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PHASE II DEVELOPMENT OF A NON-

PROPRIETARY, FOUR-CABLE, HIGH

TENSION MEDIAN BARRIER

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The Midwest Roadside Safety Facility (MwRSF) has determined the uncertainty of measurements for several parameters involved in standard full-scale crash testing and non-standard testing of roadside safety features. Information regarding the uncertainty of measurements for critical parameters is available upon request by the sponsor and the Federal Highway Administration.

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background and Problem Statement

The use of cable median barriers has risen dramatically during the last several years. These barriers are most frequently utilized in the medians of suburban or rural freeways that have high traffic volumes, narrow medians, or high accident frequencies. Cable barriers are often placed in depressed medians with widths ranging from 30 to 50 ft (9.1 to 15.2 m) and with fill slopes as steep as 4H:1V. Although cable barriers have been shown to contain and redirect many heavy trucks [1], a careful review of accident records has indicated that passenger vehicles do occasionally penetrate through the standard 3-cable median barrier and enter opposing traffic lanes [2]. A detailed evaluation of low tension non-proprietary cable median barrier accidents seems to indicate that the barrier is most vulnerable when struck from the one cable side [3,4]. Further, crash testing has verified that cables mounted on the back side of the posts are largely ineffective for containing and redirecting an impacting vehicle [5].

Therefore, the Midwest States Pooled Fund Program sponsored a research study at the Midwest Roadside Safety Facility (MwRSF) to improve the safety performance of existing, low-tension, cable median barriers in an effort to reduce cross-over median crashes as well as to reduce dynamic barrier deflections. For this initial effort, MwRSF reviewed existing low-tension, cable median barriers, identified key design features, and developed several prototype four-cable, low-tension median barrier systems [6]. For this study, three full-scale vehicle crash tests were performed using pickup truck and small sedan test vehicles. For the testing program, each cable barrier system was installed on level terrain with the understanding that the final barrier system later would be tested and evaluated in a depressed median. Although the preliminary testing program resulted in both unsuccessful and satisfactory outcomes, members of the Midwest States Pooled Fund Program chose to discontinue the R&D effort to develop an improved low-tension,

cable median barrier system. Thus, the Pooled Fund members refocused their resources toward the development of a non-proprietary, high-tension, cable barrier system for use on generally level terrain as well as in depressed medians.

For the R&D effort to develop a new high-tension, cable median barrier, MwRSF designed an improved cable-to-post attachment mechanism that would satisfy predetermined loading requirements, conducted component testing of the new attachment hardware, identified cable end-fittings and splices that could be used in the new barrier system, and performed component testing on existing and modified end-fittings and splices [7]. Following the completion of the initial high-tension study, additional research funding was provided to configure, test, and evaluate the prototype high-tension, cable median barrier system when installed in a depressed median.

A series of three full-scale crash tests were conducted to evaluate the prototype hightension, cable median barrier in a depressed median [8]. Test no. 4CMB-1 was conducted in compliance with test no. 3-11 of the Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH) [9] standards with the system located 12 ft (3.7 m) laterally down the foreslope of the 46 ft (14 m) wide, 4H:1V slope v-ditch. The system adequately contained and redirected the vehicle, thus, it was deemed acceptable according to MASH.

The system was slightly modified with respect to placement and orientation within the vditch for the next two crash tests. The second full-scale test, test no. 4CMB-2 was conducted according to test no. 3-10 of the MASH standards with the system located 4 ft (1.2 m) laterally up the backslope of the ditch. During the test, the vehicle made contact with the backslope prior to impacting the system, which caused significant deceleration rates prior to impact with the median barrier. The system was still able to contain the vehicle, but due to the deceleration rate, the system was considered to be marginally acceptable. For the third crash test, heavily compacted soil was added in a region prior to the impact location. Also, the cable heights were lowered so that the bottom cable was $13 \frac{1}{2}$ in. (343 mm) from the ground, and the middle cables were spaced at $10\frac{1}{2}$ in. (267 mm), leaving the top cable height at 45 in. (1,143 mm). Test no. 4CMB-3 was also conducted according to test no. 3-10 of the MASH standards with the system located 4 ft (1.2 m) laterally up the backslope of the ditch. The vehicle was contained by the system. However, the cables caused significant deformation to the A-pillar on the driver's side of the vehicle. Therefore, the system was deemed unacceptable according to MASH. Following the completion of these full-scale crash tests, additional research funding was provided to re-configure, test, and evaluate the high-tension, cable median barrier system when installed in a depressed median.

The keyway bracket cable clips used for test no. 4CMB-3 released at the desired load, but the remaining attachment caused a snag point for the cables, which produced unacceptable results, as shown in Figure 1. In order to improve the cable release, while maintaining the attachments ability to dissipate energy through post deflection, an angled keyway bolt was developed for use with a keyway slot in the post. The shape of the bolt was optimized so that the cables would not snag on the bolt once they were released. In addition, the angled keyway bolt design utilized fewer parts, was easier to install, and less costly. Development and testing of the angled keyway bolt designed is detailed in a separate report [10]. No other design modifications were made to the system aside from the change in the cable attachment.



Figure 1. Test No. 4CMB-3: Slotted Bracket, Cable Snag, and A-Pillar Damage



Figure 2. Updated Cable Attachment: Angled Keyway Bolt

1.2 Research Objectives

The primary research objective was to develop an improved, non-proprietary, hightension, cable median barrier system that would provide acceptable safety performance when installed on generally flat terrain as well as when placed at any location within a depressed median with fill slopes equal to or flatter than 4H:1V. Modifications to the prototype hightension, cable median barrier were to be made so that the system limited the dynamic barrier deflections using cable-to-post attachment hardware that maximized the energy dissipated by the support posts, while still allowing the cables to release vertically from the attachments at relatively low loads. In addition, the barrier system was to be designed to mitigate vehicle underride and/or override. Finally, the cable median barrier system was to be tested and evaluated according to the Test Level 3 (TL-3) safety performance criteria set forth in the MASH.

1.3 Research Scope

The high-tension, cable median barrier system was initially configured using information obtained from MwRSF's prior research studies pertaining to the development of an improved cable median barrier. Design details were prepared for the high-tension, four-cable, median barrier system. The cable median barrier was constructed in a 4H:1V V-ditch section for use in the testing and evaluation program. Two full-scale vehicle crash tests were conducted. The first test utilized a small car, weighing approximately 2,425 lb (1,100 kg), impacting at a speed and angle of 62.1 mph (100.0 km/h) and 25.0 degrees, respectively. The second test utilized a ¹/₂-ton Quad Cab pickup truck, weighing approximately 5,000 lb (2,268 kg), impacting at a speed and angle of 62.1 mph (100.0 km/h) and 25.0 degrees, respectively. Finally, the test results were analyzed, evaluated, and documented. Conclusions and recommendations were then made that pertain to the safety performance of the cable barrier systems.

2 DESIGN DETAILS TEST NO. 4CMB-4

The barrier system test installation was comprised of four, high-tension cables in a depressed median, as shown in Figures 3 through 25. Photographs of the test installation are shown in Figures 26 and 27. Material specifications, mill certifications, and certificates of conformity for the system materials are shown in Appendix A.

The cable barrier system was constructed using a total length of 608 ft (185.3 m) with the majority of the barrier system placed within a simulated depressed median or V-ditch. The test installation consisted of several distinct components, systems, and features: (1) a depressed V-ditch; (2) wire ropes or cables; (3) steel support posts; (4) cable-to-post attachment bolts; (5) cable splice hardware; (6) breakaway end terminal hardware; (7) reinforced concrete foundations; (8) cable end fittings; (9) turnbuckle assemblies; and (10) load cell end assemblies.

A 360-ft (109.7-m) long simulated V-ditch was constructed using an overall width of 46 ft (14.0 m) in combination with 4H:1V side slopes, as shown in Figures 3 and 4. The barrier was constructed 4 ft (1.2 m) laterally from the bottom of the V-ditch on the backslope. Four ³/₄-in. (19-mm) diameter, Class A galvanized 3x7 (pre-stretched) wire ropes were utilized for the cable rail elements. The cables were supported by 38 posts and anchored at the upstream and downstream ends, as shown in Figure 3. Post nos. 1 and 40 were configured to serve as the upstream and downstream end anchors, respectively, and these locations incorporated breakaway end terminal hardware that were supported by reinforced concrete foundations. Post nos. 2 and 39 consisted of breakaway steel support posts anchored to reinforced concrete foundations. Post nos. 3 through 38 consisted of S3x5.7 (S76x8.5) ASTM A992 steel line posts measuring 90 in. (2,286 mm) in length. The spacing between post nos. 1 and 2 as well as 39 and 40 was 8 ft (2.4 m), while the post spacing between post nos. 2 through 39 was 16 ft (4.9 m). For the standard line posts, the four cables were attached to the posts and placed at 13½ in. (343 mm), 24 in. (610

mm), 34¹/₂ in. (876 mm), and 45 in. (1,143 mm) above the ground surface. The top and lower middle cables were attached to the impact side of each post, and the upper middle and lower cables were attached to the non-impact side of each post. Each cable was attached to the line posts using a ¹/₄-in. (6-mm) diameter A449 steel angled keyway bolt. Details for the cable-to-post attachment bracket, mounting hardware, and locations can be found in Figures 18, 19, and 21.

Each of the four wire ropes were spliced together using special cable splice hardware located between post nos. 19 through 22, as shown in Figure 5. At the ends of the cable barrier system, each cable was sloped down to the ground and anchored to a simulated breakaway end terminal system, as shown in Figures 6, 7, and 10 through 13. Post nos. 1 and 40 served as the end cable anchors and consisted of a cable anchor bracket, cable release lever, brass keeper rod, special end fittings, and a reinforced concrete foundation.

As noted previously, posts nos. 2 and 39 served as breakaway steel support posts with attached hanger hardware, as shown in Figures 14 through 17. The S3x5.7 (S76x8.5) posts incorporated a steel bracket plate near the top of the post as well as a slipbase connection near the groundline. Each post was inserted into steel foundation tube assembly and embedded within a reinforced concrete foundation.

Large plastic barrels filled with soil were placed around post nos. 15 through 24 to prevent excess moisture from entering the soil adjacent to the posts, as shown in Figure 20. Since there were cold temperatures and frozen soil during the test installation, the barrels provided better soil conditions around the posts without affecting performance of the posts.

Near the upstream end of the barrier system, one 50,000-lb (222.4-kN) capacity tension load cell was spliced into each of the cable lines between post nos. 4 and 5, as shown in Figures 6 and 8. Details for the load cells, threaded rods, turnbuckles, end fittings, and rod couplers are provided in Figures 8 and 9. A cable tensioning chart was developed as a function of the ambient air temperature and for use when installing the barrier system, as provided in Table 1. It should be noted that the system was tested with the prescribed cable tension at 100 deg Fahrenheit (37.8 deg Celsius) of 4,213 lb (18.7 kN). MASH requires that cable barrier systems be tested with cable tensions set to the recommended tension at 100 deg Fahrenheit.

It should be noted that the cable attachment hardware used in test no. 4CMB-4 utilized brackets and posts from test no. 4CMB-3 in the non-critical regions of the system where it was believed that the substitution would not influence the results of the test. Additionally, the orientation of some of the posts was reversed such that the location of the cable clip was on the upstream flange rather than the downstream flange. The variation of the hardware used is documented in Figure 25.

Ambient Air	Cable
Temperature	Tension
(Degrees Fahrenheit)	(lb)
110	4,000
100	4,213
90	4,427
80	4,640
70	4,853
60	5,067
50	5,280
40	5,493
30	5,706
20	5,920
10	6,133
0	6,346
-10	6,560
-20	6,773
-30	6,986
-40	7,200

Table 1. Pre-Stretched Cable Tension Chart



Figure 3. Test Installation Layout, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 4. Soil Compaction Layout, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 5. Cable Splice Layout, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 6. Cable Terminal Layout, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 7. Anchor Details, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 8. Load Cell Layout, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 9. Load Cell Assembly Details, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 10. Post Nos. 1 and 40 Details, Test No. 4CMB-4

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Figure 11. Anchor Bracket Details, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 12. Anchor Bracket Details, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 13. Release Lever Details, Test No. 4CMB-4

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Figure 14. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Details, Test No. 4CMB-4

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Figure 15. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Details, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 16. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Details, Test No. 4CMB-4




Figure 18. Post Assembly Layout, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 19. Post Details, Test No. 4CMB-4

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Figure 20. Post Nos. 15-24 Barrel Details, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 21. Keyway Bolt Detail, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 22. Anchor Stud Detail, Test No. 4CMB-4

Four Cable Median Barrier Bill of Materials						
Item No.	QTY.	Descrip	ption	Material Spec	Hard	dware Jide
a1	2	Cable Anchor Base Plate		A36 Steel	FP	A02
a2	4	Exterior Cable Plate Gusset		A36 Steel	FP	A02
a3	6	Interior Cable Plate Gusset		A36 Steel	FP	A02
a4	2	Anchor Bracket Plate		A36 Steel	FP	A02
a5	2	3/16" [5] Dia. Brass Keeper	Rod, 14" [356] long	Brass		-
a6	4	Release Gusset		A36 Steel	2	-
a7	2	Release Lever Plate		A36 Steel	2	-
a8	4	1.25x1.25x0.1875" [32x32x5]	TS CT Kicker Lever Tube	ASTM A500 Grade B		-
a9	8	CMB High Tension Anchor Pla	te Washer	A36 Steel		_
a10	2	[1.25x1.25x0.1875" [32x32x5] Connecting Tube	IS CI Kicker Lever	ASTM A 500 Grade B		-
a11	2	3x10x0.5" [76x254x13] Kicker	r Plate	A36 Steel		_
a12	4	CT kicker — gusset		A36 Steel		-
a13	20	3/4" [19] Dia. Flat Washer		Grade 2	FWO	C20a
a15	16	3/4" Dia. J-Hook Anchor and	d Nut	A449	FR	J16a
a16	2	1/4" [6] Dia. Aircraft Retainin	ng Cable, 36" [914] long	7x19 galvanized		-
a17	2	5/8" [16] Dia. Heavy Hex Nu	ut	Grade 5		-
a18	2	5/8" [16] Dia. x 9 1/2" [24	1] long Hex Bolt	Grade 5		
a19	2	24" [610] Dia. Concrete Anch	nor, 120" [3048] long	4,000 psi f'c		_
a20	16	#11 Straight Rebar, 114" [28	396] long	Grade 60		_
a21	44	#4 Anchor Hoop Rebar with 2	21" [533] Dia.	Grade 60		-
ь1	2	S3x5.7 [S76x8.5] Post by 28	1/8" [714]	ASTM A572 GR50-07, ASTM A709 GR50-09A ASTM A992-06A		-
b2	2	S3x5.7 [S76x8.5] Post by 19	" [483]	ASTM A572 GR50-07, ASTM A709 GR50-09A ASTM A992-06A	,	
ь3	8	#3 Straight Rebar, 43" [1092	2] long	Grade 60		-
b4	22	7 1/4" [184] Dia. No. 3 Hoo	op Reinforcement	Grade 60		-
ь5	2	2nd Post Keeper Plate, 28 G	auge	A36		_
ь6	2	3/4" [19] Dia. x 6" [152] lo	ong Hex Bolt and Nut	A307	FB>	(20a
ь7	2	3/4" [19] Dia. Hex Nut		Grade 2	FN	(20a
b8	24	1/2" [13] Dia. Washer		A307	FWC	C14a
ь9	8	1/2" [13] Dia. x 2 1/2" [64] long Hex Bolt and Nut	A307	FB>	<14 a
ь10	2	4x3x1/4" [102x76x6] Foundat	tion Tube, 48" [1168] long	ASTM A500 Grade B		_
Ь11	2	2nd Post Cable Hanger		A36		-
b12	2	2nd Post Anchor Aggregate 1	2 in, Depth	-		-
b13	2	[12" [305] Dia. 2nd Post Con long	crete Anchor, 46" [1168]	4,000 psi f'c		-
b14	4	2nd Post Base Plate		A36		_
c1	36	S3x5.7 [S76x8.5] by 90" [15	24]	ASIM A572 GR50-07, ASIM A709 GR50-09A, ASIM A992- 06A		_
c2	144	1/4" [6] Dia 20 UNC Hex	Nut High Topped	Grade 8 - Galvanized	Ê e	-
c3	144	1/4" [6] dia. Keyway bolt		A449 — Galvanized		-
				4—Cable Median Ba	rrier	SHEET: 21 of 23
				Bill of Materials		DATE: 11/17/11
			Midwoot Doodoida			DRAWN BY: MJW/MDM/
			Safety Facility	DWG. NAME.	SCALE: None	REV. BY:
				4CMB-4_R9	UNITS: In.[mm]	KAL/CLM/ RWB

Figure 23. Bill of Materials, Test No. 4CMB-4

	Four Cable Median Barrier Bill of Materials Continued				
Item No.	QTY.	Description	Material Spec	Hardware Guide	
d1	4	3/4" [19] Dia. High Strength Pre—Stretched Cable Guiderail	3x7 Cl A Galvanized	RCM01	
d2	16	7/8" [22] Dia. Hex Nut	A563	RCE03	
d3	20	7/8" [22] Cable End Threaded Rod	ASTM-A449	RCE03	
d4	16	Bennet Cable End Fitter	ASTM-A47	RCE03	
d5	16	7/8" Dia. Square Nut	Grade 5	FNS20	
d6	8	CMB Splice Cable Insert	Brass (unknown)	-	
d7	8	CMB Splice Threaded Rope Connector Steel (unknown) -		-	
d8	4	Bennet Cable End Fitter	Steel (unknown)	-	
e1	4	Bennet Short Threaded Turnbuckle	Not Specified	—	
e2	8	Threaded Loadcell Coupler	N/A	-	
e3	4	50,000—Ib Load Cell	N/A	_	



