Tracking the Deployment of the Integrated Metropolitan ITS Infrastructure in Honolulu

FY99 Results

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Part 1 - Background and Purpose

In January 1996, Secretary Peña set a goal of deploying the integrated metropolitan Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) infrastructure in 75¹ of the nation's largest metropolitan areas by 2006:

"I'm setting a national goal: to build an intelligent transportation infrastructure across the United States to save time and lives, and improve the quality of life for Americans. I believe that what we do, we must measure . . . Let us set a very tangible target that will focus our attention . . . I want 75 of our largest metropolitan areas outfitted with a complete intelligent transportation infrastructure in 10 years." ²

-- Secretary Peña, 1996

In 1997, the U.S. Department of Transportation initiated an effort to track progress toward fulfillment of this goal by conducting a survey of deployment in the nation's largest metropolitan areas. Traditionally, the product of a transportation infrastructure investment consists of a fixed asset such as a highway, bridge, or public transportation vehicle developed, constructed, or purchased by a single agency. Tracking the level of deployment for such traditional fixed assets can be accomplished by simply counting the number of such assets deployed. Measuring the deployment of the metropolitan ITS infrastructure is more complex because it consists of a set of systems, often deployed by multiple agencies, and integrated through a combination of complex institutional and technical arrangements. In brief, it is often difficult to simply count the number of systems deployed without first devising a measurement approach that captures the essential features of such systems in a consistent fashion across many deployment environments.

In order to track progress toward fulfillment of the Secretary's goal for deployment, the U.S. Department of Transportation ITS Joint Program Office developed the metropolitan ITS deployment tracking methodology. This methodology tracks deployment of the nine components that make up the Metropolitan ITS infrastructure: Freeway Management; Incident Management; Arterial Management; Emergency Management; Transit Management; Electronic Toll Collection; Electronic Fare Payment; Highway-Rail Intersections; and Regional Multimodal Traveler Information. Through a set of indicators tied to the major functions of each component, the level of deployment is tracked for the nation's largest metropolitan areas. In addition, the integration links between agencies operating the infrastructure are also tracked. The details of

¹ Since Secretary Peña's speech, the number of metropolitan areas that DOT will measure has been increased from 75 to 78. However, to maintain reporting consistency across the 10-year goal period, this report considers only the original 75 metropolitan areas.

² Excerpt of a speech delivered by Secretary of Transportation Peña at the Transportation Research Board in Washington, DC on January 10, 1996.

the methodology are explained elsewhere.³

During the summer and fall of 1999, the U.S. DOT undertook a new data collection effort for the purpose of examining ITS deployment progress in the nation's largest metropolitan areas. The Honolulu metropolitan area was among the areas surveyed in 1997 and again in 1999. This report presents the results of the 1999 survey efforts and compares the results of the 1997 survey against those observed in 1999. The overall response rate for the surveys administered in the Honolulu region was 63% in 1997 and 80% in 1999.

Part 2 contains a summary of the 1999 survey results, and Part 3 provides a comparison of 1999 survey results and the 1997 survey results.

The report also contains a set of appendices containing a map of the survey area, the list of local contacts surveyed along with a status of their response to the survey and a summary of the data collected from the surveys.

Agencies are encouraged to review the data presented in this report for completeness and accuracy and to direct any comments or corrections to the data provided to the contacts listed below:

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³ Additional Resources: "Measuring ITS Deployment and Integration" (Electronic Document Number: 4372). U.S. Department of Transportation, Joint Program Office for Intelligent Transportation Systems, 400 Seventh St., SW (HVH-1), Washington, DC 20590, Phone: 202-366-9536, Fax: 202-366-3302, Web: http://www.its.dot.gov.

Part 2 - Summary 1999 Survey Results

Deployment indicators have been developed for two broad areas of interest: (1) the individual components, including their basic functions and characteristics and (2) integration of components, including how these components work together to provide coordinated regional service. As mentioned earlier, these indicators are expressed as percentages of the possible deployment opportunity and not necessarily what should be deployed based on local needs. Requirements for deployment and integration between each component will vary based on local conditions and cannot be assigned without extensive coordination with individual metropolitan areas.

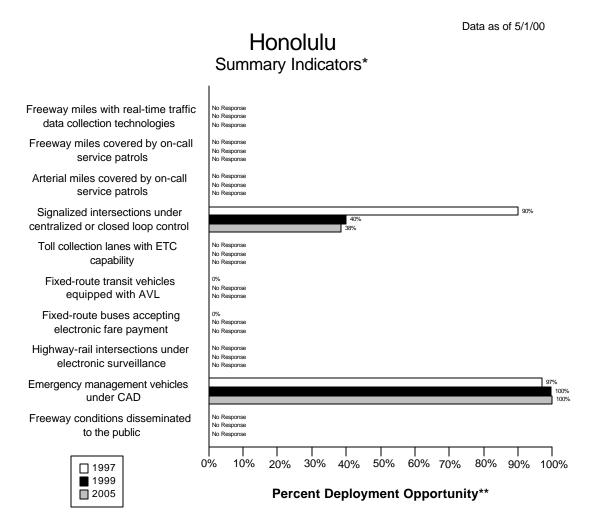
The following two figures portray the surrogate indicators for each of the nine components in Honolulu and the same indicators at the national level. These are judged to be the single best representative of a component and are being used as summary indicator for component. The summary indicators are expressed as a percentage; however, because deployment goals have yet to be established, these indicators should not be read as a comparison of what is deployed versus eventual deployment goals. Instead, they only reflect what is deployed compared to full market saturation (i.e., opportunity for deployment).

Each component indicator was selected to reflect a critical function of the individual components. For example, in the case of Freeway Management, three basic functions were defined: surveillance, traffic control, and information display. The three indicators developed to reflect these functions are: percentage of freeway centerline miles under electronic surveillance (surveillance function), percentage of freeway entrance ramps managed by ramp meters (traffic control function), and percentage of freeway centerline miles covered by permanent VMS, HAR, or in-vehicle signing (information display function). The indicators are surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of metropolitan ITS deployment activity.

A critical aspect of ITS that provides much of its capability is the integration of individual components to form a unified regional traffic control system. Individual ITS components routinely collect information that is used for purposes internal to that component. For example, the Arterial Management component monitors arterial conditions to revise signal timing and to convey these conditions to travelers through such technologies as variable message signs and highway advisory radio. Other ITS components can make use of this information in formulating their control strategies. For example, Transit Management may alter routes and schedules based on real-time information on arterial traffic conditions, and Freeway Management may alter ramp metering or diversion recommendations based on the same information.

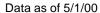
As with the component indicators, definitions for inter- and intra-component integration were developed for each component, and indicators, derived from these definitions, were produced for each component. A total of 34 individual integration indicators was specified and is portrayed in the third figure which follows. Each integration indicator has been assigned a number and an origin/destination path from one ITS infrastructure component to another. For example, the

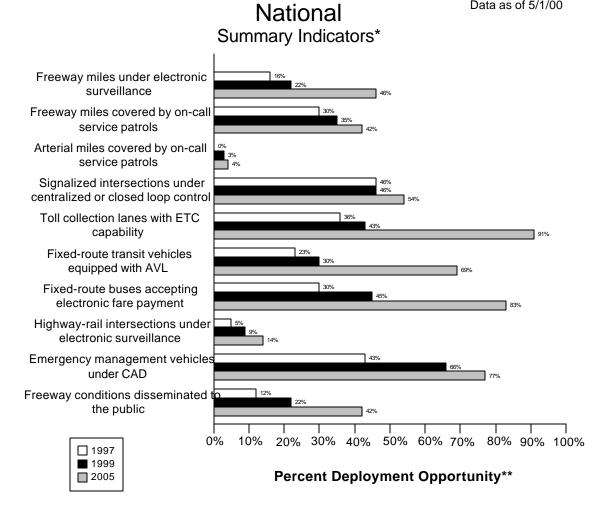
integration of information from the Freeway Management component to the Regional Multimodal Traveler Information component is identified by the number "10."



