.8	50.37	103.89	623.91	3.01	1992.66	5556	336.0	69.49



Figure A.44 Specimen 23: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.45 Specimen 23: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 24

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
24	DBA-03-08	126.7	127.2	50.37	104.35	631.92	3.04	1992.66	4876	100.8	26.39



Figure A.46 Specimen 24: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.47 Specimen 24: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 25

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
25	DBA-03-09	158.2	158.9	50.17	103.42	650.56	3.18	1976.87	5530	240.6	50.35



Figure A.48 Specimen 25: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.49 Specimen 25: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 26

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
26	DBA-04-01	65.3	65.8	50.37	103.10	719.96	3.50	1992.66	5181	165.1	49.12



Figure A.50 Specimen 26: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.51 Specimen 26: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 27

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
27	DBA-04-02	74.5	75.4	50.44	104.64	683.84	3.27	1998.20	4219	170.9	34.38



Figure A.52 Specimen 27: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.53 Specimen 27: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 28

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
28	DBA-04-03	84.5	85.1	50.41	103.22	663.91	3.22	1995.83	4064	139.9	25.24



Figure A.54 Specimen 28: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.55 Specimen 28: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 29

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
29	DBA-04-04	94.9	95.7	50.55	105.95	692.77	3.26	2006.93	5986	183.1	69.54



Figure A.56 Specimen 29: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.57 Specimen 29: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 30

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
30	DBA-04-05	104.4	104.9	50.56	95.11	575.55	3.01	2007.72	4662	128.0	45.01



Figure A.58 Specimen 30: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.59 Specimen 30: Before USC test and After UCS test
Specimen 31

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
31	DBA-05A-01	19.6	20.1	50.59	105.92	596.56	2.80	2010.11	4729	87.2	35.87



Figure A.60 Specimen 31: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.61 Specimen 31: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 32

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
32	DBA-05A-02	40.2	41.0	50.62	103.18	675.16	3.25	2012.49	5159	97.0	36.03



Figure A.62 Specimen 32: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.63 Specimen 32: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 33

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
33	DBA-05A-03	49.2	49.9	50.46	105.10	726.64	3.46	1999.79	5474	117.8	55.50



Figure A.64 Specimen 33: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.65 Specimen 33: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 34

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
34	DBA-05A-04	58.9	59.4	50.48	102.53	582.52	2.84	2001.38	5231	95.4	38.83



Figure A.66 Specimen 34: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.67 Specimen 34: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 35

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
35	DBA-05A-05	61.7	62.2	50.49	103.90	617.69	2.97	2002.17	5440	158.3	49.08



Figure A.68 Specimen 35: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.69 Specimen 35: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 36

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
36	DBA-05A-06	70.0	70.5	50.35	102.93	563.41	2.75	1991.08	4657	102.8	33.67



Figure A.70 Specimen 36: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.71 Specimen 36: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 37

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
37	DBA-05A-07	78.0	78.6	50.37	103.72	654.57	3.17	1992.66	5186	186.7	49.74



Figure A.72 Specimen 37: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.73 Specimen 37: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 38

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
38	DBA-05A-08	100.8	101.5	50.55	101.92	664.49	3.25	2006.93	5096	173.8	50.06



Figure A.74 Specimen 38: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.75 Specimen 38: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 39

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
39	DBA-06-01	29.3	29.9	50.53	105.68	659.03	3.11	2005.34	4782	35.2	8.77



Figure A.76 Specimen 39: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.77 Specimen 39: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 40

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
40	DBA-06-02	50.2	50.8	50.59	103.76	702.33	3.37	2010.11	5461	176.3	63.36



Figure A.78 Specimen 40: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.79 Specimen 40: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 41

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
41	DBA-06-03	58.1	58.8	50.50	105.06	769.64	3.66	2002.96	5559	158.6	62.09



Figure A.80 Specimen 41: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.81 Specimen 41: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 42

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Mass	Density	Area	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
42	DBA-06-04	77.8	78.5	50.49	104.72	611.8	2.92	2002.17	5454	59.4	29.00



Figure A.82 Specimen 42: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.83 Specimen 42: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 43