Figure 24. Bill of Materials, Test No. 4CMB-4

Post no.			Post set in Plast	tic 4CMB-3				A449 Bolt
(S to N)	Clip type	Upstream or Downstream	Container	Post	Other Info			Grade 8 Nut
1	na - anchor	na	no	yes	same anchor hardware f	rom previous testing		no
2	na - breakaway hanger post	na	no	no	replaced due to damage	from rod clip bogie testing		no
3	Keyway bolt type (current)	upstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for upstream location		no
4	Keyway bolt type (current)	upstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for upstream location		no
5	Keyway bolt type (current)	upstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for upstream location		no
6	Keyway bolt type (current)	upstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for upstream location		no
/	Keyway bolt type (current)	upstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for upstream location		no
8	Keyway bolt type (current)	upstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for upstream location		no
10	Keyway bolt type (current)	upstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for unstream location		10
11	Keyway bolt type (current)	unstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for unstream location		no
12	Keyway bolt type (current)	upstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for upstream location		ves
13	Keyway bolt type (current)	upstream	no no installed and fabricated for upstream location				ves	
14	Keyway bolt type (current)	upstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for upstream location		yes
15	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	yes	no	refabricated and installe	d to match current design		yes
16	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	yes	no	refabricated and installe	d to match current design		yes
17	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	yes	no	refabricated and installe	d to match current design		yes
18	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	yes	no	refabricated and installe	d to match current design		yes
19	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	yes	no	refabricated and installe	d to match current design		yes
20	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	yes	no	refabricated and installe	d to match current design		yes
21	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	yes	no	refabricated and installe	d to match current design		no
22	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	yes	no	refabricated and installe	d to match current design		no
23	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	yes	no	refabricated and installe	d to match current design		no
24	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	yes	no	retabricated and installe	d to match current design		no
25	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	no	no	refabricated and installe	a to match current design		no
26	Keyway boit type (current)	upstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	to match current design		10
27	Keyway bolt type (current)	downstream	no	no	refabricated and rabricated	d to match surrent design		no
20	Keyway bolt type (current)	unstream	no	no	installed and fabricated	for unstream location		no
30	bracket type clip	downstream	no	ves	4cmb-3 post			no
31	bracket type clip	downstream	no	ves	4cmb-3 post			no
32	bracket type clip	downstream	no	ves	4cmb-3 post			no
33	bracket type clip	downstream	no	ves	4cmb-3 post			no
34	bracket type clip	downstream	no	yes	4cmb-3 post			no
35	j-bolt - ran out of brackets	downstream	no	yes	4cmb-3 post			no
36	j-bolt - ran out of brackets	downstream	no	yes	4cmb-3 post			no
37	j-bolt - ran out of brackets	downstream	no	yes	4cmb-3 post			no
38	j-bolt - ran out of brackets	downstream	no	yes	4cmb-3 post			no
39	na - breakaway hanger post	na	no	yes	4cmb-3 post			no
40	na - anchor	na	no	yes	4cmb-3 post			no
Static: pul get out sa after origi	led the north post to replace turated soil. Decided to re-se nal installation of critical zon	saturated soil. Could not t it and go with frozen soil e which go filled in with	Plastic Containe	er locations:				
water wit	n 2" rain. Top 6-8" froze and d	lid a static test						
with bobc started to south stat	at to see if post would rotate thaw again week of 12/6 wai ic post from original soil for c	or yield, it yielded. Soil ted to re-freeze to test ritical zone did not pull it, it	Long Barrels (29) in dia x 55 i	n long x 0.25 in thick): Pos	ts 15, 16, 21, 22.		
will be tes	sted first.		Shorter Browled	(20 in d')	Min long + 0.25 in this b	Porte 17-20-22-24		
Photos of	installation method and othe	r construction work (slope	Shorter Barrels	(29 m dia X 4	ern long x 0.25 in thick):	rusis 11-20, 23, 24.		
		line in the second second	Static Post Barre	els (36 in dia	x 50 in long x 3/16 in thic	k)		
standing v	vater in all holes that have co	natiners	Containers inst	ال اد ما الم	am holes			
			HER used on all	noste conte	iner norte used surrent	nil (stiff based on mont statis) -!! -	ther parts	
either driven or installed in 2° holes w/HE8 over a period of a few years - use previous notes and field book data if needed.								
				M	RSF	4-Cable Median	Barrier	SHEET: 23 of 23 DATE: 11/17/11
				Aidwor	et Roadaida	Layout mio		DRAWN BY
				Safet	ty Facility	DWG. NAME. 4CMB-4_R9	SCALE: None UNITS: In.[mm	REV. BY: [KAL/CLM/ RWB

Figure 25. Test Installation Layout Information, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 26. Post and Keyway Bolt Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 27. Test Installation Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-4

3 TEST REQUIREMENTS AND EVALUATION CRITERIA

3.1 Test Requirements

Longitudinal barriers, such as cable median barriers, must satisfy impact safety standards in order to be accepted by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) for use on the National Highway System (NHS). For new hardware, these safety standards consist of the guidelines and procedures published in MASH [9]. According to TL-3 of MASH, longitudinal barrier systems must be subjected to two full-scale vehicle crash tests. The two full-scale crash tests are noted below:

- 1. Test Designation No. 3-10 consists of a 2,425-lb (1,100-kg) passenger car impacting the system at a nominal speed and angle of 62 mph (100 km/h) and 25 degrees, respectively.
- 2. Test Designation No. 3-11 consists of a 5,000-lb (2,268-kg) pickup truck impacting the system at a nominal speed and angle of 62 mph (100 km/h) and 25 degrees, respectively.

100

25

A,D,F,H,I

The test conditions of TL-3 longitudinal barriers are summarized in Table 2.

_	Test		Imp	act Condit	ions		
Test	Designation	Test Vehicle	Speed		Angle	Evaluation	
Atticle	No.	venicie	mph	km/h	(deg)	Cintenia	
Longitudinal	3-10	1100C	62	100	25	A,D,F,H,I	
Barrier	2 11	2270D	()	100	25		

2270P

Table 2. MASH TL-3 Crash Test Conditions

Evaluation criteria explained in Table 3.

3-11

3.2 Evaluation Criteria

Evaluation criteria for full-scale vehicle crash testing are based on three appraisal areas: (1) structural adequacy; (2) occupant risk; and (3) vehicle trajectory after collision. Criteria for structural adequacy are intended to evaluate the ability of the barrier to contain and redirect

impacting vehicles. In addition, controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable. Occupant risk evaluates the degree of hazard to occupants in the impacting vehicle. Post-impact vehicle trajectory is a measure of the potential of the vehicle to result in a secondary collision with other vehicles and/or fixed objects, thereby increasing the risk of injury to the occupants of the impacting vehicle and/or other vehicles. These evaluation criteria are summarized in Table 3 and defined in greater detail in MASH. The full-scale vehicle crash test was conducted and reported in accordance with the procedures provided in MASH.

In addition to the standard occupant risk measures, the Post-Impact Head Deceleration (PHD), the Theoretical Head Impact Velocity (THIV), and the Acceleration Severity Index (ASI) were determined and reported on the test summary sheet. Additional discussion on PHD, THIV and ASI is provided in MASH.

3.3 Soil Strength Requirements

In order to limit the variation of soil strength among testing agencies, foundation soil must satisfy the recommended performance characteristics set forth in Chapter 3 and Appendix B of MASH. Testing facilities must first subject the designated soil to a dynamic post test to demonstrate a minimum dynamic load of 7.5 kips (33.4 kN) at deflections between 5 and 20 in. (127 and 508 mm). If satisfactory results are observed, a static test is conducted using an identical test installation. The results from this static test become the baseline requirement for soil strength in future full-scale crash testing in which the designated soil is used. An additional post installed near the impact point is statically tested on the day of full-scale crash test in the same manner as used in the baseline static test. The full-scale crash test can be conducted only if the static test results show a soil resistance equal to or greater than 90 percent of the baseline test at deflections of 5, 10, and 15 in. (127, 254, and 381 mm). Otherwise, the crash test must be postponed until the soil demonstrates adequate post-soil strength.

Structural Adequacy	А.	Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.						
	D.	Detached elements, fragment should not penetrate or show compartment, or present a pedestrians, or personnel in intrusions into, the occupant set forth in Section 5.3 and Ap	should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone. Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.3 and Appendix E of MASH.					
	F.	The vehicle should remain u maximum roll and pitch angle	pright during and a s are not to exceed 7	fter collision. The 5 degrees.				
Occupant	H. Occupant Impact Velocity (OIV) (see Appendix A, Sectio MASH for calculation procedure) should satisfy the limits:							
Risk		Occupant Impact Velocity Limits						
		Component	Preferred	Maximum				
	Longitudinal and Latera		30 ft/s (9.1 m/s)	40 ft/s (12.2 m/s)				
	I.	The Occupant Ridedown Acceleration (ORA) (see Appendix A, Section A5.3 of MASH for calculation procedure) should satisfy the following limits:						
		Occupant Rideo	down Acceleration L	imits				
		Component	Preferred	Maximum				
		Longitudinal and Lateral	15.0 g's	20.49 g's				

4 TEST CONDITIONS

4.1 Test Facility

The testing facility is located at the Lincoln Air Park on the northwest side of the Lincoln Municipal Airport and is approximately 5 miles (8.0 km) northwest of the University of Nebraska-Lincoln.

4.2 Vehicle Tow and Guidance System

A reverse cable tow system with a 1:2 mechanical advantage was used to propel the test vehicle. The distance traveled and the speed of the tow vehicle were one-half that of the test vehicle. The test vehicle was released from the tow cable before impact with the barrier system. A digital speedometer on the tow vehicle increased the accuracy of the test vehicle impact speed.

A vehicle guidance system developed by Hinch [12] was used to steer the test vehicle. A guide flag, attached to the right-front wheel and the guide cable, was sheared off before impact with the barrier system. The ³/₈-in. (9.5-mm) diameter guide cable was tensioned to approximately 3,500 lb (15.6 kN) and supported both laterally and vertically every 100 ft (30.5 m) by hinged stanchions. The hinged stanchions stood upright while holding up the guide cable, but as the vehicle was towed down the line, the guide flag struck and knocked each stanchion to the ground.

4.3 Test Vehicles

For test no. 4CMB-4, a 2002 Kia Rio Sedan was used as the test vehicle. The curb, test inertial, and gross static vehicle weights were 2,377 lb (1,078 kg), 2,404 lb (1,090 kg), and 2,574 lb (1,168 kg), respectively. The test vehicle is shown in Figure 28, and vehicle dimensions are shown in Figure 29.

For test no. 4CMB-5, a 2002 Dodge Ram 1500 Quad Cab pickup was used as the test vehicle. The curb, test inertial, and gross static vehicle weights were 5,119 lb (2,322 kg), 4,979

lb (2,258 kg), and 5,149 lb (2,336 kg), respectively. The test vehicle is shown in Figure 30, and vehicle dimensions are shown in Figure 31.

The longitudinal component of the center of gravity (c.g.) was determined using the measured axle weights. The Suspension Method [13] was used to determine the vertical component of the c.g. for the pickup truck. This method is based on the principle that the c.g. of any freely suspended body is in the vertical plane through the point of suspension. The vehicle was suspended successively in three positions, and the respective planes containing the c.g. were established. The intersection of these planes pinpointed the final c.g. location for the test inertial condition. The vertical component of the c.g. for the 1100C vehicle was estimated based on historical c.g. height measurements. The location of the final c.g. for test no. 4CMB-4 is shown in Figures 29 and 32. The location of the final c.g. and ballast information are shown in Appendix B.

Square, black and white-checkered targets were placed on the vehicles for reference to be viewed from the high-speed digital video cameras and aid in the video analysis, as shown in Figure 32 for test no. 4CMB-4 and Figure 33 for test no. 4CMB-5. Round, checkered targets were placed on the center of gravity on the left-side door, the right-side door, and the roof of the vehicles.

The front wheels of the test vehicles were aligned to vehicle standards excpe the toe-in value was adjusted to zero so that the vehicles would track properly along the guide cable. A 5B flash bulb was mounted on the left side of the vehicle's dash and was fired by a pressure tape switch mounted at the impact corner of the bumper. The flash bulb was fired upon initial impact







Figure 28. Test Vehicle, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 29. Vehicle Dimensions, Test No. 4CMB-4







Figure 30. Test Vehicle, Test No. 4CMB-5

Date:	5/10/20	11		Test Num	ber:	4CMB-5	_	Model:	2270P	
Make:	Dodg	e		Vehicle I.	D.#:3	B7HA18N	12G101147			
Tire Size:	267/70 I	817		Y	ear: 20	002	c	dometer:	120182	
	Tire Inflation	Pressure:		35 psi						
*(All Measurem	ents Refer to In	npacting Side)							
					, ∥ <u> </u>	1	Veh	icle Geome	etry — in. (mm)	
t Whee	el		\mathbf{P}		Whee	 ≥1 a	a 77 3/4	(1975)	b 74 3/4	(1899)
Irac	×				Irac	ĸ	c 227	(5766)	d_47	(1194)
					<u> </u>	•	e 1401/4	(3562)	f 39 3/4	(1010)
	Test Inerti	al C.M.—					g281/6	(716)	h 62	(1574)
		/	\backslash	- q -	TIRE DIA		i 15	(381)	j_27	(686)
		l.		1 +		•	k 21 1/4	(540)	1 29 1/2	(749)
	h	<u> </u> D				1	m 68 1/8	(1730)	n 67 3/4	(1721)
T I			9			0	o <u>46</u>	(1168)	p_3	(76)
ļ , i	K (Q st		$= (\varphi)$		1	q31	(787)	r 18 1/2	(470)
			-	_h	t		s 151/2	(394)	t_75	(1905)
			o		£		Wheel Center	er Height F	Front 14 3/4	(375)
		Wrear	e	Veront	,		Wheel Cen	ter Height	Rear 15	(381)
		V reur	— c —	THOMA			Wheel We	ll Clearanc	e (F) 35 1/2	(902)
Mass Distribu	tion lb (kg)						Wheel Wel	l Clearanc	e (R) 38 1/4	(972)
Gross Static	LF 1481	(672)	RF	1397 (634)			FI	ame Heigh	it (F) <u>17</u>	(432)
	LR 1152	(523)	RR	1119 (508)			Fr	ame Heigh	t (R) 25	(635)
								Engine	Гуре <u>8 cyl.</u>	Gas
Weights lb (kg)	Curb		Test I	nertial	Gross Stat	ic		Engine	Size 4.7	L
W-front	2852	(1294)		2773 (1258)	2878	(1305)		Transmitic	on Type:	
W-rear	2267	(1028)		2206 (1001)	2271	(1030)		c	Automatic	Manual
W-total	5119	(2322)		4979 (2258)	5149	(2336)		1	FWD RWD	4WD
GVWR F	Ratings					Dummy D	ata			
	Front _		3650				Type: <u>Hybrid II</u>			
	Rear		3900				Mass: 170 lbs			
	Total _		5119			Seat Po	osition: driver			
Note	any damage pri	ior to test:	Note any damage prior to test: Repair from WZ testing.							

Figure 31. Vehicle Dimensions, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 32. Target Geometry, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 33. Target Geometry, Test No. 4CMB-5

with the test article to create a visual indicator of the precise time of impact on the high-speed videos. A remote controlled brake system was installed in the test vehicles so the vehicles could be brought safely to a stop after the test.

4.4 Simulated Occupant

For test nos. 4CMB-4 and 4CMB-5, a Hybrid II 50th-Percentile, Adult Male Dummy, equipped with clothing and footwear, was placed in the left-front seat of the test vehicle with the seat belt fastened. The dummy, which had a final weight of 170 lb (77 kg), was represented by model no. 572, serial no. 451, and was manufactured by Android Systems of Carson, California. As recommended by MASH, the dummy was not included in calculating the vehicle c.g. location.

4.5 Data Acquisition Systems

4.5.1 Accelerometers

Two environmental shock and vibration sensor/recorder systems were used to measure the accelerations in the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical directions. All of the accelerometers were mounted near the center of gravity of the test vehicles. The electronic accelerometer data obtained in dynamic testing was filtered using the SAE Class 60 and the SAE class 180 Butterworth filter conforming to the SAE J211/1 specifications [11].

The first accelerometer system was a two-arm piezoresistive accelerometer system manufactured by Endevco of San Juan Capistrano, California. Three accelerometers were used to measure each of the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical accelerations independently at a sample rate of 10,000 Hz. An additional accelerometer was used to measure the longitudinal acceleration independently at the same sample rate. The accelerometers were configured and controlled using a system developed and manufactured by Diversified Technical Systems, Inc. (DTS) of Seal Beach, California. More specifically, data was collected using a DTS Sensor Input Module

(SIM), Model TDAS3-SIM-16M. The SIM was configured with 16 MB SRAM and 8 sensor input channels with 250 kB SRAM/channel. The SIM was mounted on a TDAS3-R4 module rack. The module rack was configured with isolated power/event/communications, 10BaseT Ethernet and RS232 communication, and an internal backup battery. Both the SIM and module rack were crashworthy. The "DTS TDAS Control" computer software program and a customized Microsoft Excel worksheet were used to analyze and plot the accelerometer data.

The second system, Model EDR-3, was a triaxial piezoresistive accelerometer system manufactured by IST of Okemos, Michigan. The EDR-3 was configured with 256 kB of RAM, a range of ± 200 g's, a sample rate of 3,200 Hz, and a 1,120 Hz low-pass filter. The "DynaMax 1 (DM-1)" computer software program and a customized Microsoft Excel worksheet were used to analyze and plot the accelerometer data.