^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

^{**} Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

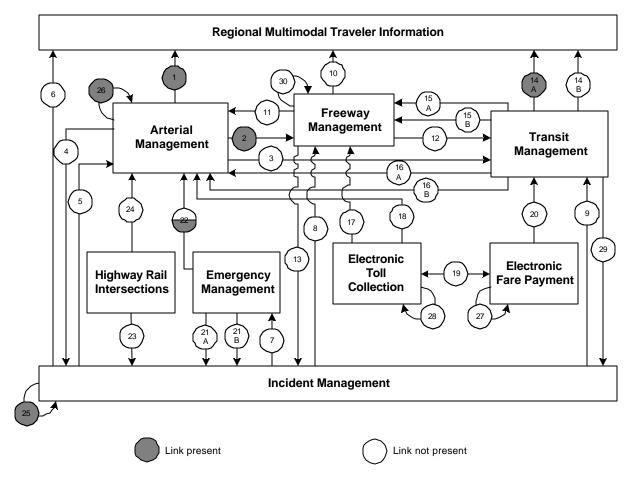




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Honolulu Integration Links



Note: Shading indicates the value of the link. For example a circle half shaded equals 50%

Link	Description	Link	Description
1	Arterial Management to Regional	2	Arterial Management to Freeway
	Multimodal Traveler Information		Management
3	Arterial Management to Transit	4	Arterial Management to Incident
	Management		Management
5	Incident Management to Arterial	6	Incident Management to Regional
	Management		Multimodal Traveler Information
7	Incident Management to Emergency	8	Incident Management to Freeway
	Management.		Management
9	Incident Management to Transit	10	Freeway Management to Regional
	Management		Multimodal Traveler Information
11	Freeway Management to Arterial	12	Freeway Management to Transit
	Management		Management

Link	Description	Link	Description
13	Freeway Management to Incident	14a	Transit Management to Regional
	Management		Multimodal Traveler Information
			(static route information)
		14b	Transit Management to Regional
			Multimodal Traveler Information
			(schedule adherence information)
15a	Transit Management to Freeway	16a	Transit Management to Arterial
	Management		Management
15b	Transit Management to Freeway	16b	Transit Management to Arterial
	Management (transit vehicle probes)		Management (transit vehicle probes)
17	Electronic Toll Collection to	18	Electronic Toll Collection to Arterial
	Freeway Management (ETC		Management (ETC equipped probes)
	equipped probes)		
19	Electronic Fare Payment and	20	Electronic Fare Payment to Transit
	Electronic Toll Collection		Management
21a	Emergency Management to Incident	22	Emergency Management to Arterial
	Management (incident notification)		Management
21b	Emergency Management to Incident		
	Management (incident clearance)		
23	Highway-rail intersections to	24	Highway-rail intersections to Arterial
	Incident Management (crossing		Management (crossing status)
	status)		
25	Incident Management intra	26	Arterial Management intra component
	component		
27	Electronic Fare Payment intra	28	Electronic Toll Collection intra
	component.		component
29	Transit Management to Incident	30	Freeway Management intra
	Management (incident reporting)		component

Part 3 - Detailed 1999 Survey Results

The following figures and tables summarize the complete set of component and integration indicators developed for the Honolulu metropolitan area. The figures summarizing the component indicators consist of a bar chart portraying the deployment levels for 1997, 1999, and 2005 accompanied by detailed tables of the data used to calculate each component indicator value (*Num* stands for numerator and *Den* stands for denominator; blank space indicates that no response was received.)

Example: Calculating Component Indicators for Freeway Management

Consider a metropolitan area with 100 miles of freeway and 25 freeway entrance ramps. The area has no ramp meters, 10 freeway miles for which traffic data are collected electronically, and 5 freeway miles, which are covered by highway advisory radio.

The component indicator for electronic surveillance is calculated as (10/100) or 10%.

The component indicator for ramp meter control is calculated as (0/25) or 0%.

The component indicator for HAR coverage is calculated as (5/100) or 5%.

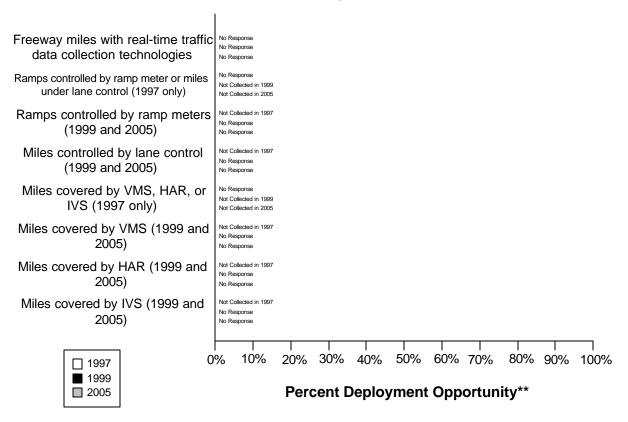
The summary indicator for the metropolitan area is calculated as (10%+0%+5%)/3=5%.

The figures summarizing the integration indicators consist of a diagram for each of the nine metropolitan ITS components portraying the integration level for 1999 (*italic*) and 2005 (**bold**), accompanied by tables providing an explanation of the data and calculations performed to develop each integration indicator value for 1999 and 2005. Each diagram portrays the proportion of agencies providing information to a component (e.g., the flow of incident information from Incident Management to Freeway Management) and the proportion of agencies providing information from one component to other components (e.g., the flow of freeway travel condition information from Freeway Management to Arterial Management).

Example: Calculating Integration between Arterial Management and Regional Multimodal Traveler Information

Consider a metropolitan area with three arterial management agencies. One out of three provides information to the public using a Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Media (e.g., internet, kiosk, pager, etc...). The integration indicator is 1/3 or 33%.

Honolulu Freeway Management*



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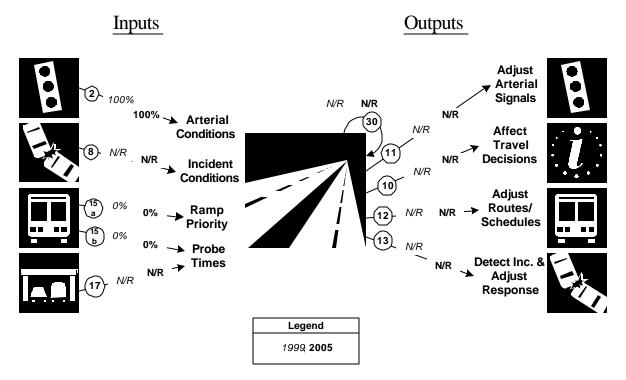
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Freeway centerline miles		77							
are under electronic									
surveillance for									
monitoring traffic flow									
Freeway entrance ramps									
are controlled by ramp									
meters or miles under lane									
control									

	1997		1999			2005			
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Freeway entrance ramps									
are controlled by ramp									
meters									
Freeway centerline miles									
will be controlled by lane									
control									
Freeway miles are		77							
covered by VMS, HAR,									
or IVS									
Freeway miles are									
covered by VMS									
Freeway miles are									
covered by HAR									
Freeway miles are									
covered by IVS									

