

STATE STUDY NO. 115

FINAL REPORT

CONSTRUCTION AND TESTING OF  
CRUMB RUBBER MODIFIED HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

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December 1999

Conducted by

Research Division  
Mississippi Department of Transportation

In Cooperation with the

U. S. Department of Transportation  
Federal Highway Administration

1. Report No. <b>FHWA/MS-DOT-RD-99-115</b>		2. Government Accession No.		3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
4. Title and Subtitle <b>Final Report Construction and Testing of Crumb Rubber Modified Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement</b>				5. Report Date <b>December 1999</b>	
				6. Performing Organization Code	
7. Author(s) <b>Gayle E. Albritton, William F. Barstis and Glynn R. Gatlin</b>				8. Performing Organization Report No. <b>MS-DOT-RD-99-115</b>	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address <b>Mississippi Department of Transportation Research Division P O Box 1850 Jackson MS 39215-1850</b>				10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)	
				11. Contract or Grant No.	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address <b>Federal Highway Administration</b>				13. Type Report and Period Covered <b>Final Report</b>	
				14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
15. Supplementary Notes					
<p>16. Abstract</p> <p>This research project was structured toward addressing that portion of ISTEA which directs the individual states to conduct studies on the recyclability of crumb rubber modified (CRM) hot mix asphalt (HMA) and the technical performance of CRMHMA pavement. These objectives were addressed by monitoring the construction of highway test sections in which CRMHMA was incorporated into the pavement structure, evaluating the performance of these sections and then cold milling and recycling this pavement material into new HMA through a hot mix asphalt plant. This project was constructed in two phases in which the CRMHMA pavement was built in the first phase and approximately two years later milled and used as RAP in the surface course during the second phase. This report covers both phases of the construction.</p> <p>Three test sections were constructed in the westbound lanes of Federal Aid Project No. NH-007-1(53) on US 72 in Alcorn County. This project involved the paving of two new lanes that carried the westbound traffic of this route. The new lanes were paved and then placed under two-way traffic while old bridges were replaced on the old lanes. When the bridge construction was completed and the new lanes were carrying only westbound traffic, the surface course containing CRMHMA reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) was placed on the test sections.</p> <p>Primary conclusions and recommendations resulting from this study include the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. During laboratory testing for the CRMHMA mix design, it was determined that the mixing temperature should be within the range of 351 to 390 degrees F.</li> <li>2. The CRMHMA was successfully produced in a normal HMA production facility with the addition of a blending unit being the only modification to the HMA production process.</li> <li>3. Some additional air pollution was visually observed when the CRM was mixed with the AC in the portable blending unit and during plant operation for the production of the CRMHMA.</li> <li>4. Review existing procedures and/or develop new procedures to mix the CRM with the asphalt cement at the terminal, deliver the blend to the HMA plant and maintain the blend at the HMA plant.</li> <li>5. Placement of the CRMHMA on the roadway appeared to be in a normal fashion as it would be for regular HMA, except for increased smoke due to the higher temperatures required for compaction of the stiffer mix.</li> <li>6. Laboratory tests conducted during phase one construction displayed a difficulty in achieving the design air voids at the design asphalt cement content for the CRMHMA.</li> <li>7. Some gumming of the various components of the plant including the coating unit through to the surge bins was observed due to the use of the rubber modifier in the mix. This did not pose a significant problem regarding plant operations for the production of the HMA for this study.</li> <li>8. Initial performance tests were conducted on the CRMHMA pavement soon after completion of phase one construction. The pavement had low roughness readings and high skid values indicating that it was in an excellent initial condition.</li> <li>9. There was an increase in the average skid number with increasing amounts of CRM in the mix for the CRMHMA pavement.</li> <li>10. Develop a new study to investigate the trend observed in this study of increased skid number with increased amounts of CRM in the HMA mix.</li> <li>11. During milling operations of the CRMHMA pavement no gumming was observed of the teeth on the milling machine due to the rubber content in the pavement..</li> <li>12. The CRM RAP material was fed into the counter flow drum plant, as would any other RAP material.</li> <li>13. No additional air pollution was visually noted during plant production of HMA containing the RAP with CRM.</li> <li>14. Overall the rutting experienced by the sections is minimal for the length of time monitoring was performed for the surface course of the test sections containing 15 percent CRM RAP material or the control section containing 11 percent RAP material.</li> </ol>					
17. Key Words <b>Recycling, waste tires, crumb rubber modified hot mix asphalt pavement</b>			18. Distribution Statement <b>Unclassified</b>		
19. Security Classif. (of this report) <b>Unclassified</b>		20. Security Classif. (of this page) <b>Unclassified</b>		21. No. of Pages <b>117</b>	22. Price

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## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The study reported herein was conducted by the Mississippi Department of Transportation (MDOT) under the sponsorship of the Federal Highway Administration, Mississippi Division Office. The work was accomplished during the period May 1995 through October 1999 under the supervision of Mr. Alfred B. Crawley, State Research Engineer followed by Ms. Joy F. Portera, State Research Engineer. This report was prepared by Messrs. Gayle E. Albritton, William F. Barstis and the late Glynn R. Gatlin of the MDOT Research Division.

The authors wish to express their appreciation to the many people whose efforts contributed to this study. Acknowledgment is made to Messrs. Johnny Hart, Reginald Jenkins, Roger Tingle, and James Watkins of the Research Division for their support during the performance testing of the project and to Gary S. Browning for his support in preparing some of the graphs for this report. Additional acknowledgment is made to involved personnel in the First District of MDOT, the paving contractor, APAC Mississippi, and Rouse Rubber Industries, Inc.

During the period of this study, the Executive Director of MDOT was Dr. Robert L. Robinson followed by Mr. Kenneth I. Warren. The Deputy Executive Director/Chief Engineer was Mr. James D. Quin, Mr. Kenneth Warren and Mr. James Kopf, respectively.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTRACT	i
NOTICE	ii
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	iii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	iv
LIST OF TABLES	v
LIST OF FIGURES	vi
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	ix
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Background	
1.2 Objectives	
1.3 Scope	
CHAPTER 2 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION	3
2.1 Mixture Designs	
2.2 Asphalt Plant	
2.3 Construction of Pavement	
2.3.1 Base Preparation	
2.3.2 Control Section	
2.3.3 Test Sections	
2.4 Cost Comparison	
CHAPTER 3 TEST RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	47
3.1 Laboratory Tests During Construction	
3.2 Performance Tests	
CHAPTER 4 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	69
4.1 Conclusions	
4.2 Recommendations	
REFERENCES	71
APPENDIX A ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORTS FOR PHASE ONE CONSTRUCTION	72
APPENDIX B ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORTS FOR PHASE TWO CONTRUCTION	101

## List of Tables

<u>Table</u>		<u>Page</u>
2.1	Bituminous hot mix design for binder - control section	11
2.2	Bituminous hot mix design for surface - control section	12
2.3	Bituminous hot mix design for binder - 8% CRM	13
2.4	Bituminous hot mix design for binder - 10% CRM	14
2.5	Bituminous hot mix design for binder - 12% CRM	15
2.6	Bituminous hot mix design for surface for binder - 8% CRM	16
2.7	Bituminous hot mix design for surface for binder - 10% CRM	17
2.8	Bituminous hot mix design for surface for binder - 12% CRM	18
2.9	Bituminous hot mix design for mix containing 15% of 8% modified rubber RAP	19
2.10	Bituminous hot mix design for mix containing 15% of 10% modified rubber RAP	20
2.11	Bituminous hot mix design for mix containing 15% of 12% modified rubber RAP	21
2.12	Bituminous hot mix design of surface for control section	22
3.1	Test results for phase one construction HMA during paving - outside lane	51
3.2	Test results for phase two construction HMA during paving – outside lane	51
3.3	Rut and IRI performance measurements from November 1995 survey	52
3.4	Skid measurements from August 1995 survey	53
3.5	Skid measurements from March 1999 survey	54

## List of Figures

<u>Figure</u>		<u>Page</u>
2.1	Mix design properties of binder - control section	23
2.2	Mix design aggregate gradation for binder - control section	24
2.3	Mix design properties of surface - control section	25
2.4	Mix design aggregate gradation for surface - control section	26
2.5	Field laboratory	27
2.6	Plant control room	27
2.7	Asphalt cement storage tanks	28
2.8	Material stockpile and hoppers	28
2.9	Aggregates feeder belt to shaker screen	29
2.10	Aggregate shaker screen	29
2.11	Lime added to materials	30
2.12	Aggregate transport to drum mixer	30
2.13	Drum mixer	31
2.14	Pollution system	31
2.15	HMA transported to surge silos	32
2.16	Truck loaded from surge silo	32
2.17	Portable blending/metering unit	33
2.18	Blending unit in place at plant.	33
2.19	Crumb rubber emptied into hopper	34
2.20	Auger transport of crumb rubber to primary tank	34
2.21	Stockpiled millings at plant	35
2.22	Separate hopper and moving belt for CRMRAP	35

2.23	Lime-fly ash treated base course	36
2.24	Completed base course	36
2.25	Binder course for control section	37
2.26	Surface course for control section	37
2.27	Front loading paving machine	38
2.28	Smoke created at and behind paver	38
2.29	Construction of binder course for CRMHMA	39
2.30	Construction of surface for binder course for CRMHMA	40
2.31	Nuclear density gage in use	41
2.32	Vibratory roller used behind paver	42
2.33	Steel wheel roller	42
2.34	Pattern left behind by vibratory roller	43
2.35	No pattern after final rolling with steel wheel	43
2.36	Milling CRMHMA	44
2.37	Milled section	44
2.38	Placement of regular HMA in milled areas	45
2.39	Addition of rotary blades in the paver	45
2.40	Rolling of surface mix with CRMRAP	46
2.41	Checking density of surface mix	46
3.1	FWD data for control section	55
3.2	FWD data for 8% section	56
3.3	FWD data for 10% section	57
3.4	FWD data for 12% section	58
3.5	Premilling FWD data for control section	59
3.6	Premilling FWD data for 8 percent CRMHMA section	60



3.7	Premilling FWD data for 10 percent CRMHMA section	61
3.8	Premilling FWD data for 12 percent CRMHMA section	62
3.9	March 1999 FWD data for control section	63
3.10	March 1999 FWD data for section with 15% of 8% CRMRAP	64
3.11	March 1999 FWD data for section with 15% of 10% CRMRAP	65
3.12	March 1999 FWD data for section with 15% of 12% CRMRAP	66
3.13	Manual rut measurements for inside wheel path	67
3.14	Manual rut measurements for outside wheel path	68

## CHAPTER 1

### INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Background

The Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 (ISTEA) placed requirements on all state highway agencies to use rubber from waste truck and passenger car tires as an additive or admixture to hot mix asphalt (HMA) paving on Federal Aid Highway projects (Section 1038(d)). Federal statutes also dictated to “require the Secretary of Transportation and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in cooperation with the states, to conduct a study on the health and environmental threats, recyclability, and technical performance of asphalt pavement containing recycled rubber” (Congressional Record - House H11621, 26 November, 1991). These mandates made it necessary for the individual states, separately or in partnership, to conduct research projects that will answer the cited questions.