4.5.2 Rate Transducers

An angle rate sensor, the ARS-1500, with a range of 1,500 degrees/sec in each of the three directions (roll, pitch, and yaw) was used to measure the rates of rotation of the test vehicles. The angular rate sensor was mounted on an aluminum block inside the test vehicle near the center of gravity and recorded data at 10,000 Hz to the SIM. The raw data measurements were then downloaded, converted to the proper Euler angles for analysis, and plotted. The "DTS TDAS Control" computer software program and a customized Microsoft Excel worksheet were used to analyze and plot the angular rate sensor data.

A second system, an Analog Systems 3-axis rate transducer with a range of 1,200 degrees/sec in each of the three directions (roll, pitch, and yaw), was used to measure the rates of motion of the test vehicles. The rate transducer was mounted inside the body of the EDR-4 6DOF-500/1200 and recorded data at 10,000 Hz to a second data acquisition board inside the EDR-4 6DOF-500/1200 housing. The raw data measurements were then downloaded, converted

to the appropriate Euler angles for analysis, and plotted. The "EDR4COM" and "DynaMax Suite" computer software programs and a customized Microsoft Excel worksheet were used to analyze and plot the angular rate transducer data.

4.5.3 Pressure Tape Switches

For test nos. 4CMB-4 and 4CMB-5, five pressure-activated tape switches, spaced at approximately 6.6-ft (2-m) intervals, were used to determine the speed of the vehicle before impact. Each tape switch fired a strobe light which sent an electronic timing signal to the data acquisition system as the right-front tire of the test vehicle passed over it. Test vehicle speeds were determined from electronic timing mark data recorded using TestPoint and LabVIEW computer software programs. Strobe lights and high-speed video analysis are used only as a backup in the event that vehicle speed cannot be determined from the electronic data.

4.5.4 Digital Cameras

Three AOS VITcam high-speed digital video cameras, three AOS X-PRI high-speed digital video cameras, four JVC digital video cameras, and one Canon digital video camera were utilized to film test no. 4CMB-4. Camera details, camera operating speeds, lens information, and a schematic of the camera locations relative to the system are shown in Figure 34.

Four AOS VITcam high-speed digital video cameras, three AOS X-PRI high-speed digital video cameras, four JVC digital video cameras, and one Canon digital video camera were utilized to film test no. 4CMB-5. AOS#1 did not trigger and JVC#2 was not powered on. Camera details, camera operating speeds, lens information, and a schematic of the camera locations relative to the system are shown in Figure 35.

The high-speed videos were analyzed using ImageExpress MotionPlus and RedLake MotionScope software programs. Actual camera speed and camera divergence factors were considered in the analysis of the high-speed videos. A Nikon D50 digital still camera was also used to document pre- and post-test conditions for all tests.

4.5.5 Load Cells

A load cell were installed in line with each of the four cables toward the upstream end of the barrier system for test nos. 4CMB-4 and 4CMB-5. Two additional load cells were installed in line with the top two cables toward the upstream end of the four-cable barrier system for test no. 4CMB-5.

The load cells were manufactured by Transducer Techniques and conformed to model no. TLL-50K with a load range up to 50,000 lb (222.4 kN). During testing, output voltage signals were sent from the load cells to a Keithly Metrabyte DAS-1802HC data acquisition board, acquired with Test Point software, and stored permanently on a personal computer. The data collection rate for the load cells was 10,000 samples per second (10,000 Hz).



	No.	Туре	Operating Speed (frames/sec)	Lens	Lens Setting
	1	AOS Vitcam CTM	500	Fujinon 50 mm fixed	-
ed	2	AOS Vitcam CTM	500	Kowa 8 mm fixed	_
Spe leo	3	AOS Vitcam CTM	500	Computar 6.5 mm fixed	-
gh-g Vic	5	AOS X-PRI Gigabit	500	Sigma 24-70 mm	24
Hig	6	AOS X-PRI Gigabit	500	Nikon 50 mm fixed	-
	7	AOS X-PRI Gigabit	500	TV Zoom 17-102	75
30	1	JVC – GZ-MC500 (Everio)	29.97		
igital Vide	2	JVC – GZ-MG27u (Everio)	29.97		
	3	JVC – GZ-MG27u (Everio)	29.97		
	4	JVC – GZ-MG27u (Everio)	29.97		
D	1	Canon ZR90	29.97		

Figure 34. Camera Locations, Speeds, and Lens Settings, Test No. 4CMB-4



	No.	Туре	Operating Speed (frames/sec)	Lens	Lens Setting
c	1	AOS Vitcam CTM	500	Cosmicar 12.5 mm fixed	-
ide	2	AOS Vitcam CTM	500	8 mm fixed	-
ΙΛ	3	AOS Vitcam CTM	500	Sigma 24-70	24
beet	4	AOS Vitcam CTM	500	Cosmicar 12.5 mm fixed	-
ligh-Sp	5	AOS X-PRI Gigabit	500	Sigma 24-135	135
	6	AOS X-PRI Gigabit	500	Sigma 50 fixed	-
Ξ.	7	AOS X-PRI Gigabit	500	Computar 12.5 mm fixed	-
50	1	JVC – GZ-MC500 (Everio)	29.97		
Digital Vide	2	JVC – GZ-MG27u (Everio)	29.97		
	3	JVC – GZ-MG27u (Everio)	29.97		
	4	JVC – GZ-MG27u (Everio)	29.97		
	2	Canon ZR10	29.97		

Figure 35. Camera Locations, Speeds, and Lens Settings, Test No. 4CMB-5

5 FULL-SCALE CRASH TEST NO. 4CMB-4

5.1 Static Soil Test

Before full-scale crash test no. 4CMB-4 was conducted, the strength of the foundation soil was evaluated with a static test, as described in MASH. The static test results, as shown in Appendix C, demonstrated a soil resistance above the baseline test limits. Thus, the soil provided adequate strength, and full-scale crash testing could be conducted on the barrier system.

5.2 Test No. 4CMB-4

Test no. 4CMB-4 was a repeat of test no. 4CMB-3 with redesigned cable-to-post attachments. The 2,574-lb (1,168-kg) passenger car impacted the four cable median barrier 4 ft (1.2 m) laterally up from the bottom of the ditch on the backslope at a speed of 61.1 mph (98.4 km/h). The passenger car entered the slope at an angle of 25.8 degrees and impacted the barrier at an angle of 25.7 degrees. A summary of the test results and sequential photographs are shown in Figure 36. Additional sequential photographs are shown in Figures 37 through 39.

5.3 Weather Conditions

Test no. 4CMB-4 was conducted on December 22, 2010 at approximately 4:00 pm. The weather conditions as per the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (station 14939/LNK) were reported and are shown in Table 4.

Temperature	28° F
Humidity	69 %
Wind Speed	8 mph
Wind Direction	30° from True North
Sky Conditions	Overcast
Visibility	10 Statute Miles
Pavement Surface	Dry
Previous 3-Day Precipitation	0.00 in.
Previous 7-Day Precipitation	0.07 in.

Table 4. Weather Conditions, Test No. 4CMB-4

5.4 Test Description

Initial vehicle impact was to occur 5 ft – 4 in. (1.6 m) downstream of post no. 16, as shown in Figure 40, which was selected using an analysis of the vehicle trajectory over the slope to maximize the potential for vehicle underride. The actual point of impact was 5 ft – 4in. (1.6 m) downstream of post no. 16. A sequential description of the impact events is contained in Table 5. The cables were numbered from 1 to 4, from the top to bottom, respectively. The vehicle came to rest parallel to the system captured in the cables 85 ft – 8 in. (26.1 m) downstream and 4 ft – 4 in. (1.3 m) to the left of the initial impact. The vehicle trajectory and final position are shown in Figures 36 and 41.

TIME	EVENT		
(sec)			
-0.740	Vehicle entered the slope.		
-0.622	Vehicle rolled toward the system.		
-0.496	Vehicle became airborne.		
-0.084	Front bumper contacted ground.		
-0.070	Vehicle rolled away from the system, and right-front tire contacted ground.		
-0.028	Right-rear tire contacted ground.		
-0.014	Left-front window shattered due to bumper impact with ground.		
0.000	Left-front fender impacted cable 4.		
0.002	Left-front tire impacted cable 4.		
0.008	Left-front quarter panel and hood contacted cable 3.		
0.026	Post no. 17 deflected laterally backward.		
0.042	Left mirror and A-pillar contacted cable 2.		
0.050	Left mirror disengaged.		
0.060	Post no. 16 deflected laterally backward, and the vehicle yawed away from the system.		
0.068	Left A-pillar contacted cable 1.		
0.070	Post no. 16 cable clip 4 released.		
0.092	Vehicle deflected post no. 17 downstream, and the bumper disengaged.		
0.100	Post no. 18 deflected laterally backward, and post no. 15 cable clip 4 released.		
0.104	Post no. 18 cable clip 4 released.		

Table 5. Sequential Description of Impact Events, Test No. 4CMB-4

0.112	Post no. 18 cable clip 3 released.
0.134	Post no. 18 cable clip 2 released.
0.138	Post no. 19 deflected laterally backward, and post no. 16 cable clip 3 released.
0.140	Post no. 14 cable clip 4 released.
0.148	Post no. 19 cable clip 3 released.
0.158	Cable 1 passed over roof of vehicle.
0.172	Left headlight disengaged.
0.208	Post no. 16 cable clip 2 released.
0.226	Cables 2 and 3 passed over roof of vehicle.
0.360	Post no. 19 cable clip 4 released.
0.392	Post no. 13 cable clip 4 released.
0.468	Vehicle became parallel to system.
0.562	Post no. 20 cable clip 4 released.
0.608	Post no. 21 cable clip 4 released.
0.640	Post no. 22 cable clip 4 released.
0.668	Post no. 23 cable clip 4 released.
0.672	Vehicle deflected post no. 19 downstream.
0.980	Vehicle deflected post no. 20 downstream.
1.426	Vehicle deflected post no. 21 downstream.
1.940	Vehicle ceased movement downstream.

5.5 Barrier Damage

Damage to the barrier was moderate, as shown in Figures 42 through 44. Barrier damage consisted of deflected posts and disengaged cables and keyway bolts. At its final resting position, the vehicle was still in contact with the cables; having cable no. 4 on the impact side and the remaining three cables on the non-impact side.

Cable no. 1 disengaged from post nos. 17, 19 through 21, and 33 when the keyway bolts bent and/or fractured. Cable no. 2 disengaged from post nos. 16 through 21. Cable no. 3 disengaged from post nos. 16 through 21. Cable no. 4 disengaged from post nos. 12 through 23.

Post no. 16 was bent backward and cable no. 2 had wrapped around the top of the post and was resting on the cable no. 1 keyway bolt located on the front side of the post. Post no. 17 was bent backward and downstream and also twisted to face downstream. The cable no. 4 keyway slot at post no. 17 was torn, and contact marks occurred at the top of the post on the upstream side of the flanges. Post no. 18 was bent backward slightly, and contact marks and gouging were found near the top of the post on the front side. Post no. 19 was bent downstream, and both flanges were dented at the location of cable no. 4. Post no. 20 was bent downstream and twisted to face downstream. The cable no. 4 keyway slot at post no. 20 was torn, and contact marks were found on the upstream side of the back flange near the top of the post. Post no. 21 was bent downstream with the right-rear wheel of the vehicle was resting on the post. Contact marks were found on the upstream side of both flanges extending the entire height of the post, and cable nos. 3 and 4 keyway slots were deformed. Post no. 22 was bent forward, and a ³/₄ in. (19 mm) soil gape was found on the back side of the post. Post no. 24 was deflected backward, and a ⁷/₈ in. (22 mm) soil gap was found on the front side of the post.

The maximum lateral permanent set post deflections were not calculated for this test. The maximum lateral dynamic post deflection was 14.8 in. (376 mm) at post no. 18, and the maximum lateral dynamic cable deflection was approximately 78 in. (1981 mm) as determined from high-speed digital video analysis. The working width of the system was found to be 84.1 in. (2,136 mm), also determined from high-speed digital video analysis.

5.6 Vehicle Damage

The damage to the vehicle was moderate, as shown in Figures 45 through 48. The maximum occupant compartment deformations are listed in Table 6 along with the deformation limits established in MASH for various areas of the occupant compartment. Note that none of the MASH established deformation limits were violated. Complete occupant compartment and vehicle deformations and the corresponding locations are provided in Appendix D.

LOCATION	MAXIMUM DEFORMATION in. (mm)	MASH ALLOWABLE DEFORMATION in. (mm)
Wheel Well & Toe Pan	³ / ₄ (19)	≤ 9 (229)
Floor Pan & Transmission Tunnel	1/4 (6)	≤ 12 (305)
Side Front Panel (in Front of A-Pillar)	1/2 (13)	≤12 (305)
Side Door (Above Seat)	1/4 (6)	≤ 9 (229)
Side Door (Below Seat)	0	≤12 (305)
Roof	21/8 (73)	\leq 4 (102)
Windshield	0	≤3 (76)

Table 6. Maximum Occupant Compartment Deformations by Location, Test No. 4CMB-4

Damage occurred to all sides of the vehicle. The vehicle came to rest in the middle of the system with cable 4 against the left side of the vehicle and cables 1, 2, and 3 against the right side of the vehicle. The right-rear tire came to rest on top of post no. 21. The front bumper cover disengaged on the backslope. Both headlights disengaged near the bottom of the ditch. The leftfront fender was dented inward approximately 7 in. (178 mm). The left-front tire was torn on the inner and outer sidewalls. A 5-in. (127-mm) long gouge was found in the left-front rim. The left tie-rod was bent. Cable contact marks extended the length of the vehicle on both the left and right sides. Both side mirrors were disengaged. Denting from the cables occurred on the left side of the hood and left A-pillar. The left 4 in. (102 mm) of the windshield had moderate spiderweb cracking. Gouges were found on the left-rear rim. Folding and denting occurred in the right Cpillar. Both front side windows were shattered. Cable contact marks were found on the right-rear side window. A 7-in. (178-mm) gouge was located below the right-front door 17 in. (432-mm) behind the right-front wheel well. Denting occurred at the center of the front and center of the back of the roof. Denting occurred in the gear box of the transmission and fluid was leaking from it. The vertical bumper horn was torn. A hole was also found in the spare tire storage floorboard.

5.7 Occupant Risk

The calculated occupant impact velocities (OIVs) and maximum 0.010-sec occupant ridedown accelerations (ORAs) in both the longitudinal and lateral directions are shown in Table 7. Note that the OIVs and ORAs were within the suggested limits provided in MASH. The calculated THIV, PHD, and ASI values are also shown in Table 7. The results of the occupant risk analysis, as determined from the accelerometer data, are summarized in Figure 36. The recorded data from the accelerometers and the rate transducers are shown graphically in Appendix E.

Evaluation Criteria		Transducer			MASH
		EDR-3	DTS Set#1	DTS Set#2	Limits
OIV ft/s (m/s)	Longitudinal	-21.00 (-6.40)	-21.59 (-6.58)	-21.22 (-6.47)	≤ 40 (12.2)
	Lateral	10.59 (3.23)	10.40 (3.17)	-	≤40 (12.2)
ORA g's	Longitudinal	-7.82	-6.40	-6.38	\leq 20.49
	Lateral	4.20	-6.31	-	\leq 20.49
THIV ft/s (m/s)		-	22.90 (6.98)	-	not required
PHD g's		-	6.89	-	not required
ASI		0.81	0.73	-	not required

Table 7. Summary of OIV, ORA, THIV, PHD, and ASI Values, Test No. 4CMB-4

5.8 Load Cell Results

As previously discussed, tension load cells were installed inline with the cables at the upstream end of the barrier system in order to monitor the total load transferred to the anchor with respect to time. The load cell results are summarized in Table 8. The individual cable loads,

along with the total combined cable load imparted to the upstream end anchor, were determined and are shown graphically in Figure 49.

As noted previously, the target cable tension was 4,213 lb (18.7 kN) at 100 deg Fahrenheit (37.8 deg Celsius). Prior to the testing, the actual cable tension in the top, upper middle, lower middle, and bottom cables was 4.37 kips (19.42 kN), 4.43 kips (19.70 kN), 4.40 kips (19.55 kN), and 4.45 kips (19.79 kN), respectively. These readings were measured using the cable load cells.

Cable Location	Conson Logotion	Maximum Cable Load		Time ¹
	Sensor Location	kips	kN	(sec)
Combined Cables	Upstream End	28.48	126.69	0.192
Top Cable	Upstream End	6.34	28.21	0.260
Upper Middle Cable	Upstream End	6.26	27.83	0.260
Lower Middle Cable	Upstream End	7.80	34.68	0.191
Bottom Cable	Upstream End	9.29	41.34	0.192

Table 8. Load Cell Results, Test No. 4CMB-4

¹ - Time determined from initial vehicle impact with the barrier system.

After the crash test, the tension in each cable was measured using the cable load cells. The cable tension at the upstream end and in the top, upper middle, lower middle, and bottom cables was 4.53 kips (20.15 kN), 4.54 kips (20.20 kN), 4.85 kips (21.57 kN), and 4.87 kips (21.67 kN), respectively.

5.9 Discussion

The analysis of the test results for test no. 4CMB-4 showed that the four cable median barrier 4 ft (1.2 m) from the bottom of the ditch on the backslope adequately contained the 1100C vehicle with controlled lateral displacements of the barrier. There were no detached elements nor fragments which showed potential for penetrating the occupant compartment nor presented undue hazard to other traffic. Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment that could have caused serious injury did not occur. The test vehicle did not penetrate nor under ride the barrier and remained upright during and after the collision. Vehicle roll, pitch, and yaw angular displacements, as shown in Appendix E, were deemed acceptable because they did not adversely influence occupant risk safety criteria nor cause rollover. After impact, the vehicle did not exit the barrier, thus its trajectory did not violate the bounds of the exit box. Therefore, test no. 4CMB-4 conducted on the four cable median barrier was determined to be acceptable according to the MASH safety performance criteria for test designation no. 3-10.