Freeway Management Integration Indicators

Honolulu

Freeway Management Integration*

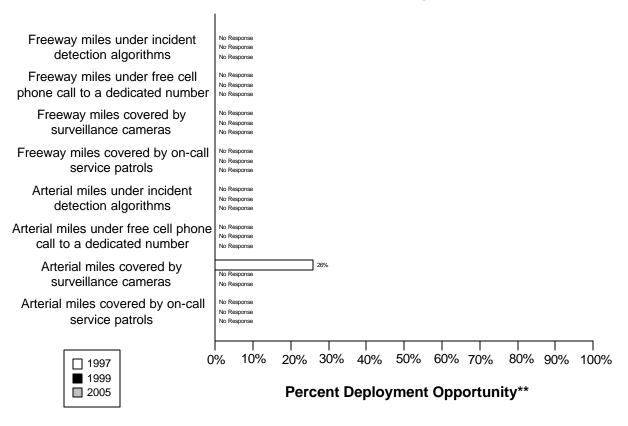


^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
2. Arterial Management agencies sending information to Freeway	(1/1)	(1/1)
Management	100%	100%
8. Incident Management agencies sending information to Freeway	(0/)	(0/)
Management		
15a. Transit management agencies with vehicles equipped with	(0/1)	(0/1)
ramp meter priority	0%	0%
15b. Transit Management agencies with vehicles equipped as	(0/1)	(0/1)
probes	0%	0%
17. Freeway Management agencies receiving freeway conditions	(0/)	(0/)
from vehicle probes		
30. Freeway Management agencies sending information to another	(0/)	(0/)
Freeway Management agency		
11. Freeway Management agencies sending information to Arterial	(0/)	(0/)
Management		

Link Description	1999	2005
10. Freeway Management agencies disseminating freeway	(0/)	(0/)
conditions to the public		
12. Freeway Management agencies sending freeway conditions to	(0/)	(0/)
Transit Management		
13. Freeway Management agencies sending freeway conditions to	(0/)	(0/)
Incident Management		

Honolulu Freeway and Arterial Incident Management*



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	1997		1999			2005			
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Freeway miles are		77							
covered by incident									
detection algorithms									
Freeway miles are		77							
covered by free cellular									
phone calls to a									
dedicated number									
Freeway miles are		77							
covered by surveillance									
cameras.									

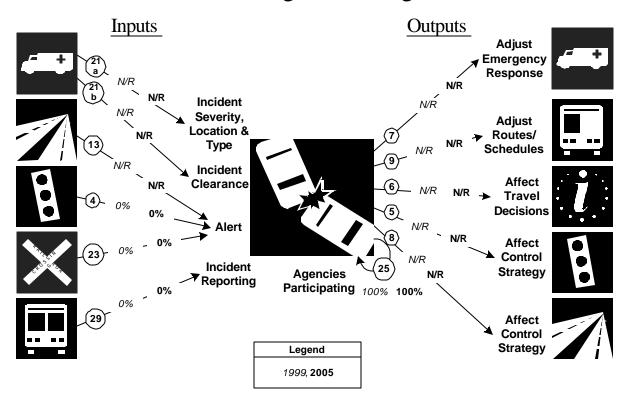
13

		1997 1999			2005				
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Freeway miles are		77							
covered by on-call									
publicly-sponsored									
service patrol or towing									
services.									
Arterial miles are		231			231			231	
covered by incident									
detection algorithms									
Arterial miles are		231			231			231	
covered by free cellular									
phone calls to a									
dedicated number									
Arterial miles are	60	231	26%		231			231	
covered by surveillance									
cameras									
Arterial miles are		231			231			231	
covered by on-call									
publicly-sponsored									
service patrol or towing									
services									

Incident Management Integration Indicators

Honolulu

Incident Management Integration*

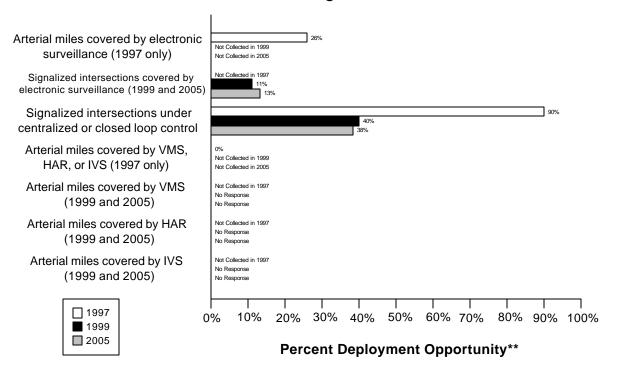


^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
21a. Incident management agencies receiving incident severity from	(0/)	(0/)
Emergency Management		
21b. Incident management agencies receiving incident clearance	(0/)	(0/)
activities from Emergency Management		
13. Freeway Management agencies sending freeway conditions to	(0/)	(0/)
Incident Management		
4. Arterial Management agencies sending arterial conditions to Incident	(0/1)	(0/1)
Management	0%	0%
23. Arterial Management agencies receive information on highway-rail	(0/1)	(0/1)
intersection crossing blockages for the purpose of managing incident	0%	0%
response		
29. Transit Management agencies report traffic incidents as part of an	(0/1)	(0/1)
organized regional incident management program	0%	0%

Link Description	1999	2005
7. Incident management agencies transfer information describing	(0/)	(0/)
incident severity, location, and type to Emergency Management agencies		
9. Incident Management agencies transfer information describing	(0/)	(0/)
incident severity, location, and type to Transit Management agencies		
6. Incident Management agencies disseminate information describing	(0/)	(0/)
incident severity, location, and type to the public		
5. Incident Management agencies transfer information describing	(0/)	(0/)
incident severity, location, and type to Arterial Management agencies		
8. Incident Management agencies transfer information describing	(0/)	(0/)
incident severity, location, and type to Freeway Management agencies		
25. Police, fire, and EMS agencies participating in a formal incident	(2/2)	(2/2)
management plan/team	100%	100%

Honolulu Arterial Management*



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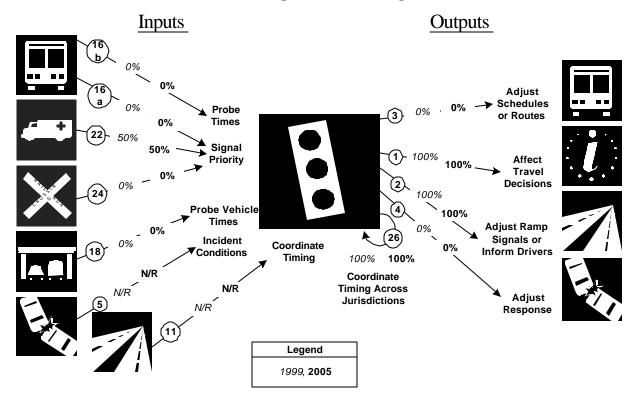
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Arterial miles covered	60	231	26%						
by electronic									
surveillance									
Signalized intersections				110	1000	11%	170	1300	13%
are covered by									
electronic surveillance									
for monitoring traffic									
flow									
Signalized intersections	900	1000	90%	400	1000	40%	500	1300	38%
are under centralized or									
closed loop control									

	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Arterial miles are	0	231	0%						
covered by VMS, HAR,									
or IVS									
Arterial miles are					231			231	
covered by VMS									
Arterial miles are					231			231	
covered by HAR									
Arterial miles are					231			231	
covered by IVS									

Arterial Management Integration Indicators

Honolulu

Arterial Management Integration*

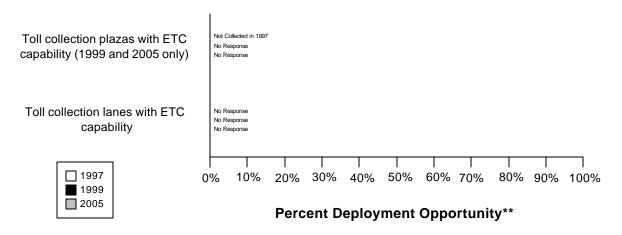


^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
16a. Transit management agencies with vehicles equipped with traffic	(0/1)	(0/1)
signal priority	0%	0%
16b. Transit Management agencies have vehicles equipped as probes on	(0/1)	(0/1)
arterials	0%	0%
22. Emergency Management agencies have vehicles equipped with	(1/2)	(1/2)
traffic signal preemption capability	50%	50%
24. Arterial Management agencies have traffic signals within 200 feet of	(0/1)	(0/1)
a highway rail intersection with the capability of having their signal	0%	0%
timing adjusted in response to a train crossing		
18. Number of Arterial Management agencies receiving information	(0/1)	(0/1)
from vehicle probes	0%	0%
5. Incident Management agencies transfer information describing	(0/)	(0/)
incident severity, location, and type to Arterial Management		

