# Tracking the Deployment of the Integrated Metropolitan ITS Infrastructure in Nashville

### **FY99 Results**

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### **Part 1 - Background and Purpose**

In January 1996, Secretary Peña set a goal of deploying the integrated metropolitan Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) infrastructure in 75<sup>1</sup> of the nation's largest metropolitan areas by 2006:

"I'm setting a national goal: to build an intelligent transportation infrastructure across the United States to save time and lives, and improve the quality of life for Americans. I believe that what we do, we must measure . . . Let us set a very tangible target that will focus our attention . . . I want 75 of our largest metropolitan areas outfitted with a complete intelligent transportation infrastructure in 10 years." <sup>2</sup>

-- Secretary Peña, 1996

In 1997, the U.S. Department of Transportation initiated an effort to track progress toward fulfillment of this goal by conducting a survey of deployment in the nation's largest metropolitan areas. Traditionally, the product of a transportation infrastructure investment consists of a fixed asset such as a highway, bridge, or public transportation vehicle developed, constructed, or purchased by a single agency. Tracking the level of deployment for such traditional fixed assets can be accomplished by simply counting the number of such assets deployed. Measuring the deployment of the metropolitan ITS infrastructure is more complex because it consists of a set of systems, often deployed by multiple agencies, and integrated through a combination of complex institutional and technical arrangements. In brief, it is often difficult to simply count the number of systems deployed without first devising a measurement approach that captures the essential features of such systems in a consistent fashion across many deployment environments.

In order to track progress toward fulfillment of the Secretary's goal for deployment, the U.S. Department of Transportation ITS Joint Program Office developed the metropolitan ITS deployment tracking methodology. This methodology tracks deployment of the nine components that make up the Metropolitan ITS infrastructure: Freeway Management; Incident Management; Arterial Management; Emergency Management; Transit Management; Electronic Toll Collection; Electronic Fare Payment; Highway-Rail Intersections; and Regional Multimodal Traveler Information. Through a set of indicators tied to the major functions of each component, the level of deployment is tracked for the nation's largest metropolitan areas. In addition, the integration links between agencies operating the infrastructure are also tracked. The details of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Since Secretary Peña's speech, the number of metropolitan areas that DOT will measure has been increased from 75 to 78. However, to maintain reporting consistency across the 10-year goal period, this report considers only the original 75 metropolitan areas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excerpt of a speech delivered by Secretary of Transportation Peña at the Transportation Research Board in Washington, DC on January 10, 1996.

the methodology are explained elsewhere.<sup>3</sup>

During the summer and fall of 1999, the U.S. DOT undertook a new data collection effort for the purpose of examining ITS deployment progress in the nation's largest metropolitan areas. The Nashville metropolitan area was among the areas surveyed in 1997 and again in 1999. This report presents the results of the 1999 survey efforts and compares the results of the 1997 survey against those observed in 1999. The overall response rate for the surveys administered in the Nashville region was 100% in 1997 and 73% in 1999.

Part 2 contains a summary of the 1999 survey results, and Part 3 provides a comparison of 1999 survey results and the 1997 survey results.

The report also contains a set of appendices containing a map of the survey area, the list of local contacts surveyed along with a status of their response to the survey and a summary of the data collected from the surveys.

Agencies are encouraged to review the data presented in this report for completeness and accuracy and to direct any comments or corrections to the data provided to the contacts listed below:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Additional Resources: "Measuring ITS Deployment and Integration" (Electronic Document Number: 4372). U.S. Department of Transportation, Joint Program Office for Intelligent Transportation Systems, 400 Seventh St., SW (HVH-1), Washington, DC 20590, Phone: 202-366-9536, Fax: 202-366-3302, Web: http://www.its.dot.gov.

### Part 2 - Summary 1999 Survey Results

Deployment indicators have been developed for two broad areas of interest: (1) the individual components, including their basic functions and characteristics and (2) integration of components, including how these components work together to provide coordinated regional service. As mentioned earlier, these indicators are expressed as percentages of the possible deployment opportunity and not necessarily what should be deployed based on local needs. Requirements for deployment and integration between each component will vary based on local conditions and cannot be assigned without extensive coordination with individual metropolitan areas.

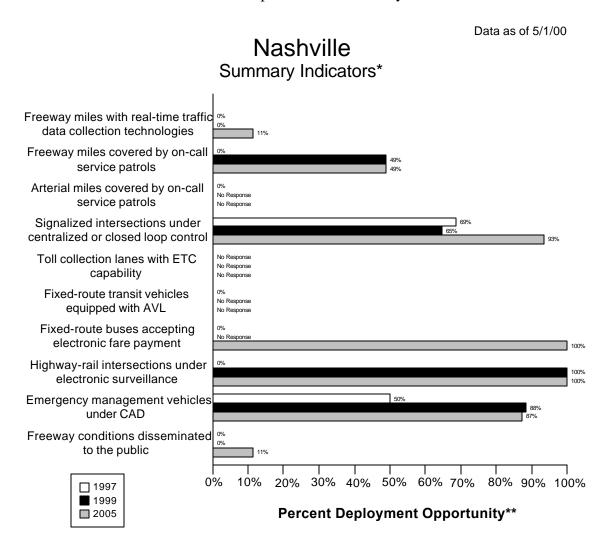
The following two figures portray the surrogate indicators for each of the nine components in Nashville and the same indicators at the national level. These are judged to be the single best representative of a component and are being used as summary indicator for component. The summary indicators are expressed as a percentage; however, because deployment goals have yet to be established, these indicators should not be read as a comparison of what is deployed versus eventual deployment goals. Instead, they only reflect what is deployed compared to full market saturation (i.e., opportunity for deployment).

Each component indicator was selected to reflect a critical function of the individual components. For example, in the case of Freeway Management, three basic functions were defined: surveillance, traffic control, and information display. The three indicators developed to reflect these functions are: percentage of freeway centerline miles under electronic surveillance (surveillance function), percentage of freeway entrance ramps managed by ramp meters (traffic control function), and percentage of freeway centerline miles covered by permanent VMS, HAR, or in-vehicle signing (information display function). The indicators are surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of metropolitan ITS deployment activity.

A critical aspect of ITS that provides much of its capability is the integration of individual components to form a unified regional traffic control system. Individual ITS components routinely collect information that is used for purposes internal to that component. For example, the Arterial Management component monitors arterial conditions to revise signal timing and to convey these conditions to travelers through such technologies as variable message signs and highway advisory radio. Other ITS components can make use of this information in formulating their control strategies. For example, Transit Management may alter routes and schedules based on real-time information on arterial traffic conditions, and Freeway Management may alter ramp metering or diversion recommendations based on the same information.

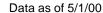
As with the component indicators, definitions for inter- and intra-component integration were developed for each component, and indicators, derived from these definitions, were produced for each component. A total of 34 individual integration indicators was specified and is portrayed in the third figure which follows. Each integration indicator has been assigned a number and an origin/destination path from one ITS infrastructure component to another. For example, the

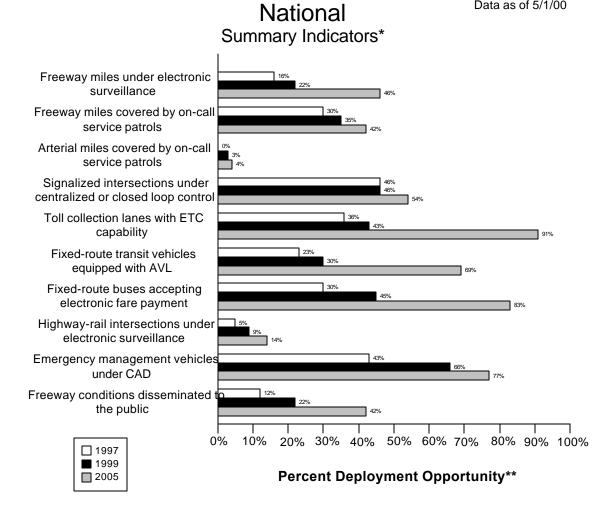
integration of information from the Freeway Management component to the Regional Multimodal Traveler Information component is identified by the number "10."



<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

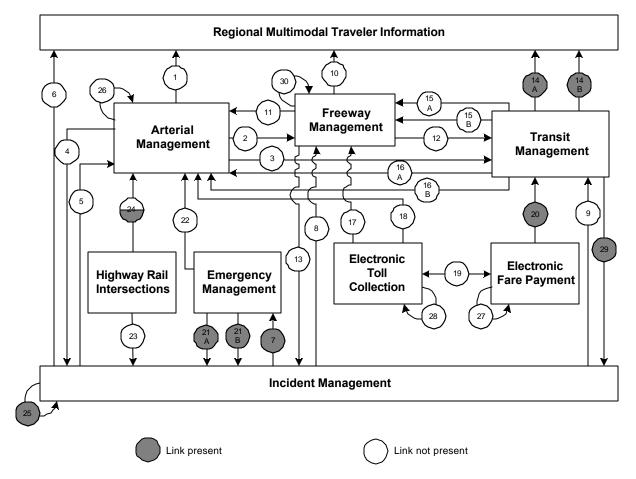




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<sup>\*\*</sup> Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need

### **Nashville Integration Links**



Note: Shading indicates the value of the link. For example a circle half shaded equals 50%

Link	Description	Link	Description
1	Arterial Management to Regional	2	Arterial Management to Freeway
	Multimodal Traveler Information		Management
3	Arterial Management to Transit	4	Arterial Management to Incident
	Management		Management
5	Incident Management to Arterial	6	Incident Management to Regional
	Management		Multimodal Traveler Information
7	Incident Management to Emergency	8	Incident Management to Freeway
	Management.		Management
9	Incident Management to Transit	10	Freeway Management to Regional
	Management		Multimodal Traveler Information
11	Freeway Management to Arterial	12	Freeway Management to Transit
	Management		Management

Link	Description	Link	Description
13	Freeway Management to Incident	14a	Transit Management to Regional
	Management		Multimodal Traveler Information
			(static route information)
		14b	Transit Management to Regional
			Multimodal Traveler Information
			(schedule adherence information)
15a	Transit Management to Freeway	16a	Transit Management to Arterial
	Management		Management
15b	Transit Management to Freeway	16b	Transit Management to Arterial
	Management (transit vehicle probes)		Management (transit vehicle probes)
17	Electronic Toll Collection to	18	Electronic Toll Collection to Arterial
	Freeway Management (ETC		Management (ETC equipped probes)
	equipped probes)		
19	Electronic Fare Payment and	20	Electronic Fare Payment to Transit
	Electronic Toll Collection		Management
21a	Emergency Management to Incident	22	Emergency Management to Arterial
	Management (incident notification)		Management
21b	Emergency Management to Incident		
	Management (incident clearance)		
23	Highway-rail intersections to	24	Highway-rail intersections to Arterial
	Incident Management (crossing		Management (crossing status)
	status)		
25	Incident Management intra	26	Arterial Management intra component
	component		
27	Electronic Fare Payment intra	28	Electronic Toll Collection intra
	component.		component
29	Transit Management to Incident	30	Freeway Management intra
	Management (incident reporting)		component

### **Part 3 - Detailed 1999 Survey Results**

The following figures and tables summarize the complete set of component and integration indicators developed for the Nashville metropolitan area. The figures summarizing the component indicators consist of a bar chart portraying the deployment levels for 1997, 1999, and 2005 accompanied by detailed tables of the data used to calculate each component indicator value (*Num* stands for numerator and *Den* stands for denominator; blank space indicates that no response was received.)

