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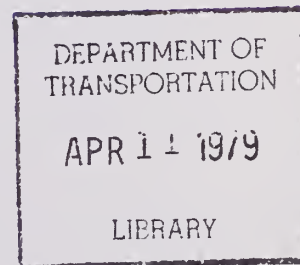
Report No. FHWA-RD-78-58

COMPUTER PROGRAMS USED TO ANALYZE WIND AND BRIDGE DATA ACQUIRED AT SITKA, ALASKA



May 1977
Final Report

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Washington, D. C. 20590

FOREWORD

This report contains the software which describes the programs and subroutines used for analysis of wind and acceleration data recorded at long-span bridge sites. Twelve of the most significant Fortran programs and their subroutines are presented as a catalog. The presentation is enhanced by flow charts, variable name lists, and output listings. The companion report, FHWA RD 78-57, describes acquisition at the Sitka site of wind and motion data.



Charles F. Scheffey
Director, Office of Research

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
INTRODUCTION	1
PROGRAM ACCPLT	5
ACCSPC	21
STPSPC	44
CALFIL	59
COPY	65
DBLINT	72
DTRND2	99
INTRPN	103
MODE3D	107
NEWPRT	124
RMBPLT	132
RHARM	151
SITKA	156
TAPSUM	163
WINDOW	187
WNDSPC	193
WNDPRM	228

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

<u>FIGURE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
1	Program ACCPLT Setup	6
2	ACCPLT Flow Chart	7
3	ACCPLT Tape Number Card Format	8
4	ACCPLT Request Card Format	9
5	ACCPLT Output One	10
6	ACCPLT Output Two	12
7	Program ACCSPC Setup	22
8	ACCSPC Flow Chart	23
9	INTPWA Flow Chart	24
10	SPCPWA Flow Chart	25
11	ACCSPC Tape Number Card Format	26
12	ACCSPC Request Card Format	27
13	INTPWA Output	41
14	ACCSPC Output	42
15	ACCSPC output	43
16	STPSPC Tape Number Card Format	45
17	STPSPC Request Card Format	46
18	STPSPC Output	47
19	Program CALFIL Setup	60
20	CALFIL Output	61
21	COPY Flow Chart	66
22	COPY Request Card Format	67
23	Program DBLINT Setup	73
24	DBLINT Flow Chart	74
25	TTRACE Flow Chart	75
26	SPECT Flow Chart	76
27	DBLINT Tape Number Card Format	77
28	DBLINT Request Card Format	78
29	DBLINT Output 1	79
30	DBLINT Output 2	80
31	Subroutine DTRND2 Flow Chart	100
32	Program MODE3D Setup	108
33	MODE3D Driver Flow Chart	109
34	MODE3D Subroutine Flow Chart	110
35	MODE3D Tape Number Card Format	111
36	MODE3D Request Card	112
37-1	Raw Data	113
37-2	MODE3D Data	115
38	Example MODE3D Program Display	116
39	Subroutine NEWPRT Setup	126
40	Subroutine NEWPRT General Flow Diagram	127
41	Program RBMPLT Setup	133
42	RBMPLT Flow Chart	134
43	Subroutine Polar Flow Chart	135
44	RBMPLT Tape Number Card Format	136
45	RBMPLT Request Card	137

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS (continued)

<u>FIGURE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
46	RBMPLOT Output	138
47	RBMPLOT Output	139
48	Polar Output	140
49	RHARM Flow Chart	152
50	Subroutine SITKA General Flow Diagram	157
51	SITKA Calibration Table Output	158
52	Program TAPSUM Setup	164
53	TAPSUM Flow Chart	165
54	EVINIT Flow Chart	166
55	INTSUM Flow Chart	167
56	TAPSUM Tape Number Card Format	168
57	TAPSUM Request Card	169
58	Program TAPSUM Tape Summary Output	170
59	Program TAPSUM Interval Summary Output	171
60	Program WINDOW Flow Chart	188
61	Program WNDSPC Setup Title	194
62	WNDSPC Flow Chart	195
63	INTPWW Flow Chart	196
64	SPCPWW Flow Chart	197
65	WNDSPC Tape Number Card Format	198
66	WNDSPC Request Card	199
67	WNDSPC Output	200
68	Individual Channel Horizontal and Vertical Wind Spectra	201
69	WNDPRM Flow Chart	229
70	WNDPRM Request Card	230
71	WNDPRM Output	

LIST OF TABLES

<u>TABLE</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
1	Signalling Computer Programs, Routines & Subroutines	3
2	Major Data Analysis Programs	4
3	ACCPLT Variable Name List	13
4	ACCSPC Variable Name List	28
5	STPSPC Variable Name List	48
6	CALFIL Variable Name List	62
7	COPY Variable Name List	68
8	DBLINT Variable Name List	82
9	DTRND2 Variable Name List	101
10	INTRPN Variable Name List	104
11	MODE3D Variable Name List	117
12	RBMPLE Variable Name List	141
13	RHARM Variable Name List	153
14	SITKA Variable Name List	159
15	TAPSUM Variable Name List	172
16	WINDOW Variable Name List	189
17	WNDSPE Variable Name List	202
18	WNPPE Variable Name List	232

INTRODUCTION

This document is the Software Report describing the programs and subroutines used for analysis of wind and acceleration data recorded at long-span bridge sites using a Government-owned Instrumentation system.

The software package consists of various combinations of programs, routines and subroutines which allow for tape reading, statistical data summaries, calibration and outputting of data values. It also allows for obtaining acceleration time series plots and frequency spectra, and plots for the wind parameters relative to model frequency spectra.

This report, as listed in Table 1, comprises twelve of the most significant programs which include those routines associated with individual programs. In addition, general subroutines are provided separately to support programs as indicated by Table 2. Each program and subroutines are individually organized containing, for the most part, the following data:

- Programming Introduction
- Operational Notes
- General Program Setup
- General Program Flow Chart
- Program Listings
- Variable Name List
- Input Card Format
- Sample Outputs

The following documents are suggested to be consulted for more detailed information on the Instrumentation System:

1. Installation and Operation Manual for An Instrumentation System to Monitor and Record Wind Velocities, Directions, and Effects at Suspension Bridge Site, Falls Church, Virginia, Undated.
2. Final Report for An Instrumentation System to Monitor and Record Wind Velocity, Directors, and Effects at Suspension Bridges, Falls Church, Virginia, March 1971.
3. C. L. Gerhardt and D. D. Nelson, Monitoring and Recording Wind Velocities, Directions, and Effects at Comp-Span Bridge Sites, Report No. FHWA-RD-76-10, Washington, D.C., August 1977.

4. C. L. Gerhardt, D. D. Nelson, and D. M. Grene, Selected Wind and Bridge Motion Data Recorded at Long-Span Bridge Sites, Report No. FHWA-RD-76-180, Washington, D.C., August 1976.
5. A Software System To Analyze Wind Sensor and Accelerometer Data Acquired At Bridge Sites, Falls Church, Virginia, July 1974.

Table 1. Signalling Computer Programs,
Routines & Subroutines.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>PURPOSE</u>
ACCPLT	Generates side-by-side calibration plots of data from all accelerometers for selected data records. (15 recs/page).
ACCSPC	Calculates and plots power spectral density for selected accelerometer data. 10 RB + 2 Tower.
STPSPC	Stepping Spectra of 1 accel. channel.
CALFIL	Updates and maintains instrumentation system channel calibration file.
COPY	Copies selected records from data base to work tape.
DBLINT	
MODE3D	Plots three-dimensional views of "geometrical bridge configuration" at sequential instants of time. Based on accel. data.
RBMPLT	Generates table of record-by-record accelerometer maxima, and averages wind directions and velocities. (One pt. per record + wind/accel. correlation + wind polar).
RHARM	Finds the fourier coefficients of one dimensional real data.
TAPSUM	Generates index and 10-minute statistical summaries for all data recorded on field data tapes.
WNDSPC	Calculates and plots power spectral density for selected anemometer data for up to 5 channel each U, R, W plus their averages.
WNDPRM	
INTRPN	A subroutine to generate missing data points through interpolation.
DETRND	
NEWPRT	A subroutine to read Newport data tapes, and demultiplex and calibrate sensor data.
SITKA	A subroutine to read Sitka data tapes, and demultiplex and calibrate sensor data.
WINDOW	A subroutine to apply 10% cosine ² taper to data samples.

Table 2. Major Data Analysis Programs

<u>NOMENCLATURE</u>	<u>ASSOCIATED SUBROUTINES</u>	<u>GENERAL SUBROUTINE CALLED</u>	
ACCPLT		SITKA	
ACCSPC	INTPWA, SPCPWA	SITKA	DETRND WINDOW RHARM
STPSPC	(INTPW2, SPCPW2)		
CALFIL			
COPY			
DBLINT	TAPE, CLEAN, DDTRND, TTRACE, SPECT	INTPWA SPCPWA SITKA	DETRND2 WINDOW RHARM
MODE3D		SITKA	
RBMP LT	POLAR	SITKA	
RHARM	HARM (IBM)		
TAPSUM	TIME, HDG, EVINST, EVTERM, INTSUM		
WNDS PC	INTPWW, SPCPWW, VVCAL, WANGL, AVERG2	SITKA	DETRND2 WINDOW RHARM
+WNDPRM			
INTRPN			
DETRND2			
NEWPRT			
SITKA			
WINDOW			

PROGRAM ACCPLT

INTRODUCTION

Program ACCPLT provides a continuous printer plot of 13 channels of acceleration and two of wind direction and velocity from magnetic tapes recorded at the Sitka Harbor, Alaska bridge. Also, it optionally plots all 13 accelerometers on a Calcomp/Tektronix plot of 15 records (68 seconds of data) per page.

In addition to outputting plots of A1 through A13, the ten bridge deck accelerometers may be displayed as sum and difference pairs by setting NDIF $\neq 0$. For example, instead of the top two traces being A1 and A2, the top trace will show the algebraic sum of A1 and A2 and the second trace the difference A1-A2. This provides a good indication of whether the bridge deck motion is vertical or torsional, corresponding to opposite sides of the bridge being in or out of phase.

See Figures 1 through 6, Table 3 and Listing 1.

OPERATIONAL NOTES

From the actual calls to plot in inches, all data is shrunk by the factor CCSIZE for the desired size of the actual Calcomp lot. Since the Tektronix graphics further shrinks its plots to approximately 57% of the Calcomp, programs such as ACCPLT which use it contain another factor of 1.74 to compensate for this.

Multiple request cards may be used but must be all for the same tape file.

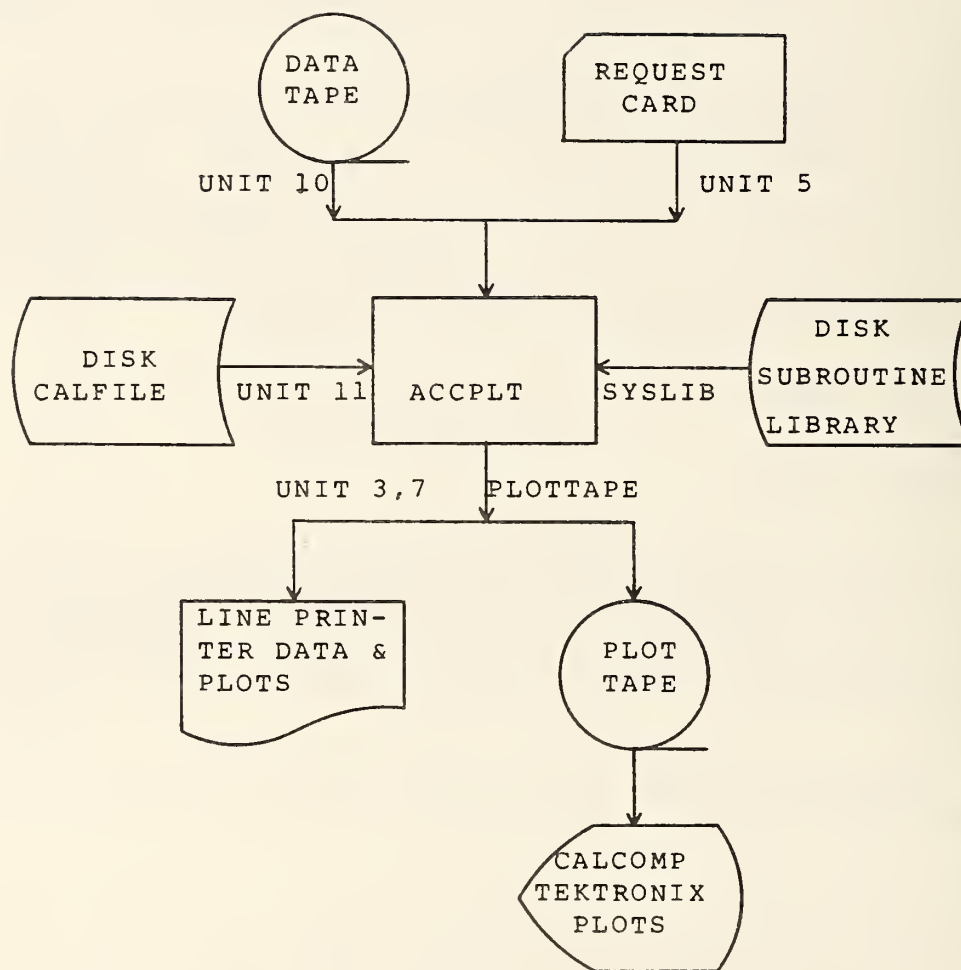


Figure 1. Program ACCPLT Setup

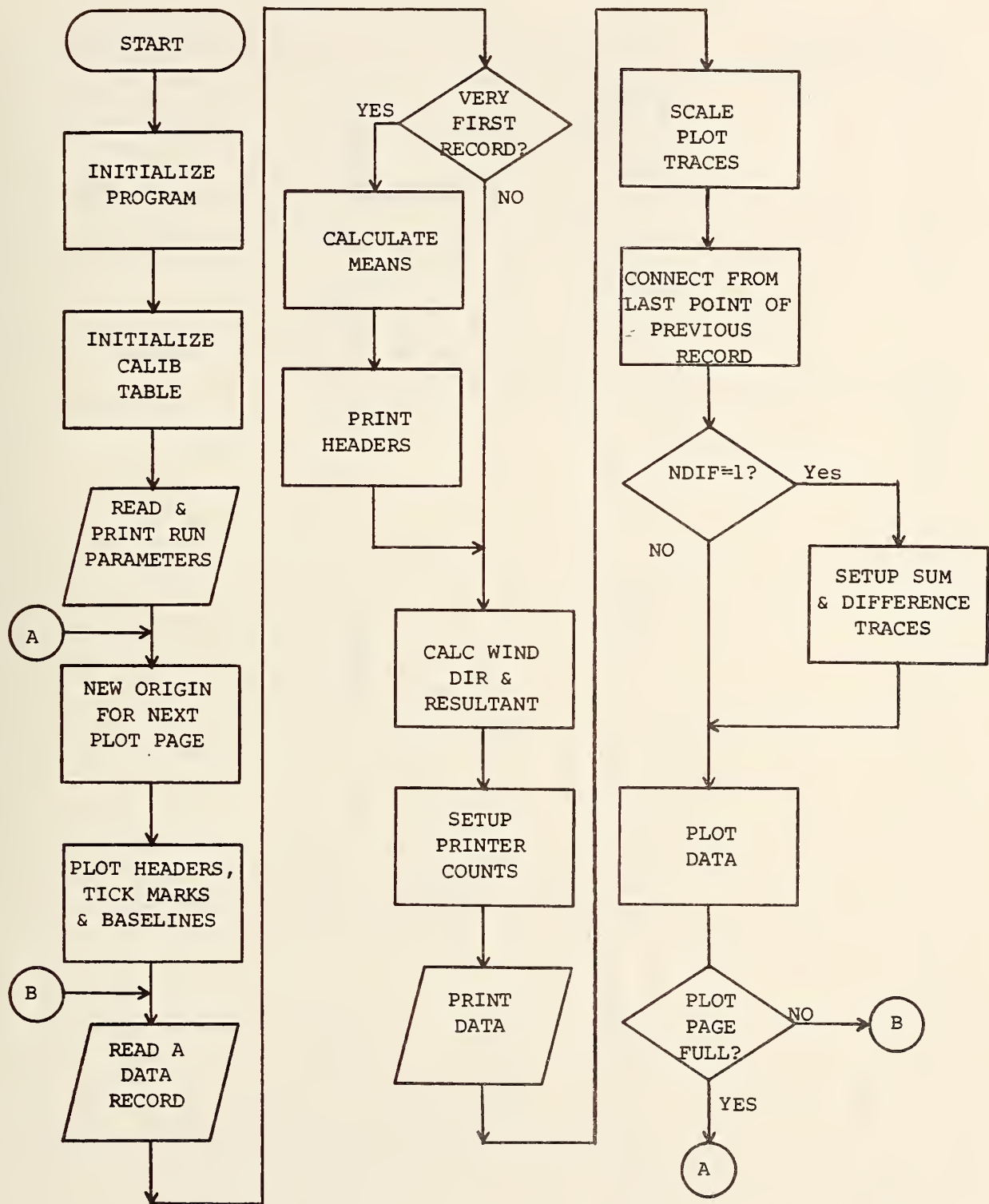


Figure 2. ACCPLT Flow Chart

00010436 76300

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	---	Tape Number	2A4	1-8
2	70300 - 72161 (Newport)	Recording date	15	11-15

Figure 3. ACCPLT Tape Number Card Format

00270	00285
-------	-------

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	1-9999	Beginning record number	I5	1-5
2	1-9999	Ending record number	I5	11-15
3	0,1	NDIF	I5	21-25

Figure 4. ACCPLT Request Card Format

RECORD/ TIME	ALL 0.0 .3	AL2-AL3 0.0 .06	W1 DIR VEL	AL-A2 0.0 .03	A3-A4 0.0 .03	A5-A6 0.0 .03	A7-A8 0.0 .03	A9-AL0 0.0 .03	W5 DIR VEL
* 270	S	NS	211 48	*	SN	ISN	I*	*	160 40
0.14	S	NS	212 48	*	*	ISN	SN	*	162 38
0.21	S	NS	213 46	*	*	SN	*	*	162 37
0.28	S	*	214 45	*	*	*	*	*	166 42
0.35	S	*	215 46	*	*	NS	*	*	166 44
0.42	S	SN	215 47	*	*	NSI	*	*	168 50
0.49	S	NS	215 47	*	NS	NSI	*	*	168 50
0.56	S	*	215 47	*	NS	NSI	I*	*	170 50
0.63	S	NS	217 46	*	I*	I*	I*	*	170 49
0.70	S	*	218 46	NS	SN	SN	SN	NS	171 45
0.77	S	*	219 45	I*	I*	SN	SN	SN	173 45
0.84	S	NS	220 44	I*	SN	I*	*	*	172 44
0.91	S	*	220 43	NS	*	I*	*	*	173 42
0.98	S	SN	220 42	*	*	*	*	NS	173 42
1.05	S	*	219 42	*	*	NS	I*	SN	171 44
1.12	S	*	220 43	*	I*	INS	I*	SN	172 45
1.19	S	*	221 44	*	I*	I*	I*	SN	171 43
1.26	S	SN	221 46	*	I*	I*	I*	*	169 42
1.33	S	SN	220 45	*	SN	I*	I*	*	168 41
1.40	S	*	222 44	*	SN	IS N	I*	*	168 41
1.47	S	SN	220 44	*	SN	ISN	SN	*	166 39
1.54	S	*	222 42	*	*	I*	I*	SN	168 39
1.61	S	*	222 44	*	*	*	NS	SN	170 37
1.68	S	*	221 43	*	*	NS	*	*	170 36
1.75	S	NSI	221 43	*	I*	I*	I*	*	168 34
1.82	S	*	221 43	*	I*	I*	I*	*	167 34
1.89	S	SN	220 44	NS	I*	I*	I*	*	166 38
1.96	S	*	222 44	SN	I*	I*	I*	*	166 38
2.03	S	*	221 44	NS	I*	I*	SN	*	170 35
2.10	S	SN	220 44	NS	I*	NSI	*	*	169 31
2.17	S	*	221 43	*	I*	I*	*	*	171 35
2.24	S	*	221 42	*	*	NS	*	*	171 43
2.31	S	I*	220 42	*	*	I*	*	*	171 44
2.38	S	SN	220 42	*	*	I*	SN	*	173 42
2.45	S	I*	220 42	*	*	I*	I*	*	175 44
2.52	S	*	220 44	*	SN	ISN	I*	*	173 42
2.59	S	*	220 43	*	*	SN	I*	SN	172 40
2.66	S	*	217 44	*	SN	I*	I*	I*	170 38
2.73	S	SN	218 43	SN	I*	INS	I*	*	170 37
2.80	S	*	217 44	*	I*	INS	NS	*	170 35
2.87	S	*	216 43	*	I*	I*	*	*	171 34
2.94	IS	*	215 44	*	NS	SN	*	*	171 34
3.01	S	*	214 45	*	I*	NS	*	*	173 33
3.08	S	*	214 43	NS	SN	I*	SN	*	
3.15	S	SN	214 45						

Figure 5. ACCPLT Output One

RECORD/ TIME	A11 0.0 -3	A12-A13 0.0 -06	A1-A2 0.0 -03	A3-A4 0.0 -03	A5-A6 0.0 -03	A7-A8 0.0 -03	A9-A10 0.0 -03	W5 DIR VEL
3.22	SI	*	NS	*	*	*	*	175 30
3.29	S	*	SN	*	*	*	*	181 26
3.36	S	*	*	*	*	*	*	187 26
3.43	S	NS	NS	NSI	NSI	*	*	186 31
3.50	S	*	*	*	*	*	*	186 36
3.57	S	NS	SN	NS	SN	*	*	184 37
3.64	S	*	NS	*	*	*	*	182 35
3.71	IS	SN	NS	SN	*	*	*	179 32
3.78	IS	*	*	I*	I*	SN	*	182 28
3.85	IS	SN	SN	NS	INS	I*	SN	186 27
3.92	S	SN	NS	*	INS	I*	NS	188 28
3.99	S	SN	*	NS	I*	I*	SN	189 29
4.06	S	SN	SN	NS	I*	I*	*	185 30
4.13	S	SN	*	*	I*	I*	*	182 30
4.20	S	*	*	*	I*	SN	*	184 29
4.27	SI	*	*	*	I*	*	*	185 31
4.34	S	*	*	*	*	*	SN	186 34

Figure 5. ACCPLT Output One (continued)

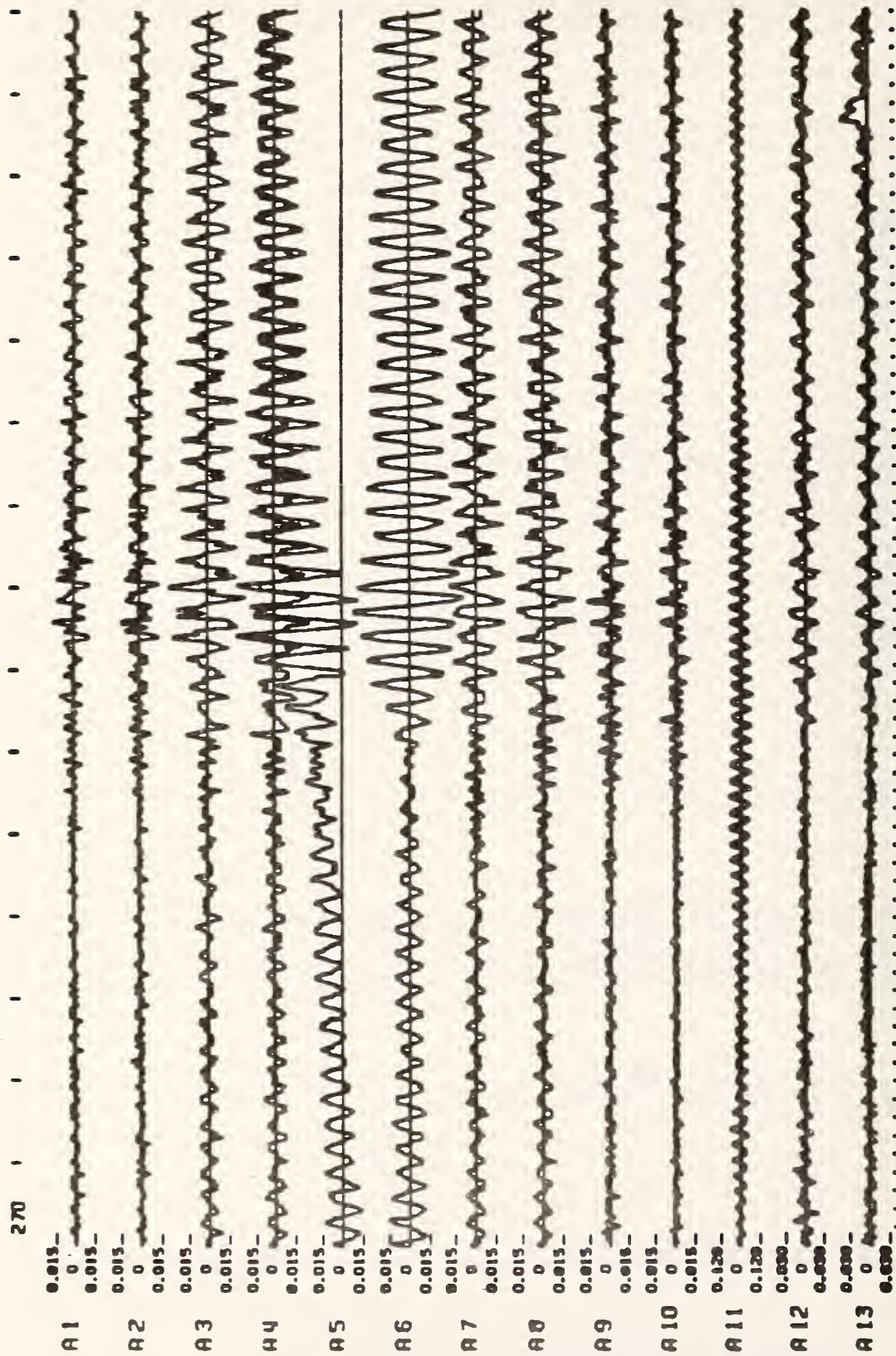


Figure 6. ACCPLT Output Two

Table 3. ACCPLT Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
ACLM		R	1	Output trace number
ALAST		R	13	Stores last point of previous rec.
AMEAN		R	13	Mean Values
AN		I	1	Literal N
AS		I	1	Literal S
BEGREC		I	1	Starting record of request
BLNK		I	1	Literal blank
CARDIN		I	1	Card input device
CCSIZE		R	1	Calcomp plot scaling desired
DT		R	1	Sampling interval
ENDREC		I	1	Ending record of request
FPP		I	1	Need-to-print 1st-pt-of rec. flag
I		I	1	General index
IBUF		I	4000	Plot buffer storage
IDATE		I	1	Date of input tape data
IFF		I	1	SITKA function flag
II		I	1	General index
IPAGE		I	1	Current page being plotted
IREC		I	1	Current record number
IREK		I	1	Current record being plotted
IRF		I	1	Read status flag
J		I	1	General index
KAC		I	1	Output trace index
LSREC		I	1	RECNO-1
LTRI		I	1	Literal I
LTRN		I	1	Literal N
LTRS		I	1	Literal S
MCF		I	1	Means-need-calibrating flag
NDIF		I	1	Flag for sum-&-difference option
NP		I	1	Number of points
NPAGES		I	1	Number of pages (integer)

Table 3. ACCPLT Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
NREC		I	1	Number of records to plot
NSEC		I	1	Number of Secs/Page
P		I	1	General index
PAGES		R	1	No. of plot pgs in current request
PLEN		R	1	Length of data axis on plot
PSIZE		R	1	Final plot factor
PRNTRI		I	1	Printer assignment
RADCON		R	1	Radians-to-degrees conver. factor
REC		R	1	Current record number
RECNO		R	1	Current record number
RELTIM		R	1	Elapsed time since start of request
SENS		R	64, 37	Array containing 1 record raw data
SKALE		R	1	Scaling factor for time trace plot
STAR		I	1	Literal asterik
T		I	1	General index
TAPENO		I	2	Tape number
TEKFAC		R	1	Tektronix/calcomp adjustment factor
TIMEHI		R	1	Height of tick mark traces
TINC		R	1	Plotting increment between data pts
TINCM		R	1	Plotting increment per minute
TINCS		R	1	Plot spacing for 1 sec of time
TRACE		R	7, 11	Print line array
VSCAL		R	1	Vertical scale of time trace
WIDIR		R	1	Direction of wind on W1
WIVEL		R	1	Velocity of wind 1
W5DIR		R	1	Direction of wind on W5
W5VEL		R	1	Velocity of wind 5
X		R	1	X location of data within a record
XLOC		R	1	X coordinate for plotter start
XI		R	1	X location of minute mark
XX		R	1	starting X location for data

Table 3. ACCPLT Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
Y		R	1	Vert offset of plot data from zero baseline
Y2		R	1	Offset for other side of bridge
YHI		R	1	Height of a data trace
THI		R	1	Height of VSCAL from baseline

```

C ***** PROGRAM ACCPLT *****
C
C-----PLOTS BRIDGE ACCELERATIONS AND 2 RESULTANT WINDS
C-----FOR EACH RECORD BETWEEN SPECIFIED BEGINNING AND ENDING RECORDS
C-----AS ONE CONTINUOUS PRINTER PLOT.
C----- ALSO PLOTS ALL 13 ACCELEROMETERS ON CALCOMP/TEXTRONIX PLOT
C-----OF 15 RECORDS PER PAGE.
C
C ROUTINES CALLED: SITKA
C
C PROG. BY CHUCK GERHARDT S.T.A. 1976
C MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON DURING 1976 - 1977.
C
C DIMENSION IBUF(4000),ALAST(13)
C REAL RADCON,SENS(64,37),RELTIM,AMEAN(13),WIDIR,W5DIR,W1VEL,W5VEL
C INTEGER CARDIN,PRNTR1,IFF,RECNO,IRF,BEGREC,ENDREC,MCF,FPP,J,I,
C -II,T,P,BLNK,TRACE(7,11),LTRI,LTRN,LTRS,STAR,LSREC,AS,AN
C INTEGER TAPENO(2)
C
C-----INITIALIZE PROGRAM AND DEVICES
C ALPHANUMERIC CHARACTERS STORED LEFT JUSTIFIED
C
C DATA BLNK/' ',LTRS/'S',LTRN/'N',LTRI/'I',STAR/'*'/
C CARDIN=5
C PRNTR1=7
C RADCON=180.0/3.14159
C DT=.07
C CCSIZE=.40
C TEKFACTOR=1.74
C PSIZE=CCSIZE*TEKFACTOR
C CALL PLOTS (IBUF,4000,6)
C CALL NEWPEN (1)
C CALL FACTOR (PSIZE)
C CALL PLOT (0.,0.,-3)
C
C READ TAPE NUMBER CARD AND INITIALIZE SENSOR TABLE
C
C IFF=1
C CALL SITKA(IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPENO,IDATE)
C PRINT 9001
9001 FORMAT(1H1,'PROCESSING LOG'/)
C
C-----READ DATA REQUEST CARD AND INITIALIZE COUNTERS FOR ITS REQUEST
C
1000 READ(CARDIN,9100,END=8000) BEGREC,ENDREC,NDIF
9100 FORMAT(I5,T11,I5,T21,I5)
RECNO=BEGREC
NREC=ENDREC-BEGREC+1
PAGES=NREC/15.
NPAGFS=PAGES+.99
NP=NREC*64
IREC=0
RELTIM=0.0
MCF=1

```

```

PRINT 85,BEGREC,ENDREC,NP,NPAGES,TAPENO,IDATE,NDIF
85 FORMAT (' PLOTTING RECORDS',I5,' THRU',I5,' (' ,I5,' POINTS FOR ',
112,' PLOT PAGES) FROM TAPE ',2A4,' DATED',I6,5X,'NDIF=',I1)

```

```

C
C      SETUP EACH 15 RECORD PAGE STARTING WITH TIMING MARKS
C      EVERY RECORD (4.54 SEC) AT TOP, EVERY 1.0 SECONDS AT BOTTOM
C

```

```
DO 600 IPAGE=1,NPAGES
```

```
TINC=.020
```

```
TINCM=TINC*64
```

```
TIMEHI=13.3
```

```
CALL PLOT (2.,TIMEHI,+3)
```

```
REC=BEGREC +1*(IPAGE-1)
```

```
CALL NUMBER (2.2,TIMEHI-.1,.18,REC,0.,-1)
```

```
XT=2.0
```

```
DO 130 I=1,15
```

```
XT=XT+TINCM
```

```
130 CALL SYMBOL (XT,TIMEHI,.14,13,0.,-1)
```

```
CALL PLOT (2.,0.,+3)
```

```
TIMEHI=0.0
```

```
NSEC=4.54*15.
```

```
TINCS=TINCM/4.54
```

```
XT=2.0
```

```
DO 140 I=1,NSEC
```

```
XT=XT+TINCS
```

```
140 CALL SYMBOL (XT,TIMEHI,.07,13,0.,-1)
```

```
PLEN=TINC*64.*15.
```

```
THI=.125/PSIZE
```

```
XLOC=0.0
```

```

C
C      PLOT HEADERS AND BASELINES FOR ALL 13 ACCEL
C      ADD VERTICAL AXIS SCALE VALUES (1 INCH=.05 G)
C      FOR A12/A13 , 1 INCH=.10G      FOR A11, 1 INCH=.20G
C      VSCAL= SCALE-PER-INCH * THI
C

```

```
VSCAL=.015
```

```
DO 200 KAC=1,13
```

```
ACLM=KAC
```

```
YHI=13.4-KAC
```

```
IF (KAC.EQ.11) VSCAL=.120
```

```
IF (KAC.EQ.12.OR.KAC.EQ.13) VSCAL=.030
```

```
CALL NUMBER (1.3,YHI+THI,.14,VSCAL,0.,3)
```

```
CALL SYMBOL (2.1,YHI+THI,.14,13,90.,-1)
```

```
CALL SYMBOL (0.4,YHI,.21,1HA,0.,1)
```

```
CALL NUMBER (0.7,YHI,.21,ACLM,0.,-1)
```

```
CALL SYMBOL (1.6,YHI,.14,1HO,0.,1)
```

```
CALL NUMBER (1.3,YHI-THI,.14,VSCAL,0.,3)
```

```
CALL SYMBOL (2.1,YHI-THI,.14,13,90.,-1)
```

```
CALL PLOT (2.0,YHI,+3)
```

```
CALL PLOT (PLEN+2.,YHI,+2)
```

```
CALL PLOT (2.0,YHI,+3)
```

```
200 CONTINUE
```

```
CALL PLOT (2.,YHI,+3)
```

```
DO 550 IREK=1,15
```

```

C
C-----READ DATA RECD
C
00  IFF=3
    CALL SITKA(IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
    IREC=IREC+1
    IF (IRF.NE.1) GC TO 7000
    FPF=1
    IF (MCF.EQ.0) GC TO 2030
C
C-----CALCULATE MEANS FOR A1-A13
C
    J=0
    DO 2020 I=1,13
    J=J+2
    AMEAN(I)=0.0
    DO 2010 II=1,6+
    AMEAN(I)=AMEAN(I)+SENS(II,J)
2010  CONTINUE
    AMEAN(I)=AMEAN(I)/64.0
2020  CONTINUE
C
C-----PRINT HEADER FOR PRINTER-PLOT OF DATA
C      AND SET MEANS CALIBRATION FLAG TO ZERO
C
2026  IF (MCF.EQ.0) GC TO 2030
    WRITE (PRNTR1,9200)
9200  FORMAT(1H1,2X,'RECORD/',7X,'A11',9X,'A12-A13',8X,'W1',8X,'A1-A2',
- 9X,'A3-A4',9X,'A5-A6',9X,'A7-A8',9X,'A9-A10',8X,'W5'/
- 4X,'TIME',9X,'0.0 .3',7X,'0.0 .06',2X,'DIR VEL ',
- 5(6X,'0.0 .03'),2X,'DIR VEL '/
- 3X,7(' '),2(3X,'I----I----I'),3X,7(' '),5(3X,'I----I----I'),
- 3X,7(' '))
    MCF=0
C
C-----FOR EACH SCAN:
C
2030  DO 2100 I=1,6+
    RELTIM=RELTIM+DT
C
C-----CALCULATE RESULTANT HORIZONTAL WIND
C
    IF (SENS(I,1).EQ.0.) SENS(I,1)=.000001
    IF (SENS(I,3).EQ.0.) SENS(I,3)=.000001
    IF (SENS(I,25).EQ.0.) SENS(I,25)=.000001
    IF (SENS(I,27).EQ.0.) SENS(I,27)=.000001
    W1DIR=(RADCON*ATAN2(SENS(I,1),SENS(I,3)))+85.0
    W1VEL=SQRT(SENS(I,1)*SENS(I,1)+SENS(I,3)*SENS(I,3))
    W5DIR=(RADCON*ATAN2(SENS(I,25),SENS(I,27)))+85.0
    W5VEL=SQRT(SENS(I,25)*SENS(I,25)+SENS(I,27)*SENS(I,27))
    IW1DIR=FIX(W1DIR)
    IW1VEL=FIX(W1VEL)
    IW5DIR=FIX(W5DIR)
    IW5VEL=FIX(W5VEL)

```

C
C
C

INITIALIZE TRACES

DO 2050 T=1,7
 DO 2040 P=1,11
 TRACE(T,P)=BLNK
 2040 CONTINUE
 TRACE(T,6)=LTRI
 2050 CONTINUE

C
C
C

-----SET-UP TRACES FOR A1-A10 REMOVING EACH MEAN AND SCALING

DO 2070 T=1,5
 AS=(SENS(I,T*4-2)-AMEAN(T*2-1)+0.036)/0.006+0.5
 AN=(SENS(I,T*4)-AMEAN(T*2)+0.036)/0.006+0.5
 IF ((AS.LT.1).OR.(AS.GT.11)) GO TO 2060
 TRACE (T,AS)=LTRS
 2060 IF ((AN.LT.1).OR.(AN.GT.11)) GO TO 2070
 TRACE (T,AN)=LTRN
 IF (AS.EQ.AN) TRACE (T,AS)=STAR
 2070 CONTINUE

C
C
C

-----SET-UP TRACE FOR A11, THEN A12-A13

AS=(SENS(I,22)-AMEAN(11)+0.36)/0.06+0.5
 IF ((AS.LT.1).OR.(AS.GT.11)) GO TO 2072
 TRACE(6,AS)=LTRS
 2072 AN=(SENS(I,24)-AMEAN(12)+0.072)/0.012+0.5
 AS=(SENS(I,26)-AMEAN(13)+0.072)/0.012+0.5
 IF ((AS.LT.1).OR.(AS.GT.11)) GO TO 2074
 TRACE(7,AS)=LTRS
 2074 IF ((AN.LT.1).OR.(AN.GT.11)) GO TO 2080
 TRACE(7,AN)=LTRN
 IF (AS.EQ.AN) TRACE(7,AS)=STAR

C
C
C
C

-----PRINT DATA (FIRST POINT OF THE RECORD THEN OTHER 63 POINTS)

PRINT 64 PTS/REC OR 1 PT/REC

2080 IF (FPF.EQ.0) GO TO 2090
 C2080 IF (FPF.EQ.0) GO TO 2100 (PRINT ONLY FIRST POINT OF A RECORD)
 LSREC=RECNO-1

WRITE(PRNTR1,201) LSREC, (TRACE(6,J),J=1,11), (TRACE(7,J),J=1,11),
 - IWDIR, IWVEL, ((TRACE(T,J),J=1,11),T=1,5), IWSDIR, IW5VEL
 9201 FORMAT (1X, '#', 18, 2(3X, 11A1), 3X, 13, 1X, 13, 5(3X, 11A1), 3X, 13, 1X, 13)
 FPF=0
 GO TO 2100
 2090 WRITE(PRNTR1,202) RELTIM, (TRACE(6,J),J=1,11), (TRACE(7,J),J=1,11),
 - IWDIR, IWVEL, ((TRACE(T,J),J=1,11),T=1,5), IWSDIR, IW5VEL
 9202 FORMAT (3X, F7.2, 2(3X, 11A1), 3X, 13, 1X, 13, 5(3X, 11A1), 3X, 13, 1X, 13)
 2100 CONTINUE

C
C
C
C

PLOT THE 13 ACCEL 1.0 INCH APART (FULL SCALE)
 SCALE=1/SCALE PER INCH

```
XX=2.0 +TINCM*(IREK-1)
SKALF=THI/.015
DO 400 KAC=1,13
YHI=13.4-KAC
IF (KAC.EQ.11) SKALE=THI/.120
IF (KAC.EQ.12.OR.KAC.EQ.13) SKALE=THI/.030
CALL PLOT (XX,YHI,+3)
IF (IREC.GT.1) CALL PLOT (XX,ALAST(KAC),+3)
X=0.
DO 350 I=1,64
X=X+TINC
Y=(SENS(I,KAC*2)-AMEAN(KAC))*SKALE
IF (KAC.GE.11.OR.NDIF.EQ.0) GO TO 340
IF (MOD(KAC,2).EQ.0) GO TO 330
```

C

C

C

SETUP ODD TRACES AS SUMS AND EVEN TRACES AS DIFFERENCES

```
Y2=(SENS(I,KAC*2+2)-AMEAN(KAC+1))*SKALE
Y=Y+Y2
GO TO 340
330 Y2=(SENS(I,KAC*2-2)-AMEAN(KAC-1))*SKALE
Y=Y2-Y
340 IF (Y.GT.1.2) Y=1.2
CALL PLOT (XX+X,YHI+Y,+2)
350 CONTINUE
ALAST(KAC)=Y + YHI
400 CONTINUE
550 CONTINUE
```

C

SET NEW ORIGIN FOR NEXT PAGE OF 15 RECORDS

C

CALL PLOT (24.,0.,-3)

600 CONTINUE

REWIND 10

IFF=2

GO TO 1000

C

C-----ERROR AND END PROCESSING

C

7000 PRINT 9700

9700 FORMAT('ABNORMAL DATA READ')

GO TO 2000

8000 PRINT 9800

9800 FORMAT (' PROCESSING COMPLETE')

CALL PLOT(0.,0.,999)

STOP

END

PROGRAM ACCSPC

INTRODUCTION

Program ACCSPC produces multi-channel acceleration power spectra from data recorded at the Sitka, Alaska harbor bridge.

Program ACCSPC inputs 512 points (approximately 35 seconds) of acceleration data from the 10 roadbed sensors as well as towers A12 and A13 along with calibration data. /

Output from each sensor is given in both printed form and a separate Tektronix plot page as a scaled time trace and frequency spectrum.

In addition to acceleration values and spectra, the print-out contains values for variance of the acceleration time data and the sum of all the spectral amplitudes (SUMAMP) for a channel as verification of spectral scaling for one-sided PSD:

SUMAMP = VARIANCE * TSPAN as VARIANCE and TIMESPAN are parameters of the time series data. For the case of Sitka data, the sampling interval of .07 seconds means 512 points represents a time span of approximately 36 seconds. This SUMAMP then is a rough measure of the energy observed by that sensor during the 8 record interval (36 second time span).

A modified version of ACCSPC called STPSPC was also developed to display spectra from one channel for many successive records to look for time variations in the frequency components of an acceleration event. It is documented immediately following ACCSPC.

See Figures 7 through 15, Table 4 and Listings 2, 3 and 4.

OPERATIONAL NOTES

The maximum amplitudes for both the time traces and power spectra may be set by the card input values 'VSCAL' and 'AMPMAX' respectively. For small events values of .015g and .0003 are commonly used while for larger events values of .03g and .0012 are more appropriate. A default value is provided for each in case the card input value is left blank.

The routine SPCPWA has provision to input the title for the vertical axis of the spectrum so titles other than 'ACCEL SPECTRUM' may be labeled (if used for displacement data, for example).

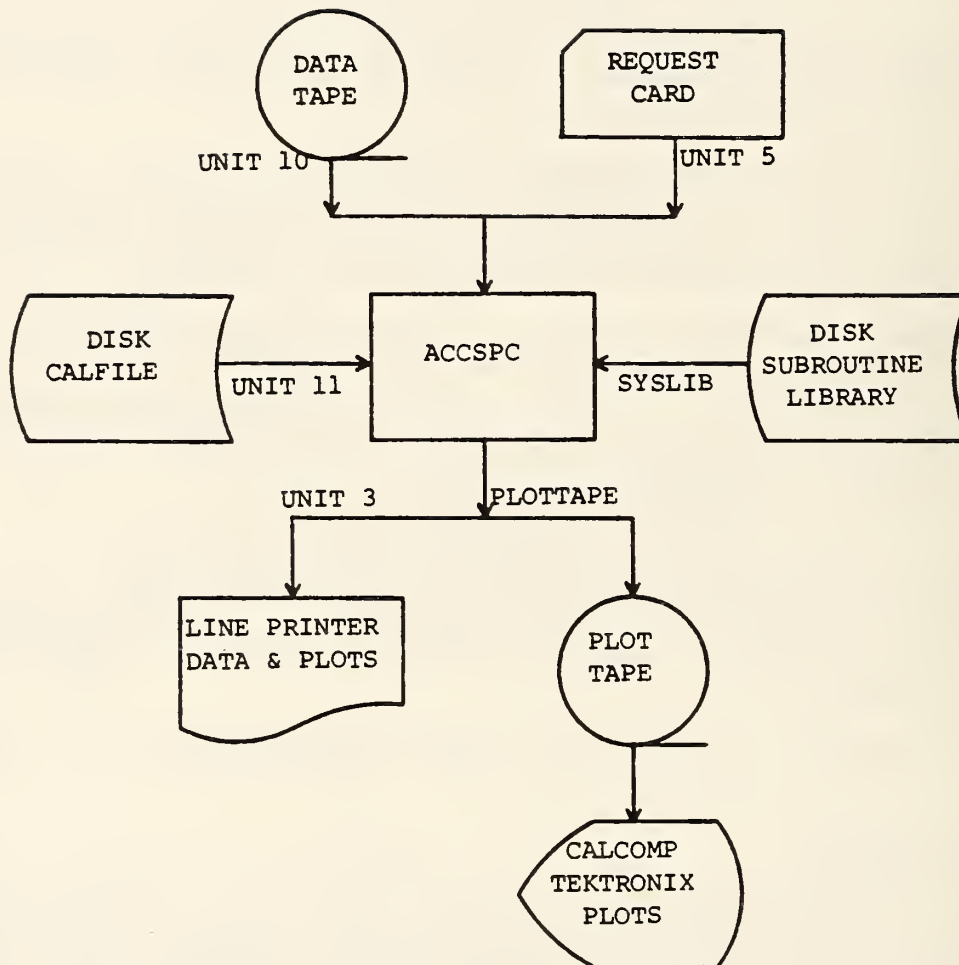


Figure 7. Program ACCSPC Setup

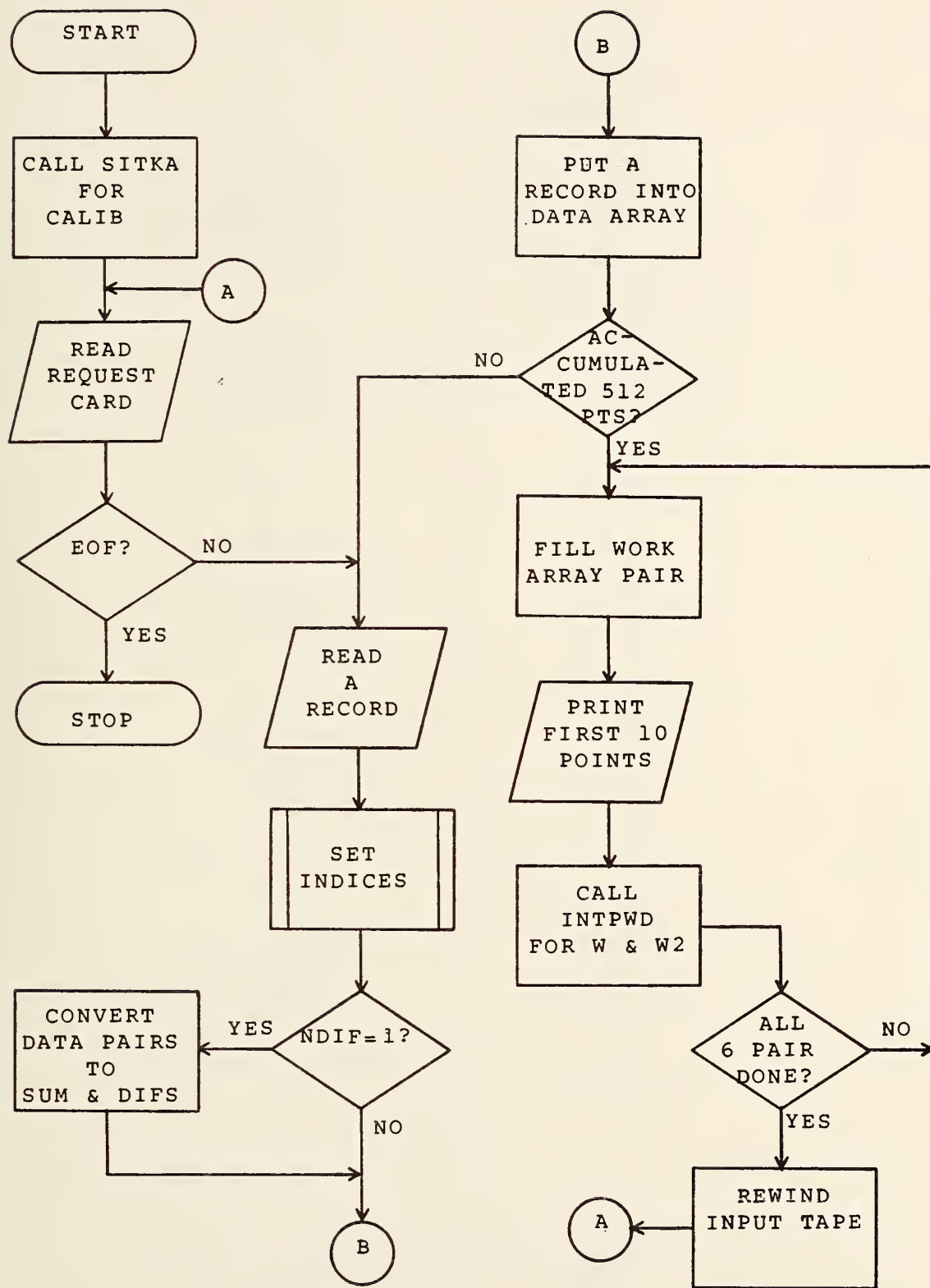


Figure 8. ACCSPC Flow Chart

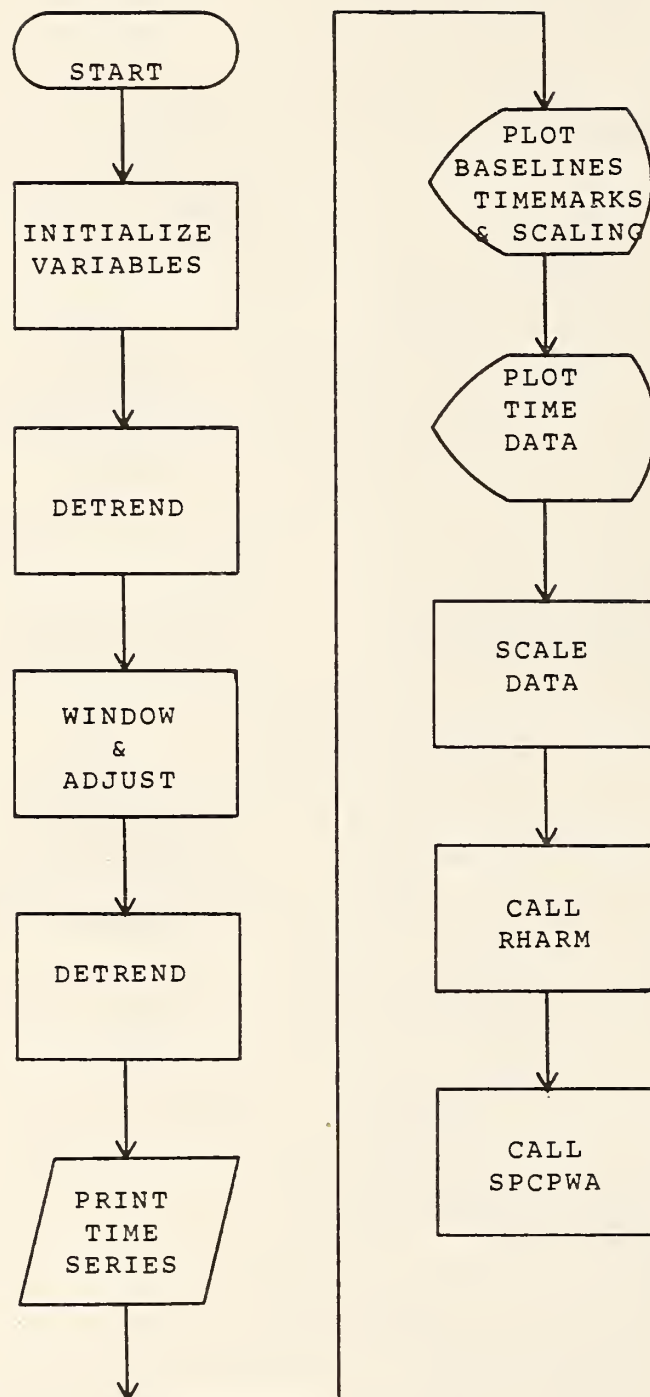


Figure 9. INTPWA Flow Chart

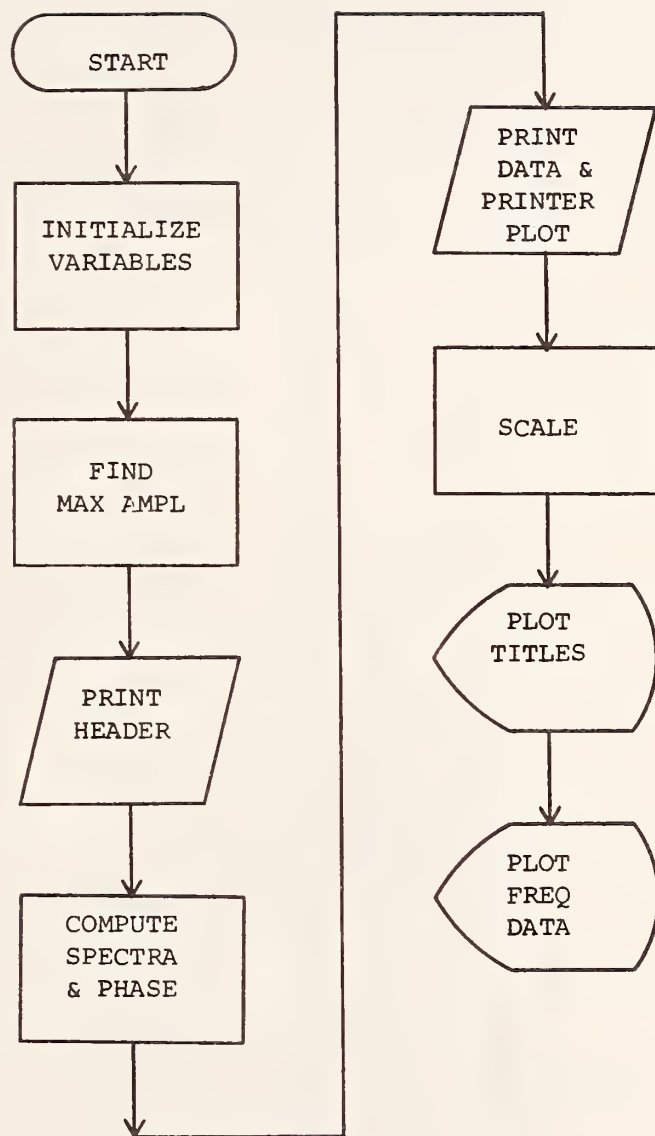


Figure 10. SPCPWA Flow Chart

00010436 76300

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	---	Tape Number	2A4	1-8
2	70300 - 72161 (Newport) 72274 - Present (Sitka)	Recording date	15	11-15