Link Description	1999	2005
11. Freeway Management agencies transfer freeway travel times,	(0/)	(0/)
speeds, and conditions to Arterial Management agencies		
3. Arterial Management agencies transfer arterial travel times, speeds,	(0/1)	(0/1)
and conditions to Transit Management	0%	0%
1. Arterial Management agencies disseminate arterial travel times,	(1/1)	(1/1)
speeds, and conditions to the public	100%	100%
2. Arterial Management agencies send traffic condition information to	(1/1)	(1/1)
Freeway Management	100%	100%
4. Arterial Management agencies transfer arterial travel times, speeds,	(0/1)	(0/1)
and conditions to Incident Management	0%	0%
26. Arterial Management agencies under cooperative agreement to share	(1/1)	(1/1)
traffic signal timing for coordinated response	100%	100%

Honolulu Electronic Toll Collection*



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^{**} Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

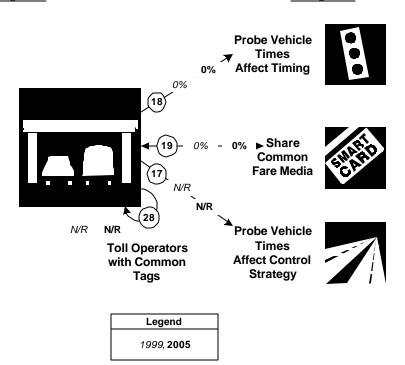
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Toll collection plazas									
with ETC capability									
Toll collection lanes									
with ETC capability									

Electronic Toll Collection Integration Indicators

Honolulu

Electronic Toll Collection Integration*

<u>Inputs</u> Outputs



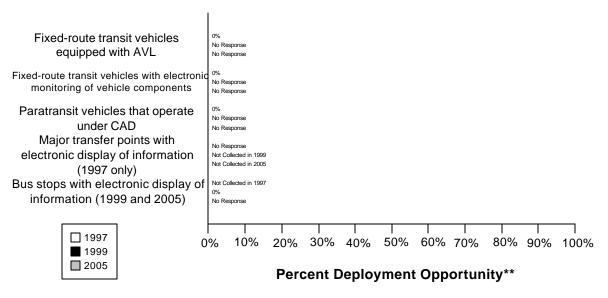
^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
18. Number of Arterial Management agencies receiving information	(0/1)	(0/1)
from vehicle probes	0%	0%
19. Transit agencies that accept electronic payment through the use of	(0/1)	(0/1)
electronic toll collection media	0%	0%
17. Freeway Management agencies receiving information from vehicle	(0/)	(0/)
probes		
28. Toll operators using common toll tag technology	(0/)	(0/)

Transit Management Component Indicators

Data as of 5/1/00

Honolulu Transit Management*



^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

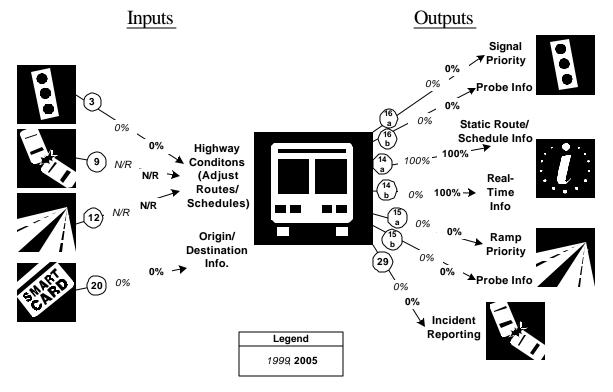
^{**} Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Fixed-route transit vehicles are equipped	0	525	0%				550		
with AVL									
Fixed-route transit vehicles are equipped with electronic monitoring of vehicle component	0	525	0%						
Paratransit vehicles operate under computeraided dispatch	0	88	0%	105					
Percent fixed-route transfer locations with electronic display of information	0	0							
Bus stops display information to the public				0	4135	0%	26		

Transit Management Integration Indicators

Honolulu

Transit Management Integration*

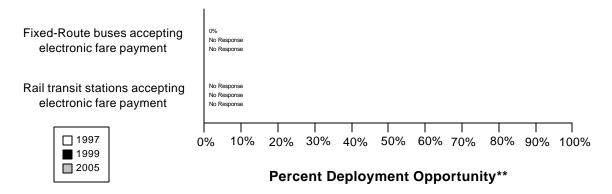


^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
3. Arterial Management agencies transfer arterial travel times, speeds,	(0/1)	(0/1)
and conditions to Transit Management	0%	0%
9. Incident management agencies transfer information describing	(0/)	(0/)
incident severity, location, and type to Transit Management		
12. Freeway Management agencies transfer freeway travel times,	(0/)	(0/)
speeds, and conditions to Transit Management		
20. Transit Management agencies using Electronic Fare Payment data in	(0/1)	(0/1)
transit service planning	0%	0%
16a. Transit Management agencies have vehicles equipped with traffic	(0/1)	(0/1)
signal priority capability	0%	0%
16b. Transit Management agencies have vehicles equipped as probes on	(0/1)	(0/1)
arterials	0%	0%
14a. Transit Management agencies disseminate information describing	(1/1)	(1/1)
transit routes, schedules, and fares to travelers	100%	100%
14b. Transit Management agencies disseminate information describing	(0/1)	(1/1)
schedule/route adherence to travelers	0%	100%

Link Description	1999	2005
15a. Transit Management agencies have vehicles equipped with ramp	(0/1)	(0/1)
meter priority capability	0%	0%
15b. Transit Management agencies have vehicles equipped as probes on	(0/1)	(0/1)
freeways	0%	0%
29. Transit Management agencies that report traffic incidents as part of	(0/1)	(0/1)
an organized regional Incident Management program	0%	0%

Honolulu Electronic Fare Payment*



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^{**} Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

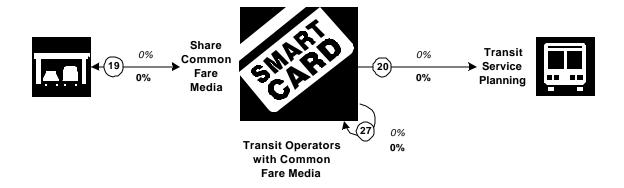
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Fixed-route transit	0	525	0%						
vehicles that accept									
electronic payment									
Rail transit stations that	0	0							
accept electronic									
payment									

Electronic Fare Payment Integration Indicators

Honolulu

Electronic Fare Payment Integration*

<u>Inputs</u> <u>Outputs</u>

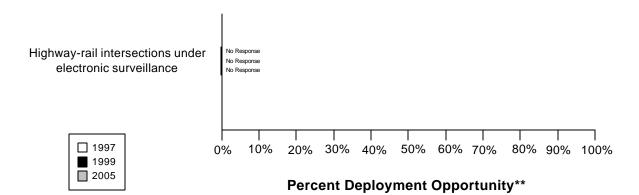


Legend
1999
2005

^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
19. Transit agencies that accept electronic payment through the use of	(0/1)	(0/1)
electronic toll collection media	0%	0%
20. Transit Management agencies use Electronic Fare Payment data in	(0/1)	(0/1)
transit service planning	0%	0%
27. Transit Management agencies that use the same electronic payment	(0/1)	(0/1)
system	0%	0%