Figure 36. Summary of Test Results and Sequential Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-4

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Figure 37. Additional Sequential Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 38. Additional Sequential Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 39. Additional Sequential Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 40. Impact Location, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 41. Vehicle Final Position and Trajectory Marks, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 42. System Damage, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 43. Post and Keyway Bolt Damage, Test No. 4CMB-4





Figure 44. Post and Keyway Bolt Damage, Test No. 4CMB-4





Figure 45. Vehicle Damage, Test No. 4CMB-4











Figure 46. Vehicle Damage, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 47. Undercarriage Damage, Test No. 4CMB-4







Figure 48. Occupant Compartment Damage, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure 49. Cable Tension vs. Time, Test No. 4CMB-4

6 DESIGN DETAILS TEST NO. 4CMB-5

The barrier system test installation was comprised of four, high-tension cables in a depressed median, as shown in Figures 50 through 70. Photographs of the test installation are shown in Figures 71 and 72. Material specifications, mill certifications, and certificates of conformity for the system materials are shown in Appendix A.

The system design for test no. 4CMB-5 was the same as the design for 4CMB-4, with some minor modifications and a different location in the V-ditch. The barrier was constructed 12 ft (3.7 m) laterally down from slope break point on the foreslope. The top and lower middle cables were attached to the impact side of each post, and the upper middle and lower cables were attached to the non-impact side of each post. The plastic barrels that were located around posts in test no. 4CMB-4 were not utilized for test no. 4CMB-5 due to drier conditions and warmer temperatures.



Figure 50. Test Installation Layout, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 51. Soil Compaction Layout, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 52. Cable Splice Layout, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 53. Cable Terminal Layout, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 54. Anchor Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 55. Load Cell Layout, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 56. Load Cell Assembly Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 57. Post Nos. 1 and 40 Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 58. Anchor Bracket Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 59. Anchor Bracket Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 60. Release Lever Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 61. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 62. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 63. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 64. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 65. Post Assembly Layout, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 66. Post Details, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 67. Keyway Bolt Detail, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 68. Anchor Stud Detail, Test No. 4CMB-5

ltem No.	QTY.	Description			Material Spec	Hardware Guide		
a1	2	Cable Anchor Base Plate			A36 Steel	FPA02		
a2	4	Exterior Cable Plate Gusset			A36 Steel	FPA02		
a3	6	Interior Cable Plate Gusset			A36 Steel	FPA02		
a 4	2	Anchor Bracket Plate			A36 Steel	FPA02		
a5	2	3/16" Dia. Brass Keeper Rod, 14" long			Brass	-		
a6	4	Release Gusset		A36 Steel	-	-		
۵7	2	Release Lever Plate			A36 Steel	-	-	
۵8	4	1.25x1.25x0.1875" TS CT Kicker Lever Tube		ube	ASTM A500 Grade B	-		
a9	8	CMB High Tension Anchor Plate Washer			A36 Steel	-		
a10	2	1.25x1.25x0.1875" S_C _Kicker_Lever Connecting_Tube			ASTM A 500 Grade B	-		
a11	2	3x10x0.5" Kicker Plate			A36 Steel	-		
a12	4	CT kicker – gusset			A36 Steel	-		
a13	20	3/4" Dia. Flat Washer			Grade 2	FWC20a		
a14	16	3/4" Dia. J-Hook Anchor	3/4" Dia. J-Hook Anchor and Nut		A449	FRJ	FRJ16a	
a15	2	1/4" Dia. Aircraft Retaining	g Cable, 36" I	long	7x19 galvanized	-		
a16	2	5/8" Dia. Heavy Hex Nut			Grade 5	-		
a17	2	5/8" Dia. x 9 1/2" long H	Hex Bolt		Grade 5			
a18	2	24" Dia. Concrete Anchor,	120" long		4,000 psi f'c	-		
a19	16	#11 Straight Rebar, 114"	long		Grade 60			
a20	44	#4 Anchor Hoop Rebar with 21" Dia.			Grade 60	-		
ь1	2	S3x5.7 Post by 28 1/8"			ASIM A572 GR50-07, ASIM A709 GR50-09A, ASIM A992-06A	-	-	
b2	2	S3x5.7 Post by 19"			ASIM A572 GR50-07, ASIM A709 GR50-09A, ASIM A992-06A			
b3	8	#3 Straight Rebar, 43" long			Grade 60	-		
b4	22	7 1/4" Dia. No. 3 Hoop Reinforcement			Grade 60	-		
b5	2	2nd Post Keeper Plate, 28 Gauge			A36	-		
b6	2	3/4" Dia. x 6" long Hex Bolt and Nut			A307	FBX20a		
b7	18	3/4" Dia. Hex Nut			Grade 2	FNX20a		
b8	24	1/2" Dia. Washer			A307	FWC14a		
ь9	8	1/2" Dia. x 2" long Hex Bolt and Nut			A307	FBX14a		
ь10	2	4x3x1/4" Foundation Tube, 48" long			ASTM A500 Grade B	-		
Ь11	2	2nd Post Cable Hanger			A36	-		
b13	2	12" Dia. 2nd Post Concrete Anchor, 46" long		long	4,000 psi f'c	-		
b14	4	2nd Post Base Plate			A36	-		
c1	36	S3x5.7 by 90"			ASIM A572 GR50-07, ASIM A709 GR50-09A, ASIM A992-06A	-		
c2	144	1/4" Dia. — 20 UNC High Topped Hex Nut		Nut	Grade 8 - Galvanized	-		
c3	144	1/4" Dia. Keyway bolt			A449 — Galvanized		-	
				I		1		
				4-Cable Median Ba	rrier	SHEET: 20 of 21		
					Bill of Materials		DATE: 11/17/11	
			Midwest Safety	Roadsid Facility	de		DRAWN BY: MDM/KAL/ JGP/RJT	
					DWG. NAME. 4CMB-5_R10	SCALE: None UNITS: in.[mm]	REV. BY: KAL/JCH/ RWB	

Figure 69. Bill of Materials, Test No. 4CMB-5

Item No.	QTY.	Description	Material Spec	Hardware Guide	
d1	4	3/4" Dia. High Strength Pre-Stretched Cable Guiderail	3x7 Cl A Galvanized	RCM01	
d2	16	7/8" Dia. Hex Nut	A563	RCE03	
d3	22	Cable End Threaded Rod	ASTM-A449	RCE03	
d4	16	Bennet Cable End Fitter	ASTM-A47	RCE03	
d5	16	7/8" Dia. Square Nut	Grade 5	FNS20	
d6	8	Brifen Cable Splice Wedge	Brass (unknown)	_	
d7	8	Brifen Cable Splice Threaded Cable Clamp	Steel (unknown)	-	
d8	4	Brifen Cable Splice	Steel (unknown)	-	
e1	4	Bennet Short Threaded Turnbuckle	Not Specified	-	
e2	12	Threaded Loadcell Coupler	N/A	-	
e3	6	50,000-lb Load Cell	N/A	-	



Figure 70. Bill of Materials, Test No. 4CMB-5



E

Figure 71. Post and Keyway Bolt Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-5


Figure 72. Test Installation Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-5

7 FULL-SCALE CRASH TEST NO. 4CMB-5

7.1 Static Soil Test

Before full-scale crash test no. 4CMB-5 was conducted, the strength of the foundation soil was evaluated with a static test, as described in MASH. The static test results are shown in Appendix C. Although the static soil force was just below the minimum baseline for the first 12 in. (305 mm) of deflection, the weak post section capacity is sufficiently low to allow the post to yield before soil failure would occur. Thus, the soil would provide adequate strength, and full-scale crash testing could be conducted on the barrier system.

7.2 Test No. 4CMB-5

The 5,149-lb (2,336-kg) pickup truck impacted the four cable median barrier 12 ft (3.7 m) laterally down from the slope break point at a speed of 61.8 mph (99.5 km/h). The pickup truck entered the slope at an angle of 26.5 degrees and impacted the barrier at an angle of 27.7 degrees. A summary of the test results and sequential photographs are shown in Figure 73. Additional sequential photographs are shown in Figures 74 through 77.

7.3 Weather Conditions

Test no. 4CMB-5 was conducted on May 10, 2011 at approximately 3:45 pm. The weather conditions as per the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (station 14939/LNK) were reported and are shown in Table 9.

Temperature	95° F
Humidity	19 %
Wind Speed	15 mph
Wind Direction	220° from True North
Sky Conditions	Sunny
Visibility	10.0 Statute Miles
Pavement Surface	Dry
Previous 3-Day Precipitation	0.0 in.
Previous 7-Day Precipitation	0.03 in.

Table 9. Weather Conditions, Test No. 4CMB-5

7.4 Test Description

Initial vehicle impact was to occur 1 ft (0.3 m) upstream of post no. 15, as shown in Figure 78, which was selected using an analysis of the vehicle trajectory over the slope which would impact near a post causing the greatest potential to override the post and cables. The actual point of impact was 1 ft (0.3 m) upstream of post no. 15. A sequential description of the impact events is contained in Table 10. The cables were numbered from 1 to 4, from the top to bottom, respectively. The vehicle came to rest behind the barrier, 99 ft – 6 in. (30.3 m) downstream, straddling the bottom of the v-ditch with the rear of the pickup adjacent to the backside of the barrier. The vehicle trajectory and final position are shown in Figures 73 and 79.

Table 10. Sequential Description of Impact Events, Test No. 4CMB-5

TIME (sec)	EVENT
-0.254	Left-front tire became airborne, and the vehicle started to roll toward the barrier.
-0.084	Right-front tire became airborne, and the front of the vehicle pitched down.
0.000	Left-front bumper impacted post no. 15, and post no. 15 deflected downstream and backward.
0.002	Left-front wheel contacted cable no. 2.
0.038	Post no. 16 deflected backward.
0.044	Post no. 14 deflected backward.
0.048	Left-front tire contacted cable no. 1.
0.066	Left-front tire overrrode cable no. 2.

0.070	Post no. 13 deflected backward.
0.078	Post no. 17 deflected backward, and the left-front tire overrode cable no. 1.
0.080	Post no. 15 deflected forward and upstream.
0.120	The undercarriage of the vehicle deflected post no. 15 backward and downstream,
0.120	and post no. 12 deflected backward.
0.142	Post no. 11 deflected backward.
0.174	Left-rear tire contacted and bent post no. 15 backward and downstream.
0.180	Post no. 10 deflected backward.
0.190	Post no. 18 deflected backward.
0.192	Post no. 16 deflected downstream.
0.202	Left-rear tire overrode cable no. 2.
0.220	Left-rear tire overrode cable no. 1.
0.224	Post no. 19 deflected backward.
0.260	Cable no. 3 released from post no. 15.
0.278	Cable no. 1 released from post no. 15, and post no. 10 deflected backward.
0.302	Right-rear tire contacted post no. 16.
0.306	Cable no. 1 released from post no. 17.
0.368	Vehicle cleared post line.
0.378	Right-rear axle snagged on cable no. 2.
0.394	Left-front tire contacted the ground.
0.408	Cable no. 3 released from post no. 14.
0.430	Cable no. 2 released from post no. 17.
0.436	Left-front bumper contacted backslope, and vehicle pitched downward, and yawed
0.450	and rolled downstream.
0.438	Cable no. 3 released from post no. 17.
0.460	Cable no. 4 released from post no. 17.
0.468	Right-rear tire overrode cable no. 1.
0.484	Cable no. 2 released from post no. 15.
0.488	Vehicle rolled downstream.
0.536	Cable no. 3 released from post no. 18.
0.576	Cable no. 4 released from post no. 16.
0.664	Cable no. 2 released from post no. 18.
0.668	Cable no. 1 released from post no. 18.
0.796	Cable no. 2 ruptured.
0.980	Vehicle had rolled 90 degrees.
1.092	Right-rear quarter panel contacted ground.
1.180	Vehicle had rolled 180 degrees.
1.372	Left-side doors contacted the ground.
1.608	Vehicle had rolled 270 degrees.
2.654	Vehicle had rolled 540 degrees.
2.920	Vehicle had rolled 630 degrees.

7.5 Barrier Damage

Damage to the barrier was moderate, as shown in Figures 80 through 82. Tension was released in the cables prior to taking all post-test documentation photos. Barrier damage consisted of deflected posts and disengaged cables and keyway bolts.

Cable no. 1 disengaged from post nos. 15 through 17 when the keyway bolts bent and/or fractured. Cable no. 2 disengaged from post nos. 13 through 19. Cable no. 2 also fractured approximately between post nos. 17 and 18 after it snagged on the rear end of the pickup truck. Cable no. 3 disengaged from post nos. 14 through 17. Cable no. 4 disengaged from post nos. 16 and 17.

Cable no. 2 disengaged from the load cell that was located downstream of post no. 6. Post no. 6 was deflected slightly upstream. The back flange of post no. 8 was slightly bent around the cable no. 1 keyway slot. Post nos. 9 and 10 were deflected slightly downstream. Post no. 11 was deflected slightly backward, and the cable no. 2 keyway bolt was slightly bent. Post no. 12 was deflected backward, and the cable no. 2 keyway bolt was slightly bent. Post nos. 13 and 14 were deflected backward and slightly downstream, and the front flanges were scratched around the location of cable no. 2. Post no. 15 was bent downstream, and the front face was twisted to face downstream. The front flange of post no. 15 was also scratched and deformed around the location of cable nos. 2 and 4. Post no. 16 was bent downstream, and the front face was twisted to face downstream. The front and back flange of post no. 16 was dented at the location of cable no. 2, and the front flange of the post was scratched at the location of cable no. 4. Post no. 17 was bent downstream, and scratches were found on the front flange at the location of cable no. 2. Post no. 18 was deflected backward, and the front flange was twisted to face upstream and had localized buckling at the groundline. Post no. 19 was deflected backward and downstream, and the front flange was twisted to face slightly downstream at the groundline. Post no. 20 was

The movement of soil during the test is documented in Table 11. A 166-in. (4,216-mm) long by 68-in. (1,727-mm) wide soil crater was located on the backslope where the front of the pickup truck impacted.

The maximum lateral permanent post deflections were not calculated for this test. The maximum lateral dynamic post deflection was 57.5 in. (1,461 mm) at post no. 17 and the maximum lateral dynamic cable deflection was approximately 101.5 in. (2,578 mm) in cable 2 just prior to failure, as determined from high-speed digital video analysis. The working width of the system was not calculated for this test.

7.6 Vehicle Damage

The damage to the vehicle was severe, as shown in Figures 83 through 86. The maximum occupant compartment deformations are listed in Table 12 along with the deformation limits established in MASH for various areas of the occupant compartment. The roof deformation of 15¹/₂ in. (394 mm) exceeded the MASH limit of 4 in. (102 mm). Complete occupant compartment and vehicle deformations and the corresponding locations are provided in Appendix D.

	Soil	Gap ¹ Size and	Location			Soil Heave	e^2		Soil Crater ³	
Post No.	Upstream in. (mm)	Downstream in. (mm)	Front in. (mm)	Back in. (mm)	Diameter in. (mm)	Height in. (mm)	Location in. (mm)	Dimensions in. (mm)	Depth in. (mm)	Location in. (mm)
8		¹ / ₄ (6)		¹ / ₄ (6)						
9		¹ / ₂ (13)	¹ / ₂ (13)							
10			¹ / ₂ (13)							
11								3x4 (76x102)	3 (76)	Front
12				¹ / ₄ (6)						
13								5x9 (127x229)	5 (127)	Front
14								15x16 (381x406)	5 (127)	All Around
15								15x12 (381x305)	4 (102)	All Around
16								13x12 (330x305)	6 (152)	All Around
17					5 (127)	2 (51)	Downstream	13x12 (330x305)	6 (152)	Upstream
18								12x12 (305x305)	8 (203)	All Around
19								10x9 (254 x229)	5 (127)	All Around
20								10x3 (254x76)	5 (127)	Front
21			$1^{3/4}$ (44)							

Table 11. Soil Documentation, Test No. 4CMB-5

¹ A soil gap is the gap between the face of the post and undisturbed soil at ground level.
 ² A soil heave is the accumulation of soil that forms near a post as energy is dissipated through the ground due to post deflection.
 ³ A soil crater is the absence of soil around the base of a post due to the soil being pushed away by the post.

LOCATION	MAXIMUM DEFORMATION in. (mm)	MASH ALLOWABLE DEFORMATION in. (mm)
Wheel Well & Toe Pan	1¾ (44)	≤ 9 (229)
Floor Pan & Transmission Tunnel	¹ / ₂ (13)	≤ 12 (305)
Side Front Panel (in Front of A-Pillar)	1/2 (13)	≤ 12 (305)
Side Door (Above Seat)	1½ (38)	≤ 9 (229)
Side Door (Below Seat)	1½ (38)	≤ 12 (305)
Roof	15½ (394)	≤ 4 (102)
Windshield	0	≤ 3 (76)

Table 12. Maximum Occupant Compartment Deformations by Location, Test No. 4CMB-5

Damage occurred to all sides of the vehicle due to the rollover. The plastic bumper cover was disengaged and torn on the right side, and the bumper was dented near the center and the left side. The front frame member was bent and torn. The hood was crushed and ajar. The left side of the grill was fractured. The dash was fractured and deformed upward. The left side of the roof was severely crushed. The windshield was shattered and torn on the left side. The left headlight was disengaged and fractured. The left-front upper control arm, tie rod, and brakes were disengaged. The left-front lower control arm was fractured. The left fender was crushed inward at the front and deformed outward by the left-front door. The front and top of the left-front door and mirror were crushed inward. Both left windows were shattered and disengaged. The left-rear door was crushed at the top. The left-rear quarter panel was crushed inward behind the wheel. Both taillights disengaged. The tailgate disengaged on the right side. The right-rear quarter panel was scratched and dented behind the wheel well. The front of the right side of the box was crushed inward. The right-rear shock mount and shock fractured and disengaged. The right-front door was slightly ajar. Denting occurred at the lower-front of the right-front door. The right-front door. mirror was disengaged. The right fender was dented at the front. The right-front tire was deflated. The right headlight disengaged. The oil pan was dented.