10436	1265	0	.0010.025	ACCEL SPECTRUM
-------	------	---	-----------	----------------

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	1-9999	Tape number	I5	1-5
2	1-9999	Beginning record	I5	6-10
3	0,1	Regular traces or sum-and-differences?	I5	11-15
4	≥.00001	AMPMAX for spectra	F5.4	21-25
5	≥.001	Vertical scale for time traces	F5.4	26-30
6	--	TITLE (usually ' ACCEL SPECTRUM')	4A4	41-56

Figure 12. ACCSPC Request Card Format

Table 4. ACCSPC Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
A		R	(2, $\frac{1}{2}$ passed)	Fourier coefficients array
AA1		R	1	First fourier coefficient of a pair
AA2		R	1	2nd fourier coefficient of pair
ABEG		R	1	Window height at start of data
AEND		R	1	Window height at end of data
AINC		R	1	Printer increment
AMP		R	1	Amplitude
AMP2		R	1	Current amplitude to test for max
AMPMAX	X	R	1	Max value of spectral plot
ARG		R	1	Number of points in freq spectrum
XX		R	2060	Array of wave numbers
AZERO		R	1	First term of fourier coefficient
BBEG		R	1	Fraction of window to taper onset
BEGREC	X	I	1	Requested record to start processing
BEND		R	1	Fraction of window to taper off
BLANK		I	1	Literal blank
BPER		R	1	Number of points from end to start last taper
BPRR		R	1	Number of points in to end 1st taper
CCSIZE		R	1	Cal comp plot size factor
DASH		I	1	Literal -
DATA		R	1	A data point scaled to textwork plot
DT		R	1	Sampling interval (here .07 sec)
EM		R	1	Log (base2) of ARG
EYE		I	1	Literal I
FACTOR		R	1	Amplitude compensation factor
FREQ		R	1	An individual frequency
FREMAX		R	1	Max frequency
I		I	1	General index
IBUF		I	2000	Plot buffer storage
IDATE		I	1	Date of input tape

Table 4. ACCSPC Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
JERR		I	1	Error flag return
IFF		I	1	Tape reading function flag
IM		I	1	NP + 4
INV		I	512	Work array for fourier transform
IPR		I	1	Trace pair being processed
IRF		I	1	Tape reading read status flag
ISENSR		I	1	Channel number of desired sensor
ISR		I	1	Cross bridge channel to match ISENSE
ISUB		I	1	Channel index
ITAPE	X	I	1	Integer tape number from request cd
JP		I	1	Position within lyne of a printer plot data point
K		I	1	Index of total points in request
KOL		R	1	Number of increments across the printer plot = 73
L		I	1	Data point counter
LENG		I		Number of points in the time trace
LL		I	1	Data point counter
LSENS	X	I	1	Instrument label
LYNE		I	73	Line array for printer plot
M		I	1	EM truncated
N		I	1	Number of points
NDEG		I	1	Degree of polynomial to remove
NN		I	1	Number of freq points per spectrum
NOREC		I	1	Number of records to process
NP		I	1	Number of points to process
SNUM	X	I	1	Sum and difference flag
NTIK		I	1	Number of record tik marks
NUMLIN		I	1	Number of lines to pint
P		R	2060	Array of data points
PSIZE		R		Final textronix plot size
REC		R	1	Record number

Table 4. ACCSPC Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
RECNO		I	1	Current record being processed
S		R	512	Work array for fourier transform
SAVEM		R	1	Save mean value
SAVEV		R	1	Save raw valance
SENS		R	64,37	Array containing 1 rcd of raw data
SENSR		R	1	Sensor number
SKALE		R	1	Scaling factor for time trace plot
STAR		I	1	Literal *
SUMAMP		R	1	Sum of amplitudes within a spectrum
TAPE		R	1	Tape number
TAPENO		I	2	Tape number literal
TAPR		R	1	Fraction tapered at each end
TEKFAC		R	1	Tektronix plot size compensation
TINC		R	1	Plotter increment for time trace
TINCR		R	1	Plotter spacing per rcd of data
TITLE	X	I	4	Spectrum title literal
TLEN		R	1	Length of time trace
THI		R	1	Height of VSCAL from baseline
TMEAN	X	R	1	Mean value of data time trace
TSPAN		R	1	Time spanned by time trace
VARI	X	R	1	Variance of time trace
VSCAL	X	R	1	Vertical scale for time trace
W1		R	516	1st of current trace pair to process
W2		R	516	2nd of trace pair to process
WORK		R	512,12	Temporary work array
X		R	1	Counter for X axis while plotting time trance
XLOC		R	1	X offset for Tektronix
XO		R	1	Horizontal offset from plot origin
Y		R	1	An individual scaled trace value
XT		R	1	Counter to plot record tik marks

Table 4. ACCSPC Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
YLOC		R	1	Y offset for Tektronix
YO		R	1	Vertical offset from plot origin
ZEREO		R	1	Frequency increment
TTIME		R	1	TSPAN/2

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77166

16/03/51

```

C ***** PROGRAM ACCSPC *****
C -----
C
C THIS PROGRAM INPUTS 512 POINTS OF ACCELERATION DATA FROM
C TEN ROADBED SENSORS AND TOWERS A12,A13 PLUS CALIBRATION DATA.
C EACH SENSORS DATA IS OUTPUT ON A SEPARATE TEKTRONIX PLOT PAGE
C AS A SCALED TIME TRACE AND ACCELERATION POWER SPECTRUM.
C
C ROUTINES CALLED: SITKA, INTPHA, SPCPHA
C
C PROC. BY RAY SUTOUDEN S.T.A. 12/12/72
C MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON DURING 1975-1977.
C -----
C
C COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,NSUM,AMPMAX,VSCAL,TITLE
C COMMON/INPARM/CCSIZE,DT,LSENS,TMEAN,VARI
C DIMENSION DATA(512,12),W1(516),W2(516),IBUF(2000)
C REAL SENS(64,37)
C INTEGER TITLE(4),TAPEND(2),RECNO,BEGREC
C
C INITIALIZE PROGRAM AND DEVICES
C
C CALL PLOTS (IBUF,2000,6)
C CALL NEWPEN (1)
C CCSIZE=.80
C TEKFAC=1.74
C PSIZE=CCSIZE*TEKFAC
C CALL FACTOR (PSIZE)
C CALL PLOT (0.0,27.0,-3)
C CALL PLOT (0.0,0.0,-3)
C DO 20 I=1,64
C DO 20 J=1,37
20 SENS(I,J)=0.
C DT=.07
C NCREC=8
C NP=64*NCREC
C
C READ TAPE NUMBER CARD AND INITIALIZE SENSOR TABLE
C
C IFF=1
C CALL SITKA (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
C
C READ DATA REQUEST CARD
C
C READ 50,ITAPE,BEGREC,NSUM,AMPMAX,VSCAL,(TITLE(1),I=1,4)
50 FORMAT (3I5,5X,2F5.4,7A1,4A4)
C IF (AMPMAX.LT..0001) AMPMAX=.0003
C IF (VSCAL.LT..001) VSCAL=.025
C PRINT 75,ITAPE,BEGREC,NSUM,AMPMAX,VSCAL
75 FORMAT (' TAPE=',I5,' STARTING REC',I5,10X,'NSUM=',I11,' AMPMAX=',
1F6.4,' VSCAL=',F6.4)
C
C SKIP INTO TAPE THEN READ 36 SEC OF 12 CHAN OF ACCEL INTO WORK
C

```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77166

16/03/51

RECNO=BEGREC

IFF=3

CALL SITKA(IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)

K=0

C

DO 250 J=1,NOREC

IFF=3

CALL SITKA(IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)

C

C

C

PUT ALL 6 PAIRS OF ACCEL DATA INTO WORK ARRAY

64 PTS/REC * .071 SEC/PT = 4.544 SEC/RECORD

C

DO 240 IPR=1,6

ISUB=2*IPR-1

ISENSR=2*ISUB

ISR=ISENSR+2

IF (IPR.EQ.6) ISENSR=26

IF (IPR.EQ.6) ISR=24

DO 220 I=1,64

K=K+1

IF (K.GT.NP) GO TO 260

IF (NSUM.NE.0) GO TO 212

DATA(K,ISUB)=SENS(I,ISENSR)

DATA(K,ISUB+1)=SENS(I,ISR)

GO TO 214

C

C

C

SETUP SITKA ACCEL SUM & DIFS (1-2,3-4,5-6,7-8,9-10,11-12)

212

DATA(K,ISUB)=SENS(I,ISENSR)+SENS(I,ISR)

DATA(K,ISUB+1)=SENS(I,ISENSR)-SENS(I,ISR)

214 IF (DATA(K,ISUB).EQ.0.) DATA(K,ISUB)=0.000001

IF (DATA(K,ISUB+1).EQ.0.) DATA(K,ISUB+1)=0.000001

220 CONTINUE

K=K-64

240 CONTINUE

K=K+64

250 CONTINUE

C

260 CONTINUE

C

C

C

PROCESS 1 PAIR OF CHANNELS AT A TIME FOR SPECTRA

XLDC=1.0

YLDC=1.0

DO 400 IPR=1,6

ISUB=IPR*2-1

C

C

C

SETUP ISR FOR THE EVEN-NUMBER ACCELS (NORTHSIDE)

ISENSR=ISUB*2

ISR=ISENSR+2

IF (IPR.EQ.6) ISENSR=26

IF (IPR.EQ.6) ISR=24

DO 350 I=1,NP

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77166

16/03/51

```
      W1(1)=DATA(1,ISUB)
350  W2(1)=DATA(1,ISUB+1)
      PRINT 375,ISENSR,NP,BEGREC,(W1(1),I=1,10)
375  FORMAT ('1CHAN',14,' READY FOR INTPWA FOR ',15,' PTS STARTING AT RE
      ICNG=',15,4X,'FIRST 10 POINTS OF RAW DATA FOLLOW',/10E12.4)
C
C      CALL INTPWA TO PLOT TIME TRACE AND SETUP FOURIER TRANSFORM
C
      CALL INTPWA (XLDC,YLOC,ISENSR,W1,NP)
      CALL PLOT (8.5,0.,-3)
      CALL INTPWA (XLDC,YLOC,ISR,W2,NP)
      CALL PLOT (-8.5,-5.0,-3)
400  CONTINUE
      REWIND 10
900  CALL PLOT(0,0,0.0,999)
      STOP          99
      END
```

C SUBROUTINE I N T P W A

C -----

C THIS IS THE INTERMEDIATE ROUTINE TO PLOT ACCEL POWER SPECTRA.
C ROUTINES CALLED ARE: DETRND, WINDOW, RHARM, SPCPHA.

C PARAMETERS
C XLOC,YLOC- STARTING LOCATION FOR THE PLOT ON PAPER
C ISENSR- CHANNEL NUMBER OF DESIRED SENSOR
C WORK- WORK ARRAY. THIS ARRAY MUST BE DIMENSIONED 10 LOCATIONS
C LARGER THAN LENG.
C LENG- # OF DATA PMTS. TO BE USED.

C MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON S.T.A. (1976) FROM WIND SPECTRA VERSION

C -----

C SUBROUTINE INTPWA (XLOC,YLOC,ISENSR,WORK,LENG)
C COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,MSUM,AMPHAX,VSCAL,TITLE
C COMMON/INPARM/CCSIZE,CT,LSENS,TMEAN,VAR1
C DIMENSION WORK(1)
C DIMENSION INV(512),S(512)
C INTEGER TITLE(4)
C DATA ABEG,AEND,BBEG,BEND/.10,.10,.10,.10/
C LSENS=ISENSR/2
C TAPR=BBEG
C NP=LENG
C NNP=LENG
C M=8 (256) FOR 36 SEC SPECTRA (IM=516)
C ARG=NP/2
C EM=(ALOG10(ARG))/(ALOG10(2.)) +.1
C PRINT 165,NNP,EM,LSENS
165 FORMAT (///' NNP=',I5,' EM=',F4.1,' FOR CHAN',I3)
C M=EM
C IM=2*(2**M)+4.49
C NDEG=1
C CALL DTRND2 (WORK(1),NNP,NDEG,TMEAN,VAR1)
C SAVEM=TMEAN
C SAVEV=VAR1

C WINDOW THE DATA ARRAY
C READJUST AMPLITUDE FOR LOSS TO WINDOW FUNCTION

C BPRR=BBEG*NP+.5
C BPER=BEND*NP+.5
C CALL WINDOW (WORK,WORK,NP,ABEG,BPRR,AEND,BPER)
C FACTOR=1./(1.-TAPR)
C DO 300 I=1,NNP
300 WORK(I)=WORK(I)*FACTOR
C CALL DTRND2 (WORK(1),NNP,NDEG,TMEAN,VAR1)
C TMEAN=SAVEM
C VAR1=SAVEV

C PRINT WINDOWED TIME SERIES AND SETUP TO PLOT IT
C TRACE OFFSETS FROM LOWER LEFT CORNER OF SPECTRUM PLOT

LEVEL 21

INTPWA

DATE = 77171

18/09/13

```

C      XD = 0.75 INCHES      YD = 3.6 INCHES
C
      PRINT 305
305  FORMAT (' THE FOLLOWING DATA IS THE ACCELEROMETER TIME TRACE IN G
      X AFTER WINDOWING AND READY FOR FOURIER TRANSFORMING')
      NUMLIN=MNP/10+1
      L=1
      DO 310 K=1,NUMLIN
      LL=L+9
      PRINT 315,(WORK(I),I=L,LL)
310  L=L+10
315  FORMAT (' ',10F10.4)
      XD=.75+XLDC
      YD=3.6+YLDC
      TINC=.010/CCSIZE *512/LENG *DT/.07
      TINC=TINC*64
      TLEN=TINC*MNP
      THI=.25/CCSIZE
C
C      DRAW FRAME AROUND TIME TRACE AND ADD RECORD TIK MARKS
C
      CALL PLOT (TLEN+XD,YD,+3)
      CALL PLOT (XD,YD,+2)
      CALL PLOT (XD,YD+THI,+3)
      CALL PLOT (XD+TLEN,YD+THI,+2)
      CALL PLOT (XD+TLEN,YD-THI,+3)
      CALL PLOT (XD,YD-THI,+2)
      CALL PLOT (XD,YD,+3)
      XT=0.
      NTIK=8
      DO 330 I=1,NTIK
      XT=XT+TINC
330  CALL SYMBOL (XD+XT,YD-THI,.14,13,0.,-1)
      CALL PLOT (XD,YD,+3)
C
C      ADD VERTICAL AXIS SCALE VALUES AND SCALE DATA ACCORDINGLY
C      USE .25 INCH = VSCAL (DECK DATA USUALLY .025 G)
C
      IF (ISENSR.GT.20) VSCAL=VSCAL*2.
      CALL NUMBER (XD-.5,YD+THI,.10,VSCAL,0.,3)
      CALL NUMBER (XD-.5,YD-THI,.10,VSCAL,0.,3)
      CALL SYMBOL (XD-.3,YD,.10,1HC,0.,1)
      CALL PLOT (XD,YD,+3)
      SKALE=THI/VSCAL
      X=0.
      DO 350 I=1,MNP
      X=X+TINC
      Y=WORK(I)*SKALE
      CALL PLOT (XD+X,YD+Y,+2)
350  CONTINUE
      CALL PLOT (XD,YLDC,+3)
C
450  CONTINUE
500  CONTINUE

```

LEVEL 21

INTPWA

DATE = 77171

18/09/13

```
C
C  COMPUTE FOURIER COEF. THEN CALL TO PLOT SPECTRUM.
C
  CALL RHARM (WORK(1),M,INV,S,IERR)
  IF (IERR.NE.0) PRINT 555,IERR
555  FORMAT (1H1,20HINTPWR--RHARM IERR= ,12)
600  CALL SPCPWA (XLOC,YLOC,WORK(1),1H)
  RETURN
  END
```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77173

15/13/42

C SUBROUTINE S P C P W A

C

C

C COMPUTES AND PLOTS ACCEL OR DISPLACEMENT POWER SPECTRUM

C

C ROUTINES CALLED; NONE

C

C PARAMETERS

C XLOC,YLOC- STARTING LOCATION ON PAPER

C A- DATA ARRAY AS RETURNED BY 'RPARM'

C CONTAINING N/2-2 UNIQUE COMPLEX POINTS

C FOR 35 SECOND SPECTRA WITH DT=.07SEC, N=516 SC NN=256

C

C PROG. BY RAY SOTOUDEH S.T.A. 3/7/74

C MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON DURING 1976,1977

C

C

SUBROUTINE SPCPWA (XLOC,YLOC,A,N)

COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,NSUM,AMPMAX,VSCAL,TITLE

COMMON/INPARM/CCSIZE,DT,ISENS,TMEAN,VARI

DIMENSION A(2,1),LYNE(73),P(2060),PXX(2060)

INTEGER TITLE(4)

INTEGER LYNE,BLANK,EYE,DASH,STAR,JF

INTEGER BEGREC

DATA BLANK,EYE,DASH,STAR,KOL/11,111,11-,11*,73/

AZERC=A(1,1)

NN=N/2-2

C ZEROF=.0279 FOR 512 PT (36 SEC) SPECTRA

ZEROF=1.0/((N-4)*DT)

FREMAX=NN*ZEROF

TSPAN=(N-4)*DT

TTIME=TSPAN/2.

PRINT 75,N,DT,VARI

75 FORMAT (' N=',I4,' DT=',F7.3,' VARI=',F8.5)

C

C

C FIND MAX. AMPLITUDE AND SUM OF P.S.D.

C

C BUT LIMIT TO INPUT AMPMAX IF CONSTANT SCALING FOR ALL SPECTRA.

C

AMP=(A(1,2)*A(1,2)+A(2,2)*A(2,2))*TTIME

SUMAMP=AMP

DO 100 I=3,NN

AMP2=(A(1,1)*A(1,1)+A(2,1)*A(2,1))*TTIME

SUMAMP=SUMAMP+AMP2

IF(AMP2.GT.AMP) AMP=AMP2

100 CONTINUE

AINC=(KOL-1)/AMP

C

C

C PRINT HEADING

C

DO 150 I=1,KOL

LYNE(I)=DASH

150 CONTINUE

LYNE(1)=EYE

LYNE(KOL)=EYE

SPCPWA Listing 4 (1 of 3)

LEVEL 21

SPCPWA

DATE = 77173

15/13/42

```

PRINT 155,ITAPE,BEGREC,LSSENS,AMP,LYNE
155 FORMAT (1H1,'TAPE=',I6,' STARTING REC=',I4,'/,88X,'POWER SPECTRUM',
1/, ' INDEX  A COEF  B COEF  F.S.',6X,'PHASE  FREQ',5X,
21F0,37X,I3,27X,F9.6,'/,55X,73A1)
C
C   BLANK OUT LYNE
C
DC 190 I=1,KOL
LYNE(I)=BLANK
190 CONTINUE
C
C   COMPUTE SPEC. AND PHASE
C
DC 300 I=1,NN
FREQ=I*ZEROF
AA1=A(1,I+1)
AA2=A(2,I+1)
A(1,I)=(AA1*AA1+AA2*AA2)*TTIME
IF (AA1.EQ.0.0) AA1=.001
IF (AA2.EQ.0.0) AA2=.001
A(2,I)=ATAN2(AA1,AA2)*57.2958
LYNE(I)=EYE
LYNE(KOL)=DASH
JP=AINC*A(1,I)+1.4999
IF (JP.GT.72) JP=72
LYNE(JP)=STAR
C
C   PRINT A AND B COEFS, AMPLITUDE AND PHASE, FREQ AND A PLOT VALUE
C
PRINT 255,I,(A(LL,I+1),LL=1,2),(A(LL,I),LL=1,2),FREQ,LYNE
255 FORMAT (1X,I4,2(2X,F7.4),1X,F9.6,1),F8.1,1X,F9.4,3X,73A1)
LYNE(JP)=BLANK
270 P(I)=A(1,I)
300 CONTINUE
C
310 PRINT 315,AZERO,SUMAMP,TMEAN,VARI,BEGREC
315 FORMAT ('OAZERO=',F9.6,' SUMAMP=',F11.5,25X,' TMEAN=',F10.6,
X' G  VARI=',F10.6,' G STARTING AT RECNO',I5)
350 CONTINUE
AMP=AMPMAX
IF (LSSENS.GT.10) AMP=AMP*2.
IF (NSUM.GE.1) AMP=AMP*4.
DC 500 I=1,NN
FREQ=I*ZEROF
IF (P(I).LE.0.0) P(I)=0.00001
IF (P(I).GT.AMP) P(I)=AMP
AXX(I)=FREQ
500 CONTINUE
IF (XLDC.LT.0.) XLDC=C.
C
C   SET SCALE FACTORS (FIRST VALUE, DELTAV) FOR CONSTANT PLOT SIZE
C   FULL SCALE ACROSS= 7 INCH = 7.14 HZ  SO SET 1 INCH = 1.0 HZ
C   3 INCHES HIGH (FULL SCALE) = INPUT AMPMAX
C

```

```

      P(NN+1)=0.0
      P(NN+2)=AMP/3.
      AXX(NN+1)=.0
      AXX(NN+2)=1.0
      IF (ICOL.LT.4) GO TO 600
      NUMLIN=NN/10+1
      L=1
      DO 575 K=1,NUMLIN
      LL=L+9
      PRINT 565, (P(I),I=L,LL)
565  FORMAT (' ',10F10.6)
575  L=L+10
600  CONTINUE

C
C      PLOT TITLES THEN SPECTRUM DATA
C
      CALL SYMBOL (XLDC,YLOC-0.4,.14,1FA,0.,1)
      SENSR=LENSR
      CALL NUMBER(999.0,999.0,.14,SENSR,C.0,-1)
      CALL SYMBOL (XLDC,YLOC-C.7,.10,5FAPE=,0.0,5)
      TAPE=1TAPE
      CALL NUMBER (999.0,999.0,.10,TAPE,C.,-1)
      CALL SYMBOL (999.0,999.0,.10,1CH REC #,0.0,10)
      REC=BEGREC
      CALL NUMBER(999.0,999.0,.10,REC,C.C,-1)
      CALL AXIS (XLDC,YLOC,TITLE,16,3.0,90.,P(NN+1),P(NN+2))
      CALL AXIS (XLDC,YLOC,4FFREC,-4,+7.,0.,AXX(NN+1),AXX(NN+2))
      CALL PLOT (XLDC,YLOC,+3)
      DO 800 J=1,NN
      DATA=P(J)*3./AMP
      IF (DATA.GT.3.0) DATA=3.0
      CALL PLOT (XLDC+AXX(1),YLOC+DATA,+2)
800  CONTINUE
      CALL PLOT (0.,0.,+3)
900  RETURN
      END

```


TAPE- 11322 STARTING REC-1255

INDEX	A COEF	B COEF	P.S.	PHASE	FREQ	POWER SPECTRUM
1	0.0000	-0.0000	0.000000	117.2	0.0279	0.000207
2	-0.0000	0.0000	0.000000	-62.6	0.0558	-
3	0.0001	0.0000	0.000000	84.0	0.0837	-
4	-0.0001	0.0001	0.000000	-7.5	0.1116	-
5	0.0000	-0.0000	0.000000	147.3	0.1355	-
6	-0.0002	0.0001	0.000001	-62.1	0.1674	-
7	-0.0002	-0.0001	0.000001	-132.4	0.1953	-
8	0.0001	-0.0001	0.000000	132.9	0.2232	-
9	0.0001	-0.0001	0.000000	119.4	0.2511	-
10	-0.0000	0.0000	0.000000	-51.2	0.2790	-
11	0.0001	0.0000	0.000000	73.0	0.3069	-
12	-0.0001	0.0001	0.000000	-51.7	0.3348	-
13	-0.0001	0.0000	0.000000	-73.0	0.3627	-
14	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.000000	-152.0	0.3906	-
15	-0.0000	-0.0001	0.000000	-143.2	0.4185	-
16	0.0002	-0.0000	0.000001	103.3	0.4464	-
17	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.000000	-111.3	0.4743	-
18	-0.0001	0.0001	0.000000	-51.4	0.5022	-
19	0.0001	-0.0001	0.000000	137.9	0.5301	-
20	-0.0001	0.0000	0.000000	-56.5	0.5580	-
21	0.0001	0.0000	0.000000	66.1	0.5859	-
22	-0.0001	0.0001	0.000000	-46.5	0.6138	-
23	0.0001	-0.0001	0.000001	134.3	0.6417	-
24	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.000000	-115.3	0.6696	-
25	0.0000	-0.0001	0.000000	177.0	0.6975	-
26	-0.0001	0.0000	0.000000	-74.9	0.7254	-
27	0.0001	-0.0001	0.000000	115.1	0.7533	-
28	0.0000	0.0001	0.000000	11.1	0.7813	-
29	0.0000	0.0002	0.000001	10.1	0.8092	-
30	-0.0000	-0.0001	0.000000	171.9	0.8371	-
31	-0.0001	0.0001	0.000000	-34.6	0.8650	-
32	-0.0003	-0.0001	0.000002	-115.1	0.8929	-
33	0.0001	-0.0000	0.000000	118.3	0.9208	-
34	-0.0001	-0.0000	0.000000	-92.7	0.9487	-
35	0.0001	-0.0000	0.000000	110.2	0.9766	-
36	0.0000	-0.0000	0.000000	135.0	1.0045	-
37	0.0001	-0.0002	0.000001	147.8	1.0324	-
38	0.0001	0.0001	0.000000	52.5	1.0603	-
39	-0.0001	0.0001	0.000000	-27.0	1.0882	-
40	-0.0001	0.0001	0.000000	-25.5	1.1161	-
41	-0.0002	0.0002	0.000002	-49.9	1.1440	-
42	0.0000	-0.0001	0.000000	167.1	1.1719	-
43	0.0001	-0.0009	0.000016	7.4	1.1998	-
44	0.0002	-0.0012	0.000028	172.5	1.2277	-
45	0.0002	0.0001	0.000001	71.1	1.2556	-

Figure 14. ACCSPC Output

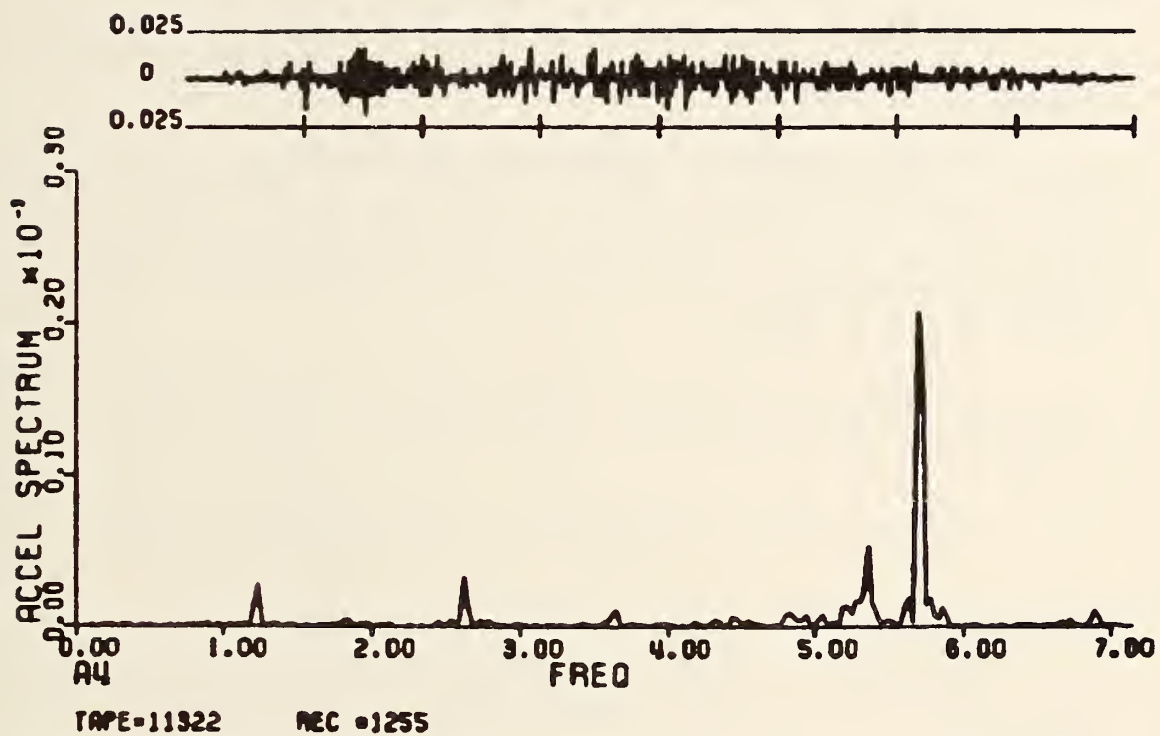


Figure 15. ACCSPC Output

PROGRAM STPSPC

INTRODUCTION

This program is a modified early version of ACCSPC that shows spectra from only one accelerometer per run but displays successive spectra, each starting several seconds later in time although overlapping information with previous ones. This is to show how frequency components at a specific point on the bridge change over a period of approximately two minutes.

Although trials of this program have shown these changes to be much slower than anticipated, it is documented here as an extension of ACCSPC.

Output displays include Calcomp plots of three time traces and three sets of acceleration spectra plus printer spectra. The first trace of three represents the individual sensor chosen while the next two time traces and spectral sets represent the sum and difference data when that instrument is compared to its cross-bridge sensor.

To keep the printed output from being usually large, a parameter 'NTH' allows only every 8th or every 4th spectra to be printed out in full.

See Figures 16 through 18, Table 5 and Listings 5 through 7.

OPERATIONAL NOTES

Advance = 1 record (64 pts.) = 12% overlap so 1024 pts.
total data (71.7 seconds) per segment.

00010436

76300

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	---	Tape Number	2A4	1-8
2	70300 - 72161 (Newport) 72274 - present (Sitka)	Recording date	15	11-15

Figure 16. STPSPC Tape Number Card Format

10436	1265	24	64	3.0003
-------	------	----	----	--------

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	1-9999	Tape number	I5	1-5
2	1-9999	Beginning record number	I5	6-10
3	≤ 24	Number of frames to do	I5	11-15
4	Normally 64	Points to advance for next frame	I5	16-20
5	1-10	Sensor number	I5	21-25
6	≥.0001	Ampmax for spectra	F5.4	26-30

Figure 17. STSPC Request Card Format

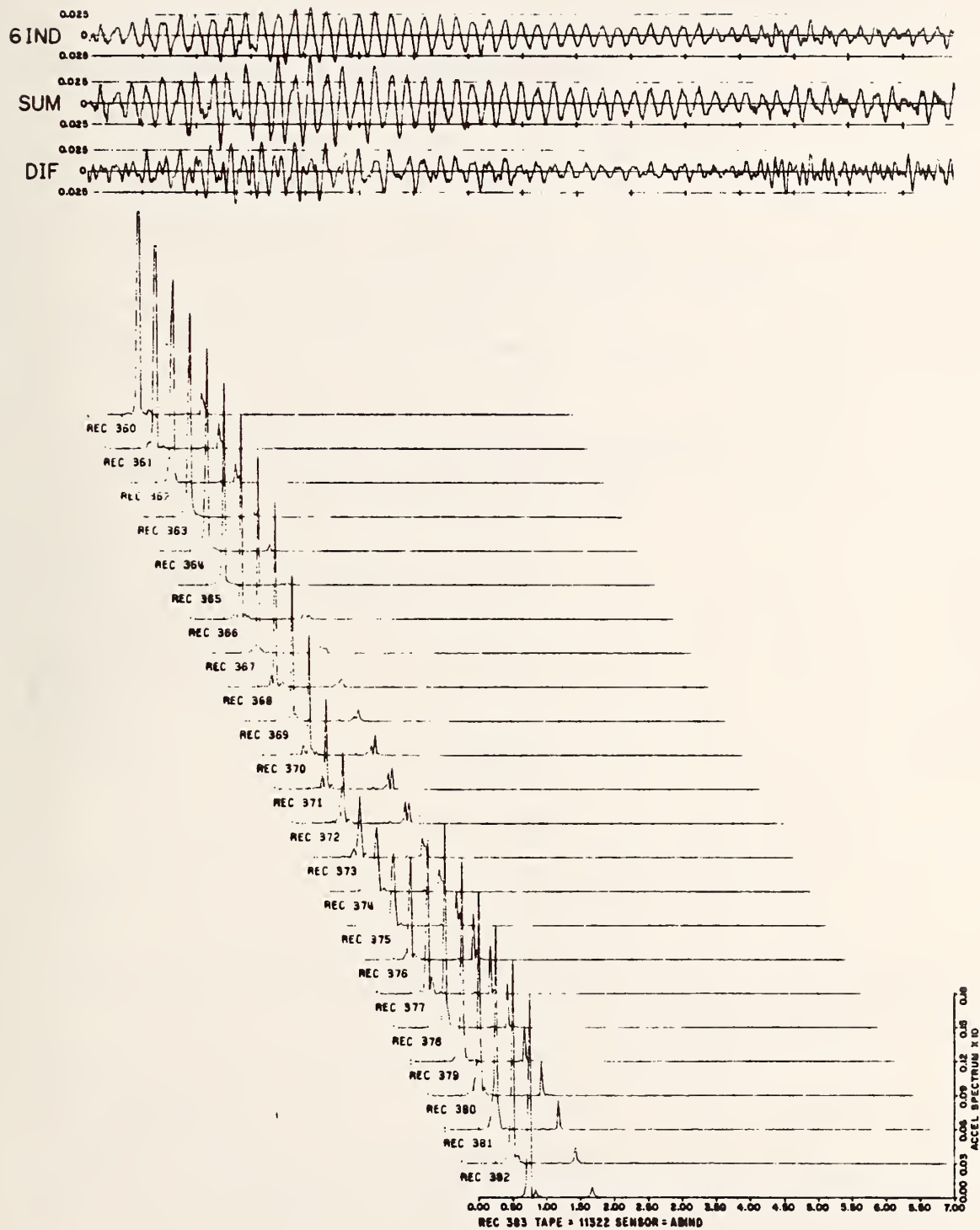


Figure 18. STPSPC Output

Table 5. STPSPC Variable Name List
(New Variables not in ACCSPC)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
AC1		R	4100	Raw data for individual trace
AC2		R	4100	Raw data for sum trace
AC3		R	4100	Raw data for difference trace
ADIF		R	516	Work array of difference data
AIND		R	516	Work array of individual data
ASUM		R	516	Work array of sum data
COMP		R	3	Individual, sum or difference
DELX		R	1	Plotter X offset between spectra
ICOL		I	1	Current plot column processing
IFR		I	1	Current frame number
ISUB		I	1	Starting point within large arrays
J		I	1	Counter of records read in
NADV		I	1	Number of points to advance next step
NFR		I	1	Number of spectral frame to plot
NPT		I	1	Total number of points to read
NTH		I	1	Only print spectra for every Nth frame
XLOK		R	1	X offset for a time trace
YLOK		R	1	Height of a time trace

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77167

08/26/01

C ***** PROGRAM STPSPC *****

C
C
C GET SPECTRUM OF 1 ACCEL CHANNEL FOR NFR FRAMES
C AS WELL AS SPECTRUM OF ITS SUM AND DIF FROM OPPOSITE SENSOR.
C EACH FRAME ADVANCES NADV PTS IN TIME

C ROUTINES CALLED: SITKA, DTRND2, INTPH2, SPCPH2, BLICK DATA

C FOR FIRST TEST -
C ADVANCE=1 RECORD (64 PTS) = 12% OVERLAP
C SO 1024 PTS TOTAL DATA (71.7 SEC) PER SEGMENT

C PROG. BY DUANE NELSON S.T.A. 1976
C MODIFIED FROM AN EARLY VERSION OF ACCSPC.

C
C
C COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,NADV,AMPHAX,NFR,LSENS,ATH
C COMMON/INPARM/COMP(3),IFR,ICOL,TMEAN,VAR1
C DIMENSION AC1(4100),AC2(4100),AC3(4100),IBUF(2000)
C DIMENSION AIND(516),ASUM(516),ADIF(516)
C REAL SENS(64,37)
C INTEGER TAPEND(2),RECNO,BEGREC
C CALL PLOTS (IBUF,2000,6)
C CALL NEWPEN (1)
C CCSIZE=.30
C CALL FACTOR(CCSIZE)
C DT=.07
C NDEG=0
C NFR=24
C NADV=64
C NTH=8

C
C READ TAPE NUMBER CARD AND INITIALIZE SENSOR TABLE

C
C IFF=1
C CALL SITKA (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)

C
C READ DATA REQUEST CARD FOR A1,A3, OR A5
C (USE ODD NUMBERED ACCELS FROM SOUTH SIDE OF SITKA BRIDGE)
C FOR NOW,USE ISENSR FOR TAPE CHAN LOCATION, LSENS FOR ACCEL TITLE

C READ (5,75)ITAPE,BEGREC,NFR,NADV,LSENS,AMPHAX

75 FORMAT (5I5,F5.4)

IF (AMPHAX.LT..0001) AMPHAX=.0003

ISENSR=LSENS*2

PRINT 85,ITAPE,BEGREC,NFR,NADV,LSENS

85 FORMAT (' TAPE=',15,' BEGREC=',14,9X,' NFR=',12,' NADV=',13,
1' PTS PER FRAME ON A',12)

C
C EACH FRAME USES 512 PTS (35 SEC)
C FOR NADV=64 (1.0 REC), DELX=0.5 INCHES
C NOREC=NFR *8
C NPT=64*NOREC

STPSPC Listing 5 (1 of 4)

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77167

08/26/01

DELX=0.
DELX=0.5*NADY/64

C
150 CONTINUE

C
C SKIP INTO TAPE THEN READ 4096 PTS (SMIN) INTO LARGE ARRAYS
C

RECNO=BEGREC
IFF=3
CALL SITKA (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
DO 180 I1=1,64
DC 180 I2=1,37
180 SENS(I1,I2)=0.

C
C SETUP ISR FOR THE EVEN-NUMBER ACCELS (NORTHSIDE)
C 64 PTS/REC * .071 SEC/PT = 4.544 SEC/RECORD
C

ISR=ISENSR+2
K=0
DO 250 J=1,NOREC
CALL SITKA (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
DC 220 I=1,64
K=K+1
IF (K.GT.NPT) GO TO 260
AC1(K)=SENS(I,ISENSR)
SETUP SITKA ACCEL SUM & DIFS (1+2,1-2 OR 3+4,3-4 OR 5+6,5-6)
AC2(K)=SENS(I,ISENSR)+SENS(I,ISR)
AC3(K)=SENS(I,ISENSR)-SENS(I,ISR)
IF (AC1(K).EQ.0.) AC1(K)=0.000001
IF (AC2(K).EQ.0.) AC2(K)=0.000001
IF (AC3(K).EQ.0.) AC3(K)=0.000001

220 CONTINUE
250 CONTINUE

C
260 CONTINUE
REWIND 10
PRINT 265,NPT,BEGREC
265 FORMAT (' READ IN AND DETRND',15,' POINTS STARTING AT',15)

C
C DTREND THEN PLOT THE 3 ACCEL TIME TRACES
C

NDEG=1
CALL DTRND2 (AC1(1),NPT,NDEG,TMEAN,VARI)
CALL DTRND2 (AC2(1),NPT,NDEG,TMEAN,VARI)
CALL DTRND2 (AC3(1),NPT,NDEG,TMEAN,VARI)
DO 500 ICOL=1,3
XLOK=0.0

C
C PLOT BASELINES AND RECORD TIK MARKS FOR EACH OF THE 3 TRACES
C TINC IS SPACING BETWEEN DATA PTS - TINC IS 1 RECORDS WORTH
C TIME AXIS = 100 PTS/INCH (7.1 SEC/IN, 2.8 SEC/CM ON REDUCED PLOT)

YLOK=38. +2.*(3-ICOL)
CALL PLOT (XLOK,YLOK,-3)

STPSPC Listing 5 (2 of 4)

```

TINC=.010*2.5
TINCR=TINC*64
TLEN=TINC*NPT
TH1=.25/CCSIZE
CALL PLOT (TLEN,0.,+2)
CALL PLOT (0.,0.,+2)
CALL PLOT (0.,TH1,+3)
CALL PLOT (TLEN,TH1,+2)
CALL PLOT (TLEN,-TH1,+3)
CALL PLOT (0.,-TH1,+2)
CALL PLOT (0.,0.,+3)
XT=0.
NTIK=NOREC
DO 330 I=1,NTIK
330 CALL SYMBOL (XT,-TH1,.14,13,0.,-1)
CALL PLOT (0.,0.,+3)
C
C   ADD VERTICAL AXIS SCALE VALUES AND SCALE DATA ACCORDINGLY
C   USE .25 INCH = VSCAL   (DECK DATA USUALLY .025 C)
C
XT=XT+TINCR
VSCAL=.025
IF (ISENSR.GT.20)   VSCAL=VSCAL*2.
CALL NUMBER (-.6,TH1,.14,VSCAL,0.,3)
CALL NUMBER (-.6,-TH1,.14,VSCAL,0.,3)
CALL SYMBOL (-.3,0.,.14,140,0.,1)
IF (ICOL.GT.1)   GO TO 338
SENSR=ISENSR
CALL NUMBER (-2.5,0.,.42,SENSR,0.,-1)
338 CALL SYMBOL (-2.0,0.,.42,COMPX(ICOL),0.,3)
CALL PLOT (0.,0.,+3)
SKALE=TH1/VSCAL
340 X=0.
IF (ICOL.EQ.2)   GO TO 360
IF (ICOL.EQ.3)   GO TO 380
C
C   SCALE AND PLOT THE TIME TRACES
C
DO 350 I=1,NPT
X=X+TINC
Y=AC1(I)*SKALE
CALL PLOT (X,Y,+2)
350 CONTINUE
GO TO 400
360 DO 370 I=1,NPT
X=X+TINC
Y=AC2(I)*SKALE
CALL PLOT (X,Y,+2)
370 CONTINUE
GO TO 400
380 DO 390 I=1,NPT
X=X+TINC
Y=AC3(I)*SKALE
CALL PLOT (X,Y,+2)

```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77167

08/26/01

```
390 CONTINUE
C   RESTORE ORIGINAL ORIGIN
400 CALL PLOT (-XLOC,-YLOC,-3)
C
500 CONTINUE
C
C   TRANSFER A 512-PT SEGMENT AT A TIME INTO SMALL ARRAYS
C
NP=512
DC 700 IFR=1,NFR
XLOC=DELX*(IFR-1)
YLOC=30.-(IFR*1.0)
DC 570 I=1,NP
ISUB=NADV*(IFR-1)
AIND(I)=AC1(I+ISUB)
ASUM(I)=AC2(I+ISUB)
570 ACIF(I)=AC3(I+ISUB)
PRINT 575,ISENSR,NP,BEGREC,ISUB
575 FORMAT ('1CHAN',14,' READY FOR INTPWA FOR ',15,' PTS STARTING AT RE
1CND=',15,9X,' ISUB=',14)
ICOL=1
CALL INTPW2 (XLOC,YLOC,ISENSR,AIND,NP)
ICOL=2
CALL INTPW2 (XLOC+27.,YLOC,ISENSR,ASUM,NP)
ICOL=3
CALL INTPW2 (XLOC+54.,YLOC,ISENSR,ACIF,NP)
BEGREC=BEGREC+(NADV/64)+.01
700 CONTINUE
C
900 CALL PLOT(0.0,0.0,999)
STOP          99
END
```

C SUBROUTINE INT PW 2

C-----
C
C THIS ROUTINE DETRENDS AND WINDOWS ACCEL TIME DATA IN PREPARATION
C FOR FOURIER TRANSFORM TO FREQ DOMAIN BY RHARM AND PLOT BY SPCPHA
C (THIS IS A LIGHTLY MODIFIED VERSION OF INTPWA)

C ROUTINES CALLED ARE: DETRND, WINDOW, RHARM, SPCPH2.

C PARAMETERS

C XLOC,YLOC- STARTING LOCATION FOR THE PLOT ON PAPER

C ISENSOR- SENSOR NUMBER

C WORK- WORK ARRAY. THIS ARRAY MUST BE DIMENSIONED 10 LOCATIONS
C LARGER THAN LENG

C LENG- # OF DATA POINTS TO BE USED.

C-----
C

SUBROUTINE INTPW2 (XLOC,YLOC,ISENSR,WORK,LENG)

COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,NADV,AMPHAX,NFR,LSENS,ATH

COMMON/INPARM/COMP(3),IFR,ICOL,TMEAN,VARI

DIMENSION WORK(1),P(80)

DIMENSION INV(512),S(512)

INTEGER BEGREC

DATA ABEG,AEND,BBEG,BEND/.10,.10,.10,.10/

NP=LENG

6 TAPR=BBEG

C
C M=8 (256) FOR 36 SEC SPECTRA (IM=516)

ARG=NP/2

EM=(ALOG10(ARG))/(ALOG10(2.)) +.1

PRINT 75,LSENS,COMP(1)COL,XLOC,YLOC

75 FORMAT ('///' CHANNEL ',13,A3,' BEING PROCESSED',5X,'XLOC=',F6.2,
1' YLOC=',F6.2)

M=EM

IM=2*(2**M)+4.49

C
C DETREND TIME DATA AND SAVE THE MEAN

NDEG=1

CALL DTRND2 (WORK(1),NP,NDEG,TMEAN,VARI)

SAVEH=TMEAN

SAVEV=VARI

C
C WINDOW DATA, THEN READJUST AMPLITUDE FOR LOSS TO WINDOW FUNCTION

BPRR=BBEG*NP+.5

BPER=BEND*NP+.5

CALL WINDOW (WORK,WORK,NP,ABEG,BPRR,AEND,BPER)

FACTOR=1./(1.-TAPR)

DO 300 I=1,NP

300 WORK(I)=WORK(I)*FACTOR

CALL DTRND2 (WORK(1),NP,NDEG,TMEAN,VARI)

TMEAN=SAVEH

LEVEL 21

INTPW2

DATE = 77167

08/26/01

```
C      VARI=SAVEV
      PRINT 305
305  FORMAT (' THE FOLLOWING DATA IS THE ACCELEROMETER TIME TRACE IN G
      X AFTER WINDOWING AND READY FOR FOURIER TRANSFORMING')
C
C      ONLY PRINT TIME TRACE EVERY NTH FRAME
C
      IF (MOD(IFR,NTH).NE.0) GO TO 320
      NUMLIN=NP/10+1
      L=1
      DO 310 K=1,NUMLIN
      LL=L+9
      PRINT 315,(WORK(I),I=L,LL)
310  L=L+10
315  FORMAT (' ',10F10.4)
320  CONTINUE
C
500  CONTINUE
C
C      COMPUTE FOURIER COEF. THEN CALL TO PLOT A SPECTRUM.
C
      CALL RHARM (WORK(1),N,INV,S,IERR)
      IF (IERR.NE.0) PRINT 555,IERR
555  FORMAT (I1,20HINTPWR--RHARM IERR= ,I2)
600  CALL SPCPW2 (XLOC,YLOC,WORK(1),IM)
      RETURN
      END
```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77167

08/26/01

SUBROUTINE SPCPW2

THIS PROG. COMPUTES AND PLOTS POWER SPECTRUM FOR ACCEL DATA
 (THIS IS A LIGHTLY MODIFIED VERSION OF SPCPWA)

ROUTINES CALLED; NONE

PARAMETERS

XLOC,YLOC- STARTING LOCATION ON PAPER
 A- DATA ARRAY AS RETURNED BY 'R-ARM'
 CONTAINING N/2-2 UNIQUE COMPLEX POINTS
 FOR 35 SECOND SPECTRA WITH DT=.07SEC, N=512 SC MN=256

SUBROUTINE SPCPW2 (XLOC,YLOC,A,N)
 COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,NADV,AMPMAX,NFR,LSENS,NTH
 COMMON/INPARM/COMP(3),IFR,ICOL,TMEAN,VARI
 DIMENSION A(2,1),INAME(1),LYNE(73),P(2060),AXX(2060)
 INTEGER LYNE,BLANK,EYE,DASH,STAR,JP
 INTEGER BEGREC
 DATA BLANK,EYE,DASH,STAR,KOL/1F,1F,1H-,1H*,73/
 DATA XL,YL,YL2,FREMAX/25.0,6.0,4.0,5.0/
 DATA PMIN,PMAX,FREMIN,AMAX,AMIN/-180.0,180.0,0.0,6.0,0.0/

INITIALIZE

ZEROF=.0279 FOR 512 PT (36 SEC) SPECTRA

DT=.07

AZERO=A(1,1)

MN=N/2-2

ZEROF=1.0/((N-4)*DT)

FREMAX=MN*ZEROF

TSPAN=(N-4)*DT

TTIME=TSPAN/2.

PRINT 75,N,DT,VARI

75 FORMAT (' N=',I4,' DT=',F7.3,' VARI=',F8.5)

FIND MAX. AMPLITUDE AND SUM OF P.S.D.

BUT LIMIT TO INPUT AMPMAX IF CONSTANT SCALING FOR ALL SPECTRA.

AMP=(A(1,2)*A(1,2)+A(2,2)*A(2,2))*TTIME

SUMAMP=AMP

DO 100 J=3,MN

AMP2=(A(1,J)*A(1,J)+A(2,J)*A(2,J))*TTIME

SUMAMP=SUMAMP+AMP2

IF(AMP2.GT.AMP) AMP=AMP2

100 CONTINUE

AINC=(KOL-1)/AMP

PRINT HEADING

DO 150 I=1,KOL

SPCPW2 Listing 7 (1 of 4)

LEVEL 21

SPCPW2

DATE = 77167

08/26/01

```

      LYNE(I)=DASH
150  CONTINUE
      LYNE(I)=EYE
      LYNE(KOL)=EYE
      PRINT 155,ITAPE,BEGREC,LSSENS,COMPNO(I COL),AMP,LYNE
155  FORMAT (1H1,'TAPE=',I6,' STARTING REC=',I4,'/,88X,'POWER SPECTRUM',
1/, ' INDEX A COEF B COEF P.S.',6X,'PHASE FREQ',5X,
21H0,34X,I3,A3,27X,F9.6,'/,55X,73A1)

C
C   BLANK OUT LYNE
C
      DO 190 I=1,KOL
      LYNE(I)=BLANK
190  CONTINUE

C
C   COMPUTE SPEC. AND PHASE
C
      DO 300 I=1,MN
      FREQ=I*ZEROF
      AA1=A(1,I+1)
      AA2=A(2,I+1)
      IF (AA1.EQ.0.0) AA1=.001
      IF (AA2.EQ.0.0) AA2=.001
      A(1,I)=(AA1*AA1+AA2*AA2)*TTIME
      A(2,I)=ATAN2(AA1,AA2)*57.2958
      LYNE(I)=EYE
      LYNE(KOL)=DASH
      JP=AINC*A(1,I)+1.4999
      IF (JP.GT.72) JP=72

C
C   ONLY PRINT SPECTRUM EVERY NTH FRAME
C
      IF (MOD(IFR,NTH).NE.0) GO TO 270
      LYNE(JP)=STAR
C      PRINT A,B,SPECAMPL,PHASE
      PRINT 255,I,(A(LL,I+1),LL=1,2),(A(LL,I),LL=1,2),FREQ,LYNE
255  FORMAT (1X,I4,2(2X,F7.4),1X,F9.6,1X,F8.1,1X,F9.4,3X,73A1)
      LYNE(JP)=BLANK
270  P(I)=A(1,I)
300  CONTINUE

C
310  PRINT 315,AZERO,SUMAMP,TMEAN,VARI,BEGREC
315  FORMAT (10AZERO=',F9.6,' SUMAMP=',F11.5,25X,' TMEAN=',F10.6,
X' G VARI=',F10.6,' G STARTING AT RECD',I5)
350  CONTINUE
      AMP=AMPMAX
      IF (LSSENS.GT.10) AMP=AMP*2.
C      IF (NSUM.EQ.1) AMP=AMP*4.
      DO 500 I=1,MN
      FREQ=I*ZEROF
      IF (P(I).LE.0.0) P(I)=0.00001
      IF (P(I).GT.AMP) P(I)=AMP
      AXX(I)=FREQ
500  CONTINUE

```

LEVEL 21

SPCPW2

DATE = 77167

08/26/01

IF (XLOC.LT.0.) XLOC=0.

SET SCALE FACTORS (FIRST VALUE, DELTAV) FOR CONSTANT PLOT SIZE

FULL SCALE ACROSS= 14 INCH= 7.14 HZ SO SET 1 INCH = .50HZ

6 INCHES HIGH (FULL SCALE) = INPUT AMPMAX

P(NN+1)=0.0

P(NN+2)=AMP/6.

AXX(NN+1)=.0

AXX(NN+2)=.50

IF (ICOL.LT.4) GO TO 600

NUMLIN=NN/10+1

L=1

DC 575 K=1,NUMLIN

LL=L+9

PRINT 565, (P(1),L=L,LL)

565 FORMAT (' ',10F10.6)

575 L=L+10

600 CONTINUE

PLOT TITLES AND AXES

CALL SYMBOL (XLOC,YLOC-0.5,.21,4HREC ,0.,4)

REC=BEGREC

CALL NUMBER(999.0,999.0,.21,REC,0.0,-1)

IF (IFR.LT.NFR) GO TO 640

CALL SYMBOL (999.,999.,.21,6H TAPE=,0.0,6)

TAPE=ITAPE

CALL NUMBER (999.0,999.0,.21,TAPE,C.,-1)

CALL SYMBOL(999.0,999.0,.21,9H SENSOR=A ,0.0,9)

SENSR=LENS

CALL NUMBER(999.0,999.0,.21,SENSR,C.0,-1)

CALL SYMBOL (999.,999.,.21,COMPW(ICOL),0.,3)

GO TO 660

640 YT=-1.0

DC 650 I=1,7

YT=YT+1.0

650 CALL SYMBOL (XLOC+14.,YLOC+YT,.14,13,90.,-1)

GO TO 664

660 CALL AXIS (XLOC+14.,YLOC,14HACCEL SPECTRUM,-14,6.C,90.0,P(NN+1),
/P(NN+2))

664 IF (IFR.EQ.NFR) GO TO 680

XT=-1.0

DC 670 I=1,14

XT=XT+1.0

670 CALL SYMBOL (XLOC+XT,YLOC,.14,13,0.,-1)

GO TO 690

680 CALL AXIS (XLOC,YLOC,4HFREQ,-4,14.,0.,AXX(NN+1),AXX(NN+2))

MAYBE LINE NEEDS XLOC,YLOC=0.

690 CALL PLOT(XLOC,YLOC,-3)

CALL LINE (AXX(1),P(1),NN,1,0,0)

CALL PLOT (-XLOC,-YLOC,-3)

900 RETURN

END

LEVEL 21

BLK DATA

DATE = 77144

21/39/35

BLOCK DATA

COMMON/INPARH/COMPN(3),1FR,ICOL,TMEAN,VAR;

DATA COMPN/3HIND,3HSUP,3HDIF/

END

PROGRAM CALFIL

INTRODUCTION

This program creates a channel calibration file for the Newport and Sitka instrumentation configurations. Other processing programs using bridge data may then access this file on the FHRS disk library in conjunction with the tape reading routines SITKA or NEWPORT so that each record read then provides calibrated acceleration or wind data.

Each channel has its set-up cards in chronological order showing each time a calibration value changes or a replacement or repair was done to its circuit. Any particular user run then picks up the card appropriate to that particular date for each channel.

See Figures 19 and 20, Table 6 and Listing 8.

OPERATIONAL NOTES

Essentially, once this file is placed onto the DOT disk library, it is only rerun when new channel calibration update cards need to be added.