Example: Calculating Component Indicators for Freeway Management

Consider a metropolitan area with 100 miles of freeway and 25 freeway entrance ramps. The area has no ramp meters, 10 freeway miles for which traffic data are collected electronically, and 5 freeway miles, which are covered by highway advisory radio.

The component indicator for electronic surveillance is calculated as (10/100) or 10%.

The component indicator for ramp meter control is calculated as (0/25) or 0%.

The component indicator for HAR coverage is calculated as (5/100) or 5%.

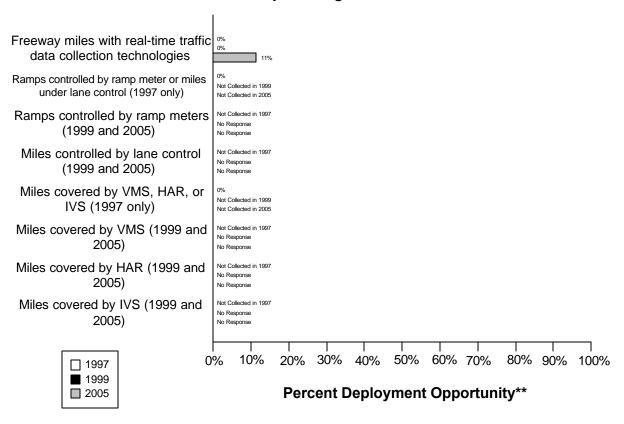
The summary indicator for the metropolitan area is calculated as (10%+0%+5%)/3=5%.

The figures summarizing the integration indicators consist of a diagram for each of the nine metropolitan ITS components portraying the integration level for 1999 (*italic*) and 2005 (**bold**), accompanied by tables providing an explanation of the data and calculations performed to develop each integration indicator value for 1999 and 2005. Each diagram portrays the proportion of agencies providing information to a component (e.g., the flow of incident information from Incident Management to Freeway Management) and the proportion of agencies providing information from one component to other components (e.g., the flow of freeway travel condition information from Freeway Management to Arterial Management).

Example: Calculating Integration between Arterial Management and Regional Multimodal Traveler Information

Consider a metropolitan area with three arterial management agencies. One out of three provides information to the public using a Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Media (e.g., internet, kiosk, pager, etc...). The integration indicator is 1/3 or 33%.

## Nashville Freeway Management\*



<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

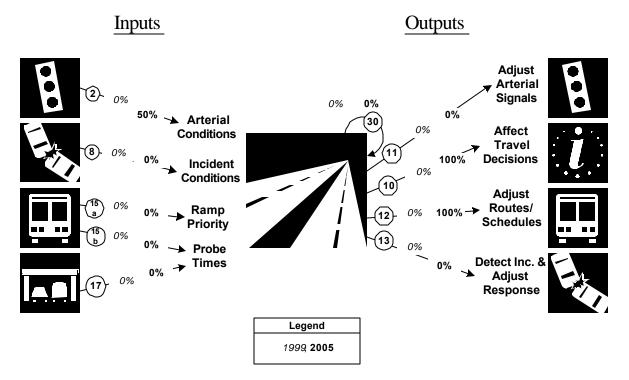
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Freeway centerline miles are under electronic surveillance for monitoring traffic flow	0	174	0%	0	174	0%	20	174	11%
Freeway entrance ramps are controlled by ramp meters or miles under lane control	0	174	0%						

	1997		1999			2005			
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Freeway entrance ramps					244			244	
are controlled by ramp									
meters									
Freeway centerline miles					174			174	
will be controlled by lane									
control									
Freeway miles are	0	174	0%						
covered by VMS, HAR,									
or IVS									
Freeway miles are					174			174	
covered by VMS									
Freeway miles are					174			174	
covered by HAR									
Freeway miles are					174			174	
covered by IVS									

### **Freeway Management Integration Indicators**

# Nashville

# Freeway Management Integration\*

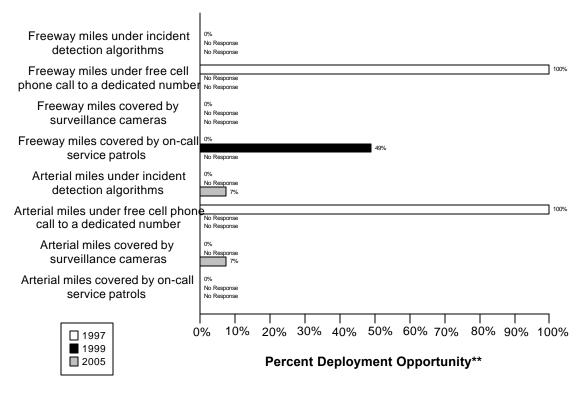


<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
2. Arterial Management agencies sending information to Freeway	(0/2)	(1/2)
Management	0%	50%
8. Incident Management agencies sending information to Freeway	(0/1)	(0/1)
Management	0%	0%
15a. Transit management agencies with vehicles equipped with	(0/1)	(0/1)
ramp meter priority	0%	0%
15b. Transit Management agencies with vehicles equipped as	(0/1)	(0/1)
probes	0%	0%
17. Freeway Management agencies receiving freeway conditions	(0/1)	(0/1)
from vehicle probes	0%	0%
30. Freeway Management agencies sending information to another	(0/1)	(0/1)
Freeway Management agency	0%	0%
11. Freeway Management agencies sending information to Arterial	(0/1)	(0/1)
Management	0%	0%

Link Description	1999	2005
10. Freeway Management agencies disseminating freeway	(0/1)	(1/1)
conditions to the public	0%	100%
12. Freeway Management agencies sending freeway conditions to	(0/1)	(1/1)
Transit Management	0%	100%
13. Freeway Management agencies sending freeway conditions to	(0/1)	(0/1)
Incident Management	0%	0%

### Nashville Freeway and Arterial Incident Management\*



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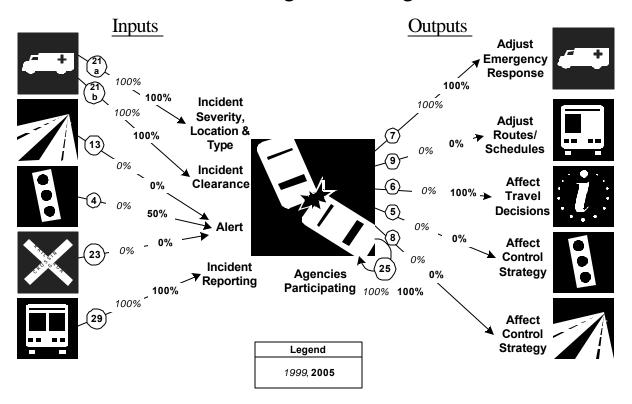
	1997		1999			2005			
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Freeway miles are	0	174	0%		174			174	
covered by incident									
detection algorithms									
Freeway miles are	174	174	100%		174			174	
covered by free cellular									
phone calls to a									
dedicated number									
Freeway miles are	0	174	0%		174			174	
covered by surveillance									
cameras.									

	1997		1999			2005			
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Freeway miles are	0	174	0%	85	174	49%		174	
covered by on-call									
publicly-sponsored									
service patrol or towing									
services.									
Arterial miles are	0	1029	0%		1029		75	1029	7%
covered by incident									
detection algorithms									
Arterial miles are	1029	1029	100%		1029			1029	
covered by free cellular									
phone calls to a									
dedicated number									
Arterial miles are	0	1029	0%		1029		75	1029	7%
covered by surveillance									
cameras									
Arterial miles are	0	1029	0%		1029			1029	
covered by on-call									
publicly-sponsored									
service patrol or towing									
services									

### **Incident Management Integration Indicators**

# Nashville

# **Incident Management Integration\***

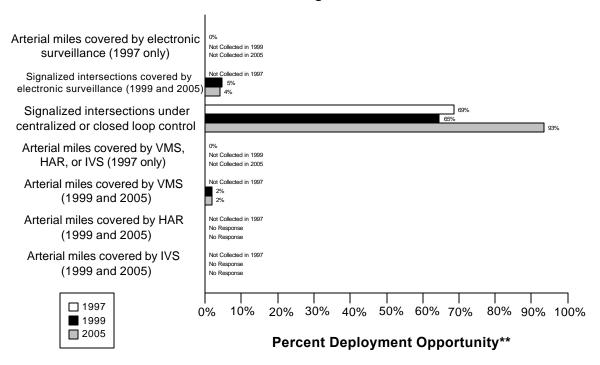


<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
21a. Incident management agencies receiving incident severity from	(1/1)	(1/1)
Emergency Management	100%	100%
21b. Incident management agencies receiving incident clearance	(1/1)	(1/1)
activities from Emergency Management	100%	100%
13. Freeway Management agencies sending freeway conditions to	(0/1)	(0/1)
Incident Management	0%	0%
4. Arterial Management agencies sending arterial conditions to Incident	(0/2)	(1/2)
Management	0%	50%
23. Arterial Management agencies receive information on highway-rail	(0/2)	(0/2)
intersection crossing blockages for the purpose of managing incident	0%	0%
response		
29. Transit Management agencies report traffic incidents as part of an	(1/1)	(1/1)
organized regional incident management program	100%	100%

Link Description	1999	2005
7. Incident management agencies transfer information describing	(1/1)	(1/1)
incident severity, location, and type to Emergency Management agencies	100%	100%
9. Incident Management agencies transfer information describing	(0/1)	(0/1)
incident severity, location, and type to Transit Management agencies	0%	0%
6. Incident Management agencies disseminate information describing	(0/1)	(1/1)
incident severity, location, and type to the public	0%	100%
5. Incident Management agencies transfer information describing	(0/1)	(0/1)
incident severity, location, and type to Arterial Management agencies	0%	0%
8. Incident Management agencies transfer information describing	(0/1)	(0/1)
incident severity, location, and type to Freeway Management agencies	0%	0%
25. Police, fire, and EMS agencies participating in a formal incident	(4/4)	(4/4)
management plan/team	100%	100%