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
43	DBA-01a-01	48.0	48.6	50.58	103.77	2009.31	613.85	2.94	5520	128.8	39.61



Figure A.84 Specimen 43: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.85 Specimen 43: Before USC test and After UCS test

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Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
44	DBA-01a-02	102.8	103.4	50.55	107.58	2006.93	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Specimen fractured during preparation



Figure A.86 Fracture in specimen 44 occurred during cutting portion of preparation

Specimen 45

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
45	DBA-01a-03	156.3	156.8	50.34	101.11	1990.29	554.34	2.75	4956	22.0	10.43



Figure A.87 Specimen 45: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.88 Specimen 45: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 46

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
46	DBA-01a-04	196.9	197.4	50.64	104.78	2014.08	619.05	2.93	5789	102.0	39.85



Figure A.89 Specimen 46: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.90 Specimen 46: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 47

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
47	DBA-01a-05	253.4	254.2	50.70	106.25	2018.86	749.06	3.49	5682	262.6	56.87



Figure A.91 Specimen 47: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.92 Specimen 47: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 48

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
48	DBA-01a-06	300.5	301.0	50.57	104.69	2008.52	649.32	3.09	6584	231.0	56.40



Figure A.93 Specimen 48: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.94 Specimen 48: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 49

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
49	DBA-01a-07	356.0	356.7	50.49	104.54	2002.17	557.68	2.66	4526	152.0	29.54



Figure A.95 Specimen 49: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.96 Specimen 49: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 50

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
50	DBA-01a-08	364.2	370.0	50.50	106.89	2002.96	561.00	2.62	5426	40.3	20.34	One end intially very fractured



Figure A.97 Specimen 50: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.98 Specimen 50: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 51

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
51	DBA-01a-09	367.7	368.3	50.44	105.78	1998.20	570.13	2.70	3186	14.0	4.56



Figure A.99 Specimen 51: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.100 Specimen 51: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 52

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
52	DBA-01a-10	370.3	371.0	50.50	103.95	2002.96	622.21	2.99	3713	56.9	15.87



Figure A.101 Specimen 52: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.102 Specimen 52: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 53

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
53	DBA-01a-11	372.9	373.6	50.51	106.74	2003.75	578.60	2.71	4942	127.1	25.21



Figure A. 103 Specimen 53: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.104 Specimen 53: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 54

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
54	DBA-01a-12	389.0	389.9	50.57	104.55	2008.52	616.36	2.94	3556	50.1	14.12



Figure A.105 Specimen 54: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.106 Specimen 54: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 55

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
55	DBA-01a-13	395.0	395.6	50.56	104.11	2007.72	551.93	2.64	4607	55.1	21.87



Figure A.107 Specimen 55: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.108 Specimen 55: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 56

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
56	DBA-01a-14	401.8	402.5	50.57	105.19	2008.52	582.86	2.76	5844	320.1	58.21



Figure A.109 Specimen 56: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.110 Specimen 56: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 57

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
57	DBA-01a-15	452.9	453.8	50.20	105.64	1979.23	751.17	3.59	5649	53.8	14.88



Figure A. 111 Specimen 57: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.112 Specimen 57: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 58

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
58	DBA-01a-16	490.4	491.3	49.46	105.84	1921.31	603.21	2.97	5266	179.0	53.15



Figure A.113 Specimen 58: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.114 Specimen 58: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 59

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
59	DBA-01a-17	549.3	550.1	50.49	104.88	2002.17	699.02	3.33	5434	123.0	45.10



Figure A.115 Specimen 59: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.116 Specimen 60: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 60

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
60	DBA-01a-18	600.6	601.4	50.17	105.46	1976.87	709.95	3.41	5992	221.2	63.06



Figure A.117 Specimen 60: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.118 Specimen 60: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 61

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
61	DBA-01a-19	651.8	652.4	50.19	106.28	1978.45	662.10	3.15	5594	178.0	56.85



Figure A.119 Specimen 61: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.120 Specimen 61: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 62

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
62	DBA-01a-20	703.2	703.9	50.37	105.56	1992.66	597.42	2.84	5441	150.1	50.74



Figure A.121 Specimen 62: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.122 Specimen 62: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 63