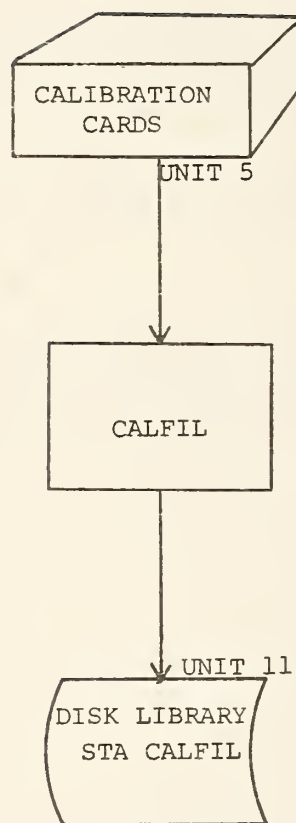


Figure 19. Program CALFIL Setup

0	1U	-11.9568	0.0	N	70300	
	1U	-11.9568	0.0	S	72274	
0	1U	-11.9568	0.0	S	75137	OVERHAULED
1	1V	-11.9568	0.0	N	70300	
1	A1	-0.0253	0.0	S	72274	GULTON
1	A1	1.0000	0.0	S	74231	DISCONNECTED
1	A1	-0.0402	0.0	S	74356	KISTLER
1	A1	-0.0402	0.0	S	75137	CABLE REPAIRED
2	1W	-11.9568	0.0	N	70300	
2	1V	-11.9568	0.0	S	72274	
2	1V	-11.9568	0.0	S	75137	OVERHAULED
2	1V	-11.9568	0.0	S	76038	REPLACED PROP.
3	2U	-11.9568	0.0	N	70300	
3	A2	-0.0253	0.0	S	72274	GULTON
3	A2	1.0000	0.0	S	74231	DISCONNECTED
3	A2	-0.0402	0.0	S	74356	KISTLER
3	A2	1.0000	0.0	S	75137	DISCONNECTED
3	A2	-0.0402	0.0	S	75237	REPLACED
4	A1	1.0000	0.0	N	70300	
4	1W	-11.9568	0.0	S	72274	
4	1W	-11.9568	0.0	S	75137	OVERHAULED
5	2V	-11.9568	0.0	N	70300	
5	A3	-0.0253	0.0	S	72274	GULTON
5	A3	1.0000	0.0	S	74110	DISCONNECTED
5	A3	-0.0402	0.0	S	74231	KISTLER
6	2W	-11.9568	0.0	N	70300	
6	2U	-11.9568	0.0	S	72274	
6	2U	-11.9568	0.0	S	75137	OVERHAULED
6	2U	-11.9568	0.0	S	75303	REPLACED
6	2U	-11.9568	0.0	S	76082	REPLACED PROP
7	3U	-11.9568	0.0	N	70300	
7	A4	-0.0253	0.0	S	72274	GULTON
7	A4	1.0000	0.0	S	74110	DISCONNECTED
7	A4	-0.0402	0.0	S	74231	KISTLER
7	A4	-0.0402	0.0	S	75137	CABLE REPAIRED
7	A4	-0.0402	0.0	S	75237	REPLACED
8	3V	-11.9568	0.0	N	70300	
8	2V	-11.9568	0.0	S	72274	
8	2V	-11.9568	0.0	S	75137	OVERHAULED
8	2V	-11.9568	0.0	S	75303	REPLACED
8	2V	-11.9568	0.0	S	76082	REPLACED
9	A2	1.0000	0.0	N	70300	
9	A5	-0.0402	0.0	S	72274	KISTLER
9	A5	1.0000	0.0	S	75281	DISCONNECTED
9	A5	-0.0402	0.0	S	75303	CABLE REPLACED

Figure 20. CALFIL Output

Table 6. CALFIL Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
CALFIL		I	1	Calibration file unit number
CARDIN		I	1	Card input unit number
CTTANO		I	70	Channel
DATE		I	1	User date
I		I	1	General Index
II		I	1	I & 35
INCHAN		I	1	Calib channel number
INDATE		I	1	Calib card date
INNAM		I	1	Calib name of instrument
INRMKS		I	5	Input remarks
INSITE		I	1	North or South side of Bridge
INSLOP		R	1	Calibration slope
INYINT		R	1	Calibration Y intercept
LINES		I	1	Line counter
NAME		I	7	Sensor name
SLOPE		R	70	Slope
TAPENO		I	2	User tape number
YINT		R	70	Y Intercept

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 76098

17/22/03

```

C*****PROGRAM CALFIL*****
C
C-----CREATES CHANNEL CALIBRATION FILE FOR NEWPORT AND SITKA
C-----INSTRUMENTATION CONFIGURATION
C
C-----LOCAL VARIABLES
C
      REAL INSLOP,INYINT,SLOPE(70),YINT(70)
      INTEGER CARDIN,CALFIL,1,1,LINES,INCHAN,INNAM,INSITE,INDATE,
- INRMKS(5),CHAND(70),NAME(70),TAPEND(2),DATE
      DATA TAPEND/'CALT','ST '/
      CARDIN=5
      CALFIL=11
      DATE=0
      I=0
      PRINT 9000
9000  FORMAT (1H1)
      LINES=0
      10  READ(CARDIN,9001,END=30) INCHAN,INNAM,INSLOP,INYINT,INSITE,
- INDATE,INRMKS
9001  FORMAT (I2,T11,A4,T21,F8.4,T31,F8.4,T41,A1,T51,I5,T61,5A4)
      WRITE(CALFIL,9001) INCHAN,INNAM,INSLOP,INYINT,INSITE,INDATE,
- INRMKS
      IF(INDATE.GT.DATE) DATE=INDATE
      IF(INCHAN.EQ.1) GO TO 20
      PRINT 9002
9002  FORMAT (1H )
      LINES=LINES+1
      I=I+1
      IF(LINES.LE.50) GO TO 20
      PRINT 9000
      LINES=0
      20  PRINT 9003,INCHAN,INNAM,INSLOP,INYINT,INSITE,INDATE,INRMKS
9003  FORMAT (1X,I2,2X,A4,2X,F8.4,2X,F8.4,2X,A1,2X,I5,2X,5A4)
      LINES=LINES+1
      GO TO 10
      30  ENDFILE CALFIL
      REWIND CALFIL
C
C-----SET-UP CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE
C
      I=0
      40  READ(CALFIL,9001,END=50) INCHAN,INNAM,INSLOP,INYINT,INSITE,
- INDATE,INRMKS
      IF(INCHAN.GT.I) I=I+1
      IF(INDATE.GT.DATE) GO TO 40
      CHAND(I+1)=INCHAN
      NAME(I+1)=INNAM
      SLOPE(I+1)=INSLOP
      YINT(I+1)=INYINT
      GO TO 40
C
C-----PRINT CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE
C

```

CALFIL Listing 8 (1 of 2)

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 76098

17/22/06

```
      PRINT 9004, TAPEND, DATE
9004  FORMAT(1H1,   //T26, '---CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE---'/T32,
1'TAPE NUMBRER ',2A4/T34, 'RECORDED ',15,   ///2(5X, 'CHAN',2X,
2'SENSJR',4X, 'SLOPE',5X, 'Y-INTP')/2X,74(' ')//)
      DO 55 I=1,35
      II=I+35
      PRINT 9005, CHANO(I), NAME(I), SLOPE(I), YINT(I), CHANO(II), NAME(II),
1 SLOPE(II), YINT(II)
9005  FORMAT(2X,2(4X,12,4X,A4,3X,F8.4,3X,F8.4))
55    CONTINUE
      STOP
      END
```

PROGRAM COPY

INTRODUCTION & OPERATIONAL NOTES

This program copies specified records of an entire file from one tape to another. The file numbers for both tapes are specified in the JCL cards for program copy while specified start and stop record numbers for the copied tape are given on the copy data request card.

See Figures 21 and 22, Table 7 and Listings 9 and 10.

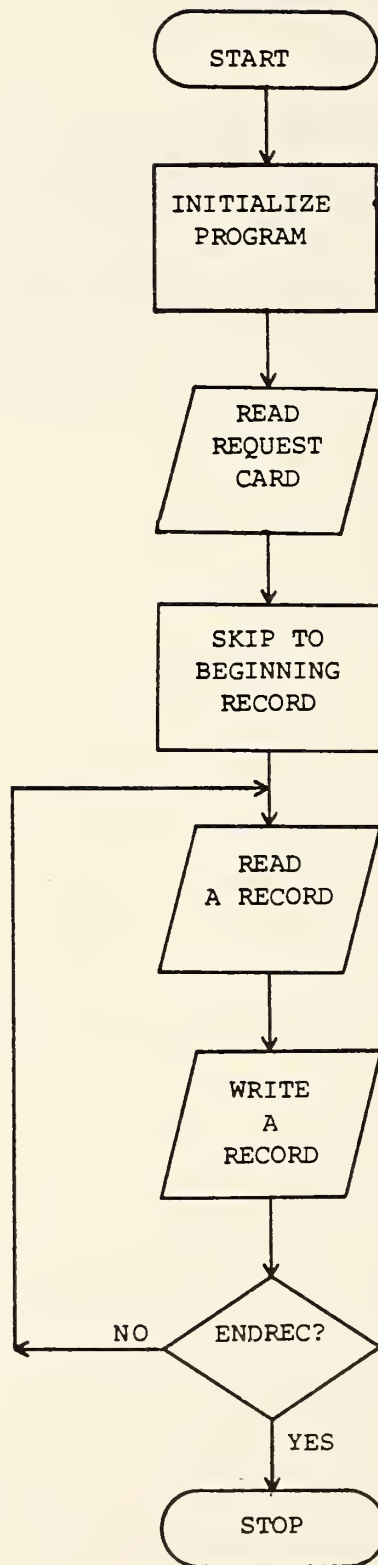


Figure 21. COPY Flow Chart

0001	03000
------	-------

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	1-9999	Beginning record	I5	1-5
2	1-9999	Ending record	I5	11-15

Figure 22. COPY Request Card Format

Table 7. COPY Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
BEGREC		I	1	Beginning record of request
DATA		I	562	Data array
DUM		I	1	Dummy variable for read
ENDREC		I	1	Ending record number
I		I	1	General index
NDATA		I	1	1 record past ending record
NSKP		I	1	Number of records to skip
NULL		I	562	Null array for dummy record
TAPIN		I	1	Tape unit for input
TAPOUT		I	1	Tape unit for output

```

C*****PROGRAM COPY****(SITKA VERSION)*****
C
C-----COPIES SPECIFIED RECORDS FROM ONE DEVICE TO ANOTHER. IF COPY
C-----REQUEST IS BLANK, ENTIRE FILE IS COPIED.
C
C-----LOCAL VARIABLES
C
      INTEGER TAPIN,TAPOUT,BEGREC,ENDREC,DUM,I,DATA(562),NULL(562)
C
C-----INITIALIZE
C
      NREC=1
      TAPIN=10
      TAPOUT=12
      DO 5 I=1,562
      NULL(I)=0
5      CONTINUE
C
C-----READ COPY REQUEST
      READ 9000, BEGREC,ENDREC
C
9000  FORMAT (I5,T11,I5)
      IF(BEGREC.LE.1) GO TO 40
C
C-----SKIP TO BEGINNING RECORD.
C
      NSKP=BEGREC-1
      DO 30 I=1,NSKP
      READ (TAPIN,9001,END=10,ERR=20) DUM
9001  FORMAT (A1)
      GO TO 30
10    PRINT 9002,I
9002  FORMAT (' ECF ENCOUNTERED WHILE SKIPPING. RECORD NO. ',I5,
- ' PROGRAM TERMINATED.')
      STOP
20    READ (TAPIN,9001) DUM
      PRINT 9003,I
9003  FORMAT (' I/O ERROR ENCOUNTERED WHILE SKIPPING. RECORD NO. ',I5,
- ' PROGRAM CONTINUING.')
30    CONTINUE
C
C-----COPY SPECIFIED RECORDS
C
40    PRINT 9008,BEGREC
9008  FORMAT (' COPY BEGINNING. RECORD NO. ',I5,' FIRST RECORD.')
      IF(ENDREC.EQ.0) ENDREC=99999
      NDATA=ENDREC+1
      DO 90 I=BEGREC,NDATA
      READ(TAPIN,9004,END=70,ERR=80) DATA
9004  FORMAT (56(10A4),A4,A3)
      WRITE (TAPOUT,9004) DATA
      GO TO 90
70    ENDFILE TAPOUT
      REWIND TAPOUT

```

```
      REWIND TAPIN
      PRINT 9005,I
9005  FORMAT (' EOF ENCOUNTERED WHILE COPYING. RECORD NO. ',
-      '15,' PROGRAM TERMINATED.')
      STOP
80  WRITE (TAPOUT,9004) NULL
      READ(TAPIN,9001) DUM
      PRINT 9006,I
9006  FORMAT (' I/O ERROR ENCOUNTERED WHILE COPYING. RECORD NO. '
-      ',15,' NULL RECORD INSERTED; PROGRAM CONTINUING.')
90  CONTINUE
      PRINT 9007,I
9007  FORMAT (' COPY COMPLETE. RECORD NO. ',15,' LAST RECORD.')
      ENDFILE TAPOUT
      REWIND TAPOUT
      REWIND TAPIN
      STOP
      END
```

COPY BEGINNING. RECORD NO. 608 FIRST RECORD.

~~COPY COMPLETE. RECORD NO. 2084 LAST RECORD.~~

PROGRAM DBLINT

INTRODUCTION

Program DBLINT reads acceleration data from Sitka tapes and converts it to velocity and displacement data by filtering and demeaning to remove bias to allow proper integration by the trapezoidal rule. This data may optionally be plotted as full length time traces before being fourier transformed for plotting as frequency spectra 8 records (36 seconds) at a time.

See Figures 23 through 30, Table 8 and Listings 11-16.

OPERATIONAL NOTES

To test the useability of the acceleration data an option is available to print out many pages of the running mean for each trace. Because of the many pages of extra printout this option is only used occasionally when deemed necessary on a particular event. To have this running mean printed set the input parameter 'OSPEC' = 0 instead of the normal value of 1.

The sensor number requested is the tape channel itself, not the instrument designation. For example, a request for '22' gives All data but remained printed out as '22.' Similarly for A6 data request ISENS = 12.

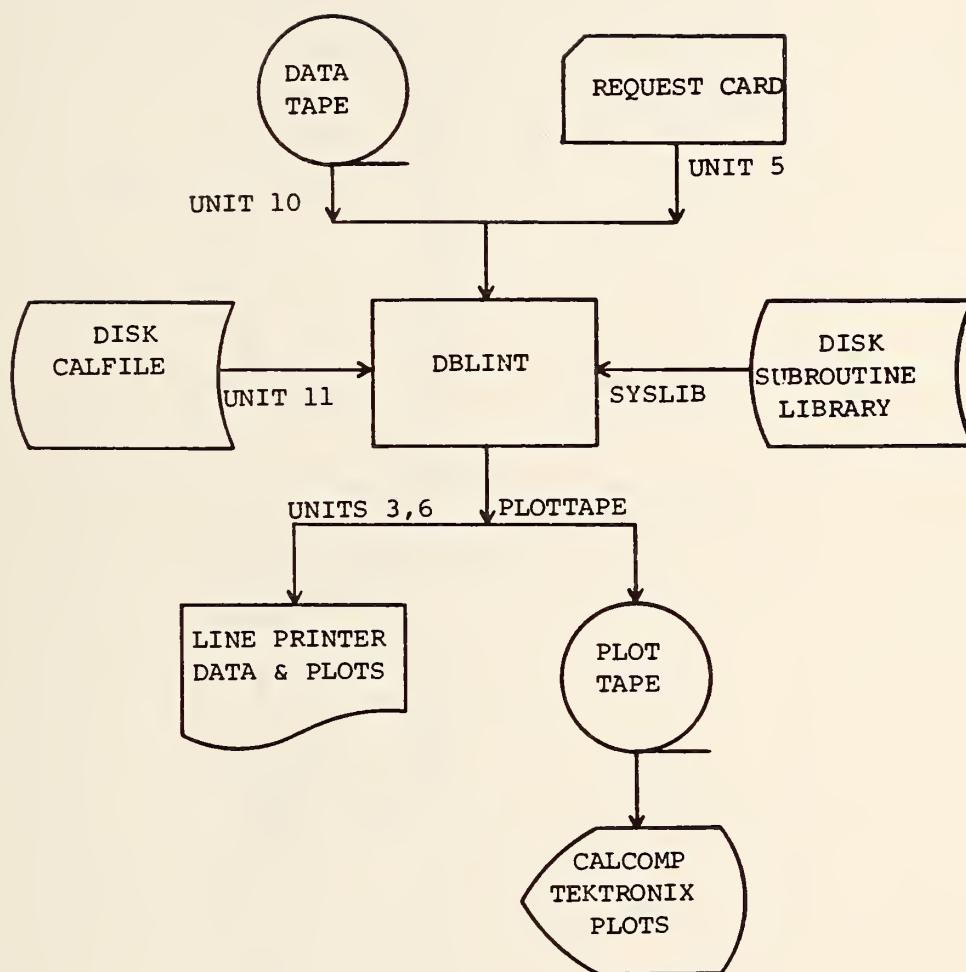


Figure 23. Program DBLINT Setup

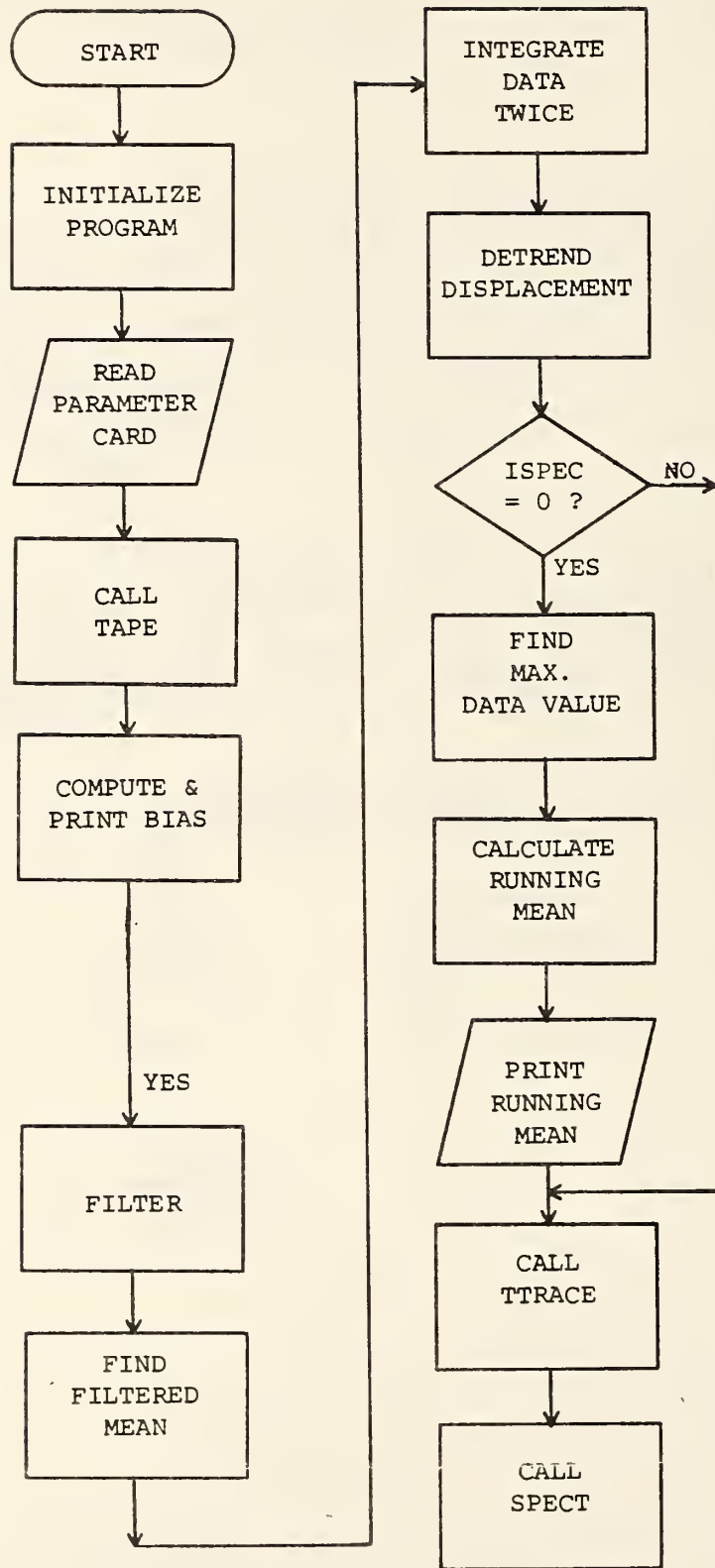


Figure 24. DBLINT Flow Chart

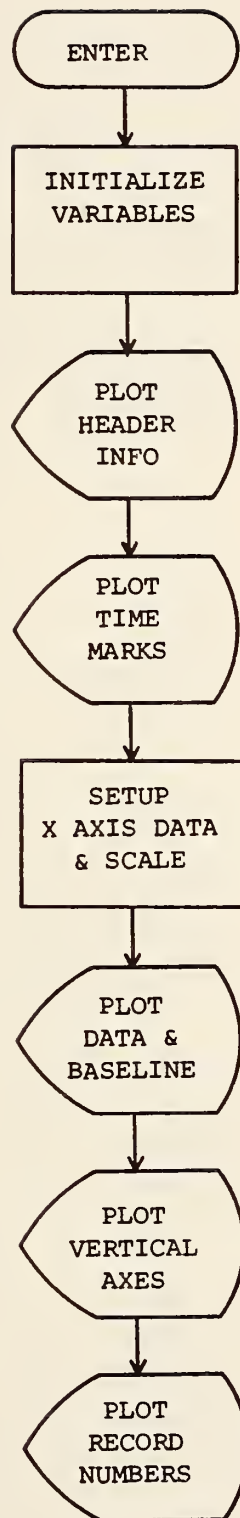


Figure 25. TTRACE Flow Chart

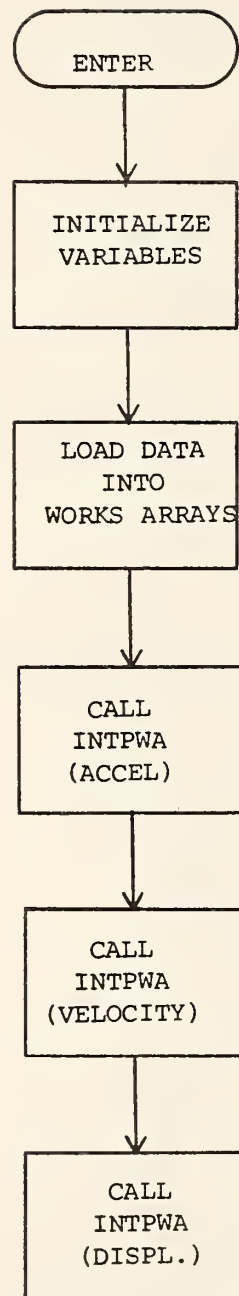


Figure 26. SPECT Flow Chart

0010436

76300

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	---	Tape number	2A4	1-8
2	72274 - present (Sitka)	Recording date	I5	11-15

Figure 27. DBLINT Tape Number Card Format

10436	1	12	1250	1302	3	6.5	0.5
-------	---	----	------	------	---	-----	-----

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	1-99999	Tape number	I5	1-5
2	1-9	File number	I5	6-10
3	1-30	Sensor number	I5	11-15
4	1-9999	Beginning record	I5	16-20
5	1-9999	Ending record	I5	21-25
6	usually 1	Output option	I5	26-30
7	usually 0.5	Low cut filter setting	F5.2	31-35
8	usually 6.2	High cut filter setting	F5.2	36-40

Figure 28. DBLINT Request Card

1335 2 12 1 46 1 0.50 6.20
RECORD NO.: 1 TC 46
CHANNEL: 12
NO. OF POINTS: 2544
BIAS ESTIMATE FOR INPUT DATA 0.012971

Figure 29. DBLINT Output 1

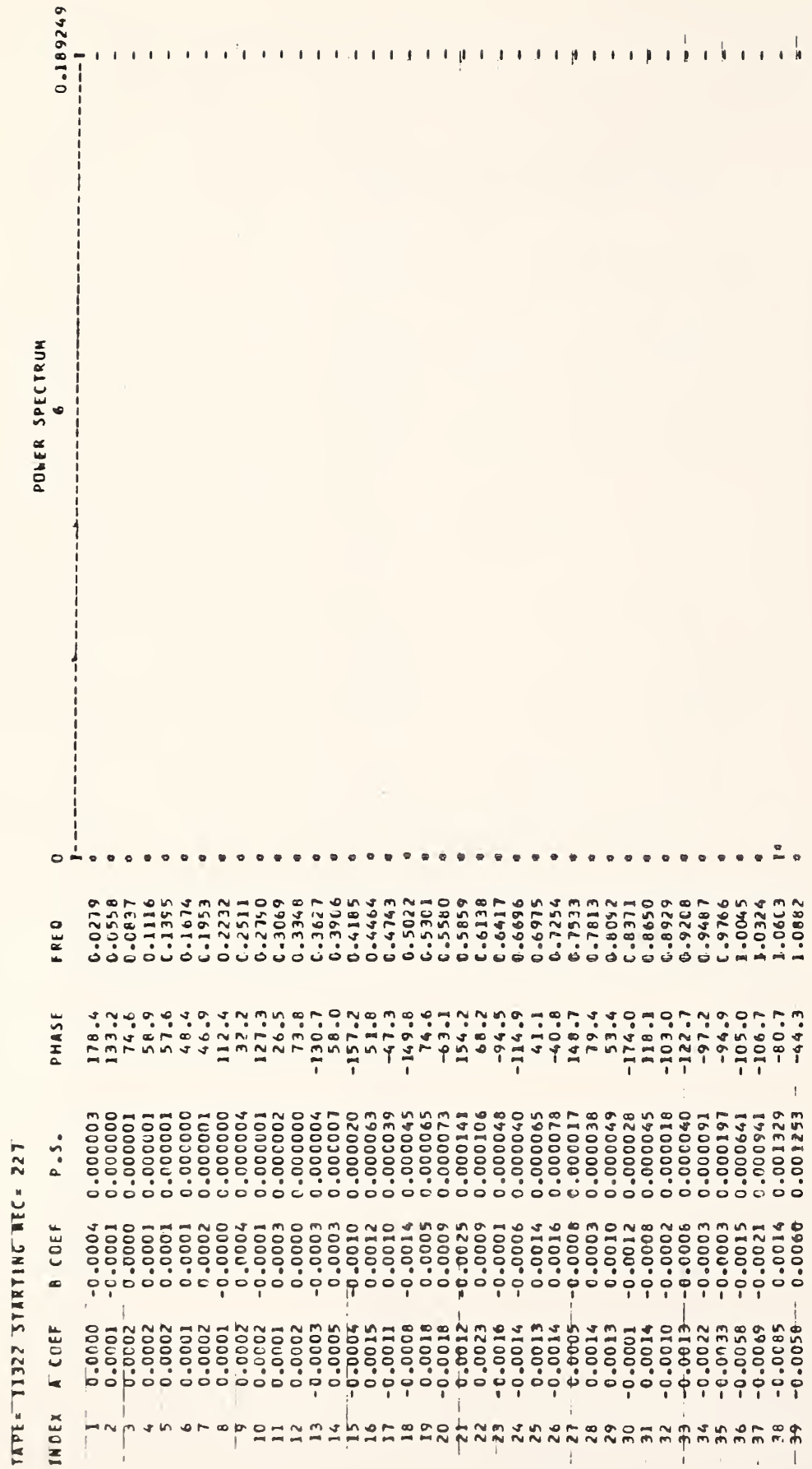


Figure 30. DBLINT Output 2

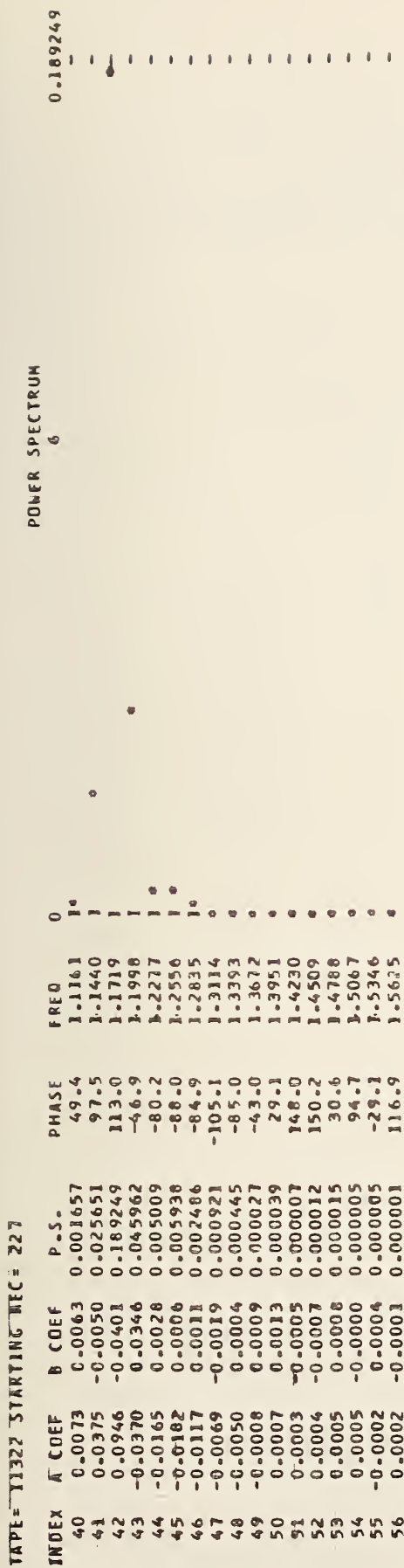


Figure 30. DBLINT Output 2 (continued)

Table 8. DBLINT Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
A		R	Passed	Input Data Array
AO		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
A1		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
A2		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
A3		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
A4		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
A5		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
AA		R*8	1	Normalization Factor
AAO		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
AA1		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
AA2		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
AA3		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
AA4		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
AA5		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
AFS		R	1	Running Average of FS
AMPMAX	X	R	1	Max Value of Spectral Plot
AS		R	1	Absolute Value of S(I)
AVGFS		R	1	Average Value of FS Data
B1		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
B2		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
B3		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
B4		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
B5		R*8	1	Final Filter Coefficient
BBO		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
BB1		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
BB2		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
BB3		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
BB4		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
BB5		R*8	1	Initial Value Filter Coefficient
BEGREC		I	1	Beginning Record
BIAS		R	1	Data Bias

Table 8. DBLINT Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
BLNK		I	1	Literal ' '
C		R*8	1	Polynomial Argument
CCSIZE	X	R	1	Cal Comp Plot Size Factor
CHANO		I	1	Channel Number
D		R*8	4000	Work Array
DELTAV		R	1	Plotter Increment
DS		R	Passed	Displacement Data Array
DT	X	R	1	Sampling Interval
ENDREC		I	1	Ending Record
FC1		R	1	Low Cutoff Frequency
FC2		R	1	High Cutoff Frequency
FILE		R	1	File Number
FIRSTV		R	1	First Value to Plot
FS		R	3200	Filtered Data
FXLOC		R	1	Plotter X Axis Offset
FYLOC		R	1	Plotter Y Axis Offset
I		I	1	General Index
IBEG		I	1	Beginning Record
IBUF		I	4000	Plot Buffer Storage
IEND		I	1	Ending Record
IFILE		I	1	File Number
II		I	1	General Index
IM		I	1	Counter
INC		I	1	Increment
INT		I	1	Integration Counter
INTEG		I	1	Plotting Parameter
IP		I	1	Printer Position of Data
IRF		I	1	Read Status Flag
ISENS		I	1	Sensor Number
ISF		I	1	DDTRND Intial Entry Flag
ISPEC		I	1	Processing Options Flag

Table 8. DBLINT Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
ITAPE		I	1	Tape Number
K		I	1	General Index
KK		I	1	General Index
LAST		R	1	Last Value Processed
LENGTH		I	1	Sub Internal For Integration
LINTYP		I	1	Plotting Parameter
LOW		I	1	Low Cut Filter Option
LSENS	X	I	1	Sensor Number
LSTRT		I	1	Start of Integration Interval
LTRI		I	1	Literal 'I'
M		I	1	General Index
N		I	1	Number of Points to Process
N2		I	1	N/2
N6		I	1	N+5
NDEG		I	1	Degree of Polynomial to Remove
NF		I	1	Number of Points
NSEC		I	1	Number of Seconds
NT		I	1	Ending Point
NTIMES		I	1	Number of Times to Integrate
PI		R	1	3.14159
PLT1		I	10	First Printer Plot Array
PLT2		I	10	Second Printer Plot Array
PLT3		I	10	Third Printer Plot Array
PLT4		I	10	Fourth Printer Plot Array
PPR		I	1	Number of Points Per Record
REC		R	1	Beginning Record
RLRGST		R	1	Largest Value of S Data
S		R	3200	Main Data Array
S12		R	3200	Acceleration Data
SCL		R	1	Scaling Factor
SENS		R	64,37	1 Record of Raw Data

Table 8. DBLINT Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
SINC		R	1	Plotter Increment Between Seconds
SMAX		R	1	Max Data Value
STAR		I	1	Literal '*'
SUMI		R	1	Sum of Velocity Data
SUM2		R	1	Sum of Displacement Data
TAPE		R	1	Tape Number
TAPENO		I	2	Tape Number
TEMP		R	1	Temporary Max Value
TICK		R	1	X Location of 1-Second Marks
TITLE	X	I	4	Spectrum Title Literal
TMEAN	X	R	1	Mean Value of Time Trace Data
TTL		I	8	Input Spectrum Titles
VARI	X	R	1	Variance of Time Trace
VAXIS		R	1	Distance Between Data Traces
VS		R	Passed	Velocity Data Array
VSCAL	X	R	1	Vertical Scale for Time Trace
W1		R	516	Velocity Data Work Array
W2		R	516	Displacement Data Work Array
W3		R	516	Acceleration Data Work Array
X		R	4000	Array of X Axis Plotter Value
XEND		R	1	Last Value of X
XINC		R	1	Plotter Increment Between Data Pts.
XLOC		R	1	Plotter X Location
YLOC		R	1	Plotter Y Location

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77229

18/20/34

```

C ***** PROGRAM DBLINT *****
C
C THIS PROGRAM READS ACCELERATION DATA FROM SITKA TAPES AND CONVERTS
C IT TO VELOCITY AND DISPLACEMENT DATA BY FILTERING AND DEMEANING
C TO REMOVE BIAS FOR PROPER INTEGRATION BY TRAPEZOIDAL RULE.
C THIS DATA MAY BE PLOTTED AS TIME TRACES OR FOURIER TRANSFORMED
C THEN PLOTTED AS FREQUENCY SPECTRA.
C
C ROUTINES CALLED: TAPE,CLEAN,CDTRND,SPECT,TTRACE
C (ALSO NEEDED: INTPWA,SPCPWA,SITKA)
C
C PROG. BY DOLLY GREENE S.T.A. 1976-1977
C
C DIMENSION IBUF(2000)
C RFAL(5(3200),FS(3200),S12(3200),LAST
C INTEGER STAR,BLNK,LTRI,PLT1(10),PLT2(10),PLT3(10),PLT4(10)
C INTEGER IEGREC
C DATA STAR,BLNK,LTRI/0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0/
C COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,NSUM,AMPMAX,VSCAL,TITLE
C COMMON/INPARM/CCSIZE,DT,ISENS,MEAN,VAR1
C
C CALL PLOTS(IPUF,2000,6)
C CALL NEWPEN(1)
C CCSIZE=1.3
C CALL FACTOR(CCSIZE)
C CALL PLOT(0,27,-3)
C DO 11 I=1,10
C   PLT1(I)=BLNK
C   PLT2(I)=BLNK
C   PLT3(I)=BLNK
C   PLT4(I)=BLNK
11 CONTINUE
C   PLT1(5)=LTRI
C   PLT2(5)=LTRI
C   PLT3(5)=LTRI
C   PLT4(5)=LTRI
C   PI=3.1415926536
C   READ(5,9000) ITAPE,IFILE,ISENS,IBEG,IEND,ISPEC,FC1,FC2
C   WRITE(6,9000) ITAPE,IFILE,ISENS,IBEG,IEND,ISPEC,FC1,FC2
9000 FORMAT(6I5,2F5.2)
9101 FORMAT(5X,'VEL MEAN IS',F10.6,5X,14)
C
C-----ISPEC=0 GIVE RUNNING MEAN OUTPUT AND PRINTER PLOTS ONLY
C-----ISPEC=1 PRODUCE PRINTER AND TEKTRONIX SPECTRA
C
C   INT=1
C   IEGREC=IEG
2000 CONTINUE
C
C
C-----READ DATA FROM TAPE INTO S (48 RECS)
C
2500 CALL TAPE(IBEG,IEND,ISENS,S)
C   L=(IEND-IBEG+1)/64

```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77229

18/20/34

3000 CONTINUE

C

BIAS=0.

DO 98 I=1,N

98 BIAS=BIAS+S(I)

BIAS=BIAS/N

WRITE(6,9128) BIAS

9128 FORMAT(IX,' BIAS ESTIMATE FOR INPUT DATA',F10.6)

DO 99 I=1,N

99 S(I)=S(I)-BIAS

C

C USE HI-PASS FILTER FIRST TO CUT OUT LOW FREQS

C-----LOW = 0 : PRODUCES LOW PASS FILTER (HI CUT)

C = 1 : PRODUCES HIGH PASS FILTER (LOW CUT)

C

LOW=1

(CALL CLEAN(S,N,LOW,FC1,FS)

LOW=0

(CALL CLEAN (FS,N,LOW,FC2,FS)

N2=N/2

AVGFS=0.

DO 88 I=1,N

IF (I.LT.N-2) AVGFS=AVGFS+FS(I)

88 S12(I)=S(I)

C

C

C-----ESTIMATE A MEAN FOR FS

C

AVGFS=AVGFS/(N-3)

WRITE(6,9129) AVGFS

9129 FORMAT(IX,' MEAN ESTIMATE FOR FILTERED DATA',F10.6)

DO 29 I=1,N

29 FS(I)=FS(I)-AVGFS

C

C-----INTEGRATE, IF INT = 1

C

NTIMES=2

WRITE(6,9102) NTIMES

9102 FORMAT(5X,'INTEGRATING',14,' TIMES')

IF (INT.EQ.0) GO TO 6000

LENGTH=512

300 CONTINUE

DO 31 I1=LENGTH,N,LENGTH

LAST=0.

LSTRT=I1-LENGTH+1

IF (I1.EQ.LENGTH2) LSTRT=LSTRT+1

LSTRT=I1-LENGTH+2

DO 32 I=LSTRT,I1

S(I)=LAST+(FS(I)+FS(I-1))/2.0

32 LAST=S(I)

C

C-----NOW LETTEND DISPLACEMENT

C

NDEC=1

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77229

18/20/34

```

      ISF=0
      NT=N-LENGTH+1
C      DO 40 I=1,NT,LENGTH
40     CONTINUE
      CALL DDTFND(S(LSTRT),LENGTH,I,DEG,ISF)
      LR 33 I=LSTRT,11
      IF(INT+1.LE.NTIMES) FS(I)=S(I)
      33 CONTINUE
      31 CONTINUE
      INT=INT+1
C
      IF(INT.LE.NTIMES) GO TO 300
C-----PRINT RESULTS
C
      IF(ISPEC.EQ.0) GO TO 6000
      IF(ISPEC.EQ.1) GO TO 7000
C
6000  CONTINUE
      SUM1=0.0
      SUM2=0.0
      N6=N+5
      RLRGST=AFS(S(1))
      DO 499 I=2,N6
      AS=AFS(S(I))
499   IF(AS.GT.RLRGST) RLRGST=AS
      SCL=5./RLRGST
      WRITE(6,9190) RLRGST,SCL
C
C-----CALCULATE RUNNING MEANS
C
      WRITE(6,9601)
9601  FORMAT(1H1,' RAW ACC.',T27,'ACCELERATION',T52,' FILTERED ',T77,
1      ' FILTERED '/T27,'RUN.MEAN',T52,'ACCELERATION',T77,'RUN.MEAN'/)
      1M=0
      DO 700 I=1,N
      1M=1M+1
      SUM1=SUM1+FS(I)
      SUM2=SUM2+S(I)
      AFS=SUM1/I
      AS=SUM2/I
      IP=S(I)*SCL+5.
      IF(IP.LT.11.AND.IP.GT.0) PLT1(IP)=STAR
      IP=AS*SCL+5.
      IF(IP.LT.11.AND.IP.GT.0) PLT2(IP)=STAR
      IP=FS(I)*SCL+5.
      IF(IP.LT.11.AND.IP.GT.0) PLT3(IP)=STAR
      IP=AFS*SCL+5.
      IF(IP.LT.11.AND.IP.GT.0) PLT4(IP)=STAR
9999  FORMAT(1X)
      WRITE(6,9600) S(1),(PLT1(M),M=1,10),AS,(PLT2(M),M=1,10),FS(1),
1      (PLT3(M),M=1,10),AFS,(PLT4(M),M=1,10),I
9600  FORMAT(1X,4(F10.6,10A1,5X),T120,16)
      LR 60 J=1,10
      PLT1(J)=ILNK

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LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77229

18/20/34

```

      PLT2(J)=ELNK
      PLT3(J)=ELNK
60    PLT4(J)=ELNK
      PLT1(5)=LTRJ
      PLT2(5)=LTRJ
      PLT3(5)=LTRJ
      PLT4(5)=LTRJ
      IF(MID(1,LENGTH).NE.0) GO TO 600
      WRITE(6,9909)
      SUM2=0.
      IM=0
9190  FORMAT(1F1,2F12.6)
600   CONTINUE
C
C-----CALCULATE SPECTRA,
C
7000  CONTINUE
      INT=3
C
      CALL TTRACE(ISENS,IBEG,ITAPE,IFILE,N,S,FS,S12,INT)
      CALL PLOT (0.,0.,-3)
      CALL FACTOR (1.56)
C     CALL FACTOR (4.00)
      CALL SPECT(FS,S,N,1,S12)
8000  CALL PLOT(0.,0.,999)
C
      STOP
      DEBUG SUI CHK (S,S12,FS)
      END
```

LEVEL 21

TAPE

DATE = 77224

18/29/00

```

SUBROUTINE TAPE(BEGREC,ENDREC,CHANC,A)
C  SUBROUTINE TAPE(BEGREC,ENDREC,CHANC,A,B)
C  REAL B(1)
C
C-----THIS ROUTINE READS DATA FROM TAPE FROM CHANNEL CHANC,
C  RECORDS BEGREC TO ENDREC AND STORES IN A.
C-----IFF = FUNCTION FLAG:
C-----      1 - INITIALIZE CALIBRATION TABLE
C-----      2 - READ TAPE AFTER REWINDING (CURREC RESET=0)
C-----      3 - READ TAPE STARTING FROM WHERE LAST CALL LEFT OFF
C
  REAL A(1),SENS(64,37)
  INTEGER TAPEND(2)
  INTEGER BEGREC,ENDREC,CHANC
  KK=0
  IFF=1
  I=0
  CALL SITKA (IFF,I,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
  I=BEGREC
1000 IFF=3
  CALL SITKA (IFF,I,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
  IF(IRF.NE.1) WRITE(6,9800) IRF,I
  DO 2 K=1,64
    KK=KK+1
C  B(KK)=SENS(K,CHANC+2)
  2  A(KK)=SENS(K,CHANC)
  IF(I.LE.ENDREC) GO TO 1000
  WRITE(6,9000) BEGREC,ENDREC,CHANC,KK
9000  FORMAT(' RECORD NO.: ',I5,' TO ',I5,' CHANNEL: ',I3/
1  ' NO. OF POINTS: ',I5)
9800  FORMAT(' IRF IS: ',I4,10X,' RECORD NO. IS ',I5)
  RETURN
END

```

LEVEL 21

CLEAN

DATE = 7/13/77

19/35/55

SUBROUTINE CLEAN(S,N,LOW,FC,FS)

REAL S(1),I(1)

REAL*8 DT(4000),AA0,AA1,AA2,AA3,AA4,AA5,BB0,BB1,BB2,BB3,BB4,

1 BB5,C,AA,A0,A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,B1,B2,B3,B4,B5

C-----COMPUTES FIVE-POLE BUTTERWORTH FILTER

C-----PARAMETERS

C S : INPUT SIGNAL TO BE FILTERED

C N : NUMBER OF POINTS IN S

C LOW : 0 - FOR LOW PASS FILTER

C : 1 - FOR HIGH PASS FILTER

C FC : CUTOFF FREQUENCY (FREQ. AT GAIN OF 1/(SQRT(2)))

C FS : FILTERED OUTPUT SIGNAL

C-----NOTE: DIMENSION OF S AND FS MUST BE N+5.

C-----PROGRAMMER: D.GREENE, STA 12/8/76.

C DATA AA0,AA1,AA2,AA3,AA4,AA5/1.,5*C./

C DATA AA0,AA1,AA2,AA3,AA4,AA5/1.00,5*0.00/

C DATA BB0,BB1,BB2,BB3,BB4,BB5/1.00,3.23606800,5.23606800,

1 5.23606800,3.32606800,1.00/

C DATA BB0,BB1,BB2,BB3,BB4,BB5/1.,3.236068,5.236068,5.236068,

1 3.236068,1./

C DATA PI/3.1415926536/

C DO 1 I=1,N

K=N-I+6

1 I=N-I+1

D(K)=S(I)

1 S(K)=S(I)

C DO 2 I=1,5

FS(I)=0.0

D(I)=0.000

2 S(I)=0.0

C IF(LOW.EQ.0) C=COTAN(.07*PI*FC)

IF(LOW.EQ.1) C=TAN(.07*PI*FC)

C AA=BB0+BB1*C+BB2*C**2+BB3*C**3+BB4*C**4+BB5*C**5

AC=(AA0+AA1*C+AA2*C**2+AA3*C**3+AA4*C**4+AA5*C**5)/AA

A1=(5.*AA0+3.*AA1*C+AA2*C**2-AA3*C**3-3.*AA4*C**4-5.*AA5*

1 C**5)/AA

A2=(10.*AA0+2.*AA1*C-2.*AA2*C**2-2.*AA3*C**3+2.*AA4*C**4+10.*

1 AA5*C**5)/AA

A3=(10.*AA0-2.*AA1*C-2.*AA2*C**2+2.*AA3*C**3+2.*AA4*C**4-10.*

1 AA5*C**5)/AA

A4=(5.*AA0-3.*AA1*C+AA2*C**2-AA3*C**3-3.*AA4*C**4+5.*AA5*

1 C**5)/AA

A5=(AA0-AA1*C+AA2*C**2-AA3*C**3+AA4*C**4-AA5*C**5)/AA

CLEAN Listing 13 (1 of 2)

EVEL 21 CLEAN DATE = 77131 19/35/55

B1=(5.*BB0+3.*BB1*C+BB2*C**2-BB3*C**3-3.*BB4*C**4-5.*BB5*C**5)/AA
 B2=(10.*BB0+2.*BB1*C-2.*BB2*C**2-2.*BB3*C**3+2.*BB4*C**4+10.*

1 BB5*C**5)/AA

B3=(10.*BB0-2.*BB1*C-2.*BB2*C**2+2.*BB3*C**3+2.*BB4*C**4-10.*

1 BB5*C**5)/AA

B4=(5.*BB0-3.*BB1*C+BB2*C**2+BB3*C**3-3.*BB4*C**4+5.*BB5*C**5)/AA

B5=(BB0-BB1*C+BB2*C**2-BB3*C**3+BB4*C**4-BB5*C**5)/AA

IF(LDH.EQ.0) GO TO 5000

A1=-A1

A3=-A3

A5=-A5

B1=-B1

B3=-B3

B5=-B5

C

C-----NOW FILTER S

C

5000 DO 100 I=1,N

FS(I+5)=A0*D(I+5)+A1*D(I+4)+A2*D(I+3)+A3*D(I+2)+A4*D(I+1)+

1 A5*D(I)-B1*FS(I+4)-B2*FS(I+3)-B3*FS(I+2)-B4*FS(I+1)-B5*FS(I)

C

FS(I+5)=A0*S(I+5)+A1*S(I+4)+A2*S(I+3)+A3*S(I+2)+A4*S(I+1)+

C

1 A5*S(I)-B1*FS(I+4)-B2*FS(I+3)-B3*FS(I+2)-B4*FS(I+1)-B5*FS(I)

100 CONTINUE

C

WRITE(6,9500) A0,A1,A2,A3,A4,A5,B1,B2,B3,B4,B5

9500 FORMAT(1H1,'FOLLOWING ARE A AND B COEFFICIENTS: ',/6F15.6/5F15.6)

RETURN

DEBUG SUBTRACE

END

LEVEL 21

DDTRND

DATE = 77131

19/35/55

SUBROUTINE DDTRND(Y,N,NDEG,ISF)

REAL*8 X(520),SD,SUM,SUMH,S1,S2,TMEAN,XN,AVEI,SLOPE

REAL Y(1)

IF(N.LE.3076) GO TO 1000

WRITE(6,9800) N

9800 FORMAT(' CANNOT DETREND. REDIMENSION X(N) TO: ',15)

RETURN

1000 DO 100 I=1,N

100 X(I)=Y(I)*1.000

IF(ISF.GE.1)GO TO 24

SD=0.000

SUM=0.000

SUMH=0.000

S1=0.000

S2=0.000

C

C-----IF NDEG=1 REMOVE BOTH MEAN AND LINEAR TREND

C

IF(NDEG.GT.0) GO TO 20

DO 8 I=1,N

SUM=SUM+X(I)

8 CONTINUE

XN=N

TMEAN=SUM/XN

SUM=0.000

DO 10 I=1,N

X(I)=X(I)-TMEAN

SUM=SUM+X(I)

SUMH=SUMH+X(I)*X(I)

10 CONTINUE

RETURN

C

C-----REMOVE MEAN AND LINEAR TREND

C

20 DO 22 I=1,N

S1=S1+X(I)

22 S2=S2+S1

AVEI=(N+1)*0.500

XN=N

TMEAN=S1/XN

SLOPE=-12.000*(S2-AVEI*S1)/(XN*(N*N-1))

24 CONTINUE

DO 28 I=1,N

23 X(I)=X(I)-TMEAN-SLOPE*(I-AVEI)

28 Y(I)=X(I)

WRITE(6,9999) SLOPE

9999 FORMAT(' SLOPE IS ',F10.4)

RETURN

END

LEVEL 21

TTRACE

DATE = 77228

17/09/56

SUBROUTINE TTRACE(ISENS,IBEC,ITAPE,IFILE,N,DS,VS,S,INT)

DIMENSION DS(1),VS(1),S(1),X(3200)

INTEGER PPR

C

C-----THIS PROGRAM PLOTS THREE CALCOMP PLOTS FOR UP TO 48 RECORDS

C

C-----INITIALIZE

C

CALL FACTOR(.25)

C

TAPE=ITAPE

REC=IBEC

FILE=IFILE

SENS=ISENS

INC=1

VAXIS=2.

LINTYP=C

INTEG=0

PPR=64

XLDC=0.

YLDC=0.

XINC=1./PPR

SINC=1./4.48

NSEC=.07*N

FXLDC=XLDC+.5

WRITE(6,9000) ITAPE,IFILE,ISENS,IBEC

9000 FORMAT(1F1,' TAPE NO.',15,'-',12/' SENSOR',13/' BEGREC',15//)

WRITE(6,9111) TAPE,FILE,SENS,REC

9111 FORMAT(1X,T8,4(F6.0,5X))

C

C-----SET ORIGIN

C

CALL PLOT(XLDC,YLDC+1.,-3)

C

C-----PLOT TAPE INFORMATION

C

CALL SYMBOL(FXLDC,YLDC,.42,9HTAPE NO ,0.,9)

CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.42,TAPE,0.,-1)

CALL SYMBOL(999.,999.,.42,1F-,C.,1)

CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.42,FILE,C.,-1)

CALL SYMBOL(FXLDC,YLDC+.5,.42,11HSTART REC ,0.,11)

CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.42,REC,C.,-1)

CALL SYMBOL(FXLDC,YLDC+1.,.42,7HSENSOR ,0.,7)

CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.42,SENS,0.,-1)

C

FYLDC=2.

CALL PLOT(FXLDC,FYLDC,3)

10

CONTINUE

C

C-----PLOT SECOND MARKS

C

DO 100 I=1,NSEC

TICK=SINC*I

100 CALL SYMBOL(FXLDC+TICK,FYLDC,.07,13,0.,-1)

TTRACE Listing 15 (1 of 3)

```

C
      FYLOC=FYLOC+(VAXIS  )+.5
C
C-----CONSTRUCT X-AXIS ARRAY
C
      DO 200 I=1,N
200    X(I)=I*XINC
      X(N+1)=0.
      X(N+2)=1.
      XEND=X(N)
C
C-----FIND SCALING FACTORS
C
      SMAX=ABS(DS(1))
      N2=N-2
      DO 300 I=2,N2
      TEMP=ABS(DS(I))
      IF(TEMP.GT.SMAX) SMAX=TEMP
300    CONTINUE
      DELTAV=SMAX/2.
      FIRSTV=0.
      WRITE(6,9100) DELTAV,FIRSTV
9100    FORMAT(1X,'DELTAV',F10.3/' FIRSTV',F10.3//)
C
      DS(N+1)=FIRSTV
      VS(N+1)=FIRSTV
      S(N+1)=FIRSTV
      DS(N+2)=DELTAV
      VS(N+2)=DELTAV
      S(N+2)=DELTAV
C
C-----PLOT DATA
C
1000    IF(INT.LT.3) GO TO 2000
      DO 1111 I=1,N
      X(I)=X(I)+FXLOC
1111    DS(I)=DS(I)+FYLOC*DELTAV
      CALL LINE(X,DS,N,INC,LINTYP,INTEG)
      CALL SYMBOL(XEND+.5,FYLOC,.35,12HDISPLACEMENT,0.,12)
      WRITE(6,9010)
9010    FORMAT(1X,'DISPLACEMENT HAS BEEN PLOTTED')
      GO TO 4000
C
2000    IF(INT.LT.2) GO TO 3000
      DO 2222 I=1,N
2222    VS(I)=VS(I)+FYLOC*DELTAV
      CALL LINE(X,VS,N,INC,LINTYP,INTEG)
      CALL SYMBOL(XEND+.5,FYLOC,.35,8HVELOCITY,0.,8)
      WRITE(6,9020)
9020    FORMAT(1X,'VELOCITY HAS BEEN PLOTTED')
      GO TO 4000
C
3000    IF(INT.LT.1) GO TO 4000
      DO 3233 I=1,N

```

LEVEL 2)

TTRACE

DATE = 77228

17/09/56

```
3333 S(I)=S(I)+FYLOC*DELTAV
      CALL LINE(X,S,N,INC,LINTYP,INTEG)
      CALL SYMBOL(XEND+.5,FYLOC,.35,12HACCELERATION,0.,12)
      WRITE(6,9030)
9030  FORMAT(1X,'ACCELERATION HAS BEEN PLOTTED'//)
```

C

C-----DRAW REFERENCE LINE AND VERTICAL AXIS

C

```
4000  CALL PLOT(XEND,FYLOC,3)
      CALL PLOT(FXLOC,FYLOC,2)
      CALL NUMBER(XLOC,FYLOC+1.,.28,DELTAV,0.,2)
      CALL PLOT(FXLOC,FYLOC+1.,3)
      CALL PLOT(FXLOC,FYLOC-1.,2)
      CALL NUMBER(XLOC,FYLOC-1.,.28,-DELTAV,0.,2)
      FYLOC=FYLOC+VAXIS+2.
      INT=INT-1
      IF (INT.GT.0) GO TO 1000
```

C

C-----PLOT RECORD REFERENCE MAPKS

C