A comprehensive overview of the terminology, processes, and applications of crumb rubber modifier (CRM) technology is given in a Federal Highway Administration publication (Reference 1). In this report, the two basic processes to add the crumb rubber into an asphalt paving material are discussed. The wet process defines any method that blends the crumb rubber with the asphalt cement prior to incorporating the binder with the aggregates for HMA. The dry process includes those methods that mix the crumb rubber with the aggregates before the mixture is coated with asphalt binder. The study reported herein used the wet process for producing the CRMHMA.

The Mississippi Department of Transportation (MDOT) had previously constructed a wet process CRMHMA pavement in September 1991 on U.S. Highway 82 at Columbus, MS. The amount of CRM was 5 percent of the total weight of the asphalt cement binder. The National Center for Asphalt Technology (NCAT), located in Auburn, Alabama, subjected samples from this project to a predetermined testing program, analyzed the data, and prepared nine and twenty-four month reports (References 2 and 3). The conclusion after twenty-four months of traffic was that the amount of rutting in the CRM and control sections was insignificant. However, shortly after the twenty-four month monitoring period, the CRM pavement began to develop significant cracking. The cause of the cracking is not yet known.

#### 1.2 Objectives

This research project is structured towards addressing that portion of ISTEA which directs the individual states to conduct studies on the technical performance of CRMHMA pavement and pavement with CRMHMA RAP by monitoring the construction and evaluating the performance of test sections containing these materials. This project was constructed in two phases. The CRMHMA pavement was built in the first phase and approximately two years later part of this pavement was recycled and overlaid with a surface mix containing CRMHMA RAP in the second phase. This report covers both phases of construction.

### 1.3 Scope

Three test sections were constructed in the two new westbound lanes of Federal Aid Project No. NH-007-1(53) on U.S. 72 in Alcorn County. These lanes were paved and then placed under two-way traffic while old bridges were being replaced on the old lanes. When the bridge construction was completed and the new lanes were carrying only westbound traffic, the surface course containing CRMHMA reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) was added.

The first phase of this study reported herein deals with monitoring the construction and evaluating the performance of highway test sections where CRMHMA was used for the binder layer and the surface for binder course layer in the new westbound lanes. A fourth section designated as the control section was built without any CRM and used for comparison purposes. These test sections were trafficked for about two years while bridges were replaced in the old lanes.

The pavement section consisted of 1.5 in. of surface for binder course, 1.5 in. of binder course, 3 in. of bituminous base course, and a 6 in. thick lime-fly ash-aggregate (LFA) subbase. The CRM was GF-80-A Ultrafine Powder that was used for the 3-in. binder course, which was placed in two layers each 1.5 in. thick. The pavement was full width with two 12-ft. wide lanes. The research sections had CRM percentages of 8, 10, and 12 percent, respectively, all by weight of the asphalt cement binder. Each CRMHMA section was approximately 0.5 mi. in length.

The second phase of this study reported herein deals with monitoring the construction and evaluating the performance of these three test sections where RAP containing CRM is recycled into the finished surface course through a HMA plant.

One half of each of the test sections was cold milled to a depth of 1.5 in. A conventional HMA binder course mixture was then used to fill the milled areas. The CRM millings were stockpiled at the asphalt plant until used as RAP in the surface course for the test sections.

The surface course mixtures placed over the test sections were designed utilizing 15% RAP and 85% virgin aggregate. The millings from a given test section were exclusively used for the RAP in the surface course mix of that same test section. For example the test section constructed during phase one construction with 8% CRMHMA had a surface course mix placed during phase two construction containing 15% of 8% CRMHMA RAP. The completed research sections were monitored for two years.

The traffic data used for the research project was the latest available. The 20-year design traffic count is 18,000 average daily traffic (ADT), the current traffic is 9,000 ADT, and heavy trucks comprise 24 percent of the ADT.

The prime contractor for the project was T.L. Wallace Construction, Inc. and the asphalt production and paving contractor was APAC-Mississippi, Inc. The CRM was supplied by Rouse Rubber Industries, Inc. of Vicksburg, MS.

## CHAPTER 2

### DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

This chapter covers pre-construction standard tests conducted on aggregates, asphalt cement, and mixtures with and without CRM by the MDOT Materials Division for phase one construction and surface HMA containing RAP for phase two construction. In addition, a detailed description is given of the asphalt plant and the construction and paving of the roadway.

#### 2.1 Mixture Designs

The MDOT Materials Division performed the mix designs for the control and the CRMHMA pavement sections of phase one construction. All of the sections had the same aggregate type and gradation. These mixes were “high type” mixes consisting of limestone as the principal coarse aggregate. The asphalt cement used for the control section was MDOT’s standard AC-30. It was found that the incorporation of crumb rubber into a mix having a base AC-30 asphalt cement resulted in an excessively viscous mix; therefore, an AC-20 asphalt cement was used for the CRMHMA sections. For the binder courses, the percent of asphalt cement was 4.7 and, for the surface for binder courses, the percent of asphalt cement was 5.5. The design air voids for all the mixes were constant at 4 percent.

The mix design and test results for the binder course of the control section are shown in Table 2.1 and Figures 2.1 and 2.2. The mix design and test results for the surface for binder course of the control section are shown in Table 2.2 and Figures 2.3 and 2.4. Mix designs and gradations for the 8, 10, and 12 percent CRM binder course are shown in Tables 2.3 through 2.5 respectively. For the CRM surface for binder course, the mix designs and gradations are shown in Tables 2.6 through 2.8, respectively, for the 8, 10, and 12 percent CRMHMA sections. The mix designs for the CRMHMA required that mixing should be done in the temperature range of 351 to 390 degrees F.

The surface HMA for the three test sections with recycled CRMHMA used in phase two construction was designed by APAC Mississippi and checked and approved by MDOT’s Central Laboratory. This mix was the same for all these test sections except that the CRM RAP was different. The amount of CRM RAP used was 15 percent of the total material in the mix, the percent asphalt content was 6.5 and the design air voids was 4 percent. The mix design and test results for the three surface course mixes are shown in Tables 2.9 through 2.11, respectively, incorporating the 8, 10 and 12 percent CRMHMA RAP materials.

The mix design and test results for the surface course mix placed in phase two construction on the control section are shown in Table 2.12. The asphalt content and air void mix design values were the same as for the three test section mixes but the percent of RAP in this mix was 11 percent instead of 15 percent. Except for the RAP all of the material types incorporated into the three test section mixes and the control section mix are the same but the gradations of the control section aggregates do not correspond with the

gradations of the test sections. 51 percent of the material blend of the three test section mixes and 54 percent of the material blend of the control section mix is crushed gravel instead of the crushed limestone that was used in the phase one construction mix designs.

## 2.2 Asphalt Plant

The asphalt plant was a counter flow dryer drum with an aggregate coating unit on the outlet end of the dryer drum. Various aspects of the plant are described along with photographs in the following list:

- a. Testing Laboratory (Figure 2.5) - The field testing laboratory was a well furnished laboratory containing up-to-date testing equipment for conducting material tests (Marshall Method) on the asphalt samples.
- b. Plant Control Room (Figure 2.6) - The control room for the plant was totally computerized for controlling the material input and the HMA output.
- c. Asphalt Cement Storage Tanks (Figure 2.7) - The asphalt cement was held in storage tanks and pumped into the coating chamber as required.
- d. Material Stockpile and Hoppers (Figure 2.8) - Material aggregates were stored in stockpiles and brought to the hoppers by means of a front-end loader.
- e. Aggregate Shaker (Figures 2.9 and 2.10) - The aggregates from the hoppers were fed by a belt to a shaker screen where oversize material was scalped off.
- f. Lime Input (Figure 2.11) - Lime from the lime silo was mixed with the aggregates by means of a belt mixer.
- g. Aggregate Belt to Drum Mixer (Figures 2.12 and 2.13) - The mixed aggregates were transported to the dryer drum by means of a belt. The dryer drum heated and dried the materials.
- h. An aggregate coating unit was located on the outlet end of the dryer drum where the AC and CRM blend was mixed with the aggregates. Some gumming of the various components of the plant including the coating unit through to the surge bins was observed due to the use of the rubber modifier in the mix. This did not pose a significant problem regarding plant operations for the production of the HMA for this study. The maximum amount of crumb rubber used in this study was 12 percent. Generally, 18 to 26 percent crumb rubber is added when the wet process is used for incorporating the crumb rubber with the asphalt cement (Reference 4). Consideration should be given to a potential gumming problem if the percentages of CRM used in the mixes or the tonnage produced through the plant exceeded those used in this study.
- i. Pollution System (Figure 2.14) - As for all asphalt plants, a pollution system was in place to collect dust generated in the drum.

- j. Surge Silos (Figures 2.15 and 2.16) - The hot mix asphalt was stored in surge silos and disbursed into trucks located beneath the silos.