### Nashville Arterial Management\*



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<sup>\*\*</sup> Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

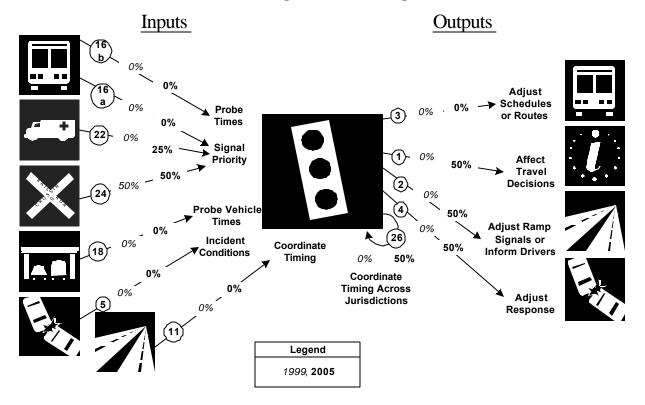
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Arterial miles covered	0	1029	0%						
by electronic									
surveillance									
Signalized intersections				31	650	5%	31	750	4%
are covered by									
electronic surveillance									
for monitoring traffic									
flow									
Signalized intersections	413	601	69%	420	650	65%	700	750	93%
are under centralized or									
closed loop control									

	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Arterial miles are	0	1029	0%						
covered by VMS, HAR,									
or IVS									
Arterial miles are				18	1029	2%	18	1029	2%
covered by VMS									
Arterial miles are					1029			1029	
covered by HAR									
Arterial miles are					1029			1029	
covered by IVS									

### **Arterial Management Integration Indicators**

# Nashville

# Arterial Management Integration\*

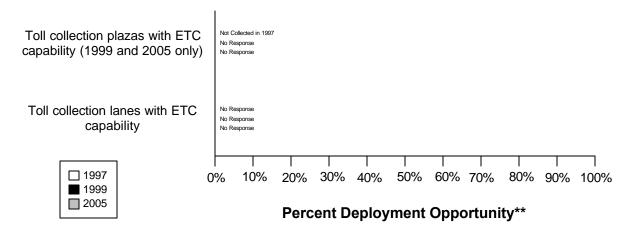


<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
16a. Transit management agencies with vehicles equipped with traffic	(0/1)	(0/1)
signal priority	0%	0%
16b. Transit Management agencies have vehicles equipped as probes on	(0/1)	(0/1)
arterials	0%	0%
22. Emergency Management agencies have vehicles equipped with	(0/4)	(1/4)
traffic signal preemption capability	0%	25%
24. Arterial Management agencies have traffic signals within 200 feet of	(1/2)	(1/2)
a highway rail intersection with the capability of having their signal	50%	50%
timing adjusted in response to a train crossing		
18. Number of Arterial Management agencies receiving information	(0/2)	(0/2)
from vehicle probes	0%	0%
5. Incident Management agencies transfer information describing	(0/1)	(0/1)
incident severity, location, and type to Arterial Management	0%	0%

Link Description	1999	2005
11. Freeway Management agencies transfer freeway travel times,	(0/1)	(0/1)
speeds, and conditions to Arterial Management agencies	0%	0%
3. Arterial Management agencies transfer arterial travel times, speeds,	(0/2)	(0/2)
and conditions to Transit Management	0%	0%
1. Arterial Management agencies disseminate arterial travel times,	(0/2)	(1/2)
speeds, and conditions to the public	0%	50%
2. Arterial Management agencies send traffic condition information to	(0/2)	(1/2)
Freeway Management	0%	50%
4. Arterial Management agencies transfer arterial travel times, speeds,	(0/2)	(1/2)
and conditions to Incident Management	0%	50%
26. Arterial Management agencies under cooperative agreement to share	(0/2)	(1/2)
traffic signal timing for coordinated response	0%	50%

# Nashville Electronic Toll Collection\*



<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

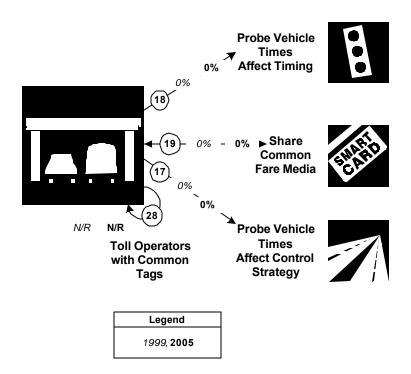
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Toll collection plazas with ETC capability									
Toll collection lanes with ETC capability									

### **Electronic Toll Collection Integration Indicators**

### Nashville

# Electronic Toll Collection Integration\*

<u>Inputs</u> Outputs



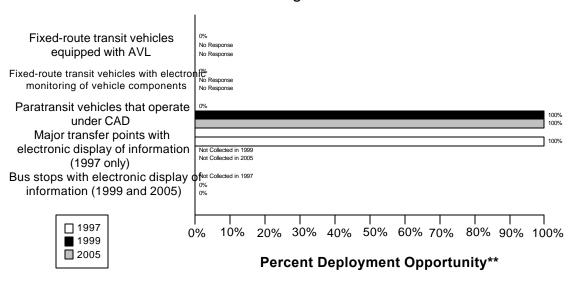
<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
18. Number of Arterial Management agencies receiving information	(0/2)	(0/2)
from vehicle probes	0%	0%
19. Transit agencies that accept electronic payment through the use of	(0/1)	(0/1)
electronic toll collection media	0%	0%
17. Freeway Management agencies receiving information from vehicle	(0/1)	(0/1)
probes	0%	0%
28. Toll operators using common toll tag technology	(0/)	(0/)

### **Transit Management Component Indicators**

Data as of 5/1/00

### Nashville Transit Management\*



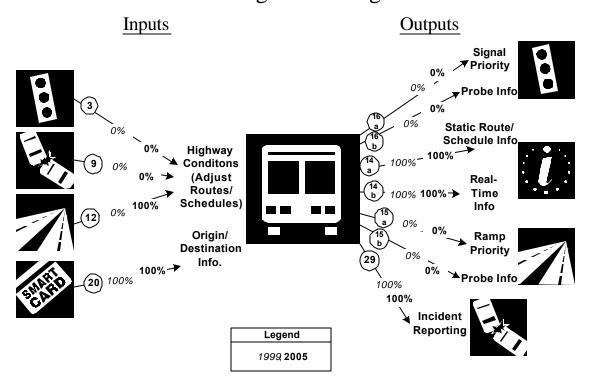
<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Fixed-route transit vehicles are equipped with AVL	0	130	0%		145			155	
Fixed-route transit vehicles are equipped with electronic monitoring of vehicle component	0	130	0%		145			155	
Paratransit vehicles operate under computer-aided dispatch	0	36	0%	37	37	100%	44	44	100%
Percent fixed-route transfer locations with electronic display of information	1	1	100%						
Bus stops display information to the public				0	1500	0%	0	1600	0%

### **Transit Management Integration Indicators**

# Nashville Transit Management Integration\*

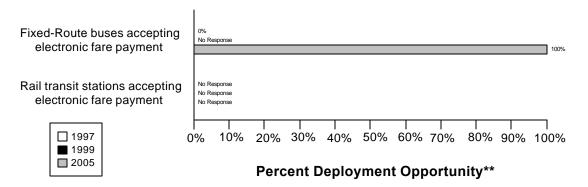


<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
3. Arterial Management agencies transfer arterial travel times, speeds,	(0/2)	(0/2)
and conditions to Transit Management	0%	0%
9. Incident management agencies transfer information describing	(0/1)	(0/1)
incident severity, location, and type to Transit Management	0%	0%
12. Freeway Management agencies transfer freeway travel times,	(0/1)	(1/1)
speeds, and conditions to Transit Management	0%	100%
20. Transit Management agencies using Electronic Fare Payment data in	(1/1)	(1/1)
transit service planning	100%	100%
16a. Transit Management agencies have vehicles equipped with traffic	(0/1)	(0/1)
signal priority capability	0%	0%
16b. Transit Management agencies have vehicles equipped as probes on	(0/1)	(0/1)
arterials	0%	0%
14a. Transit Management agencies disseminate information describing	(1/1)	(1/1)
transit routes, schedules, and fares to travelers	100%	100%

Link Description	1999	2005
14b. Transit Management agencies disseminate information describing	(1/1)	(1/1)
schedule/route adherence to travelers	100%	100%
15a. Transit Management agencies have vehicles equipped with ramp	(0/1)	(0/1)
meter priority capability	0%	0%
15b. Transit Management agencies have vehicles equipped as probes on	(0/1)	(0/1)
freeways	0%	0%
29. Transit Management agencies that report traffic incidents as part of	(1/1)	(1/1)
an organized regional Incident Management program	100%	100%

# Nashville Electronic Fare Payment\*



<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

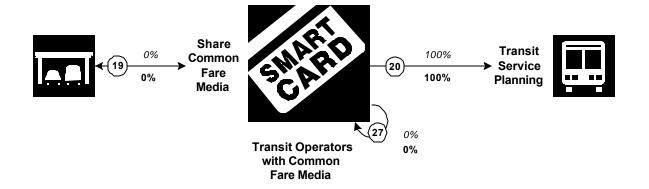
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Fixed-route transit	0	130	0%		145		155	155	100%
vehicles that accept electronic payment									
Rail transit stations that accept electronic	0	0			0		2	0	
payment									

### **Electronic Fare Payment Integration Indicators**

# Nashville

# Electronic Fare Payment Integration\*

<u>Inputs</u> <u>Outputs</u>

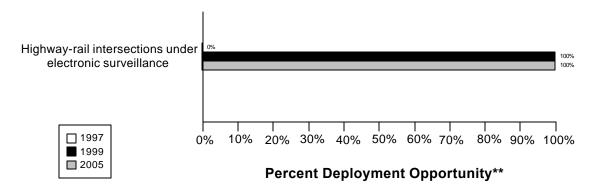


Legend							
1999							
2005							

<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
19. Transit agencies that accept electronic payment through the use of	(0/1)	(0/1)
electronic toll collection media	0%	0%
20. Transit Management agencies use Electronic Fare Payment data in	(1/1)	(1/1)
transit service planning	100%	100%
27. Transit Management agencies that use the same electronic payment	(0/1)	(0/1)
system	0%	0%

# Nashville Highway-Rail Intersections\*



<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

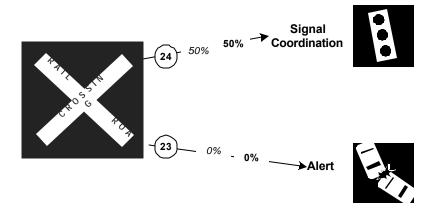
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Highway-rail intersections	0	7	0%	5	5	100%	5	5	100%
are under electronic									
surveillance									