```
5000  CONTINUE
      FYLOC=FYLOC-2
      CALL PLOT(FXLOC,FYLOC,3)
      REC=REC-1.
      DO 500 J=1,N,PPR
        TICK=XINC*I
        REC=REC+1.
      CALL SYMBOL(FXLOC+TICK,FYLOC,.28,13,0.,-1)
500   CALL NUMBER(FXLOC+TICK+XINC,FYLOC,.28,REC,0.,-1)
C
C      CALL PLOT(0.,0.,999)
      END
```

LEVEL 21

SPECT

DATE = 77224

18/29/00

SUBROUTINE SPECT(VS,DS,H,IBEG,AS)

C

C-----THIS ROUTINE CALLS INTPWA TO COMPUTE THE SPECTRA OF
C ARRAYS DS AND VS, DIMENSIONED ON H, BEGINNING WITH POINT
C IBEG. IT PLOTS SPECTRA IN 8 RECORD GROUPS.

C

COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,NSUM,AMPMAX,VSCAL,TITLE
COMMON/INPARM/CCSIZE,CT,ISENS,THEAN,VARI

C

DIMENSION VS(1),DS(1),W1(516),W2(516),W3(516),AS(1)

C

DIMENSION VS(1),DS(1),W1(516),W2(516),IBUF(2000),W3(516),AS(1)

INTEGER TTL(8)

INTEGER TITLE(4)

INTEGER BEGREC

DATA TTL/' AC','CEL ','SPEC','TRUN',' ','VEL ','DISP','SPL ' /

C

DT=.071

CCSIZE=1.3

AMPMAX=.001

NSUM=0

NTEST=0

C

XLOC=1.

YLOC=1.

NP=512

IPR=0

IEND=IBEG+NP

C

DO 1 ~~X~~^{II} = IEND,N,NPIISTR=~~X~~-NP+1JJ=1 ~~X~~^{II}

IPR=IPR+1

IF(IPR.GT.6) GO TO 900

9990

CONTINUE

DO 2 J=IISTR,~~X~~^{II}

W1(JJ)=VS(J)

W2(JJ)=DS(J)

W3(JJ)=AS(J)

2 JJ=JJ+1

C

9991 CONTINUE

PRINT 375,IEND,NP,IISTR

375

FORMAY(1X,'VEL/DISP',14,'READY FOR INTPWA FOR',15,' START AT ',

1 'PT',15)

C

BEGREC=BEGREC+8

AMPMAX=.002

VSCAL=.050

DO 500 I=1,4

500 TITLE(I)=TTL(I)

CALL INTPWA(XLOC,YLOC,ISENS,W3,NP)

CALL PLOT(8.5,0.,-3)

AMPMAX=.010

VSCAL=.100

SPECT Listing 16 (1 of 2)

LEVEL 21

SPECT

DATE = 77224

18/29/00

DO 600 I=1,2

600 TITLE(I)=TTL(I+4)

CALL INTPWA(XLOC,YLOC,ISENS,W1,MP)

CALL PLOT(8.5,0.,-3)

AMPMAX=.040

VSCAL=.20

DC 700 I=1,2

700 TITLE(I)=TTL(I+6)

CALL INTPWA(XLOC,YLOC,ISENS,W2,MP)

CALL PLOT(-17.,-5.,-3)

I CONTINUE

C

900 CONTINUE

C 900 CALL PLOT(0.,0.,999)

90 STOP

END

SUBROUTINE DTRND2

INTRODUCTION

This routine removes either the mean or mean and linear trend from an input time series. The mean and variance values for the input series are also returned.

The primary use of DTRND2 is to remove the mean and linear trend before the fourier transform is performed in programs ACCSPC or WNDSPC. The standard method is to call DTRND2 then window the data to taper the ends, readjust amplitudes, then call DTRND2 again to remove any slight mean or trend in the data after windowing.

See Figure 31, Table 9 and Listing 17.

OPERATIONAL NOTES

This routine removes either the mean or mean and linear trend from an input time series. The mean and variance values for the input series are also returned.

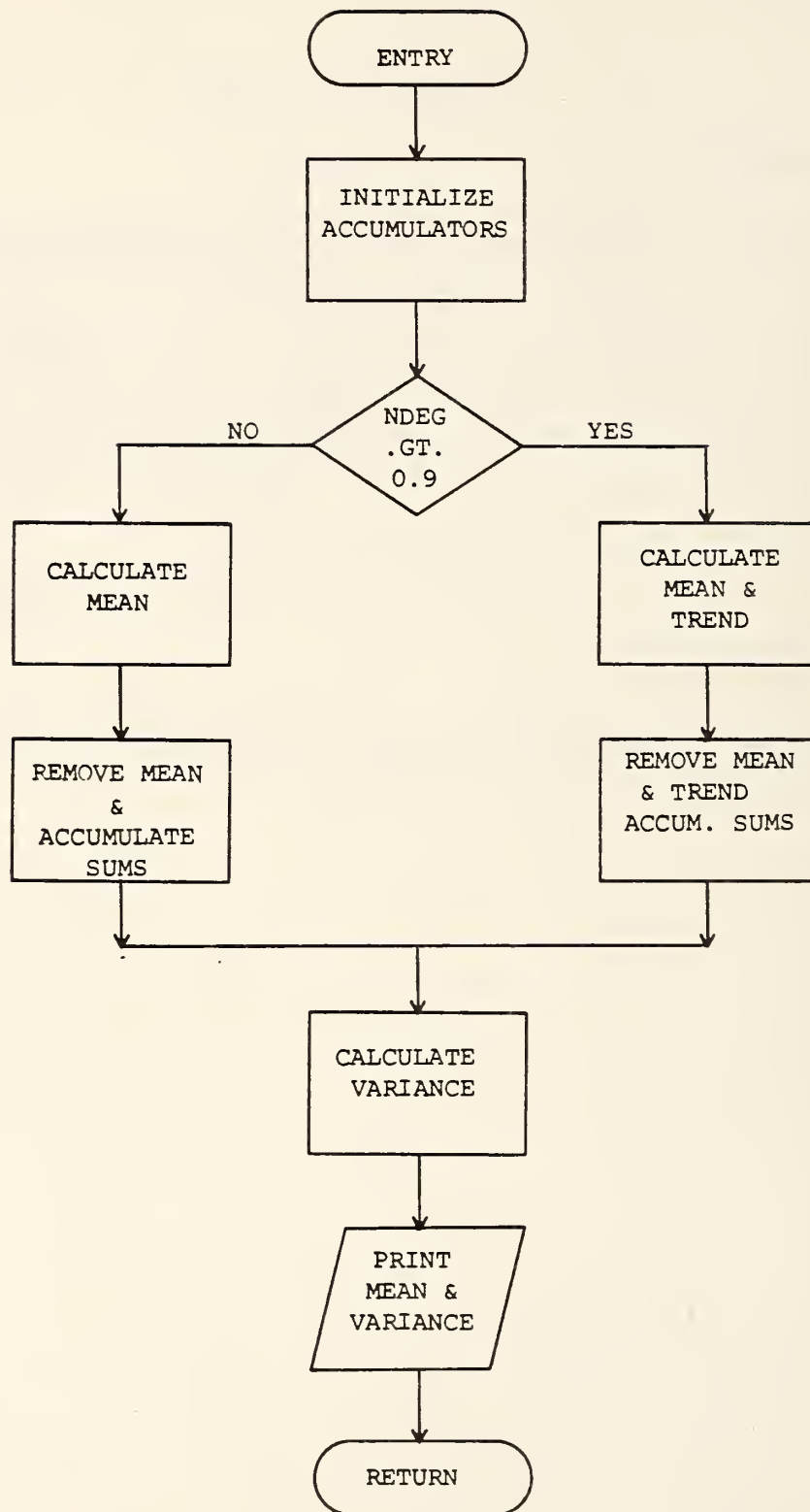


Figure 31. Subroutine DTRND2 Flow Chart

Table 9. DTRND2 Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
AVEI		R	1	$N/2 + \frac{1}{2}$
I		I	1	General Index
N		I	1	Number of points to detrend
NDEG		I	1	Degree of polynomial to remove
S1		R	1	Sum of data values
S2		R	1	Another sum
SD		R	1	Standard deviation
SLOPE		R	1	Trend of the data
SUM		R	1	Sum of all data values
SUMM		R	1	Sum of data values equared
TMEAN		R	1	Mean value of X
VARI		R	1	Variance of X
X		R	Passed	Data array

```

SUBROUTINE DTRND2 (X,N,NDEG,TMEAN,VARI)
DIMENSION X(1)
SD=0.0
SUM=0.0
SUMM=0.0
S1=0.
S2=0.
C   IF NDEG=1 REMOVE BOTH MEAN AND LINEAR TREND
   IF (NDEG.GT.0) GO TO 20
   DO 8 I=1,N
   SJ1=SJ1+X(I)
8   CONTINUE
   TMEAN=SUM/N
   SUM=0.0
   DO 10 I=1,N
   X(I)=X(I)-TMEAN
   SUM=SUM+X(I)
   SUMM=SUMM+X(I)*X(I)
10  CONTINUE
   GO TO 100
C   REMOVE MEAN AND LINEAR TREND
20  DO 22 I=1,N
   S1=S1+X(I)
22  S2=S2+S1
   AVE1=0.5*(N+1.0)
   TMEAN=S1/N
   SLOPE=-12.*(S2-AVE1*S1)/(N*(N*N-1.0))
   DO 28 I=1,N
   X(I)=X(I)-TMEAN-SLOPE*(I-AVE1)
   SUM=SUM+X(I)
28  SJ1M=SJ1M+X(I)*X(I)
C
C   COMPUTE S.D. AND VARI
100 TEMP=SUMM/N-(SUM/N)*(SUM/N)
   VARI=TEMP
   IF (TEMP.GT.0.0) SD=SQRT(TEMP)
C   VFL=TMEAN*.447
   PRINT 160,TMEAN,VARI
160  FORMAT ('TMEAN=',F10.6,' VARI=',F10.6)
   RETURN
END

```

ROUTINE INTRPN OPERATIONAL NOTES

This routine used four points from each end of a data record to interpolate NUMI missing points between using Newton's divided difference form.

In the case of old wind data to be decimated to .28 seconds sampling interval for analysis use, NUMI=1 missing point needed to be supplied.

Table 10. INTRPN Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
DATA		R	Passed	Input Array
I		I	1	General Index
I2		R	1	General Index
IK		I	1	General Index
IKK		I	1	General Index
ISF		I	1	Initialization Flag
J		I	1	General Index
K		I	1	General Index
K2		I	1	General Index
KK		I	1	General Index
L1		I	1	Normalization Factor
L2		I	1	Normalization Factor
M		I	1	General Index
N		I	1	Number of Points Used From Each Record
NI		I	1	HUM2-N
N2		R	1	NUM1+1
NK		I	1	Number of Original Data Points/Record
NN		I	1	N+1
NP		I	1	NK-3
NUM1		I	1	Number of Points to Interpolate
POLY		R	40	Polynomial

```

SUBROUTINE INTERP(NUM1,DATA,NK,ISF) — INF
C SUBROUTINE INTERP(N,NUM1,DATA,NK,ISF)
C
C-----VARIABLES
C      N:      NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE USED FROM EACH RECORD
C      NUM1:    NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE INTERPOLATED
C      DATA:   INPUT ARRAY, NK POINTS INPUT,NK+NUM1 OUTPUT
C               MUST BE DIMENSIONED (NK+NUM1+4)
C
C-----USES NEWTON'S DIVIDED DIFFERENCE FORM FOR EQUALLY SPACED
C POINT INTERPOLATION; FINDS POLYNOMIAL OF DEGREE N-1
C (FOR N=NUM2-NUM1) AND INTERPOLATES POINTS BETWEEN
C PELY(N/2) AND PELY(N/2+1) AT INTERVALS OF 1/(NUM1+1).
C
C-----LOCAL VARIABLES
C
C      REAL DATA(1),PELY(40),I2,N2
C      INTEGER NUM1,NUM2,I,K,K2,L1,L2,M,N
C
C-----INITIALIZE PROGRAM
C      N=4
C      M=N#2-1
C      L1=1
C      NF=NK-N+1
C      PEND=2#N+NUM1
C
C-----STORE LAST POINTS IN BEGINNING OF PELY
C
C      IF (ISF.EQ.0) GO TO 2000
C      RECALL STORED POINTS OF PREVIOUS RECORD
C
C      DO 1 I=1,N
C      K=NK+NUM1+I
C      PELY(I)=DATA(K)
C      PUT BEGINNING POINTS IN PELY
C      DO 42 I=1,N
C      K=N+I
C      42 PELY(K)=DATA(I)
C      1000 CONTINUE
C      DO 40 I=1,NK
C      IK=IK-1+1
C      IKK=NK-I+NUM1+1
C      40 DATA(IKK)=DATA(IK)
C
C-----CALCULATE POLYNOMIAL COEFFICIENTS
C
C      10 K=N#2
C      DO 2 I=1,M
C      K=K-1
C      L2=-L1
C      PELY(K+1)=(PELY(K)-PELY(K+1))/L2
C      2 CONTINUE
C      IF(N.EQ.1) GO TO 20
C      M=M-1

```

```

        LJ=LJ+1
        GC TC 10
C
C-----CALCULATE INTERPOLATING POINTS FROM POLY
C
20      N1=NUM2-N
        KN=K+1
        I2=N
        M=N+2-1
        N2=NUM1+1
C
        DC 3 J=1,NUM1
        I2=I2+(1/N2)
        DATA(J)=POLY(N+2)
        K2=M
        DC 4 I=1,M
        DATA(J)=DATA(J)+O(I2-K2)*POLY(K2)
        K2=M-1
4        CONTINUE
3        CONTINUE
C        STORE LAST POINTS IN END OF DATA ARRAY
8000    DE 30 I=1,N
        K=NP+NUM1+1-1
        KK=K+N
30      DATA(KK)=DATA(K)
        RETLNN
        END

```

PROGRAM MODE3D

INTRODUCTION

This program produces a small three dimensional view of the bridge at each recorded time increment. Each record requested in the main program uses one call to subroutine MODE3D which outputs 64 of the 3D bridge plots (16 down by 4 across) through the Calcomp plotter. A printout of data values is also output.

Using the Calcomp plotter to output the plots sets a practical limit of about four records per request. However, a test movie was created from a slightly modified deck in which more records were output continuously onto a filmed CRT screen.

See Figures 32 through 38, Table 11 and Listing 19.

OPERATIONAL NOTES

To keep a constant scaling from record to record a value of ASCALE is input for each run. A value of .030 will handle most events.

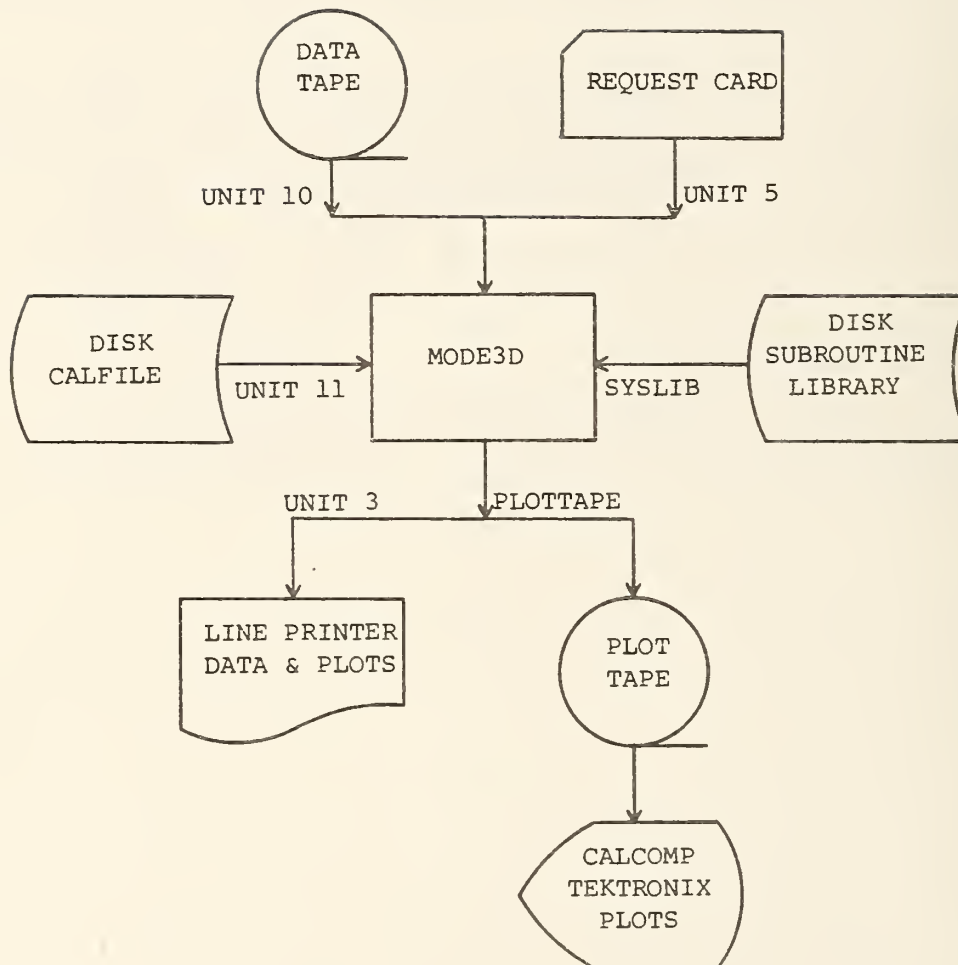


Figure 32. Program MODE3D Setup

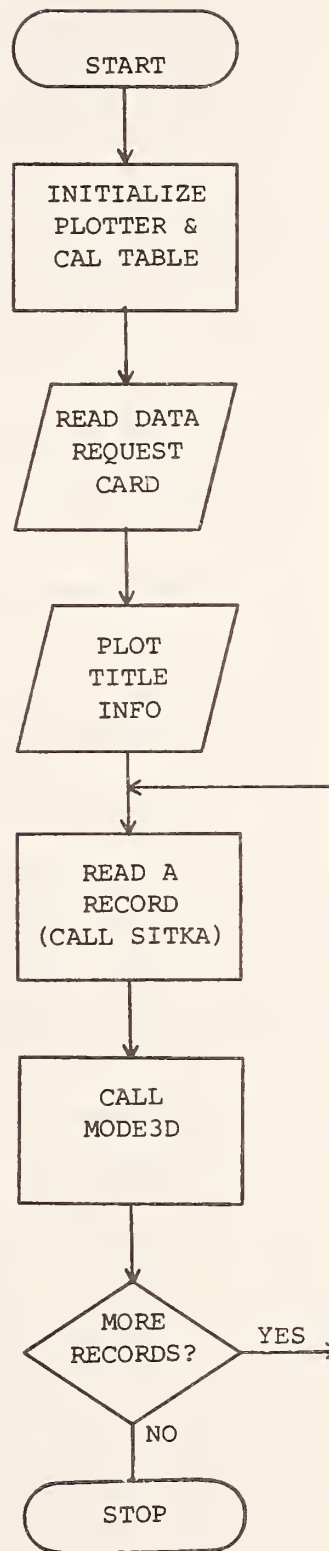


Figure 33. MODE3D Driver Flow Chart

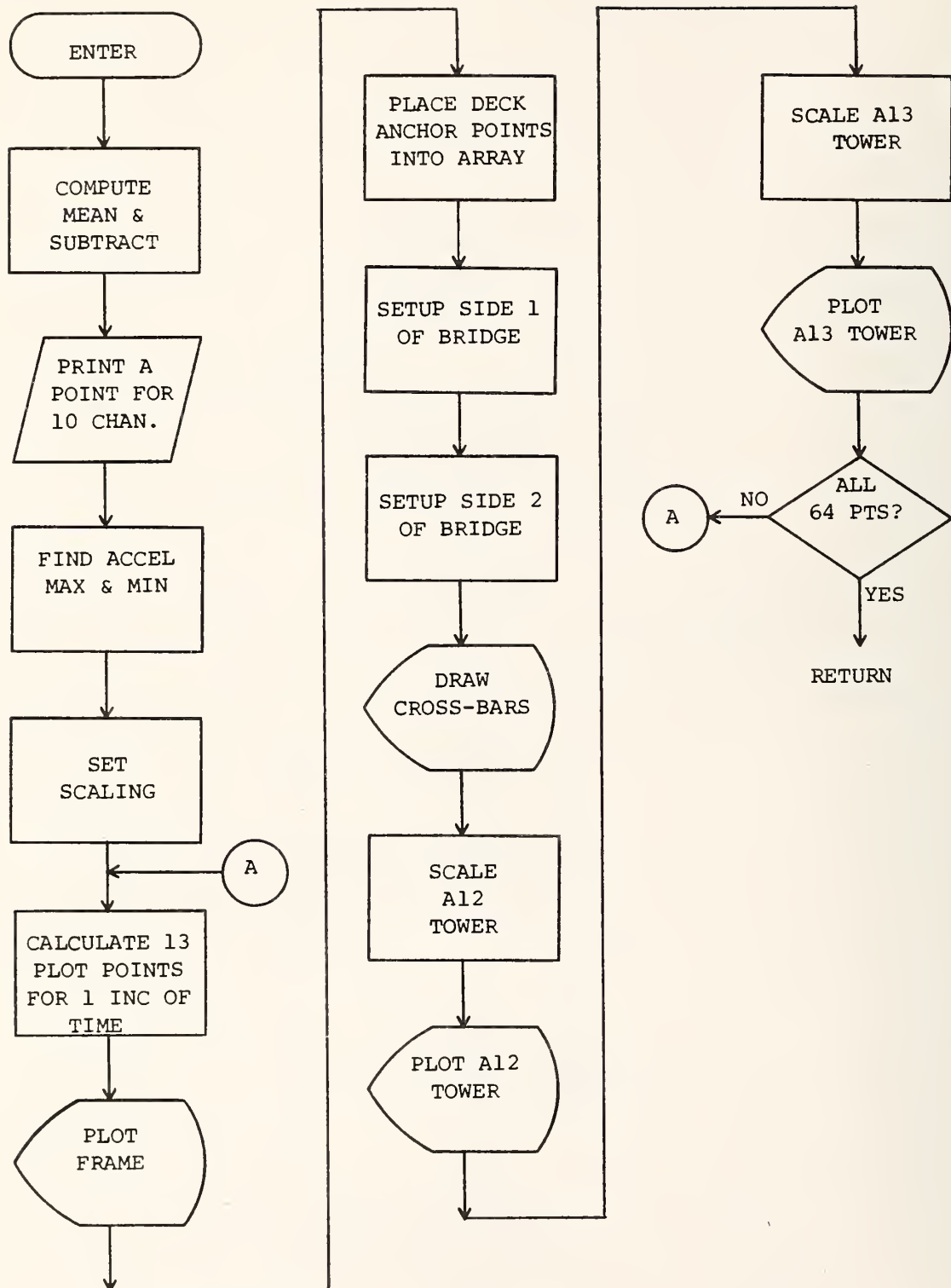


Figure 34. MODE3D Subroutine Flow Chart

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	---	Tape number	2A4	1-8
2	72274 - present (Sitka)	Recording date	15	11-15

Figure 35. MODE3D Tape Number Card Format

10436	1255	1257	.03
-------	------	------	-----

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	1-9999	Tape number	I5	1-5
2	1-9999	Beginning record number	I5	6-10
3	1-4	Number of records to process	I5	11-15
4	Usually .03	ASCALE	F5.3	16-20

Figure 36. MODE3D Request Card

1	0.00893	-0.01163	0.00785	0.00466	C.00000	0.01089	0.01011	-0.00672	0.00844	-0.01031	0.01860
2	-0.00363	0.00407	0.00157	-0.00162	0.00000	-0.00491	-0.0245	0.00584	-0.01725	0.01226	-0.01595
3	0.00991	-0.00721	-0.01099	0.00780	0.00000	-0.00481	-0.00559	-0.00044	-0.00612	0.01226	-0.00339
4	0.01207	-0.00649	0.00157	-0.00162	C.00000	0.00461	0.00069	-0.00672	0.00530	-0.00716	-0.00553
5	0.00893	-0.00221	0.00785	-0.00790	C.00000	0.00147	-0.00045	-0.00044	-0.00098	0.01226	0.01546
6	-0.01619	0.01664	-0.01099	0.00466	0.00000	-0.00795	-0.0245	0.00584	-0.00412	0.01226	0.03230
7	0.00265	-0.00221	-0.00157	-0.00162	0.00000	-0.00167	0.00697	-0.00358	0.00530	-0.01402	-0.00339
8	0.01521	-0.01477	0.00785	-0.00476	0.00000	0.00461	-0.00245	0.00672	-0.00098	0.01226	-0.00367
9	-0.00991	0.01349	-0.00471	-0.00162	0.00000	-0.00481	-0.00245	0.00584	-0.01040	0.01226	0.00804
10	-0.00991	0.01035	-0.00157	-0.00162	0.00000	-0.00167	-0.00245	0.00584	0.00530	-0.01402	0.01290
11	0.01521	-0.01477	0.00157	-0.00162	C.00000	0.00461	0.01011	-0.00044	0.00530	-0.01402	-0.00967
12	-0.00893	0.00093	-0.00471	-0.00162	0.00000	-0.00481	-0.00559	0.00270	-0.00726	0.01226	-0.00339
13	-0.01619	0.01349	-0.00471	-0.00466	0.00000	0.00511	-0.0245	-0.00044	0.01215	-0.01098	0.03130
14	0.00893	-0.00849	0.00785	-0.00162	0.00000	0.00461	0.00383	-0.00044	0.00530	-0.01716	-0.00967
15	0.00893	-0.01163	0.00157	-0.00162	0.00000	-0.00167	-0.0245	0.00584	-0.01412	0.01226	-0.01555
16	-0.01619	0.01349	-0.00471	-0.00466	0.00000	-0.00167	-0.00245	-0.00044	-0.00412	0.01226	-0.00653
17	-0.00363	0.00093	0.00785	-0.00162	C.00000	0.00461	0.00383	-0.00044	0.00844	-0.01716	-0.00339
18	0.01521	-0.01477	0.00785	-0.00162	0.00000	0.00147	-0.0245	0.00584	0.00215	-0.01716	-0.00339
19	-0.00991	0.00721	-0.01099	0.00466	0.00000	-0.00481	-0.00383	-0.00044	-0.01040	0.01226	0.00290
20	-0.00991	0.01035	0.00157	-0.00162	C.00000	0.00147	0.00383	-0.00044	0.00216	-0.01040	0.00918
21	0.00893	-0.01163	0.00471	-0.00790	0.00000	0.00461	0.01011	-0.00044	0.00530	-0.01716	-0.01281
22	0.00265	0.00093	-0.00785	0.00466	C.00000	-0.00481	-0.00383	0.00584	-0.00726	0.01226	0.00604
23	-0.00991	0.01349	-0.00471	-0.00466	0.00000	0.00147	-0.00559	-0.00044	-0.00412	0.01226	-0.0025
24	0.00265	-0.00221	0.00471	-0.00790	0.00000	-0.00481	-0.00383	-0.00044	-0.00412	0.01226	-0.00339
25	0.00579	-0.00535	0.00157	-0.00466	C.00000	-0.00167	0.00383	-0.00044	0.01158	-0.01659	0.00290
26	-0.00363	0.01035	-0.00785	0.00466	C.00000	-0.00795	-0.0245	0.00270	-0.00412	0.01226	-0.0025
27	-0.00049	-0.00221	0.00785	-0.00476	0.00000	0.00147	0.00383	-0.00044	-0.00412	0.01226	-0.00339
28	0.00579	-0.00535	0.00785	-0.00162	C.00000	0.00147	-0.00245	-0.00044	-0.00412	0.01226	-0.00339
29	-0.00363	0.00721	-0.01099	0.00780	0.00000	-0.00795	-0.0245	0.00270	-0.00412	0.01226	-0.00339
30	-0.00049	-0.00221	0.00157	-0.00162	0.00000	0.00461	0.00069	-0.00358	0.01158	-0.01659	0.00290
31	0.00579	-0.00535	0.00471	-0.00476	C.00000	-0.00481	-0.00383	-0.00044	-0.01158	-0.01659	0.00290
32	-0.00991	0.00407	-0.00471	-0.00466	0.00000	-0.00481	-0.00559	0.00584	-0.01158	-0.01659	0.00290
33	-0.00363	0.00093	0.00157	-0.00162	C.00000	-0.00167	0.00383	-0.00044	-0.004098	-0.01659	0.00290
34	0.00579	-0.00535	0.00785	-0.00162	C.00000	0.00461	0.00383	-0.00672	0.01786	-0.01659	-0.01595
35	-0.00363	0.00407	-0.00471	-0.00466	0.00000	-0.00481	-0.0245	0.00584	-0.01158	0.01682	0.03534
36	-0.00363	0.00407	-0.00785	0.00466	C.00000	-0.00167	0.00383	-0.00044	-0.01658	0.01682	0.03534
37	0.00579	-0.00649	0.00785	-0.00476	C.00000	0.01089	0.00697	-0.00044	0.02100	-0.01659	0.00918
38	-0.00363	0.00093	0.00157	0.00152	0.00000	-0.00167	-0.0245	0.00584	-0.01658	-0.01659	-0.00967
39	-0.00991	0.00407	-0.01099	0.00780	0.00000	-0.00795	-0.00559	-0.00044	-0.01683	0.01682	0.00918
40	0.00893	-0.00849	0.00785	-0.00476	0.00000	0.01089	0.01011	-0.00358	0.01472	-0.01682	0.00604
41	0.00265	-0.00221	0.00785	-0.00476	0.00000	-0.00167	-0.00245	-0.00044	0.01158	-0.01682	-0.00339
42	-0.00991	0.01349	-0.00471	-0.00466	0.00000	0.00461	0.00383	-0.00358	0.01158	-0.01682	-0.00339
43	0.00579	-0.00535	0.00157	-0.00162	0.00000	-0.00167	-0.00245	0.00584	-0.01158	-0.01682	0.00290
44	0.00893	-0.00849	0.00785	-0.00466	0.00000	0.00461	0.00383	-0.00358	0.01158	-0.01682	0.00290
45	-0.00991	0.01349	-0.00471	-0.00466	0.00000	-0.00167	-0.00245	0.00584	-0.01158	-0.01682	-0.00339
46	-0.00049	0.00093	-0.00785	0.00466	0.00000	-0.00481	-0.00383	-0.00044	-0.01158	-0.01682	-0.00339
47	0.01521	-0.01477	0.00785	-0.00466	0.00000	0.00461	0.00383	-0.00044	-0.01158	-0.01682	-0.00339
48	-0.00991	0.01035	-0.00471	-0.00466	0.00000	-0.00167	-0.00245	0.00584	-0.01158	-0.01682	-0.00339
49	-0.00991	0.01035	-0.00471	-0.00466	0.00000	-0.00167	-0.00245	0.00584	-0.01158	-0.01682	-0.00339
50	0.01835	-0.01477	0.01099	-0.00476	0.00000	0.00795	0.00383	-0.00672	0.01158	-0.01682	-0.00339

Figure 37-1. Raw Data

51	-0.00049	-0.00221	0.00157	-0.00162	0.00000	-0.00481	-0.00559	-0.00044	-0.00098	0.00226	0.00604
52	-0.02247	0.01664	-0.00785	0.00780	0.00000	-0.00157	-0.00245	0.00584	-0.00726	0.00856	0.01232
53	0.00893	-0.01163	0.00785	-0.00790	0.00000	0.00461	0.00303	-0.00672	0.00530	-0.00402	-0.00553
54	0.01521	-0.01163	0.00157	0.00152	0.00000	0.00461	-0.00245	-0.00044	0.00216	-0.00088	-0.00025
55	-0.01619	0.01664	-0.00471	0.00466	0.00000	-0.00157	-0.00359	0.00584	-0.00726	0.00226	-0.00325
56	-0.00363	0.00093	0.00157	-0.00162	0.00000	0.00461	0.00303	-0.00044	0.00844	-0.00402	0.00290
57	0.01521	-0.01477	0.00157	-0.00476	0.00000	0.00157	0.00383	-0.00044	-0.00338	0.00226	0.00504
58	-0.00991	0.01035	-0.00471	0.00466	0.00000	-0.00481	-0.00359	0.00584	-0.01340	0.00856	0.00290
59	-0.00991	0.01035	0.00157	-0.00162	0.00000	0.00157	0.00383	-0.00672	0.00844	-0.01031	-0.00325

Figure 37-1. Raw Data (continued)

ACC MAX	0.01835	0.01664	0.01099	0.01094	0.00000	0.01089	0.01011	0.01212	0.02100	0.02110
ACC MIN	-0.02247	-0.01477	-0.01099	-0.00790	0.00000	-0.01109	-0.00873	-0.00672	-0.01983	-0.01659
OVERALL MAX.= 0.02110 OVERALL MIN.= -0.02247 FOR RECD= 36										
FIRST FRAME (1,3,5,7,9) X,Y ARRAYS										
0.0	1.0000	1.5000	2.0000	3.0000	4.0000	4.5000	5.0000	6.0000		
0.0	-0.1786	0.0	-0.1570	-0.0001	-0.2022	0.0	-0.1688	0.0		
FIRST FRAME (1,3,5,7,9) X,Y ARRAYS										
0.5000	1.5000	2.5000	3.5000	4.5000	5.0000	5.5000	6.5000			
1.0000	1.2328	1.0000	0.9068	0.7821	1.1345	1.0000	1.2061	1.0000		
X,Y ARRAY FOR A13 TOWER DATA										
2	0.07262	-0.08146	-0.03141	0.03239	-0.00006	0.09618	0.04907	-0.11679	1.43303	0.14525
3	0.19824	-0.14427	0.21984	-0.15605	-0.00006	0.09513	0.11189	0.30883	0.03244	-0.034515
4	-0.24144	0.16979	-0.03141	0.03239	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.01374	0.13446	0.08244	-0.034515
5	-0.17863	0.04416	-0.15703	0.15801	-0.00006	-0.02944	0.04907	0.30883	-0.10600	0.13446
6	0.32387	-0.33271	0.21984	-0.09324	-0.00006	0.15899	0.04907	0.07165	0.08244	-0.034515
7	-0.05301	0.04416	0.03141	0.03239	-0.00006	0.03337	0.04907	0.07165	-0.10600	0.13446
8	-0.30426	0.29541	-0.15703	0.09520	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.13936	0.13446	0.01953	0.11767
9	0.19824	-0.26990	0.09422	0.03239	-0.00006	0.09618	0.04907	-0.11679	0.27837	-0.034515
10	0.19824	-0.20708	0.03141	0.03239	-0.00006	0.03337	-0.011679	0.11679	-0.10600	-0.05791
11	-0.30426	0.29541	-0.03141	0.03239	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.20218	0.30883	-0.13629	0.13048
12	0.00981	-0.01865	0.09422	-0.03239	-0.00006	0.09618	0.11189	0.05398	0.14525	-0.034515
13	0.32387	-0.26990	0.09422	-0.03239	-0.00006	-0.09226	0.04907	0.00883	-0.04318	0.11767
14	-0.17863	0.23260	-0.15703	0.03239	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.07655	0.30883	-0.04318	0.11767
15	-0.17863	0.23260	-0.03141	0.03239	-0.00006	0.03337	0.04907	-0.11679	0.08244	-0.034515
16	0.32387	-0.26990	0.09422	-0.03239	-0.00006	0.03337	-0.04907	-0.05398	-0.08244	-0.034515
1	0.07262	-0.01865	-0.15703	0.03239	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.07655	0.13446	-0.13629	0.13048
X,Y ARRAY FOR A13 TOWER DATA										
2	-0.30426	0.29541	-0.15703	0.03239	-0.00006	-0.02944	0.04907	0.00883	0.08244	-0.034515
3	0.19824	-0.14427	0.21984	-0.09324	-0.00006	0.15899	0.04907	-0.11679	0.09244	-0.034515
4	0.19824	-0.20708	-0.03141	0.03239	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.07655	0.00883	-0.16881	0.11329
5	-0.17863	0.23260	-0.09422	0.15801	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.07655	0.07165	-0.04318	0.11767
6	-0.05301	-0.01865	0.15703	-0.09324	-0.00006	0.03613	0.11767	-0.11679	0.27837	-0.034515
7	0.19824	-0.20708	0.09422	-0.09324	-0.00006	-0.02944	-0.07655	0.00883	-0.04318	0.11767
8	-0.05301	0.04416	-0.09422	0.15801	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.20218	0.13446	-0.13629	0.11767
9	-0.11582	0.10698	-0.03141	-0.09324	-0.00006	0.03337	0.11189	-0.05398	0.14525	-0.034515
10	0.07262	-0.20708	0.15703	-0.09324	-0.00006	0.15899	0.04907	-0.05398	0.08244	0.11767
11	0.00981	0.04416	-0.15703	0.03239	-0.00006	-0.02944	0.04907	0.30883	-0.29443	0.20610
12	-0.11582	0.10698	-0.15703	0.03239	-0.00006	0.15899	0.11189	0.00883	0.09244	-0.034515
13	0.07262	-0.14427	0.21984	-0.15605	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.01374	0.07165	-0.23162	0.33173
14	0.00981	0.04416	-0.03141	0.03239	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.01374	0.07165	-0.23162	0.33173
15	-0.11582	0.10698	-0.09422	0.09520	-0.00006	-0.02944	0.04907	0.30883	-0.23162	0.33173
16	0.19824	-0.08146	0.09422	-0.09324	-0.00006	0.09618	0.11189	-0.11679	0.33369	-0.034515
1	0.07262	-0.01865	-0.03141	0.03239	-0.00006	0.03337	-0.07655	0.00883	0.01963	-0.05791
X,Y ARRAY FOR A13 TOWER DATA										
2	-0.11582	0.10698	-0.15703	0.03239	-0.00006	-0.09226	-0.07655	0.00883	-0.35725	0.33173
3	0.07262	-0.08146	0.09422	-0.09324	-0.00006	0.09618	0.11189	-0.11679	0.20807	-0.034515
4	0.07262	-0.08146	0.15703	-0.09324	-0.00006	0.03337	-0.07655	0.00883	0.33369	-0.034515
5	-0.11582	0.10698	-0.15703	0.09520	-0.00006	-0.02944	0.04907	0.30883	-0.42006	0.33173

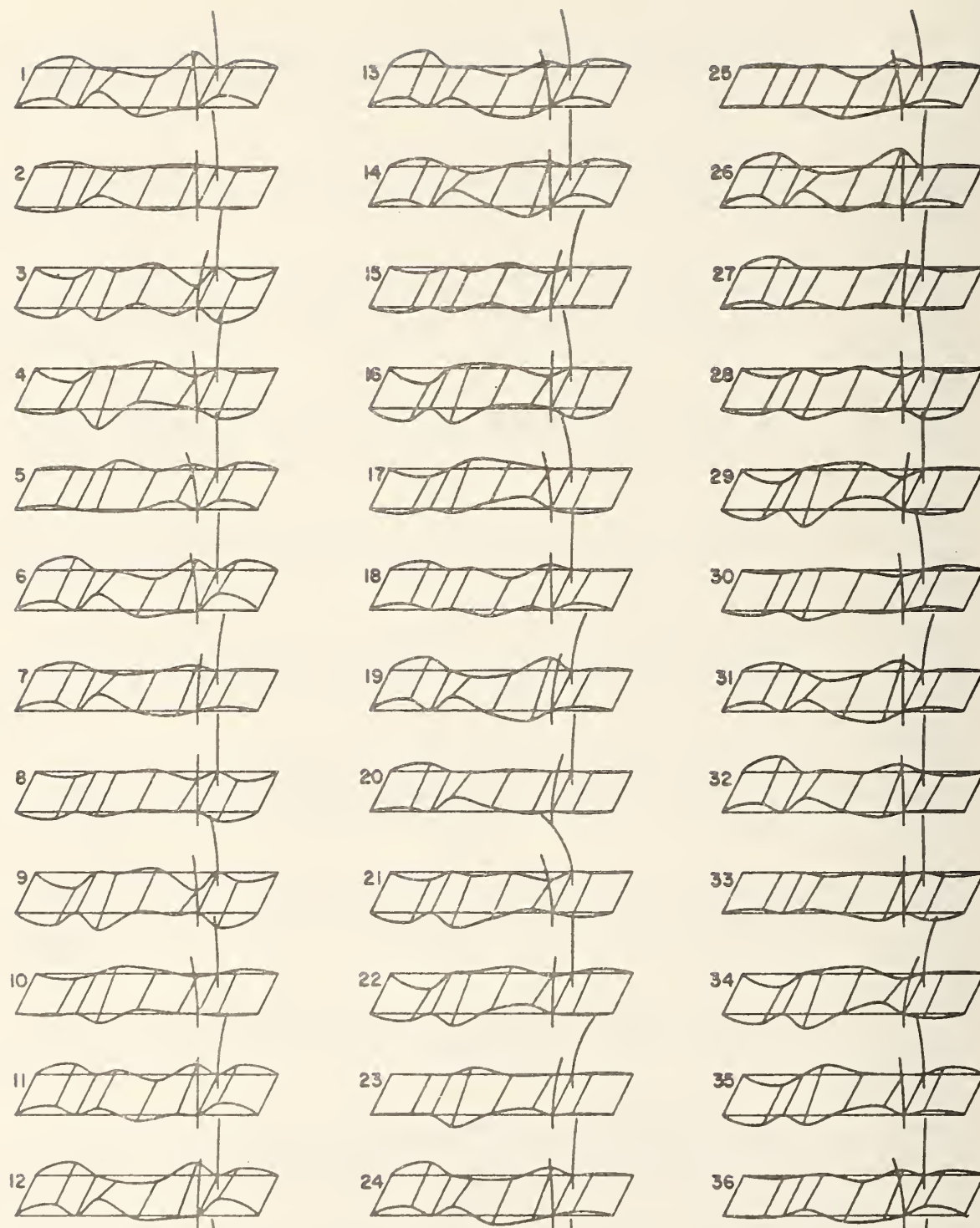


Figure 38. Example MODE3D Program Display

Table 11. MODE3D Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
ACCMAX		R	10	Max acceleration for ea deck channel
ACCMIN		R	10	Min Acceleration for ea deck channel
ALLMAX		R	1	Overall maximum data value
ALLMIN		R	1	Overall minimum data value
AMAX		R	1	Temporary acceleration maxima
AMIN		R	1	Temporary acceleration minima
ASCALE		R	1	Scale factor
CENTER		R	1	Firstv/deltav
DATE		R	1	Date
DELTAV		R	1	Increment
FIRSTV		R	1	First value
FMEAN		R	1	Mean value
I		I	1	General index
IBUF		I	2000	Plot buffer storage
ID		I	1	General index
IDATE		I	1	Date (yr, jul date)
IFF		I	1	Function flag
IFRM		I	1	Current frame being processed
IRF		I	1	Read status flag
ISIDE		I	1	Side of bridge
ITAPE		I	1	Tape number (integer)
J		I	1	General index
JJ		I	1	General index
K		I	1	General index
NN		I	1	General index
NP		I	1	Number of points per record
NREC		I	1	Number of records
P		R	80, 13	Array of acceleration data
REC		R	1	Record number
RECNO		I	1	Record number
SENS		R	64, 37	1 raw data record

Table 11. MODE3D Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
SKALE		I	1	Scaling factor
TAPE		R	1	Tape number
TAPENO		I	2	Tape number literal
TOTAL		R	1	Sum of accelerations on 1 channel
X		R	11	X coordinate of bridge data points
XCFR		R	1	X location of current bridge frame
XL		R	1	X location of a sensor in a frame
XLOC		R	1	X coordinate for plotter
Y		R	11	Y coordinate of bridge data points
YCFR		R	1	Y location of current bridge frame
YLOC		R	1	Y coordinate for plotter
KAC		R	1	Kth accelerometer

LEVEL 21 MAIN DATE = 77166 10/23/09

C PROGRAM M3D
C
C THIS DRIVER PROGRAM PLOTS A SCALED 3D VIEW OF THE SITKA BRIDGE
C AT EACH RECORDED TIME INCREMENT.
C EACH RECORD TO PLOT USES 1 CALL TO MODE3D WHICH OUTPUTS 64 OF THE
C 3D BRIDGE PLOTS (16 DOWN BY 4 ACROSS).

C ROUTINES CALLED: SITKA, MODE3D

C PROG. BY RAY Z. SOTCUDER S.T.A. 11/2/73
C MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON S.T.A. 1977

C
C DIMENSION SENS(64,37)
C DIMENSION IBUF(2000)
C INTEGER TAPEND(2),RECNO
C CALL PLOTS(IBUF,2000,6)
C CALL NEWPEN(1)
C CALL FACTOR (.50)
C CALL PLOT(0.0,0.0,-3)
C IFF=1

C READ TAPE NUMBER CARD (TO INIT SENSOR TABLE) THEN REQUEST CARD

C CALL SITKA(IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
C READ 25,ITAPE,RECNO,NREC,ASCALE
25 FORMAT (3I5,F5.3)

C PLOT TITLE INFORMATION

C
C TAPE=ITAPE
C REC=RECNO
C DATE=IDATE
C CALL SYMBOL (0.0,39.0,.21,5HTAPE=,0.,5)
C CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.21,TAPE,0.,-1)
C CALL SYMBOL (999.,999.,.21,4IREC=,0.,4)
C CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.21,REC,0.,-1)
C CALL SYMBOL (999.,999.,.21,5HDATE=,0.,5)
C CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.21,DATE,0.,-1)

C IFF=3
C DO 100 I=1,NREC
C CALL SITKA(IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
C XLOC=0.
C YLOC=0.
C PRINT 95,RECNO
95 FORMAT ('1RAW DATA FOR RECNO=',I4, '//')
C CALL MODE3D (XLOC,YLOC,SENS,ASCALE)
C CALL PLOT (10.0,0.0,-3)

100 CONTINUE

C CALL PLOT(0.0,0.0,999)
C STOP
C END

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77166

10/23/09

C SUBROUTINE M U D E 3 D

C-----
C SUBROUTINE MODE3D (XLOC,YLOC,SENS,ASCALE)
C THIS ROUTINE PLOTS THE MODE OF THE SITKA BRIDGE IN 3-D VIEWS.
C EACH CALL PRODUCES 64 BRIDGE FRAMES (16 DOWN BY 4 ACROSS).

C ROUTINES CALLED: NONE

C PARAMETERS:

C XLOC,YLOC- STARTING LOCATION FOR THE PLOT ON PAPER
C SENS- ARRAY CONTAINING 1 FULL RECORD OF RAW ACCEL DATA.
C ASCALE- MANUAL SCALING FACTOR (USUALLY SET=.036)

C PROG. BY RAY Z. SOTOUCHE S.T.A. 11/2/73
C MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON S.T.A. 1977
C-----

C SUBROUTINE MODE3D (XLOC,YLOC,SENS,ASCALE)
C DIMENSION P(80,13),ACCMAX(10),ACCMIN(10)
C DIMENSION SENS(64,37)
C DIMENSION X(11),Y(11)
C NP=64

DC 30 J=1,13

DC 15 I=1,64

JJ=J*2

15 P(I,J)=SENS(I,JJ)

TOTAL=0.0

DC 20 I=1,NP

TOTAL=TOTAL+P(I,J)

20 CONTINUE

C COMPUTE MEAN AND SUBTRACT IT FROM EACH PT.

FMEAN=TOTAL/NP

DC 25 I=1,NP

P(I,J)=P(I,J)-FMEAN

IF(J.NE.12) GO TO 25

PRINT 2000,I,(P(I,JJ),JJ=1,10),P(I,12)

2000 FORMAT(1X,14,4X,11(1X,F9.5))

25 CONTINUE

30 CONTINUE

C FIND ACC. MAX & MIN AND ALSO OVERALL MAX & MIN

ALLMAX=P(1,1)

ALLMIN=P(1,1)

XL=1.0

DC 40 J=1,10

AMAX=P(1,J)

AMIN=P(1,J)

DC 35 I=1,NP

IF(P(I,J).GT.AMAX) AMAX=P(I,J)

IF(P(I,J).LT.AMIN) AMIN=P(I,J)

35 CONTINUE

LEVEL 21

MODE3D

DATE = 77166

10/23/09

```

ACCMAX(J)=AMAX
ACCMIN(J)=AMIN
IF(AMAX.GT.ALLMAX) ALLMAX=AMAX
IF(AMIN.LT.ALLMIN) ALLMIN=AMIN
FJ=J

```

```

40 XL=XL+1.5
CONTINUE
PRINT 2500,(ACCMAX(JJ),JJ=1,10),(ACCMIN(LL),LL=1,10),ALLMAX,ALLMIN
2500 FORMAT(1H0,7HACC MAX,2X,10F10.5,/,1H0,7HACC MIN,2X,10F10.5,/,
11H0,14HOVERALL MAX.=,F10.5,10X,14HOVERALL MIN.=,F10.5)
IF(ALLMAX.EQ.ALLMIN) GO TO 99
IF(ABS(ALLMAX).GT.ABS(ALLMIN)) ALLMIN=-1.0*ALLMAX
IF(ABS(ALLMAX).LT.ABS(ALLMIN)) ALLMAX=-1.0*ALLMIN

```

```

C
C SET SCALING FACTORS
C MANUALLY SET SCALING CONSTANT OVER ALL RECORDS
C ALLMIN=-.06 ON OLD RUNS OF SMALL ROADBED EVENTS
C

```

```

ALLMIN=-ASCALE
ALLMAX=-ALLMIN
FIRSTV=ALLMIN
DELTAV=(ALLMAX-ALLMIN)/1.2
CENTER=-FIRSTV/DELTAV

```

```

C
C
C DO 70 I=1,4
C DO 60 J=1,16
C IFRM=(I-1)*16+J
C DO 42 K=1,13
C P((I-1)*16+J,K)=(P((I-1)*16+J,K)-FIRSTV)*(-1.0/DELTAV)+CENTER
C IF(K.EQ.12) PRINT 2000,J,(P(IFRM,KL),KL=1,10),P(IFRM,12)
42 CONTINUE

```

```

C
C RESET ORIGIN FOR THIS FRAME (TL LOWER LEFT CORNER OF BRIDGE)
C

```

```

XCFR=0.
IF (J.EQ.1.AND.1.GE.2) XCFR=7.0
YCFR=-2.5
IF (J.EQ.1.AND.1.GE.2) YCFR=37.5
CALL PLOT (XCFR,YCFR,-3)

```

```

C
C PLOT THREE DIMENSIONAL FRAME OF BRIDGE
C

```

```

CALL PLOT(XLOC,YLOC,3)
CALL PLOT(XLOC+6.0,YLOC,2)
CALL PLOT(XLOC+6.5,YLOC+1.0,2)
CALL PLOT(XLOC+.5,YLOC+1.0,2)
CALL PLOT(XLOC,YLOC,2)
CALL PLOT(XLOC+1.5,YLOC,3)
CALL PLOT(XLOC+2.0,YLOC+1.0,2)
CALL PLOT(XLOC+5.0,YLOC+1.0,3)
CALL PLOT(XLOC+4.5,YLOC,2)
CALL PLOT(XLOC,YLOC,3)

```