The principle change for mixing the CRM was the addition of a blending unit (Figures 2.17 and 2.18). This unit, mounted on a trailer, was furnished by Rouse Rubber Industries and was set up near the asphalt cement tanks. The asphalt cement was pumped from the storage tank into a heating unit on the trailer. The crumb rubber, in 50-pound bags, was emptied on a grate over an approximately 3 ft. square bin (Figure 2.19). A 3-in. auger transferred the crumb rubber up to the primary tank (Figure 2.20) at which point it was introduced to the asphalt cement. The primary and secondary blending tanks each had a capacity of 350 gal. and had mixing blades that blended the rubber with the asphalt cement. The CRM was mixed with the asphalt cement in the primary tank for approximately 20 minutes and then transferred automatically to the secondary tank when a certain volume of material was used from the secondary tank. The blended CRM was then pumped to the HMA plant for use.

Some air pollution occurred during the mixing of the CRM with the hot asphalt cement in the portable blending unit. Another problem observed with the use of this unit is that the CRM is a fine powder and some of it became airborne while the 50-lb. bags were manually emptied into the bin. The personnel performing this task had to wear a facemask and safety glasses. Both of these problems could be eliminated if the CRM was mixed with the asphalt cement at the terminal and then delivered to the HMA plant. If this solution were adopted then the AC storage tank at the plant would require a blender to prevent segregation of the blend until it was incorporated into a HMA mix.

Some additional air pollution was visually observed during plant operation with the CRM. This was probably due to the elevated plant operating temperatures required by the use of this material in the mix. It was not determined whether a similar amount of increased pollution would have been observed with no CRM in the HMA and the plant operating at these elevated temperatures.

During phase two construction the millings were brought back to the asphalt plant and stockpiled (figure 2.21) until time for placement of the surface course. Given the counter flow design of the drum operation virgin aggregate was introduced at the end of the drum opposite the end of the burner. As the drum rotated this aggregate was moved towards the burner end. The CRM RAP was fed into the hot mix plant in the same manner as any other RAP by means of a separate hopper and moving belt (figure 2.22) and introduced into the drum at the burner end. Due to the configuration of this end of the drum the RAP was not subjected to direct flame. The RAP was mixed with the heated virgin aggregate and from this entry point both materials passed through to the aggregate coating unit.

No additional air pollution was visually noted during plant operation with the RAP containing the CRM. The only detection that a CRM RAP material was being incorporated into the mix was by a different smell resulting from the production of that mix. The plant operating temperature and the percentage of CRM in this mix was much lower than that for the CRMHMA mix.

## 2.3 Construction of Pavement

This section covers construction of the roadway from the base preparation to the asphalt surface for the normal (control) section and test sections including the CRMHMA and CRM RAP mix placements.

### 2.3.1 Base Preparation

There were two alternates given the contractor for construction of the base. Alternate I included additional plant mix bituminous base course and Alternate II included lime-fly ash treated base course. The contractor chose Alternate II, which called for the following material courses:

- a. 12 in. and variable depth granular material (Class 9, Group C)
- b. 6-in. lime-fly ash treated base course (4 percent lime by weight and 12 percent fly ash by weight).
- c. 3-in. dense graded plant mix bituminous base course.

Construction of the lime-fly ash treated base course is shown in Figure 2.23. A view of the completed base course is shown in Figure 2.24.

### 2.3.2 Control Section

The remainder of the pavement includes two binder courses and a surface course. The surface course was not added until both eastbound and westbound roadways were under one-way traffic. The top binder course, since it carried traffic for at least 12 months, has a surface course gradation. Both of the binder courses and the surface course each have 1.5 in. of dense graded hot mix asphalt. The control is located between station 1370 + 40 and station 1344 + 00 with a length of 0.5 mi. Construction of the control section pavement up through the top surface for binder course was completed prior to starting the CRM test sections. Views of the binder course and the surface for binder course for the control section are shown in Figures 2.25 and 2.26, respectively.

### 2.3.3 Test Sections

Paving for the CRMHMA binder course was started on July 6, 1995 and completed on July 7. The surface for binder course paving was started on July 10 and completed on July 11. Paving of the CRMHMA test sections went exceptionally well and visual observation of the completed pavement showed little contrast from the control section. Stationing and lengths of the test sections are as follows:

<u>Section</u>	<u>Station to Station</u>		<u>Length</u>
8% CRM	1338 + 36	to 1300 + 00 (Includes 2 bridges-705 ft. long)	3131 ft. (705 ft. subtracted)
10% CRM	1300 + 00	to 1273 + 00	2700 ft.
12% CRM	1273 + 00	to 1245 + 50	2750 ft.

Paving of the CRMHMA was from East to West starting with the 8 percent CRMHMA, then the 10 percent, and finishing with the 12 percent.

There were certain specifications that the contractor had to follow during placement of the CRMHMA. These were as follows:

- a. In each section, the inside lane will be placed first and considered a test strip for the purpose of evaluating the properties and setting a rolling pattern for compaction of the mixture.
- b. MDOT had specified that once the test strip had been completed, the contractor will complete the outside lane of that research section before moving to the next research section. However, the contractor recommended that this specification be changed since trucks would have to cross the fresh asphalt to get to the outside lane. The State agreed and this specification was changed to say that the total inside lane would be paved for all three test sections and the next day pave the outside lane.
- c. The rolling pattern as determined by each CRMHMA test strip shall strictly be adhered to for the construction of that course for that section.
- d. Construct the binder course of each section in its entirety before commencing construction of the next course.
- e. Pneumatic rollers shall not be used on the CRMHMA research portions of this project.
- f. The temperature levels for the CRMHMA were changed based on laboratory test results. The mixtures shall be no less than 331 degrees F when deposited or loaded in the paver. All rolling of the mixtures shall be completed before the surface temperature of the pavement reaches 300 degrees F.

Calibration of the blending unit was accomplished and initial blending started early on July 6. When the first load of CRMHMA was ready to leave the plant, the temperature was checked and recorded as 300 degrees F. This load was discarded and put in the waste stockpile. Beginning with the second load and continuing throughout the rest of the mixing operation the temperature of all loads of CRMHMA were checked before leaving and were consistently around 379 degrees F or higher. All trucks had tarpaulins covering the mix while enroute to the project site. Once a truck arrived at the project site the temperature of the asphalt were taken in the truck. All of the trucks arrived with the asphalt temperature near 376 degrees F. The asphalt temperature was taken in the hopper of the paver and



subsequently behind the paver. Behind the paver, the temperature was consistently recorded at approximately 351 degrees F.

Construction of the pavement was with a single 12-ft. wide front loading paving machine (Figure 2.27). Placement of the CRMHMA appeared to be in a normal fashion as it would be for regular HMA, except for increased blue smoke as shown in Figure 2.28. Views of the CRMHMA during construction of the binder course are shown in Figure 2.29. Construction photographs for the CRMHMA surface for binder course are shown in Figure 2.30.

To determine the rolling pattern passes were made with a vibratory roller (Figure 2.32) and with each pass the density of the CRMHMA was checked with a nuclear density gage. Additional passes of the roller were applied until the density peaked. It usually took five passes of the breakdown roller to determine this pattern. A second, but smaller, static steel wheel roller was used to complete the compaction (Figure 2.33). The vibratory roller sometimes left roller marks on the surface (Figure 2.34) and the small roller was able to remove these marks (Figure 2.35).

For phase two construction the two-way traffic was diverted to the reconstructed old lanes leaving the new lanes traffic-free for recycling and paving the surface course. Milling was then initiated beginning with the 8 percent CRM section. Both lanes were milled for one half of the test section length. Station number limits encompassing the milling operation were as follows:

<u>Percent CRM</u>	<u>Station Numbers</u>		
8	1337+17	to	1325+00
10	1295+50	to	1283+00
12	1265+50	to	1253+00

The milling operation is shown in figure 2.36 and a milled section in figure 2.37. The milling machine was capable of milling a 6-ft. width with two passes completing a lane. No gumming of the teeth was observed on the milling machine due to the rubber content in the pavement. The millings were brought back to the asphalt plant and stockpiled until time for placement of the surface course. The 1.5-in. deep milled areas were paved with regular HMA (figure 2.38) to reestablish the binder grade.

Prior to placing the surface mix, there were three areas within the unmilled segments of the CRM test sections that required repair due to failure of these areas while under traffic. These areas are as follows:

<u>CRM Sections</u>	<u>Station Numbers</u>		<u>Length (ft)</u>	<u>Lane</u>
8 %	1312+30	to 1311+70	60	Outside
12 %	1251+25	to 1250+75	50	Outside
12 %	1249+30	to 1248+70	60	Inside

These failed areas were excavated into the subgrade, filled with sand clay topping, and the hot mix replaced. One possible reason for these failures is that there was an extensive amount of rain during the previous winter and spring and the surface had remained wet for

an extended period of time. When the failed areas were excavated water was observed at the interface of the pavement and the subbase. The HMA pavement appeared to be porous and had allowed water to seep through to the underlying lime-fly ash subbase.

After these failed areas were repaired a leveling course of HMA was placed in a few areas. Once this leveling operation was completed, the surface asphalt, with 15 percent CRM RAP for the research areas, was laid. At the plant the temperature of the mix in the trucks was approximately 325° F. The truck trailers were covered while the mix was transported to the project.

The Blaw Knox paver that was used had a modification added inside the hopper. This modification was primarily the addition of rotary blades (figure 2.39) that moved the hot mix towards the center of the hopper and appeared to eliminate segregation of the mix. The rolling pattern of the recycled mix was four vibratory passes (figure 2.40) and one static pass. Density was checked with a nuclear density gauge (figure 2.41) and then five cores were cut and tested the next morning. Station limits for the CRMHMA test sections with 15 percent RAP surface course were as follows:

<u>CRM Percent</u>	<u>Station Limits</u>			<u>Lane</u>
8	1308+69	to	1337+39	Inside
	1308+69	to	1337+39	Outside
10	1281+00	to	1302+32	Inside
	1280+00	to	1302+87	Outside
12	1257+00	to	1279+00	Inside
	1252+00	to	1280+00	Outside

## 2.4 Cost Comparison

The contractor's bid prices for the conventional HMA and for the CRMHMA are summarized as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Unit Price/Metric Ton</u>	<u>Cost Increase</u>
Hot Bituminous Pavement Binder Course	\$28.58	
Hot Bituminous Pavement Surface Course	\$32.21	
Hot Bituminous Pavement Binder CRM 8%	\$40.82	42.8%
Hot Bituminous Pavement Binder CRM 10%	\$41.73	46.0%
Hot Bituminous Pavement Binder CRM 12%	\$42.41	48.4%
Hot Bituminous Pavement Surface CRM 8%	\$40.82	26.8%
Hot Bituminous Pavement Surface CRM 10%	\$41.73	29.6%
Hot Bituminous Pavement Surface CRM 12%	\$42.41	31.7%

The above chart shows that there was an increase in cost in using the CRM in the HMA. The costs increase with an increase in rubber percentage as would be expected. The cost increase for the binder course with CRM was larger than that for the surface course with CRM.