7.7 Occupant Risk

The calculated occupant impact velocities (OIVs) and maximum 0.010-sec occupant ridedown accelerations (ORAs) in both the longitudinal and lateral directions are shown in Table 7. Note that the OIVs and ORAs were within the suggested limits provided in MASH. The calculated THIV, PHD, and ASI values are also shown in Table 13. The results of the occupant risk analysis, as determined from the accelerometer data, are summarized in Figure 73. The recorded data from the accelerometers and the rate transducers are shown graphically in Appendix F.

Evaluation Criteria			MASH		
		EDR-3	DTS Set#1	DTS Set#2	Limits
OIV Longitudinal		-11.80 (-3.60)	-10.72 (-3.27)	-10.56 (-3.22)	≤ 40 (12.2)
ft/s (m/s)	Lateral	6.47 (1.97)	5.07 (1.55)	-	≤40 (12.2)
ORA Longitudinal		-18.63	8.63 -17.20 -16.9		≤ 20.49
g's	Lateral	-5.60	-9.80	-	≤ 20.49
T ft/s	HIV s (m/s)	-	11.67 (3.56)	-	not required
I	PHD g's	-	17.86	-	not required
ASI		1.13	1.06	-	not required

Table 13. Summary of OIV, ORA, THIV, PHD, and ASI Values, Test No. 4CMB-5

7.8 Load Cell Results

As previously discussed, tension load cells were installed inline with the cables at the upstream end of the barrier system in order to monitor the total load transferred to the anchor with respect to time. The load cell results are summarized in Table 14. The individual cable loads, along with the total combined cable load imparted to the upstream end anchor, were determined and are shown graphically in Figure 88.

As noted previously, the target cable tension was 4,213 lb (18.7 kN) at 100 deg Fahrenheit (37.8 deg Celsius). Prior to the testing, the actual cable tension in the top, upper middle, lower middle, and bottom cables was 4.27 kips (19.01 kN), 4.25 kips (18.92 kN), 4.06 kips (18.05 kN), and 4.25 kips (18.88 kN), respectively. These readings were measured using the cable load cells. The tension in the top and upper middle cables as measured from the second set of upstream load cells were 4.28 kips (19.02 kN) and 4.23 kips (18.81 kN), respectively.

Cable Legation	Sangar Logation	Maximum	Time ¹	
Cable Location	Sensor Location	kips	kN	(sec)
Combined Cables	Upstream End	40.09	178.33	0.448
Top Cable	Upstream End	11.70	52.05	0.453
Upper Middle Cable	Upstream End	18.36	81.66	0.666
Lower Middle Cable	Upstream End	11.95	53.16	0.440
Bottom Cable	Upstream End	6.08	27.04	0.654
Top Cable	Upstream End Set#2	11.37	50.60	0.453
Upper Middle Cable	Upstream End Set#2	18.99	84.48	0.666

Table 14. Load Cell Results, Test No. 4CMB-5

¹ - Time determined from initial vehicle impact with the barrier system.

After the crash test, the tension in each cable was measured using the cable load cells. The cable tension at the upstream end and in the top, upper middle, lower middle, and bottom cables was 2.89 kips (12.87 kN), 0 kips (0 kN), 3.03 kips (13.48 kN), and 3.73 kips (16.61 kN), respectively. The tension in the top and upper middle cables as measured from the second set of upstream load cells were 2.89 kips (12.87 kN) and 0 kips (0 kN), respectively.

7.9 Discussion

The analysis of the test results for test no. 4CMB-5 showed that the four cable median barrier 12 ft (3.7 m) laterally down from the slope break point did not adequately contain nor redirect the 2270P vehicle since the vehicle overrode the barrier and subsequently rolled. There were no detached elements nor fragments which showed potential for penetrating the occupant compartment nor presented undue hazard to other traffic. Significant deformations of the roof did occur when the vehicle rolled. Vehicle roll, pitch, and yaw angular displacements are shown in Appendix F. After impact, the vehicle was located on the back side of the barrier. Therefore, test no. 4CMB-5 conducted on four cable median barrier was determined to be unacceptable according to the MASH safety performance criteria for test designation no. 3-11.

Following the analysis of test no. 4CMB-5, the researchers concluded that the failure of the test was directly attributed to failure to capture the impacting vehicle and the subsequent override of the system. The failure of the system to capture the vehicle was caused by the vehicle impacting post no. 15 prior to engaging the top cable. Post no. 15 deflected laterally back as well as longitudinally downstream. Impacting the post was shown to be critical, as the motion of the post caused the cables to be pulled down and prevent them from capturing the vehicle bumper.

Based on the results of this test, there may be a need to utilize different, or modified, cable attachments at the various cable heights in the system. It may be necessary to modify the vertical release properties of the upper cable attachments such that they release under very low forces and deflections in order to prevent the cables from being pulled downward, as observed in test no. 4CMB-5. It was noted in this test that the location of the vehicle bumper in relation to the top cable was marginal with respect to the potential for vehicle capture, even prior to the pulldown of the cables by the post, as shown in Figure 87. These modifications, along with others will be considered as the research effort moves forward.

0.000 sec 0.306 sec 0.600 sec 0.764 sec 0.964 sec 1				9							
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Test AgencyMwRSF Test NumberMwRSF Test AtticleTest Atticle (40Bb-5) StateDate $(5102011$ $3-11$ Test AtticleFour Cable Median Barrier Total LengthTotal Length $(6081 (185 m)$ Key Component – Wire RopeDiameter $(510 (2011))$ Diameter $(510 (2011))$ Specification $(35) in (143 mm)$ Botron Cable HeightIncremental Spacing $(10'_2 in (228 mm))$ ShapeShape $(353 7 (1576 63))$ Specification $(510 (202 mar))$ Soil TypeGrading B AASHTO 147-65 (1990)Soil Type $(253 kg)$ Test Ihertial $(519 91b (2,238 kg))$ Grass Static $(51.8 mpl (95 km/h))$ Angle Inpacted BarrierCurb $(11 ft (0.3 m) upstream of post no. 15Exit Rox Criterion11 ft (0.3 m) upstream of post no. 15Exit Conditions11 ft (0.3 m) upstream of post no. 15Exit Rox Criterion11 ft (0.3 m) upstream of post no. 15Exit Rox Criterion11 ft (2.1 m) ub left of impactVehicle StabilityUnacceptable - RolledVehicle Stability110 \pm 10 $	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	99'-6" [30.3 m]- 7' [2.1 m] 15 16 17 18 19 20 2 2 2 23 24 25 26	27 28 29 30 31 32	2 33 34	35 36 37 38 39	140		1/2" 267]			
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Vehicle Stopping Distance	Vehicle Stability	Unacceptable - Rolled	(m	/s)	Lateral	6.47 (1.97)	5.07 (1.55)	-	(12.2)		
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$\frac{\text{CDC}^{[15]}}{\text{Maximum Interior Deformation}} = \frac{11\text{TYAO4}}{15\frac{1}{2}\text{ in}} = \frac{11\text{TYAO4}}{11\text{TYAO4}} =$	VDS ^[14]	11-L&T-5		THIV	- ft/s (m/s)		11 67 (3 56)	_	not require		
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	Maximum Interior Deformation	15½ in. (394 mm)		гΠ	<u>1 – g s</u>	1 1 2	1/.00	-	not require		

Figure 73. Summary of Test Results and Sequential Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-5

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Figure 74. Additional Sequential Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-5





0.900 sec



1.000 sec



1.100 sec



1.200 sec



1.300 sec



1.400 sec



110



1.400 sec



1.600 sec



1.900 sec









2.920 sec











0.800 sec



1.000 sec

Figure 76. Additional Sequential Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-5



0.878 sec

Figure 77. Additional Sequential Photographs, Test No. 4CMB-5

0.468 sec







Figure 78. Impact Location, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 79. Vehicle Final Position and Trajectory Marks, Test No. 4CMB-5





Figure 80. System Damage, Test No. 4CMB-5

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Figure 81. Post Damage, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 82. Post and Splice Damage, Test No. 4CMB-5







Figure 83. Vehicle Damage, Test No. 4CMB-5















Figure 85. Occupant Compartment Damage, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 86. Undercarriage Damage, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure 87. Bumper-to-Cable Relation at Impact, Test No. 4CMB-5



Cable Tension - Test No. 4CMB-5

8 SUMMARY, CONCLUSIONS, AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A high-tension, four-cable barrier system was developed for median applications where side slopes as steep as 4H:1V can be found in a V-ditch configuration. The barrier system was designed for placement anywhere within the sloped median. The barrier system was developed with several other goals in mind. First of all, since the barrier was intended for use in a sloped median, it was important that the barrier be capable of redirecting errant vehicles when impacted on either side of the barrier. Second, the barrier was intended to have relatively low deflections as compared to other cable systems. Reduced deflections would allow for the cable barrier system to be placed in more locations. Third, the system was expected to redirect a large range of vehicles with different bumper and c.g. heights. Fourth, the barrier was intended to maintain an open aesthetic appeal. Finally, the system was expected to be constructed for easy maintenance in the event of a crash.

Two full-scale vehicle crash tests were performed according to the safety performance guidelines found in MASH on a cable barrier system installed at various locations within the 46-ft (14.0 m) wide ditch with 4H:1V side slopes. A summary of the safety performance evaluations is shown in Table 15.

The first full-scale crash test, test no. 4CMB-4, consisted of a 2,574-lb (1,168-kg) passenger car impacting the cable median barrier at a speed of 61.1 mph (98.4 km/h). The passenger car entered the slope at an angle of 25.8 degrees and impacted the barrier at an angle of 25.7 degrees. The system was located 4 ft (1.2 m) laterally up from the bottom of the ditch on the backslope. The impact point for this test was 5 ft – 4 in. (1.6 m) downstream of post no. 16. The system adequately contained and redirected the vehicle. Therefore, the system passed test designation 3-10 of the MASH standards.

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The second full-scale crash test, test no. 4CMB-5, consisted of a 5,149-lb (2,336-kg) pickup truck impacting the cable median barrier at a speed of 61.8 mph (99.5 km/h). The pickup truck entered the slope at an angle of 26.5 degrees and impacted the barrier at an angle of 27.7 degrees. The system was located 12 ft (3.7 m) laterally down from the slope break point. The pickup truck overrode the system and subsequently rolled. Therefore, the system did not pass test designation 3-11 of the MASH standards.

The failure of the system in test no. 4CMB-5 illustrated several critical points with respect to cable median barrier design. First, impacting the barrier at a line post is critical as it increases the potential for the system cables to be pulled downward by the deflecting post and decreases the propensity for vehicle capture. Second, the results of this test indicated that cable attachments for the critical upper cable need to be designed to release the cable before it is pulled down by the deflected post. Finally, test no. 4CMB-5 indicated that 45 in. (1,143 mm) top cable heights may be the minimum allowable top cable height for cable median barriers installed anywhere in a V-ditch.

Table 15. Summary of Safety P	Performance	Evaluation	Results
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Evaluation Factors		Eva	Evaluation Criteria				
Structural Adequacy	А.	Test article should contain and controlled stop; the vehicle sh installation although controlled la	Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override t installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.				
	D.	Detached elements, fragments penetrate or show potential for p an undue hazard to other traf Deformations of, or intrusions in limits set forth in Section 5.3 and	Detached elements, fragments or other debris from the test article should not benetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present in undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone. Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed imits set forth in Section 5.3 and Appendix E of MASH.				
	F.	The vehicle should remain uprig and pitch angles are not to exceed	S	U			
Occupant	H.	Occupant Impact Velocity (OIV calculation procedure) should sat	Occupant Impact Velocity (OIV) (see Appendix A, Section A5.3 of MASH for calculation procedure) should satisfy the following limits:				
Risk		Occupa	ant Impact Velocity Limits		S	S	
		Component	Preferred	Maximum			
		Longitudinal and Lateral	30 ft/s (9.1 m/s)	40 ft/s (12.2 m/s)			
	I.	The Occupant Ridedown Accele MASH for calculation procedure					
Occupant Ridedown Acceleration Limits				nits	S	S	
		Component	Preferred	Maximum			
		Longitudinal and Lateral	15.0 g's	20.49 g's			

S – Satisfactory U – Unsatisfac

U – Unsatisfactory NA - Not Applicable

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10 APPENDICES

Appendix A. Material Specifications

Amanda Bent Bolt Co.

1120 C.I.C. Drive Logan, Ohio 43138 Phone: 740-385-9380 x 322 Fax: 740-385-6872 or 740-385-5445 E-Mail: thorton@abb1.com

CERTIFICATION OF CONFORMANCE

SHIP TO:

Bennett Bolt 12 Elbridge Street Jordan, New York 13080 Attn: Quality

Part Nun	iber:	BUA25-UW-M-A449		
Part Nam	ie;	Custom Bolt and Nut		
Print Rev	ision:			
Print Rev	ision Date:			
PO Numi	ber	6006500		
Date of S	hipment:	3/25/2010		
Quantity :	Shipped:	556		
Lot Numb	er:	032501		

We hereby certify that the supplies furnished in this shipment have been inspected and have passed all examinations and testing. The material meets print requirements and specifications or other requirements as stated in the purchase order. Results of these inspections and tests are on file and will be furnished upon request.

Tammy Horton	Q.A. Manager	4/1/2010
Authorizing Person's Name	Authorizing Person's Title	Date
(Tangel	vitor	
Authorizing Person's/Signature		

Figure A-1. Keyway Bolt

	· .	LOAD	
	CHADT	ED	1658 Cold Springs Road
	CTUMI	LN , sector at all the	Saukville, Wisconsin 53080
CHARTER	SIFFT	lan sa shi na shika an sa kila shirta. Mar	(262) 268-2400
	10.44	CHARTER STEEL TEST REPO	RT 1,202,203,2700
	A Division of		s 1-800-437-8789
·	character manactering	Company, me.	FAX (262) 268-2570
	· .	der	MAT RJ 59-53-58
			Cust Part# 7949-5
Amanda P.O. Bo	x 1027	' ' Chorter	Sales Order 276386
1120 C	IC Drive		Ship Lot # 598329
Logan,C Attn: Ta	OH 43138- ammy Horton, QC		Grade# 1040 A SK FG IQ
			Finish Size , 996 19/64
I hereby certify that the	material described here	n has been manufactured in accordance	with the specifications
and standards listed bel	ow and on the reverse s	ide, and that it satisfies those requirem	ents.
Lab Code: 7388 OUTS, MELT SOURCE HEA	T NUM N/R	19ST NESULE OF LEET LOLA DO TO TO	
Chemistry C Wr% 0.38	MN P S	SI NI CR MO CU	SN V 3 0.005 0.001
A1	N D TI		J 0.000 0.001
0.023	0.0070 0.0001 0.001	6.001	
CHEM. DEVIATION EXTG	REEN = N/R	and the second secon	
QC DEVIATION EXTPROC	ESSED = N/R Manufactured per Cha	Test Results of Processing Lot # 598329 Inter Steel Quality Manual Rev 8, 12-05-07	
	Meets customer speci Customer Document	ncations with any applicable Charter Steel a Revision = Da	ated =
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Charter Steel	•		D-B D
Saukville, VII, USA			Jernent James
			Janice Barnard

Figure A-2. Keyway Bolt
The following statements are applicable to the material described on the front of this Test Report:

- 1. Except as noted, the steel supplied for this order was melted, rolled and processed in the United States.
- 2. Mercury was not used during the manufacture of this product; nor was the steel contaminated with mercury during processing.
- 3. Unless directed by the customer, there are no welds in any of the coils produced for this order.
- 4. The laboratory that generated the analytical or test results can be identified by the following key:

Certificate Number	Lab Code		Laboratory	Address	
0358-01	7388	CSMD	Charter Steel Melting Division	1658 Cold Springs Road, Saukville, WI 53080	
0358-02	8171	CSRD/ CSPD	Charter Steel Rolling/ Processing Division	1658 Cold Springs Road, Saukville, WI 53080	
0358-03	123633	P4	Charter Steel Ohio Processing Division	6255 US Highway 23, Risingsun, OH 43457	
0358-04	125544	CSC	Charter Steel Cleveland	4300 E. 49 th St., Cuyahoga Heights, OH 44125-1004	
0358.05	128003	CSDT	Charter Steel Detroit	23860 Sherwood Ave. Center Line, MI 48015	
*	*		Subcontracted test performed by laboratory not in Charter Steel system		

5. When run by a Charter Steel laboratory, the following tests were performed according to the latest revisions of the specifications listed below, as noted in the Charter Steel Laboratory Quality Manual:

Test	Possible Laboratory	Specification
Chemistry Analysis	CSMD, CSC	ASTM E415; ASTM E1019
X-ray Fluorescence Stainless and Alloy Steel	CSC	ASTM E572
Macroetch	CSMD, CSC	ASTM E381
Hardenability (Jominy)	CSMD, CSC	ASTM A255; SAE J406; JIS G0561
Grain Size	CSMD	ASTM E112
Tensile Test	CSRD/CSPD, P4, CSC, CSDT	ASTM E8; ASTM A370
Rockwell Hardness	CSMD, CSRD/CSPD, P4, CSC, CSDT	ASTM E18; ASTM A370
Microstructure (spheroidization)	CSRD/CSPD, P4	ASTM A892
Inclusion Content (Methods A, E)	CSRD/CSPD, CSC	ASTM E45

Charter Steel has been accredited to perform all of the above tests by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). These accreditations expire 01/31/09

All other test results associated with a Charter Steel laboratory that appear on the front of this report, if any, were performed according to documented procedures developed by Charter Steel and are not accredited by A2LA.