```

C
C ENTER FIRSTV AND DELTAV (ASSUME DATA ALREADY SCALED FOR PLOT)

```

LEVEL 21

MODE3D

DATE = 77166

10/23/09

C

X(10)=0.0

Y(10)=0.0

X(11)=1.0

Y(11)=1.0

KAC=-1

DE 50 ISIDE=1,2

C

C

C

PLACE DECK ANCHOR POINT LOCATIONS INTO ARRAY

X(1)=XLDC+.5+(ISIDE*.5)

Y(1)=YLDC+ISIDE-1

X(3)=XLDC+1.0+(ISIDE*.5)

Y(3)=YLDC+ISIDE-1

X(7)=XLDC+4.0+(ISIDE*.5)

Y(7)=YLDC+ISIDE-1

X(9)=XLDC+5.5+ISIDE*.5

Y(9)=YLDC+ISIDE-1

C

C

C

FIRST SETUP DATA FOR SIDE 1 OF BRIDGE - ACCEL(KAC)=1,3,5,7,9

DE 45 K=2,8

IF (K.EQ.3.OR.K.EQ.7) GO TO 45

KAC=KAC+2

C

C

C

XL IS ACCEL LOCATION ON PLOT RELATIVE TO SW CORNER OF DECK

XL=XL+1.0

X(K)=XLDC+XL

Y(K)=YLDC+ISIDE-1+P((I-1)*16+J,KAC)

45 CONTINUE

IF (J.EQ.1.AND.I.EQ.1) PRINT 46,(X(ID),ID=1,9),(Y(ID),ID=1,9)

46 FORMAT (' FIRST FRAME (1,3,5,7,9) X,Y ARRAYS',/,9F7.4,/,9F7.4)

CALL FLINE (X,Y,-9,1,C,3)

IF (ISIDE.EQ.2) GO TO 50

C

C

C

NOW SETUP FOR SIDE 2 OF BRIDGE - ACCEL(KAC)=2,4,6,8,10

KAC=0

XL=.5

CALL PLOT (XLDC+.5,YLDC+1.0,3)

50 CONTINUE

XL=0.0

C

C

C

DRAW DATA CROSS-BARS

DE 55 K=1,10,2

XL=XL+1.0

CALL PLOT (XLDC+XL,YLDC+P((I-1)*16+J,K),3)

CALL PLOT (XLDC+XL+.5,YLDC+1.0+P((I-1)*16+J,K+1),2)

55 CONTINUE

SCALE=1.0/DELTAV

C

C

SETUP FOR A12 TOWER DATA

LEVEL 21

MODE3D

DATE = 77166

10/23/09

C

X(3)=P(IFRM,13) +5.0

X(1)=5.0

X(2)=5.0

X(3)=P(IFRM,12)*.5 +5.0

C X(3)=SENS((1-1)*16+J,26)*SKALE +5.0

Y(1)=0.67

C Y(1)=0.5

Y(2)=1.0

Y(3)=2.4

C

C ENTER FIRSTV AND DELTAV

C

X(4)=0.0

X(5)=1.0

Y(4)=0.0

Y(5)=1.0

CALL PLOT (X(1),Y(1),3)

CALL FLINE (X,Y,-3,1,0,2)

C

C

SETUP A13 TOWER DATA

C

X(1)=4.5

X(2)=4.5

X(3)=P(IFRM,13)*.5 +4.5

C X(3)=SENS((1-1)*16+J,24)*SKALE +4.5

Y(1)=-0.33

Y(2)=0.0

Y(3)=1.4

CALL PLOT (X(1),Y(1),3)

CALL FLINE (X,Y,-3,1,0,2)

IF (J.EQ.1) PRINT 54,(X(ID),ID=1,5),(Y(ID),ID=1,5)

54 FORMAT (' X,Y ARRAY FOR A13 TOWER DATA',10F9.6)

60 CONTINUE

70 CONTINUE

C

500 CONTINUE

CALL PLOT (C.,40.0,-3)

RETURN

C

99 PRINT 5000,ALLMAX

5000 FORMAT(1H1,35HMODE3D--NO MOTION, CONSTANT DATA = ,F9.6)

STOP 99

END

SUBROUTINE NEWPRT

INTRODUCTION

Subroutine NEWPRT provides access to data recorder on magnetic tapes by an instrumentation system installed on the Narragansett Bay bridge in Newport, Rhode Island. Separate documentation describes the instrumentation configuration at that site.

The general use, device assignments, and flow of the subroutine are shown in the set up and flow chart provided herein. Essentially, the subroutine has two functional modes: Initialization, and Read. This subroutine must be executed in the initialization mode only once before the first execution in the read mode. In the initialization mode, a tape number card is read from the normal system input device. Using the Julian recording date on the card, a calibration file is accessed and channel calibration constants, in effect as of the recording date, are selected for each channel. A channel calibration table is printed to indicate channel/sensor assignments and calibration constants.

In the read mode, each call to the subroutine causes a record to be read from tape and sensor data to be unpacked, calibrated and returned to the calling routine. The record number to be read must be provided to the routine for each call in the read mode; however, the record number is incremented by one after each read operation and therefore, when processing sequential records, only the record number of the first record to be processed is required as a calling parameter. A status flag indicates the results of each read attempt.

See Figures 39 and 40 and Listing 20.

OPERATIONAL NOTES

The following notes describe operating considerations for the subroutine:

1. The program is written in FORTRAN IV for IBM 360/370 computers under OS using a G level compiler.
2. Partial word (byte) manipulations are required to unpack data from uncoded binary data records. This was accomplished by equivalencing LOGICAL*1 and INTEGER*4 words in the IBM 360. More direct approaches may be used on other systems. A detailed tape format is included in this document.
3. Note that explicit declarations of variable type are used, i.e., RECNO is an INTEGER.

4. I/O errors encountered using FORTRAN under OS/360 must be cleared. This is accomplished in the subroutine by branching to a dummy read statement via the ERR = option in the original read statement. If clearing is not required in the object system, the dummy READ statement should be removed.
5. The program reads copies of original data tapes. A flag in byte 2248 of each record indicates the status of the original tape record. The read status flag, IRF, indicates the status of the read operation as follows:
 - 0 - record not read
 - 1 - successful read
 - 2 - I/O error on copy tape
 - 3 - EOF encountered
 - 4 - I/O error on original tape
6. The subroutine will skip ahead to required record numbers. If access to earlier records is required, the calling routine must rewind or backspace the tape to the record preceding the required record, reset RECNO to the required record number, Set IFF=2 to Reset CURREC = 0; Set IFF=3 to Continue incrementing CURREC and call the subroutine in the read mode.
7. Data for each record are returned in the SENS array.

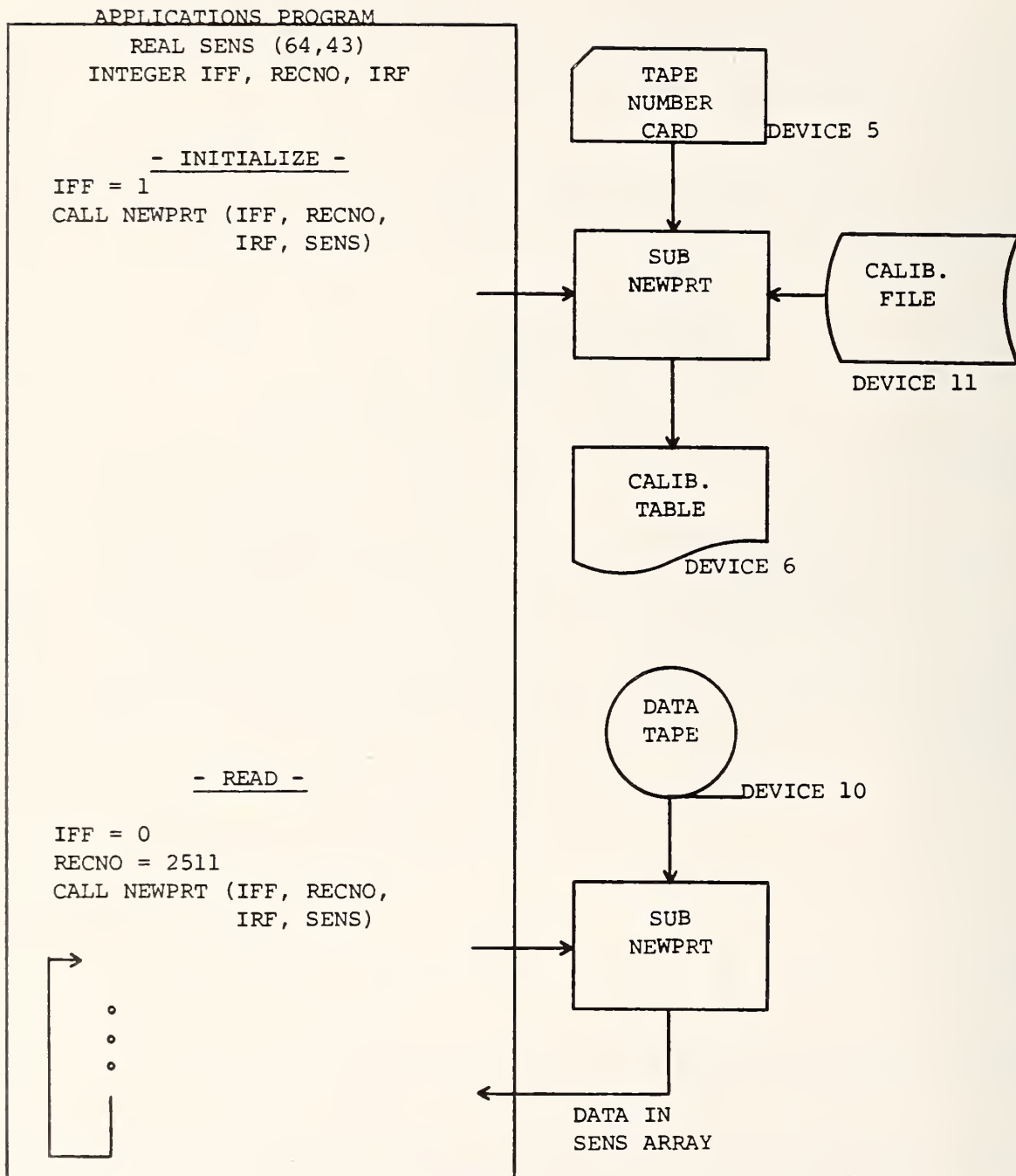


Figure 39. Subroutine NEWPRT Setup

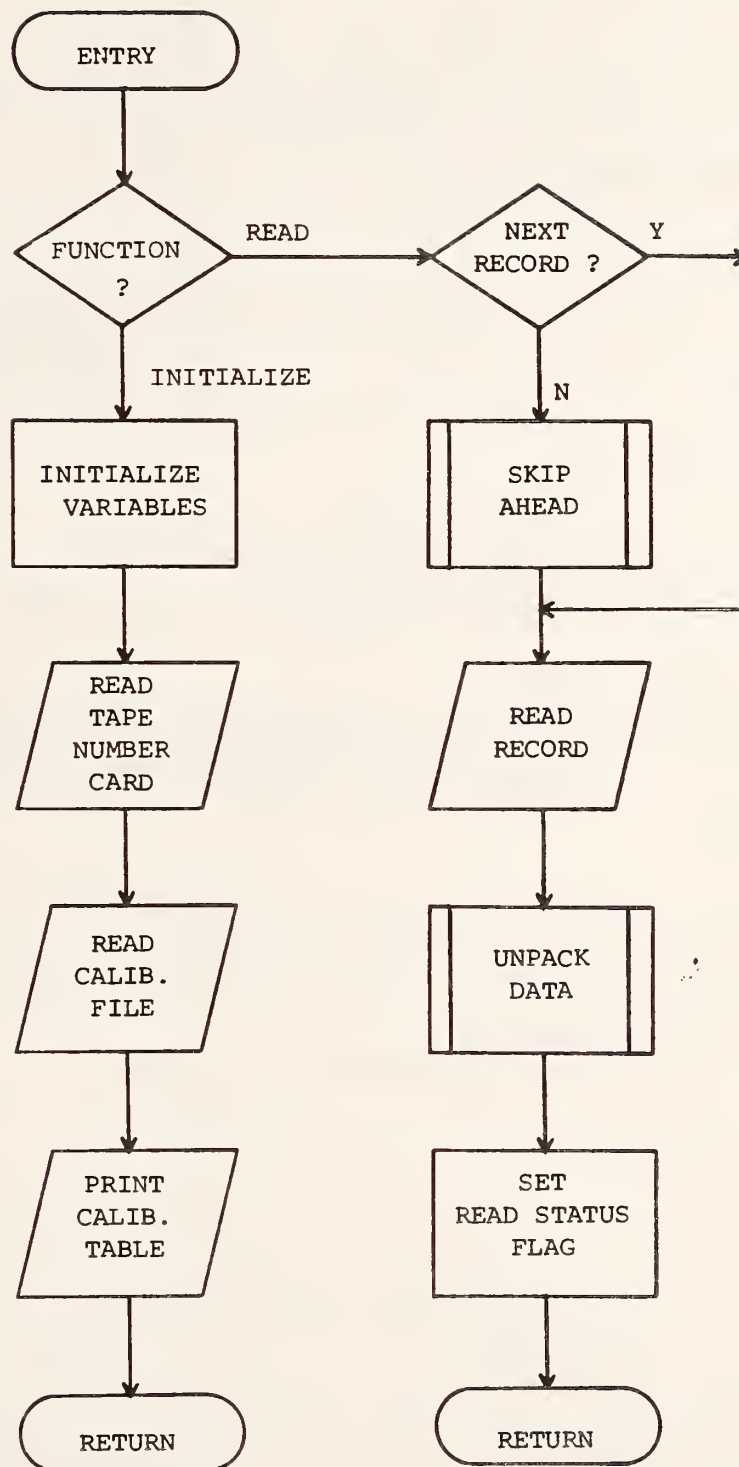


Figure 40. Subroutine NEWPRT General Flow Diagram

LEVEL 21

NEWPRT

DATE = 77164

14/14/22

```

SUBROUTINE NEWPRT(IFF,RECNO,IRF,SEAS,TAPEND,DATE)
C-----INITIALIZES AND READS NEWPORT DATA TAPE RECORDS
C
C-----REQUIRES TAPE ON UNIT 10, CALFIL ON UNIT 11 AND
C-----STANDARD TAPE NUMBER CARD AFTER SYSIN DD CARD
C
C      ROUTINES CALLED: NONE
C
C-----IFF = FUNCTION FLAG:
C              1 - INITIALIZE
C-----              2 - READ TAPE AFTER REWINDING (CURREC RESET=0)
C-----              3 - READ TAPE STARTING FROM WHERE LAST CALL LEFT OFF
C
C-----RECNO = REQUIRED RECORD NUMBER, AUTO-INCREMENTED FOR EACH READ
C
C-----IRF = READ STATUS FLAG:
C              0 - RECORD NOT READ
C              1 - SUCCESSFUL READ
C              2 - I/O ERROR READ AND CLEARED
C              3 - EOF ENCOUNTERED
C              4 - ORIGINAL TAPE ERROR
C
C-----SENS = SENSOR DATA ARRAY:
C              64 VALUES OF WIND SENSOR CHANNEL DATA STORED IN
C              LOCATIONS 1-27 OF SENS. 32 VALUES OF ACCELEROMETER
C              CHANNEL DATA STORED IN SENS LOCATIONS 28-37. CHANNELS
C              34,55,60,65,69,70 ARE STORED IN SENS 38-43.
C
C-----LOCAL VARIABLES
C
      REAL SENS(64,43),INSLCP,INYINT,SLOPE(70),VINT(70),VOLTS,VALUE
      INTEGER IFF,IRF,CALFIL,TAPIN,RECNO,TAPEND(2),DATE,I,INCHAN,
1      INNAME,INDATE,NAME(70),IDATA(562),CHANO(70),NOSKP,CURREC,
1      CONVRT,DUM,PRNTR1
      LOGICAL*1 BURST(4),LOD(2248)
      EQUIVALENCE (LOD(1),IDATA(1)),(BURST(1),CONVRT)
C
C      INITIALIZE PROGRAM
C
      CONVRT=0
      IRF=0
      PRNTR1=6
      TAPIN=10
      CALFIL=11
      IF (IFF.EQ.2) GO TO 950
      IF (IFF.EQ.3) GO TO 1000
C
C      READ DATA TAPE NUMBER CARD
C
      READ 9000,TAPEND,DATE
9000  FORMAT(2A4,T11,I5)
      IF (DATE.GE.70300.AND.DATE.LE.72161) GO TO 1
      PRINT 9901
9901  FORMAT(1H1,"INVALID TAPE DATE")

```

LEVEL 21

NEWPR

DATE = 77164

14/14/22

STOP

C

C-----SET UP CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE

C

1 I=0

2 READ(CALFIL,9001,END=3) INCHAN,INNAME,INSLOP,INYINT,INDATE

9001 FORMAT(I2,T11,A4,T21,F8.4,T31,F8.4,T51,I5)

IF(INCHAN.GT.1) I=I+1

IF(INDATE.GT.DATE) GO TO 2

CHAN(I+1)=INCHAN

NAME(I+1)=INNAME

SLOPE(I+1)=INSLOP

YINT(I+1)=INYINT

GO TO 2

C

C-----PRINT CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE

C

3 WRITE(PRNTR1,9002) TAPEND,DATE

9002 FORMAT(IH1, //T26,'---CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE---'/T32,

1 'TAPE NUMBER ',2A4/T34,'RECORDED ',I5, //2(5X,'CHAN',2X,

1 'SENSOR',4X,'SLOPE',5X,'Y-INT')/2X,74('-'//)

DC 5 I=1,35

II=I+35

WRITE(PRNTR1,9003) CHAN(I),NAME(I),SLOPE(I),YINT(I),CHAN(I),

1 NAME(I),SLOPE(I),YINT(I))

9003 FORMAT(2X,2(4X,I2,4X,A4,3X,F8.4,3X,F8.4))

5 CONTINUE

C

C-----INITIALIZE PROGRAM VALUES

C

RECNO=0

CURREC=0

VOLTS=20.0/256.0

IFF=2

RETURN

C

C-----SKIP TO REQUESTED RECORD

C

950 CURREC=0

1000 NOSKP=(RECNO-1)-CURREC

IF(NOSKP) 1010,2000,1020

1010 PRINT 9100

9100 FORMAT(IH1,'TAPE BEYOND REQUESTED RECORD ')

STOP

1020 DC 1030 I=1,NOSKP

READ(TAPIN,9110,END=1040,ERR=1021)DUM

9110 FORMAT(A1)

GO TO 1030

1021 READ(TAPIN,9111)DUM

9111 FORMAT(A1)

1030 CONTINUE

CURREC=CURREC+NOSKP

GO TO 2000

1040 PRINT 9102

LEVEL 21

NEWPRT

DATE = 77164

14/14/22

```
9102  FORMAT(1H1,'EOF ENCOUNTERED')
      STOP
C
C-----READ DATA TAPE RECORD
C
2000  READ(TAPIN,9200,END=8000,ERR=7000)IDATA
9200  FORMAT(56(10A4),2A4)
2001  RECNO=RECNO+1
      CURREC=CURREC+1
C
C-----CHECK LAST BYTE
C
      BURST(4)=LOGD(2248)
      IF(CONVRT.NE.0) GO TO 6000
C
C-----UNPACK CHANNEL DATA, CONVERT TO VOLTS, ENGINEERING UNITS,
C-----THEN BUILD SENSOR GROUP ARRAY
      JJ=1
      I=1
      CHK=1
      DO 2010 J2=1,32
      K=1
      K2=28
      DO 2012 J=1,70
      BURST(4)=LOGD(1)
      IF(J.NE.36) GO TO 2011
      K=K-27
      JJ=JJ+1
2011  VALUE=(CONVRT-128.0)*VOLTS*SLOPE(J)+YINT(J)
      I=I+1
      IF(CHK.EQ.5) GO TO 2020
      IF(J.EQ.34.OR.J.EQ.69) GO TO 2030
      SENS(JJ,K)=VALUE
      K=K+1
      CHK=CHK+1
      GO TO 2012
2030  IF(J.EQ.34) SENS(J2,42)=VALUE
      SENS(J2,43)=VALUE
      CHK=CHK+1
      GO TO 2012
2020  SENS(J2,K2)=VALUE
      K2=K2+1
      CHK=1
2012  CONTINUE
      JJ=JJ+1
2010  CONTINUE
      IRF=1
      RETURN
6000  IRF=4
      RETURN
7000  READ(TAPIN,9111) DUM
      RECNO=RECNO+1
      CURREC=CURREC+1
      IRF=2
```

G LEVEL 21

NEWPRT

DATE = 77164

14/14/22

8000 RETURN
IRF=3
RETURN
END

PROGRAM RBMPLT

INTRODUCTION

Given a requested interval of taped bridge data this program outputs a listing of maximum roadbed accelerations and resultant wind.

In addition at least one of two plot options is output to either a Calcomp plotter or Tektronix CRT hardcopy.

The first option (if NCORL =0) plots up to 200 points (records) of six traces of acceleration versus wind data. The traces include max acceleration per record for accelerometers A2 and A6 plus average wind values per record for U velocity U azimuth lift angle and lift velocity for a wind sensor. (set up for center of bridge wind instrument)

The second option (if NPOLAR ≠0) produce a polar plot of wind direction and velocity at sensor three for the 8192 data points contained in a 9½ minute long interval as used to produce a wind spectrum.

This program can process multiple requests from one given tape file but is limited to 200 records per request card for correlation plots or 128 records per polar wind plot request.

See Figures 41 through 48, Table 12 and Listings 21 and 22.

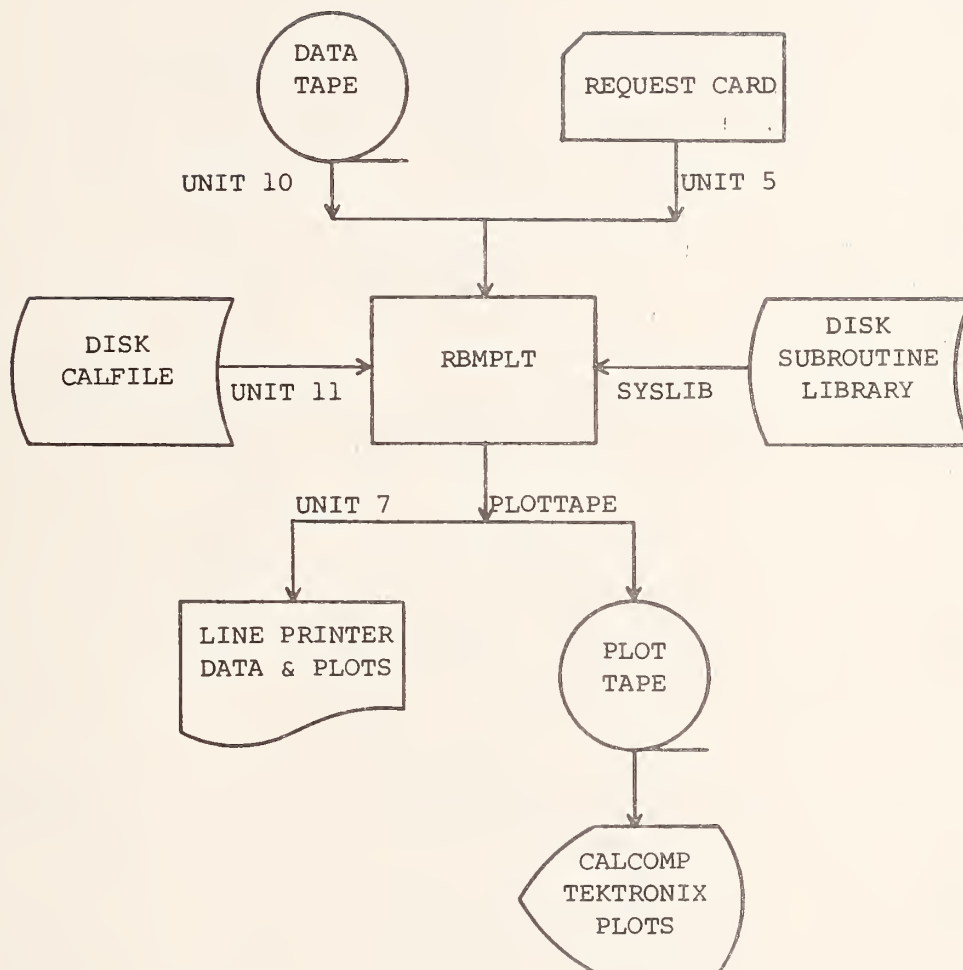


Figure 41. Program RBMPLT Setup

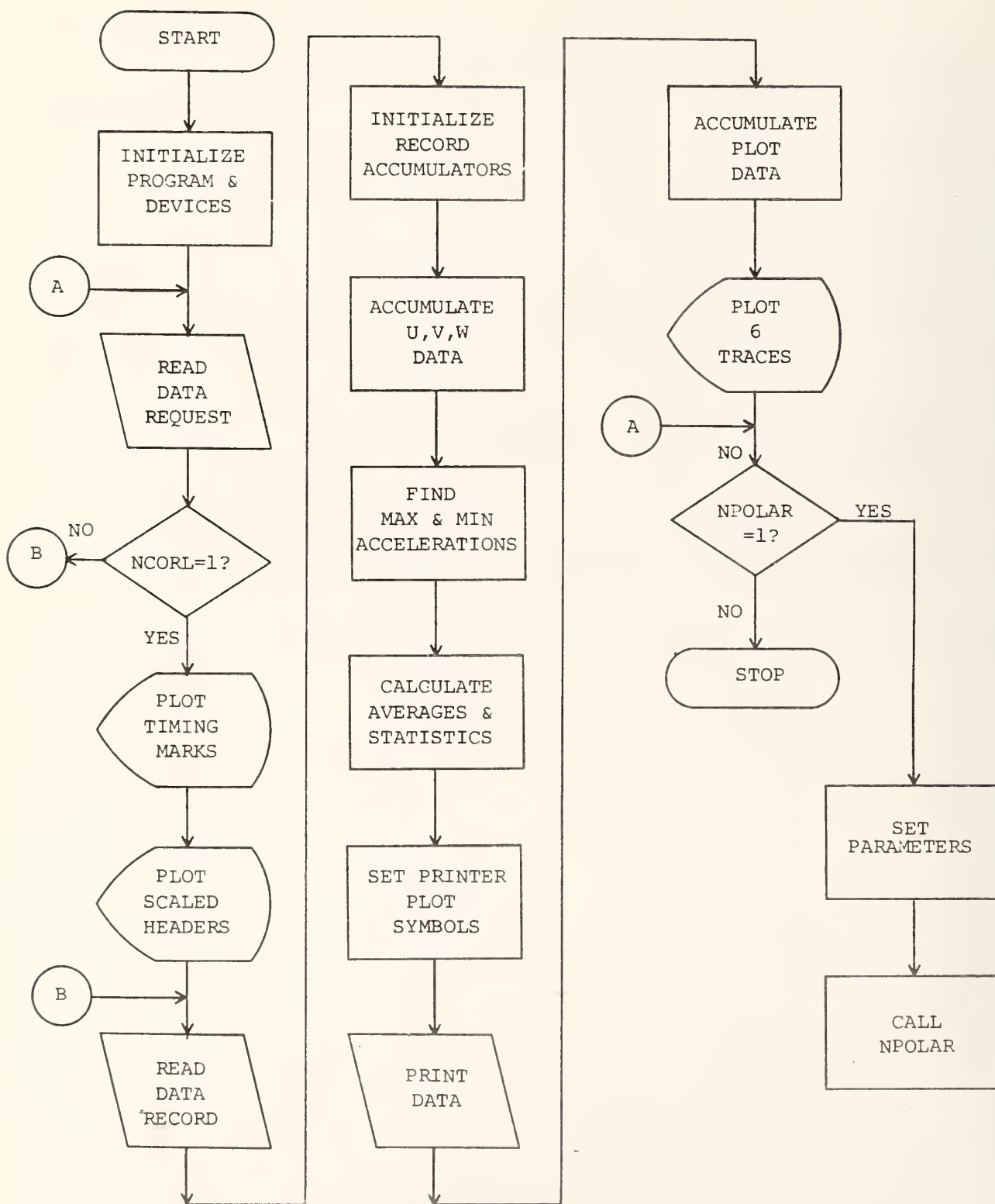


Figure 42. RBMPLT Flow Chart

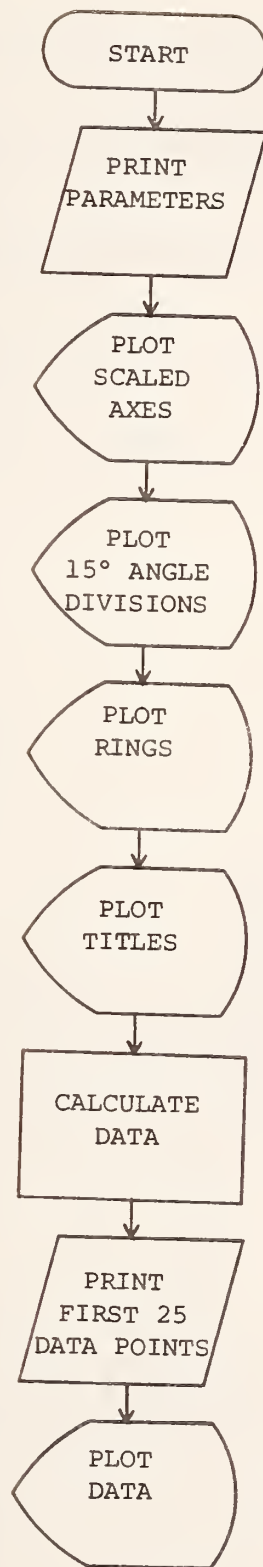


Figure 43. Subroutine Polar Flow Chart

0010436 76300

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	---	Tape number	2A4	1-8
2	72274 - present (Sitka)	Recording date	15	11-15

Figure 44. RBMPLT Tape Number Card Format

10436	21250	1270	1	0
-------	-------	------	---	---

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	1-9999	Tape number	I5	1-5
2	1-9	File number	I5	6-10
3	1-9999	Beginning record	I5	11-15
4	1-9999	Ending record	I5	16-20
5	0,1	Correlation plot flag	I5	21-25
6	0,1	Polar, plot flag	I5	26-30

Figure 45. RBMPLT Request Card

REC	HORIZ WIND		LIFT VECT ELEV VEL	MAX ACCELERATION DIFFERENCE									
	U	AZM	VEL	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	A8	A9	A10
1	100	150	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	130	24	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	22	152	15	.013	.013	.016	.019	0	.013	.013	.009	.009	.013
4	22	152	17	.019	.022	.016	.016	0	.006	.016	.013	.019	.019
5	22	175	12	.035	.028	.019	.024	0	.016	.022	.016	.031	.031
6	24	153	7	.025	.025	.025	.025	0	.016	.016	.016	.022	.022
7	39	168	-4	.028	.025	.025	.022	0	.038	.022	.019	.025	.025
8	30	178	1	.022	.019	.035	.028	0	.031	.035	.031	.022	.019
9	32	203	6	.019	.019	.041	.028	0	.025	.025	.025	.025	.016
10	34	192	1	.022	.016	.028	.028	0	.031	.022	.025	.019	.016
11	20	186	24	.019	.013	.019	.028	0	.038	.019	.022	.016	.013
12	25	194	21	.016	.013	.022	.028	0	.035	.025	.025	.019	.019
13	32	170	-3	.016	.016	.028	.028	0	.031	.022	.022	.019	.019
14	20	163	14	.015	.016	.019	.028	0	.025	.019	.019	.016	.016
15	14	156	27	.009	.013	.019	.019	0	.025	.016	.016	.013	.009
16	18	160	27	.006	.009	.019	.013	0	.019	.013	.016	.009	.009
17	16	180	34	.013	.013	.019	.025	0	.019	.013	.019	.009	.013
18	11	170	36	.009	.013	.016	.016	0	.019	.013	.016	.009	.006
19	8	141	34	.004	.006	.013	.016	0	.013	.009	.013	.009	.006
20	18	207	18	.009	.009	.016	.016	0	.022	.013	.013	.013	.009
21	33	178	16	.009	.009	.016	.016	0	.025	.016	.016	.009	.009
22	35	186	8	.009	.006	.016	.016	0	.025	.009	.013	.009	.006
23	22	191	14	.009	.009	.016	.016	0	.019	.013	.013	.009	.009
24	23	205	7	.009	.012	.016	.016	0	.009	.013	.013	.009	.006
25	20	200	9	.006	.006	.013	.016	0	.009	.013	.013	.009	.006
26	21	200	21	.004	.006	.009	.009	0	.006	.006	.013	.009	.006
27	31	188	9	.009	.009	.013	.009	0	.013	.009	.009	.006	.009
28	29	192	5	.009	.006	.009	.013	0	.006	.009	.009	.006	.006
29	22	184	12	.006	.006	.009	.013	0	.006	.009	.009	.006	.006
30	26	176	-5	.005	.004	.013	.009	0	.006	.009	.009	.009	.009
31	21	171	5	.006	.009	.009	.009	0	.006	.009	.006	.006	.009
32	18	151	12	.009	.006	.009	.009	0	.006	.006	.006	.006	.006
33	24	166	2	.006	.006	.009	.009	0	.006	.003	.009	.006	.006
34	20	144	8	.006	.006	.009	.009	0	.009	.006	.009	.006	.006
35	24	155	-1	.003	.006	.006	.006	0	.006	.006	.006	.006	.006
36	14	168	6	.003	.006	.006	.006	0	.006	.006	.006	.003	.006
37	13	139	33	.003	.006	.006	.006	0	.006	.006	.006	.006	.006
38	19	144	18	.003	.006	.009	.006	0	.006	.006	.006	.006	.006
39	22	159	-7	.003	.006	.009	.006	0	.006	.006	.006	.009	.006
40	19	164	10	.003	.003	.003	.004	0	.006	.006	.006	.006	.006
41	11	186	39	.003	.006	.009	.006	0	.006	.006	.006	.006	.003
42	10	182	15	.003	.006	.009	.009	0	.006	.006	.006	.006	.006
43	8	194	32	.003	.006	.009	.006	0	.006	.006	.006	.006	.006
44	12	183	11	.003	.006	.006	.006	0	.006	.006	.006	.006	.003
45	21	192	2	.003	.006	.009	.009	0	.006	.006	.006	.003	.006

Figure 46. RBMPLT Output

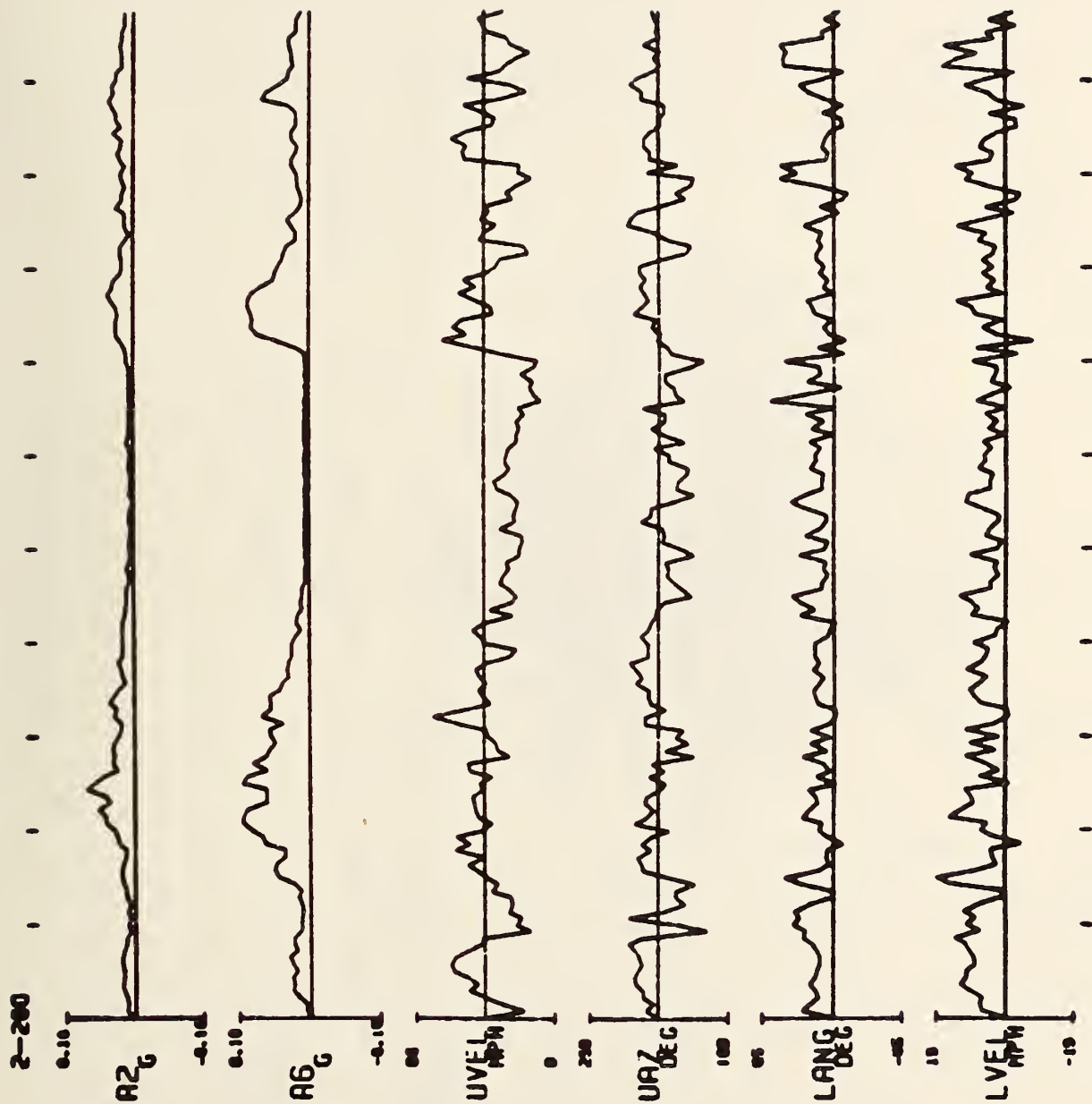
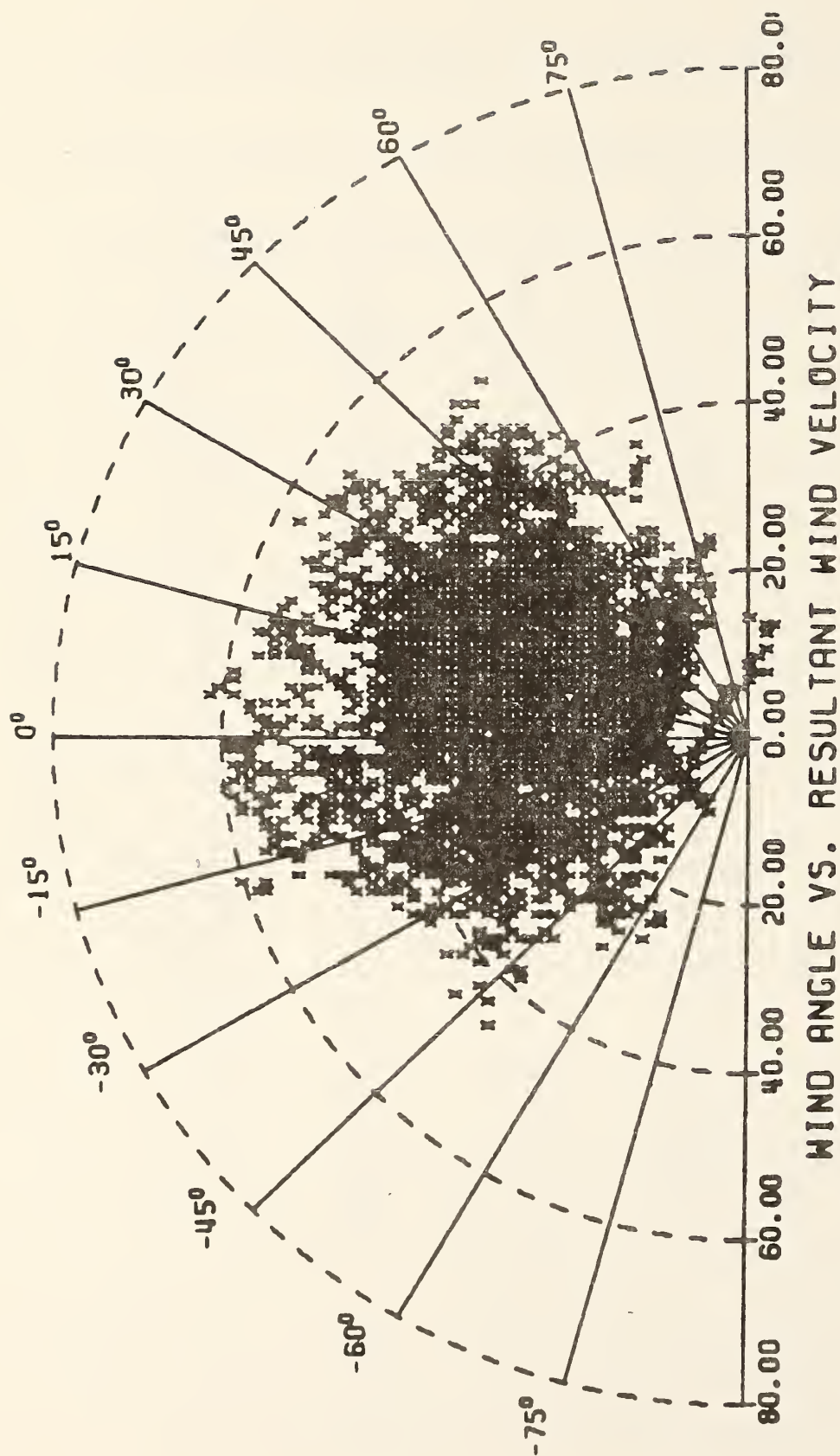


Figure 47. RBMPLT Output



RECORD: 150-277
CHANNEL: 3U/V

TAPE NO: 11322-5

Figure 48. Polar Output

Table 12. RBMPLT Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
ACC		R	10	Acceleration change within a record
ACUMU		R	1	Accumulator for 'U' wind values
ACUMV		R	1	Accumulator for 'V' wind values
ACUMW		R	1	Accumulator for 'W' wind values
ADD		R	1	Plotter angle increment
ALEV		I	10	Acceleration level flags
AMAX		R	10	Maximum acceleration per channel
AMIN		R	10	Minimum acceleration per channel
ANGLE		R	1	Horizontal wind angle (radian)
AXLEN		R	1	Axis length
BEGREC		I	1	Starting record of request
BLNK		I	1	Literal blank
BREC		R	1	Beginning record
BVALVE		R	1	Lower valve of trace
CARDIN		I	1	Card input unit
DATA		R	6,200	Data array for correlation plot
DEGR		R	1	Angle for plot
DEGREE		R	1	Wind angle (degrees)
DELTAV		R	1	Velocity increase per plot ring
DI		R	1	Circle parameter
DIR1		R	1	Horizontal wind direction
DIR2		R	1	Vertical wind attack angle
ENDREC		I	1	Ending record of request
EREC		R	1	Ending record
FILE		R	1	File number for plotter
FILE NO		I	1	File number
FIRSTV		R	1	Lowest wind value to plot
FNO		R	1	File number
FXLOC		R	1	X offset for polar plot
FYLOX		R	1	Y offset for polar plot
I		I	1	General index

Table 12. RBMPLT Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
IBUF		I	4000	Plotter buffer storage
ICH		I	1	Current trace being plotted
IDATE		I	1	Date of tape
II		I	1	General index
IFF		I	1	Function flag
IPLR		I	1	Counter of polar data points
IREC		I	1	Record counter
IRF		I	1	Read status flag
ITAPE		I	1	Tape number
J		I	1	General index
LEV1		R	1	Low acceleration level
LEV2		R	1	Higher acceleration level
LEV3		R	1	Highest acceleration level
LINES		I	1	Line counter for each page
LSREC		I	1	Latest record processed
N		I	1	Number of data points to polar
NCORL		I	1	Correlation plot flag
NDECM		I	1	Number of places to right of dec.
NMIN		I	1	Number of minutes
NP		I	1	Number of points
NPOLAR		I	1	Polar plot flag
STAR1		I	1	Literal *
STAR2		I	1	Literal **
STAR3		I	1	Literal ***
PSIZE		R	1	Overall plot scaling factor
TAPENO		I	2	Tape number
RAD1		R	1	Radius 1
RAD2		R	1	Radius 2
PRNTR1		I	1	Printer unit assignment
R		R	1	Radius length to a data point
RADCON		R	1	Radians-to-degrees conversion fctr

Table 12. RBMPLT Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
SPEED		R	1	Resultant horizontal wind-velocity
REC		R	1	Record number for plotter
RECNO		I	1	Current record number
SENS		R	64,37	Array containing current raw data record
SENSR			1	Sensor number
THI		R	1	Max excu excursion from baseline
TINC		R	1	Plotter increment
TINCM		T	1	Plotter increment per minute
TITLE		R	6	Trace titles for correlation plot
TIMCHI		R	1	Height of tick mark traces
TLEN		R	1	Axis length
TNO		R	1	Tape number
TVALUE		R	1	Upper value of trace
UNITS		R	6	Trace units
VEL1		R	1	Resultant horizontal wind velocity
VEL2		R	1	Vertical wind velocity
VSCAL		R	6	Scale per reference excursion
W1		R	8192	Wind 'U' data array
W2		R	8192	Wind 'V' data array
X		R	1	X coordinate of a data point
LLOC		R	1	X offset for polar plot center
XT		R	1	Location of next tick meark
XV		R	1	X distance
Y		R	1	Y coordinate of a data point
YHI		R	1	Baseline height
YLOC		R	1	Y offset for polar plot
YV		R	1	Y distance

LEVEL 21

RAIN

DATE = 77164

19/21/16

```

C ***** PROGRAM REMPLT *****
C
C-----PRINTS MAXIMUM ROADBED ACCELERATIONS AND RESULTANT WIND
C-----THEN ALSO PLOTS 200 PTS (RECS) OF A2,A6,UVEL,UAZ,LIFT ANG,LIFT VEL
C-----OR A POLAR PLOT OF WIND (SENSOR 3) DIRECTION AND VELOCITY.
C
C ROUTINES CALLED: SITKA, POLAR
C
C PROG. BY CHUCK GERHARDT S.T.A. 1976
C MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON S.T.A. 1977
C
C-----LOCAL VARIABLES
C
C DIMENSION IBUF(4000),DATA(6,200),VSCAL(6),TITLE(6),UNITS(6)
C REAL*8 RADCON,ACUMU,ACUMV,ACUMW,VEL1,VEL2,DIR1,DIR2
C REAL W1(8192),W2(8192)
C REAL SENS(64,37),ACC(10),AMIN(10),AMAX(10),LEV1,LEV2,LEV3
C INTEGER TAPEND(2),FILEND
C INTEGER CARDIN,PRNTR1,IFF,RECNO,IRF,BEGREC,ENDREC,LINES,LSREC,
C - STAR1,STAR2,STAR3,BLNK,ALEV(10)
C DATA TITLE/'A2','A6','UVEL','UAZ','LANG','LVEL'/
C DATA UNITS/'G','G','MPH','DEC','DEC','MPH'/
C DATA STAR1/'**'/,STAR2/'**'/,STAR3/'**'/,BLNK/' '/
C
C-----INITIALIZE PROGRAM AND DEVICES
C
C CARDIN=5
C PRNTR1=7
C RADCON=180.000/3.1415900
C
C LEV1=0.010
C LEV2=0.030
C LEV3=0.050
C VSCAL(1)=.1
C VSCAL(2)=.1
C VSCAL(3)=30.
C VSCAL(4)=75.
C VSCAL(5)=45.
C VSCAL(6)=15.
C IPLR=0
C CALL PLOTS(IBUF,4000,6)
C CALL NEWPEN(1)
C IFF=1
C CALL SITKA(IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
C
C-----READ DATA REQUEST CARD
C SET NCORL=0 TO SKIP WIND/ACCEL PLOT OR NPOLAR=0 TO SKIP POLAR WIND
C
C 1000 READ(CARDIN,9100,END=8000) ITAPE,FILEND,BEGREC,ENDREC,NCORL,NPOLAR
C 9100 FORMAT(6I5)
C RECNO=BEGREC
C NP=ENDREC-BEGREC
C IF (NP.GT.200) NP=200
C IREC=0
C LINES=61

```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77164

19/21/16

REWIND 10

IFF=2

PRINT 105,NP,BEGREC,TAPEND,FILEND

105 FORMAT(// ' NP= ',15, ' STARTING RECNC ',15, ' OF TAPE ',2A4, ' FILE ',12)

C

C

INITIALIZE PLOTTER

C

USE FACTOR=0.67 FOR CORRELATION PLOT ON TEKTRONIX (FOR COPY=.40)

C

ORIGIN IS 2.0 INCHES (FULL SCALE) TO LEFT OF TRACE STARTS

C

IF (NCURL.EQ.1) PSIZE=0.67

IF (NPOLAR.EQ.1) PSIZE=1.74

CALL FACTOR (PSIZE)

CALL PLOT(0.,0.,-3)

C

C

PLOT TICK MARKS FOR CORRELATION PLOT, IF USED

C

HORZ SCALE =20 PTS/INCH (REDUCED) TICK MARK=14 RECS

C

IF (NCURL.EQ.0) GO TO 2000

TINC=.10

TLEN=TINC*NP

TINCH=TINC*14.

NMIN=NP/14

TIMEH1=15.5

CALL PLOT (2.,TIMEH1,+3)

FILE=FILEND

CALL NUMBER (1.3,TIMEH1+.1,.21,FILE,0.,-1)

CALL SYMBOL (1.6,TIMEH1+.20,.21,13,90.,-1)

REC=BEGREC

CALL NUMBER (1.8,TIMEH1+.1,.21,REC,0.,-1)

DO 140 J=1,2

XT=0.

DO 130 I=1,NMIN

XT=XT+TINCH

130 CALL SYMBOL (XT+2.0,TIMEH1,.14,13,C.,-1)

CALL PLOT (2.,0.,+3)

TIMEH1=C.3

140 CONTINUE

C

C

C

PLOT CORRELATION HEADERS (A2,A6,UVEL,UAZ,LIFT ANG,LIFT VEL)

C

THI=1.0

NDECM=+2

DO 200 ICH=1,6

YHI=16.5-(2.5*ICH)

IF (ICH.GE.3) NDECM=-1

TVALUE=+VSCAL(ICH)

BVALUE=-VSCAL(ICH)

C

UVEL BASE = 30. MPH

C

UAZ BASE = 175. DEGREES

IF (ICH.EQ.3) TVALUE=+VSCAL(3)+30.

IF (ICH.EQ.3) BVALUE=-VSCAL(3)+30.

IF (ICH.EQ.4) TVALUE=+VSCAL(4)+175.

IF (ICH.EQ.4) BVALUE=-VSCAL(4)+175.

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77164

19/21/16

CALL NUMBER (1.3,YH1+TH1,.14,TVALUE,0.,NDECM)

CALL SYMBOL (2.0,YH1+TH1,.14,13,90.,-1)

CALL PLOT (2.0,YH1-TH1,+2)

CALL SYMDEL (0.8,YH1,.28,TITLE(1CH),0.,4)

CALL SYMBOL (1.3,YH1-.25,.21,UNITS(1CH),0.,4)

CALL PLOT (2.0,YH1,+3)

CALL PLOT (2.0+TLEN,YH1,+2)

CALL PLOT (2.0,YH1,+3)

CALL NUMBER (1.3,YH1-TH1,.14,BVALUE,0.,NDECM)

CALL SYMDEL (2.0,YH1-TH1,.14,13,90.,-1)

200 CONTINUE

CALL PLOT (2.0,0.,+3)

PRINT 205

205 FORMAT (' PLOTTED HEADERS, SCALES AND TIK MARKS')

C

C-----READ DATA RECORD

C

2000 CALL SITKA(1FF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPERD,IDATE)

1FF=3

IF (IRF.NE.1) GO TO 7000

C

C-----INITIALIZE RECORD ACCUMULATORS

C

J=0

DO 2010 I=1,10

J=J+2

AMIN(I)=SENS(1,J)

AMAX(I)=SENS(1,J)

2010 CONTINUE

ACUMU=0.000

ACUMV=0.000

ACUMW=0.000

C

C-----ACCUMULATE U,V,W AND FIND MIN,MAX ACC

C

DO 2020 I=1,64

IPLR=IPLR+1

IF (IPLR.GT.8192) GO TO 215

W1(IPLR)=SENS(1,13)

W2(IPLR)=SENS(1,15)

215 CONTINUE

ACUMU=ACUMU+DBLE(SENS(1,13))

ACUMV=ACUMV+DBLE(SENS(1,15))

ACUMW=ACUMW+DBLE(SENS(1,17))

II=0

DO 2020 J=2,20,2

II=II+1

IF (SENS(1,J).LT.AMIN(II)) AMIN(II)=SENS(1,J)

IF (SENS(1,J).GT.AMAX(II)) AMAX(II)=SENS(1,J)

2020 CONTINUE

C-----CALCULATE RECORD STATISTICS

C

ACUMU=ACUMU/64.000

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77J64

19/21/16

```

ACUMV=ACUMV/64.000
ACUMW=ACUMW/64.000
VEL1=DSQRT(ACUMU*ACUMU+ACUMV*ACUMV)
DIR1=(RADCON*DATAN2(ACUMU,ACUMV))+85.000
VEL2=ACUMW

```