Honolulu Highway-Rail Intersections*



^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

^{**} Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

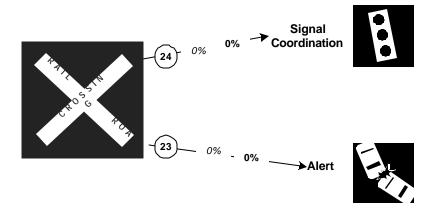
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Highway-rail intersections									
are under electronic									
surveillance									

Highway Rail Intersection Integration Indicators

Honolulu

Highway Rail Intersections Integration*

<u>Inputs</u> <u>Outputs</u>

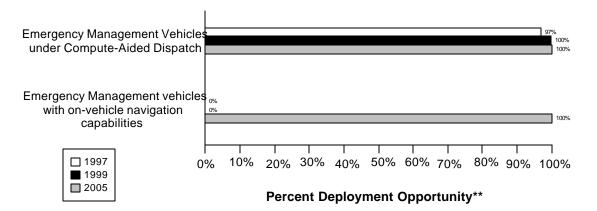


Legend
1999, 2005

^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
24. Arterial Management agencies with traffic signals within 200 feet of	(0/1)	(0/1)
a highway rail intersection with the capability of having their signal	0%	0%
timing adjusted in response to a train crossing		
23. Arterial Management agencies receive information on highway-rail	(0/1)	(0/1)
intersection crossing blockages for the purpose of managing incident	0%	0%
response		

Honolulu Emergency Management*



^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

^{**} Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

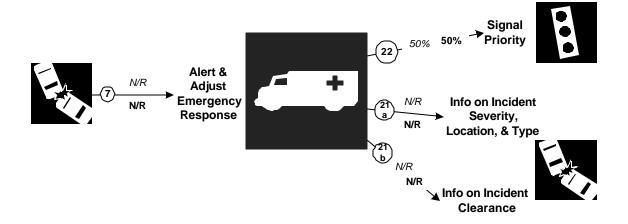
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Public sector emergency	1837	1893	97%	1990	1996	100%	2116	2116	100%
vehicles that operate									
under computer-aided									
dispatch									
Public sector emergency	0	1893	0%	0	1996	0%	2116	2116	100%
vehicles that have in-									
vehicle route guidance									
capability									

Emergency Management Integration Indicators

Honolulu

Emergency Management Integration*

<u>Inputs</u> <u>Outputs</u>

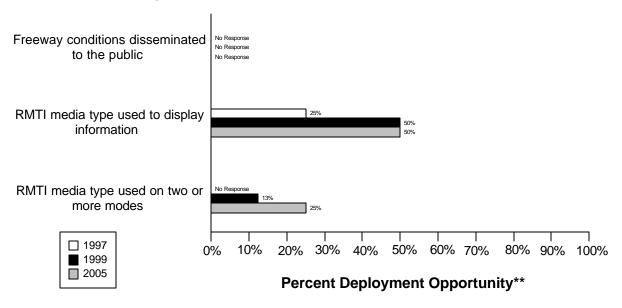


Legend
1999, 2005

^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
7. Freeway Management agencies transfer information describing	(0/)	(0/)
incident severity, location, and type to Emergency Management agencies		
22. Emergency Management agencies have vehicles equipped with	(1/2)	(1/2)
traffic signal preemption capability	50%	50%
21a. Freeway Management agencies receive incident severity, location,	(0/)	(0/)
and type data from Emergency Management agencies		
21b. Freeway Management agencies receive incident clearance	(0/)	(0/)
activities information from Emergency Management agencies		

Honolulu Regional Multimodal Traveler Information*



^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

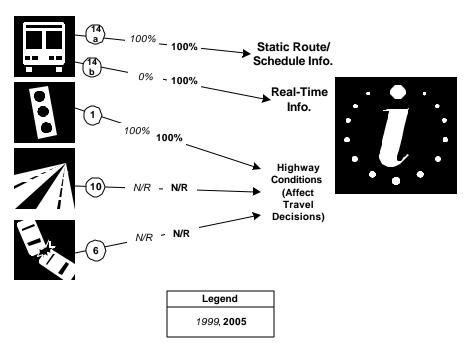
^{**} Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Freeway conditions		77		0			0		
disseminated to									
travelers									
Possible RMTI media	2	8	25%	4	8	50%	4	8	50%
types are used to									
display information to									
travelers									
Possible RMTI media				1	8	13%	2	8	25%
are used to display									
information on two or									
more modes to									
travelers									

$\label{eq:constraint} \mbox{Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Integration Indicators} \\ \mbox{Honolulu}$

Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Integration*

<u>Inputs</u> <u>Outputs</u>



^{*} Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
14a. Transit Management agencies that disseminate information	(1/1)	(1/1)
describing transit routes, schedules, and fares to travelers	100%	100%
14b. Transit Management agencies that disseminate information	(0/1)	(1/1)
describing schedule/route adherence to travelers	0%	100%
1. Arterial Management agencies that disseminate arterial travel times,	(1/1)	(1/1)
speeds, and conditions to the public	100%	100%
10. Freeway Management agencies that disseminate freeway travel	(0/)	(0/)
times, speeds, and conditions to travelers		
6. Incident Management agencies that disseminate information	(0/)	(0/)
describing incident severity, location, and type to the public		

Appendix A Survey Coverage Area

OAHU METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION, HI



Appendix B Surveyed Agencies

Surveyed Agencies

Agency Name	Agency Name Phone Fax		199	1999		1997	
			Out	In	Out	In	
	HO	NOLULU					
Arterial Management							
Hawaii Department of Transportation	(808) 692-7674	(808) 692-7690			8/26/1997		
Honolulu City and County	(808) 527-5004	(808) 527-6002	8/5/1999	9/1/1999	8/26/1997	9/6/1997	
Emergency Management							
Honolulu Police Department	(808) 529-3175	(808) 529-3030	6/29/1999	7/6/1999	8/26/1997	8/29/1997	
Honolulu Fire Department	(808) 831-7773	(808) 831-7750	6/29/1999	7/2/1999	8/26/1997	6/8/1998	
Freeway Management				·			
Hawaii Department of Transportation	(808) 692-7674	(808) 692-7690	7/30/1999		8/26/1997		
MPO	'	'					
Oahu Metropolitan Planning Organization	(808) 587-2015	(808) 587-2018	7/15/1999	9/28/1999			
Transit Management				·			
City and County of Honolulu	(808) 527-6884	(808) 527-6882			7/18/1997	8/4/1997	
Oahu Transit Services (The Bus)	(808) 848-4500		9/13/1999	9/22/1999			

Appendix C Freeway Management Components Appendix D Freeway Management Integration Appendix E Freeway Management Information Collection and Dissemination Appendix F Arterial Management Components

	Honolulu C	City and County	
	1999	2005	
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes		
ARTERIAL MANAGEMENT SECTION			
Number of arterial miles that agency owns or maintains	NR		
Number of arterial miles that is used for planning	200		
Number of highway-rail intersections that agency maintains	NR		
Number of highway-rail intersections that is used for planning	NR		
Type of facilities used to conduct arterial management activities			
Activities housed in a free-standing dedicated building?	Yes		
Activities housed in a building shared with other activities?	No		
Activities conducted in a dedicated control room?	No		
Control room contains operator console(s)?	No		
Control room contains electronic wall map?	No		
Control room contains CCTV display(s)?	No		
Activities conducted in a room containing workstations or PCs that manage traffic?	No		
Facilities are electronically linked to other transportation mgt facilities?	No		
Staffing and hours of operation of arterial management activities			
Number of full-time agency staff members	4		
Number of full time contractor staff members	NR		
Number of part-time agency staff members	0		
Number of part-time contractor staff members	NR		
Staffed 24 hours day by agency staff or by others	NR		
Staffed during peak hours only by agency staff or by others	agency		
Staffed by others during off-peak hours	No		
Agency staff perform transportation management as an ancillary duty	No		
Agency staff dedicated to transportation management duty	Yes		
Types of operations conducted for arterial management			
Incident detection and management?	Yes		
This metropolitan area?	Yes		
Other metropolitan area?	No		
Monitoring and troubleshooting status of system components?	Yes		
Radio communications with other agencies?	No		
Exchange of electronic data with other agencies such as computer aided dispatch?	No		
Manual override of traffic signal timing plans	Yes		
Operating transportation mgt roadside devices (e.g., VMS, CCTV, etc.)	Yes		
Describe agency's role in traffic signal control	All road	ds in county	
Traffic Signals Operated by Agency			
Number of signalized intersections operated and owned by agency	700	900	