### **Highway Rail Intersection Integration Indicators**

# Nashville

# Highway Rail Intersections Integration\*

<u>Inputs</u> <u>Outputs</u>

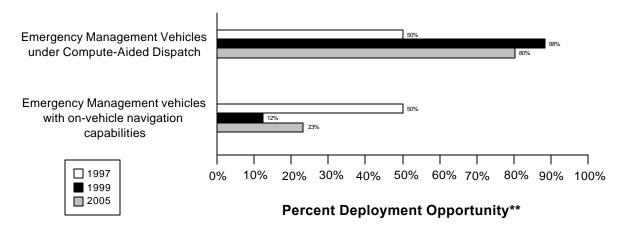


Legend						
	1999, <b>2005</b>					

<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
24. Arterial Management agencies with traffic signals within 200 feet of	(1/2)	(1/2)
a highway rail intersection with the capability of having their signal	50%	50%
timing adjusted in response to a train crossing		
23. Arterial Management agencies receive information on highway-rail	(0/2)	(0/2)
intersection crossing blockages for the purpose of managing incident		0%
response		

# Nashville Emergency Management\*



<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

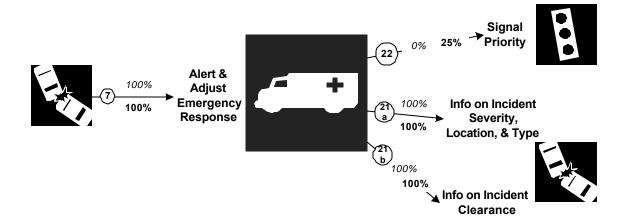
	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Public sector emergency vehicles that operate under computer-aided dispatch	18	36	50%	136	154	88%	138	172	80%
Public sector emergency vehicles that have in- vehicle route guidance capability	18	36	50%	19	154	12%	40	172	23%

### **Emergency Management Integration Indicators**

# Nashville

# **Emergency Management Integration\***

<u>Inputs</u> <u>Outputs</u>

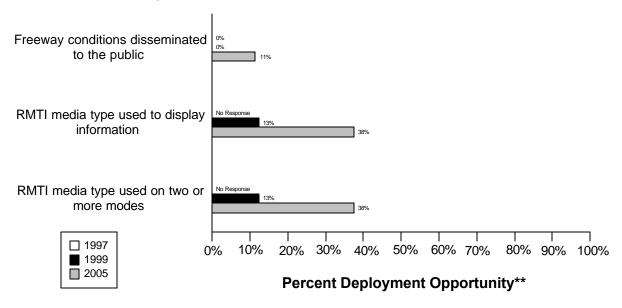


Legend						
1999, <b>2005</b>						

<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
7. Freeway Management agencies transfer information describing	(1/1)	(1/1)
incident severity, location, and type to Emergency Management agencies	100%	100%
22. Emergency Management agencies have vehicles equipped with	(0/4)	(1/4)
traffic signal preemption capability	0%	25%
21a. Freeway Management agencies receive incident severity, location,	(1/1)	(1/1)
and type data from Emergency Management agencies	100%	100%
21b. Freeway Management agencies receive incident clearance	(1/1)	(1/1)
activities information from Emergency Management agencies	100%	100%

# Nashville Regional Multimodal Traveler Information\*



<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity.

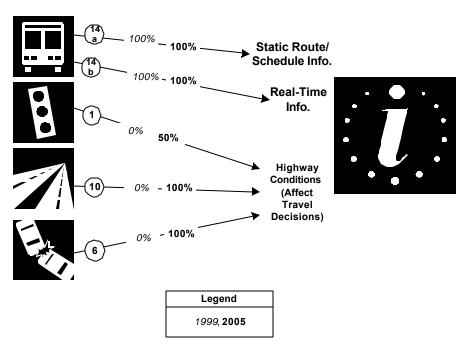
<sup>\*\*</sup> Deployment opportunity reflects potential totals that do not necessarily reflect actual need.

	1997			1999			2005		
Description	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%	Num	Den	%
Freeway conditions	0	174	0%	0	174	0%	20	174	11%
disseminated to									
travelers									
Possible RMTI media				1	8	13%	3	8	38%
types are used to									
display information to									
travelers									
Possible RMTI media				1	8	13%	3	8	38%
are used to display									
information on two or									
more modes to									
travelers									

# $\label{eq:constraint} \textbf{Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Integration Indicators} \\ Nashville$

# Regional Multimodal Traveler Information Integration\*

<u>Inputs</u> <u>Outputs</u>

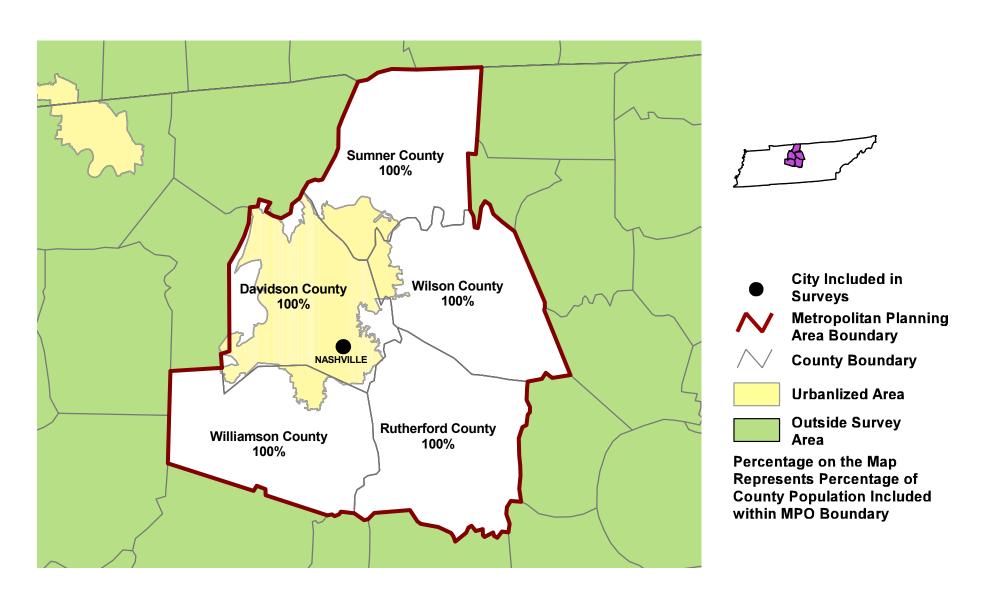


<sup>\*</sup> Indicators are single surrogates that do not necessarily reflect the full breadth of ITS deployment activity

Link Description	1999	2005
14a. Transit Management agencies that disseminate information	(1/1)	(1/1)
describing transit routes, schedules, and fares to travelers	100%	100%
14b. Transit Management agencies that disseminate information	(1/1)	(1/1)
describing schedule/route adherence to travelers	100%	100%
1. Arterial Management agencies that disseminate arterial travel times,	(0/2)	(1/2)
speeds, and conditions to the public	0%	50%
10. Freeway Management agencies that disseminate freeway travel	(0/1)	(1/1)
times, speeds, and conditions to travelers	0%	100%
6. Incident Management agencies that disseminate information	(0/1)	(1/1)
describing incident severity, location, and type to the public	0%	100%

Appendix A Survey Coverage Area

# NASHVILLE AREA METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION, TN



Appendix B Surveyed Agencies

### **Surveyed Agencies**

Agency Name	Phone Fax		199	99	199	97
			Out	In	Out	In
	NAS	SHVILLE				
Arterial Management						
Davidson Metro	(615) 880-3261	(615) 880-2417	8/5/1999	9/27/1999	8/6/1997	8/7/1997
Rutherford County	(615) 898-7730	(615) 898-7823	8/5/1999	10/12/1999	8/6/1997	8/27/1997
Emergency Management	·					
Tennessee Highway Patrol-Nashville Division	(615) 741-3181	615-741-7134	9/21/1999	9/29/1999		
Davidson County Sheriffs Office	615-862-8170	615-880-3837	9/21/1999			
Nashville Police Department	(615) 862-7400	615-862-6040	9/22/1999			
Nashville Fire Department-EMS Division	615-862-8585	615-862-5419	9/21/1999			
Metro Office of Emergency Management	(615) 862-8530	(615) 862-8534	6/3/1999	6/3/1999	8/6/1997	10/13/1997
Nashville Fire Department	615-862-5421	615-862-5419	9/21/1999	10/11/1999		
Tennessee Emergency Management Agency	(615) 741-1221	(615) 242-9635	6/3/1999	6/7/1999	8/6/1997	10/14/1997
Freeway Management	·					
Tennessee Department of Transportation	(615) 741-6596	(615) 741-2508	7/29/1999	9/20/1999	8/6/1997	8/27/1997
MPO	<u>'</u>	·				
Nashville Metropolitan Planning Commission	(615) 862-7211	(615) 862-7209	7/15/1999	8/13/1999		
Transit Management					'	
Metropolitan Transit Authority	(615)862-6147	(615)862-6208	8/9/1999	10/25/1999	7/21/1997	7/31/1997

Appendix C Freeway Management Components

	Tennessee Department	ent of Transportation
	1999	2005
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes	
FREEWAY MANAGEMENT SECTION		
Number of freeway centerline miles that agency owns or maintains	175	
Number of freeway centerline miles that is used for planning	175	
Number of freeway entrance ramps that agency owns, operates or maintains	NR	
Number of freeway entrance ramps that is used for planning	NR	
Type of facilities used to conduct freeway/incident management activities		
Activities housed in a free-standing dedicated building?	No	
Activities housed in a building shared with other activities?	Yes	
Activities conducted in a dedicated control room?	No	
Control room contains operator console(s)?	No	
Control room contains electronic wall map?	No	
Control room contains CCTV display(s)?	No	
Activities conducted in a room containing workstations or PCs that manage traffic?	No	
Facilities are electronically linked to other transportation mgt facilities?	No	
Staffing and hours of operation of freeway/incident management activities		
Number of full-time agency staff members	15	
Number of full time contractor staff members	NR	
Number of part-time agency staff members	NR	
Number of part-time contractor staff members	NR	
Staffed 24 hours day by agency staff or by others	NR	
Staffed during peak hours only by agency staff or by others	agency	
Staffed by others during off-peak hours	No	
Agency staff perform transportation management as an ancillary duty	No	
Agency staff dedicated to transportation management duty	No	
Types of operations conducted for freeway/incident management		
Incident detection and management?	Yes	
This metropolitan area?	Yes	
Other metropolitan area?	No	
Statewide?	No	
Monitoring and troubleshooting status of system components?	No	
Manual override of ramp metering rates at freeway on-ramps?	No	
Operating transportation management roadside devices?	No	
Radio communications with other agencies?	Yes	
Exchange of electronic data with other agencies such as computer aided dispatch?	No	
Real-Time Traffic Data Collection Technologies		
Total number of miles under surveillance with real-time data collection tech.	0	20