TABLE 2.1 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR BINDER - CONTROL SECTION

SAMPLE NO	A5297	A5298	A5299	A5300	A5301	A5302	A5303			
TYPE MATERIAL	#67 LIMESTONE	#7 LIMESTONE	MFG. LSTONE SAND	CRS SAND	1/2 LIMESTONE	BAG II FINES	HYD. LIME			
AGGREGATE SOURCE	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	PWIK S&GR	DRAVO (AL)	PLANT	BLUE CIRCLE			
REC. MTL BLEND (%)	38	25	11	10	14.5	0.5	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE
1 1/2"										
1"	100.0							100.0	100.0	100.0
3/4"	91.9	100.0				100.0		96.9	97.0	90-100
1/2"	53.7	97.0				90.6		80.3	80.0	68-89
3/8"	26.8	66.0	100.0	100.0		81.2		61.0	61.0	54-73
No. 4	6.5	9.0	98.0	99.5		53.7		34.7	35.0	34-50
No. 8	2.8	3.0	94.1	83.4		36.0		27.2	27.0	22-36
No. 16	1.5	1.0	65.2	71.2		24.8		20.2		
No. 30	0.7	0.0	37.5	59.6		19.5		14.7	15.0	9-19
No. 50	0.5		19.2	22.6		15.9	100.0	100.0	8.0	6-14
No. 200	0.3		3.5	1.7		11.0	99.4	98.0	3.7	2-8
APP. SP. GRAV	2.678	2.680	2.698	2.664	2.684	2.709	2.240	A.C.	4.7	4.0 Min.
BULK SP GRAV	2.597	2.596	2.587	2.549	2.588	2.709	2.240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE 302°F		
% TOTAL CLAY				3.8				AIR VOIDS	4.0%	
PI-40 MTL				NP				VMA 13.6%	FLOW 9	
% ABS MOISTR	1.16	1.21	1.59	1.69	1.38	0.00	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV.	2.443	
ANTI-STRIP	NONE	ASPHALT SOURCE	ERCON	TSR 84.7	STABILITY 11.5 kN			COMB. BULK SP. GRAV.	2.586	
REMARKS:	% CR. MTL+ #4=99.9		% ABS. MOIST. (BLEND) = 1.29		DESIGNED BY CONTRACTOR			ABSORBED A.C.	0.49%	
	THE PERCENTAGE OF ASPHALT CEMENT (AC-30) TO BE USED WITH THE ABOVE BLEND OF MINERAL							EFFECTIVE A.C.	4.21%	
	AGGREGATES FOR THE BINDER HTBC COURSES IS 4.70 % BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE.									

TABLE 2.2 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR SURFACE FOR BINDER - CONTROL SECTION

SAMPLE NO	A5377	A5378	A5379	A5380	A5381	A5382	A5383				
TYPE MATERIAL	#7 Limestone	#89 Limestone	MFG. LSTONE SAND	CRS SAND	1/2 Limestone	B HS FINES	HYD. LIME				
AGGREGATE SOURCE	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	PWIK S&GR	DRAVO (AL)	PLANT	BLUE CIRCLE				
REC. MTL BLEND (%)	34	24	20	10	10.5	0.5	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.	
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE	
1 1/2"											
1"											
3/4"	100.0				100.0			100.0	100.0	100.0	
1/2"	97.0	100.0			90.6			98.0	98.0	94-100	
3/8"	66.0	99.2	100.0	100.0	81.2			86.3	86.0	70-89	
No. 4	9.0	56.1	98.0	99.5	53.7			53.2	53.0	36-55	
No. 8	3.0	12.1	94.1	83.4	36.0			36.4	36.0	20-37	
No. 16	1.0	2.9	65.2	71.2	24.8			25.3			
No. 30	0.0	1.4	37.5	59.6	19.5			17.3	17.0	8-20	
No. 50		0.9	19.2	22.6	15.9	100.0	100.0	9.5	9.0	5-14	
No. 200		0.3	3.5	1.7	11.0	99.4	98.0	3.6	3.6	2-7	
APP. SP. GRAV	2.680	2.687	2.698	2.664	2.684	2.709	2.240	AC.	5.5	4.0 Min.	
BULK SP GRAV	2.596	2.596	2.587	2.549	2.588	2.709	2.240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE 302°F			
% TOTAL CLAY				3.8				AIR VOIDS	4.0%		
PI-40 MTL				NP				VMA 14.7%	FLOW 11		
% ABS MOISTR	1.21	1.30	1.59	1.69	1.38	0.00	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV.	2.423		
ANTI-STRIP	NONE	ASPHALT SOURCE	ERCON	TSR 85.0	STABILITY	KN		COMB. BULK SP. GRAV.	2.585		
REMARKS:	% CR. MTL + #4 = 99.9			% ABS. MOIST. (BLEND) = 1.36			DESIGNED BY CONTRACTOR			ABSORBED A.C.	0.60%
THE PERCENTAGE OF ASPHALT CEMENT (AC-30) TO BE USED WITH THE ABOVE BLEND OF MINERAL							EFFECTIVE A.C.			4.90%	
AGGREGATES FOR THE BINDER HTBC COURSES IS 5.50% BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE.											

TABLE 2.3 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR BINDER - 8% CRM

SAMPLE NO	A5297	A5298	A5299	A5300	A5301	A5302	A5303				
TYPE MATERIAL	#67 LIMESTONE	#7 LIMESTONE	MFG. LSTONE SAND	CRS SAND	1/2 LIMESTONE	B HS FINES	HYD. LIME				
AGGREGATE SOURCE	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	PWIK S&GR	DRAVO (AL)	PLANT	BLUE CIRCLE				
REC. MTL BLEND (%)	38	25	11	10	14.5	0.5	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.	
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE	
1 1/2"											
1"	100.0							100.0	100.0	100.0	
3/4"	91.9	100.0				100.0		96.9	97.0	90-100	
1/2"	53.7	97.0				90.6		80.3	80.0	68-89	
3/8"	26.8	66.0	100.0	100.0		81.2		61.0	61.0	54-73	
No. 4	6.5	9.0	98.0	99.5		53.7		34.7	35.0	34-50	
No. 8	2.8	3.0	94.1	83.4		36.0		27.2	27.0	22-36	
No. 16	1.5	1.0	65.2	71.2		24.8		20.2			
No. 30	0.7	0.0	37.5	59.6		19.5		14.7	15.0	9-19	
No. 50	0.5		19.2	22.6		15.9	100.0	100.0	8.4	8.0	6-14
No. 200	0.3		3.5	1.7		11.0	99.4	98.0	3.7	3.7	2-8
APP. SP. GRAV	2678	2680	2698	2664	2684	2709	2240	A.C.	4.7	4.0 Min.	
BULK SP GRAV	2597	2596	2587	2549	2588	2709	2240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE °F			
% TOTAL CLAY				3.8				AIR VOIDS 4.0%			
PI-40 MTL				NP				VMA 13.6% FLOW 9			
% ABS MOISTR	1.16	1.21	1.59	1.69	1.38	0.00	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV. 2.443			
ANTI-STRIP	NONE	ASPHALT SOURCE ERGON		TSR 84.7	STABILITY 11.5 kN		COMB. BULK SP. GRAV. 2.586				
REMARKS:	% CR. MTL + #4 = 99.9		% ABS. MOIST. (BLEND) = 1.29		* MIXING: °F * COMPACTION °F		ABSORBED A.C. 0.49%				
THE PERCENTAGE OF ASPHALT CEMENT (AC-30) TO BE USED WITH THE ABOVE BLEND OF MINERAL							EFFECTIVE A.C. 4.21%				
AGGREGATES FOR THE BINDER HTBC (TYPE 1) (8% RUBBER MODIFIED) COURSES IS 4.70% BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE.											

TABLE 2.4 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR BINDER - 10% CRM

SAMPLE NO	A5297	A5298	A5299	A5300	A5301	A5302	A5303			
TYPE MATERIAL	#67 LIMESTONE	#7 LIMESTONE	MFG. LSTONE SAND	CRS SAND	1/2 LIMESTONE	B HS FINES	HYD. LIME			
AGGREGATE SOURCE	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	PWIK S&GR	DRAVO (AL)	PLANT	BLUE CIRCLE			
REC. MTL BLEND (%)	38	25	11	10	14.5	0.5	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE
1 1/2"										
1"	100.0							100.0	100.0	100.0
3/4"	91.9	100.0			100.0			96.9	97.0	90-100
1/2"	53.7	97.0			90.6			80.3	80.0	68-89
3/8"	26.8	66.0	100.0	100.0	81.2			61.0	61.0	54-73
No. 4	6.5	9.0	98.0	99.5	53.7			34.7	35.0	34-50
No. 8	2.8	3.0	94.1	83.4	36.0			27.2	27.0	22-36
No. 16	1.5	1.0	65.2	71.2	24.8			20.2		
No. 30	0.7	0.0	37.5	59.6	19.5			14.7	15.0	9-19
No. 50	0.5		19.2	22.6	15.9	100.0	100.0	8.4	8.0	6-14
No. 200	0.3		3.5	1.7	11.0	99.4	98.0	3.7	3.7	2-8
APP. SP. GRAV	2.678	2.680	2.698	2.664	2.684	2.709	2.240	AC.	4.7	4.0 Min.
BULK SP GRAV	2.597	2.596	2.587	2.549	2.588	2.709	2.240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE °F		
% TOTAL CLAY				3.8				AIR VOIDS	4.0%	
PI-40 MTL				NP				VMA 13.6%		FLOW 9
% ABS MOISTR	1.16	1.21	1.59	1.69	1.38	0.00	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV.		2.443
ANTH-STRIP	NONE	ASPHALT SOURCE	ERGON	TSR 84.7	STABILITY 11.5 kN			COMB. BULK SP. GRAV.		2.586
REMARKS:	% CR. MTL+ #4=99.9		% ABS. MOIST. (BLEND) = 1.29		* MIXING: °F * COMPACTION °F			ABSORBED A.C.		0.49%
THE PERCENTAGE OF ASPHALT CEMENT (AC-30) TO BE USED WITH THE ABOVE BLEND OF MINERAL								EFFECTIVE A.C.		4.21%
AGGREGATES FOR THE BINDER HTBC (TYPE 1) (10% RUBBER MODIFIED) COURSES IS 4.70 % BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE.										