	Honolulu City and	d County
	1999	2005
Number of signalized intersections operated by agency but owned by another	300	400
Total number of signalized intersections operated by agency	1,000	1,300
Characteristics of signalized intersections that agency operates		
Under closed loop or central system control	400	500
Under real-time traffic adaptive control using advanced software	0	NR
Using SCOOT	No	
Using SCATS	No	
Name of software	NR	
Allow signal preemption for emergency vehicles	350	400
Allow signal priority for transit vehicles	0	50
Within 200 feet of a highway-rail intersection	0	0
Within 200 feet of a highway-rail intersection that adjust signal timing	0	0
Software used to control the signals agency operates		
Date of last upgrade to traffic signal control system software?	August 199	99
How often do you update signal timing?	on demand - 2 to	3 years
Software used and number of signalized intersections under control (1999, 2005)	BITRANS, 700	
Controllers used to control signals		
NEMA	0	0
170/179	700	900
2070 controller	0	0
Other	0	0
Technologies Associated with Highway-Rail Intersections		
Total number of highway-rail intersections under electronic surveillance	NR	NR
Highway-Rail intersection capapbilities		
Video surveillance	0	0
Electronic surveillance other than video	0	0
Ability to predict train arrival electronically	0	0
Equipped with electronic traffic violator devices	0	0
Other	0	0
Real-Time Electronic Traffic Data Collection Technologies		
Total number of signalized intersections covered by electronic surveillance	110	170
Number of signalized intersections with data collection technologies		
Loop detectors	30	50
Video detection cameras	80	120
Probe readers reading toll tags	0	0
Probe readers reading license plates	0	0
Other	0	0
Roadside Technologies used to Distribute Traveler Information		
Number deployed		
Highway Advisory Radio	NR	NR
In-Vehicle Signing (IVS)	NR	NR
VMS controlling parking access	NR	NR

	Honolulu City and County	
	1999	2005
Miles covered		
Highway Advisory Radio	NR	NR
In-Vehicle Signing (IVS)	NR	NR
/ariable Message Signs (VMS) on Arterials		
Candidate locations for deployment of VMS where VMS has been deployed	NR	NR
Candidate locations for deployment of VMS	NR	NR
Communication Technologies		
Signalized intersections communicated with by each type of communication		
Twisted pair cable	400	500
Coaxial cable	0	0
Fiber-optic cable	250	350
Other (e.g., wireless, dial-up modems, leased lines, etc.)	0	0
Ooes agency convey information on highway-rail intersection crossing		
status to travelers via roadside media such as VMS or HAR?	No	
TS Standards Used Related to Traffic Signal Control		
Advanced Transportation Controller (ATC) Software Application Interface (ITE 9603-1)	No	
ATC Physical Cabinet Functional Design (ITE-9603-2)	No	
ATC Functionality and Interface Definitions (ITE-9603-3)	No	
Natl. Trans. Communications for ITS Protocol (NTCIP) Class B Profile (AASHTO TS 3.3)	No	
NTCIP Data Collection and Monitoring Devices (AASHTO TS 3.DCM)	No	
NTCIP Object Definitions for Video Camera Control (AASHTO TS 3.VCC)	No	
NTCIP Object Definitions for Actuated Traffic Signal Controller Units (AASHTO TS 3.5)	No	
Vould agency be willing to participate in testing of ITS Standards?	No	
lave agreements in place with other agencies to use similar hardware		
and software to aid maintenance and interoperability?	No	
NCIDENT MANAGEMENT ON ARTERIAL STREETS		
Receive information on highway-rail intersection crossing blockages for		
the purpose of managing incident response?	No	
Ise of Service Patrols to Assist in Detection and Response to Incidents		
Publicly operated service patrol vehicles	No	
Privately operated service patrol vehicles operated under public contract	No	
otal number of arterial miles patrolled by these services	NR	NR
Miles Covered by Methods to Detect and Verify Incidents		
Free cellular phone call to a dedicated phone number other than 911	0	0
Free cellular phone call to an area radio station	0	0
Police patrols	0	0
Computer algorithms linked to traffic surveillance equipment	0	0
CCTV	NR	NR
Private sector sources (e.g., Shadow Traffic, Smart Routes)	0	0
Other	0	0
Procedures in place for Arterial Incident Response?		
Working agreement(s)/arrangement(s) with other agencies	No	
Inter-agency incident management admin. team that meets regularly	Yes	

	Honolulu City and County	
	1999	2005
Major incident response team that responds to major incidents	No	
Set of goals/objectives for incident mgt that has been adopted by agencies in region	No	
Methods of Communication Used On-Site at an Incident		
Police		
Two-way radio	No	
800 MHz trunked radio	No	
Cellular telephone	No	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	No	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No	
Other	No	
Fire		
Two-way radio	No	
800 MHz trunked radio	No	
Cellular telephone	No	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	No	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No	
Other	No	
DOT		
Two-way radio	No	
800 MHz trunked radio	No	
Cellular telephone	No	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	No	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No	
Other	No	
Towing		
Two-way radio	No	
800 MHz trunked radio	No	
Cellular telephone	No	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	No	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No	
Other	No	
Which police agencies typically respond to incidents on arterials?		
State Police	No	
County Police or Sheriff	No	
City Police	No	
Who provides on-site emergency medical response?		
Fire	No	
Emergency Management Service Agency	No	
Private hospital	No	
Has a multi-agency contact list been developed in area containing the names, phone numbers, etc. for the appropriate response personnel?	NR	

	Honolulu City and County	
	1999	2005
s the Incident Command System used to manage incident scenes?	NR	
s there a legal specification by state law or formal agreement as to who		
is "in charge" at the incident scene?		
Specified by state law?	No	
Formal agreement?	No	
Not specified or don't know?	No	
On-scene command post used to manage activities of responding agencies?	NR	
Are there communication linkages to a communications traffic/freeway mgt center?	NR	
Plan developed and adopted by responding agencies for staging and parking		
response vehicles and equip. at incident site that minimizes lane blockage		
and facilitates the re-opening of lanes?	NR	
Respondents protected through law or court opinion for liability claims		
for damages to vehicles or cargoes during clearance activities?	NR	
Are overturned tank trucks, which are intact and not leaking, uprighted		
without first off-loading?	NR	
Does your state or local jurisdiction have a law that requires drivers		
involved in property-damage-only accidents to move the vehicles		
from travel lanes to a safe location to exchange info and wait for police?	NR	
Have laws or policies regarding the removal of stalled/abandoned vehicles		
from freeway shoulders?	NR	
Hours abandoned vehicles are allowed to remain on a freeway shoulder?	NR	
Have policies or procedures for quick removal of vehicles?	NR	
s Total Station equipment used to investigate major incidents?	NR	
Handling of Towing Responses to Incidents		
Formal contract based on qualifications?	No	
Rotation with companies under contract?	No	
Separate lists kept for light and heavy response and for specialty recovery?	NR	
Rotation list with minimal qualifications?	No	
n towing qualifications, do you require towers to be certified under the		
Towing and Recovery Ass. of America's National Drivers Cert. Program?	NR	
DK: Don't know		
NR: No Response		
Leg: Legislation or action being planned		