- 6. The test results on the front of this report are the true values measured on the samples taken from the production lot. They do not apply to any other sample.
- 7. This test report cannot be reproduced or distributed except in full without the written permission of Charter Steel. The primary customer whose name and address appear on the front of this form may reproduce this test report, subject to the following restrictions:
 - It may be distributed only to their customers
 - Both sides of all pages must be reproduced in full
- This certification is given subject to the terms and conditions of sale provided in Charter Steel's acknowledgment (designated by our Sales Order number) to the customer's purchase order. Both Order numbers appear on the front pade of this Report.
- Where the customer has provided a specification, the results on the front of this test report conform to that specification unless otherwise noted on this test report.



Figure A-3. Keyway Bolt

METAL IMPROVEMENT COMPANY



1515 Universal Road Columbus, Ohio 43207 Phone: 614-444-1181 Fax: 614-444-0421

Quality Inspection

Certification

	(Customer_Part I	lo. ·		Purchase (Order		Ship Date	-	Job Numb	er	
	Amanda_BU/	25-UW-M-A449)		89548	9 .	13/	15/1	DI	124536		
Inspection Date	Time	L	ot# ^		Furn	Upr	Draw Eum	Draw UPR	QC Insp	MetLab Number	MetLab Insp	Quantit
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Certified By: Date: 03/10/2010 Greg Barezinsky Quality Control Manager Metal Improvement Company

Figure A-4. Keyway Bolt

FNC

Comments



Mechanical Galv-Plating Corporation

Quality Plating & Galvanizing Services

Coating Certification:

Name: Amanda Bent Bolt Co. 1120 C.I.C. Drive Logan, OH 43138 Date: 3/25/10 Invoice: 24341

This is to certify that Mechanical Galv-Plating Corporation has processed the following product:

Part No.:	BUA25-UW-M
Quantity	556 pcs
Mfg. Lot No.:	1001561610
Plt. Lot No .:	310002
P.O. No.:	OS89795

In Conformance with the requirements of:

Specification: Mechanically Galvanize ASTM B695 Class 55 Type I

Test Results:

Plating Thickness: .0022"

Remarks/Comments:

Note: This form is intended to be a specification certification only and is not to be construed as a warranty from Mechanical Galv-Plating Corporation.

aldel

Acceptance Signature:

Quality Assurance Department

Box 56 - 933 Oak Avenue - Sidney, OH 45365 - Phone 937/492-3143 - Fax 937/492-6260 www.mechanicalgalv-plating.com

Form 7.28

Rev. 1 Rev. Data: 3/19/02

Convolled Document

Figure A-5. Keyway Bolt

	4/4	00.004			TAD OIC	The second	
Description: Date Created:	1/4 – 3/25/	20 GRA /2010	Package	Type:	BX	Qty Per:	1800
Serial Number	1		а.		×		
Lot Number:	(LT)	69259	* . s* 	~ ~			
WINGS	i.						
Tag Number:	(TG)	190482	2		4 4	Shipping Item	Label

Figure A-6. Keyway Bolt Hex Nut

Certificate of Quality BEKAERT CORPORATION Van Buren, Arkansas 1881 BEKAERT DRIVE DATE: 06/03/2010 VAN BUREN, AR 72956 TEL (479) 474-5211 FAX (479) 474-9075 **TELEX 537439** Midwest Roadside Safety Facili 4060145416 0010 3/4" 3X7 CL A GALV GUIDERAIL SHORTS Customer Customer Order No sample Our Order No Carriers Qty 3 Product Customer Part No MFG SMP No AST3043SE10S Customer Spec No ASTM A 741 nished Diameter Lay Breaking Adherence Steel g# Ductility Length Load Appearance lbf of Wires (in.) in 609409 0.79 46525 Pass 6 Pass 609459 0.75 7 46548 Pass Pass 609513 0.75 7.3 49219 Pass Pass

terial was melted and made in the U.S.A. a undersigned certifies that the results are actual results and conform to the specification indicated contained in the records of this Corporation.

Notary Public

Commission Expires

Figure A-7. Wire Rope

	09/27/2007 10:02	3156893999	BENNETT BOLT WORKS	PAGE 02
i . :	BENI	NETT B	OLT WORK	IS, INC.
	12 Elbridge Stra P.O. Box 922 Jordan, New Yo	eet ork 13080		PH 315-689-3981 FX 315-689-3999
	MIDWE: UNIV. O 1901 Y S LINCOL (402) 47 ATTN: E	ST ROADSIDE SAFETY FAC F NEBRASKA STREET BLDG C N, NE 68588-0501 2-9064 SOB BIELENBERG	XLITY SEPT 21,2007	
	CABLE	FITTINGS FOR TL3-TL4 GU	ARDRAIL CABLE CRASH TEST	
	4 EA	CG 198N-H 87M TURNBUCKLE CABLE A 7/8-9 X 11" FLATTENED	SSEMBLY W/ 2 WEDGES RODS A449	
	16 EA	CG 184N-H 87M CABLE END ASSEMBLY 7/8-9 X 11" FLATTENED	W/ WEDGE ROD A449	
		AMA	MAGER QUALITY ASSURANCE	
	HT NO 734281	7/8-9 x 11" Flat Mfg Southeast	tened Rods A449 ern Bolt & Screw, Birming	ham, AL
	Order NO 75410-	75590 Malleable Mfg Bu	Fron Casting ASTM - A47 tck Co., Inc., Quarryville	Grade 32510 , PA
	Order NO 600223	6 Malleable Grade 325 Mfg Bu	Iron Casting Wedge ASTM 10 ck Co., Inc., Quarryville	- A47 , PA

Figure A-8. Cable Turnbuckle and End Assembly

09/27/2007 10:02 3156893999

BENNETT BOLT WORKS

PAGE 83 39622

Southeastern Bolt & Screw, Inc 1037 16th Avenue West Birmingham, AL 35204 (205) 328-4551

MATERIAL TEST REPORT

DATE: July 7, 2004

CUSTOMER P.O.: 013218

LAB REPORT NO.: 11065

SIZE: 7/8-9 X 48 Double End Rod

LOT NO.: L15532 (296489-01)

CUSTOMER: Bennett Bolt Works, Inc. QUANITY: 57

SPECIFICATION: A449 Type 1

SURFACE COATING: A158 Class C

MARKINGS: SBS, Three Radial Lines

	CH	EMIST	YS	
0	10-3	V	Ch	

C	MN	P	S	SI	v	Cb	CR	MO
.47	.75	.010	.030	.20	.013			

MATERIAL GRADE: 1045

HEAT NO.: 734281

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

60,600

Threads

PROOF LOAD

Applied Tensile Force, lbf 39,250 Length Measurement Differential, in -0.0005

AXIAL TENSILE

Axial Tensile Load, lbf Failure Location

WEDGE TENSILE

10 Degree Wedge Tensile Load, lbf Failure Location

HARDNESS MEASUREMENTS Rockwell C Scale

28

TEST METHODS: ASTM F606

We certify that the above test results do conform to the requirements of the specifications as shown. These test results relate only to the item tested. This document may be reproduced, but only in its entirety. All material was melted and manufactured in the USA.

l luch Jim Wasdell, Quality Assurance Manager

Figure A-9. Cable End Assembly

	09/27/2007 10:02	3156893999	BENNETT BOLT WORKS		PAGE 04
F	SEP-26-2007 10:13AM	FROM-Buck Co. HR	717-284-4321	T-131	P.004/004 F-840
	C	www.h	BUCK COMPANY, 897 Lancaster Pike, Quarryville, PA T Phone (717) 284-4114 Fax (717) 28 uckeompany.com greatensings0	INC. 7566-9738 14-1321 # backeompa	ny.com
		MAT	ERIAL CERTIFICATI	ON	
	Date <u>8-30</u> CUSTOMER_ ORDER NUM PATTERN NO	DOT BER IMBERGT	FBOH, Inc. 590 3BWTH R	Form# CE EV	RT-7A Rev C 4-21-116
	This is to co with the drawin requirements an data is on file an	ertify that the castings I g or ordered requirement of / or supplementary Q and available upon reque	isted conform to the following specif nts. All Quality Assurance provisions uality Assurance provisions have bee st.	feations and and for Q	d comply in all respects luality Assurance ed and accepted, SPC
	Type Materials	Maile	able tron		-
	Specifications:	(3257))		
	Heat Number:	904			1
	MECHANICA Tensile Str. PSI_ Yield Str. PSI_ Elongation PHYSICAL PR Brinell Hardno PCS SHIPPED of _	L PROPERTIES 45,032 22 COPERTIES 35 - 1/23 20 1	CHEMICAL ANALY Total Carbon	SIS 2 SIC 2 SIC 3	OT Maul Representative
		Ferritic and Pearlitie	Quality Castings ISO 9001, 2000 CERTIFIED Malleable Iron, Gray and Duetile Iron, Bray	ss. Aluminua	n .

Figure A-10. Cable End Assembly

		215002999		BENNETT BOLT WORKS		Pi	AGE Ø5
09/27/2007 SEP-26-2007	10:02 10:13AM	FROM-Buck Co. HR		717-284-4321	T-131	P.003/004	F-840
W.		N.					
4		B	UCK CO	MPANY, INC	•		
	0	. 897	Lancaster Pike,	Quarryville, PA 17566-97	38		
	THE P		Phone (717) 284-4	114 Fax (717) 284-4321			
		www.buck	Company.com	greatcastings@bi	<u>kkeompany</u>	.com	
		MAT	FERIAL C	ERTIFICATIO	N		
	Date <u>//</u>	14/00	Form Numbe	r CERT-7C	REV	V. A	
	CUSTO	MER: DE	nnett.	MIT WORLS			
	ORDER	NUMBER	75410				
	PATTER	N NUMBER_	CGBBH	ŧΤ	REV	<i></i>	
	This comply in provision Assuranc available	is to certify that t all respects with s and / or Quality e provisions have upon request. Mo	he castings listed the drawing or of Assurance requi- been completed blted & Manufact	conform to the following rdered requirements. All rements and / or supplern and accepted. SPC data is ured in the USA.	specifica Quality A entary Qu on file a	ations and Assurance ality nd	
	Туре Ма	terial:	nalkat	ACJ TOON			15: 4
	Specifica	tions: A	STM-Z	47			
	Grade or	Class:(32510				
	Heat Nur	nber:	25				6
	MECHA Tensile \$	tr. PSI	RTIES	CHEMICAL ANALY Total Carbon Silicon	25 2.5 7.57	3	
	Yield Str	$PSI_()$	204	Manganese	-42	3	
	Elongatio		5.	Phosphorus	· DT	5	
				Chrome	031	0	
	PHYSIC	AL PROPERTI	ES	Magnesium	qui		
1	Brinell H	lardness _ 10	2/	Copper	1.	,	M
	PCS SHIL	PPED //	5_/	DATE SHIPPED	1/14/1	del.	[]
	/	of/	- (Quality Assuran	LULL ice Repre	esentative	\langle
			Qualit	ry Castings /			
	(m)		150 900	D CERTIFIED			
		Ferricic an	d Poseline Malleable Iron	, Gray and Ductile Iron - Brass - Alu	minum		

Figure A-11. Cable End Assembly

	1 5002000	BENNETT BOLT WORKS	PAGE 06
09/27/2007 10:02 3	19999999		
		4	
4.4	BUC	K COMPANY, INC.	
	897 Lanca	ster Pike, Quarryville, PA 17566-9738	Saut -
	Phone	(717) 284-4114 Fax (717) 284-4321	
1	www.buckcompany	com greatesstings@buckcompany	y.com
. r			
	MATERIAL	CERTIFICATION	
1.807	24) 8	P # OFF	T TA Des C 4 37 00
Date <u>COTTOT</u>	and 11 cm 11	1 Der Ton	(1-7A Kev C 4-41-00
CUSTOMER_DC	Wett - DOIT	UDIDJUL.	
ORDER NUMBER_	(dD2256		
PATTERN NUMBE	R WIWEdge	REV. DOG	F
This is to certify t	hat the castings listed confe	on to the following specifications and	comply in all respects
with the drawing or or	dered requirements. All Qu	ality Assurance provisions and / or Qu	ality Assurance
requirements and / or : data is on file and avai	supplementary Quality Assa	arance provisions have been complete	d and accepted. SPC
Gata is on the and avai	Malloopla	Troo	
Type Material:	THUTEADE	Have	-
Specifications:	ASTM-A41	<u> </u>	
Grade or Class:	32510 .		
	INA		न्त्री
Heat Number:		inter a filler	-
MECHANICAL PR	DPERTIES	CHEMICAL ANALYSIS	
Tensne Str. PSI	3 172	Silicon 759	
Yield Str. PSI ()	1,211)	Manganese 30	
Elongation	1/0	Phosphorns	
PHYSICAL PROPE	RTIES	Chrome	
Brinell Hardness	121	Copper .1.324	
PCS SHIPPED	10.951	DATE SHIPPED 6-8-0	7 (1
1	1	Vin ITA:	dup
/ U/	£	Quality Assurance k	lepresentative
			5V
	Quali	ty Castings	
	ISO 900	1: 2000 CERTIFIED	

Ferritic and Pearlitic Malleable Iron, Gray and Ductile Iron, Brass, Aluminum

Figure A-12. Cable End Assembly

Po# 42545 Page 4 of 4 APR, 10



CARTERSVILLE STEEL MILL 384 OLD GRASSDALE RD NE CARTERSVILLE GA 30121 USA (770) 387–3300 Chemical and Physical Test Report Made and Melted In USA

G-150380

10 T. ACCOUNT NO 0833

SHAPE + SIZE		GRAD	E	SPEC	FICATI	ON													SAL	ES ORI	DER	CL	JST P.O	NUMB	R
W3 X 5.7# S-BEAM		A5725	0/992	ASTM	A572 G	R50-07	ASTM	4992 -0	6A, AST	M A709	GR50-0	Aed	_	_			10-12	_	006	5032-01	1	45	0013770	08-01	
HEAT I.D.	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	Mo	V	В	N	Sn	Al	Ti	Ca	Zn	C Eqv							
G102010	.14	.92	.014	.030	.22	.31	.11	.C6	.025	.015	.0003	.0100	.009	.001	.00100	.00090	.00270	.378							
Mechanical Test: Customer Requiremen Mechanical Test:	Yield 56 ts CAST Yield 57	100 PSI ING: ST 400 PSI	, 386.8 I RAND C , 395.76	MPA 1 AST MPA	Tensile:	78500 P	SI, 541.2 PSI, 546	4 MPA	%El:	22.6/8in 22.2/8i	, 22.6/2 n, 22.2/	00MM 200MM													

SHAPE + SIZE		GRAD	E	SPEC	IFICATIO	N			-				_						SA	LES ORD	ER	CUS	T P.O. N	UMBER
C8 X 18.75#	X 18.75# A36/572G					, ASTM	A572 G	R50-07	,CSA G	40.21-0	4 44W								00	55223-01		4500	137739	-01
HEAT I.D.	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	Mo	V	Nb	B	N	Sn	AI	TI	Ca	Zn	C Eqv					
G102025	.16	1.02	.012	.030	.19	.33	.12	.04	.032	.016	.001	.0003	.0094	.011	.001	.00100	.00050	.00360	.408					

Customer Requirements CASTING: STRAND CAST

Customet Requirements CASTING. STICKIE STOT		
Mechanical Test: Yield 54600 PSI, 376.45 MPA	Tensile: 77500 PSI, 534.34 MPA	%EI: 20.9/8in, 20.9/200MM
Customer Requirements CASTING: STRAND CAST		

Customer Notes

NO WELD REPAIRMENT PERFORMED. STEEL NOT EXPOSED TO MERCURY. All manufacturing processes including melt and cast, occurred in USA. MTR complies with EN10204 3.1B

Bhaskar Yalamanchili **Quality Director** Gerdau Ameristeel

THE ABOVE FIGURES ARE CERTIFIED EXTRACTS FROM THE ORIGINAL CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL TEST RECORDS AS CONTAINED IN THE PERMANENT RECORDS OF COMPANY.

Metallurgical Services Manager CARTERSVILLE STEEL MILL

Seller warrants that all material fumished shall comply with specifications subject to standard published manufacturing variations. NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, ARE MADE BY THE SELLER, AND SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDED ARE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. In no event shall seller be liable for indirect, consequential or punitive damages arising out of or related to the materials furnished by seller. Any claim for damages for materials that do not conform to specifications must be made from buyer to seller immediately after delivery of same in order to allow the seller the opportunity to inspect the material in question.