TABLE 2.5 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR BINDER - 12% CRM

SAMPLE NO	A5297	A5298	A5299	A5300	A5301	A5302	A5303			
TYPE MATERIAL	#67 LESTONE	#7 LESTONE	MFG. LSTONE SAND	CRSSAND	1/2 LESTONE	BHSFINES	HYD. LIME			
AGGREGATE SOURCE	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	PMIK S&GR	DRAVO (AL)	PLANT	BLUE ORCLE			
REC. MTL BLEND (%)	38	25	11	10	14.5	0.5	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							%PASSING	%PASSING	DESIGN RANGE
1 1/2"										
1"	100.0							100.0	100.0	100
3/4"	91.9	100.0			100.0			96.9	97.0	90-100
1/2"	53.7	97.0			90.6			80.3	80.0	68-89
3/8"	26.8	66.0	100.0	100.0	81.2			61.0	61.0	54-73
No. 4	6.5	9.0	98.0	99.5	53.7			34.7	35.0	34-50
No. 8	2.8	3.0	94.1	83.4	36.0			27.2	27.0	22-36
No. 16	1.5	1.0	65.2	71.2	24.8			20.2		
No. 30	0.7	0.0	37.5	59.6	19.5			14.7	15.0	9-19
No. 50	0.5		19.2	22.6	15.9	100.0	100.0	8.4	8.0	6-14
No. 200	0.3		3.5	1.7	11.0	99.4	98.0	3.7	3.7	2-8
APP. SP. GRAV	2678	2680	2698	2664	2684	2709	2240	AC.	4.7	4.0 Min.
BULK SP GRAV	2597	2596	2587	2549	2588	2709	2240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE °F		
% TOTAL CLAY				3.8				AIR VOIDS	4.0%	
PI40 MTL				NP				MMA 13.6%	FLOW 9	
% ABS MOISTR	1.16	1.21	1.59	1.69	1.38	0.00	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV.		2.443
ANTI-STRIP	NONE	ASPHALT SOURCE ERCON			TSR 84.7	STABILITY 115 kN		COVB. BULK SP. GRAV.		2.586
REMARKS	% CR. MTL+ #4-99.9		% ABS MOIST (BLEND)=1.29		* MIXING: °F * COMPACTION °F		ABSORBED AC.			0.49%
THE PERCENTAGE OF ASPHALT CEMENT (AC-30) TO BE USED WITH THE ABOVE BLEND OF MINERAL								EFFECTIVE AC.		4.21%
AGGREGATES FOR THE BINDER HTEC (TYPE 1) (12% RUBBER MODIFIED) COURSES IS 4.70% BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE										



TABLE 2.6 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR SURFACE FOR BINDER - 8% CRM

SAMPLE NO	A5377	A5378	A5379	A5380	A5381	A5382	A5383			
TYPE MATERIAL	#7 LIMESTONE	#89 LIMESTONE	MFG. LSTONE SAND	CRS SAND	1/2 LIMESTONE	B HS FINES	HYD. LIME			
AGGREGATE SOURCE	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	PWIK S&GR	DRAVO (AL)	PLANT	BLUE CIRCLE			
REC. MTL BLEND (%)	34	24	20	10	10.5	0.5	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE
1 1/2"										
1"										
3/4"	100.0					100.0		100.0	100.0	100.0
1/2"	97.0	100.0				90.6		98.0	98.0	94-100
3/8"	66.0	99.2	100.0	100.0		81.2		86.3	86.0	70-89
No. 4	9.0	56.1	98.0	99.5		53.7		53.2	53.0	36-55
No. 8	3.0	12.1	94.1	83.4		36.0		36.4	36.0	20-37
No. 16	1.0	2.9	65.2	71.2		24.8		25.3		
No. 30	0.0	1.4	37.5	59.6		19.5		17.3	17.0	8-20
No. 50		0.9	19.2	22.6		15.9	100.0	100.0	9.5	9.0
No. 200		0.3	3.5	1.7		11.0	99.4	98.0	3.6	3.6
APP. SP. GRAV	2680	2687	2698	2664	2684	2709	2240	AC.	5.5	4.0 Min.
BULK SP GRAV	2596	2596	2587	2549	2588	2709	2240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE °F		
% TOTAL CLAY				3.8				AIR VOIDS 4.0%		
PI-40 MTL				NP				VMA 14.7% FLOW 11		
% ABS MOISTR	1.21	1.30	1.59	1.69	1.38	0.00	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV. 2423		
ANTI-STRIP NONE	ASPHALT SOURCE ERGON				TSR 85.0	STABILITY kN		COMB. BULK SP. GRAV. 2585		
REMARKS:	% CR. MTL+ #4=99.9 %ABS.MOIST.(BLEND)=1.36 * MIXING: °F * COMPACTION °F						ABSORBED AC. 0.60%			
THE PERCENTAGE OF ASPHALT CEMENT (AC-20) TO BE USED WITH THE ABOVE BLEND OF MINERAL								EFFECTIVE AC. 4.90%		
AGGREGATES FOR THE BINDER HTSC (SURFACE MIX) (8% RUBBER MOD.) COURSES IS 5.50 % BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE.										

TABLE 2.7 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR SURFACE FOR BINDER -10% CRM

SAMPLE NO	A5377	A5378	A5379	A5380	A5381	A5382	A5383			
TYPE MATERIAL	#7 LIMESTONE	#89 LIMESTONE	MFG. L'STONE SAND	CRS SAND	1/2 LIMESTONE	B HS FINES	HYD. LIME			
AGGREGATE SOURCE	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	PWIK S&GR	DRAVO (AL)	PLANT	BLUE CIRCLE			
REC. MTL BLEND (%)	34	24	20	10	10.5	0.5	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE
1 1/2"										
1"										
3/4"	100.0				100.0			100.0	100.0	100.0
1/2"	97.0	100.0			90.6			98.0	98.0	94-100
3/8"	66.0	99.2	100.0	100.0	81.2			86.3	86.0	70-89
No. 4	9.0	56.1	98.0	99.5	53.7			53.2	53.0	36-55
No. 8	3.0	12.1	94.1	83.4	36.0			36.4	36.0	20-37
No. 16	1.0	2.9	65.2	71.2	24.8			25.3		
No. 30	0.0	1.4	37.5	59.6	19.5			17.3	17.0	8-20
No. 50		0.9	19.2	22.6	15.9	100.0	100.0	9.5	9.0	5-14
No. 200		0.3	3.5	1.7	11.0	99.4	98.0	3.6	3.6	2-7
APP. SP. GRAV	2.680	2.687	2.698	2.664	2.684	2.709	2.240	A.C.	5.5	4.0 Min.
BULK SP GRAV	2.596	2.596	2.587	2.549	2.588	2.709	2.240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE °F		
% TOTAL CLAY				3.8				AIR VOIDS 4.0%		
PI-40 MTL				NP				VMA 14.7% FLOW 11		
% ABS MOISTR	1.21	1.30	1.59	1.69	1.38	0.00	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV. 2.423		
ANTI-STRIP NONE	ASPHALT SOURCE ERGON			TSR 85.0	STABILITY kN			COMB. BULK SP. GRAV. 2.585		
REMARKS:	% CR. MTL+ #4=99.9		%ABS.MOIST.(BLEND) = 1.36 * MIXING: °F * COMPACTION °F				ABSORBED A.C. 0.60%			
	THE PERCENTAGE OF ASPHALT CEMENT (AC-20) TO BE USED WITH THE ABOVE BLEND OF MINERAL							EFFECTIVE A.C. 4.90%		
AGGREGATES FOR THE BINDER HTSC (SURFACE MIX) (10% RUBBER MOD.) COURSES IS 5.50 % BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE.										

TABLE 2.8 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR FOR SURFACE FOR BINDER - 12% CRM

SAMPLE NO	A5377	A5378	A5379	A5380	A5381	A5382	A5383			
TYPE MATERIAL	#7 LIMESTONE	#89 LIMESTONE	MFG. L'STONE SAND	CRS SAND	1/2 LIMESTONE	B HS FINES	HYD. LIME			
AGGREGATE SOURCE	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	DRAVO (AL)	PWIK S&GR	DRAVO (AL)	PLANT	BLUE CIRCLE			
REC. MTL BLEND (%)	34	24	20	10	10.5	0.5	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE
1 1/2"										
1"										
3/4"	100.0					100.0		100.0	100.0	100.0
1/2"	97.0	100.0				90.6		98.0	98.0	94-100
3/8"	66.0	99.2	100.0	100.0		81.2		86.3	86.0	70-89
No. 4	9.0	56.1	98.0	99.5		53.7		53.2	53.0	36-55
No. 8	3.0	12.1	94.1	83.4		36.0		36.4	36.0	20-37
No. 16	1.0	2.9	65.2	71.2		24.8		25.3		
No. 30	0.0	1.4	37.5	59.6		19.5		17.3	17.0	8-20
No. 50		0.9	19.2	22.6		15.9	100.0	100.0	9.5	9.0
No. 200		0.3	3.5	1.7		11.0	99.4	98.0	3.6	3.6
APP. SP. GRAV	2.680	2.687	2.698	2.664	2.684	2.709	2.240	A.C.	5.5	4.0 Min.
BULK SP GRAV	2.596	2.596	2.587	2.549	2.588	2.709	2.240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE °F		
% TOTAL CLAY				3.8				AIR VOIDS 4.0%		
PI-40 MTL				NP				VMA 14.7% FLOW 11		
% ABS MOISTR	1.21	1.30	1.59	1.69	1.38	0.00	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV. 2.423		
ANTI-STRIP NONE	ASPHALT SOURCE ERGON			TSR 85.0		STABILITY kN		COMB. BULK SP. GRAV. 2.585		
REMARKS:	% CR. MTL+ #4=99.9		%ABS.MOIST.(BLEND) = 1.36 * MIXING: °F * COMPACTION °F				ABSORBED A.C. 0.60%			
	THE PERCENTAGE OF ASPHALT CEMENT (AC-20) TO BE USED WITH THE ABOVE BLEND OF MINERAL							EFFECTIVE A.C. 4.90%		
AGGREGATES FOR THE BINDER HTSC (SURFACE MIX) (12% RUBBER MOD.) COURSES IS 5.50 % BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE.										