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
63	DBA-01a-21	755.0	755.8	50.59	105.28	2010.11	594.37	2.81	5013	167.5	54.18



Figure A.123 Specimen 63: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.124 Specimen 63: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 64

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
64	DBA-06-05	108.0	108.6	50.49	105.73	2002.17	630.08	2.98	4387	73.3	18.53



Figure A.125 Specimen 64: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.126 Specimen 64: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 65

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
65	DBA-06-06	151.6	152.4	50.17	105.60	1976.87	706.53	3.38	5708	266.9	76.40



Figure A.127 Specimen 65: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.128 Specimen 65: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 66

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
66	DBA-06-07	187.6	188.2	50.48	103.74	2001.38	643.89	3.10	5460	303.2	83.49



Figure A.129 Specimen 66: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.130 Specimen 66: Before USC test and After UCS test
Specimen 67

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
67	DBA-06-08	248.0	248.7	50.50	104.90	2002.96	632.19	3.01	5828	355.2	77.25



Figure A.131 Specimen 67: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.132 Specimen 67: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 68

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
68	IDH-02-01	248.2	249.0	50.55	104.69	2006.93	657.64	3.13	5598	229.8	58.78



Figure A.133 Specimen 68: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.134 Specimen 68: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 69

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
69	IDH-02-02	293.4	294.4	50.61	104.80	2011.70	631.06	2.99	5402	102.3	38.36



Figure A.135 Specimen 69: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.136 Specimen 69: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 70

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
70	IDH-02-03	346.8	347.6	50.59	105.97	2010.11	591.70	2.78	4839	98.8	40.28



Figure A.137 Specimen 70: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.138 Specimen 70: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 71

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
71	IDH-02-04	361.9	362.5	50.56	105.23	2007.72	635.51	3.01	4176	22.7	9.23	Chip missing from end of specimen



Figure A.139 Specimen 71: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.140 Specimen 71: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 72

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
72	IDH-02-05	373.5	374.2	50.55	104.03	2006.93	634.10	3.04	4112	102.0	24.97



Figure A.141 Specimen 72: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.142 Specimen 72: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 73

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
73	IDH-02-06	408.0	408.8	50.12	105.66	1972.93	611.47	2.93	5363	226.2	58.08



Figure A.143 Specimen 73: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.144 Specimen 73: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 74

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
74	IDH-08-01	96.0	97.0	50.53	104.10	2005.34	557.11	2.67	5816	103.2	40.16	Core sample in poor condition



Figure A.145 Specimen 74: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.146 Specimen 74: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 75

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
75	IDH-08-02	222.6	223.2	50.58	105.19	2009.31	726.40	3.44	5340	62.1	27.19



Figure A.147 Specimen 75: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.148 Specimen 75: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 76

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
76	IDH-08-04	167.0	167.6	50.60	104.95	2010.90	702.25	3.33	6102	228.7	65.58



Figure A.149 Specimen 76: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.150 Specimen 76: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 77

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
77	IDH-08-05	321.7	322.2	49.98	103.76	1961.92	662.13	3.25	5670	379.1	78.98



Figure A.151 Specimen 77: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.152 Specimen 77: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 78

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
78	IDH-08-06	378.1	378.7	50.51	104.47	2003.75	576.12	2.75	5470	158.2	51.26



Figure A.153 Specimen 78: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A. 154 Specimen 78: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 79

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
79	IDH-08-07	418.5	419.0	50.55	104.47	2006.93	618.62	2.95	5557	126.6	47.66



Figure A.155 Specimen 79: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.156 Specimen 79: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 80

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
80	IDH-09-01	161.2	161.8	50.29	104.24	1986.34	654.10	3.16	4964	92.2	34.42



Figure A.157 Specimen 80: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.158 Specimen 80: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 81

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
81	IDH-09-02	286.1	286.6	50.55	104.90	2006.93	656.25	3.12	5550	170.1	51.16



Figure A.159 Specimen 81: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.160 Specimen 81: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 82

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
82	IDH-09-03	247.0	247.8	50.70	104.97	2018.86	624.99	2.95	5768	107.5	43.02