Figure A-13. S3x5.7 Posts, Test No. 4CMB-4



CARTERSVILLE STEEL MILL 384 OLD GRASSDALE RD NE CARTERSVILLE GA 30121 USA

(770) 387-3300

Chemical	and	Physi	ical	Test	Report
Made an	d Me	Ited In	USA	4	

G-164172

SHIP TO STEEL AND PIPE SUPPY CO INC 401 NEW CENTURY PARKWAY	INVOICE TO STEEL AND PIPE SUPPLY CO. INC. PO BOX 1688	SHIP DATE 11/15/10
785-587-5185 NEW CENTURY, KS 66031	MANHATTAN, KS 66505-1688	CUST. ACCOUNT NO 40130833

PRODUCED IN: CARTERSVILLE

SHAPE + SIZE		GRAD	E	SPECI	FICATIO	N													SAI	ES OR	DER	CU	IST P.O.	NUMBE	R
W8 X 18#		A5725	0/992	ASTM	A572 G	R50-07	ASTM /	1992 -0	6A, AST	M A709	GR50-	09A							012	5902-0	1	450	0014979	4-01	
HEAT I.D.	С	Mn	P	S	SI	Cu	Ni	Cr	Mo	V	Nb	В	N	Sn	AI	π	Ca	Zn	C Eqv						
G106480	.18	1.00	.010	.014	.21	.28	.10	.05	.025	.017	.002	.0003	.0090	.010	.003	.00200	.00330	.00560	.42						

Yield 55200 PSI, 380.59 MPA Tensile; 76600 PSI, 528.14 MPA %EI: 26.2/8in, 26.2/200MM Mechanical Test:

Customer Requirements CASTING: STRAND CAST

Comment: NO WELD REPAIRMENT PERFORMED. STEEL NOT EXPOSED TO MERCURY.

Yield 54000 PSI, 372.32 MPA Tensile: 76300 PSI, 526.07 MPA %EI: 20.9/8in, 20.9/200MM Mechanical Test: Customer Requirements CASTING: STRAND CAST

Comment: NO WELD REPAIRMENT PERFORMED. STEEL NOT EXPOSED TO MERCURY.

SHAPE + SIZE		GRAD	E	SPEC	IFICATI	ON													SAL	ES ORI	DER	CU	ST P.O	NUMBER
W3 X 5.7# S-BEAM		A5725	0/992	ASTM	A572 G	R50-07	ASTM	A992 -0	6A, AST	M A709	GR50-	09A							012	4791-0	2	450	014961	2-02
HEAT I.D.	C	Mn .	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	Mo	V	Nb	8	N	Sn	AI	Ti	Ca	Zn	C Eqv					
G106836	.14	.90	.013	.028	.20	.33	.10	.05	.023	.016	.000	.0003	.0107	.013	.001	.00100	.00000	.00380	.37					
Customer Requirement Comment: NO WELD	REPAIR	ING: STI MENT P	RAND C	AST MED. S	TEEL N	OT EXP	DSED T	O MERC	WRY.	22.3/01	1, 22.3/	200/////												
Mechanical Test:	Yield 54	500 PSI	375.76	MPA	Tensile:	74800 F	PSI, 515	.73 MPA	%EI:	21.2/8	n, 21.2	200MM												
Customer Requirement	s CAST	ING: STI	RAND C	AST																				
Comment: NO WELD	REPAIR	MENT P	ERFOR	MED. ST	TEEL NO	OT EXPO	DSED T	O MERC	URY.															

a. 4

Customer Notes

44

NO WELD REPAIRMENT PERFORMED. STEEL NOT EXPOSED TO MERCURY.

All manufacturing processes including melt and cast, occurred in USA. MTR complies with EN10204 3.1B

Bhaskar Yalamanchili Quality Director Gerdau Ameristeel

THE ABOVE FIGURES ARE CERTIFIED EXTRACTS FROM THE ORIGINAL CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL TEST RECORDS. AS CONTAINED IN THE PERMANENT RECORDS OF COMPANY.

* * * * *

Metallurgical Services Manager

4.

CARTERSVILLE STEEL MILL

Seller warrants that all material furnished shall comply with specifications subject to standard published manufacturing variations. NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, ARE MADE BY THE SELLER, AND SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDED ARE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. In no event shall seller be liable for indirect, consequential or punitive damages arising out of or related to the materials furnished by seller.

Any claim for damages for materials that do not conform to specifications must be made from buyer to seller immediately after delivery of same in order to allow the seller the opportunity to inspect the material in question.

CONCRETE INDUSTRIES, INC.

6300 Cornhusker Highway, Lincoln, NE 68529-0529 402-434-1800 Fax: 402-434-1899 www.ConcreteIndustries.com

Customer Receipt

eceipt	Driver:	
	Truck #:	
	Ordered By: CALL	
Ship From:		
CONCRETE IN	DUSTRIES	

6300 CORNHUSKER HWY

Print Time: 11:45

Page: 1

kathys

0 Print Date: 05/10/10

UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA MIDWEST RDSIDE SAFETY FACILITY W328.1 NEBRASKA HALL MIDWEST RDSIDE SAFETY FACILITY W328.1 NEBRASKA HALL NE 68507 LINCOLN PO BOX 880529 PO BOX 880529 ATTN KRENK KEN KRENK LINCOLN NE 68588-0529 LINCOLN NE 68588-0529 **Delivery Directions** Customer PO Number: 09:01 Order Number: SP 1195733 Delivery Date: 05/11/10 0 Item Description Ordered Line Picked Back Order Units Unit Price Discount Extension #11 STOCK REBAR GRADE 60 #11 REBAR FABRICATED / CUT 32 PCS #11 X 10-0 STR 1,700.00 1,700.00 R1160 11FAB M652 732 12 LB GORDAL 22526780 #3 STOCK REBAR GRADE 60 #3 REBAR FABRICATED / CUT 16 PCS #3 X 4-0 STR 3 R360 104.00 LB GERDAL 4 3FAB LB 104.00 5340 73 #4 STOCK REBAR GRADE 60 #4 REBAR FABRICATED / CUT R460 LB LB EVRAZ 104.00 5 6 4FAB 104.00 LIGHT BENDING CHARGE LBCHG 104.00 24 PCS #4 X 6-6 BENT 1. 68 24" FORM TUBE 1 PCS 24" DIAMETER X 4'-0" 8 67508 4.00 FT FORM TUBE GERDAU HEGIGEC 9 12" FORM TUBE FT 67503 4.00 1 PCS 12" DIAMETER X 4'-0" FORM TUBE #4 STOCK REBAR GRADE 60 20'-0" R46020 10 EA 35.00 **Print Name/Company** Received by Sub Total: Returns: No returns w/o invoice. No returns on unusable material, seconds, Tax Code: Sales Tax: architectural, decorative, all special order materials, and fractional units. All Total Amount: returnable materials subject to 50% restocking charge. No returns accepted Total Weight: 2.404.80 Down Payment: after 30 days from date of purchase. Total Cubic: Balance Due:

Document:

0

Ship To:

-

91123

Bill To:

UNIVERSITY OF NEBRASKA

ferms:

All invoices must be paid within 30 days of invoice. Past due accounts will be charged an interest rate of 1.33% per month which is 16% per year.



ST PAUL STEEL MILL 1678 RED ROCK ROAD ST PAUL MN 55119 USA (651) 731-5600 Chemical and Physical Test Report MADE IN UNITED STATES

M-075139

SHIP TO	INVOICE TO	SHIP DATE	
NEBCO, INC.	CONCRETE INDUSTRIES INC	10/09/09	
STEEL DIVISION	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		
	PO BOX 29529	CUST. ACCOUNT NO	
HAVELOCK, NE 68521	LINCOLN, NE 68529-0529	60052172	
PRODUCED IN: ST PAUL			

a stand a stand state																								
SHAPE + SIZE		GRADI	E	SPECI	FICATK	DIN							_					SA	LES OF	RDER	CI	UST P.O	NUMBE	ER
X36MM REBAR (#11)	/	420 (60	0)	A615//	A615M-0	9 GR 6	0/420 A6	A6M-0	8a									915	3731-0	01	75	682-01		
HEAT I.D.	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	Mo	V	Sn		1		1									
M652732	.44	1.22	.013	.029	.22	.26	.11	.14	.034	.004	.014	-												
Mechanical Test:	Yield 64	400 PSI,	444.02	MPA,Lo	ad 100	KIPS	Tensile:	110300	PSI, 76	0.49 MF	A %	3: 15.6	/8in, 15	6/203.2	mm B	lend: Of	<							
Customer Requirements	s SOUR	CE: GA-	STP CA	STING:	STRAN	DCAST	r																	

146

This material, including the billets, was pro States of America	duced and manufactured in the United	THE ABOVE FIGURES ARE CERTIFIED EXTRACTS F AS CONTAINED IN THE PERMANENT RECORDS OF	ROM THE ORIGINAL CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL TEST RECORDS COMPANY.
1 .	Bhaskar Yalamanchili		
1Yhask an	Quality Director		Metallurgical Services Manager
marking	Gerdau Ameristeel)	ST PAUL STEEL MILL
Seller warrants that all material furnished s	hall comply with specifications subject to standard publishe	I manufacturing variations. NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPR	RESSED OR IMPLIED, ARE MADE BY THE

Seller warrants that all material turnished shall comply with specifications subject to standard published manufacturing variations. NO OTHEN WARHANTIES, EXPRESSED ON IMPLIED, ARE MADE BY THE SELLER, AND SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDED ARE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. In no event shall seller be liable for indirect, consequential or punitive damages arising out of or related to the materials furnished by seller. Any claim for damages for materials that do not conform to specifications must be made from buyer to seller immediately after delivery of same in order to allow the seller the opportunity to inspect the material in question.

Figure A-16. Foundation Rebar

Bill To: CONCRETE IND P.O. BOX 295	USTRIES, 29	INC.	Ship CONCR 6300	To: 1 ETE IN CORNHU	DUSTRIE SKER HI	S, INC GHWAY	с. М	Örder Hill Ord	Date:0 PO No:8 er No:3	2/19/2 1224 703679	010 CERTIFIED) MATERIAL TEST GERDAU AME Midlothi	REPORT RISTEEL an Mill
LINCOLN 68529		NE US	LINCO	LN		N L	IE JS	Lo Manife	ad No:1 st No:1	293276 993673	G GERDAU AN	AERISTEEL 300 War Midlothian, (972)77	d Road TX 76065 5-8241
SPECIFICATION ASTM A615/A61	5 5M-09		# 3 RE	BAR/10	MM / 10	MM	GRADE 60/420			LENG 40 I	STH PT / 12.192 M	PRODUCT REBAR	
HEAT NO: 225	26780							CHEMICAL	ANALYSI	IS			
C M	In P	S	Si	Cu	N±	Cr	Mo	Sn	V	Al	Nb		
.46 .8	6 .016	.038	.25	.34	.11	.14	.028	.014	.002	.004	.005		
								PHYSICAL	PROPERT	IES			
Yield Streng	th	T	ensile S	trength		SE	ecimen	Area	E	longati	on	Bend Test	ROA
KSI	MPa		KSI	MPa		Sq	In	Sq cm	ġ.	Ga	ge Length	Dia. Result	÷
67.0 4	61.9	10	06.3	732.9	9	0.1	10	0.71	15.3	8	8 In 200 mm	3.5 PASS	

All manufacturing processes of this product, including electric arc MELTING and continuous CASTING, occurred in the 3.3.A. CMTR complies with EN 10204 3.1

"I hereby certify that the contents of this report are correct and accurate. All tests and operations performed by this material manufacturer or its sub-contractors, when applicable, are in compliance with the requirements of the material specifications and applicable purchaser designated requirements."

Tom L. Harrington: Quality Assurance Manager Signed : Signed: Date: Notary Public (if applicable) Page: 1 of

March 21, 2012 MwRSF Report No. TRP-03-253-12

Figure A-17. Foundation Rebar

EVRAZ A DIVISION OF EVRAZ INC. NA

P.O. Box 316 Pueblo, CO 81002 USA

MATERIAL TEST REPORT

Date Printed: 07-MAY-10

Date Shipped: 07-MAY-10	Product: DEF 13mm	HT Specification:	ASTM-A-615M08b GR 420/ASTM-A-706M08a
	FWIP: 52815348	Customer: CONCRETE INDUSTRIES INC	Cust. PO: 82444

Heat						СНИ	EMIC	AL	ANA	LYS	IS		(Heat cast	05/01/10)		
Number	с	Mn	Р	s	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	Mo	AI	v	в	СЪ	Sn	N	ті
534073	0.27	1.26	0.013	0.009	0.24	0.27	0.08	0.13	0.019	0.003	0.038	0.0005	0.000	0.013	0.0083	0.002
	Carbon Eq	uivalent =	0.500													

				MECHANICAL	PROPERT	IES		
Heat Number	Sample No.		Yield (Psi)	Ultimate (Psi)	Elongation (%)	Reduction (%)	Bend	We/ft
534073	01		67005	98190	15.4		ok	0.663
		(MPa)	462.0	677.0				
534073	02		67313	96890	16.1		ok	0.665
		(MPa)	464.1	668.0				

All melting and manufacturing processes of the material subject to this test certificate occurred in the United States of America. ERMS also certifies this material to be free from Mercury contamination.

This material has been produced and tested in accordance with the requirements of the applicable specifications. We hereby certify that the above test results represent those contained in the records of the Company.

Markt Eupaner

Quality Assurance Department

March 21, 2012 MwRSF Report No. TRP-03-253-12

Figure A-18. Foundation Rebar



Phone 763-493-3222 Fax 763-493-3214

June 16, 2010

Carroll Distributing 205 S. Iowa Avenue Ottumwa IA 52501

Certificate of Compliance

PO# 102556

32-Pcs

³/₄-10 x 18" + 9" HK ASTM-A449 Anchor Bolt HDG 1 HHN & 1 F436 FW HT# 0224800

Melted & Manufactured In USA

We hereby certify that to the best of our knowledge and belief the subject material is manufactured to and will meet the dimensional and mechanical properties required in accordance with:

ASTM-A449,ASTM-A153

Certification Clerk

Figure A-19. J-Hook Anchor

SHEFFIELD

Steel Corporation

	our coup			0		• ~	11.0	11 70								
P.O. Box	218 Sand S	Springs O	k 74063	C	ert	ifie	d Mi	III I	est I	Kepc	ort					
Sold To: E & A PR 4129 85 TH	ODUC	TS CO N.														
BROOKL	YNPA	RK. M	IN 55	443												
Attn: Fax#: (76	3) 493-3	3214														
Date: 05/05/200	Mil 4 10-1	Il Ord	er No: 04-000	024-0	6	Cus	tomer 4097	Orde 4	:r:	BC 41	L No: 455		Car N LOAL	umbe DS. IN	er: C	· . :
Product: ROUND I	RS-STD	1	(Grade A449			. (Size:).7500		Lei 2	ngth: 4'0"		Custor	mer F	art N	o:
Grade De	scriptio	on: AS	TM A	449 T	YPI	EIM	ATE	RIAL								
	1	ŝ.	Hea	it No			PCS	/BDL	S]	Pound	5				
<u></u>	•		022	4800			14	40			5046					3
<u>Heat</u>	C	Mn	P	5	Si	Cu	Cr	Mo	Ni	Sn	Cb	V	Al	Ti	В	
0224800	0.47	0.71	.011	.018	.21	.28	.14	.02	.09	.012	.001	.024	.001			
Physical J	Properti	ies:							E	longat	ion			E	Bend	
Heat	Yield	(psi/I	(IPa)		Ter	nsile (psi / N	MPa)	9	76 2" g	auge	%	R.A.	7	rest	
()224800	138,00	00 psi /	951 N	/IPa	14	9,000	ps1 /]	1027 N	/Pa	16.0)	5	5.0		N/A	
<u>Micro An</u> Heat	alysis: Ha	ardnes	is		T	empe	ring	ſemp	eratu	re						
0224800	3	02 HB	W				110	0								

By: 1 D Calfas Quality Assurance Department

This is to certify that these chemical and/or test results are a true copy of records contained in our company. Shertield Steel Hea's are 100% included and manufactured in the U.S.A. Material is produced Mercury free and not repaired by welding. This form signed and/or notarized on request only.

Figure A-20. J-Hook Anchor

Monnig Industries, Inc.

HOT DIP & MECHANICAL GALVANIZING P.O. BOX 98 GLASGOW, MO 65254 PJI. 660-338-2242 FAX: 660-338-5199

JUNE 8, 2010

E & A PRODUCTS INC 11885 BROCKTON LANE MAPLE GROVE, MN 56369

> RE: GALVANIZING CERTIFICATE PO 0068113

THIS WILL CERTIFY THAT THE MATERIAL MECHANICALLY GALVANIZED ON THE ABOVE JOB MEETS ASTM-B695 SPECIFICATIONS. MATERIAL HOT DIP GALVANIZED ON THE ABOVE JOB MEETS ASTM-A123 SPECIFICATIONS.