```

DIR2=(RADCON*DATAN2(ACUMW,VEL1))

```

```

DO 2030 I=1,10

```

```

ACC(I)=ABS(AMAX(I)-AMIN(I))

```

```

ALEV(I)=BLNK

```

```

IF(ACC(I).LT.LEV1) GO TO 2030

```

```

ALEV(I)=STAR1

```

```

IF(ACC(I).GE.LEV2) ALEV(I)=STAR2

```

```

IF(ACC(I).GE.LEV3) ALEV(I)=STAR3

```

```

2030 CONTINUE

```

```

C

```

```

C-----PRINT DATA

```

```

C

```

```

3000 IF(LINES.LE.60) GO TO 3010

```

```

WRITE(PRNTR1,9300)

```

```

9300 FORMAT(1H1,T7,'REC',T15,'HORIZ WIND',T30,'LIFT VECT',

```

```

- T70,'MAX ACCELERATION DIFFERENCE'/T13,'U',T16,

```

```

C - T70,'MAX ACCELERATION DIFFERENCE'/T7,'NC.',T16,

```

```

- 'AZM VEL',T30,'ELEV VEL',T45,'A1',6X,'A2',6X,'A3',

```

```

- 6X,'A4',6X,'A5',6X,'A6',6X,'A7',6X,'A8',6X,'A9',6X,

```

```

- 'A10'/T5,120('-'//)

```

```

LINES=5

```

```

3010 LSREC=RECNO-1

```

```

WRITE(PRNTR1,9301) LSREC,ACUMU,DIR1,VEL1,DIR2,VEL2,

```

```

- (ACC(I),ALEV(I)),I=1,10)

```

```

9301 FORMAT(T5,I5,T12,F3.0,T16,F4.0,2X,F3.0,T30,F4.0,2X,F3.0,T44,

```

```

-1C(F4.3,A3,IX))

```

```

LINES=LINES+1

```

```

C

```

```

C ACCUM PLOT DATA (A2,A6,UVEL,UAZ,LIFT ANG,LIFT VEL)

```

```

C

```

```

IREC=IREC+1

```

```

DATA(1,IREC)=ACC(2)/VSCAL(1)

```

```

DATA(2,IREC)=ACC(6)/VSCAL(2)

```

```

DATA(3,IREC)=(ACUMU-30.)/VSCAL(3)

```

```

DATA(4,IREC)=(DIR1-175.)/VSCAL(4)

```

```

DATA(5,IREC)=DIR2/VSCAL(5)

```

```

DATA(6,IREC)=VEL2/VSCAL(6)

```

```

IF(RECNO.LE.ENDREC) GO TO 2000

```

```

IF(NCURL.EQ.0) GO TO 1000

```

```

C

```

```

C PLOT 6 TRACES 2.5 INCHES APART

```

```

C

```

```

DO 400 ICH=1,6

```

```

YHI=16.5-(2.5*ICH)

```

```

CALL PLOT(2.,YHI,+3)

```

```

X=0.

```

```

DO 350 I=1,NP

```

```

X=X+TINC

```

```

Y=DATA(ICH,I)

```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77164

19/21/16

IF (Y.GT.1.0) Y=1.0

Y=Y+YH1

CALL PLOT (2.,X,Y,+2)

350 CONTINUE

400 CONTINUE

GO TO 1000

C

C-----ERROR AND END PROCESSING

C

7000 PRINT 9700

9700 FORMAT(' ABNORMAL DATA READ')

GO TO 2000

8000 PRINT 9800

9800 FORMAT(' PROCESSING COMPLETE')

C

C PLOT WIND DATA IN POLAR FORM

C

IF (NPOLAR.EQ.0) GO TO 9999

CALL PLOT (0.,0.,-3)

XLOC=1.0

YLOC=1.

FIRSTV=C.

DELTAV=10.

DELTAV=20.

ICH=3

ENDREC=BEGREC+127

N=(ENDREC-BEGREC+1)*64

N=8192

CALL POLAR(FIRSTV,DELTAV,BEGREC,ENDREC,ITAPE,FILENO,ICH,XLOC,

1 YLOC,W1,W2,N)

WRITE(7,9900)

9900 FORMAT(' POLAR PLOT ALSO COMPLETED')

9999 CALL PLOT (0.,0.,999)

STOP

END

LEVEL 21

POLAR

DATE = 77164

19/21/16

SUBROUTINE POLAR(FIRSTV,DELTAV,BEGREC,ENDREC,ITAPE,FILENO,ISR,
1 FXLOC,FYLOC,W1,W2,N)

C
C-----THIS ROUTINE PLOTS A 180 DEGREE HISTOGRAM OF RESULTANT
C WIND VELOCITY AND ANGLE ON A 4-INCH RADIUS. 16"HI X 9"WIDE

C
C ROUTINES CALLED: NONE

C
C W1 : ARRAY CONTAINING U-COMPONENT WIND
C W2 : ARRAY CONTAINING V-COMPONENT WIND
C FOR UP TO 40 MPH WINDS USE DELTAV=10.
C FOR UP TO 80 MPH WINDS USE DELTAV=20.
C FIRSTV SHOULD = 0.
C ISR = WIND SENSOR OF U AND V COMPONENTS.

C
C PROG. BY DOLLY GREENE S.T.A. 1976

C
C REAL W1(1),W2(1)
C INTEGER IBUF(2000),BEGREC,ENDREC,TAPEND,FILENO
C AXLEN=4.
C SENSR=ISR
C BREC=BEGREC
C EREC=ENDREC
C TNO=ITAPE
C FNO=FILENO

C
C-----SCALE AXIS ACCORDING TO VALUE

C
C WRITE(7,9000) FIRSTV,DELTAV
9000 FORMAT(' POLAR PLOT FIRSTV:',F8.3/' DELTAV:',F8.3)

C
C SET PLOT ORIGIN USING OFFSETS FOR TEKTRONIX

C
C XLDC=4.3
C YLOC=2.0

C
C CALL PLOT(FXLOC+AXLEN,FYLOC,-3)
C CALL AXIS(XLOC-AXLEN,YLOC,1H,-1,AXLEN,0.,
1 FIRSTV+AXLEN*DELTAV,-DELTAV)
C CALL AXIS(XLOC,YLOC,1H,-1,AXLEN,0.,FIRSTV,DELTAV)

C
C-----DRAW ANGLE DIVISIONS AT EVERY 15 DEGREES
C SIN (15 DEG)=.27, COS(15 DEG)=.96

C
C ADD=.04
C DO 20 I=1,11
C CALL PLOT(XLOC,YLOC,3)
C CALL PLOT(XLOC,YLOC,3)
C RAD1=I*15*3.14159/180.
C RAD2=1.570795-RAD1
C XV=COS(RAD1)*AXLEN
C YV=SIN(RAD1)*AXLEN
C XV=XV+XLOC
C YV=YV+YLOC
C CALL PLOT (XV,YV,2)

LEVEL 21

POLAR

DATE = 77164

19/21/16

DEGR=90-1*15

IF(1.GE.6) ADD=ADD+.07

XV=XV+COS(RAD1)*ADD

YV=YV+SIN(RAD1)*ADD

CALL PLOT(XLOC,YLOC,3)

CALL NUMBER(XV,YV,.105,DEGR,C.,-1)

20 CALL SYMBOL(999.,YV+.07,.07,1H0,C.,1)

C

C-----DRAW RINGS ON GRAPH

C

CALL PLOT(XLOC,YLOC,3)

DI=0.5

CALL CIRCL (XLOC+1.,YLOC,0., 180.,1.,1.,DI)

CALL CIRCL (XLOC-2.,YLOC, 180.,0.,2.,2.,DI)

CALL CIRCL (XLOC+3.,YLOC,0., 180.,3.,3.,DI)

CALL CIRCL (XLOC-4.,YLOC, 180.,0.,4.,4.,DI)

CALL PLOT(XLOC,YLOC,3)

C

C-----DRAW TITLES FOR GRAPH

C

CALL SYMBOL(XLOC-2.5,YLOC-0.5,.14,38HWIND ANGLE VS. RESULTANT WIND
1 VELOCITY,C.,38)

CALL SYMBOL(XLOC-AXLEN,YLOC-1.0,.10,8HRECORD: ,0.,8)

CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.10,BREC,0.,-1)

CALL SYMBOL(999.,999.,.10,1H- ,0.,1)

CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.10,EREC,0.,-1)

CALL SYMBOL(XLOC,YLOC-1.0,.10,8HTAPE NO: ,0.,8)

CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.10,TNL,C.,-1)

CALL SYMBOL(999.,999.,.10,1H- ,C.,1)

CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.10,FNC,0.,-1)

CALL SYMBOL(XLOC-AXLEN,YLOC-1.25,.10,9HCHANNEL: ,C.,9)

CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.10,SENSR,0.,-1)

CALL SYMBOL(999.,999.,.10,3HL/YLOC,2)

CALL PLOT(XLOC,YLOC,3)

WRITE(7,9200)

9200 FORMAT(1H1,' INDEX',T10,'RADIUS',T25,'RADIANS',T40,'U-COMPONENT',
1 T55,'V-COMPONENT',T70,'RESULT.VEL',T85,'ANGLE'/)

C

C-----SETUP DATA POINTS FOR PLETTING (WITH DATA OFFSET FOR TEKTRONIX)

C-----AND PRINT THE FIRST 25 POINTS.

C

DO 300 I=1,N

SPEED=SQRT(W2(I)**2+W1(I)**2)

ANGLE=1.570795-(ATAN2(W2(I),W1(I)))

DEGREE=ANGLE*180./3.14159

R=SPEED/DELTAV

X=R*COS(ANGLE)

Y=R*SIN(ANGLE)

IF (1.GT.25) GO TO 280

WRITE(7,9300) I,R,ANGLE,W1(I),W2(I),SPEED,DEGREE

9300 FORMAT(1X,15,T10,6(F10.6,5X))

280 X=X+XLOC

Y=Y+YLOC

300 CALL SYMBOL(X,Y,.07,1FX,C.,1)

RETURN

END

POLAR Listing 22 (2 of 2)

PROGRAM RHARM

INTRODUCTION

RHARM gives the fourier coefficients for an input time series using the IBM subroutine HARM and then unscrambling indices.

See Figure 49, Table 13 and Listing 23.

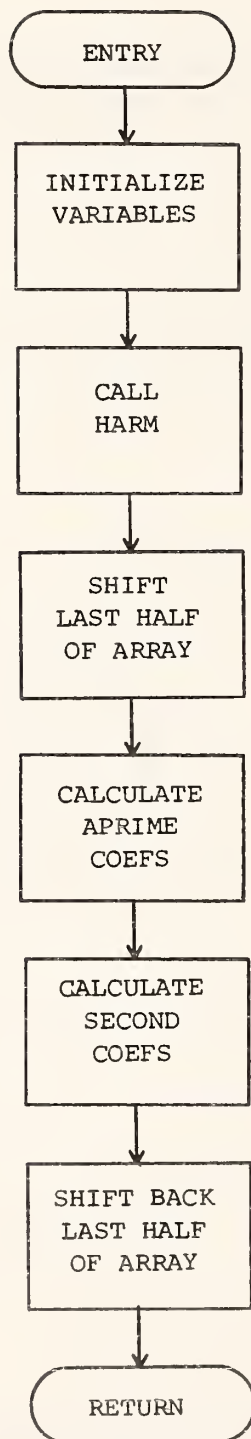


Figure 49. RHARM Flow Chart

Table 13. RHARM Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
A		R	Passed	Input data array
AP1IM		R	1	Coefficient for first stage
APIRE		R	1	Coefficient for first stage
AP2IM		R	1	Coefficient for first stage
AP2RE		R	1	Coefficient for first stage
CIIM		R	1	Coefficient for second stage
CIRE		R	1	Coefficient for second stage
CNIRE		R	1	Coefficient for second stage
CNIRM		R	1	Coefficient for second stage
CEE-OH		R	1	A trig function
DEL		R	1	II/number of points
FN		R	1	Number of frequency points
I		I	1	General index
IFERR		I	1	Returned error flag
IFSET		I	1	Parameter for HARM
INV		I	Passed	Work area
JO		I	1	General index
KO		I	1	NTOT+1
KI		I	1	General index
K6		I	1	General index
K8		I	1	General index
L		I	3	Sets HARM 3 dimensional array sizes
M		I	Passed	Size of A is $2 * (2 * M) + 4$
NT		I	1	NTO+1
NTO		I	1	Half of number freq points
NTOT		I	1	Number of frequency points
NTOT2		I	1	Number of time domain points
S		R	Passed	Work area
SC		R	1	Cos of del
SI		R	1	A trig function
SIS		R	1	0.0
SS		R	1	Sin of del

C	SUBROUTINE RHARM	RHAR	40
C		RHAR	50
C	PURPOSE	RHAR	60
C	FINDS THE FOURIER COEFFICIENTS OF ONE DIMENSIONAL REAL DATA	RHAR	70
C		RHAR	80
C	USAGE	RHAR	90
C	CALL RHARM (A,M,INV,S,IFERR)	RHAR	100
C		RHAR	110
C	DESCRIPTION OF PARAMETERS	RHAR	120
C	A - AS INPUT, CONTAINS ONE DIMENSIONAL REAL DATA. A IS	RHAR	130
C	2*N+4 CORE LOCATIONS, WHERE N = 2**M. 2*N REAL	RHAR	140
C	NUMBERS ARE PUT INTO THE FIRST 2*N CORE LOCATIONS	RHAR	150
C	OF A	RHAR	160
C	AS OUTPUT, A CONTAINS THE FOURIER COEFFICIENTS	RHAR	170
C	A0/2,B0=0,A1,B1,A2,B2,...,AN/2,BN=0 RESPECTIVELY IN	RHAR	180
C	THE FIRST 2N*2 CORE LOCATIONS OF A	RHAR	190
C	M - AN INTEGER WHICH DETERMINES THE SIZE OF THE VECTOR	RHAR	200
C	A. THE SIZE OF A IS 2*(2**M) + 4	RHAR	210
C	INV - A VECTOR WORK AREA FOR BIT AND INDEX MANIPULATION	RHAR	220
C	DIMENSION ONE EIGHTH THE NUMBER OF REAL INPUT, VIZ.,	RHAR	230
C	(1/8)*2*(2**M)	RHAR	240
C	S - A VECTOR WORK AREA FOR SINE TABLES WITH DIMENSION	RHAR	250
C	THE SAME AS INV	RHAR	260
C	IFERR - A RETURNED VALUE OF 1 MEANS THAT M IS LESS THAN 3 OR	RHAR	270
C	GREATER THAN 20. OTHERWISE IFERR IS SET = 0	RHAR	280
C		RHAR	290
C	REMARKS	RHAR	300
C	THIS SUBROUTINE GIVES THE FOURIER COEFFICIENTS OF 2*(2**M)	RHAR	310
C	REAL POINTS. SEE SUBROUTINE HARM FOR THREE DIMENSIONAL,	RHAR	320
C	COMPLEX FOURIER TRANSFORMS	RHAR	330
C		RHAR	340
C	SUBROUTINES AND FUNCTION SUBPROGRAMS REQUIRED	RHAR	350
C	HARM	RHAR	360
C		RHAR	370
C	METHOD	RHAR	380
C	THE FOURIER COEFFICIENTS A0,B0=0,A1,B1,...,AN,BN=0 ARE	RHAR	390
C	OBTAINED FOR INPUT XJ, J=0,1,2,...,2N-1 FOR THE FOLLOWING	RHAR	400
C	EQUATION (PI = 3.14159...)	RHAR	410
C		RHAR	420
C		RHAR	430
C		RHAR	440
C		RHAR	450
C		RHAR	460

3	A(I) = -A(I)	RHAR 610
	DO 6 I = 1,NTOT2	RHAR 620
6	A(I) = A(I)/FM	RHAR 630
	CALL HARM(A,L,INV,S ,IFSET,IFERR)	RHAR 640
C		RHAR 650
C	MOVE LAST HALF OF A(J)S DOWN ONE SLOT AND ADD A(N) AT BOTTOM TO	RHAR 660
-	GIVE ARRAY FOR A1PRIME AND A2PRIME CALCULATION	RHAR 670
		RHAR 680
21	DO 52 I=1,NTOT,2	RHAR 690
	JO=NTOT2+2-I	RHAR 700
	A(JO)=A(JO-2)	RHAR 710
52	A(JO+1)=A(JO-1)	RHAR 720
	A(NTOT2+3)=A(1)	RHAR 730
	A(NTOT2+4)=A(2)	RHAR 740
C		RHAR 750
C	CALCULATE A1PRIMES AND STORE IN FIRST N SLOTS	RHAR 760
C	CALCULATE A2PRIMES AND STORE IN SECOND N SLOTS IN REVERSE ORDER	RHAR 770
	KO=NTOT+1	RHAR 780
	DO 104 I=1,KO,2	RHAR 790
	K1=NTOT2-1+4	RHAR 800
	AP1RE=.5*(A(I)+A(K1))	RHAR 810
	AP2RE=-.5*(A(I+1)+A(K1+1))	RHAR 820
	AP1IM=.5*(-A(I+1)+A(K1+1))	RHAR 830
	AP2IM=-.5*(A(I)-A(K1))	RHAR 840
	A(I)=AP1RE	RHAR 850
	A(I+1)=AP1IM	RHAR 860
	A(K1)=AP2RE	RHAR 870
104	A(K1+1)=AP2IM	RHAR 880
	NTO = NTOT/2	RHAR 890
110	NT=NTO+1	RHAR 900
	DEL=3.1415927/FLOAT(NTOT)	RHAR 910
	SS=SIN(DEL)	RHAR 920
	SC=COS(DEL)	RHAR 930
	SI=0.0	RHAR 940
	CO=1.0	RHAR 950
C		RHAR 960
C	COMPUTE C(J)S FOR J=0 THRU J=N	RHAR 970
114	DO 116 I=1,NT	RHAR 980
	K6=NTOT2-2*I+5	RHAR 990
	AP2RE=A(K6)*CO+A(K6+1)*SI	RHAR1000
	AP2IM=-A(K6)*SI+A(K6+1)*CO	RHAR1010
	CIRE=.5*(A(2*I-1)+AP2RE)	RHAR1020
	C1IM=.5*(A(2*I)+AP2IM)	RHAR1030
	CNIRE=.5*(A(2*I-1)-AP2RE)	RHAR1040
	CN1IM=.5*(A(2*I)-AP2IM)	RHAR1050
	A(2*I-1)=CIRE	RHAR1060
	A(2*I)=C1IM	RHAR1070
	A(K6)=CNIRE	RHAR1080
	A(K6+1)=-CN1IM	RHAR1090
	SIS=SI	RHAR1100
	SI=SI*SC+CO*SS	RHAR1110
116	CO=CO*SC-SIS*SS	RHAR1120
C		RHAR1130
C	SHIFT C(J)S FOR J=N/2+1 TO J=N UP ONE SLOT	RHAR1140
	DO 117 I=1,NTOT,2	RHAR1150
	K8=NTOT+4+I	RHAR1160
	A(K8-2)=A(K8)	RHAR1170
117	A(K8-1)=A(K8+1)	RHAR1180
	DO 500 I=3,NTOT2,2	RHAR1190
	A(I) = 2. * A(I)	RHAR1200
500	A(I + 1) = -2. * A(I + 1)	RHAR1210
	RETURN	RHAR1220
	END	RHAR1230

SUBROUTINE SITKA

INTRODUCTION

Subroutine SITKA provides access to data recorded on magnetic tapes by an instrumentation system installed on the Sitka harbor bridge in Sitka, Alaska.

Separate documentation describes the instrumentation configuration at that site.

The general use, device assignments and flow of the subroutine are all essentially the same as for subroutine NEWPRT and consequently are described in its section.

The only different consideration for SITKA besides different channels in different sequences is the fact that the record length of Sitka is 2247 bytes instead of 2248 NEWPRT.

The difference is record length which must also be accounted for in the JCL of the user programs.

See Figures 50 and 51, Table 14 and Listing 24.

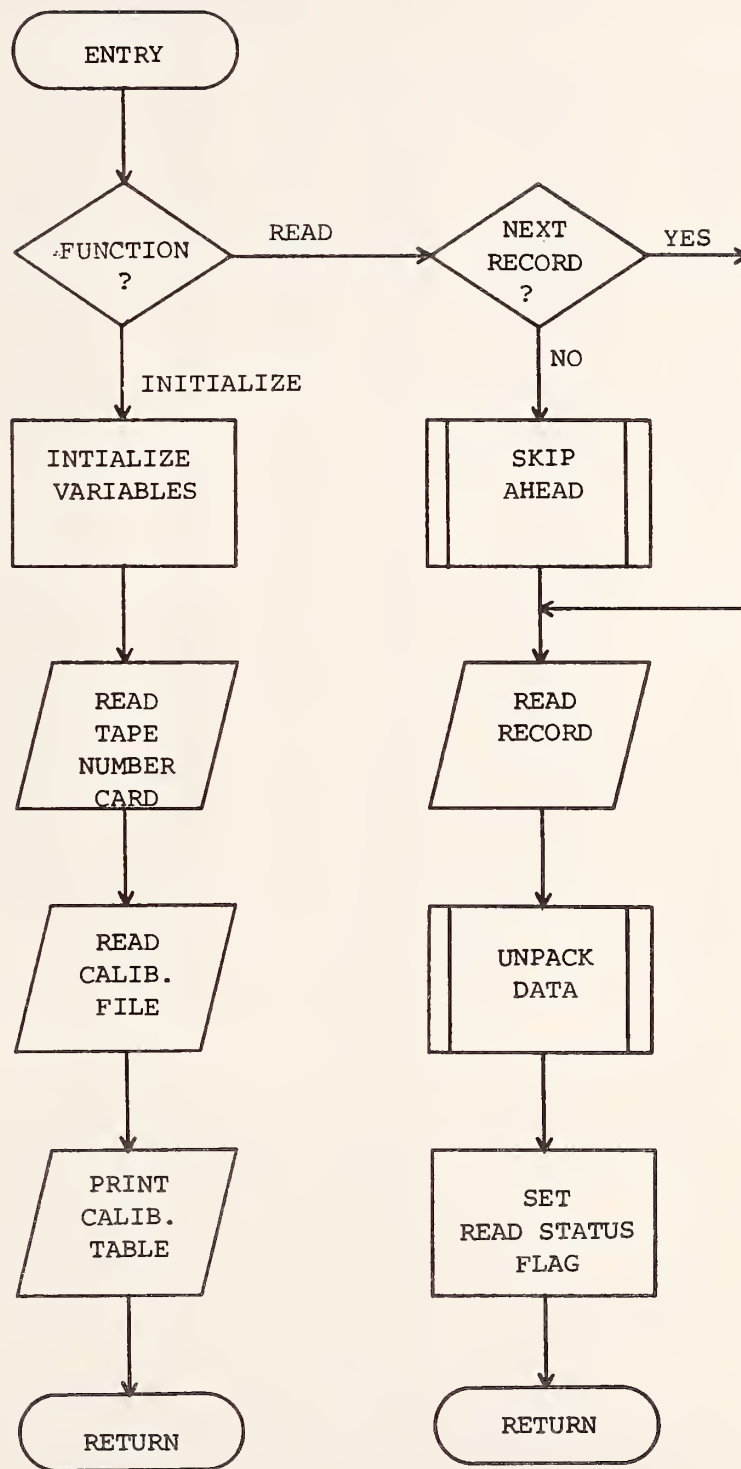


Figure 50. Subroutine SITKA General Flow Diagram

---CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE---
TAPE NUMBER 00TEST14
RECORDED 76300

CHAN	SENSOR	SLOPE	Y-INT	CHAN	SENSOR	SLOPE	Y-INT
0	1U	-11.9568	0.0	35	1U	-11.9568	0.0
1	A1	-0.0402	0.0	36	A1	-0.0402	0.0
2	1V	-11.9568	0.0	37	1V	-11.9568	0.0
3	A2	-0.0402	0.0	38	A2	-0.0402	0.0
4	1W	-11.9568	0.0	39	1W	-11.9568	0.0
5	A3	-0.0402	0.0	40	A3	-0.0402	0.0
6	2U	-11.9568	0.0	41	2U	-11.9568	0.0
7	A4	-0.0402	0.0	42	A4	-0.0402	0.0
8	2V	-11.9568	0.0	43	2V	-11.9568	0.0
9	A5	-0.0402	0.0	44	A5	-0.0402	0.0
10	2W	-11.9568	0.0	45	2W	-11.9568	0.0
11	A6	-0.0402	0.0	46	A6	-0.0402	0.0
12	3U	-11.9568	0.0	47	3U	-11.9568	0.0
13	A7	-0.0402	0.0	48	A7	-0.0402	0.0
14	3V	-11.9568	0.0	49	3V	-11.9568	0.0
15	A8	-0.0402	0.0	50	A8	-0.0402	0.0
16	3W	-11.9568	0.0	51	3W	-11.9568	0.0
17	A9	-0.0402	0.0	52	A9	-0.0402	0.0
18	4U	-11.9568	0.0	53	4U	-11.9568	0.0
19	A10	-0.0402	0.0	54	A10	-0.0402	0.0
20	4V	-11.9568	0.0	55	4V	-11.9568	0.0
21	A11	-0.0402	0.0	56	A11	-0.0402	0.0
22	4W	-11.9568	0.0	57	4W	-11.9568	0.0
23	A12	-0.0402	0.0	58	A12	-0.0402	0.0
24	5U	-11.9568	0.0	59	5U	-11.9568	0.0
25	A13	-0.0402	0.0	60	A13	-0.0402	0.0
26	5V	-11.9568	0.0	61	5V	-11.9568	0.0
27	SEIS	1.0000	0.0	62	SEIS	1.0000	0.0
28	SW	-11.9568	0.0	63	SW	-11.9568	0.0
29	SPAR	1.0000	0.0	64	SPAR	1.0000	0.0
30	SPAP	1.0000	0.0	65	SPAP	1.0000	0.0
31	TEMP	-4.6400	0.0	66	TEMP	-4.6400	0.0
32	CL:F	1.0000	0.0	67	CL:F	1.0000	0.0
33	LVM	1.0000	0.0	68	CL:Z	1.0000	0.0
34	PUM	1.0000	0.0	69	CL:M	1.0000	0.0

Figure 51. SITKA Calibration Table Output

Table 14. SITKA Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
BURST		L*1	4	Byte work array
CALFIL		I	1	Calibration file unit number
CHAN		R	32, 70	Channel
CHANO		I	70	Channel number
CONVRT		I	1	Data amplitude word
DATE		I	1	Date of tape
I		I	1	General index
IFF		I	1	Calibrate/read function flag
IDATA		I	560	Work array for 1 record of data
II		I	1	I+35
INCHAN		I	1	Calib channel number
INDATE		I	1	Calib card date
INNAME		I	1	Calib name
INSLOP		R	1	Calib slope
INYINT		R	1	Calib Y intercept
IRF		I	1	Read status flag
J		I	1	General index
K		I	1	General index
LOGD		L*1	2240	Equivalent bytes from IDATA array
NAME		I	70	Sensor name
NOSKP		I	1	Number of records to skip
RECNO		I	1	Requested record number
SENS		R	64, 37	Array holding 1 record of raw data
SLOPE		R	70	Slope
TAPENO		I	1	Tape number
TAPIN		I	1	Tape input unit number
VALUE		R	1	Calibrated data value
VOLTS		R	1	Volts per bit
YINT		R	70	Y intercept
CURREC		I	1	Current record number

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 7713C
5/10/77

16/44/42

```

C      SUBROUTINE SITKA (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,DATE)
C
C-----INITIALIZES AND READS A SITKA DATA TAPE RECORD
C      VERSION 05/10/77
C
C-----REQUIRES TAPE ON UNIT 10, CALFIL ON UNIT 11 AND
C-----STANDARD TAPE NUMBER CARD AFTER SYSIN DD =
C
C-----IFF = FUNCTION FLAG:
C-----          1 - INITIALIZE
C-----          2 - READ TAPE AFTER REWINDING (CURREC RESET=0)
C-----          3 - READ TAPE STARTING FROM WHERE LAST CALL LEFT OFF
C
C-----RECNO = REQUESTED RECORD NUMBER, AUTO-INCREMENTED FOR EACH READ.
C
C-----IRF = READ STATUS FLAG:
C-----          0 - RECORD NOT READ
C-----          1 - SUCCESSFUL READ
C-----          2 - I/O ERROR REAL AND CLEARED
C-----          3 - EOF ENCOUNTERED
C
C-----SENS = SENSIVE DATA ARRAY:
C-----          64 VALUES OF 37 CHANNELS IN ORDER OF
C-----          CHANNEL CAL TABLE. ACTF: SENS(I,J)=CHAN(I,J-1) FOR
C-----          J=1-33. J=34-37 CORRESPOND TO CHANS 34,35,69,70.
C-----          THERE ARE ONLY 32 VALUES OF EACH OF THE LATTER FOUR
C-----          CHANNELS.
C
C      SUBROUTINE SITKA (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,DATE)
C
C-----LOCAL VARIABLES
C
      REAL SENS(64,37),INSLEP,INXINT,SLOPE(70),YINT(70),VCLTS,VALUE,
      - CHAN(32,70)
      INTEGER IFF,CALFIL,TAPIN,RECNO,IRF,TAPEND(2),DATE,1,INCHAN,
      - INNAME,INDATE,NAME(70),11,CONVRT,IDATA(560),J,K,11,12,13,
      - CHAND(70),NDSKP,CURREC
      LOGICAL BURST(4),LOCC(2240)
      EQUIVALENCE (LOCC(1),IDATA(1)),(CONVRT,BURST(1))
C
      IRF=0
      TAPIN = 10
      CALFIL = 11
      IF (IFF.EQ.2) GO TO 950
      IF (IFF.EQ.3) GO TO 1000
C
C-----READ TAPE NUMBER CARD
C
      READ 9000,TAPEND,DATE
9000  FORMAT (2A4,T11,15)
      IF (DATE.CE.72274) GO TO 1
      PRINT 9901
      FORMAT (1H1,' INVALID TAPE DATE ')
      STOP

```

C - SET-UP CHANNEL CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

```

C
1      I=0
2      READ(CALFIL,9001,END=3) INCHAN,INNAME,INSLOP,INYINT,INDATE
9001   FORMAT(12,T11,A4,T21,F8.4,T31,F8.4,T51,I5)
      IF(INCHAN.GT.1) I=I+1
      IF(INDATE.GT.DATE) GO TO 2
      CHAN(I+1)=INCHAN
      NAME(I+1)=INNAME
      SLOPE(I+1)=INSLOP
      YINT(I+1)=INYINT
      GO TO 2

```

C ----- PRINT CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE

```

C
2      PRINT 9002,TAPEND,DATE
9002   FORMAT(1H1, //T26, '---CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE---'/T32,
1      1'TAPE NUMBER ',2A4/T34, 'RECORDED ',15, ///2(5X, '(CHAN',2X,
2      2'SENSOR',4X, 'SLOPE',5X, 'Y-INT')/2X,74('-'')//)
      DO 5 I=1,25
      II=I+35
      PRINT 9003,CHAN(I),NAME(I),SLOPE(I),YINT(I),CHAN(II),
3      3NAME(II),SLOPE(II),YINT(II)
9003   FORMAT(2X,2(4X,12,4X,A4,3X,F8.4,3X,F8.4))
5      CONTINUE

```

C --- INITIALIZE PROGRAM VALUES

```

C
      RECON=0
      CURREC=0
      VOLTS=25.0/256.0
      CURVAT=0
      IFF=0
      RETURN

```

C ----- SKIP TO REQUESTED RECORD

```

C
950   CURREC=0
1000   NDSKP=(RECON-1)-CURREC
      IF(NDSKP) 1010,2000,1020
1010   PRINT 9100
9100   FORMAT (1H1, ' TAPE BEYOND REQUESTED RECORD')
      STOP
1020   IF 1030 I=1,NDSKP
      READ(TAPIN,9101,ERR=1025,END=1040) DUF
9101   FORMAT (A1)
      GO TO 1030
1025   READ(TAPIN,9101) DUF
1030   CONTINUE
      CURREC=CURREC+NDSKP
      GO TO 2000
40     PRINT 9102
9102   FORMAT (1H1, ' EOF ENCOUNTERED DURING SKIP')

```

LEVEL 21

SITKA

DATE = 7713C

16/44/42

STOP

```

C
C  --REAL DATA TAFF RECORD
C
2000  REAL (TAPIN,9004,END=ECCL,ERR=7000) IDATA
9004  FORMAT (56(10A4))
C
C-----UNPACK DATA: CONVERT TO VELTS AND ENG. UNITS
C
      I=1
      DO 2010 J=1,32
      DO 2010 K=1,70
      BURST(4)=LOGD(1)
      VALUE=(CONVRT-126.0)*VELTS
      CHAN(J,K)=VALUE*SLOPE(K)+YINT(K)
      I=I+1
2010  CONTINUE
C
C-----BUILD SENSOR ARRAY
C
      I=1
      DO 2030 II=1,32
C      UNPACK DATA FOR THE 2-VALUE-PER-SCAN CHANNELS
      DO 2020 J=1,32
      SENS(I,J)=CHAN(II,J)
      SENS(I+1,J)=CHAN(II,J+35)
2020  CONTINUE
C      HANDLE SINGLE VALUE CHANNELS
      SENS(II,34)=CHAN(II,34)
      SENS(II,35)=CHAN(II,35)
      SENS(II,36)=CHAN(II,69)
      SENS(II,37)=CHAN(II,70)
      I=I+2
2030  CONTINUE
      RECN1=RECN1+1
      CURREC=CURREC+1
      IRF=1
      RETURN
C      READ A RECORD AS DUMMY THEN RETURN
7000  RECN1=RECN1+1
      CURREC=CURREC+1
      READ (TAPIN,9005) DUM
9005  FORMAT (A1)
      IRF=2
      RETURN
8000  IRF=3
      RETURN
      END

```

PROGRAM TAPSUM

INTRODUCTION

This program reads SITKA data tapes and prints summary reports of the contents by individual wind or seismic events. Within an event, interval summaries are printed every 30 minutes, 10 minutes or every INTRVL seconds as requested by parameter card.

Within each interval summary, the maximum value, minimum, mean and standard deviation are displayed for each channel. Each interval summary has the channels arranged in order of the accelerometers first, then the 'U' wind channels, 'V' winds, 'W' winds, and miscellaneous channels.

The tape summary displays beginning and ending record numbers and time for each interval, record numbers that have I/O or time errors plus total records and errors for the whole tape.

See Figures 52 through 59, Table 15 and Listings 25 through 30.

OPERATIONAL NOTES

Besides inputting tape number and date, several other parameters must be set by the data request card for a run. First the number of files to summarize must be set and the appropriate JCL cards for each file set up.

The length of the interval to summarize must also be chosen. Normally this parameter is set for 600 seconds (10 minutes) the first time run on a tape, although short 120 second runs are sometimes more appropriate to help narrow down the start of acceleration events for further detailed runs by such programs as RBMPLT. The parameter ISECF is set to 0 or 1 depending on if seconds were recorded on a specific input tape. Finally if for any reason processing on a file is to terminate without reading all of that file, an ending record number may be input for this purpose (default value is 9999).

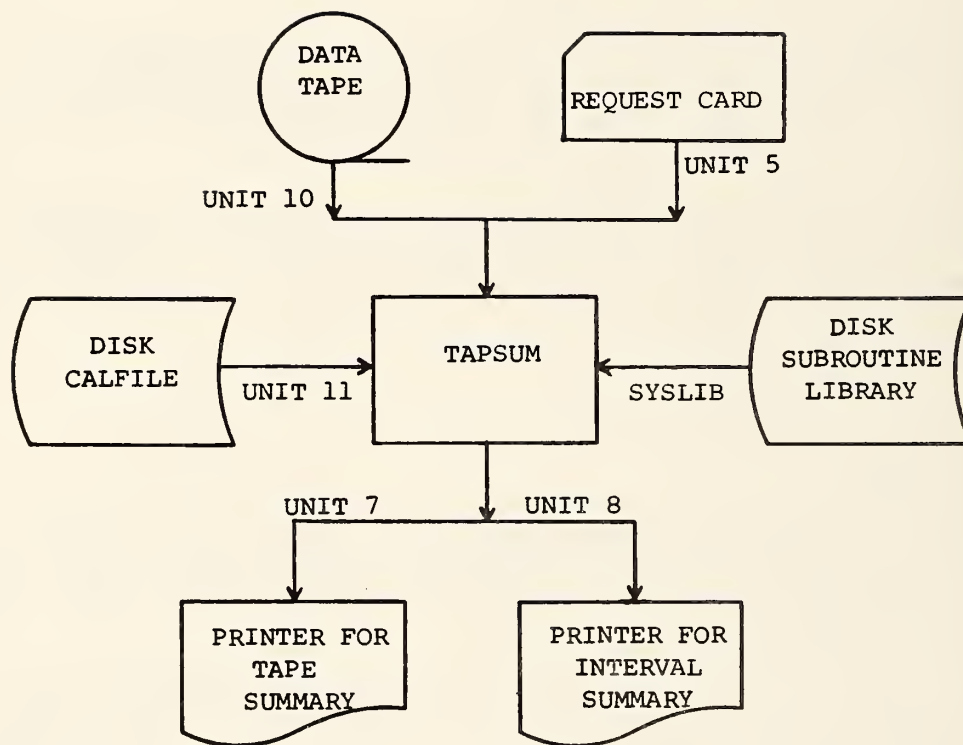


Figure 52. Program TAPSUM Setup

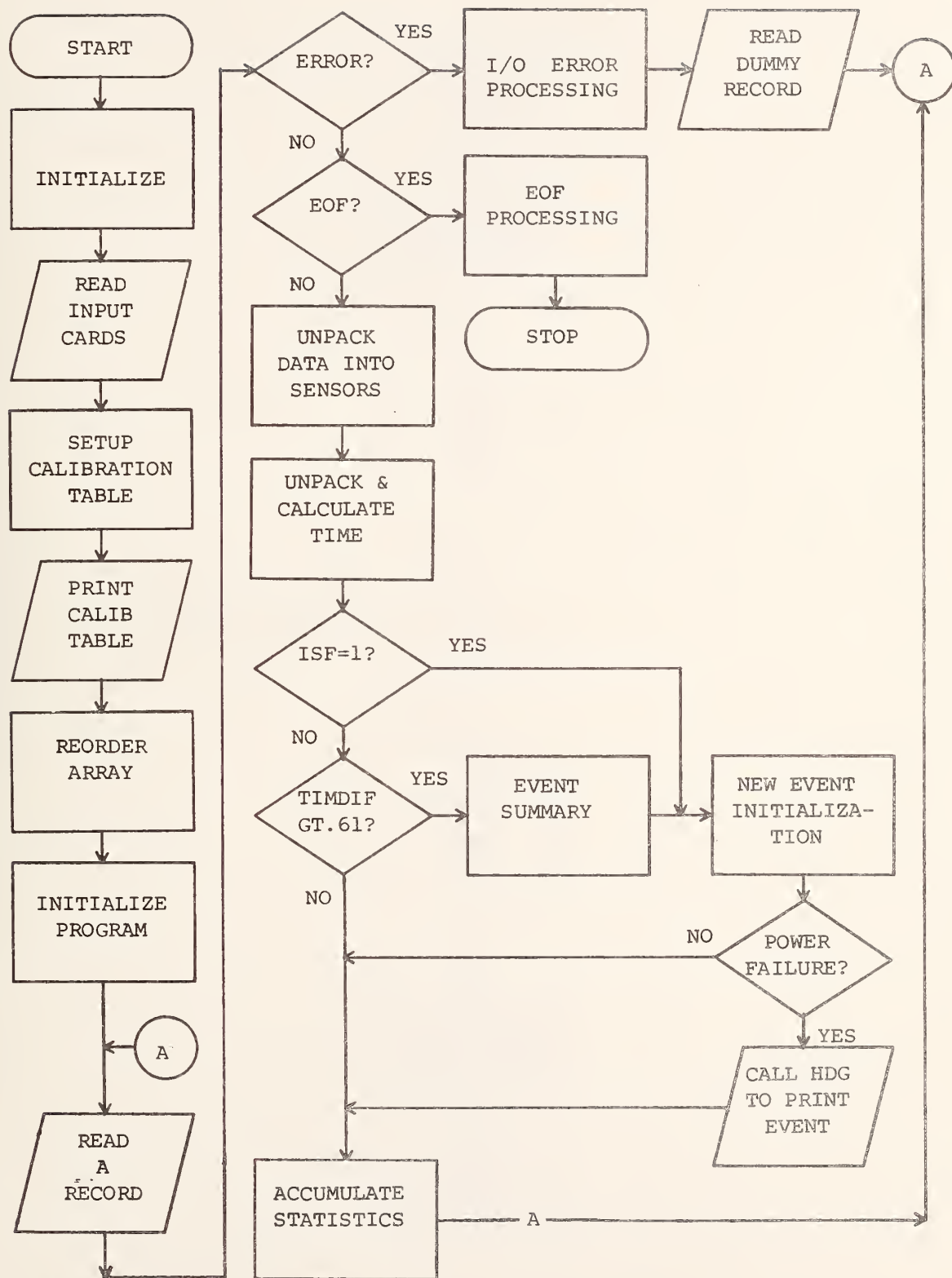


Figure 53. TAPSUM Flow Chart

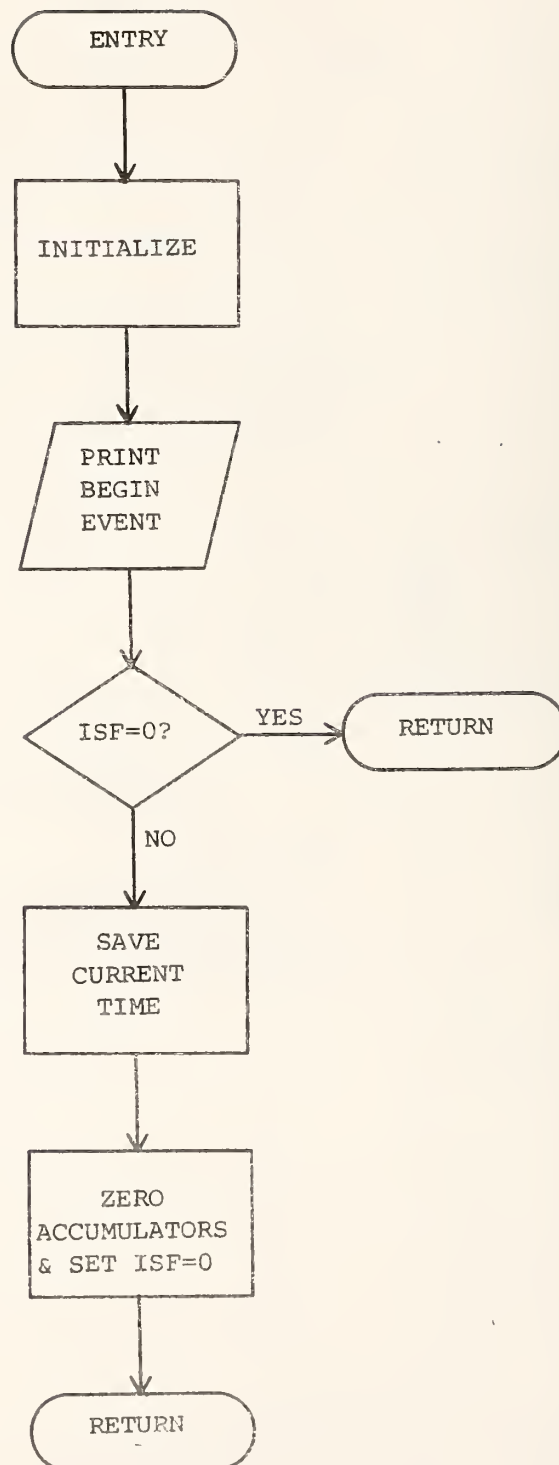


Figure 54. EVINIT Flow Chart

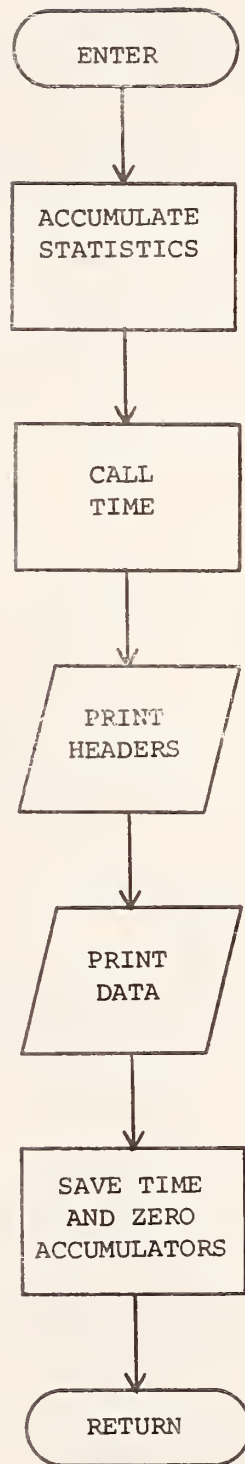


Figure 55. INTSUM Flow Chart

0010436

76300

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	---	Tape number	2A4	1-8
2	72274 - present (Sitka)	Recording date	15	11-15

Figure 56. TAPSUM Tape Number Card Format

1	600	1	4000
---	-----	---	------

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	1-5	Number of files to process	I5	1-5
2	Usually 120,600	Length of summary (seconds)	I5	6-10
3	0,1	Seconds available flag	I5	11-15
4	2-9999	Ending record number	I5	16-20

Figure 57. TAPSUM Request Card

---TAPE SUMMARY---
 TAPE NUMBER 007983
 RECORDED 73180

PAGE 1

RECORD NO	TIME D H M S	COMMENT
1	47: 6:47:30	BEGIN EVENT 1 (WIND)
80	47: 6:54:32	TIME ERROR. LAST TIME- 47: 6:53:49
2429		I/O ERROR. LAST TIME- 47:10: 4:29
2430		I/O ERROR. LAST TIME- 47:10: 4:29
2430	47:10: 4:29	INTERVAL SUMMARY 1- 1
2430	47:10: 4:29	END EVENT 1
-----	-----	-----
2430	0: 3:16:59	EVENT TOTALS
2431	47:10: 6:23	BEGIN EVENT 2 (WIND)
2665	47:10:25:18	INTERVAL SUMMARY 2- 1
2665	47:10:25:18	END EVENT 2
-----	-----	-----
235	0: 0:18:55	EVENT TOTALS
2665	0: 3:35:54	TAPE TOTALS
2		I/O ERRORS
1		TIME ERRORS

Figure 58. Program TAPSUM Tape Summary Output

TAPE NO. 007983
 EVENT NO. 1
 INTERVAL SUMMARY 1- 1

START 47: 6:47:30
 STOP 47:10: 4:29
 DURATION 3:16:59

SENSOR	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	MEAN	STD.DEV.
A1	-0.006	0.014	0.0035	0.0031
A2	-0.004	0.010	0.0024	0.0009
A3	-0.008	0.006	-0.0016	0.0012
A4	0.002	0.022	0.0115	0.0015
A5	-0.028	0.006	-0.0123	0.0015
A6	-0.003	0.019	0.0093	0.0009
A7	-0.019	0.013	-0.0043	0.0017
A8	-0.019	0.009	-0.0061	0.0011
A9	0.057	0.190	0.1023	0.0129
A10	-0.022	0.003	-0.0094	0.0008
A11	-0.251	0.229	-0.0092	0.0427
A12	-0.003	0.003	-0.0004	0.0012
A13	0.402	0.402	0.4020	0.0000
1U	-12.144	14.946	3.2700	2.4247
2U	-6.539	17.748	4.0908	2.6142
3U	-47.640	14.012	3.0675	2.4857
4U	-11.209	14.012	2.6995	2.5212
5U	-3.736	14.012	7.0260	2.9899
1V	0.0	43.904	21.5187	6.5368
2V	2.802	41.101	22.9343	4.3809
3V	4.671	41.101	22.8829	4.3096
4V	1.868	42.036	22.6454	4.4085
5V	0.934	37.365	12.8486	6.3795
1W	-9.341	13.078	2.3736	1.7374
2W	-6.539	10.275	2.5782	1.6023
3W	-7.473	12.144	2.0049	1.6184
4W	-10.275	10.275	0.4108	1.7225
5W	-12.144	12.144	0.7595	2.0289
SEIS	0.078	0.156	0.1534	0.0146
SPAR	-1.250	0.391	-0.4604	0.1438
SPAR	-1.797	-0.313	-1.1176	0.1296
TEMP	5.800	8.337	7.0183	0.3876
CLSF	9.844	9.922	9.8598	0.0015
CLSZ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0000
CLSM	5.000	5.000	5.0000	0.0000
SPAR	9.219	9.375	9.2931	0.0167
SPAR	8.291	8.438	8.3621	0.0145
IRC	0.0	5308.000	275.6652	110.3725

Figure 59. Program TAPSUM Interval
 Summary Output

Table 15. TAPSUM Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
ACUM1	x	R*8	38	Accumulator
ACUM2	x	R*8	1	Accumulator
ARG		I*2	1	Actual IRG read from tape
BURST		L*1	4	Byte work array
CALFIL		I	1	Calibration file unit assignment
CHAN		R	32,70	Channel
CHANO		I	70	Channel number
CONVRT		I	1	Data amplitude word
CURSEC	x	R*8	1	Current seconds
CURTIM	x	I	4	Current time
DATE	x	I	1	Date from tape number card
DAYS		R	1	Days
DHMS		I	4	Days-hours-mins-secs array
ENDREC		I	1	Last record to process
EVBREC	x	I	1	Event beginning record
EVBSEC	x	R*8	1	Event beginning seconds
EVENT	x	I	1	Recording event number
EVINCT	x	I	1	Event initialization counter
EVRECS		I	1	Number of records in latest event
HRS		R	1	Hours
I		I	1	General index
I1		I	1	General index
I2		I	1	General index
I3		I	1	General index
IBLNK		I*2	1	Blank
IDATA		I	560	Work array for 1 record of data
IDAYH		I	1	Hundreds of days
IDAYT		I	1	Tens of days
IHRT		I	1	Tens of hours
IDAYU		I	1	Days
IFLE		I	1	File counter

Table 15. TAPSUM Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
IHRU		I	1	Hours
II		I	1	I + 35
IMINT		I	1	Temporary minutes
IMINU		I	1	Minutes
INBSEC	x	R*8	1	Time at start of interval
ICHAN		I	1	Cal file channel
IDATE		I	1	Cal file date
INNAME		I	1	Cal file name
INTCNT	x	I	1	Interval counter
INTRVL		I	1	Length of data summaries
INTSEC	x	R*8	1	Time elapsed within present interval
INSLOP		R	1	Calibration slope
INSPLS	x	R	1	Interval samples counter
INYINT		R	1	Calib Y intercept
IPWR		I	1	Power failure flag
IRG		I	1	Inter record gap
ISECF		I	1	Data-timing-contains-seconds flag
ISECT		I	1	Tens of seconds
ISECU		I	1	Seconds (units)
ISF	x	I	1	Ready-for-new-event flag
ITM		I	4	Time
J		I	1	General index
JJ		I	1	General index
K		I	1	General index
LASSEC	x	R*8	1	Last seconds
LASTIM	x	I	4	Time of last record
LITIRG		I	1	Literal 'IRG'
LOGD		L*1	2240	Byte array for data record
LOGT		L*I	16	Byte array for time
LSREC	x	I	1	Last record number
MAX	x	R	38	Maximum values array

Table 15. TAPSUM Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
MIN	x	R	38	Minimum values array
MINS		R	1	Minutes
NAME	x	I	70	Sensor name
NFLE		I	1	Number of files to process
NLINES	x	I	1	Line counter
PAGE	x	I	1	Page counter
PRNTIM		I	4	Time printed at end of an interval
PRNTRI	x	I	1	Printer 1 unit assignment
PRNTR2	x	I	1	Printer 2 unit assignment
RECNO	x	I	1	Record number
SECNDS		R*8	1	Seconds
SECS	x	R*8	1	Seconds
SEIS		R	1	Title 'seis'
SENS	x	R	64,37	Array holding 1 raw record
SLOPE		R	1	Slope
TAPENO	x	R	2	Tape number literal
TAPIN		I	1	Tape unit assignment
TEMP		R	1	Temporary variable
TIERRS		I	1	I/O error counter
TIMDIF		R*8	1	Time difference
TOTSEC		R*8	2	Total seconds
TPBSEC	x	R*8	1	Tape seconds
TTERRS		I	1	Timing error counter
TYPE		R	1	Type of event (wind or seismic)
VALUE		R	1	Calibrated data value
VARI		R*8	1	Variance
VOLTS		R	1	Volts per bit
WIND		R	1	Title 'WIND'
YINT		R	1	Y intercept
IBNTIM	x	I	4	Interval begin time

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77168

12/59/15

C*****PROGRAM TAPSUM*****

C

C-----READ SITKA DATA TAPES AND PRINT SUMMARY

C-----REPORT OF TAPE CONTENTS BY INDIVIDUAL

C-----SEISMIC OR WIND EVENTS.

C

C PROG. BY CHUCK GERHARDT S.T.A. 1976

C

C-----COMMON VARIABLES

C

COMMON ACUM1,ACUM2,CURSEC,INTSEC,INBSEC,EVBSEC,TPBSEC,LASSEC,

1 TAPEND,SENS,MIN,MAX,INSPLS,PRNTR2,DATE,EVENT,ISF,RECNO,PAGE,

1 NLLINES,LASTIM,NAME,CURTIM,EVINCT,INBTIM,INTCNT,EVBREC,PRNTR1,

1 LSREC

REAL*8 ACUM1(38),ACUM2(38),CURSEC,INTSEC,INBSEC,EVBSEC,TPBSEC,

1 LASSEC

REAL TAPEND(2),SENS(64,37),MIN(38),MAX(38),INSPLS

INTEGER PRNTR2,DATE,EVENT,ISF,RECNO,PAGE,NLLINES,LASTIM(4),

1 NAME(70),CURTIM(4),EVINCT,INBTIM(4),INTCNT,EVBREC,PRNTR1,LSREC

C

C-----LOCAL VARIABLES

C

REAL*8 TOTSEC,TIMDIF

REAL VOLTS,SLOPE(70),VINT(70),VALUE,CHAN(32,70),

1 INSLOP,INYINT

INTEGER TAPIN,TIERRS,TTERRS,CHAN(70),1,11,11,12,13,LITIRG,

1 IDATA(560),ITH(4),J,K,CONVRT,IMINT,IMINU,IPWR,IHRT,IHRU,1DAYT,

2 IDAYU,1SECT,1SECU, 1RG,PRNTIM(4),CALFIL,ENDREC,1SECF

INTEGER*2 IBLNK,ARG

LOGICAL*1 BURST(4),LOGT(16),LOGD(2240)

EQUIVALENCE (LOGT(1),ITH(1)),(LOGD(1),IDATA(1)),

6(CONVRT,BURST(1))

DATA LITIRG/'1RG'/

C

C-----INITIALIZE DEVICES

C

TAPIN=10

CALFIL=11

PRNTR1=7

PRNTR2=8

C

C-----READ TAPE NUMBER CARD AND DATA REQUEST CARD

C

READ 9000,TAPEND,DATE

9000 FORMAT (2A4,T11,15)

READ 9100,NFLE,INTRVL,1SECF,ENDREC

9100 FORMAT (415)

IF (ENDREC.LE.0) ENDREC=9999

IF (INTRVL.LE.60) INTRVL=120

IF (DATE.GE.72274) GO TO 1

WRITE (PRNTR1,9901)

9901 FORMAT (1H,'INVALID TAPE DATE')

STOP

C

TAPSUM Listing 25 (1 of 6)

C-----SET-UP CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE

```

C
1      I=0
2      READ(CALFIL,9001,END=3) INCHAN,INNAME,INSLOP,INYINT,INDATE
9001   FORMAT(12,T11,A4,T21,F8.4,T31,F8.4,T51,I5)
      IF(INCHAN.GT.1)I=I+1
      IF(INDATE.GT.DATE)GO TO 2
      CHANO(I+1)=INCHAN
      NAME(I+1)=INNAME
      SLOPE(I+1)=INSLOP
      YINT(I+1)=INYINT
      GO TO 2

```

C-----PRINT CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE

```

C
3      WRITE(PRNTR1,9002)TAPEND,DATE
9002   FORMAT(1H1, //T26,'---CHANNEL CALIBRATION TABLE---'/T32,
1  'TAPE NUMBER ',2A4/T34,'RECORDED ',I5, //2(5X,'(CHAN',2X,
2  'SENSOR',4X,'SLOPE',5X,'Y-INT')/2X,74('---'//)
      DO 5 I=1,35
      II=I+35
      WRITE(PRNTR1,9003)CHANO(I),NAME(I),SLOPE(I),YINT(I),CHANO(II),
1  NAME(II),SLOPE(II),YINT(II)
9003   FORMAT(2X,2(4X,I2,4X,A4,3X,F8.4,3X,F8.4))
5      CONTINUE

```

C-----PUT NAME ARRAY IN SENS GROUP ARRAY ORDER

```

C
      I2=2
      I3=2
      DO 6 I1=1,33
      IF(I1.EQ.14)I2=1
      IF(I1.EQ.29)I2=28
      IF(I1.GE.30)I3=1
      NAME(I1)=NAME(I2+35)
      I2=I2+13
6      CONTINUE
      NAME(36)=NAME(34)
      NAME(37)=NAME(35)
      NAME(34)=NAME(69)
      NAME(35)=NAME(70)
      NAME(38)=LITIRC

```

C-----INITIALIZE PROGRAM

```

C
      IFLE=1
10000  CONTINUE
      PAGE=1
      NLINES=60
      CALL HDG
      EVENT=0
      ISF=1
      RECNC=0
      TIERRS=0

```

MAIN

DATE = 77168

12/59/15

```

      TTERRS=0
      CONVRT=0
      VOLTS=20.0/256.0
      DO 10 I=1,4
      LASTIM(I)=0
      CURTIM(I)=0
10    CONTINUE
      LASSEC=0.000
      IBLNK=0

C
C-----READ DATA TAPE RECORD
C
      1000 READ (TAPIN,9004,END=8000,ERR=7000)
           21DATA,(ITM(I),I=2,4),ARG,ITM(1),IBLNK
C9004  FORMAT (56(10A4),3A1,A2,A1,A2)
9004  FORMAT (56(10A4),3A1,A2,2A1)
C      IF (IBLNK.NE.0) GO TO 7000
2000  RECNO=RECNO+1
      LSREC=RECNO-1
      IF (RECNO.GE.ENDREC) GO TO 8000

C
C-----UNPACK CHANNEL DATA; CONVERT TO VOLTS
C-----THEN TO ENGINEERING UNITS

      I=1
      DO 2010 J=1,32
      DO 2010 K=1,70
      BURST(4)=LOGD(I)
      VALUE=CONVRT-128.0
      CHAN(J,K)=VALUE*VOLTS
      CHAN(J,K)=CHAN(J,K)*SLOPE(K)*VINT(K)
      I=I+1
2010  CONTINUE
C
C-----BUILD SENSOR GROUP ARRAY
C
      I=1
      DO 2030 I1=1,32
      I2=2
      I3=2
      DO 2020 I1=1,33
      IF (I1.EQ.14) I2=1
      IF (I1.EQ.29) I2=28
      IF (I1.GE.30) I3=1
      SENS(I,I1)=CHAN(I1,I2)
      SENS(I+1,I1)=CHAN(I1,I2+35)
      I2=I2+13
2020  CONTINUE
      SENS(I1,34)=CHAN(I1,69)
      SENS(I1,35)=CHAN(I1,70)
      SENS(I1,36)=CHAN(I1,34)
      SENS(I1,37)=CHAN(I1,35)
      I=I+2
2030  CONTINUE

```

C-----CONVERT TIME FROM ALPHA TO INTEGER

C

J=1

DO 2040 I=1,13,4

BURST(4)=LOGT(I)

ITH(J)=CONVRT

J=J+1

2040 CONTINUE

IF(ISECF.EQ.0) ITH(4)=0.0

C

C-----UNPACK TIME

C

IMINT=ITH(1)/16

IMINU=ITH(1)-IMINT*16

IPWR=0

IF(IMINT.LT.8) GO TO 2050

IPWR=1

IMINT=IMINT-8

2050 IHRT=ITH(2)/64

IHRU=ITH(2)-IHRT*16

IDAYH=ITH(3)-(ITH(3)/4)*4

IDAYT=ITH(3)/16

IDAYU=ITH(3)-IDAYT*16

ISECT=ITH(4)/16

ISECU=ITH(4)-ISECT*16

IF(ISECT.LT.8) GO TO 2060

ISECT=ISECT-8

C

C-----COMPUTE CURRENT RECORD TIME

C

2060 CURTIM(1)=IDAYH*100+IDAYT*10+IDAYU

CURTIM(2)=IHRT*10+IHRU

CURTIM(3)=IMINT*10+IMINU

CURTIM(4)=ISECT*10+ISECU

C

C-----TIME CHECKS

C

2065 CURSEC=CURTIM(4)*1.00+CURTIM(3)*60.00+CURTIM(2)*3600.00+

16CURTIM(1)*86400.00

TIMDIF=CURSEC-LASSEC

C

C-----CHECK FOR NEW EVENT

C

IF(IISF.EQ.1) GO TO 5010

IF (TIMDIF.GT.61.0001) GO TO 5000

C

IF(TIMDIF.LT.0.000.DR.TIMDIF.GT.15.000.AND.ISECF.GT.0) GO TO 5000

C

C-----CHECK FOR END OF SUMMARY INTERVAL (EITHER 30 MINUTES OR 10 MIN)

C

INTSEC=CURSEC-IMBSEC

IF(INTSEC.LT.0.000.DR.INTSEC.GE.INTVRL) CALL INTSUM

C

C-----CHECK FOR TIME SEQUENCE ERROR

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77160

12/59/15

```

C
2070 IF(ISECF.EQ.0) GO TO 4000
      IF(TIMDIFF.GE.3.9DO.AND.TIMDIFF.LE.5.1DO) GO TO 4000
      TTERRS=TTERRS+1
      WRITE(PRNTR1,9006)RECNO,CURTIM,LASTIM
9006  FORMAT(T11,I5,T21,I3,3(':',I2),T38,
      4'TIME ERROR. LAST TIME-',I3,3(':',I2))
      NLINES=NLINES+1
      CALL HDG

C
C-----ACCUMULATE STATISTICS
C
4000  N=64
      DO 4011 J=1,37
      IF(J.GE.34)N=32
      IF (INSPLS.GT.63.0) GO TO 4005
      MIN(J)=SENS(I,J)
      MAX(J)=SENS(I,J)
4005  CONTINUE
      DO 4010 I=1,N
      ACUM1(J)=ACUM1(J)+SENS(I,J)
      ACUM2(J)=ACUM2(J)+(SENS(I,J)*SENS(I,J))
      IF(SENS(I,J).LT.MIN(J))MIN(J)=SENS(I,J)
      IF(SENS(I,J).GT.MAX(J))MAX(J)=SENS(I,J)
4010  CONTINUE
4011  CONTINUE
      IRG=ARG
      IF(INSPLS.EQ.0.0) IRG=0
      ACUM1(38)=ACUM1(38)+IRG
      ACUM2(38)=ACUM2(38)+(IRG*IRG)
      IF(IRG.LT.MIN(38))MIN(38)=IRG
      IF(IRG.GT.MAX(38))MAX(38)=IRG
      IF (INSPLS.LT.63.0) MIN(38)=MAX(38)
      DO 4020 I=1,4
      LASTIM(I)=CURTIM(I)
4020  CONTINUE
      LASSEC=CURSEC
      INSPLS=INSPLS+64.0
      GO TO 1000

C
C-----NEW EVENT PROCESSING
C
5000  CALL INTSUM
      IF (EVENT.GT.30) STOP 5000
      CALL EVTERM
5010  CALL EVINIT
C
C-----POWER FAILURE CHECK
C
      IF(IPWR.EQ.0)GO TO 4000
      WRITE(PRNTR1,9005)RECNO,CURTIM,LASTIM
9005  FORMAT(T11,I5,T21,I3,3(':',I2),T38,'POWER FAILURE. LAST TIME-',
      3I3,3(':',I2))
      NLINES=NLINES+1

```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77168

12/59/15

```

      CALL HDG
      GO TO 4000
C
C-----I/O ERROR PROCESSING
C
7000  RECNO=RECNO+1
      IF(TIERRS.GT.200) STOP 7000
      TIERRS=TIERRS+1
      WRITE(PRNTR1,9007)RECNO, LASTIM
9007  FORMAT(T11,I5,T38,'I/O ERROR. LAST TIME--',I3,3(' ','I2))
      NLLINES=NLLINES+1
      CALL HDG
      READ (TAPIN,9010) DUM
9010  FORMAT (A1)
      GO TO 1000
C
C-----EOF/EOT PROCESSING
C
8000  IF(IISF.EQ.1) GO TO 9998
      LSREC=RECNO
      CALL INTSUM
      CALL EVTERM
      TOTSEC=TPBSEC
      CALL TIME(TOTSEC,PRNTIM)
      WRITE(PRNTR7,9008)RECNO,PRNTIM
9008  FORMAT(T11,I5,T21,I3,3(' ','I2),T38,'TAPE TOTALS')
      WRITE(PRNTR1,9009)TIERRS,TTERRS
9009  FORMAT(T11,I5,T38,'I/O ERRORS'/T11,I5,T38,'TIME ERRORS')
9998  PRINT 9011
9011  FORMAT (IX,'PROCESSING COMPLETE. ')
      IF(IFLE.GE.NFILE) GO TO 9999
      IFLE=IFLE+1
      GO TO 10000
9999  STOP
      END

```

LEVEL 21

TIME

DATE = 76341

13/31/63

SUBROUTINE TIME (SECS, DHMS)

C

C-----COMPLETES TIME IN INTEGER DAYS,

C-----HOURS, MINUTES, AND SECONDS, FROM REAL SECONDS

C

REAL*8 SECS

REAL DAYS,TEMP,HRS,MINS

INTEGER DHMS(4)

DAYS=SECS/86400.0

DHMS(1)=DAYS

TEMP=DHMS(1)*86400.0

HRS=(SECS-TEMP)/3600.0

DHMS(2)=HRS

TEMP=TEMP+DHMS(2)*3600.0

MINS=(SECS-TEMP)/60.0

DHMS(3)=MINS

TEMP=TEMP+DHMS(3)*60.0

SECS=SECS-TEMP

DHMS(4)=SECS

RETURN

END

LEVEL 21

HDG

DATE = 76341

13/01/43

SUBROUTINE HDG

C

C-----PRINTS TAPE SUMMARY AND COLUMN HEADINGS

C

C-----COMMON VARIABLES

C