**TABLE 2.9 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR SURFACE CONTAINING 15% OF 8% MODIFIED RUBBER RAP**

SAMPLE NO	A6987	A6988	A6989	A6990	A6991	A6992	A6993			
TYPE MATERIAL	3/4 Cr Gravel	1/2 Cr Gravel	RAM	Crs Sand	#89 Lst	1/2 Lst	Hvd Lime			
AGGREGATE SOURCE	Pickwick S & Gr	Pickwick S & Gr	APAC Corinth	PkWk S&G	Vlcn Cherk	Vlcn Cherk	Blue Cir			
REC. MTL. BLEND (%)	39	12	15	10	14	9	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE
1 1/2"										
1"										
3/4"	100.0		100.0			100.0		100	100	100
1/2"	85.0	100.0	98.8		100.0	94.7		93.5	93	94-100
3/8"	65.1	87.0	93.2	100.0	99.0	84.6		82.3	82	70-89
No. 4	32.8	40.4	71.8	98.2	55.5	58.8		52.3	52	36-55
No. 8	20.5	23.1	51.2	78.2	11.1	38.2		32.3	32	20-37
No. 16	13.3	15.0	36.3	64.0	3.5	25.8		22.6		
No. 30	9.9	10.9	25.8	50.1	2.3	19.4		17.1	17	8-20
No. 50	6.2	7.3	17.2	14.4	1.7	15.7	100.0	10.0	10	5-14
No. 200	2.4	2.5	8.4	0.5	0.9	10.7	95.0	4.6	4.6	2-7
APP. SP. GRAV	2.595	2.613	2.663	2.681	2.695	2.683	2.240	A.C.	6.50	4.0 Min.
BULK SP GRAV	2.302	2.329	2.580	2.545	2.594	2.561	2.240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE 300°F		
% TOTAL CLAY				1.0				AIR VOIDS 4.0%		
PI-40 MTL.				NP				VMA 15.4% FLOW 11		
% ABS MOISTR	4.90	4.67	1.21	1.99	1.44	1.78	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV. 2.288		
ANTI-STRIP	None							COMB. BULK SP. GRAV. 2.427		
REMARKS:	%AC(RAP)=5.35		%AC(ADD)=5.70		%AC(TOTAL)=6.50			ABSORBED A.C. 1.14%		
DESIGNED BY CONTRACTOR	%Cr.Mtl.+#4=90.3		%Abs.Moist.(Blend)=3.21			EFFECTIVE A.C. 5.36%				
RAP CONTAINS 8% CRUMB RUBBER										
The percentage of asphalt cement (AC-30) to be used with the above blend of mineral aggregates for the Surface HTSC (Type 8) Course(s) is 5.70% by weight of the total mixture.										

**TABLE 2.10 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR SURFACE CONTAINING 15% OF 10% MODIFIED RUBBER RAP**

**TABLE 2.11 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR SURFACE CONTAINING 15% OF 12% MODIFIED RUBBER RAP**

SAMPLE NO	A6987	A6988	A6989	A6990	A6991	A6992	A6993			
TYPE MATERIAL	3/4 Cr Gravel	1/2 Cr Gravel	RAM	Crs Sand	#89 Lst	1/2 Lst	Hvd Lime			
AGGREGATE SOURCE	Pickwick S & Gr	Pickwick S & Gr	APAC Corinth	PkWk S&G	Vlcn Cherk	Vlcn Cherk	Blue Cir			
REC. MTL. BLEND (%)	39	12	15	10	14	9	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE
1 1/2"										
1"										
3/4"	100.0		100.0			100.0		100	100	100
1/2"	85.0	100.0	98.8		100.0	94.7		93.5	93	94-100
3/8"	65.1	87.0	93.2	100.0	99.0	84.6		82.3	82	70-89
No. 4	32.8	40.4	71.8	98.2	55.5	58.8		52.3	52	36-55
No. 8	20.5	23.1	51.2	78.2	11.1	38.2		32.3	32	20-37
No. 16	13.3	15.0	36.3	64.0	3.5	25.8		22.6		
No. 30	9.9	10.9	25.8	50.1	2.3	19.4		17.1	17	8-20
No. 50	6.2	7.3	17.2	14.4	1.7	15.7	100.0	10.0	10	5-14
No. 200	2.4	2.5	8.4	0.5	0.9	10.7	95.0	4.6	4.6	2-7
APP. SP. GRAV	2.595	2.613	2.663	2.681	2.695	2.683	2.240	A.C.	6.50	4.0 Min.
BULK SP GRAV	2.302	2.329	2.580	2.545	2.594	2.561	2.240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE 300°F		
% TOTAL CLAY				1.0				AIR VOIDS	4.0%	
PI-40 MTL.				NP				VMA	15.4% FLOW 11	
% ABS MOISTR	4.90	4.67	1.21	1.99	1.44	1.78	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV.	2.288	
ANTI-STRIP	None							COMB. BULK SP. GRAV.	2.427	
REMARKS:	%AC(RAP)=5.35		%AC(ADD)=5.70		%AC(TOTAL)=6.50			ABSORBED A.C.	1.14%	
DESIGNED BY CONTRACTOR	%Cr.Mtl.+#4=90.3			%Abs.Moist.(Blend)=3.21				EFFECTIVE A.C.	5.36%	
RAP CONTAINS 10% CRUMB RUBBER										
The percentage of asphalt cement (AC-30) to be used with the above blend of mineral aggregates for the Surface HTSC (Type 8) Course(s) is 5.70% by weight of the total mixture.										

SAMPLE NO	A6987	A6988	A6989	A6990	A6991	A6992	A6993			
TYPE MATERIAL	3/4 Cr Gravel	1/2 Cr Gravel	RAM	Crs Sand	#89 Lst	1/2 Lst	Hvd Lime			
AGGREGATE SOURCE	Pickwick S & Gr	Pickwick S & Gr	APAC Corinth	PkWk S&G	Vlcn Cherk	Vlcn Cherk	Blue Cir			
REC. MTL. BLEND (%)	39	12	15	10	14	9	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE
1 1/2"										
1"										
3/4"	100.0		100.0			100.0		100	100	100
1/2"	85.0	100.0	98.8		100.0	94.7		93.5	93	94-100
3/8"	65.1	87.0	93.2	100.0	99.0	84.6		82.3	82	70-89
No. 4	32.8	40.4	71.8	98.2	55.5	58.8		52.3	52	36-55
No. 8	20.5	23.1	51.2	78.2	11.1	38.2		32.3	32	20-37
No. 16	13.3	15.0	36.3	64.0	3.5	25.8		22.6		
No. 30	9.9	10.9	25.8	50.1	2.3	19.4		17.1	17	8-20
No. 50	6.2	7.3	17.2	14.4	1.7	15.7	100.0	10.0	10	5-14
No. 200	2.4	2.5	8.4	0.5	0.9	10.7	95.0	4.6	4.6	2-7
APP. SP. GRAV	2.595	2.613	2.663	2.681	2.695	2.683	2.240	A.C.	6.50	4.0 Min.
BULK SP GRAV	2.302	2.329	2.580	2.545	2.594	2.561	2.240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE 300°F		
% TOTAL CLAY				1.0				AIR VOIDS 4.0%		
PI-40 MTL.				NP				VMA 15.4% FLOW 11		
% ABS MOISTR	4.90	4.67	1.21	1.99	1.44	1.78	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV. 2.288		
ANTI-STRIP	None							COMB. BULK SP. GRAV. 2.427		
REMARKS:	%AC(RAP)=5.35		%AC(ADD)=5.70		%AC(TOTAL)=6.50			ABSORBED A.C. 1.14%		
DESIGNED BY CONTRACTOR	%Cr.Mtl.+#4=90.3			%Abs.Moist.(Blend)=3.21				EFFECTIVE A.C. 5.36%		
RAP CONTAINS 10% CRUMB RUBBER										
The percentage of asphalt cement (AC-30) to be used with the above blend of mineral aggregates for the Surface HTSC (Type 8) Course(s) is 5.70% by weight of the total mixture.										

TABLE 2.12 BITUMINOUS HOT MIX DESIGN FOR SURFACE - CONTROL SECTION, PHASE TWO CONTRUCTION

SAMPLE NO	A5083	A5084	A5085	A5086	A5087	A5088	A5089			
TYPE MATERIAL	3/4 Cr Gravel	1/2 Cr Gravel	#89 Limestone	Crs Sand	RAM	1/2 L'st	Hvd Lime			
AGGREGATE SOURCE	Pickwick Gravel Co.	Pickwick Gravel Co.	Dravo (AL)	B'fld Rply	APAC Corinth	H'vr	Blue Cir			
REC. MTL. BLEND (%)	46	8	18	8	11	8	1	AGG BLEND	JOB MIX	SPEC.
SIEVE SIZE	GRADATION (PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING)							% PASSING	% PASSING	DESIGN RANGE
1 1/2"										
1"										
3/4"	100.0				100.0	100.0		100	100	100
1/2"	87.3	100.0	100.0		98.0	99.4		93.9	94	94-100
3/8"	63.1	91.7	99.2		93.3	88.4		80.6	81	70-89
No. 4	30.7	49.8	51.5		76.6	61.8		49.7	50	36-55
No. 8	16.7	26.9	9.9	100.0	60.8	44.4		30.9	31	20-37
No. 16	9.9	15.8	2.6	99.9	50.6	33.0		23.5		
No. 30	6.4	9.9	1.2	92.1	39.6	25.1		18.7	19	8-20
No. 50	4.3	6.5	0.9	33.7	26.3	19.4		10.8	11	5-14
No. 200	1.7	2.5	0.5	0.8	11.4	11.0	100.0	4.3	4.3	2-7
APP. SP. GRAV	2.612	2.609	2.687	2.652	2.655	2.678	2.240	A.C.	6.50	4.0 Min.
BULK SP GRAV	2.292	2.272	2.596	2.609	2.542	2.562	2.240	JOB MIX TEMPERATURE 300°F		
% TOTAL CLAY				1.9				AIR VOIDS 4.0%		
PI-40 MTL.				NP				VMA 14.6% FLOW 10		
% ABS MOISTR	5.35	5.69	1.30	0.62	1.67	1.69	0.00	MAX. SP. GRAV. 2.291		
ANTI-STRIP	None							COMB. BULK SP. GRAV. 2.410		
Asphalt Source	Ergon		TSR	95.4		Stability	2821	ABSORBED A.C. 1.48%		
REMARKS:	%AC(RAP)=5.11		%AC(ADD)=5.94		%AC(TOTAL)=6.50		EFFECTIVE A.C. 5.02%			
DESIGNED BY CONTRACTOR	%Cr.Mtl.+#4=91.3		%Abs.Moist.(Blend)=3.52							
The percentage of asphalt cement (AC-30) to be used with the above blend of mineral aggregates for the Surface HTSC (Type 8) Course(s) is 5.94% by weight of the total mixture.										