Figure A.161 Specimen 82: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.162 Specimen 82: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 83

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
83	IDH-09-04	137.8	138.2	50.10	89.40	1971.36	476.39	2.70	4448	49.3	18.88	Core in poor condition resulting in spec. length



Figure A.163 Specimen 83: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.164 Specimen 83: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 84

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
84	IDH-09-05	191.7	192.2	50.28	105.61	1985.55	692.74	3.30	5102	125.2	46.72



Figure A.165 Specimen 84: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.166 Specimen 84: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 85

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
85	IDH-09-06	96.1	96.7	50.48	104.34	2001.38	607.59	2.91	4992	137.3	51.08



Figure A.167 Specimen 85: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.168 Specimen 85: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 86

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
86	IDH-09-07	41.9	42.4	50.70	104.81	2018.86	699.23	3.30	5347	369.0	67.21



Figure A.169 Specimen 86: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.170 Specimen 86: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 87

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
87	IDH-02-07	436.0	437.1	50.53	104.87	2005.34	732.08	3.48	6062	185.6	27.27



Figure A.171 Specimen 87: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.172 Specimen 87: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 88

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
88	IDH-02-08	464.0	464.7	50.55	104.59	2006.93	639.55	3.05	5534	170.0	24.34



Figure A.173 Specimen 88: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.174 Specimen 88: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 89

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
89	IDH-02-09	489.3	490.2	50.54	104.11	2006.14	597.19	2.86	5628	161.8	24.95



Figure A. 175 Specimen 89: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.176 Specimen 89: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 90

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
90	IDH-02-10	568.4	569.2	50.74	104.67	2022.04	786.74	3.72	4961	109.3	21.92



Figure A.177 Specimen 90: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.178 Specimen 90: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 91

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
91	IDH-02-11	634.5	635.1	50.58	104.05	2009.31	593.29	2.84	5100	65.4	14.54



Figure A.179 Specimen 91: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.180 Specimen 91: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 92

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	Vp	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
92	IDH-02-12	708.5	709.1	50.37	105.46	1992.66	652.87	3.11	5353	41.6	10.3	Ends visibly fractured prior to testing



Figure A.181 Specimen 92: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.182 Specimen 92: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 93

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
93	IDH-02-13	764.0	764.8	50.50	104.09	2002.96	561.23	2.69	5566	97.6	17.7



Figure A.183 Specimen 93: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.184 Specimen 93: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 94

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
94	IDH-10-01	244.2	245.0	50.56	104.68	2007.72	615.6	2.93	5424	204.0	26.3



Figure A.185 Specimen 94: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.186 Specimen 94: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 95

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
95	IDH-10-02	253.6	254.7	50.32	105.01	1988.71	633.38	3.03	5304	87.6	12.6



Figure A.187 Specimen 95: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.188 Specimen 95: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 96

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
96	IDH-11-01	56.2	56.9	50.32	105.44	1988.71	605.94	2.89	5699	190.5	23.2



Figure A.189 Specimen 96: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.190 Specimen 96: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 97	'
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Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus	Additional Notes
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]	
97	IDH-11-02	135.1	135.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Specimen fractured during preparation



Figure A.191 Specimen 97: Fracture occurred during cutting portion of preparation

Specimen 98

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
98	IDH-11-03	196.7	197.5	50.34	104.9	1990.29	640.23	3.07	5960	215.4	28.1



Figure A.192 Specimen 98: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A. 193 Specimen 98: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 99

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
99	IDH-11-04	212.1	212.9	50.36	103.98	1991.87	655.19	3.16	5908	223.8	28.4



Figure A.194 Specimen 99: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.195 Specimen 99: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 100

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
100	IDH-11-05	232.9	233.8	50.44	103.99	1998.20	659.07	3.17	5445	135.5	21.2



Figure A.196 Specimen 100: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.197 Specimen 100: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 101

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
101	IDH-11-06	240.6	241.5	50.60	105.51	2010.90	671.20	3.16	5024	41.9	8.5



Figure A.198 Specimen 101: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.199 Specimen 101: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 102

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
102	IDH-11-07	248.0	248.7	50.36	104.41	1991.87	687.06	3.30	4350	78.8	13.7