```

COMMON ACUM1,ACUM2,CURSEC,INTSEC,INBSEC,EVBSEC,TPBSEC,LASSEC,
1  TAPENC,SENS,MIN,MAX,INSPLS,PRNTR2,DATE,EVENT,ISF,RECNO,PAGE,
1  NLINES,LASTIM,NAME,CURTIM,EVINCT,INBTIM,INTCNT,EVBREC,PRNTR1,
1  LSREC
REAL*8 ACUM1(38),ACUM2(38),CURSEC,INTSEC,INBSEC,EVBSEC,TPBSEC,
1  LASSEC
REAL TAPEND(2),SENS(64,37),MIN(38),MAX(38),INSPLS
INTEGER PRNTR2,DATE,EVENT,ISF,RECNO,PAGE,NLINES,LASTIM(4),
1  NAME(70),CURTIM(4),EVINCT,INBTIM(4),INTCNT,EVBREC,PRNTR1,LSREC
IF(NLINES.LT.55) RETURN
WRITE(PRNTR1,9000)PAGE,TAPENC,DATE
9000  FORMAT(1H1 //T31,'---TAPE SUMMARY---',T65,'PAGE ',I2/T31,
1  'TAPE NUMBER ',2A4/T33,'RECORDED ',I5///)
WRITE(PRNTR1,9001)
9001  FORMAT(T11,'RECORD',T25,'TIME'/T13,'NO',T22,'D  H  M  S',T45,
2  'COMMENT'/T11,60(' ')/)
PAGE=PAGE+1
NLINES=12
RETURN
END

```

HDG Listing 27

SUBROUTINE EVINIT

```

C
C-----INITIALIZES FOR NEW EVENT, AND PRINTS BEGIN EVENT ENTRY
C
C-----COMMON VARIABLES
C
COMMON ACUM1,ACUM2,CURSEC,INTSEC,TPBSEC,EVBSEC,TPBSEC,LASSEC,
1  TAPEVD,SENS,MIN,MAX,INSPLS,PRNTR2,DATE,EVENT,ISF,RECNO,PAGE,
1  NLINES,LASTIM,NAME,CURTIM,EVINCT,INBTIM,INTCNT,EVBREC,PRNTR1,
1  LSREC
REAL*8 ACUM1(38),ACUM2(38),CURSEC,INTSEC,INBSEC,EVBSEC,TPBSEC,
1  LASSEC
REAL TAPEVD(2),SENS(64,37),MIN(38),MAX(38),INSPLS
INTEGER PRNTR2,DATE,EVENT,ISF,RECNO,PAGE,NLINES,LASTIM(4),
1  NAME(70),CURTIM(4),EVIACT,INBTIM(4),INTCNT,EVBREC,PRNTR1,LSREC
C
C-----LOCAL VARIABLES
C
REAL SEIS,WIND,TYPE
DATA SEIS/'SEIS'/,WIND/'WIND'/
EVIACT=0
EVBREC=RECNO
EVBSEC=CURSEC
EVENT=EVENT+1
TYPE=WIND
IF(SENS(1,29).GT.4.0) TYPE=SEIS
WRITE(PRNTR1,9000)RECNO,CURTIM,EVENT,TYPE
9000 FORMAT(T11,I5,T21,I3,3(10,12),T38,'BEGIN EVENT ',I2,2X,
5(' ',A4,' '))
NLINES=NLINES+1
IF(ISF.EQ.0)RETURN
DO 10 I=1,38
ACUM1(I)=0.000
ACUM2(I)=0.000
MIN(I)=0.0
MAX(I)=0.0
10 CONTINUE
DO 20 I=1,4
INBTIM(I)=CURTIM(I)
20 CONTINUE
INBSEC=CURSEC
INSPLS=0.0
INTCNT=0
TPBSEC=0.000
ISF=0
RETURN
END

```

LEVEL 21

EVTERM

DATE = 76341

13/01/43

SUBROUTINE EVTERM

```

C
C-----TERMINATES EVENT, PRINTS END EVENT ENTRY
C
C-----COMMON VARIABLES
C
      COMMON ACUM1,ACUM2,CURSEC,INTSEC,INBSEC,EVBSEC,TPBSEC,LASSEC,
1  TAPEND,SENS,MIN,MAX,INSPLS,PRNTR2,DATE,EVENT,ISF,RECNO,PAGE,
1  NLINE5,LASTIM,NAME,CURTIM,EVINCT,INBTIM,INTCNT,EVBREC,PRNTR1,
1  LSREC
      REAL*8 ACUM1(36),ACUM2(36),CURSEC,INTSEC,INBSEC,EVBSEC,TPBSEC,
1  LASSEC
      REAL TAPEND(2),SENS(64,37),MIN(38),MAX(38),INSPLS
      INTEGER PRNTR2,DATE,EVENT,ISF,RECNO,PAGE,NLINE5,LASTIM(4),
1  NAME(70),CURTIM(4),EVINCT,INBTIM(4),INTCNT,EVBREC,PRNTR1,LSREC
C
C-----LOCAL VARIABLES
C
      REAL*8 SECNDS
      INTEGER EVRECS,PRNTIM(4)
      WRITE(PRNTR1,9000)LSREC,LASTIM,EVENT
9000  FORMAT(T11,I5,T21,I3,3(':',I2),T30,'END EVENT ',I2/T11,5(' '),
1  T21,I2(' '))
      EVRECS=LSREC-EVBREC+1
      SECNDS=LASSEC-EVBSEC
      TPBSEC=TPBSEC+SECNDS
      CALL TIME(SECNDS,PRNTIM)
      WRITE(PRNTR1,9001)EVRECS,PRNTIM
9001  FORMAT(T11,I5,T21,I3,3(':',I2),T30,'EVENT TOTALS'/)
      NLINE5=NLINE5+4
      CALL HDG
      RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE INTSUM

```

C
C-----COMPUTES FINAL TIME INTERVAL STATISTICS
C-----AND OUTPUTS INTERVAL SUMMARY
C
C-----COMMON VARIABLES
C
COMMON ACUM1,ACUM2,CURSEC,INTSEC,INBSEC,EVBSEC,TPBSEC,LASSEC,
1  TAPEND,SENS,MIN,MAX,INSPLS,PRNTR2,DATE,EVENT,ISF,RECNO,PAGE,
1  NLINES,LASTIM,NAME,CURTIM,EVINCT,INBTIM,INTCNT,EVBREC,PRNTR1,
1  LSREC
REAL*6 ACUM1(38),ACUM2(38),CURSEC,INTSEC,INBSEC,EVBSEC,TPBSEC,
1  LASSEC
REAL TAPEND(2),SENS(64,37),MIN(38),MAX(38),INSPLS
INTEGER PRNTR2,DATE,EVENT,ISF,RECNO,PAGE,NLINES,LASTIM(4),
1  NAME(70),CURTIM(4),EVINCT,INBTIM(4),INTCNT,EVBREC,PRNTR1,LSREC
C
C-----LOCAL VARIABLES
C
INTEGER I,PRNTIM(4),J,JJ
REAL*8 VAR1
DO 10 I=1,38
IF(1.EQ.34)INSPLS=INSPLS/2.0
IF(1.EQ.38)INSPLS=INSPLS/32.0
ACUM1(I)=ACUM1(I)/INSPLS
VAR1=ACUM2(I)/INSPLS-(ACUM1(I)*ACUM1(I))
IF(VAR1.LE.0.000) VAR1=1.0D-9
ACUM2(I)=DSQRT(VAR1)
10 CONTINUE
INTCNT=INTCNT+1
EVINCT=EVINCT+1
INTSEC=LASSEC-INBSEC
CALL TIME(INTSEC,PRNTIM)
WRITE(PRNTR2,9010) TAPEND,INBTIM,EVENT,LASTIM,EVENT,EVINCT,
2(PRNTIM(1),1=2,4)
9010 FORMAT(1H1,T11,'TAPE NO. ',2A4,T55,'START ',13,
33(':',12)/T11,'EVENT NO. ',12,T55,'STOP ',13,3(':',12)/T11,
4'INTERVAL SUMMARY ',12,'-',12,T55,'DURATION ',12,2(':',12)/T11)
WRITE(PRNTR2,9011)
9011 FORMAT(T11,'SENSOR',T22,'MINIMUM',T36,'MAXIMUM',T52,'MEAN',T64,
5'STD.DEV.',T10,64('-',12)/T11)
DO 8020 J=1,13
WRITE(PRNTR2,9012) NAME(J),MIN(J),MAX(J),ACUM1(J),ACUM2(J)
9012 FORMAT(T13,A4,T22,F8.3,T36,F8.3,T50,F8.4,T64,F8.4)
8020 CONTINUE
WRITE(PRNTR2,9013)
9013 FORMAT(/)
DO 8040 JJ=1,3
DO 8030 J=13,25,3
WRITE(PRNTR2,9012) NAME(JJ+J),MIN(JJ+J),MAX(JJ+J),ACUM1(JJ+J),
6ACUM2(JJ+J)
8030 CONTINUE
WRITE(PRNTR2,9013)
8040 CONTINUE

```

LEVEL 21

INTSUM

DATE = 76341

13/01/43

```

      DO 8050 J=29,38
      WRITE (PRNTR2,9012) NAME(J),PIA(J),MAX(J),ACUM1(J),ACUM2(J)
      IF (J.EQ.32) WRITE (PRNTR2,9013)
8050  CONTINUE
      WRITE (PRNTR1,9000) LSREC, LASTIM, EVENT, EVINCT
9000  FORMAT (T11,15,T21,13,3(' ',12),T38,'INTERVAL SUMMARY ',12,'-',12)
      NLINES=NLINES+1
      CALL HDG
      INBSEC=CURSEC
      DO 20 I=1,4
      INBTIM(I)=CURTIM(I)
20    CONTINUE
      INSPLS=0.0
      DO 30 I=1,38
      ACUM1(I)=0.000
      ACUM2(I)=0.000
      MIN(I)=0.0
30    MAX(I)=0.0
      RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE WINDOW

INTRODUCTION

This subroutine applies split-cosine-bell tapering to the input time series. The number of points out of the full length (LENG2) which is tapered is given by BBEG2 for the beginning taper and BEND2 for the ending taper. Both of these parameters are normally set up in the calling programs for 10%. The height of the window at the very start (ABEG) and end (AEND) are also normally set up for 10%.

This routine also has the capability to process complex data which is utilized by inputting the length (LENG2) as a negative value.

See Figure 60, Table 16 and Listing 31.

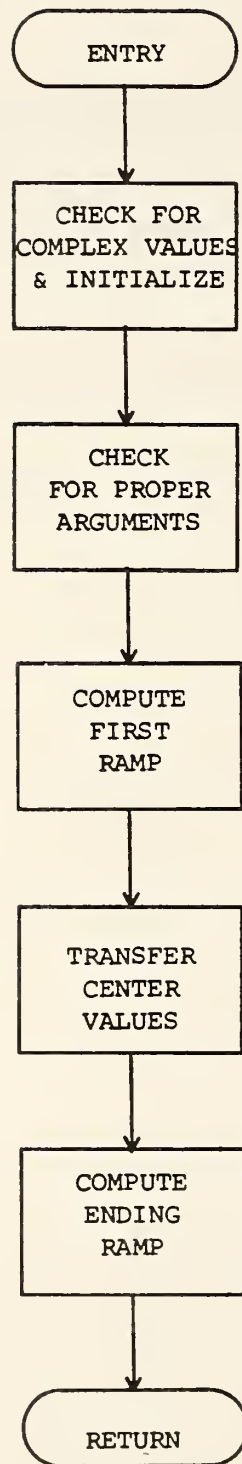


Figure 60. Program WINDOW Flow Chart

Table 16. WINDOW Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
ABEG		R	1	Height of window at X(1)
AMP		R	1	Amplitude
AEND		R	1	Height of window at end of data
BBEG		R	1	Length of taper onset if complex
BBEG2		R	1	Number of points before window reaches max
BEND		R	1	Length of tapering off if complex
BEND2		R	1	Number of points tapering at end of data
COEF		R	1	$AMP * SINP + OFF$
COSNW		R	1	$COSP * CPTB - SINP * SPIB$
COSP		R	1	0. or COSNW
CPIB		R	1	$\cos (PI/BBEG2)$
IFLAG		I	1	Complex data flag
LAST		I	1	End of a window section
LENG		I	1	Length of data if complex
SIMP		R	1	1. or SINNW
LFRST		I	1	Start of a window section
OFF		R	1	Offset
PI		R	1	3.141593
SINNW		R	1	$SINP * CPIB + COSP * SPIB$
SINP		R	1	1. or SINNW
SPIB		R	1	$\sin (PI/BBEG2)$
X		R	passed	Raw data input
Y		R	passed	windowed data returned

```

C    ... VERSION 2  RONALD J. REINER  2/9/73
C    ...   MODIFIED TO HANDLE COMPLEX DATA ARRAYS.  IF LENG2 IS
C    ...   LESS THAN 0 THEN X IS ASSUMED TO BE A COMPLEX ARRAY
C    ...   WITH -LENG2 COMPLEX ELEMENTS
C    .....
C    ...
C    ...   THIS ROUTINE WILL FORM A COSINE BELL WINDOW AROUND
C    ...   ELEMENTS 1 TO LENG2 OF X AND STORE THE RESULTANT
C    ...   ARRAY IN Y.  THE MEANING OF THE FOUR OTHER ARGUMENTS IS
C    ...   DESCRIBED BELOW.
C    ...
C    ...   ABEG- HEIGHT OF WINDOW AT X(1)
C    ...   BBEG2-NUMBER OF POINTS BETWEEN BEGINNING OF WINDOW AND ITS
C    ...   MAXIMUM ONSET OF 1
C    ...   BEND2-NUMBER OF POINTS BETWEEN END OF MAXIMUM ONSET AND
C    ...   THE END OF THE WINDOW
C    ...   AEND-HEIGHT OF WINDOW AT X(LENG)
C    ...   THE ABOVE FOUR VALUES ARE ASSUMED TO BE FLOATING POINT
C    ...   AND ARE CHECKED ON ENTRY FOR THE FOLLOWING
C
C    ...   0.0 GE BBEG2,BEND2
C    ...   BBEG2+BEND2 LE LENG2
C    ...   LENG2 GE 1
C    ...   0.0 GE ABEG LE 1.0
C    ...   0.0 GE AEND LE 1.0
C    ...   Y IS ONLY ARGUMENT RETURNED
C    ...   TRANSFORM MAY BE DONE IN PLACE I.E. X AND Y MAY BE SAME
C    ...   ARRAY
C
C    ..... AUTHOR RONALD J REINER STA 11/6/72
C    SUBROUTINE WINDOW(X,Y,LENG2,ABEG,BBEG2,AEND,BEND2)
C    DIMENSION X(1),Y(1)
C    DATA PI /3.141593/
C
C    ...
C    ...   CHECK FOR COMPLEX X AND SET APPROPRIATE VALUES
C    ...
C    LENG=LENG2
C    BBEG=BBEG2
C    BEND=BEND2
C    IFLAG=1
C    IF(LENG2.GT.0) GO TO 5
C    LENG=-2.0*LENG2
C    BBEG=2.0*BBEG2
C    BEND=2.0*BEND2
C    IFLAG=2
C 5 CONTINUE
C
C    ...
C    ...   CHECK LEGALITY OF ARGUMENTS
C    ...
C    IF(LENG.GE.1) GO TO 10
C    PRINT 1000,LENG
C 1000 FORMAT(1H1,30X,21HWINDOW-LENG ILLEGAL= ,15)
C    STOP 10
C 10 IF(BBEG.GE.0.0.AND.BEND.GE.0.0.AND.BBEG+BEND.LE.LENG) GO TO 20

```

```

      PRINT 1001,BBEG,BEND
1001  FORMAT(1H1,30X,35HWINDOW-EITHER BBEG OR BEND ILLEGAL=
      1,2(G10.4,5X))
      STOP 20
      20  IF(ABEG.GE.0.0.AND.ABEG.LE.1.0) GO TO 30
      PRINT 1002,ABEG
1002  FORMAT(1H1,30X,21HWINDOW-ABEG ILLEGAL= ,G10.4)
      STOP 30
      30  IF(AEND.GE.0.0.AND.AEND.LE.1.0) GO TO 40
      PRINT 1003,AEND
1003  FORMAT(1H1,30X,21HWINDOW-AEND ILLEGAL= ,G10.4)
      STOP 40
C      ...
C      ... FIRST COMPUTE Y(1) TO Y(BBEG)
C      ... INITIALIZE FOR IN-LINE SINE COMPUTATION
C      ...
      40  IF(BBEG.LE.0.0) GO TO 55
      SPIB=SIN(PI/BBEG2)
      CPIB=COS(PI/BBEG2)
      COSP=0.0
      SINP=-1.0
C      ...
C      ... COMPUTE AMPLITUDE AND OFFSET
      AMP=(1.0-ABEG)/2.0
      OFF=(1.0+ABEG)/2.0
C      ...
C      ... NOW COMPUTE
      LFRST=1
      LAST=BBEG
      DO 50 J=LFRST, LAST, 1
      COEF=AMP*SINP+OFF
      Y(J)=COEF*X(J)
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.2) Y(J+1)=COEF*X(J+1)
      SINNW=SINP*CPIB+COSP*SPIB
      COSNW=COSP*CPIB-SINP*SPIB
      SINP=SINNW
      COSP=COSNW
      50  CONTINUE
C      ...
C      ... COMPUTE Y(BBEG+1) TO Y(LENG-BEND)
C      ... THIS AMOUNTS TO A SIMPLE TRANSFER
      55  IF(BBEG+BEND.GE.LENG) GO TO 65
      LAST=LENG-BEND
      LFRST=BBEG+1
      DO 60 J=LFRST, LAST
      Y(J)=X(J)
      60  CONTINUE
C      ...
C      ... COMPUTE Y(LENG-BEND+1) TO Y(LENG)
C      ... SIMILAR TO CONSTRUCTION OF I(1) TO Y(BBEG)
C      ... INITIALIZE
      65  IF(BEND.LE.0.0) GO TO 75
      SPIB=SIN(PI/BEND2)
      CPIB=COS(PI/BEND2)

```

LEVEL 21

WINDOW

DATE = 75021

19/54/30

```
SINP=1.0
COSP=0.0
AMP=(1.0-AEND)/2.0
OFF=(1.0+AEND)/2.0
C   ...
C   ...   AT THIS END, BEGIN WITH SECOND POINT ON CURVE
C   ...
SINNW=SINP*CPIB+COSP*SPIB
COSNW=COSP*CPIB-SINP*SPIB
SINP=SINNW
COSP=COSNW
C   ...
C   ...   COMPUTE
LAST=LENG
LFRST=LENG-BEND+1
DO 70 J=LFRST, LAST, IFLAG
CDEF=AMP*SINP+OFF
Y(J)=CDEF*X(J)
IF (IFLAG.EQ.2) Y(J+1)=CDEF*X(J+1)
SINNW=SINP*CPIB+COSP*SPIB
COSNW=COSP*CPIB-SINP*SPIB
SINP=SINNW
COSP=COSNW
70 CONTINUE
75 RETURN
END
```

PROGRAM WNDSPC

INTRODUCTION

Program WNDSPC provides power spectra of wind gusts given approximately ten minutes of wind data from U, R, W directions of up to five different sensor locations.

Each run using the full five channels then outputs a large Calcomp plot containing 18 spectra with their associated windowed time traces and printer spectra. These 18 are in the three columns (U. R. W) by five down plus an average spectrum at the bottom of each column. Optionally, the data values for these three average spectra are also output on punched cards to provide input for program WNDPRM.

For Sitka and Newport data the input wind data is by a factor of four from a sampling rate of .07 second to .28 seconds. The spectra each go up to approximately 1.8 hz (although the X axis is actually wave number). Each spectra is smoothed with a 19 pt. running average to provide a statistically more significant representation of the underlying stochastic process (probalistic distribution of wave numbers from 10 minutes of wind gust data).

See Figures 61 through 68, Table 17 and Listings 32 through 39.

OPERATIONAL NOTES

To produce punched card output of the three average spectra, set request parameter NPUNCH equal to 1.

Since cards for all three average spectra are all run together without printing on the cards, they are kept separatable by each spectrum ending with an extra card containing only two values. Since these values are beyond the 1024 spectral data points, after the three spectrum decks are separated and labeled the divider cards may be discarded.

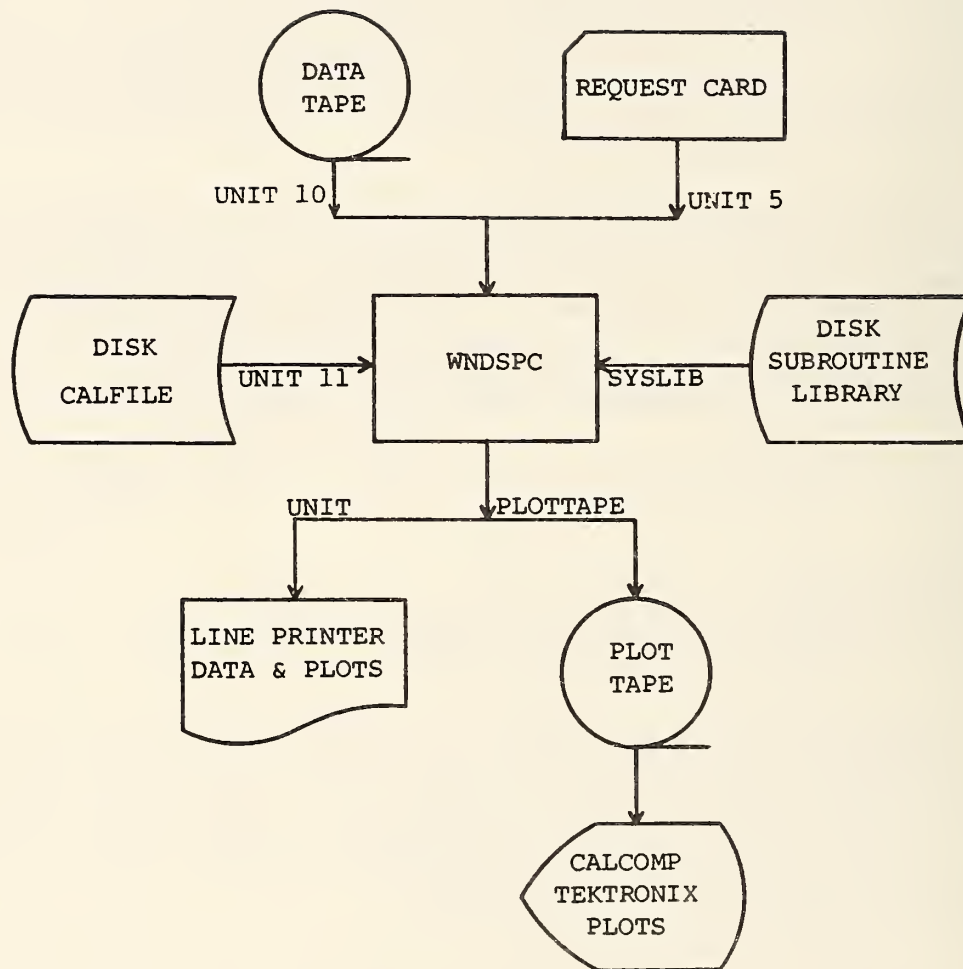


Figure 61. Program WNDSPC Setup Title

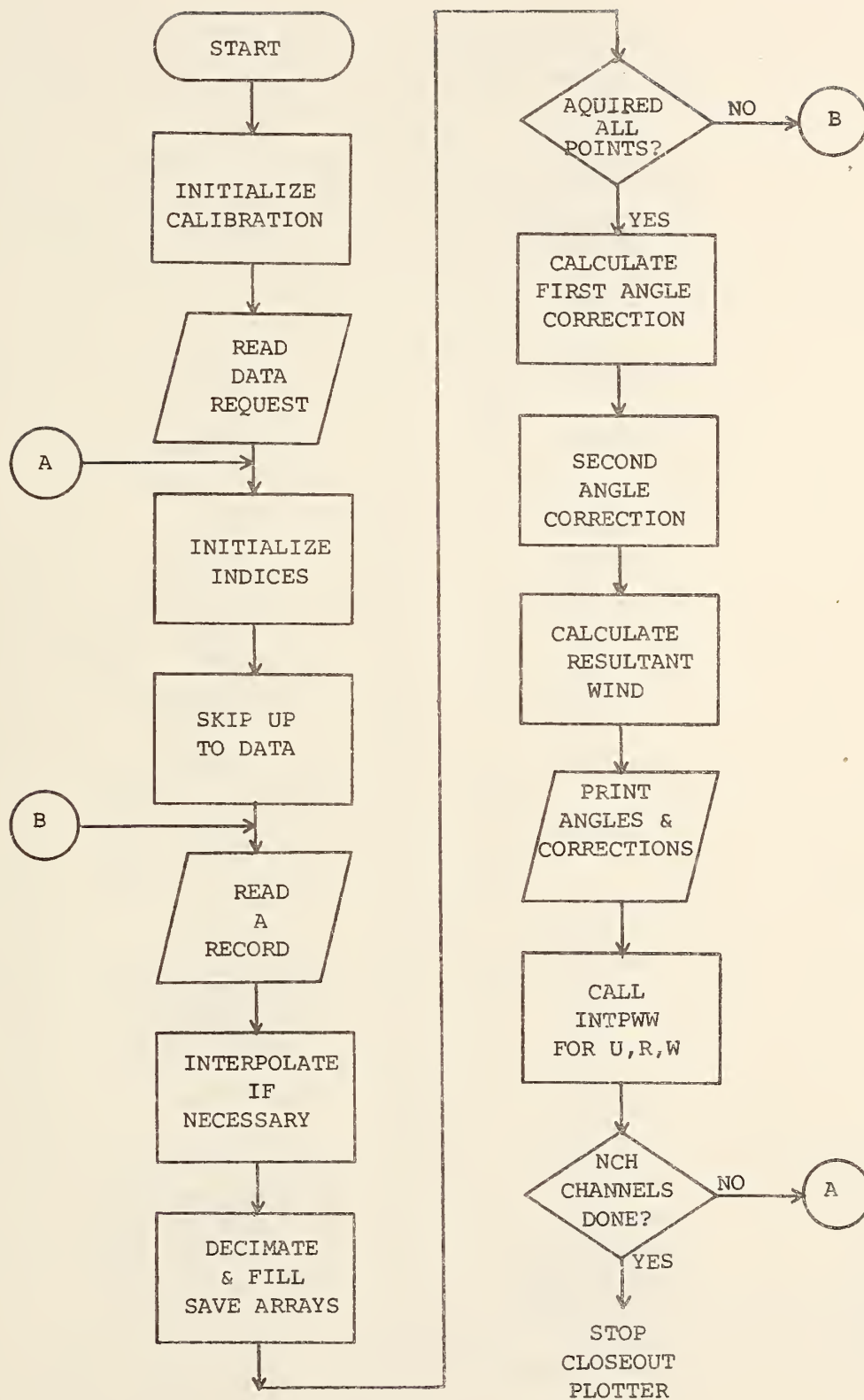


Figure 62. WNDSPC Flow Chart

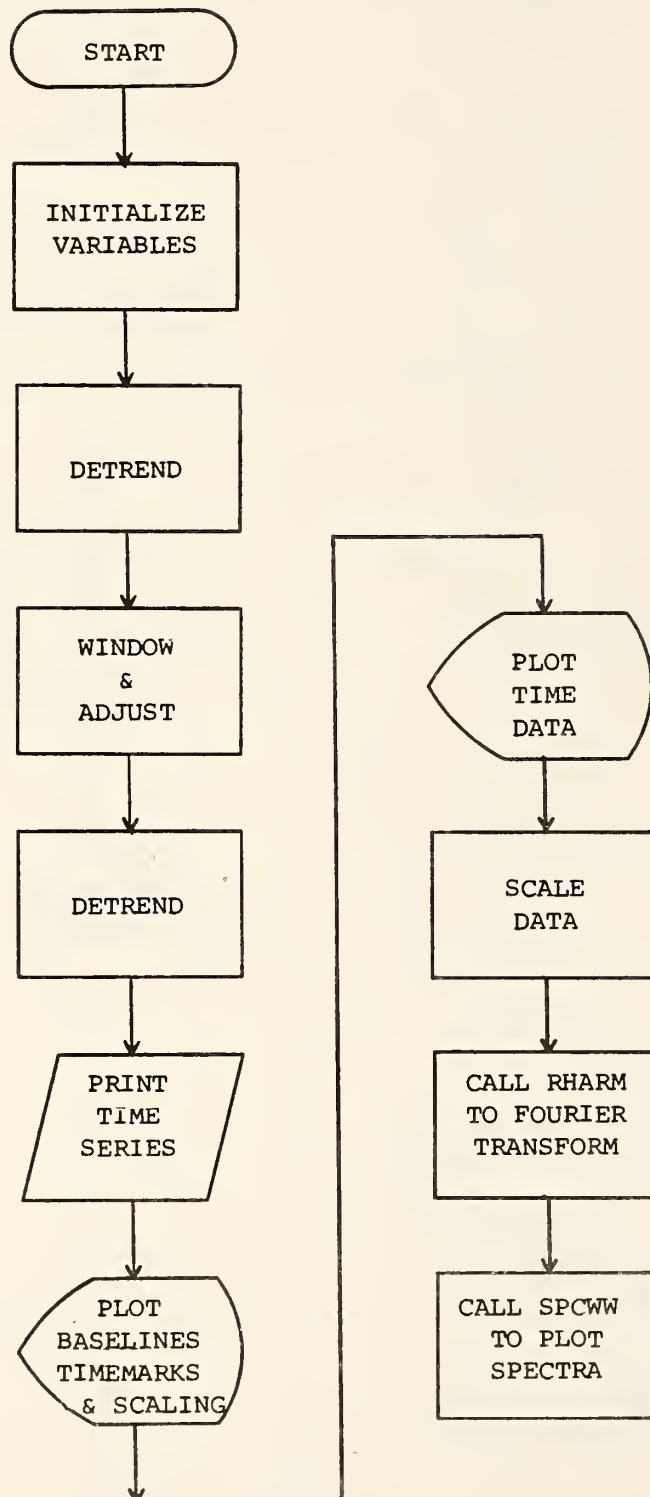


Figure 63. INTPWW Flow Chart

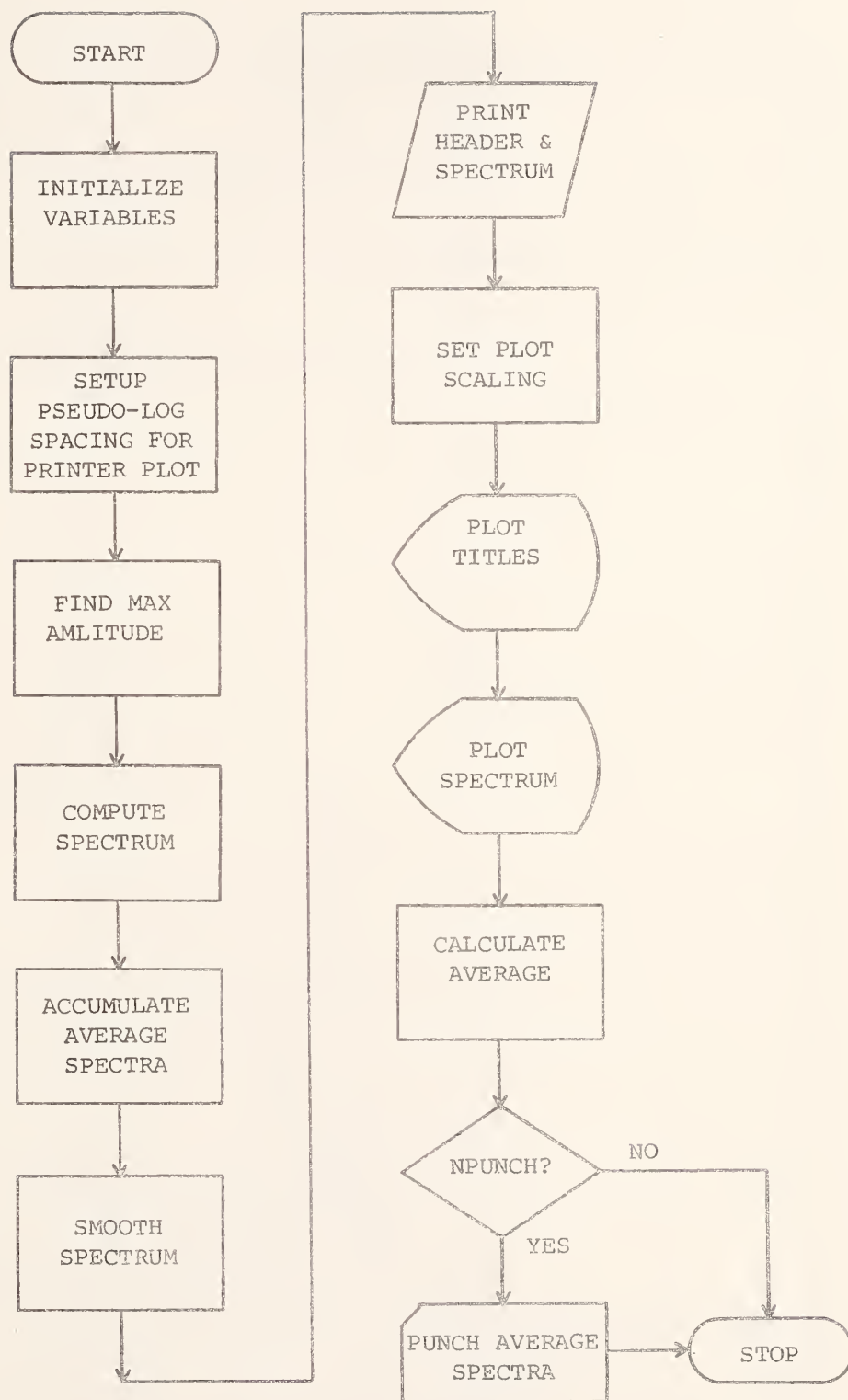


Figure 64. SPCPWW Flow Chart

00C10436 76300

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	---	Tape number	2A4	1-8
2	70300 - 72161 (Newport)	Recording date	15	11-15
	72274 - present (Sitka)			

Figure 65. WNDSPC Tape Number Card Format

10436	150	0	4	2	3	4	5
-------	-----	---	---	---	---	---	---

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	1-99999	Tape number	I5	1-5
2	1-9999	Beginning record	I5	6-10
3	0,1	Punch averages? (1=punch)	I5	11-15
4	1-5	number of channels	I5	16-20
5-9	1-5 (Sitka) 1-9 (Newport)	Channel numbers	5I5	21-45

Figure 66. WNDSPC Request Card

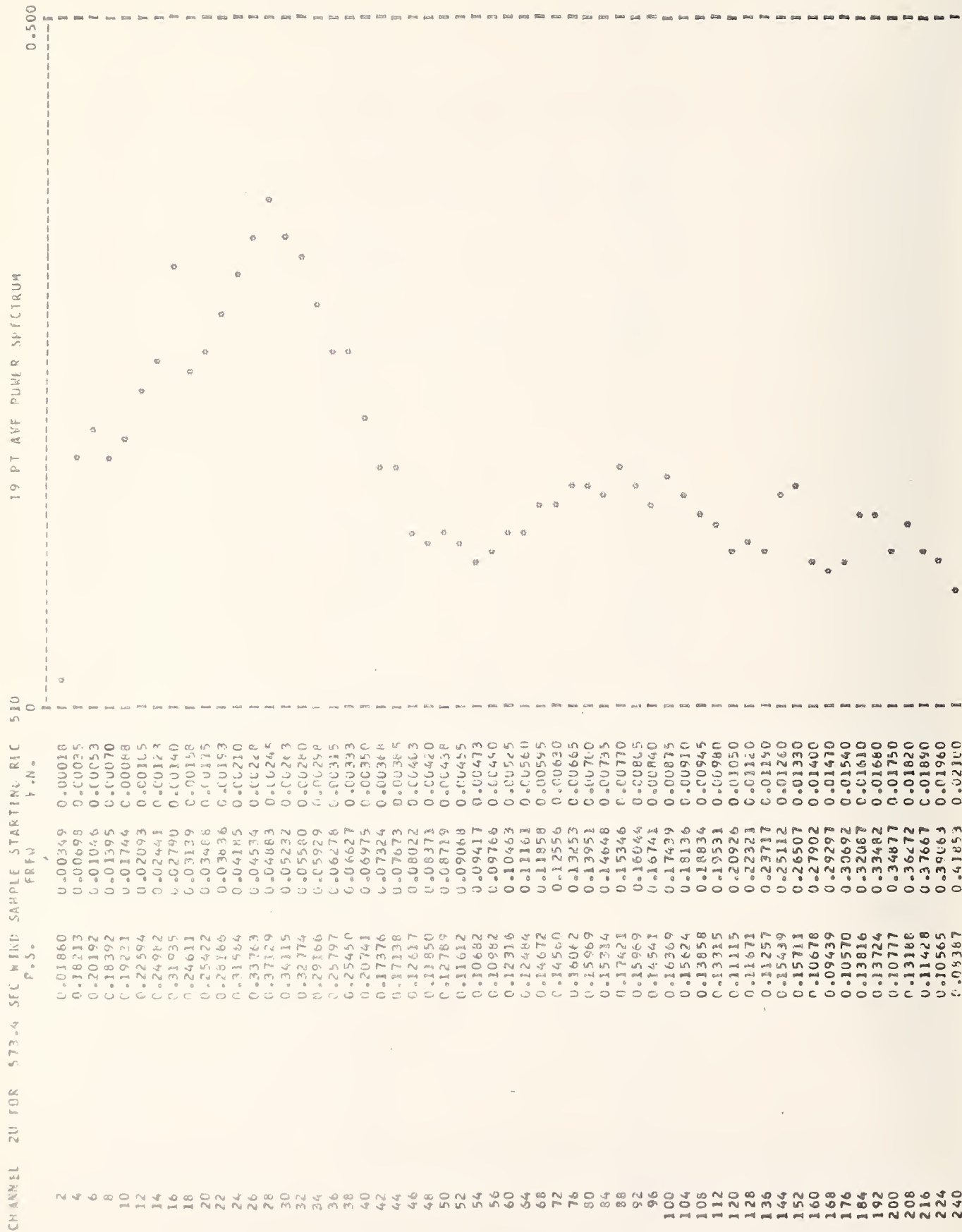
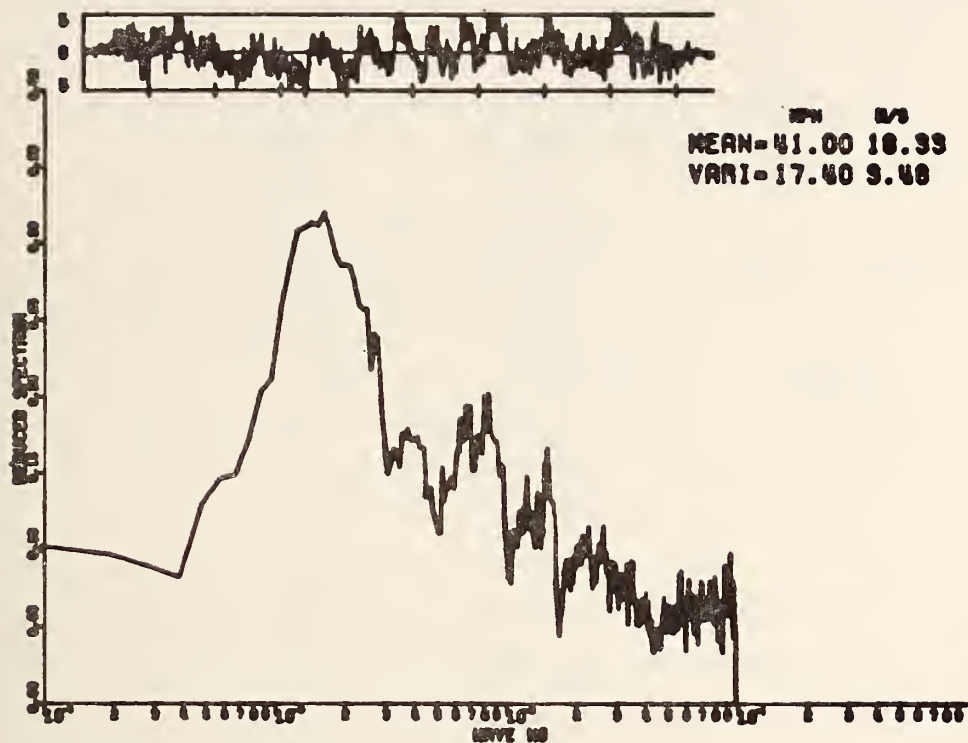
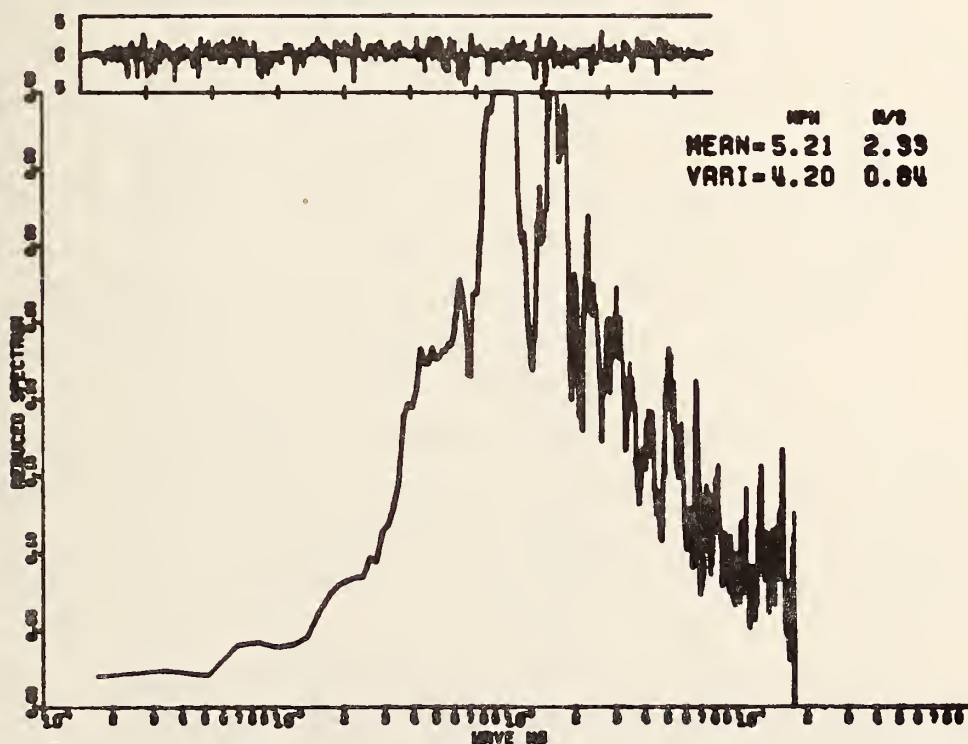


Figure 67. WNDSPC Output



Resultant horizontal - 6R.



Vertical - 6W/U.

Figure 68. Individual Channel Horizontal and Vertical Wind Spectra.

Table 17. WNDSPC Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
A		R	(2, $\frac{1}{2}$ Passed)	Fourier coefficients array
AXX		R	1030	Array of wave numbers
AA1		R	1	First fourier coefficient of a pair
AA2		R	1	2nd fourier coefficient of a pair
ABEG		R	1	Window height at start of data
ADD		R	1	Arcane variable
AEND		R	1	Window height at end of data
AINC		R	1	Printer increment
AMP		R	1	Amplitude
AMP2		R	1	Current amplitude to test for max
ANGL		R	1	Horizontal wind angle V/U
ARG		R	1	Argument
ATTACK		R	1	Vertical wind angle
AU		R	1	Absolute value of a 'U' data point
AV		R	1	Absolute value of a 'V' data point
AZERO		R	1	First term of fourier coefficient
BBEG		R	1	Fraction of window to taper onset
BEGREC	X	I	1	Beginning record of request
BEND		R	1	Fraction of window to taper off
BLANK		I	1	Literal blank
BPER		R	1	Points from end to start taper off
BPRR		R	1	Number of points in to end taper on
CCSIZE		R	1	Calcomp plot size factor
CHANO		I	5	Wind channels to process
COMPX	X	R	3	Wind component
CONVRT		R	1	MPH to M/S factor
CR		R	1	Polynomial correction for given angle
DASH		I	1	Literal -
DATA1		R	21	Temporary array for 'U' data
DATA2		R	21	Temporary array for 'V' data
DATA3		R	21	Temporary array for 'W' data

Table 17. WNDSPC Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
DT		R	1	Sampling interval
EM		R	1	Log (base2) of arg
EYE		I	1	Literal I
FACTOR		R	1	Amplitude conversion factor
FREMAX		R	1	Max frequency
FREQ		R	1	An individual frequency
HMEAN	X	R	1	Mean velocity of horizontal wind
I		I	1	General index
I1		I	1	General index
I2		I	1	General index
IBUF		I	2000	Plot buffer storage
ICH	X	I	1	Current channel being processed
ICOL	X	I	1	Current column being processed
IDATE		I	1	Date
IERR		I	1	Error return flag
IFF		I	1	Function flag
II		I	1	General index
IM		I	1	NP+4
INDX		I	1	Point counter within PT array
INF		I	1	First-call-to-routine flag
INV		I	1	Work array for RHARM
IR		I	1	Cosine of theta
IRF		I	1	Read status flag
ISENSR	X	I	1	Sensor number
ISENU		I	1	Channel number of 'U' data
ISENV		I	1	Channel number of 'V' data
ISENW		I	1	Channel number of 'W' data
ITAPE	X	I	1	Tape number
J		I	1	General Index
JP		I	1	Position within lyne of a data point
K		I	1	General index

Table 17. WNDSPC Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
KOL		I	1	No. of printer plot positions across
L		I	1	Data point counter
LASTPL		I	3	Last channel flag
LENG		I	1	Number of points
LL		I	1	Data point counter
LYNE		I	73	Line array for printer plot
M		I	1	EM Truncated
N		I	1	Number of points
NAVE			1	NPTAVE
NCH	X	I	1	Number of channels
NDEG		I	1	Demean/detrend switch
NK		I	1	Original data points used per record
NMIN		I	1	Number of minutes
NN		I	1	Number of freq points per spectrum
NNP2		I	1	Number of freq points +2
NOREC		I	1	Number of records
NP		I	1	Number of points
NPTAVE	X	I	1	Number of points to average
NPUNCH	X	I	1	Card punch of average spectra flag
NTH		I	1	Print every nth point of spectrum
NUMI		I	1	No. of pts to add by interpolation
NUMLIN		I	1	No. of lines to print
P		R	1030	Unsmoothed spectral points
PT		R	3090	Data for the 3 average spectra
R		R	2100	R Component wind data
RADCON			1	Conversion factor degrees to radians
REC			1	Record number
RECNO		I	1	Record number
RSQ		R	1	Resultant wind squared
S		R	1	Work array for RHARM
SENSR			1	Sensor number

Table 17. WNDSPC Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
SAVEM		R	1	Save mean value
SAVEV		R	1	Save variance value
SENS		R	64,43	1 record of raw data
SKALE		R	1	Scaling factor for time trace plot
STAR		I	1	Literal *
SUMAMP		R	1	Sum of amplitudes within a spectrum
T2		R	1	TMEAN in meters/sec
TANG		R	1	Tangent of horizontal wind angle
TANGW		R	1	Tangent of vertical wind angle
TAPE		R	1	Tape number
TAPENO		I	2	Tape number literal
TAPR		R	1	Fraction tapered at each end
THETA		R	1	Horizontal wind angle
THI		R	1	Height of VSCAL from baseline
TINC		R	1	Plotter increment for time trace
TINCM		R	1	Plotter spacing per minute of data
TLEN		R	1	Length of time trace
TMEAN	X	R	1	Mean velocity
TMEANT		R	3	Mean for average spectrum
TSPAN		R	1	Time spanned by time trace
TTIME		R	1	TSPAN/2
U		R	2100	U component wind data
UAV		R	1	Average 'U' wind velocity
UCOR		R	1	First angle correction for 'U' data
UCOR2		R	1	Second U angle correction factor
UCORD		R	1	Second U angle correction adjusted
UCORF		R	1	Overall 'U' angle correction
UFAC		R	1	'U' component correction factor
USUM		R	1	Sum of 'U' values
V2		R	1	Variance in meters/sec
VARI	X	R	1	Variance of wind velocity

Table 17. WNDSPC Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
VARIT		R	3	Variance for average spectrum
VAR		R	1	Average 'V' wind velocity
VCOR		R	1	First angle correction for 'V' data
VCOR2		R	1	Second V angle correction factor
VCORD		R	1	Second V angle correction adjusted
VCORF		R	1	Overall 'V' angle correction
VEL		R	1	Velocity
VFAC		R	1	'V' component correction factor
VSCAL		R	1	Vertical scale for time trace
VSUM		R	1	Sum of 'V' values
W		R	2100	W component wind data
WAV		R	1	Average 'W' wind velocity
WINC		R	1	Wave number increment
WL1		R	1	Lower limit of 1st wave no. step
WL2		R	1	Lower limit of 2nd wave no. step
WL3		R	1	Lower limit of 3rd wave no. step
WL4		R	1	Lower limit of 4th wave no. step
WORK		R	passed	Data array
WSUM		R	1	Sum of 'W' values
WU1		R	1	Upper limit of 1st wave no. step
WU2		R	1	Upper limit of 2nd wave no. step
WU3		R	1	Upper limit of 3rd wave no. step
WU4		R	1	Upper limit of 4th wave no. step
X		R	1	X coordinate for plotter
XLOC		R	1	Horizontal coordinate of current spectrum
XLOK		R	1	Horizontal offset from plot origin
XT		R	1	Counter to plot minute marks
Y		R	1	An individual scaled trace value
YLOC		R	1	Vertical coordinate for current spectrum
YLOK		R	1	Vertical offset from plot origin

Table 17. WNDSPC Variable Name List (continued)

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
YSAVE		R	1	Save YLOC value
ZEROF		R	1	Frequency increment

MAIN

DATE = 77171

10/28/28 31

CCCCCCCCCCCC

```
***** PROGRAM WNDSPC (SITKA VERSION) *****
```

THIS PROGRAM INPUTS APPROX 10 MINUTES OF WIND DATA FROM U,R,W
DIRECTIONS OF UP TO 5 DIFFERENT SENSOR LOCATIONS USING
ANGLE CORRECTIONS AND DECIMATION BY A FACTOR OF 4.
DATA THEN SETUP FOR THE PLOTTING AND POWER SPECTRA SUBROUTINES.

ROUTINES CALLED: SITKA, INTRPN, WANGL, UYCAL, INTPWH, SPCPWH

PROG. BY RAY SOTOUDEN S.T.A. 12/12/72
MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON DURING 1975 - 1977.

```
COMMON/EXPARH/ITAPE,BEGREC,NPTAVE,NCH,NPUNCH  
COMMON/INPARH/COMPN(3),ICOL,ICH,ISENSR,THEAN,HMEAN,VARI  
DIMENSION U(2100),W(2100),R(2100),IBUF(2000)  
DIMENSION DATA1(21),DATA2(21),DATA3(21)  
REAL SENS(64,43)  
INTEGER CHANO(5),TAPEND(2),RECNO,BEGREC  
CALL PLOTS (IBUF,2000,6)  
CALL NEWPEN (1)  
CCSIZE=.40  
CALL FACTOR (CCSIZE)  
DT=.28  
NPTAVE=19
```

```

READ TAPE NUMBER CARD AND INITIALIZE SENSOR TABLE
IFF=1
CALL SITKA (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)

```

READ DATA REQUEST CARD

```

      READ (5,85) ITAPE,BEGREC,MPUNCH,NCH,(CHAND(I),I=1,5)
85  FORMAT (9I5)
      PRINT 95, IDATE, ITAPE, BEGREC
95  FORMAT (///' SITKA WIND SPECTRA DATE',16,' TAPE=',16,' BEGREC=',15)

```

```
DO 400 ICH=1,MCH  
K=0  
YLOC=(6-ICH)*11.  
ISENSR=CHAND(ICH)  
ISENU=6*CHAND(ICH)-5  
ISENV=ISENU+2  
ISENW=ISENU+4  
RECNO=BEGREC
```

REWIND TAPE AND SKIP UP TO DATA TO USE

```

IFF=2
IF (ICH.EQ.1)      IFF=3
IF (IFF.EQ.2)      REWIND 10

```

```

CALL SITKA (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
PRINT 165,ISENSR,IRF,ISENU,ISENV,ISENW
165 FORMAT ('1SKIPPING DOWN THE TAPE FOR CHAN',I3,3X,'IRF=',I1,' ISENU
1=',I2,' ISENV=',I2,' ISENW=',I2)
DO 170 I1=1,64
DO 170 I2=1,43
170 SENS(I1,I2)=0.
DO 175 I=1,21
DATA1(I)=0.
DATA2(I)=0.
175 DATA3(I)=0.