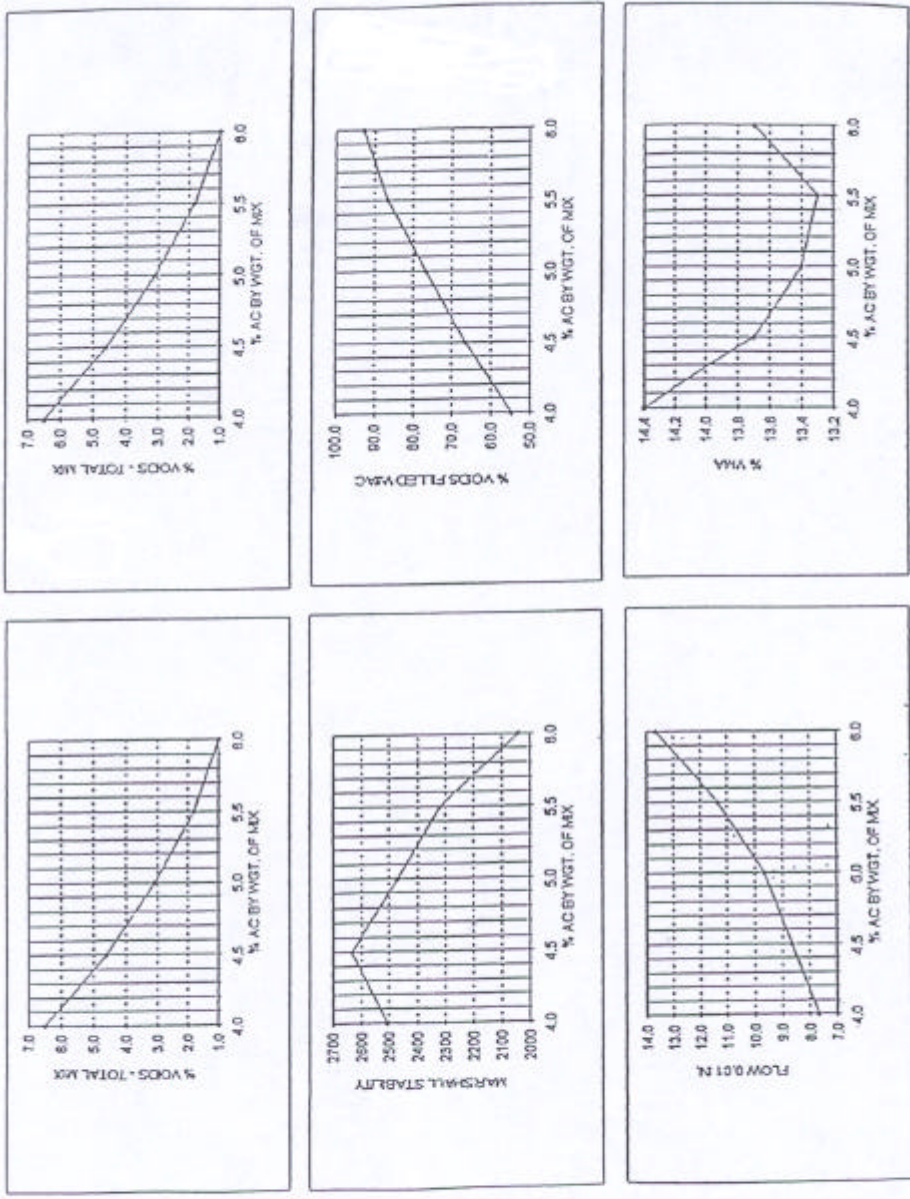


Figure 2.1 Mix design properties of binder - control section.



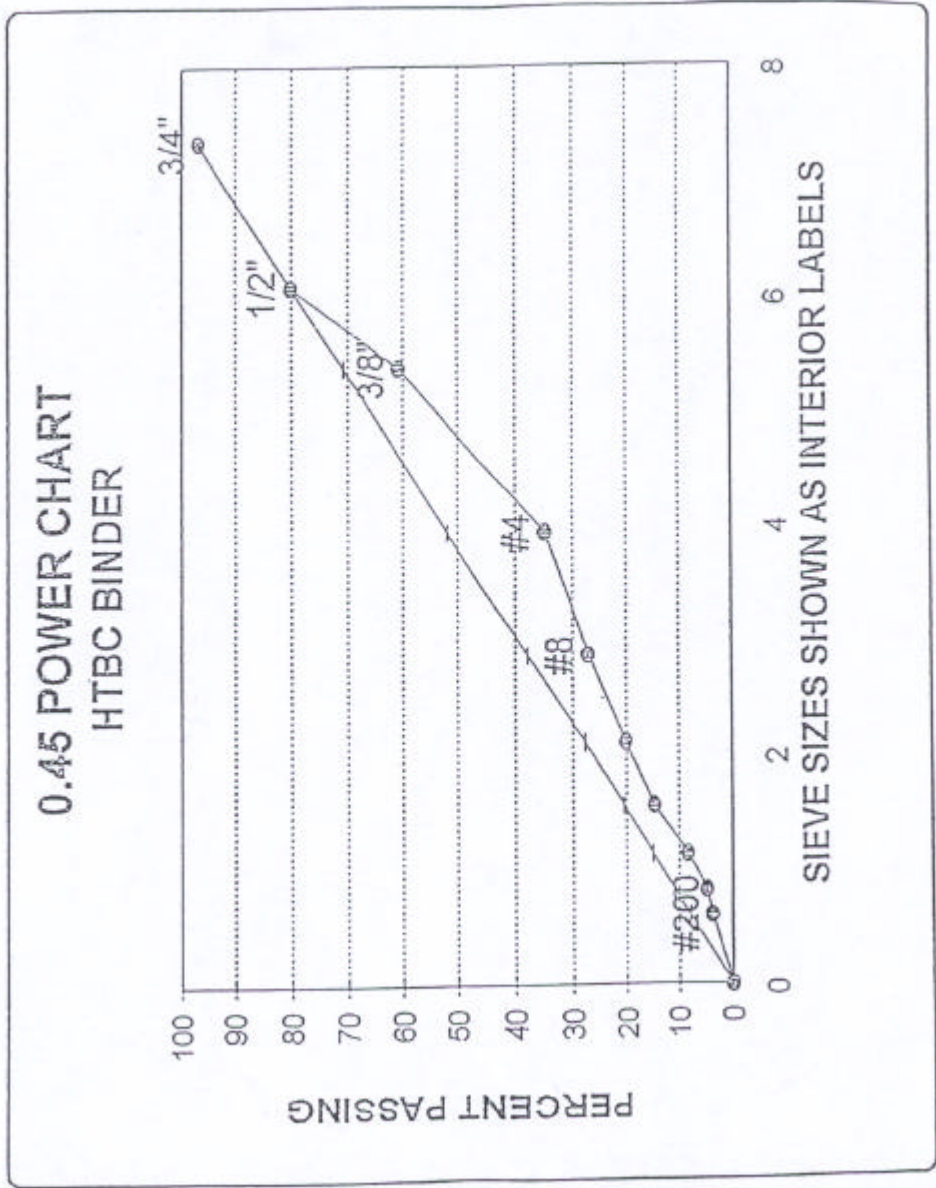


Figure 2.2 Mix design aggregate gradation for binder - control section.