Figure A.200 Specimen 102: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.201 Specimen 102: Before USC test and After UCS test
Specimen 103

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
103	IDH-11-08	275.3	276.3	50.53	105.40	2005.34	711.85	3.37	4925	81.8	15.5



Figure A.202 Specimen 103: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.203 Specimen 103: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 104

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
104	IDH-11-09	292.1	292.1	50.21	104.73	1980.02	611.00	2.95	4173	95.3	14.1



Figure A.204 Specimen 104: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.205 Specimen 104: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 105

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
105	IDH-11-10	358.8	359.5	50.44	105.18	1998.20	623.78	2.97	5507	132.9	21.6



Figure A.206 Specimen 105: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.207 Specimen 105: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 106

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
106	IDH-11-11	412.6	413.2	50.45	105.17	1999.00	574.14	2.73	4759	139.9	21.4



Figure A.208 Specimen 106: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.209 Specimen 106: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 107

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	V <sub>p</sub>	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
107	IDH-11-12	224.0	224.9	50.5	106.27	2002.96	683.77	3.21	5623	168.4	20.5



Figure A.210 Specimen 107: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.211 Specimen 107: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 108

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷,	UCS	Young's Modulus
e) e		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
108	DBA-07-01	22.2	23.0	50.27	102.07	1984.76	602.92	2.98	4619	109.1	14.5



Figure A.212 Specimen 108: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.213 Specimen 108: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 109

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷p	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
109	DBA-07-02	27.6	28.3	50.34	101.07	1990.29	605.17	3.01	5183	102.0	18.2



## Figure A.214 Specimen 109: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.215 Specimen 109: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 110

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷p	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
110	DBA-07-03	46.9	47.4	50.47	100.62	2000.58	569.39	2.83	6845	144.9	26.3



Figure A.216 Specimen 110: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.217 Specimen 110: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 111

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷p	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
111	DBA-07-04	59.8	60.4	50.5	101.08	2002.96	587.31	2.90	6357	255.7	29.3



Figure A.218 Specimen 111: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.219 Specimen 111: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 112

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷p	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
112	DBA-08-01	32.3	32.8	50.45	102.56	1999.00	569.53	2.78	1906	57.8	3.6



Figure A.220 Specimen 112: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.221 Specimen 112: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 113





Figure A.222 Specimen 113: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.223 Specimen 113: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 114



Figure A.224 Specimen 114: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.225 Specimen 114: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 115



Figure A.226 Specimen 115: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.227 Specimen 115: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 116



Figure A.228 Specimen 116: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.229 Specimen 116: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 117

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷p	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
117	DBA-09-02	31.1	31.6	50.49	100.71	2002.17	531.22	2.63	6031	75.5	19.6



Figure A.230 Specimen 117: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.231 Specimen 117: Before USC test and After UCS test



Figure A.232 Specimen 118: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.233 Specimen 118: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 119



## Figure A.234 Specimen 119: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.235 Specimen 119: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 120

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷p	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
120	DBA-01	168.5	169.3	50.43	99.65	1997.41	625.12	3.14	5137	107.4	53.8



Figure A.236 Specimen 120: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.237 Specimen 120: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 121

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷p	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
121	DBA-01A	405.3	406.0	50.5	100.94	2002.96	595.89	2.95	3838	15.6	4.5



Figure A.238 Specimen 121: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.239 Specimen 121: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 122

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷p	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
122	DBA-01A	383.9	384.5	50.63	100.73	2013.29	587.76	2.90	3178	31.3	6.9



Figure A.240 Specimen 122: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.241 Specimen 122: Before USC test and After UCS test

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷p	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
123	IDH-01	371.0	371.7	50.32	80.54	1988.71	446.88	2.79	3183	9.3	1.2



Figure A.242 Specimen 123: Young's modulus calculation





Figure A.243 Specimen 123: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 124



Figure A.244 Specimen 124: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.245 Specimen 124: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 125



Figure A.246 Specimen 125: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.247 Specimen 125: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 126



Figure A.248 Specimen 126: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.249 Specimen 126: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 127



Figure A.250 Specimen 127: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.251 Specimen 127: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 128