	Tennessee Department of Transportation		
	1999	2005	
Number of Stations with data collection technologies			
Loop detectors	0	0	
Video imaging detectors	0	0	
Probe readers (elec. toll tags, transit vehicles, other technology)	0	0	
Microwave radar	6	45	
Other (e.g., acoustic detectors)	0	0	
Number of Miles covered with data collection technologies	0	0	
Loop detectors	0	0	
Video imaging detectors	0	0	
Probe readers (elec. toll tags, transit vehicles, other technology)	0	0	
Microwave radar	10	20	
Other (e.g., acoustic detectors)	0	0	
/ariable Message Signs (VMS) on Freeways	0	0	
Candidate locations for deployment of VMS where VMS has been deployed	NR	NR	
Candidate locations for deployment of VMS  Candidate locations for deployment of VMS	NR NR	NR	
Roadside Technologies used to Distribute Traveler Information	NK .	NK NK	
Total number of miles where information is distributed	NR	NR	
	NK .	NK NK	
Number deployed	0	0	
Highway advisory radio		0	
In-vehicle signing	0	0	
Portable variable message signs Other	0	0	
	0	U	
Miles covered			
Highway advisory radio	0	0	
In-vehicle signing	0	0	
Portable variable message signs	0	0	
Other	0	0	
Ramp Meters on Freeways	NB	ND	
Number of entrance ramp meters operated under isolated control	NR NB	NR NR	
Number of entrance ramp meters operated under central control	NR NB	NR NB	
Number of entrance ramp meters that provide preemption for emergency vehicles	NR NB	NR NR	
Number of entrance ramp meters that provide priority for transit vehicles	NR NB	NR NR	
Total number of metered ramps	NR NB	NR NR	
reeway centerline miles under lane control	NR	NR	
Communication Links			
Freeway centerline miles covered by the following type of communication			
Twisted pair cable	0	0	
Coaxial cable 5th and the cable	0	0	
Fiber-optic cable	0	0	
Microwave radio	0	0	
Other	0	20	
TS Standards Used Related to Freeway Management  ATMS Data Dictionary Sections 1 and 2 (ITE TM 1.01)	No		

	Tennessee Departm	nent of Transportation
	1999	2005
ATMS Data Dictionary Sections 3 and 4 (ITE TM 1.02)	No	
Message Set for External TMC Communication (ITE-9604-1)	No	
NTCIP Class B Profile (AASHTO TS 3.3)	No	
NTCIP Data Collection and Monitoring Devices (AASHTO TS 3.DCM)	No	
NTCIP Object Definitions for Environmental Sensor Stations (AASHTO TS 3.7)	No	
NTICP Object Definitions for Dynamic Message Signs (AASHTO TS 3.6)	No	
NTICP Object Definitions for Highway Advisory Radio (AASHTO TS 3.HAR)	No	
NTICP Object Definitions for Ramp Meter Control (AASHTO TS 3.RMC)	No	
NTICP Object Definitions for Transportation Sensor Systems (AASHTO TS 3.TSS)	No	
NTICP Object Definitions for Video Camera Control (AASHTO TS 3.VCC)	No	
Vould agency be willing to participate in testing of ITS Standards?	No	
lave agreements in place with other agencies to use similar hardware		
and software to aid maintenance and interoperability?	No	
NCIDENT MANAGEMENT SECTION		
Jse of Service Patrols to Assist in Detection and Response to Incidents		
Publicly operated service patrol vehicles	Yes	
Privately operated service patrol vehicles operated under public contract	Yes	
Total number of freeway miles patrolled by these services	85	NR
Miles Covered by Methods to Detect and Verify Incidents		
Free cellular phone call to a dedicated phone number other than 911	NR	NR
Police patrols	NR	NR
Computer algorithms linked to traffic surveillance equipment	NR	NR
CCTV	NR	NR
Private sector sources (e.g., Shadow Traffic, SmartRoutes)	NR	NR
Other (e.g., free cell phone call to an area radio system, etc.)	NR	NR
Procedures in place for Freeway Incident Response?		
Working agreement(s)/arrangement(s) with other agencies	No	
Inter-agency incident management admin. team that meets regularly	No	
Major incident response team that responds to major incidents	No	
Set of goals/objectives for incident mgt that has been adopted by agencies in region	No	
Central focal point for facilitating the two-way flow of information	•	
among agencies responding to an incident?		
The central focal point is a Freeway or Traffic Management Center	No	
The central focal point is a Police, Fire or joint dispatch center	No	
The central focal point is another center	No	
Methods of Communication Used On-Site at an Incident		
Police		
Two-way radio	Yes	
800 MHz trunked radio	No	
Cellular telephone	Yes	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	Yes	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No	

	Tennessee Departm	nent of Transportation
	1999	2005
<u>Fire</u>		
Two-way radio	Yes	
800 MHz trunked radio	No	
Cellular telephone	No	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	Yes	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No	
DOT		
Two-way radio	Yes	
800 MHz trunked radio	No	
Cellular telephone	Yes	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	Yes	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No	
Towing		
Two-way radio	No	
800 MHz trunked radio	No	
Cellular telephone	No	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	No	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No	
Which police agencies typically respond to incidents on freeways?		
State Police	Yes	
County Police or Sheriff	Yes	
City Police	Yes	
Who provides on-site emergency medical response?		
Fire	Yes	
Emergency Management Service Agency	No	
Private hospital	No	
Has a multi-agency contact list been developed in area containing the		
names, phone numbers, etc. for the appropriate response personnel?	Yes	
Is the Incident Command System used to manage incident scenes?	Yes	
Is there a legal specification by state law or formal agreement as to who		
is "in charge" at the incident scene?		
Specified by state law?	No	
Formal agreement?	No	
Not specified or don't know?	Yes	
On-scene command post used to manage activities of responding agencies?	DK	
Are there communication linkages to a communications traffic/freeway mgt center?	NR	
Plan developed and adopted by responding agencies for staging and parking		
response vehicles and equip. at incident site that minimizes lane blockage	DI	
and facilitates the re-opening of lanes?	DK	
Respondents protected through law or court opinion for liability claims		
for damages to vehicles or cargoes during clearance activities?  Are overturned tank trucks, which are intact and not leaking, uprighted	Leg	

	Tennessee Departm	nent of Transportation
	1999	2005
without first off-loading?	No	
Does your state or local jurisdiction have a law that requires drivers		
involved in property-damage-only accidents to move the vehicles		
from travel lanes to a safe location to exchange info and wait for police?	Leg	
Have laws or policies regarding the removal of stalled/abandoned vehicles		
from freeway shoulders?	Yes	
Hours abandoned vehicles are allowed to remain on a freeway shoulder?	>36	
Have policies or procedures for quick removal of vehicles?	No	
s Total Station equipment used to investigate major incidents?	DK	
Handling of Towing Responses to Incidents		
Formal contract based on qualifications?	No	
Rotation with companies under contract?	No	
Separate lists kept for light and heavy response and for specialty recovery?	NR	
Rotation list with minimal qualifications?	No	
n towing qualifications, do you require towers to be certified under the		
Towing and Recovery Ass. of America's National Drivers Cert. Program?	DK	
DK: Don't know		
NR: No Response		
.eg: Legislation or action being planned		

Appendix D Freeway Management Integration

	Tennessee De	partment of Transportation
Agency Name	1999	2005
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes	
Freeway Management Section		
Agencies your agency provides freeway travel times, speeds, and		
conditions information, share infrastructure or coordinates operation		
Freeway Management Agencies		
Provide Information	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed
Incident Management Agencies		
Provide Information	Metro Police, Metro Fire	Metro Police, Metro Fire
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	Metro Police, Metro Fire	Metro Police, Metro Fire
Arterial Management Agencies		
Provide Information	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed
Public Transit Operators	THE HEIGH	Trone neted
Provide Information	None listed	Metropolitan Transit Authority
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed
Receiving real-time information via electronic means from others	TVOTE IISTEC	TVOTIC listed
Incident Management agencies from which your agency receives		
incident wanagement agencies from which your agency receives	TEMA	TEMA
Arterial Management agencies from which your agency receives	T C W V	12170
arterial travel times, speeds, and conditions	None listed	None listed
Public Transit operators from which your agency receives		
freeway travel times derived from vehicle probes	None listed	None listed
Toll Collection agencies from which your agency receives freeway travel		
times derived from vehicles probes	None listed	None listed
Freeway Incident Management Section		
Agencies your agency provides incident severity, location, and type info.		
and/or shares infrastructure and/or coordinates operation		
Arterial Management Agencies		
Provide Information	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed
Emergency Management Agencies		

	Tennessee Departn	nent of Transportation
Agency Name	1999	2005
Provide Information	Tennessee Emergency Management Agency, Metro Police Metro Fire	Metro Office of Emergency Management, Tennessee , Emergency Management Agency, Metro Police
Share Infrastructure	Metro Police	Metro Police
Coordinate Operation	Tennessee Emergency Management Agency, Metro Police	Tennessee Emergency Management Agency, Metro Police
Freeway Management Agencies		
Provide Information	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed
Public Transit Operators		
Provide Information	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	None listed	None listed
Receiving real-time information via electronic means from others		
Emergency Management agencies from which your agency receives		
incident clearance and/or incident severity and type		
Receive Arterial Incident Clearance Information	Tennessee Emergency Management Agency	Tennessee Emergency Management Agency
	Tennessee Emergency	Tennessee Emergency
Receive Arterial Incident Severity Information	Management Agency	Management Agency
Arterial Management agencies from which your agency receives		
arterial travel times, speeds, and conditions	None listed	None listed
Freeway Management agencies from which your agency receives		
freeway travel times, speeds, and conditions	None listed	None listed

<sup>\*</sup>short survey: Agency responded using a short survey. The survey did not include names of individual agencies, but only identified whether integration exists.