C
C      SETUP TO READ IN 9.3 MIN OF DATA DECIMATED BY FACTOR OF 4.
C      NOREC=128 FOR NEW SITKA, 120.5 FOR OLD (TO GET 2048 PT SPECTRA)
C      64 PTS/REC * .071 SEC/PT = 4.544 SEC/RECORD
C

NP=2048
NOREC=NP/17+1
IF (IDATE.GE.75236)   NOREC=NP/16

C
DO 250 J=1,NOREC
  IFF=3
  IF (IDATE.GE.75236)   GO TO 200
  CALL SITKA (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)
  IF (J.LE.1)   PRINT 185,IRF,RECNO
185 FORMAT (' IRF=',I3,' RECNO NOW=',I5)

C
C      ADD IN MISSING POINT FOR OLD STYLE DATA
C      BY EITHER ADJACENT REAL DATA OR INTERPOL 1 POINT
C      INITIALIZE INTERPOL IF USED
C

INTERP=1
INTERP=0
IF (INTERP.EQ.1)   GO TO 190
IF (J.EQ.1)   GO TO 210
K=K+1
U(K)=SENS(2,ISENU)
R(K)=SENS(2,ISENV)
W(K)=SENS(2,ISENW)
GO TO 210
190 DO 194 I=1,16
  DATA1(I)=SENS(I*4,ISENU)
  DATA2(I)=SENS(I*4,ISENV)
194 DATA3(I)=SENS(I*4,ISENW)
C      16 POINTS GO IN AND INTERP POINT ADDED AT BEGINNING
NUM1=1
NK=16
INF=1
IF (J.EQ.1)   INF=0
CALL INTRPN(NUM1,DATA1,NK,INF)
CALL INTRPN(NUM1,DATA2,NK,INF)
CALL INTRPN(NUM1,DATA3,NK,INF)
IF (J.EQ.1)   GO TO 210
K=K+1

```

```

      U(K)=DATA1(I)
      R(K)=DATA2(I)
      W(K)=DATA3(I)
      GO TO 210
200 CALL SITKA (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,DATE)
210 DO 220 I=1,16
      K=K+1
C
C      IF ALL DATA POINTS ACQUIRED, JUMP OUT OF THIS DATA AC LOOP
      IF (K.GT.NP) GO TO 260
C
C      USE R ARRAY FOR V UNTIL CORR MADE AND R IS CALCULATED
C
      U(K)=SENS(I*4,ISEHU)
      R(K)=SENS(I*4,ISERV)
      W(K)=SENS(I*4,ISEHW)
220 CONTINUE
250 CONTINUE
C
260 CONTINUE
C
C      SUM, AVERAGE VELOCITIES AND CALC U/V ANGLE
C      PLUS AMPLITUDE CORRECTIONS USING THAT INDICATED ANGLE
C
      CALL WANGL (U,R,W,NP,ANGL,UAV,VAV,WAV,ATTACK)
      CALL UYCAL (UAV,VAV,UCOR,VCOR)
      PRINT 285,UAV,VAV,ANGL,WAV,ATTACK,UCOR,VCOR
285 FORMAT (' UAV=',F6.2,' VAV=',F6.2,' ANGL=',F6.2,' WAV=',F6.2,
1' ATTACK=',F6.2,' UCOR=',F5.2,' VCCR=',F5.2)
      DO 300 I=1,NP
      U(I)=U(I)*UCOR
300 R(I)=R(I)*VCOR
C
C      SUM AND AVERAGE CORRECTED DATA TO SEE IF ANGLE CHANGES
C
      CALL WANGL (U,R,W,NP,ANGL,UAV,VAV,WAV,ATTACK)
      CALL UYCAL (UAV,VAV,UCOR2,VCOR2)
C
C      NOW RECORRECT ANGLE THEN U AND V AMPLITUDES
C
      UCORC=UCOR2/UCOR
      VCORC=VCOR2/VCOR
      PRINT 305,ANGL,UCORC,VCORC
305 FORMAT (' ANGL=',F6.2,' UCORC=',F6.2,' VCORC=',F6.2)
      DO 310 I=1,NP
      U(I)=U(I)*UCORC
310 R(I)=R(I)*VCORC
      CALL WANGL (U,R,W,NP,ANGL,UAV,VAV,WAV,ATTACK)
C
      NOW CALC HORIZ RESULTANT WIND AND STORE IT IN R ARRAY
320 DO 330 I=1,NP
      RSQ=U(I)*U(I)+R(I)*R(I)
330 R(I)=SQRT(RSQ)

```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77171

18/28/28

C

UCORF=UCOR*UCORD

VCORF=VCOR*VCORD

PRINT 365,ISENSR,NP,BEGREC,NOREC,ATTACK,ANGL,UCORF,VCORF

365 FORMAT ('OCHAN',I4,' READY FOR INTPWR FOR',I5,' PTS STARTING AT RE
ICND=',I4,2X,'NOREC=',I4,2X,'ATTACK=',F5.2,' ANGL=',F6.2,' UCORF=',
3F5.2,' VCORF=',F5.2)

PRINT 375,(U(I),I=1,70)

375 FORMAT (' ',10E11.4)

C

ICOL=1 FOR U, 2 FOR R, 3 FOR W INDICATING WHICH COLUMN OF PLOT

~~NPTAVE NUMBER OF PTS TO BE USED FOR AVERAGING. IT MUST BE A~~

~~POSITIVE ODD INTEGER. 1 SHOULD BE USED FOR NO AVERAGING~~

C

ICOL=1

XLOC=0.

C

~~IF (ICH.GE.2) GO TO 500~~

CALL INTPWW (XLOC,YLOC,ISENSR,U,NP)

ICOL=2

XLOC=13.

CALL INTPWW (XLOC,YLOC,ISENSR,R,NP)

ICOL=3

XLOC=26.

HMEAN=TMEAN

CALL INTPWW (XLOC,YLOC,ISENSR,W,NP)

400 CONTINUE

C

500 CALL PLOT(0.0,0.0,999)

STOP

99

END

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77164

19/36/35

```
C
C-----
C
C      ***** PROGRAM WNDSPC (NEWPORT VERSION) *****
C
```

```
C THIS PROGRAM INPUTS APPROX 10 MINUTES OF WIND DATA FROM U,R,W
C DIRECTIONS OF UP TO 5 DIFFERENT SENSOR LOCATIONS USING
C ANGLE CORRECTIONS AND DECIIMATION BY A FACTOR OF 4.
C DATA THEN SETUP FOR THE PLOTTING AND POWER SPECTRA SUBROUTINES.
```

```
C ROUTINES CALLED: NEWPRT, INTRPN, WANGL, UVCAL, INTPWH, SPCPWH
```

```
C
C PROG. BY RAY SOTOUDEH S.T.A. 12/12/72
C MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON DURING 1975 - 1977.
C-----
C
```

```
COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,NPTAVE,NCH,NPUNCH
COMMON/INPARM/COMP(3),ICOL,ICH,ISENSR,TMEAN,HMEAN,VAR1
DIMENSION U(2100),W(2100),R(2100),IBUF(2000)
DIMENSION DATA1(21),DATA2(21),DATA3(21)
REAL SENS(64,43)
INTEGER RECNO,BEGREC,CHAND(5)
CALL PLOTS (IBUF,2000,6)
CALL NEWPEN (1)
CALL FACTOR (0.40)
DT=.28
NPTAVE=19
NDEG=0
```

```
C
C READ TAPE NUMBER CARD AND INITIALIZE SENSOR TABLE
```

```
C
C IFF=1
C CALL NEWPRT (IFF,RECNO,IPF,SENS,TAFEND,IDATE)
```

```
C
C READ DATA REQUEST CARD
```

```
C
C READ (5,85) ITAPE,BEGREC,NPUNCH,NCH,(CHAND(I),I=1,5)
85 FORMAT (9I5)
PRINT 95,ITAPE,BEGREC
95 FORMAT (///' NEWPORT WIND SPECTRA FROM TAPE',I6,' BEGREC=',I5)
```

```
C
C INITIALIZE INDICES FOR A ROW OF 3 SPECTRA (U,R,W)
```

```
C
C DO 400 ICH=1,NCH
C RECNO=0
C K=0
C YLOC=(6-ICH)*11.
C ISENU=3+(CHAND(ICH)-1)*1
C ISENV=ISENU+1
C ISENV=ISENU+2
C ISENSR=CHAND(ICH)
C RECNO=BEGREC
```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77164

19/36/35

C REWIND TAPE AND SKIP UP TO DATA TO USE

C

IFF=2

IF (ICH.EQ.1) IFF=3

IF (IFF.EQ.2) REWIND 10

CALL NEWPRT (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)

PRINT 165,ISENSR,IRF,ISENU,ISENV,ISENW

165 FORMAT(' SKIPPING DOWN THE TAPE FOR CHAN',I3,3X,'IRF=',I1,' ISENU

,

01) IEY0131 SYNTAX=====

J=',I2,' ISENV=',I2,' ISENW=',I2)

DC 170 I1=1,64

DC 170 I2=1,43

170 SENS(I1,I2)=0.

DC 175 ,=1,21

DATA1(I)=0.

DATA2(I)=0.

175 DATA3(I)=0.

C

C SETUP TO READ IN 9.3 MIN OF DATA DECIMATED BY FACTOR OF 4.

C NUREC=128 FOR SITKA, 120.5 FOR NEWPORT (FOR 2048 PT SPECTRA)

C 64 PTS/REC * .071 SEC/PT = 4.544 SEC/RECORD

C

NP=2048

NUREC=NP/17+1

DC 250 J=1,NUREC

IFF=3

CALL NEWPRT (IFF,RECNO,IRF,SENS,TAPEND,IDATE)

IF (J.LE.1) PRINT 185,IRF,RECNO

185 FORMAT (' IRF=',I3,' RECNO NOW=',I5)

C

C ADD IN MISSING POINT FOR NEWPORT DATA

C BY EITHER ADJACENT REAL DATA OR INTERPOL 1 POINT

C INITIALIZE INTERPOL IF USED

C

INTERP=1

INTERP=0

IF (INTERP.EQ.1) GO TO 190

IF (J.EQ.1) GO TO 210

K=K+1

U(K)=SENS(2,ISENU)

R(K)=SENS(2,ISENV)

W(K)=SENS(2,ISENW)

GO TO 210

190 DC 194 I=1,16

DATA1(I)=SENS(I*4,ISENU)

DATA2(I)=SENS(I*4,ISENV)

194 DATA3(I)=SENS(I*4,ISENW)

C

C 16 POINTS GO IN AND INTERP POINT ADDED AT BEGINNING

C

NUM1=1

NK=16

INF=1

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77164

19/36/35

```

      IF (J.EQ.1)   INF=0
      CALL INTRPN(NUM1,DATA1,NK,INF)
      CALL INTRPN(NUM1,DATA2,NK,INF)
      CALL INTRPN(NUM1,DATA3,NK,INF)
      IF (J.EQ.1)   GO TO 210
      K=K+1
      U(K)=DATA1(I)
      R(K)=DATA2(I)
      W(K)=DATA3(I)
210  DO 220 I=1,16
      K=K+1

C
C      IF ALL DATA POINTS ACQUIRED, JUMP OUT OF THIS DATA AC LOOP
      IF (K.GT.NP)   GO TO 260
C
C      USE R ARRAY FOR V UNTIL CORR MADE AND R IS CALCULATED
C
      U(K)=SENS(I*4,ISENU)
      R(K)=SENS(I*4,ISENV)
      W(K)=SENS(I*4,ISENW)
220  CONTINUE
      IF (J.GT.2)   GO TO 250
      PRINT 235,(U(I),I=1,20)
      PRINT 235,(R(I),I=1,20)
      PRINT 235,(W(I),I=1,20)
235  FORMAT (' ',10E11.4)
250  CONTINUE
C
260  CONTINUE

C
C      SUM, AVERAGE VELOCITIES AND CALC U/V ANGLE
C      PLUS AMPLITUDE CORRECTIONS USING THAT INDICATED ANGLE
C
      CALL WANGL (U,R,W,NP,ANGL,UAV,VAV,WAV,ATTACK)
      CALL UVCAL (UAV,VAV,UCOR,VCOR)
      PRINT 285,UAV,VAV,ANGL,WAV,ATTACK,LCOR,VCCR
285  FORMAT (' UAV=',F6.2,' VAV=',F6.2,' ANGL=',F6.2,' WAV=',F6.2,
1 ' ATTACK=',F6.2,' UCOR=',F5.2,' VCCR=',F5.2)
      DO 300 I=1,NP
      U(I)=U(I)*UCOR
300  R(I)=R(I)*VCOR
C
C      SUM AND AVERAGE CORRECTED DATA TO SEE IF ANGLE CHANGES
C
      CALL WANGL (U,R,W,NP,ANGL,UAV,VAV,WAV,ATTACK)
      CALL UVCAL (UAV,VAV,UCOR2,VCOR2)
C
C      NOW RECORRECT ANGLE THEN U AND V AMPLITUDES
C
      UCOR2=UCOR2/UCOR
      VCOR2=VCOR2/VCOR
      PRINT 305,ANGL,UCOR2,VCOR2
305  FORMAT (' ANGL=',F6.2,' LCCR2=',F6.2,' VCCR2=',F6.2)
      DO 310 I=1,NP

```

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77164

19/36/35

```

      U(I)=U(I)*UCORD
310  R(I)=R(I)*VCORD
      CALL WANGL (U,R,W,NP,ANGL,UAV,VAV,WAV,ATTACK)
C
C      NOW CALC HORIZ RESULTANT WIND AND STORE IT IN R ARRAY
C
320  DO 330 I=1,NP
      RSQ=U(I)*U(I)+R(I)*R(I)
330  R(I)=SQRT(RSQ)
C
      UCORF=UCOR*UCORD
      VCORF=VCOR*VCORD
      PRINT 365,ISENSR,NP,BEGREC,NLREC,ATTACK,ANGL,UCORF,VCORF
365  FORMAT ('OCHAN',I4,' READY FLR INTPWR FOR ',I5,' PTS STARTING AT RE
1CND=',I4,2X,'NLREC=',I4,2X,'ATTACK=',F5.2,' ANGL=',F6.2,' UCORF=',
3F5.2,' VCORF=',F5.2)
      PRINT 375,(U(I),I=1,70)
375  FORMAT (' ',10E11.4)
C
C      ICOL=1 FOR U, 2 FOR R, 3 FLR W  INDICATING WHICH COLUMN OF PLOT
C
      ICOL=1
      XLOC=0.
      CALL INTPWH (XLOC,YLOC,ISENSR,U,NP)
      ICOL=2
      XLOC=13.
      IF (ICN.GE.2) GO TO 500 TEST ONLY
      CALL INTPWH (XLOC,YLOC,ISENSR,R,NP)
      ICOL=3
      XLOC=26.
      HMEAN=THEAN
      CALL INTPWH (XLOC,YLOC,ISENSR,W,NP)
400  CONTINUE
C
500  CALL PLOT(0.0,0.0,999)
      STOP          99
      END

```

C SUBROUTINE I N T P W H

C-----
C THIS INTERMEDIATE ROUTINE PLOTS WIND AND SETS UP WIND SPECTRUM.
C ROUTINES CALLED ARE: DETRND, WINDOW, AMRM, SPCPM

C PARAMETERS

C XLOC,YLOC- STARTING LOCATION FOR THE PLOT ON PAPER
C ISENSE- SENSOR NAME OR NUMBER
C WORK- WORK ARRAY. THIS ARRAY MUST BE DIMENSIONED 10 LOCATIONS
C LARGER THAN LENG
C LENG- # OF DATA PNTS. TO BE USED. MUST BE GE 8 AND LE 4096

C NOTE: IF LENG GT 4096 , CHANG THE DIMENSION OF INV & S IN THIS
C PROGRAM TO 1/8 OF LENG

C PROG. BY RAY SOTOUDEH S.T.A. 3/7/74
C MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON S.T.A. 1975,1976

C-----
C

SUBROUTINE INTPWH (XLOC,YLOC,ISENSE,WORK,LENG)
COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,NPTAVE,KCH,NPUNCH
COMMON/INPARM/COMPX(3),ICOL,IOM,ISENS,TMEAN,HMEAN,VARI
DIMENSION WORK(1)
DIMENSION INV(512),S(512)
INTEGER BEGREC
DATA ABEG,AEND,BBEG,BEND/.10,.10,.10,.10/
TAPR=BBEG
NP=LENG
DT=.07
CCSIZE=.40

C M=10 (1024) FOR 10 MINUTE SPECTRA (IM=2052 AFTER DECIMATION)
C ARG=NP/2
C EM=(ALOG10(ARG))/(ALOG10(2.)) * .1
C PRINT 165,NP,EM,ISENS,COMPX(ICOL)
165 FORMAT (///' NP=',15,' EM=',F4.1,' FOR CHAN',13,A1,' WIND DATA')
C H=EM
C IM=2*(2**M)+4.49

C
C REMOVE LINEAR TREND AND CALCULATE MEAN AND VARIANCE
C

NDEG=1
PRINT 195,NDEG
195 FORMAT (// ' READY FOR DETRND,NDEG=',12,12X,'TMEAN,VARI IN MPH')
CALL DTRND2 (WORK(1),NP,NDEG,TMEAN,VARI)
SAVEH=TMEAN
SAVEV=VARI

C
C WINDOW THE DATA ARRAY
C READJUST AMPLITUDE FOR LOSS TO WINDOW FUNCTION
C

BPRR=BBEG*NP+.5
BPER=BEND*NP+.5
CALL WINDOW (WORK,WORK,NP,ABEG,BPRR,AEND,BPER)
FACTOR=1./(1.-TAPR)

LEVEL 21

INTPHW

DATE = 77171

18/28/28

```

DO 300 I=1,NP
300 WORK(I)=WORK(I)*FACTOR
CALL DTRND2 (WORK(I),NP,NDEG,TMEAN,VARI)
TMEAN=SAVEM
VARI=SAVEV
C
C
C      CONVERT TIME DATA FROM MPH TO M/S AND PRINTOUT THE TIME TRACE.
C
CONVRT=.447
DO 302 I=1,NP
302 WORK(I)=WORK(I)*CONVRT
303 CONTINUE
PRINT 305
305 FORMAT (' THE FOLLOWING DATA IS THE DECIMATED TIME TRACE IN METERS
X/SEC AFTER WINDOWING AND READY FOR FOURIER TRANSFORMING')
NUMLIN=NP/10+1
L=1
DO 310 K=1,NUMLIN
LL=L+9
PRINT 315,(WORK(I),I=L,LL)
310 L=L+10
315 FORMAT (' ',10F10.4)
C
C
C      DRAW FRAME AROUND TIME TRACE AND PLOT THE MINUTE MARKS.
C
XLOK=XLOC+0.5
YLOK=YLOC+8.5
CALL PLOT (XLOK,YLOK,-3)
TINC=.002/CCSIZE * 2048/LENG *DT/.07
TINCH=TINC*64.*13.2
TLEN=TINC*NP
THI=.25/CCSIZE
CALL PLOT (TLEN,0.,+2)
CALL PLOT (0.,0.,+2)
CALL PLOT (0.,THI,+2)
CALL PLOT (TLEN,THI,+2)
CALL PLOT (0.,0.,+3)
CALL PLOT (0.,-THI,+2)
CALL PLOT (TLEN,-THI,+2)
CALL PLOT (0.,0.,+3)
XT=0.
NMIN=9
DO 330 I=1,NMIN
XT=XT+TINCH
330 CALL SYMBOL (XT,-THI,.14,13,C.,-1)
CALL PLOT (0.,0.,+3)
C
C
C      ADD VERTICAL AXIS SCALE VALUES AND SCALE THE DATA ACCORDINGLY.
C      SCALE 5 M/S (11.2MPH) = .25 INCH AFTER REDUCTION.
C      THEN PLOT CONDITIONED TIME SERIES DATA IN M/S FROM MEAN WIND
C
CALL SYMBOL (-.3,THI-.14,.14,1H5,0.,1)
CALL SYMBOL (-.3,THI,.14,2H+5,0.,2)
CALL SYMBOL (-.3,-.07,.14,1H0,0.,1)

```

LEVEL 21

INTPWW

DATE = 77171

18/28/28

CALL SYMBOL (-.3,-TH1,.14,1H5,0.,1)

CALL PLOT (0.,0.,+3)

VSCAL=5.

SKALE=TH1/VSCAL

X=0.

DO 350 I=1,NP

X=X+TINC

Y=WORK(1)*SKALE

CALL PLOT (X,Y,+2)

350 CONTINUE

C

C

RESTORE ORIGINAL ORIGIN

CALL PLOT (-XLOK,-YLOK,-3)

500 CONTINUE

C

C

C

COMPUTE FOURIER COEF. THEN CALL TO PLOT REDUCED WIND SPECTRUM.

CALL RHARM (WORK(1),M,INV,S,IERR)

IF (IERR.NE.0) PRINT 555,IERR

555 FORMAT (1H1,20HINTPWR--RHARM IERR= ,12)

CALL SPCPW (XLOC,YLOC,WORK(1),IM)

RETURN

END

LEVEL 21

MAIN

DATE = 77164

19/36/35

C SUBROUTINE S P C P W W

C-----
 C THIS PRGC. COMPUTES AND PLOTS POWER AND REDUCED SPECTRUM
 C
 C ROUTINES CALLED: NONE

C PARAMETERS

C XLOC,YLOC- STARTING LOCATION ON PAPER
 C A- DATA ARRAY AS RETURNED BY 'R-ARM'
 C CONTAINING N/2-2 UNIQUE COMPLEX POINTS
 C FOR 10 MIN SPEC WITH DT=.28SEC, N=2052 SO NN=1024,NNP2=1026

C
 C PROG. BY RAY SOTOUDEH S.T.A. 3/7/74
 C MODIFIED BY DUANE NELSON DURING 1975-1977
 C-----

SUBROUTINE SPCPW (XLOC,YLOC,A,N)
 COMMON/EXPARM/ITAPE,BEGREC,NPTAPE,ACH,NPUNCH
 COMMON/INPARM/COMPX(3),ICOL,ICH,LSENS,TMEAN,HMEAN,VAR1
 DIMENSION A(2,1),LYNE(73),P(1030),AXX(1030),S(1030)
 DIMENSION PT(3090),TMEANT(3),VARIT(3),LASTPL(3)
 INTEGER LYNE,BLANK,EYE,DASH,STAR,JF
 INTEGER BEGREC

C ALPHANUMERIC DATA STORED LEFT JUSTIFIED
 DATA BLANK,EYE,DASH,STAR,KOL/1H,1H1,1H-,1H*,73/

C INITIALIZE PROGRAM
 C SET INDEX FOR COLUMN (U,W,CR R)
 C SAVE YLOC TO GET FROM AVE PLOT TO 5TH CHAN YLOC FOR NEXT COLUMN.
 C

DT=.28
 INDX=(ICOL-1)*1030
 YSAVE=YLOC
 IF (ICH.GT.1.OR.ICOL.GT.1) GO TO 20
 DO 3 I=1,1030

3 S(I)=0.

DO 4 I=1,3090

4 PT(I)=0.

DO 5 I=1,3
 TMEANT(I)=0.
 VARIT(I)=0.

5 LASTPL(I)=0

NNP2=N/2

20 CONTINUE

AZER0=A(1,1)
 T2=TMEAN*.447
 V2=VAR1*.447*.447

30 NN=N/2-2

C ZEROF=.001744 FOR DT=.28 10 MINUTE SPECTRA
 ZEROF=1.0/((N-4)*DT)
 FREMAX=NN*ZEROF
 TSPAN=(N-4)*DT
 TTIME=TSPAN/2.

C
 C VEL AND T2 BOTH ARE MEAN WIND SPEED IN METERS/SEC

SPCPWW Listing 35 (1 of 5)

C BUT VEL IS USED ONLY FOR WAVE NUMBER CALC

C

VEL=T2

IF (VEL.LT.0.) VEL=-VEL

IF (ICOL.LT.3) GO TO 70

C

C SPECIAL SET-UP FOR VERTICAL SPECTRA USES HORIZONTAL MEAN VELOCITY

C

WHOSE VALUE WAS LOADED INTO HMEAN IN MAIN DRIVER PROGRAM

C

VEL=HMEAN*.447

IF (ICH.EQ.NCH) VEL=SAVERV*.447

IF (VEL.LT.0.) VEL=-VEL

70 CONTINUE

C

C

SET UP PSEUDO-LOG SPACING OF PRINTER-PLT SPECTRUM

C

WINC=ZERCF/VEL

WL1=.005

WU1=WL1+WINC

WL2=.010

WU2=WL2+WINC

WL3=.020

WU3=WL3+WINC

WL4=.050

WU4=WL4+WINC

IF (ICOL.EQ.3) PRINT 74,VEL,WINC

74 FORMAT (' VERT CHAN VEL=',F7.3,' WINC=',F7.4)

PRINT 75,N,DT,VEL,T2,VARI

75 FORMAT (' N=',I4,' DT=',F7.4,' VEL=',F7.3,' T2=',F7.3,' VARI=',

1F8.3)

C

C

FIND MAX AMPLITUDE AND SUM OF RAW P.S.D. (BEFORE REDUCING UNITS)

C

BUT MANUALLY SET MAXAMP TO .5 IF CCNSTANT SCALING FOR ALL SPECTRA

C

AMP=(A(1,2)*A(1,2)+A(2,2)*A(2,2))*TTIME

SUMAMP=AMP

AMP=AMP*ZERCF/V2

DO 100 I=3,NN

AMP2=(A(1,I)*A(1,I)+A(2,I)*A(2,I))*TTIME

SUMAMP=SUMAMP+AMP2

IF (ISPCTH.EQ.1) AMP2=AMP2*(1-1)*ZERCF/V2

IF (AMP2.GT.AMP) AMP=AMP2

100 CONTINUE

AMP=.5

AINC=(KOL-1)/AMP

C

C

COMPUTE SPEC. AND PHASE

C

DO 300 I=1,NN

FREQ=I*ZERCF

AA1=A(1,I+1)

AA2=A(2,I+1)

IF (AA1.EQ.0.0) AA1=.001

IF (AA2.EQ.0.0) AA2=.001

LEVEL 21

SPCPWW

DATE = 77164

19/36/35

A(1,1)=(AA1*AA1+AA2*AA2)*TTIME

A(1,1)=A(1,1)*FREQ/V2

A(2,1)=ATAN2(AA1,AA2)*57.2956

270 P(1)=A(1,1)

C

C

C

ALSO ACCUMULATE FOR AVERAGE SPECTRA

PT(1+INDX)=PT(1+INDX)+P(1)

300 CONTINUE

TMEANT(ICOL)=TMEANT(ICOL)+TMEAN

VARIT(ICOL)=VARIT(ICOL)+VAR1

C

350 CONTINUE

C

C

C

C

CALL SMOOTHING ROUTINE FOR UNSMOOTHED DATA ARRAY P OF NN POINTS

S IS THE SMOOTHED OUTPUT AVERAGED OVER NPTAVE PTS (USUALLY=19)

NTH=1

IF (TSPAN.GT.500.) NTH=NTH*2

IF (TSPAN.GT.1000.) NTH=NTH*2

CALL AVERG2(P,NN,NPTAVE,S)

C

C

C

PRINT SPECTRUM HEADING

DO 400 I=1,KOL

LYNE(I)=DASH

400 CONTINUE

LYNE(I)=EYE

LYNE(KOL)=EYE

PRINT 405,LSENS,COMPX(ICOL),TSPAN,BEGREC,NPTAVE,APP,LYNE

405 FORMAT(1H1,'CHANNEL',13,A1,' FOR',F7.1,' SEC WIND SAMPLE STARTING

1 REC',15,20X,12,' PT AVE POWER SPECTRUM',/,27X,'P.S.',6X,'FREQ',

25X,'W.N.',5X,'0',66X,F7.3,/55X,73A1)

DO 420 I=1,KOL

420 LYNE(I)=BLANK

IF (VEL.LT.10.) NTH=NTH/2

IF (VEL.LT.5.0.AND.NTH.GE.2) NTH=NTH/2

DO 500 I=1,NN

FREQ=1+ZEROF

IF (S(I).LE.0.0) S(I)=0.00001

IF (S(I).GT..40) S(I)=0.40

AXX(I)=FREQ/VEL

IF(AXX(I).LT.0.0) AXX(I)=0.00001

C

C

C

ONLY PRINT EVERY NTH POINT OF SMOOTHED SPECTRA IF LONG

IF (AXX(I).GT.WL1.AND.AXX(I).LT.WU1) NTH=NTH*2

IF (AXX(I).GT.WL2.AND.AXX(I).LT.WU2) NTH=NTH*2

IF (AXX(I).GT.WL3.AND.AXX(I).LT.WU3) NTH=NTH*2

IF (AXX(I).GT.WL4.AND.AXX(I).LT.WU4) NTH=NTH*2

IF (MOD(I,NTH).NE.0) GO TO 500

LYNE(I)=EYE

LYNE(KOL)=EYE

JP=AINC+S(I)+1.4999

SPCPWW Listing 35 (3 of 5)

```

LEVEL 21          SPCPHH          DATE = 77164          19/36/35

      IF (JP.GT.72)    JP=72
      LYNE(JP)=STAR
      PRINT 485,1,S(1),FREQ,AXX(1),LYNE
485  FORMAT (' ',14,18X,F9.5,2X,2F9.5,3X,73A1)
      LYNE(JP)=BLANK
500  CONTINUE
      PRINT 515,AZERO,SUMAMP,TMEAN,VEL,VARI
515  FORMAT ('OAZERO=',F9.4,' SUMAMP=',F9.2,5X,' TMEAN=',F6.2,
X' MPH=',F6.2,' M/S   VARI=',F7.3,' MPH')
      IF (XLCC.LT.0.)  XLCC=0.
      PRINT 535, (S(1),I=1,5)
535  FORMAT (' FIRST 5 DATA VALUES FOR CALCOMP PLOT',5F10.3)

C
C      SET SCALE FACTORS (FIRST VALUE, DELTAV) FOR CONSTANT PLOT SIZE
C      SCALE ACROSS= 12 INCH= 4 DECADES  SO 1 INCH=.3333 DECADES
C      8 INCHES HIGH (FULL SCALE) = .40, SO 1 INCH = .050 DECADES
C

      S(NN+1)=0.0
      S(NN+2)=.050
      AXX(NN+1)=.0001
      AXX(NN+2)=.3333
600  CONTINUE

C
C      PLOT MEAN,VARI,TAPE,RECORD AND SENSOR INFORMATION
C

      CALL SYMBOL (XLCC+9.7,YLCC+7.6,.14,11HMPH      M/S,0.0,11)
      CALL SYMBOL (XLCC+8.4,YLCC+7.2,.21,5HMEAN=,0.,5)
      CALL NUMBER (XLCC+9.5,YLCC+7.2,.21,TMEAN,C.,2)
      CALL NUMBER (XLCC+10.7,YLCC+7.2,.21,T2,0.,2)
      CALL SYMBOL (XLCC+8.4,YLCC+6.8,.21,5HVARI=,0.,5)
      CALL NUMBER (XLCC+9.5,YLCC+6.8,.21,VARI,0.,2)
      CALL NUMBER (XLCC+10.7,YLCC+6.8,.21,V2,0.,2)
      CALL SYMBOL (XLCC,YLCC-0.8,.21,5HTAPE=,0.0,5)
      TAPE=ITAPE
      CALL NUMBER (999.0,999.0,.21,TAPE,C.,-1)
      CALL SYMBOL(999.,999.,.21,8H SENSOR=,0.,8)
      SENSF=LENSF
      IF (LASTPL(ICOL).EQ.1)    GO TO 620
      CALL NUMBER(999.,999.,.21,SENSR,0.,-1)
      GO TO 622
620  CALL SYMBOL (999.,999.,.21,3H AVE,0.,3)
622  CALL SYMBOL (999.,999.,.21,CMPN(ICOL),C.,1)
      CALL SYMBOL (999.0,999.0,.21,10H REC # = ,0.0,10)
      REC=EEGREC
      CALL NUMBER(999.0,999.0,.21,FEC,C.,-1)

C
C      PLOT AXIS FOR SPECT.
C

      CALL AXIS (XLCC,YLCC,16HREDUCED SPECTRUM,16,8.0,90.0,S(NN+1),
/S(NN+2))
      CALL LGXS(XLCC,YLCC,7H WAVE NO,-7 ,12.0,C.0,AXX(NN+1),AXX(NN+2))
640  CALL PLOT(XLCC,YLCC,-3)
      CALL LGLIN(AXX(1),S(1),NN,1,C,C,-1)
      CALL LGLIN(AXX(1),S(1),NN,1,C,C,-1)

```

LEVEL 21

SPCPWH

DATE = 77164

19/36/35

PRINT 642

642 FORMAT (' SPECTRUM PLOTTED - RESTORING ORIGINAL PLOT ORIGIN')

690 CALL PLOT (-XLOC,-YLOC,-3)

IF (ICH.LT.NCH.OR.LASTPL(ICOL).GE.1) GO TO 900

C

C

CALCULATE THE AVERAGE SPECTRA FROM ACCUMULATED TOTAL

C

DO 750 I=1,NNP2

750 P(I)=PT(I+INDX)/NCH

LASTPL(ICOL)=1

C

C

SAVE LAST INDIV R MEAN VEL FOR LAST INDIV W CALC

C

IF (ICOL.EQ.2) SAVERV=TMEAN

TMEAN=TMEANT(ICOL)/NCH

VARI=VARIT(ICOL)/NCH

T2=TMEAN*.447

C

C

USE NEW AVE VEL FOR WAVE NUMBER CALC EXCEPT IF VERTICAL

C

THEN LEAVE OLD VALUE FROM AVE R

C

VEL=T2

IF (ICOL.EQ.3) VEL=HMEAN*.447

V2=VARI*.447*.447

PRINT 755, NCH

755 FORMAT (' FINISHING SPECTRA - AVERAGE OF',I3)

YLOC=0.

GO TO 350

900 YLOC=YSAVE

C

C

PUNCH OUT CARDS OF AVERAGE SPECTRA DATA

C

IF (NPUNCH.EQ.0) GO TO 990

IF (LASTPL(ICOL).LT.1.OR.ICH.LT.NCH) GO TO 990

PRINT 925,ICOL

925 FORMAT (' PUNCHING AVESPEC FOR ICOL=',I2)

PUNCH 940,(S(I),I=1,NNP2)

940 FORMAT (16F5.4)

990 CONTINUE

C

RETURN

END

LEVEL 21

BLK DATA

DATE = 77144

21/35/43

BLOCK DATA

COMMON/INPARN/COMP(3),ICOL,ICH,LSENS,TMEAN,MMEAN,YAR1

C WIND COMPONENT ALPHANUMERIC DATA (STORED LEFT JUSTIFIED)

DATA COMP/1HU,1HR,1HW/

END

BLK DATA Listing 36

LEVEL 21

UVCAL

DATE = 76196

14/32/06

```

SUBROUTINE UVCAL(U,V,UFAC,VFAC)
REAL U,V,UFAC,VFAC,A(8),AU,AV,THETA,IR,CR
DATA A/99.70563,5.49133,-64.69608,-69.52574,85.19067,25.50650,
- -56.69714,27.33202/
RADCON=3.14159/180.0
AU=ABS(U) 60.8
AV=ABS(V) -6.1
IF((AU.LE.1.0).OR.(AV.LE.1.0)) GO TO 10
THETA=ATAN2(AV,AU)
IF((THETA.LE.02.0*RADCON).OR.(THETA.GE.087.9*RADCON)) GO TO 10
IR=100.0*COS(THETA)
CR=A(1)+A(2)*THETA+A(3)*THETA**2+A(4)*THETA**3+A(5)*THETA**4
- +A(6)*THETA**5+A(7)*THETA**6+A(8)*THETA**7
UFAC=IR/CR
THETA=90.0*RADCON-THETA
IR=100.0*COS(THETA)
CR=A(1)+A(2)*THETA+A(3)*THETA**2+A(4)*THETA**3+A(5)*THETA**4
- +A(6)*THETA**5+A(7)*THETA**6+A(8)*THETA**7
VFAC=IR/CR
GO TO 20
10 UFAC=1.0
VFAC=1.0
20 RETURN
END

```

LEVEL 21

WANGL

DATE = 77103

10/57/04

```

SUBROUTINE WANGL (U,V,W,NP,ANGL,UAV,VAV,WAV,ATTACK)
C  FIND AVERAGE ANGLES BETWEEN WIND DATA COMPONENTS NP POINTS LONG
C  DIMENSION U(1),V(1),W(1)
C  INITIALIZE
  USUM=0.
  VSUM=0.
  WSUM=0.
  DO 50 I=1,NP
    USUM=USUM+U(I)
    VSUM=VSUM+V(I)
50  WSUM=WSUM+W(I)
  UAV=USUM/NP
  VAV=VSUM/NP
  WAV=WSUM/NP
  TANG=VAV/UAV
  ANGL=ATAN(TANG)
  ANGL=ANGL*57.3
  TANGH=WAV/UAV
  ATTACK=ATAN(TANGH)
  ATTACK=ATTACK*57.3
  RETURN
END
```

LEVEL 21

AVERG2

DATE 76021

19/26/53

```

C      SUBROUTINE AVERG2 (A,N,NAVE,R)
      SUBROUTINE AVERG2 (A,N,NAVE,R)
      DIMENSION A(1),R(1)
      DO 10 I=1,NAVE,2
      IF(I.NE.1) GO TO 8
      ADD=A(1)
      R(1)=A(1)
      GO TO 10
      8  ADD=ADD+A(I)+A(I-1)
      II=I/2+1
      R(II)=ADD/I
      10  CONTINUE
      II=NAVE/2
      NP=NAVE+1
      DO 20 I=NP,N
      ADD=ADD-A(I-NAVE)+A(I)
      R(I-NAVE/2)=ADD/NAVE
      20  CONTINUE
      NP=N-NAVE/2+1
      II=NAVE
      DO 30 I=NP,N,2
      II=II-2
      ADD=ADD-A(I-2)-A(I-3)
      R(I)=ADD/II
      30  CONTINUE
      R(N)=A(N)
      R(1)=(A(1)+A(2)+A(3))/3.0
      R(2)=(A(1)+A(2)+A(3)+A(4))/4.0
      R(4)=(A(N)+A(N-1)+A(N-2))/3.0
      R(N-1)=(A(N)+A(N-1)+A(N-2)+A(N-3)) /4.0
C      DO 40 I=1,N
C      A(I)=R(I)
      40  CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END

```

AVERG2 Listing 39

PROGRAM WNDPRM

INTRODUCTION

Given a horizontal or vertical wind spectrum which averaged from several channels, there is a need to calculate those parameter (such as surface drag coefficient, etc.) resulting from fitting the data to the equation for a wind spectrum model.

Program WNDPRM does this by inputting one or more spectra on punched cards from program WNDSPC and outputting the calculated wind parameter values plus a Calcomp plot of the fit model spectrum superimposed on the input real spectrum.

This program is used in two separate versions for horizontal and vertical wind data, each of which uses its own model equation. For the horizontal wind, the Harris model is used, while the Panofsky model is used for the vertical wind data. The equations for these curves with their associated parameters is shown in the accompanying pages of equations.

See Figures 69 through 71, Table 18 and Listings 40 and 41.

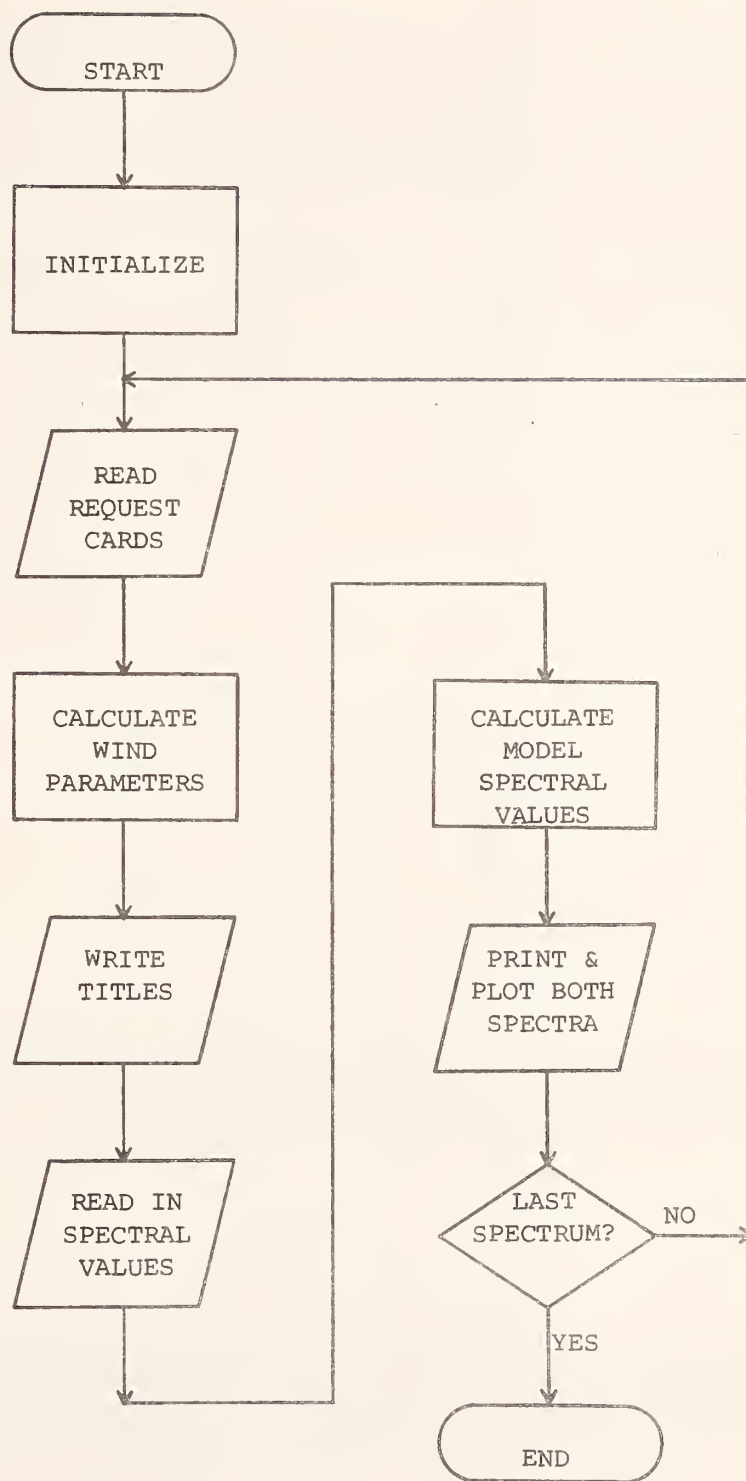


Figure 69. WNDPRM Flow Chart

.27 ;	.13	20.2	6.2	62.7
-------	-----	------	-----	------

FIELD NO.	RANGE	MEANING	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	Usually .20-.30	Max amplitude of wind spectra	F10.5	1-10
2	Usually .05-.20	frequency of max. amplitude	F10.5	11-20
3	Usually 5.-50	Average wind velocity (M/S)	F10.5	21-30
4	Usually .5-10.	wind variance (M/S)	F10.5	31-40
5	62.7	Height of bridge deck (meters)	F10.5	41-50

Figure 70. WNDPRM Request Card

HORIZONTAL WIND COMPONENT FOR EVENT= 1

REDUCED SPECTRA MAX. FREQUENCY MAX. AVE. VELOCITY AVE. VARIANCE MEAN HEIGHT

0.29000 0.05600 10.80000 3.40000 62.70000

ACQUAPRESS LENGTH = 1.179433 SURFACE DRAG COEFFICIENT = 0.00989811 LENGTH CONSTANT = 229.3276

ICOUNT = 1024

WAVE NUMBER AVERAGE SPECTRA, DORIA DATA HARRIS FIT SPECTRA

0 00016	0.04020	0.01936
0 00032	0.04550	0.03857
0.00048	0.05300	0.05751
0.00065	0.05940	0.07604
0 00081	0.06480	0.09405
0 00097	0.06820	0.11143
0.00113	0.09890	0.12809
0.00129	0.10840	0.14395
0 00145	0.12870	0.15895
0 00161	0.13470	0.17305
0.00178	0.16100	0.18623
0.00194	0.17550	0.19846
0 00210	0.18750	0.21976
0 00226	0.20100	0.22013
0.00242	0.21060	0.22959
0.00258	0.21750	0.23817
0 00274	0.22850	0.24591
0 00291	0.23640	0.25284
0.00307	0.24170	0.25902
0.00323	0.24340	0.26448
0 00339	0.27190	0.26927
0 00355	0.27380	0.27343
0.00371	0.26790	0.27702
0.00388	0.27220	0.28008
0 00404	0.28890	0.28244
0 00420	0.28450	0.28476
0.00436	0.27920	0.28646
0.00452	0.28730	0.28779
0 00468	0.29650	0.28877
0 00484	0.28160	0.28945
0.00501	0.27670	0.28985
0.00517	0.27660	0.28999
0 00533	0.27170	0.28991
0 00549	0.27010	0.28962
0.00565	0.26750	0.28914
0.00581	0.26380	0.28851
0 00597	0.25920	0.28772
0 00614	0.26680	0.28681
0.00630	0.26860	0.28578
0.00646	0.24450	0.28465
0 00662	0.25830	0.28342
0 00678	0.27440	0.28212
0.00694	0.27210	0.28075
0.00710	0.25860	0.27932
0 00727	0.25410	0.27783
0 00743	0.25480	0.27630
0.00759	0.25570	0.27474
0.00775	0.24360	0.27314
0 00791	0.23490	0.27151
0 00807	0.24250	0.26986
0.00823	0.23470	0.26820

Figure 71. WNDPRM Output

Table 18. WNDPRM Variable Name List

Name	Com	Type	Dimension	Usage
A		R	1026	Average horizontal wind spectrum
ASIGSQ		R	1	Wind variance
AVEL		R	1	Average wind velocity
B		R	1026	Average vertical wind spectrum
EL		R	1	Length constant
EVENT		R	1	Event number
FMAX		R	1	Max. frequency
I		I	1	General index
IBUF		I	2000	Plotter buffer storage
ICOUNT		I	1	Number of data points
ID		I	1	Event number
J		I	1	General Index
KAPPA		R	1	Surface drag coefficient
KK		I	1	General index
M		I	1	Data counter
MAXWN		R	1	Max, wavenumber
N		I	1	Data Counter
NPLT		I	1	Number of spectra to process
RSH		R	1026	Harris model spectral curve
RSMAX		R	1	Max. amplitude of input spectrum
RSP		R	1	Panofsky model spectral curve
SPA		R	1026	Horizontal spectrum data
SPB		R	1026	Vertical spectrum data
XOF		R	1	X coordinate offset for plotter
YOF		R	1	Y coordinate offset for plotter
WN		R	1026	
ZEE		R	1	Height of bridge deck
ZO		R	1	Surface roughness length

```

C      ***** PROGRAM WNDPRM (HORIZ VERSION) *****
C
C      THIS PROGRAM INPUTS A SET OF AVERAGE HORIZONTAL WIND GUST
C      SPECTRAL VALUES ON CARDS FROM PROGRAM WNDSPC INTO ARRAY A.
C      THE OUTPUT IS CALCULATED WIND PARAMETERS AND A PLOT OF THIS
C      SPECTRUM VERSUS THE HARRIS MODEL SPECTRUM OF SAME PARAMETERS.
C
C      DIMENSION A(1026),WN(1026),RSH(1026),SPA(1026),IBUF(2000)
C      INTEGER USPEED
C      REAL MAXWN,KAPPA
C      CALL PLOTS (IBUF,2000,9)
C      CALL NEWPEN (1)
C      USE FACTOR=.40 FOR CALCOMP, .67 FOR TEKTRONIX
C      CALL FACTOR(.67)
C      CALL FACTOR (.40)
C      CALL PLOT (-30.0,-56.0,-3)
C      CALL PLOT (2.0,6.0,-3)
C      ADD XOFFSET AND YOFFSET TO ORIGIN SO AXIS LABELS NOT CUTOFF
C      XCF=1.0
C      XDF=0.
C      YCF=2.0
C      YDF=0.
C
C      READ IN THE RUN PARAMETERS
C
C      READ(1,4) NPLT
C      4 FORMAT (I2)
C      DO 310 KK=1,NPLT
C      READ(1,5) ID
C      5 FORMAT (I2)
C      READ(1,100) RSMAX,FMAX,AVEL,ASIGSQ,ZEE
C      100 FORMAT (5F10.5)
C
C      CALCULATE SURFACE ROUGHNESS LENGTH(Z0), SURFACE DRAG COEF(KAPPA),
C      AND LENGTH CONSTANT(L)
C
C      MAXWN = FMAX/AVEL
C      Z0=EXP(ALOG(ZEE)-SQRT(.16*1.812*(AVEL**2.)/(RSMAX*ASIGSQ)))
C      KAPPA = .16/((ALOG(10./Z0))**2.)
C      EL = (SQRT(3.)*ALOG(10./Z0))/(MAXWN*ALOG(ZEE/Z0))
C      WRITE(3,10) ID
C      10 FORMAT(1H1,4X,'HORIZONTAL WIND COMPONENT FOR EVENT=',I2)
C      WRITE(3,20)
C      20 FORMAT (1H0,4X,20HREDUCED SPECTRA MAX.,4X,14HFREQUENCY MAX.,
C      14X,13HAVE. VELOCITY,4X,13HAVE. VARIANCE,4X,11HMEAN HEIGHT)
C      WRITE(3,30) RSMAX,FMAX,AVEL,ASIGSQ,ZEE
C      30 FORMAT (1H0,8X,F10.5,12X,F10.5,6X,F10.5,8X,F10.5,4X,F10.5)
C      WRITE(3,40) Z0,KAPPA,EL
C      40 FORMAT (1H0,4X,'ROUGHNESS LENGTH = ',F10.6,4X,'SURFACE DRAG ',
C      1'COEFFICIENT = ',F10.8,4X,'LENGTH CONSTANT = ',F10.4)
C
C      READ FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER AND P.S.
C
C      M=1

```

```

200 N=M+15
210 READ(1,220,END=240) (A(I),I=M,A)
220 FORMAT (16F5.4)
    IF (N.GE.1024) GO TO 240
    M=M+1
    GO TO 200
C
240 ICOUNT = 1024
    WRITE(3,241) ICOUNT
241 FORMAT (1H0,4X,'ICOUNT = ',I4)
    WRITE(3,242)
242 FORMAT (1H0,4X,'WAVE NUMBER',3X,'AVERAGE SPECTRA,REAL DATA',
    13X,'HARRIS FIT SPECTRA')
C
C    CALCULATE VALUES FOR HARRIS MODEL HORIZONTAL SPECTRAL CURVE
C
    DO 250 I=1,ICOUNT
250 WN(I)=(1*(1.78571/1024.))/AVAL
    DO 260 I=1,ICOUNT
260 RSH(I)=(4.*.4**2.*AVAL**2.)/(ASIGSC*ALOG(10./ZO)*ALOG(ZEE/ZO))
    1*((EL*WN(I))/(2+(WN(I)*EL*(ALOG(ZEE/ZO)/ALOG(10./ZO)))**2.)
    2**(.5./6.))) +YOF
    DO 280 I=1,ICOUNT
    SPA(I)=A(I) +YOF
    IF (SPA(I).GT.9.0) SPA(I)=9.0
280 WRITE(3,300) WN(I),A(I),RSH(I)
300 FORMAT (4X,F10.5,8X,F10.5,12X,F10.5)
    WN(ICOUNT+1)=0.0001
    WN(ICOUNT+2)=0.333
    SPA(ICOUNT+1)=2.0
    SPA(ICOUNT+1)=0.0
    SPA(ICOUNT+2)=0.05
    RSH(ICOUNT+1)=2.0
    RSH(ICOUNT+1)=0.0
    RSH(ICOUNT+2)=0.05
C
C    PLOT THE CURVES
C
    CALL LGAXS (XOF,YOF,1H,-1,12.0,0.0,0.0001,0.333)
C    CALL LGAXS (0.0,0.0,1H,-1,12.0,0.0,0.0001,0.333)
    CALL AXIS (XOF,YOF,1H,1,8.0,90.0,0.0,0.05)
    CALL LGLIN(WN,SPA,ICOUNT,1,0,0,-1)
    CALL LGLIN(WN,RSH,ICOUNT,1,0,0,-1)
    CALL SYMBOL(XOF,YOF-1.0,0.21,6*EVENT=.0.,6)
    US=USPEED
    EVENT=10
    CALL NUMBER (999.,999.,.21,EVENT,0.0,-1)
    CALL PLOT (0.0,10.0,-3)
310 CONTINUE
    CALL PLOT (0.0,0.0,999)
    WRITE (3,450)
450 FORMAT (' END OF FILE WRITTEN ON PLOTTAPE')
    STOP
    END

```

```

C      ***** PROGRAM WNDPRM (VERTICAL VERSION) *****
C
C      THIS PROGRAM INPUTS A SET OF AVERAGE VERTICAL WIND GUST
C      SPECTRAL VALUES ON CARDS FROM PROGRAM WNDSPC INTO ARRAY A.
C      THE OUTPUT IS CALCULATED WIND PARAMETERS AND A PLOT OF THIS
C      SPECTRUM VERSUS THE PANOFSKY MODEL SPECTRUM OF SAME PARAMETERS.
C
C      DIMENSION B(1026),WN(1026),RSP(1026),SPB(1026),IBLF(2000)
C      INTEGER USPEED
C      REAL MAXWN,KAPPA
C      CALL PLOTS (IBUF,2000,9)
C      CALL NEWPEN (1)
C      USE FACTOR=.40 FOR CALCOMP, .67 FOR TEKTRONIX
C      CALL FACTOR(.67)
C      CALL FACTOR (.40)
C      CALL PLOT (-30.0,-56.0,-3)
C      CALL PLOT (2.0,6.0,-3)
C      ADD XOFFSET AND YOFFSET TO ORIGIN SO AXIS LABELS NOT CUTOFF
C      XOF=1.0
C      XOF=0.
C      YOF=2.0
C      XCF=0.
C      YCF=0.
C
C      READ IN THE RUN PARAMETERS
C
C      READ(1,4) NPLT
C      4 FORMAT (12)
C      DO 310 KK=1,NPLT
C      READ(1,5) ID
C      READ(1,5) USPEED
C      5 FORMAT (12)
C      READ(1,100) RSWMAX,FMAX,AVEL,WVAR,ZEE
C      100 FORMAT (5F10.5)
C
C      CALCULATE SURFACE ROUGHNESS LENGTH(Z0), SURFACE DRAG COEF(KAPPA),
C      AND LENGTH CONSTANT(L)
C
C      MAXWN = FMAX/AVEL
C      ZC=EXP(ALOG(ZEE)-SQRT((.16*(AVEL**2.)*.375)/(RSWMAX*WVAR)))
C      KAPPA = .16/((ALOG(10./ZC))**2.)
C      PMAXWN=.25/ZEE
C      WRITE(3,10) ID
C      10 FORMAT (1H1,4X,'VERTICAL WIND COMPONENT FOR EVENT=',12)
C      WRITE(3,20)
C      20 FORMAT (1H0,4X,20HREDUCED SPECTRA MAX.,4X,14HFREQUENCY MAX.,
C      14X13HAVE. VELOCITY,4X,13HAVE. VARIANCE,4X,11HMEAN HEIGHT)
C      WRITE(3,30) RSWMAX,FMAX,AVEL,WVAR,ZEE
C      30 FORMAT (1H0,8X,F10.5,12X,F10.5,6X,F10.5,8X,F10.5,4X,F10.5)
C      WRITE(3,40) Z0,KAPPA,PMAXWN,MAXWN
C      40 FORMAT (1H0,4X,'ROUGHNESS LENGTH = ',F10.6,4X,'SURFACE DRAG ',
C      1'COEFFICIENT = ',F10.8,11X,'PANOFSKY PEAK WAVE NUMBER = ',F10.6,
C      24X,'AVERAGE SPECTRA PEAK WAVE NUMBER = ',F10.6)
C

```

C READ FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER AND P.S.

C

M=1

200 N=M+15

210 READ(1,220,END=240) (B(I),I=M,N)

220 FORMAT (16F5.4)

IF (N.GE.1024) GO TO 240

M=N+1

GO TO 200

C

240 ICOUNT = 1024

WRITE(3,241) ICOUNT

241 FORMAT (1H0,4X,'ICOUNT = ',I4)

WRITE(3,242)

242 FORMAT (1H0,4X,'WAVE NUMBER',3X,'AVERAGE SPECTRA,REAL DATA',
13X,'PANOFSKY FIT SPECTRA')

C

C CALCULATE VALUES FOR PANOFSKY MODEL VERTICAL SPECTRAL CURVE

C

DO 250 I=1,ICOUNT

250 WN(I)=(1*(1.78571/1024.))/AVEL

DO 260 J=1,ICOUNT

260 RSP(I)=(.16*(AVEL**2.))/(WVAR*((ALCG(ZEE/ZO)**2.)))

1*(6.*WN(I)*ZEE)/((1.+(4.*WN(I)*ZEE)**2.) +YOF

DO 280 I=1,ICOUNT

SPB(I)=B(I) +YOF

IF (SPB(I).GT.9.0) SPB(I)=9.0

280 WRITE(3,300) WN(I),B(I),RSP(I)

300 FORMAT (4X,F10.5,8X,F10.5,16X,F10.5)

WN(ICOUNT+1)=0.0001

WN(ICOUNT+2)=0.333

SPB(ICOUNT+1)=2.0

SPB(ICOUNT+1)=0.0

SPB(ICOUNT+2)=0.05

RSP(ICOUNT+1)=2.0

RSP(ICOUNT+1)=0.0

RSP(ICOUNT+2)=0.05

C

C

C

PL0T THE CURVES

CALL LGAXS (XOF,YOF,IH,-1,12.0,0.0,0.0001,0.333)

CALL AXIS (XOF,YOF,IH,1,8.0,90.0,0.0,0.05)

CALL LGLIN(WN,SPB,ICOUNT,1,0,0,-1)

CALL LGLIN(WN,RSP,ICOUNT,1,0,0,-1)

CALL SYMBOL(XOF,YOF-1.0,0.21,6HEVENT=,0.,6)

US=USPEED

EVENT=10

CALL NUMBER (999.,999.,.21,EVENT,0.0,-1)

CALL PLOT (0.0,10.0,-3)

310 CONTINUE

CALL PLOT (0.0,0.0,999)

WRITE (3,450)

450 FORMAT (' END OF FILE WRITTEN ON PLOTTAPE')

STOP

TE 662

.A3

no. FHWA-RD-

78-58

BORROWER

FEDERALLY COORDINATED PROGRAM OF HIGHWAY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT (FCP)

The Offices of Research and Development of the Federal Highway Administration are responsible for a broad program of research with resources including its own staff, contract programs, and a Federal-Aid program which is conducted by or through the State highway departments and which also finances the National Cooperative Highway Research Program managed by the Transportation Research Board. The Federally Coordinated Program of Highway Research and Development (FCP) is a carefully selected group of projects aimed at urgent, national problems, which concentrates these resources on these problems to obtain timely solutions. Virtually all of the available funds and staff resources are a part of the FCP, together with as much of the Federal-aid research funds of the States and the NCHRP resources as the States agree to devote to these projects.*

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