Figure A.252 Specimen 128: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.253 Specimen 128: Before USC test and After UCS test





Figure A.254 Specimen 129: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.255 Specimen 129: Before USC test and After UCS test





Figure A.256 Specimen 130: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.257 Specimen 130: Before USC test and After UCS test





Figure A.258 Specimen 131: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.259 Specimen 131: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 132



Figure A.260 Specimen 132: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.261 Specimen 132: Before USC test and After UCS test

Specimen 133

Assigned ID	Bore Hole #	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter	Length	Area	Mass	Density	۷p	UCS	Young's Modulus
		[ft]	[ft]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[g]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[m/s]	[MPa]	[GPa]
133	IDH-11	358.7	386.3	50.52	101.90	2004.55	538.06	2.63	3287	22.8	5.6



Figure A.262 Specimen 133: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.263 Specimen 133: Before USC test and After UCS test





Figure A.264 Specimen 134: Young's modulus calculation



Figure A.265 Specimen 134: Before USC test and After UCS test

**APPENDIX B: STRESS - STRAIN PLOTS SP2782-334** 



Figure B.1 Sample x1: Axial stress vs axial strain curve



Figure B.2 Sample x2: Axial stress vs axial strain curve



Figure B.3 Sample x3: Axial stress vs axial strain curve







Figure B.5 Sample x5: Axial stress vs axial strain curve



Figure B.6 Sample x6: Axial stress vs axial strain curve
**APPENDIX C: STRESS - STRAIN PLOTS SP804-81** 



Figure C.1 Specimen 9: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 1, σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure C.2 Specimen 19: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 1, σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure C.3 Specimen 22: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 1, σ<sub>3</sub>=10 MPa)



Figure C.4 Specimen 12: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 2, σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure C.5 Specimen 13: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 2,  $\sigma_3$ =5 MPa)



Figure C.6 Specimen 14: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 2, σ<sub>3</sub>=10 MPa)



Figure C.7 Specimen 7: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 3, σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure C.8 Specimen 10: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 3, σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure C.9 Specimen 18: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 3, σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure C.10 Specimen 8: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 4, σ<sub>3</sub>=10 MPa)



Figure C.11 Specimen 11: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 4, σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure C.12 Specimen 15: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 4, σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure C.13 Specimen 20: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 5, σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure C.14 Specimen 23: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 5, σ<sub>3</sub>=7.5 MPa)



Figure C.15 Specimen 24: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 5, σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure C.16 Specimen 25: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 5, σ<sub>3</sub>=10 MPa)



Figure C.17 Specimen 26: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 6, σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure C.18 Specimen 27: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 6, σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure C.19 Specimen 28: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 6, σ<sub>3</sub>=10 MPa)



Figure C.20 Specimen 29: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 6, σ<sub>3</sub>=7.5 MPa)



Figure C.21 Specimen 16: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 7, σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure C.22 Specimen 17: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 7, σ<sub>3</sub>=0 MPa, leaked)



Figure C.23 Specimen 21: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (triaxial group 7, σ<sub>3</sub>=0 MPa, leaked)

## **APPENDIX D: STRESS - STRAIN PLOTS ST. PETER SANDSTONE**



Figure D.1 Specimen SPSS 1: axial stress vs. axial strain plot ( $\sigma_3$ =1 MPa)



Figure D.2 Specimen SPSS 2: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (σ<sub>3</sub>=0 MPa)



Figure D.3 Specimen SPSS 3: axial stress vs. axial strain plot (σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure D.4 Specimen SPSS 4: axial stress vs. axial strain plot ( $\sigma_3$ =5 MPa)

## **APPENDIX E: PHOTOS OF TRIAXIAL SPECIMENS FOR SP2782-334**



Figure E.1 Specimen x1 before triaxial compression test



Figure E.2 Specimen x1 after triaxial compression test (σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure E.3 Specimen x2 before triaxial compression test



Figure E.4 Specimen x2 after triaxial compression test ( $\sigma_3$ =10 MPa)