Appendix E Freeway Management Information Collection and Dissemination

#### Data Collection and Dissemination: Freeway Management Agencies for Metropolitan Area: Nashville

	Tennessee Department of Transportation				
Agency Name	1999	2005			
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes				
Freeway Management Section	165				
Data collected, archived, and/or transferred to another agency					
Collected by your agency					
	Traffic volumes, Vehicle classification, Road conditions, Weather conditions, Incidents, Current work zones	Traffic volumes, Traffic speeds, Lane occupancy, Vehicle classification, Road conditions, Weather conditions, Incidents, Current work zones			
Archived by your agency	Traffic volumes, Vehicle classification	NR			
Transferred to another agency by your agency	Road conditions, Incidents, Current work zones, Scheduled work zones	Traffic volumes, Traffic speeds, Road conditions, Incidents, Current work zones, Scheduled work zones			
Importance of making information available to the public					
Ranked High	Traffic volumes, Traffic speeds, Probe vehicles, Ramp queues, Road conditions Route designations (snow emergency, etc.), Weather conditions, Incidents, Current work zones, Scheduled work zones, Emergency/evacuation routes and procedures				
Ranked Medium	Vehicle classification, Ramp meter preemption's, Intermodal (air, rail, water) connections, Highway operations coordination information				
Ranked Low	Lane occupancy, Metering rate				
Groups that make requests for the data	State DOT personnel, Federal DOT pers stations), MPOs, Consultants	onnel, Media (I.e., TV stations, radio			
What is the data used for?	Traffic analysis, Planning				
Methods used to disseminate freeway information to the public	Training arrangement				
Technologies your agency uses to disseminate:	NR	Internet Web sites			
Technologies your agency (through another agency or org.) uses to disseminate:	NR	NR			
Internet web site reporting freeway conditions	NR				
Telephone system for reporting freeway information to the public	NR				
Organizations your agency sends information for dissemination to the public	TDOT Public Information Office provides routine construction information to the media				
Freeway Incident Management Section					
Methods used to distribute incident location and severity information					
to the public					
Technologies your agency uses to disseminate:	NR	Internet Web sites			
Technologies your agency (through another agency or org.) uses to disseminate:	NR	NR			
Internet web site reporting incident information	NR				
Telephone system for reporting incident information to the public	NR				
Organizations your agency sends information for dissemination to the public	NR				

Appendix F Arterial Management Components

	Davids	on Metro	Rutherfo	ord County	То	Totals	
	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005	
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes		Yes		2		
ARTERIAL MANAGEMENT SECTION	100		100		-		
Number of arterial miles that agency owns or maintains	250		NR		250		
Number of arterial miles that is used for planning	125		NR		125		
Number of highway-rail intersections that agency maintains	NR		5		5		
Number of highway-rail intersections that agency maintains  Number of highway-rail intersections that is used for planning	NR		NR		0		
Type of facilities used to conduct arterial management activities	INIX		INIX		0		
Activities housed in a free-standing dedicated building?	Yes		No		1		
Activities housed in a hiele-standing dedicated building:  Activities housed in a building shared with other activities?	No		No		0		
Activities conducted in a dedicated control room?	Yes		No		1		
Control room contains operator console(s)?	Yes		No		1		
	No				0		
Control room contains electronic wall map?	No		No		0		
Control room contains CCTV display(s)?			No		-		
Activities conducted in a room containing workstations or PCs that manage traffic?	Yes		No		1		
Facilities are electronically linked to other transportation mgt facilities?	No		No		0		
Staffing and hours of operation of arterial management activities			N.D.				
Number of full-time agency staff members	3		NR		0		
Number of full time contractor staff members	NR		NR		0		
Number of part-time agency staff members	NR		NR		0		
Number of part-time contractor staff members	NR		NR		0		
Staffed 24 hours day by agency staff or by others	NR		NR		0		
Staffed during peak hours only by agency staff or by others	agency		NR		0		
Staffed by others during off-peak hours	No		No		0		
Agency staff perform transportation management as an ancillary duty	No		No		0		
Agency staff dedicated to transportation management duty	No		No		0		
Types of operations conducted for arterial management							
Incident detection and management?	No		No		0		
This metropolitan area?	No		No		0		
Other metropolitan area?	No		No		0		
Monitoring and troubleshooting status of system components?	Yes		No		1		
Radio communications with other agencies?	No		No		0		
Exchange of electronic data with other agencies such as computer aided dispatch?	No		No		0		
Manual override of traffic signal timing plans	No		No		0		
Operating transportation mgt roadside devices (e.g., VMS, CCTV, etc.)	No		No		0		
Describe agency's role in traffic signal control	All roads	s in county	1	NR	_		
Traffic Signals Operated by Agency							
Number of signalized intersections operated and owned by agency	650	750	NR	NR	650	750	

	David	son Metro	Rutherfo	ord County	Totals	
	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005
Number of signalized intersections operated by agency but owned by another	0	0	NR	NR	0	0
Total number of signalized intersections operated by agency	650	750	0	0	650	750
Characteristics of signalized intersections that agency operates						
Under closed loop or central system control	420	700	0	0	420	700
Under real-time traffic adaptive control using advanced software	0	0	0	0	0	0
Using SCOOT	No		No		0	
Using SCATS	No		No		0	
Name of software	NR		NR			
Allow signal preemption for emergency vehicles	0	60	0	0	0	60
Allow signal priority for transit vehicles	0	0	0	0	0	0
Within 200 feet of a highway-rail intersection	6	6	0	0	6	6
Within 200 feet of a highway-rail intersection that adjust signal timing	6	6	0	0	6	6
oftware used to control the signals agency operates						
Date of last upgrade to traffic signal control system software?	Augı	ıst 1999	ı	NR		•
How often do you update signal timing?	every	two years		NR		
Software used and number of signalized intersections under control (1999, 2005)	SMARTWAYS	R - ECONOLITE, 7, 7 - PEEK/TRANSYT, 4, 0 200, 200	NR NR			
Controllers used to control signals						
NEMA	560	750	0	0	560	750
170/179	0	0	0	0	0	0
2070 controller	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	90	0	0	0	90	0
echnologies Associated with Highway-Rail Intersections						
Total number of highway-rail intersections under electronic surveillance	NR	NR	5	5	5	5
Highway-Rail intersection capapbilities						
Video surveillance	0	0	0	0	0	0
Electronic surveillance other than video	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ability to predict train arrival electronically	0	0	0	0	0	0
Equipped with electronic traffic violator devices	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Real-Time Electronic Traffic Data Collection Technologies						
otal number of signalized intersections covered by electronic surveillance	31	31	NR	NR	31	31
Number of signalized intersections with data collection technologies		1				ĺ

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	Davids	on Metro	Rutherfo	ord County	Totals	
	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005
Loop detectors	31	31	0	0	31	31
Video detection cameras	0	0	0	0	0	0
Probe readers reading toll tags	0	0	0	0	0	0
Probe readers reading license plates	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
loadside Technologies used to Distribute Traveler Information						
Number deployed						
Highway Advisory Radio	NR	NR	NR	NR	0	0
In-Vehicle Signing (IVS)	NR	NR	NR	NR	0	0
VMS controlling parking access	7	7	NR	NR	7	7
Miles covered						
Highway Advisory Radio	NR	NR	NR	NR	0	0
In-Vehicle Signing (IVS)	NR	NR	NR	NR	0	0
ariable Message Signs (VMS) on Arterials						
Candidate locations for deployment of VMS where VMS has been deployed	7	7	NR	NR	7	7
Candidate locations for deployment of VMS	7	7	NR	NR	7	7
ommunication Technologies						
Signalized intersections communicated with by each type of communication						
Twisted pair cable	200	200	0	0	200	200
Coaxial cable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fiber-optic cable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other (e.g., wireless, dial-up modems, leased lines, etc.)	305	493	0	0	305	493
oes agency convey information on highway-rail intersection crossing						
status to travelers via roadside media such as VMS or HAR?	No		No		0	
S Standards Used Related to Traffic Signal Control						
Advanced Transportation Controller (ATC) Software Application Interface (ITE 9603-1)	No		No		0	
ATC Physical Cabinet Functional Design (ITE-9603-2)	No		No		0	
ATC Functionality and Interface Definitions (ITE-9603-3)	No		No		0	
Natl. Trans. Communications for ITS Protocol (NTCIP) Class B Profile (AASHTO TS 3.3)	No		No		0	
NTCIP Data Collection and Monitoring Devices (AASHTO TS 3.DCM)	No		No		0	
NTCIP Object Definitions for Video Camera Control (AASHTO TS 3.VCC)	No		No		0	
NTCIP Object Definitions for Actuated Traffic Signal Controller Units (AASHTO TS 3.5)	No		No		0	
Vould agency be willing to participate in testing of ITS Standards?	Yes		NR		1	
lave agreements in place with other agencies to use similar hardware	103		IVIX		'	
and software to aid maintenance and interoperability?	No		NR		0	
ICIDENT MANAGEMENT ON ARTERIAL STREETS	INU		INIX		U	
eceive information on highway-rail intersection crossing blockages for						
	NI -		NI -			
the purpose of managing incident response?	No		No		0	
se of Service Patrols to Assist in Detection and Response to Incidents						
Publicly operated service patrol vehicles	No		No		0	
Privately operated service patrol vehicles operated under public contract	No		No		0	

	Davids	on Metro	Rutherfo	ord County	Totals	
	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005
Total number of arterial miles patrolled by these services	NR	NR	NR	NR	0	0
Miles Covered by Methods to Detect and Verify Incidents						
Free cellular phone call to a dedicated phone number other than 911	0	0	0	0	0	0
Free cellular phone call to an area radio station	0	0	0	0	0	0
Police patrols	0	0	0	0	0	0
Computer algorithms linked to traffic surveillance equipment	NR	75	0	0	0	75
CCTV	NR	75	0	0	0	75
Private sector sources (e.g., Shadow Traffic, Smart Routes) Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Procedures in place for Arterial Incident Response?	0	U	0	0	U	U
	No		No		0	
Working agreement(s)/arrangement(s) with other agencies					_	
Inter-agency incident management admin. team that meets regularly	No		No		0	
Major incident response team that responds to major incidents	Yes		No		1	
Set of goals/objectives for incident mgt that has been adopted by agencies in region	Yes		No		1	
Methods of Communication Used On-Site at an Incident						
<u>Police</u>						
Two-way radio	Yes		No		1	
800 MHz trunked radio	Yes		No		1	
Cellular telephone	Yes		No		1	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	Yes		No		1	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No		No		0	
Other	No		No		0	
Fire						
Two-way radio	Yes		No		1	
800 MHz trunked radio	Yes		No		1	
Cellular telephone	Yes		No		1	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	Yes		No		1	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No		No		0	
Other	No		No		0	
DOT	INO		INO		U	
Two-way radio	No		No		0	
800 MHz trunked radio	No		No		0	
Cellular telephone	No		No		0	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	No		No		0	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No		No		0	
Other	No		No		0	
<u>Towing</u>						
Two-way radio	Yes		No		1	
800 MHz trunked radio	No		No		0	