PATRICIA S. WESTHUES NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF MISSOURI HOWARD COUNTY MY COMMISSION EXP. APR. 18, 2012

OHN MONNIG, PRESIDENT

PATRICIA S. WESTHUES, NOTARY PUBLIC

Figure A-21. J-Hook Anchor

		STEEL VENTURES LLC	dba EXLTUBE		
				· · · · /	
•	C	ERTIFIED TEST	REPORT		-
Customer:		Size: : 03.00X04.00	Spec No: ASTM A500-07	Date: . 03/15/2010	2
050 Fort Gibson Road					tic C
Catoosa OK 74015		1/4	B,C	4500135793	1 a.
2 ¹	х. Х			B/L No:	
				81474184	
				*	
2		2			
eat No Yield P.S.I.	Tensile E P.S.I.	longation 6 2 Inch	iði.		
52867 58,900	62,300 2	3.50	<u>e</u>		
		4		· · · ·	
·	· · ·			·	÷
141	4			1	
	· * · ·	÷			
	×	:			
2.04 2.0	MANI D	C CI	•		
6at No C. 52867 0.060	MN. P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030			:
iear No C. 52867 0.060	MN. P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030			
lear No C. 52867 0.060	MN. P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030			
iear No C. 52867 0.060	MN, P, 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030			
lear No C. 52867 0.060	MN. P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
lear No C. 52867 0.060	MN, P, 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030			
iear No C. 52867 0.060	MN. P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030			
iear No C. 152867 0.060	MN. P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 1.2 0.005 0.030			
ear No C. 52867 0.060	MN, P, 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030			
iear No C. 152867 0.060	MN, P, 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030			
ear No C. 52867 0.060	MN. P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 0.005 0.030			
Ve hereby certify that the a	MN, P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030	at all test results shown in this repo	rt are correct as conta	ined in the
Ve hereby-certify that the a ecords of our company. Al enoted in the specification	MN. P. 0.440 0.0 boye material was mar l testing and manufactu and grade tiles above.	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030 ufactured in the U.S.A and tha uring is in accordance to A.S.T	at all test results shown in this repo .M. parameters encompassed withi	rt are correct as conta in the scope of the spe	ined in the
Ve hereby certify that the a scords of our company. Al enoted in the specification	MN, P, 0.440 0.0 bove material was mar I testing and manufact and grade tiles above.	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030 sufactured in the U.S.A and that aring is in accordance to A.S.T	at all test results shown in this repo .M. parameters encompassed withi	rt are correct as conta in the scope of the spe	ined in the confications
Ve hereby certify that the a scords of our company. Al enoted in the specification	MN, P. 0.440 0.0 boye material was man I testing and manufact and grade tiles above.	S. SI. 0.005 0.030 sufactured in the U.S.A and the uring is in accordance to A.S.T	at all test results shown in this repo .M. parameters encompassed withi STEEL VENTURES, LLC d	rt are correct as conta in the scope of the spe ba EXLTUBE	ined in the cifications
Ve hereby certify that the a ecords of our company. Al lenoted in the specification	MN, P, 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030 utfactured in the U.S.A and tha uring is in accordance to A.S.T	at all test results shown in this repo M. parameters encompassed with STEEL VENTURES, LLC d Start Start Start	Int are correct as conta in the scope of the spe ba EXLTUBE	ined in the
Ve hereby certify that the a ecords of our company. Al lenoted in the specification	MN, P. 0.440 0.0 bove material was mar I testing and manufact and grade tiles above.	S. SI. 0.005 0.030 sufactured in the U.S.A and the uring is in accordance to A.S.T	at all test results shown in this repo M. parameters encompassed within STEEL VENTURES, LLC d Sama Steve Frerichs	rt are correct as conta in the scope of the spe ba EXLTUBE	ined in the cifications
Ve hereby certify that the a scords of our company. Al enoted in the specification	MN. P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030 sufactured in the U.S.A and tha uring is in accordance to A.S.T	at all test results shown in this repo .M. parameters encompassed withi STEEL VENTURES, LLC d Steve Frerichs Quality Assurance Manager	rt are correct as conta in the scope of the spe ba EXLTUBE	ined in the coffications
Ve hereby certify that the a scords of our company. Al enoted in the specification	MN. P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 12 0.005 0.030 nufactured in the U.S.A and tha uring is in accordance to A.S.T	at all test results shown in this repo M. parameters encompassed with STEEL VENTURES, LLC d Steve Frerichs Quality Assurance Manager	nt are correct as conta in the scope of the spe ba EXLTUBE	ined in the confications
Ne hereby certify that the a ecords of our company. Al fenoted in the specification	MN. P. 0.440 0.0	S. SI. 0.005 0.030	at all test results shown in this repo M. parameters encompassed within STEEL VENTURES, LLC d Sama Steve Frerichs Quality Assurance Manager	nt are correct as conta in the scope of the spe ba EXLTUBE	ined in the cifications

Figure A-22. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Foundation Tube

MATERIAL CERTIFICATION REPORT

SIOUX	CITY FOUNDRY	SIOUX CITY FOUNDRY
P. O.	BOX 3067	801 DIVISION
SIOUX	CITY, IA 51102-3067	SIOUX CITY, IA

TESTED IN	ASTM AG	INVOICE NO				DATE	12/21/09 PO:120098W
ACCORDANCE		PRODUCT	FLATS			Cust	S-2050 -0000
WITH		HEAT NO.	69852	96	Pcs	GRADE	A3652950 -
		Length	20'0"			SIZE	F 4 X 3/8 X 5.106

CH	EMICAL	MECHANICAL		TES	T 1	£5		TEST	2		TE	IST 3
AN	ALYSIS	PROPERTIES	IMPE	RIAL	METRIC		IMPERIA	41.	METRI	C	IMPERIAL	METRIC
c	.16	MELD STRENGTH	55,30	0 PSI	381 M	Pa ·	55,600	PS1	383	MPa	PSI	MPa
Mn	.84	TENSILE STRENGTH	18,50	29.0 % 8 in		541 MPa :		PSI	26.0 % 203 mm		PSI	MPa
s	.033	GAUGE LENGTH	22.			im i	20.0 %				in	
Si Cu	.18	BEND TEST DIAMETER BEND TEST RESULTS		đ	a			đ		d	d	a
NI	.12	SPECIMI N AREA	1	sq in	S	mm.		sq in		sq mm	sq in	sq mm
Cr	.10	REDUCTION OF AREA		%		. :	%			%	%	0,0
Mo	.027	IMPACT STRENGTH		it-lbs	1			ft-lbs		J	fi-lbs	J
V	.000	IMPACI STRENGTH	IMPERIAL	MET	RIC	17	TERNAL CL	EANLINES	S	GRAIN S	SIZE	
AI		AVERAGE	It Ibs		J SEVI	RITY				HARDNE	55	
Sn N	.005	CRIENTATION	F		C FREC	UENCY	(GRAIN F	PRACTICE ION RATIO	
Ti											and the second	
CI	.34	Customer Grade 44W, CSA50W, A7 ASME SA36	& Specs: A36 0936			A529	GRADE	50	`			

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE MATERIAL TEST RESULTS PRESENTED HERE ARE FROM THE REPORTED HEAT AND ARE CORRECT. ALL TESTS WERE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE TO THE SPECIFICATIONS REPORTED ABOVE ALL STEEL IS ELECTRIC FURNACE MELTED, MANUFACTURED PROCESSED, AND TESTED IN THE U.S.A WITH SATISFACTORY RESULTS, AND IS FREE OF MERCURY CONTAMINATION IN THE PROCESS.

NO FARIZED UPON REQUEST	
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME ON DAY OF , 20	_
IN ROANE COUNTY, TENNESSEE BY	-
COMMISSION EXPIRATION:	

SIGNED

ROBERT L. MOWAN, QUALITY ASSURANCE MANAGER

DIRECT ANY QUESTIONS OR NECESSARY CLARIFICATIONS CONCERNING THIS REPORT TO THE SALES DEPARTMENT.

Figure A-23. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Base Plate

MATERIAL CERTIFICATION REPORT

SIOUX CITY FOUNDRY	SIOUX CITY FOUNDRY
P. O. BOX 3067	801 DIVISION
SIOUX CITY, IA 51102-3067	SIOUX CITY, IA

TESTED IN	ASTM	A6	INVOICE NO.		DATE 12/16/09	PO:120098W
ACCORDANCE			PRODUCT FLATS		Cust S-2050 -0000	
WITH			HEAT NO. 66387	144 Pcs	GRADE A3644W -	
			Length 20'0"		SIZE F 2 X 1/2 X 3	.404

CHE	MICAL	MECHANICA	L	TES	1 1			TEST	2		т	EST 3
ANA	LYSIS	PROPERTIES	IMP	ERIAL	METR	NC	IMPERIA	L	METRIC	:	IMPERIAL	METRIC
с	.17	YIELD STRENGTH	51,6	00 PSI	356	б мРа	52,000	PSI	359	MPa	PSI	MPa
Mo	.88	TENSILE STRENGTH	74,5	00 PSI !	514	4 MPa	74,400	PSI	513	MPa	PSI	MPa
P	.022	ELONGATION	25	.0 % 1	25.0	0 00	25.0	%	25.0	%	°.0	%
S	.04	GAUGE LENGTH		8 in	20:	3 mm	8	in	203	mm	in	mm
S. 1	.17	BEND TEST DIAMETER		d		a		d		d	r.	d
Cu .	.32	BEND TEST RESULTS										
Nh ·	.16	SPECIMEN AREA		sqin		sq mm		sq in		sq mm	sq in	sq mm
Cr	.17	REDUCTION OF AREA		10 1		×.0		%		%	*	%
Ma	.029	IMPACT STRENGTH		It ibs		J		tt-lbs		J	11 :05	J
V.	.000	IMPACT STRENGTH	IMPERIAL	METE	RIC I		NTERNAL CLE	ANLINES	s	GRAIN S	SIZE	
8		AVERAGE	tt.lbe		1	SEVERITY			5017	HARDNE	ss	
Sn		TEST TEMP ORIENTATION	F		C • F	REQUENC	Y			GRAIN P	PRACTICE ION RATIO	
[r:		L								-		
C1	1	Customer Grade	& Specs: AS	TM A36		CSA	G40.20/0	G40.23	1-98 GR	44W		
CF 1												

I HEREBY CENTIFY THAT THE MATERIAL TEST RESULTS PRESENTED HERE ARE FROM THE REPORTED HEAT AND ARE CORRECT. ALL TESTS WERE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE TO THE SPECIFICATIONS REPORTED ABOVE. ALL STEEL IS ELECTRIC FURNACE MELTED, MANUFACTURED, PROCESSED, AND TESTED IN THE U.S.A WITH SATISFACTORY RESULTS, AND IS FREE OF MERCURY CONTAMINATION IN THE PROCESS.

NOTARIZED UPON REQUEST:		
SWORN TO AND SURSI RIBED BEFORE ME ON	DAY OF	. 20
IN ROANE COUNTY TENNESSEE BY		
COMMISSION EXPIRATION		

SIGNED

ROBERT L. MOWAN, QUALITY ASSURANCE MANAGER

DIRECT ANY QUESTIONS OR NECESSARY CLARIFICATIONS CONCERNING THIS REPORT TO THE SALES DEPARTMENT.

Figure A-24. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Cable Retainer







Figure A-25. Post Nos. 2 and 39 Bolt Assembly

Appendix B. Vehicle Center of Gravity Determination

Test	4CMB-4	Vehicle: 1100C					
			Vehicle CO	G Determin	ation		
		Weight	Long CG	Lat CG		Long M	Lat M
VEHICLE	Equipment	(lb)	(in.)	(in.)		(lb-in.)	(lb-in.)
+	Unbalasted Car	2377	35.10	-0.39		83439	-929.156
+	Brake receivers/wires	6	129.25	0		775.5	0
+	Brake Frame	22	26	-10.5		572	-231
+	Brake Cylinder	6	62	13.5		372	81
+	Strobe Battery	6	58	0		348	0
+	Hub	25	0	35.5		0	887.5
+	CG Plate (EDRs)	11	0	0		0	0
+	DTS	18	62	-13		1116	-234
-	Battery	-28	-9	-15		252	420
(<u></u>)	Oil	-6	-5	8.5		30	-51
-	Interior	-50	37	0		-1850	0
-	Fuel	-7	81	0		-567	0
14 ⁻	Coolant	-10	-19	0		190	0
4 :	Washer fluid	-1	-12.5	21		12.5	-21
BALLAST	Water	40	81	0		3240	0
	Misc.					0	0
	Misc.					0	0
		The second se					
		· · · · ·	C.			87930	-77.6563
	TOTAL WEIGHT	2409	lb	CG lo	cation (in.)	36.50062	-0.03224
wheel base	95.25	in.				D.100	
	MASH targets	0.425		CURRENT		Difference	
	l est Inertial VVt (lb)	2420	(+/-)55	2409		-11.0	
	Long CG (in.)	39	(+/-)4	36.50		-2.49938	

N/A Note: Long. CG is measured from front axle of test vehicle

Note: Lateral CG measured from centerline - positive to vehicle right (passenger) side

-0.03

Curb Weight (Ib)			
	Left	Rig	ht
Front		754	747
Rear		451	425
FRONT	1	501 lb	
REAR		876 lb	
TOTAL	2	2377 lb	

Dummy =	166lbs.	8		
Actual test	inertia	l weig	ght (lb)	
(from scales)				
	Left		Right	
Front		731	<u> </u>	738
Rear		468		467
FRONT	ł	1469	lb	
REAR		935	lb	
TOTAL		2404	lb	

NA

Figure B-1. Vehicle Mass Distribution, Test No. 4CMB-4

Lateral CG (in.)

Test:	4CMB-5	Y	Vehicle:	2270P				
			Vehicle Co	G Determin	ation			
		Weight	Long CG	Lat CG	Vert CG	Long M	Lat M	Vert M
VEHICLE	Equipment	(lb)	(in.)	(in.)	(in.)	(lb-in.)	(lb-in.)	(lb-in.)
+	Unbalasted Truck(Curb)	4899	62.1343	-0.64484	28.20813	304395.9	-3159.09	138191.6
+	Brake receivers/wires	6	116	0	51	696	0	306
+	Brake Frame	5	34	-17.25	31	170	-86.25	155
+	Brake Cylinder (Nitrogen)	28	74	22	29	2072	616	812
+	Strobe/Brake Battery	5	74	2	30	370	10	150
+	Hub	25	0	44	14.75	0	1100	368.75
+	CG Plate (EDRs)	8	54	0	32	432	0	256
÷ É	Battery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
÷ E	Oil	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Interior	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
100	Fuel	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
100	Coolant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-	Washer fluid	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BALLAST	Water				0	0	0	0
	Misc. (DTS)	17	74		27	1258	0	459
	Misc.					0	0	0
					г	300303 0	1510.24	140609 4
	TOTAL WEIGHT	4993	b	CG lo	cation (in.)	61.96554	-0.30429	28.17913

wheel base	140.25	Calculated Test Ine	rtial Weight	
	MASH Targets	Targets	CURRENT	Difference
	Test Inertial Weight (lb)	5000 ± 110	4993	-7.0
	Long CG (in.)	63 ± 4	61.97	-1.03446
	Lat CG (in.)	NA	-0.30	NA
	Vert CG (in.)	≥ 28	28.18	NA

Note: Long. CG is measured from front axle of test vehicle

Note: Lateral CG measured from centerline - positive to vehicle right (passenger) side

Curb Weight (lb) (previously stripped)			
	Left	F	Right
Front		1401	1306
Rear		1095	1097
FRONT		2707 II	b
REAR		2192 II	b
TOTAL		4899 II	b

Actual test	inertia	l weight	(lb)
(from scales)			
	Left	Rig	ght
Front		1390	1383
Rear		108	1098
FRONT	2	2773 lb	
REAR	2	2206 lb	
TOTAL	2	1979 lb	

Figure B-2. Vehicle Mass Distribution, Test No. 4CMB-5

Appendix C. Static Soil Tests



Figure C-1. Soil Strength, Initial Calibration Tests, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure C-2. Static Soil Test, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure C-3. Soil Strength, Initial Calibration Tests, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure C-4. Static Soil Test, Test No. 4CMB-5

Appendix D. Vehicle Deformation Records



Figure D-1. Floor Pan Deformation Data - Set 1, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure D-2. Floor Pan Deformation Data - Set 2, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure D-3. Occupant Compartment Deformation Data - Set 1, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure D-4. Occupant Compartment Deformation Data - Set 2, Test No. 4CMB-4


Figure D-5. Exterior Vehicle Crush (NASS) - Front, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure D-6. Exterior Vehicle Crush (NASS) - Side, Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure D-7. Floor Pan Deformation Data - Set 1, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure D-8. Floor Pan Deformation Data - Set 2, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure D-9. Occupant Compartment Deformation Data - Set 1, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure D-10. Occupant Compartment Deformation Data - Set 2, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure D-11. Exterior Vehicle Crush (NASS) - Front, Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure D-12. Exterior Vehicle Crush (NASS) - Side, Test No. 4CMB-5

Appendix E. Accelerometer and Rate Transducer Data Plots, Test No. 4CMB-4





Figure E-2. 10-ms Average Longitudinal Deceleration (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-3. Longitudinal Occupant Impact Velocity (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-4. Longitudinal Occupant Displacement (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-5. 10-ms Average Lateral Deceleration (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-6. Lateral Occupant Impact Velocity (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-7. Lateral Occupant Displacement (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-8. Vehicle Angular Displacements (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-4

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Figure E-9. Acceleration Severity Index (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-10. 10-ms Average Longitudinal Deceleration (DTS Set#2), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-11. Longitudinal Occupant Impact Velocity (DTS Set#2), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-12. Longitudinal Occupant Displacement (DTS Set#2), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-13. 10-ms Average Longitudinal Deceleration (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-14. Longitudinal Occupant Impact Velocity (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-15. Longitudinal Occupant Displacement (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-16. 10-ms Average Lateral Deceleration (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-17. Lateral Occupant Impact Velocity (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-18. Lateral Occupant Displacement (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-4



Figure E-19. Acceleration Severity Index (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-4

Appendix F. Accelerometer and Rate Transducer Data Plots, Test No. 4CMB-5



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Figure F-2. 10-ms Average Longitudinal Deceleration (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-3. Longitudinal Occupant Impact Velocity (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-4. Longitudinal Occupant Displacement (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-5. 10-ms Average Lateral Deceleration (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-6. Lateral Occupant Impact Velocity (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-7. Lateral Occupant Displacement (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-5




Figure F-9. Acceleration Severity Index (DTS Set#1), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-10. 10-ms Average Longitudinal Deceleration (DTS Set#2), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-11. Longitudinal Occupant Impact Velocity (DTS Set#2), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-12. Longitudinal Occupant Displacement (DTS Set#2), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-13. 10-ms Average Longitudinal Deceleration (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-14. Longitudinal Occupant Impact Velocity (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-15. Longitudinal Occupant Displacement (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-16. 10-ms Average Lateral Deceleration (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-5

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Figure F-17. Lateral Occupant Impact Velocity (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-5 4CMB-4



Figure F-18. Lateral Occupant Displacement (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-5



Figure F-19. Acceleration Severity Index (EDR-3), Test No. 4CMB-5

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