Appendix G Arterial Management Integration

	Honolulu C	City and County	
Agency Name	1999	2005	
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes		
Arterial Management Section			
Arterial Mgt. agencies in metropolitan area with which you share info.			
Share Timing Plans Information	Honolulu City and County	Honolulu City and County	
Coordinate Changes to Timing Plans	Honolulu City and County	Honolulu City and County	
Turn over Control of Signals	None listed	None listed	
Agencies your agency provides arterial travel times, speeds, and			
conditions information, share infrastructure or coordinates operation			
Freeway Management Agencies			
Provide Information	Hawaii Department of Transportation	Hawaii Department of Transportation	
Share Infrastructure	Hawaii Department of Transportation	Hawaii Department of Transportation	
Coordinate Operation	Hawaii Department of Transportation	Hawaii Department of Transportation	
Incident Management Agencies			
Provide Information	None listed	None listed	
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed	
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed	
Public Transit Operators Agencies			
Provide Information	None listed	None listed	
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed	
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed	
Arterial Management Agencies	Trene neted	Trono notou	
Provide Information	Honolulu City and County	Honolulu City and County	
Share Infrastructure	Honolulu City and County	Honolulu City and County	
Coordinate Operation	Honolulu City and County	Honolulu City and County	
Receiving real-time information via electronic means from others	, ,	, ,	
Freeway Management agencies from which your agency receives			
freeway travel times, speeds, and conditions	None listed	None listed	
Public Transit operators from which your agency receives			
arterial travel times derived from vehicle probes	None listed	None listed	
Incident Management agencies from which your agency receives			
incident clearance and/or incident severity, location, and type information			
Receive information on Incident Clearance	None listed	None listed	
Receive information on Incident Severity, Location, and Type	None listed	None listed	
Toll Collection agencies from which your agency receives arterial travel			
times derived from vehicles probes	None listed	None listed	
Arterial Incident Management Section			

	Honolulu City and County		
Agency Name	1999	2005	
and/or shares infrastructure and/or coordinates operation			
Emergency Management Agencies			
Provide Information	None listed	None listed	
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed	
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed	
Freeway Management Agencies			
Provide Information	None listed	None listed	
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed	
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed	
Public Transit Operators			
Provide Information	None listed	None listed	
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed	
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed	
Receiving real-time information via electronic means from others			
Emergency Management agencies from which your agency receives			
arterial incident clearance and/or arterial incident severity			
Receive Arterial Incident Clearance Information	None listed	None listed	
Receive Arterial Incident Severity Information	None listed	None listed	
Arterial Management agencies from which your agency receives			
arterial travel times, speeds, and conditions	None listed	None listed	
Freeway Management agencies from which your agency receives			
freeway travel times, speeds, and conditions	None listed	None listed	

^{*}short survey: Agency responded using a short survey. The survey did not include names of individual agencies, but only identified whether integration exists.

Appendix H
Arterial Management Information Collection and Dissemination

Data Collection and Dissemination: Arterial Management Agencies for Metropolitan Area: Honolulu

	Honolulu City and County		
Agency Name	1999	2005	
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes		
Arterial Management Section			
Data collected, archived, and/or transferred to another agency			
Collected by your agency	Traffic volumes, Turning movements, Phasing/cycle lengths, Emergency vehicle signal preemption, Scheduled work zones	Traffic volumes, Turning movements, Phasing/cycle lengths, Emergency vehicle signal preemption, Scheduled work zones	
Archived by your agency	Traffic volumes, Scheduled work zones	Traffic volumes, Scheduled work zones	
Transferred to another agency by your agency	NR	NR	
Importance of making information available to the public			
Ranked High	NR		
Ranked Medium	Traffic volumes, Turning movements, Phasing/cycle lengths, Emergency vehicle signal preemption, Scheduled work zones		
Ranked Low	NR		
Groups that make requests for the data	Consultants		
What is the data used for?	Traffic analysis, Construction impact determination, Planning, Roadway impact analysis		
Methods used to disseminate arterial information to the public			
Technologies your agency uses to disseminate:	E-mail or other direct PC communication, Internet Web sites, Interactive TV, Kiosks	E-mail or other direct PC communication, Internet Web sites, Interactive TV, Kiosks	
Technologies your agency (through another agency or org.) uses to disseminate:	NR	NR	
Internet web site reporting arterial conditions	NR		
Telephone system for reporting arterial information to the public	NR		
Organizations your agency sends information for dissemination to the public	NR		
Arterial Incident Management Section			
Methods used to distribute incident location and severity information			
to the public			
Technologies your agency uses to disseminate:	NR	NR	
Technologies your agency (through another agency or org.) uses to disseminate:	NR	NR	
Internet web site reporting incident information	NR		
Telephone system for reporting incident information to the public	NR		
Organizations your agency sends information for dissemination to the public	NR		

Appendix I Transit Management Components

	Oahu Transit Services (The Bus)		
	1999	2005	
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes		
Number of vehicles used in revenue service			
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR	
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR	
Light Rail	NR	NR	
Demand Responsive	NR	NR	
Commuter Rail	NR	NR	
Ferry Boat	NR	NR	
Have of plan to have an Automated Vehicle Location System?	No		
Primary and Secondary Location Technologies Used			
Primary Technologies			
GPS	Yes	Yes	
Sign/Odometer	No	No	
Dead-Reckoning	No	No	
LORAN C	No	No	
Other	No	Yes	
Backup Technologies			
GPS	No	No	
Sign/Odometer	No	No	
Dead-Reckoning	No	No	
LORAN C	No	No	
Other	No	No	
Number of Vehicles Equipped with AVL			
Fixed Route Bus	NR	550	
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR	
Light Rail	NR	NR	
Demand Responsive	105	125	
Commuter Rail	NR	NR	
Ferry Boat	NR	NR	
Motor Buses Operated as Vehicle Probes			
Number of Motor Buses equipped as probes on freeways?	NR		
Number of Motor Buses equipped as probes on arterials?	NR		
Have Organized Regional Incident Management Program?	No		
Have Automated Traveler Information System?	Yes		
Services Automated Traveler Info. System Applies:			

	Oahu Transit Services (The Bus)	
	1999	2005
Fixed Route	Yes	
Heavy Rail	No	
Light Rail	No	
Demand Responsive	No	
Commuter Rail	No	
Ferry	No No	
Locations where traveler information is displayed to public	NO	
Number of bus stops on fixed transit routes	4,135	NR
Bus stops on fixed transit routes that display traveler info to the public	0	26
Number of rail stations	NR	NR
Number of rail stations that display traveler information	NR NR	NR NR
Number of other locations that display traveler information to public	NR NR	NR NR
Number of vehicles the traveler information system has available	INIX	INIX
Fixed Route Bus	NR	550
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR NR	NR
Light Rail	NR NR	NR NR
Demand Responsive	NR NR	125
Commuter Rail	NR NR	NR
Ferry Boat	NR NR	NR NR
Deployment of Communications Technology	INIX	IVIX
Attributes of Radio System:		
Digital?	No	
	Yes	
Analog?		
Trunked?	No	
Regular?	Yes	
Services that use a Digital or Trunked Radio System		
<u>Digital Only</u>		
Fixed Route Bus	No	Yes
Heavy or Rapid Rail	No	No
Light Rail	No	No
Demand Responsive	No	No
Commuter Rail	No	No
Ferry Boat	No	No
Trunked Only		.,
Fixed Route Bus	No	Yes
Heavy or Rapid Rail	No	No
Light Rail	No	No
Demand Responsive	No	No
Commuter Rail	No	No