	Davids	son Metro	Rutherfo	ord County	То	tals
	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005
Cellular telephone	No		No		0	
Hand-held (i.e., walkie-talkie)	No		No		0	
Automated data systems (i.e., CAD)	No		No		0	
Other	No		No		0	
Vhich police agencies typically respond to incidents on arterials?						
State Police	No		No		0	
County Police or Sheriff	No		No		0	
City Police	Yes		No		1	
/ho provides on-site emergency medical response?						
Fire	Yes		No		1	
Emergency Management Service Agency	Yes		No		1	
Private hospital	No		No		0	
as a multi-agency contact list been developed in area containing the						
names, phone numbers, etc. for the appropriate response personnel?	DK		NR		0	
the Incident Command System used to manage incident scenes?	DK		NR		0	
there a legal specification by state law or formal agreement as to who						
s "in charge" at the incident scene?						
Specified by state law?	No		No		0	
Formal agreement?	No		No		0	
Not specified or don't know?	Yes		No		1	
n-scene command post used to manage activities of responding agencies?	DK		NR		0	
Are there communication linkages to a communications traffic/freeway mgt center?	NR		NR		0	
lan developed and adopted by responding agencies for staging and parking					-	
response vehicles and equip. at incident site that minimizes lane blockage						
and facilitates the re-opening of lanes?	DK		NR		0	
espondents protected through law or court opinion for liability claims						
for damages to vehicles or cargoes during clearance activities?	DK		NR		0	
re overturned tank trucks, which are intact and not leaking, uprighted						
without first off-loading?	NR		NR		0	
oes your state or local jurisdiction have a law that requires drivers						
involved in property-damage-only accidents to move the vehicles						
from travel lanes to a safe location to exchange info and wait for police?	No		NR		0	
ave laws or policies regarding the removal of stalled/abandoned vehicles						
rom freeway shoulders?	Yes		NR		1	
ours abandoned vehicles are allowed to remain on a freeway shoulder?	>36		NR		0	
ave policies or procedures for quick removal of vehicles?	Yes		NR		1	
Total Station equipment used to investigate major incidents?	DK		NR		0	
andling of Towing Responses to Incidents						
Formal contract based on qualifications?	No		No		0	

	Davids	on Metro	Rutherfo	rd County	То	tals
	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005
Rotation with companies under contract?	No		No		0	
Separate lists kept for light and heavy response and for specialty recovery?	NR		NR		0	
Rotation list with minimal qualifications?	No		No		0	
In towing qualifications, do you require towers to be certified under the						
Towing and Recovery Ass. of America's National Drivers Cert. Program?	DK		NR		0	
DK: Don't know						
NR: No Response						
Leg: Legislation or action being planned						

Appendix G Arterial Management Integration

	Da	Davidson Metro		herford County
Agency Name	1999	2005	1999	2005
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes		Yes	
Arterial Management Section				
Arterial Mgt. agencies in metropolitan area with which you share info.				
Share Timing Plans Information	None listed	Sumner	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Changes to Timing Plans		Rutherford County,		
	None listed	Williamson, Sumner	None listed	None listed
Turn over Control of Signals	None listed	None listed	None listed	None listed
gencies your agency provides arterial travel times, speeds, and				
conditions information, share infrastructure or coordinates operation				
Freeway Management Agencies				
Provide Information		Tennessee Department of		
	None listed	Transportation	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure		Tennessee Department of		
	None listed	Transportation	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	Trone noted	Tennessee Department of	TTOTIC HOLCG	Trone noted
	None listed	Transportation	None listed	None listed
Incident Management Agencies		·		
Provide Information		Tennessee Department of		
	None listed	Transportation	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure		Tennessee Department of		
	None listed	Transportation	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation		Tennessee Department of		
	None listed	Transportation	None listed	None listed
Public Transit Operators Agencies		·		
Provide Information	None listed	None listed	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation				
Arterial Management Agencies	None listed	None listed	None listed	None listed
Provide Information		Death and and Occupie		
1 Tovide Illiottiditoti	Nana liatad	Rutherford County, Williamson, Sumner	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure	None listed	Rutherford County,	None listed	None listed
Share initiastructure	None listed	Williamson, Sumner	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	Trono notou	Rutherford County,	Trong noted	Trono notou
1.500	None listed	Williamson, Sumner	None listed	None listed
deceiving real-time information via electronic means from others				
Freeway Management agencies from which your agency receives				
		Tennessee Department of		
freeway travel times, speeds, and conditions	None listed	Transportation	None listed	None listed
Public Transit operators from which your agency receives		,,		
arterial travel times derived from vehicle probes	None listed	None listed	None listed	None listed

	Davids	on Metro	Ruth	erford County
Agency Name	1999	2005	1999	2005
Incident Management agencies from which your agency receives				
incident clearance and/or incident severity, location, and type information				
Receive information on Incident Clearance	None listed	Tennessee Department of Transportation, Metro Police Department	None listed	None listed
Receive information on Incident Severity, Location, and Type	None listed	Metro Police Department	None listed	None listed
Toll Collection agencies from which your agency receives arterial travel				
times derived from vehicles probes	None listed	None listed	None listed	None listed
Arterial Incident Management Section				
Agencies your agency provides incident severity, location, and type info.				
and/or shares infrastructure and/or coordinates operation				
Emergency Management Agencies				
Provide Information	Nashville Police Department, Metro Office of Emergency Management	Nashville Fire Department, Nashville Police Department, Metro Office of Emergency Management, Tennessee Emergency Management Agency, Tennessee Highway Patrol-Nashville Division	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure	None listed	Nashville Police Department, Metro Office of Emergency Management, Tennessee Emergency Management Agency	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	None listed	Nashville Fire Department, Nashville Police Department, Metro Office of Emergency Management, Tennessee Emergency Management Agency, Tennessee Highway Patrol-Nashville Division	None listed	None listed
Freeway Management Agencies				
Provide Information	None listed	Tennessee Department of Transportation	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure	None listed	Tennessee Department of Transportation	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation	None listed	Tennessee Department of Transportation	None listed	None listed

Nashville G - 2 Arterial Management Integration

	Da	avidson Metro	Rut	herford County
Agency Name	1999	2005	1999	2005
Public Transit Operators				
Provide Information		Metropolitan Transit		
	None listed	Authority	None listed	None listed
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed	None listed	None listed
Coordinate Operation		Metropolitan Transit		
	None listed	Authority	None listed	None listed
eceiving real-time information via electronic means from others				
Emergency Management agencies from which your agency receives				
arterial incident clearance and/or arterial incident severity				
Receive Arterial Incident Clearance Information	None listed	None listed	None listed	None listed
Receive Arterial Incident Severity Information	None listed	None listed	None listed	None listed
Arterial Management agencies from which your agency receives				
		Rutherford County,		
arterial travel times, speeds, and conditions	None listed	Williamson, Sumner	None listed	None listed
Freeway Management agencies from which your agency receives				
		Tennessee Department of		
freeway travel times, speeds, and conditions	None listed	Transportation	None listed	None listed

<sup>\*</sup>short survey: Agency responded using a short survey. The survey did not include names of individual agencies, but only identified whether integration exists.

Appendix H
Arterial Management Information Collection and Dissemination

#### Data Collection and Dissemination: Arterial Management Agencies for Metropolitan Area: Nashville

		Davidson Metro	Rutherfo	ord County
Agency Name	1999	2005	1999	2005
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes		Yes	
Arterial Management Section				
Data collected, archived, and/or transferred to another agency				
Collected by your agency	Traffic volumes, Traffic speeds, Lane occupancy, Turning movements, Phasing/cycle lengths, Road conditions	Traffic volumes, Traffic speeds, Lane occupancy, Turning movements, Phasing/cycle lengths, Road conditions, Emergency vehicle signal preemption, Incidents, Highway operations coordination information	NR	NR
Archived by your agency	Traffic volumes, Traffic speeds, Lane occupancy, Turning movements, Phasing/cycle lengths, Road conditions	Traffic volumes, Traffic speeds, Lane occupancy, Turning movements, Phasing/cycle lengths, Road conditions, Emergency vehicle signal preemption, Incidents, Highway operations coordination information	NR	NR
Transferred to another agency by your agency	Road conditions	Traffic volumes, Traffic speeds, Lane occupancy, Road conditions, Emergency vehicle signal preemption, Incidents, Highway operations coordination information	NR	NR
Importance of making information available to the public				
Ranked High	Traffic volumes, Traffic speeds, Lane o operations coordination information	ccupancy, Turning movements, Incidents, Highway	NR	
Ranked Medium	Road conditions, Emergency vehicle signal preemption		NR	
Ranked Low	Phasing/cycle lengths		NR	
Groups that make requests for the data		dia (I.e., TV stations, radio stations), MPOs,	NR	
What is the data used for?	Traffic analysis, Planning, Roadway im	pact analysis, Dissemination to the public	NR	
Methods used to disseminate arterial information to the public				
Technologies your agency uses to disseminate:	NR	Dedicated cable TV, Internet Web sites	NR	NR
Technologies your agency (through another agency or org.) uses to disseminate:	NR	Dedicated cable TV, Internet Web sites	NR	NR
Internet web site reporting arterial conditions	NR	,	NR	
Telephone system for reporting arterial information to the public	NR		NR	
Organizations your agency sends information for dissemination to the public	NR		NR	
Arterial Incident Management Section				
Methods used to distribute incident location and severity information				
to the public				
Technologies your agency uses to disseminate:	NR	Dedicated cable TV, Internet Web sites	NR	NR
Technologies your agency (through another agency or org.) uses to disseminate:	NR	Dedicated cable TV, Internet Web sites	NR	NR
Internet web site reporting incident information	NR		NR NR	
Telephone system for reporting incident information to the public	NR			
Organizations your agency sends information for dissemination to the public	NR		NR	

Appendix I Transit Management Components

	Metropolitan T	ransit Authority
	1999	2005
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes	
Number of vehicles used in revenue service		
Fixed Route Bus	145	155
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	37	44
Commuter Rail	NR	NR
Ferry Boat	NR	NR
Have of plan to have an Automated Vehicle Location System?	No	
Primary and Secondary Location Technologies Used		
Primary Technologies		
GPS	No	No
Sign/Odometer	No	No
Dead-Reckoning	No	No
LORAN C	No	No
Other	No	No
Backup Technologies		
GPS	No	No
Sign/Odometer	No	No
Dead-Reckoning Dead-Reckoning	No	No
LORAN C	No	No
Other	No	No
Number of Vehicles Equipped with AVL		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	NR	NR
Commuter Rail	NR	NR
Ferry Boat	NR	NR
Motor Buses Operated as Vehicle Probes		
Number of Motor Buses equipped as probes on freeways?	NR	
Number of Motor Buses equipped as probes on arterials?	NR	
Have Organized Regional Incident Management Program?	Yes	
Have Automated Traveler Information System?	Yes	
Services Automated Traveler Info. System Applies:		