Figure E.5 Specimen x3 before triaxial compression test



Figure E.6 Specimen x3 after triaxial compression test (σ<sub>3</sub>=20 MPa)



Figure E.7 Specimen x4 before triaxial compression test



Figure E.8 Specimen x4 after triaxial compression test (σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure E.9 Specimen x5 before triaxial compression test



Figure E.10 Specimen x5 after triaxial compression test (σ<sub>3</sub>=10 MPa)



Figure E.11 Specimen x6 before triaxial compression test



Figure E.12 Specimen x6 after triaxial compression test (σ₃=20 MPa)

## **APPENDIX F: PHOTOS OF TRIAXIAL SPECIMENS FOR SP2782-334**



Figure F.1 Specimen 7 before triaxial compression



Figure F.2 Specimen 7 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure F.3 Specimen 8 before triaxial compression



Figure F.4 Specimen 8 after triaxial compression ( $\sigma_3$ =10 MPa)



Figure F.5 Specimen 9 before triaxial compression



Figure F.6 Specimen 9 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure F.7 Specimen 10 before triaxial compression



Figure F.8 Specimen 10 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure F.9 Specimen 11 before triaxial compression



Figure F.10 Specimen 11 after triaxial compression ( $\sigma_3$ =2.5 MPa)



Figure F.11 Specimen 13 before triaxial compression



Figure F.12 Specimen 13 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure F.13 Specimen 14 before triaxial compression



Figure F.14 Specimen 14 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=10 MPa)



Figure F.15 Specimen 15 before triaxial compression



Figure F.16 Specimen 15 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure F.17 Specimen 16 before triaxial compression



Figure F.18 Specimen 16 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure F.19 Specimen 17 before triaxial compression



Figure F.20 Specimen 17 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=0 MPa, leaked)



Figure F.21 Specimen 18 before triaxial compression



Figure F.22 Specimen 18 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure F.23 Specimen 19 before triaxial compression



Figure F.24 Specimen 19 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)


Figure F.25 Specimen 20 before triaxial compression



Figure F.26 Specimen 20 after triaxial compression ( $\sigma_3$ =2.5 MPa)



Figure F.27 Specimen 21 before triaxial compression



Figure F.28 Specimen 21 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=0 MPa, leaked)



Figure F.29 Specimen 22 before triaxial compression



Figure F.30 Specimen 22 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=10 MPa)



Figure F.31 Specimen 23 before triaxial compression



Figure F.32 Specimen 23 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=7.5 MPa)



Figure F.33 Specimen 24 before triaxial compression



Figure F.34 Specimen 24 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure F.35 Specimen 25 before triaxial compression



Figure F.36 Specimen 25 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=10 MPa)



Figure F.37 Specimen 26 before triaxial compression



Figure F.38 Specimen 26 after triaxial compression ( $\sigma_3$ =2.5 MPa)



Figure F.39 Specimen 27 before triaxial compression



Figure F.40 Specimen 27 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure F.41 Specimen 28 before triaxial compression



Figure F.42 Specimen 28 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=10 MPa)



Figure F.43 Specimen 29 before triaxial compression



Figure F.44 Specimen 29 after triaxial compression (o₃=7.5 MPa)

## APPENDIX G: PHOTOS OF TRIAXIAL SPECIMENS FOR SP2782-334



Figure G.1 Specimen SPSS 1 before triaxial compression



Figure G.2 Specimen 28 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=1 MPa)



Figure G.3 Specimen SPSS 2 before triaxial compression



Figure G.4 Specimen SPSS 2 after compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=0 MPa)



Figure G.5 Specimen SPSS 3 before triaxial compression



Figure G.6 Specimen SPSS 3 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=2.5 MPa)



Figure G.7 Specimen SPSS 4 before triaxial compression



Figure G.8 Specimen SPSS 4 after triaxial compression (σ<sub>3</sub>=5 MPa)



Figure G.9 St. Peter Sandstone coring setup. Sandstone block (bottom-middle) placed in wood contained (middle) and confined with compacted sand (bottom left and bottom right). Wood container then clamped down while dry coring with toothed core barrel (top-middle).



Figure G.10 Coarse saw-tooth core barrel