	Oahu Transit Services (The Bus)		
	1999	2005	
Ferry Boat	No	No	
Have of plan to have Automatic Passenger Counters (APCs)?	Yes		
Methods used to count passengers			
Treadle Mats	No		
Infrared Beams	Yes		
Primary and Secondary Location Technologies Used			
Primary Technologies			
GPS	No	Yes	
Differential GPS	No	No	
Signpost/Odometer	No	No	
Dead_Reckoning	No	No	
LORAN C	No	No	
Other	No	No	
Backup Technologies			
GPS	No	No	
Differential GPS	No	No	
Signpost/Odometer	No	No	
Dead_Reckoning	No	Yes	
LORAN C	No	No	
Other	No	No	
Number of Vehicles with APCs			
Fixed Route Bus	NR	60	
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR	
Light Rail	NR	NR	
Demand Responsive	NR	NR	
Commuter Rail	NR	NR	
Ferry Boat	NR	NR	
Remote Real-Time Monitoring and Computer Assisted Dispatching			
Remote Real-Time Monitoring			
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR	
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR	
Light Rail	NR	NR	
Demand Responsive	NR	NR	
Commuter Rail	NR	NR	
Ferry Boat	NR	NR	
Automated Dispatching or Control Software			
Fixed Route Bus	NR	550	
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR	

	Oahu Transit Services (The Bus)	
	1999	2005
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	105	NR
Commuter Rail	NR	NR
Ferry Boat	NR	NR
Coordinate or plan to coordinate travel request and vehicle		
dispatching for multiple agencies?	No	
Is there or will there be a Transportation Management Center	110	
(TMC) in the region that controls transit and highway modes?	Yes	
Modes that TMC currently controls:	163	
	No	No
Highways	No No	No Van
Fixed Route Bus	No No	Yes
Heavy or Rapid Rail	No	No
Light Rail	No	No
Demand Responsive	No	Yes
Commuter Rail	No	No
Ferry Boat	No	No
Other	No	No
Priority at Traffic Signals and Ramp Meter Priority		
Priority at Traffic Signals		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	NR	NR
Ramp Meter Priority		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	NR	NR
Number of Vehicles Equipped with Navigation Aids		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	NR	NR
Commuter Rail	NR	NR
Ferry Boat	NR	NR
ITS Standards Used Related to Transit Management		
TCIP On Boad Objects (TCIP-OB)	No	
TCIP Traffic Management Objects (TCIP-TM)	No	
TCIP Common Public Transportation Objects (TCIP-CPT)	No	
TCIP Passenger Information Objects (TCIP-PI)	No	

I - 5

	Oahu Transit Services (The Bus)	
	1999	2005
TCIP Incident Management Objects (TCIP-IM)	No	
TCIP Fare Collection Objects (TCIP-FC)	No	
TCIP Spatial Representation Objects (TCIP-SP)	No	
TCIP Control Center Objects (TCIP-CC)	No	
TCIP Scheduling/Runcutting Objects (TCIP-SCH)	No	
Send data communication between micro computer and heavy duty	110	
vehicle applications (SAE J1708)	No	
Would agency be willing to participate in testing of ITS Standards?	Yes	
Have agreements in place with other agencies to use similar hardware	163	
and software to aid maintenance and interoperability?	No	
Electronic Fare Payment	110	
Have full operational Electronic Fare Payment System?	No	
Methods of Fare Payment	110	
Stored value card with fare deducted for each trip		
Magnetic Stripe	No	
Smart Card	No	
Debit Card	No	
Billed by the month for trips taken	N-	
Magnetic Stripe	No	
Smart Card	No	
Credit Card	No	
Monthly Pass		
Magnetic Stripe	No	
Smart Card	No	
Vehicles/Stations Equipped with Automated Payment Mechanism		
Magnetic Stripe Readers		
Fixed Route Bus Vehicles	NR	NR
Heavy or Rapid Rail Stations	NR	NR
Light Rail Stations	NR	NR
Demand Responsive Vehicles	NR	NR
Commuter Rail Stations	NR NB	NR
Ferry Boat Landings	NR	NR
Smart Card Readers	ND	NE
Fixed Route Bus Vehicles	NR	NR
Heavy or Rapid Rail Stations	NR	NR
Light Rail Stations	NR NB	NR NB
Demand Responsive Vehicles	NR NB	NR NB
Commuter Rail Stations	NR	NR

	Oahu Transit Se	Oahu Transit Services (The Bus)	
	1999	2005	
Ferry Boat Landings	NR	NR	
Credit Card			
Fixed Route Bus Vehicles	NR	NR	
Heavy or Rapid Rail Stations	NR	NR	
Light Rail Stations	NR	NR	
Demand Responsive Vehicles	NR	NR	
Commuter Rail Stations	NR	NR	
Ferry Boat Landings	NR	NR	
Debit Card			
Fixed Route Bus Vehicles	NR	NR	
Heavy or Rapid Rail Stations	NR	NR	
Light Rail Stations	NR	NR	
Demand Responsive Vehicles	NR	NR	
Commuter Rail Stations	NR	NR	
Ferry Boat Landings	NR	NR	
NR: No Response			

Appendix J Transit Management Integration

	Oahu Transit Services (The Bus)	
Agency Name	1999	2005
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes	
Transit operators in the region that use the same electronic payment system	None listed	
Toll operators from whom you accept electronic payment of transit		
fare through the use of ETC media	None listed	
Receiving real-time information via electronic means from others		
Freeway Management agencies from which your agency receives		
freeway travel times, speeds, and conditions		
Receive Information	None listed	Hawaii Department of Transportation
Share Infrastructure	None listed	Hawaii Department of Transportation
Arterial Management agencies from which your agency receives		· ·
arterial travel times, speeds, and conditions		
Receive Information	None listed	Honolulu City and County
Share Infrastructure	None listed	Honolulu City and County
Incident Management agencies from which your agency receives		
incident severity, location, and type		
Receive Information	None listed	Hawaii Department of Transportation
Share Infrastructure	None listed	Hawaii Department of Transportation

Appendix K
Transit Management Information Collection and Dissemination

Data Collection and Dissemination: Transit Management Agencies for Metropolitan Area: Honolulu

	Oahu Transit Services (The Bus)		
Agency Name	1999	2005	
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes		
Methods used to disseminate transit information to the public			
Technologies your agency uses to disseminate:			
Transit routes, schedules and fares	Internet Web Sites	NR	
Real-time transit schedule adherence or arrival and departure times	NR	Kiosks, Internet Web Sites	
Technologies employed by other organization receiving your data			
Transit routes, schedules and fares	NR	NR	
Real-time transit schedule adherence or arrival and departure times	NR	NR	
Internet web site reporting transit routes, schedules and fare, etc.	www.thebus.org		
Telephone system for reporting transit information to the public	NR		
Organizations your agency sends information for dissemination to the public	NR		
Data collected, archived, and/or transferred to another agency			
Collected by your agency	Emergency/evacuation routes and procedures, Scheduled roadway work zones for transit, Current roadway work zones for transit, Emergency vehicle signal preemption, Road conditions, Vehicle monitoring status, Passenger information (e.g., surveys, O/D), Passenger count, Vehicle time and location	priority, Emergency vehicle signal preemption, Road	
Archived by your agency	Passenger information (e.g., surveys, O/D), Passenger count, Vehicle time and location	Passenger information (e.g., surveys, O/D), Passenger count, Vehicle time and location	
Transferred to another agency by your agency	Passenger count, Vehicle time and location	Passenger count, Vehicle time and location	
Importance of making information available to the public		-	
Ranked High	Trip itinerary planning records, Vehicle time and location		
Ranked Medium	Transit vehicle signal priority, Emergency vehicle signal preemption, Road conditions, Vehicle monitoring status, Passenger information (e.g., surveys, O/D), Passenger count		
Ranked Low	NR		
Groups that make requests for the data	Consultants, MPOs, Media (I.e., TV stations, radio stations), Federal DOT personnel, State DOT personnel, Universities		
What is the data used for?	Dissemination to the public, Planning, Construction impact determination, Traffic analysis		

Appendix L Emergency Management