	Metropolitan T	ransit Authority
	1999	2005
Fixed Route	Yes	
Heavy Rail	No	
Light Rail	No	
Demand Responsive	Yes	
Commuter Rail	Yes	
Ferry	No	
Locations where traveler information is displayed to public	140	
Number of bus stops on fixed transit routes	1,500	1,600
Bus stops on fixed transit routes that display traveler info to the public	0	0
Number of rail stations	0	0
Number of rail stations that display traveler information	0	0
Number of other locations that display traveler information to public	NR	NR
Number of vehicles the traveler information system has available		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	NR	NR
Commuter Rail	NR	NR
Ferry Boat	NR	NR
Deployment of Communications Technology		
Attributes of Radio System:		
Digital?	No	
Analog?	Yes	
Trunked?	No	
Regular?	Yes	
Services that use a Digital or Trunked Radio System		
<u>Digital Only</u>		
Fixed Route Bus	No	Yes
Heavy or Rapid Rail	No	No
Light Rail	No	No
Demand Responsive	No	Yes
Commuter Rail	No	Yes
Ferry Boat	No	No
Trunked Only		
Fixed Route Bus	No	No
Heavy or Rapid Rail	No	No
Light Rail	No	No
Demand Responsive	No	No
Commuter Rail	No	No

	Metropolitan T	ransit Authority
	1999	2005
Ferry Boat	No	No
Have of plan to have Automatic Passenger Counters (APCs)?	No	
Methods used to count passengers		
Treadle Mats	No	
Infrared Beams	No	
Primary and Secondary Location Technologies Used		
Primary Technologies		
GPS	No	No
Differential GPS	No	No
Signpost/Odometer	No	No
Dead_Reckoning	No	No
LORAN C	No	No
Other	No	No
Backup Technologies		
GPS	No	No
Differential GPS	No	No
Signpost/Odometer	No	No
Dead_Reckoning	No	No
LORAN C	No	No
Other	No	No
Number of Vehicles with APCs		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	NR	NR
Commuter Rail	NR	NR
Ferry Boat	NR	NR
Remote Real-Time Monitoring and Computer Assisted Dispatching		
Remote Real-Time Monitoring		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	NR	NR
Commuter Rail	NR	NR
Ferry Boat	NR	NR
Automated Dispatching or Control Software		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR

	Metropolitan T	ransit Authority
	1999	2005
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	37	44
Commuter Rail	NR	NR
Ferry Boat	NR	NR
Coordinate or plan to coordinate travel request and vehicle		
dispatching for multiple agencies?	No	
Is there or will there be a Transportation Management Center	112	
(TMC) in the region that controls transit and highway modes?	Yes	
Modes that TMC currently controls:	100	
Highways	No	No
Fixed Route Bus	No	No
Heavy or Rapid Rail	No No	No
Light Rail	No No	No
ů .		
Demand Responsive	No No	No
Commuter Rail	No	No
Ferry Boat	No	No
Other	No	No
Priority at Traffic Signals and Ramp Meter Priority		
Priority at Traffic Signals		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	NR	NR
Ramp Meter Priority		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	NR	NR
Number of Vehicles Equipped with Navigation Aids		
Fixed Route Bus	NR	NR
Heavy or Rapid Rail	NR	NR
Light Rail	NR	NR
Demand Responsive	NR	NR
Commuter Rail	NR	NR
Ferry Boat	NR	NR
ITS Standards Used Related to Transit Management		
TCIP On Boad Objects (TCIP-OB)	No	
TCIP Traffic Management Objects (TCIP-TM)	No	
TCIP Common Public Transportation Objects (TCIP-CPT)	No	
TCIP Passenger Information Objects (TCIP-PI)	No	

	Metropolitan T	Fransit Authority
	1999	2005
TCIP Incident Management Objects (TCIP-IM)	No	
TCIP Fare Collection Objects (TCIP-FC)	No	
TCIP Spatial Representation Objects (TCIP-SP)	No	
TCIP Control Center Objects (TCIP-CC)	No	
TCIP Scheduling/Runcutting Objects (TCIP-SCH)	No	
Send data communication between micro computer and heavy duty		
vehicle applications (SAE J1708)	No	
Would agency be willing to participate in testing of ITS Standards?	Yes	
Have agreements in place with other agencies to use similar hardware		
and software to aid maintenance and interoperability?	No	
Electronic Fare Payment		
Have full operational Electronic Fare Payment System?	Yes	
Methods of Fare Payment		
Stored value card with fare deducted for each trip		
Magnetic Stripe	Yes	
Smart Card	No	
Debit Card	No	
Billed by the month for trips taken		
Magnetic Stripe	No	
Smart Card	No	
Credit Card	No	
Monthly Pass		
Magnetic Stripe	Yes	
Smart Card	No	
Vehicles/Stations Equipped with Automated Payment Mechanism		
Magnetic Stripe Readers		
Fixed Route Bus Vehicles	NR	155
Heavy or Rapid Rail Stations	NR	NR
Light Rail Stations	NR	NR
Demand Responsive Vehicles	NR	44
Commuter Rail Stations	NR	2
Ferry Boat Landings	NR	NR
Smart Card Readers		
Fixed Route Bus Vehicles	NR	NR
Heavy or Rapid Rail Stations	NR	NR
Light Rail Stations	NR	NR
Demand Responsive Vehicles	NR	NR
Commuter Rail Stations	NR	NR
Ferry Boat Landings	NR	NR
Credit Card		

	Metropolitan Transit Authority					
	1999	2005				
Fixed Route Bus Vehicles	NR	NR				
Heavy or Rapid Rail Stations	NR	NR				
Light Rail Stations	NR	NR				
Demand Responsive Vehicles	NR	NR				
Commuter Rail Stations	NR	NR				
Ferry Boat Landings	NR	NR				
Debit Card						
Fixed Route Bus Vehicles	NR	NR				
Heavy or Rapid Rail Stations	NR	NR				
Light Rail Stations	NR	NR				
Demand Responsive Vehicles	NR	NR				
Commuter Rail Stations	NR	NR				
Ferry Boat Landings	NR	NR				
NR: No Response						

Appendix J Transit Management Integration

J - 1

	Metropolitan Transit Authority					
Agency Name	1999	2005				
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes					
Transit operators in the region that use the same electronic payment system	None listed					
Toll operators from whom you accept electronic payment of transit						
fare through the use of ETC media	None listed					
Receiving real-time information via electronic means from others						
Freeway Management agencies from which your agency receives						
freeway travel times, speeds, and conditions						
Receive Information	None listed	Tennessee Department of Transportation				
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed				
Arterial Management agencies from which your agency receives						
arterial travel times, speeds, and conditions						
Receive Information	None listed	Davidson Metro				
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed				
Incident Management agencies from which your agency receives						
incident severity, location, and type						
Receive Information	None listed	Tennessee Department of Transportation				
Share Infrastructure	None listed	None listed				

Appendix K
Transit Management Information Collection and Dissemination

#### Data Collection and Dissemination: Transit Management Agencies for Metropolitan Area: Nashville

	Metropolitan Transit Authority								
Agency Name	1999	2005							
Agency Returned Survey?	Yes								
Methods used to disseminate transit information to the public									
Technologies your agency uses to disseminate:									
Transit routes, schedules and fares	Facsimile, Variable Message Signs (in vehicle), Cell phone/voice, Telephone System	E-mail or other direct PC communication, Internet Web Sites							
Real-time transit schedule adherence or arrival and departure times	Facsimile, Variable Message Signs (in vehicle), Telephone System	Cell phone/voice, E-mail or other direct PC communication, Internet Web Sites							
Technologies employed by other organization receiving your data									
Transit routes, schedules and fares	NR	NR							
Real-time transit schedule adherence or arrival and departure times	NR	NR							
Internet web site reporting transit routes, schedules and fare, etc.	NR								
Telephone system for reporting transit information to the public	615.862.5950								
Organizations your agency sends information for dissemination to the public	ASAP- Public Relations Firm; Advertisement on buses, benches, shelters; First American Bank Center; Metro Courthouse, Main Library, Nations Bank								
Data collected, archived, and/or transferred to another agency									
	Transit operations coordination information, Highway operations coordination information, Emergency/evacuation routes and procedures, Intermodal (air, rail, water) conditions, Scheduled roadway work zones for transit, Current roadway work zones for transit, Incidents, Weather conditions, Route designations (snow emergency, etc), Road conditions, Vehicle monitoring status, Passenger information (e.g., surveys, O/D), Trip itinerary planning records, Passenger count, Vehicle time and location	NR							
Archived by your agency	NR	NR							
Transferred to another agency by your agency	NR	NR							
Importance of making information available to the public									
Ranked High  Ranked Medium  Ranked Low	Transit operations coordination information, Highway operations coordination information, Emergency/evacuation routes and procedures, Intermodal (air, rail, water) conditions, Scheduled roadway work zones for transit, Current roadway work zones for transit, Incidents, Weather conditions, Route designations (snow emergency, etc), Road conditions, Vehicle monitoring status, Passenger information (e.g., surveys, O/D), Trip itinerary planning records, Passenger count, Vehicle time and location  NR  NR								
Groups that make requests for the data	Advanced Traveler Information Systems (ATIS) providers, Consultants, MPOs, Media (I.e., TV stations, radio								
	stations), Federal DOT personnel, State DOT personnel, Universities								
What is the data used for?	Dissemination to the public, Accident prediction models, Roadway impact analysis, Incident detection algorithm development, Construction impact determination, Planning, Traffic analysis								

Appendix L Emergency Management

	Total \	√ehicles	Navigation s Capabilities		9		CAD		CAD Equipped with Mobile Data Terminal		Vehicles Equipped with Preemption		ormal rogram	Info to other	
Agency Name	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005	Participate in F Incident Mgt P	Send Incident agencies	List of agencies receiving data
Metro Office of Emergency Management	18	18	0	18	0	18	18	18	NR	NR	0	18	Yes	Yes	None listed
Nashville Fire Department	106	120	0	NR	0	NR	106	120	0	30	0	0	Yes	No	None listed
Tennessee Emergency Management Agency	18	22	18	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Yes	No	None listed
Tennessee Highway Patrol-Nashville Division	12	12	1	NR	0	NR	12	NR	2	NR	0	NR	Yes	Yes	Tennessee Emergency Management Agency, Nashville Police Department

Nashville L - 1 Emergency Management