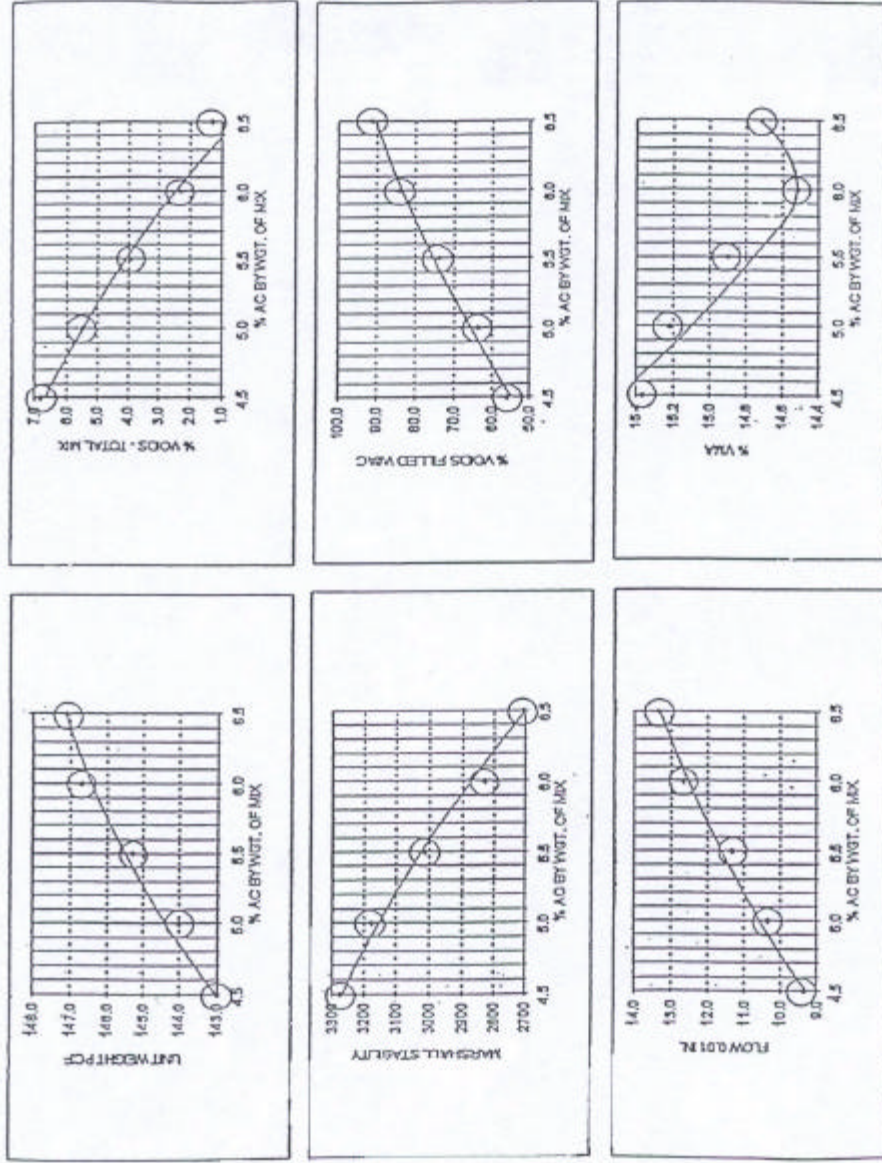


Figure 2.3 Mix design properties of surface - control section.

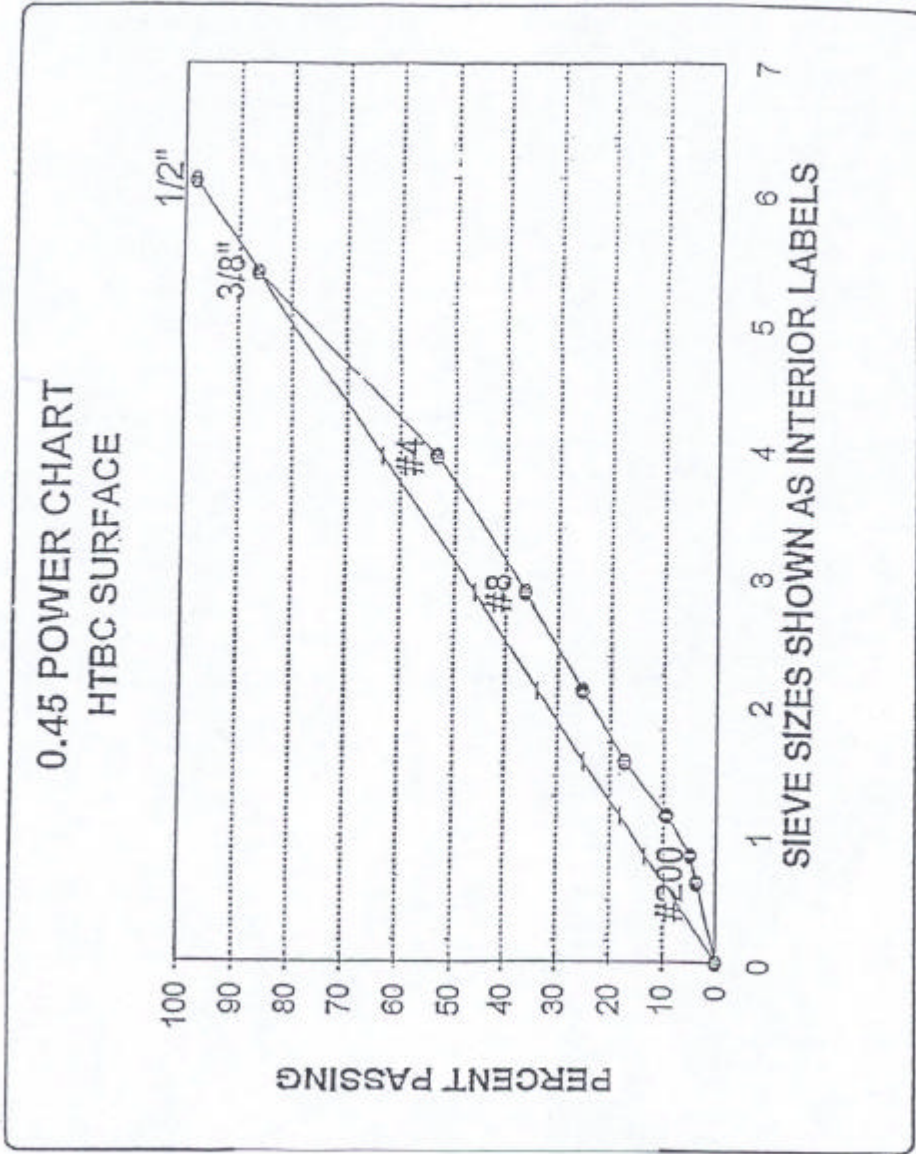


Figure 2.4 Mix design aggregate gradation for surface - control section.



Figure 2.5 Field laboratory.



Figure 2.6 Plant control room.

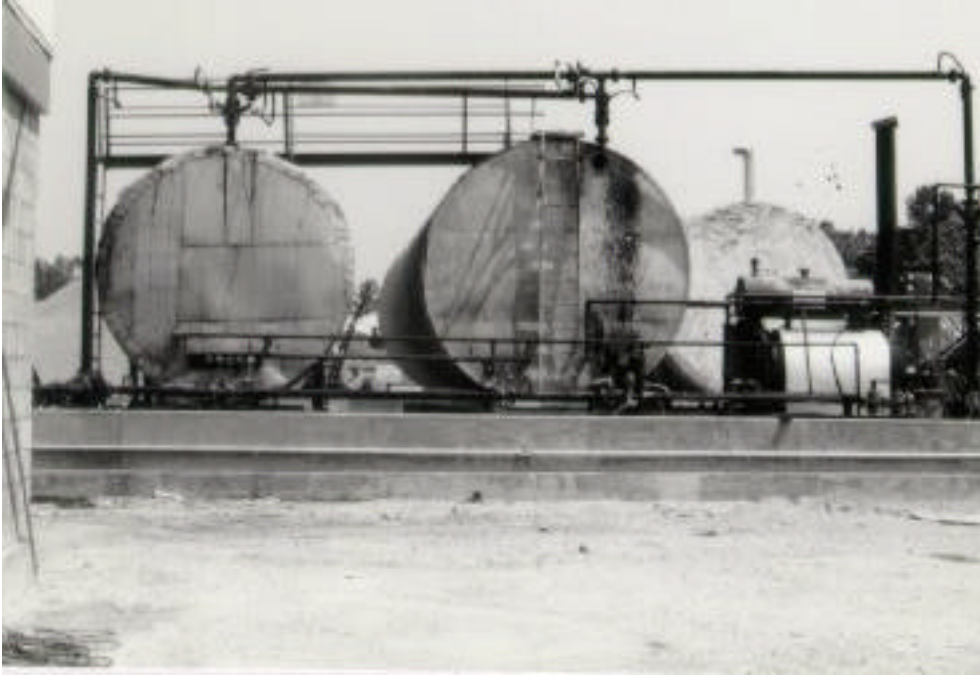


Figure 2.7 Asphalt cement storage tanks.



Figure 2.8 Material stockpile and hoppers.



Figure 2.9 Aggregates feeder belt to shaker screen.



Figure 2.10 Aggregate shaker screen.



Figure 2.11 Lime added to materials.



Figure 2.12 Aggregate transport to drum mixer.

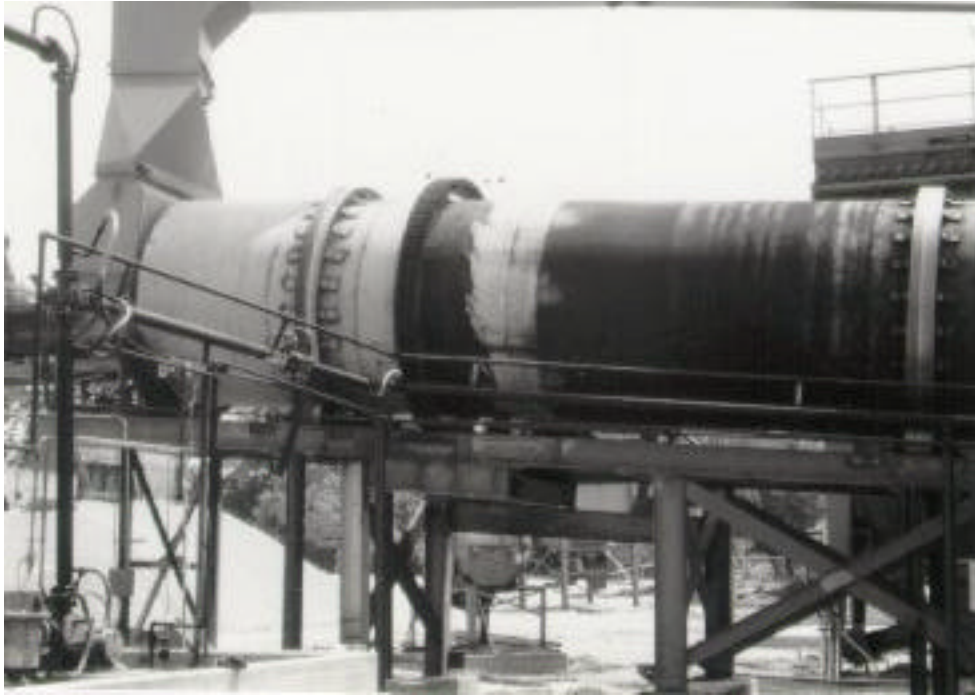


Figure 2.13 Drum mixer.



Figure 2.14 Pollution system.







Figure 2.15 HMA transported to surge silos



Figure 2.16 Truck loaded from surge silo

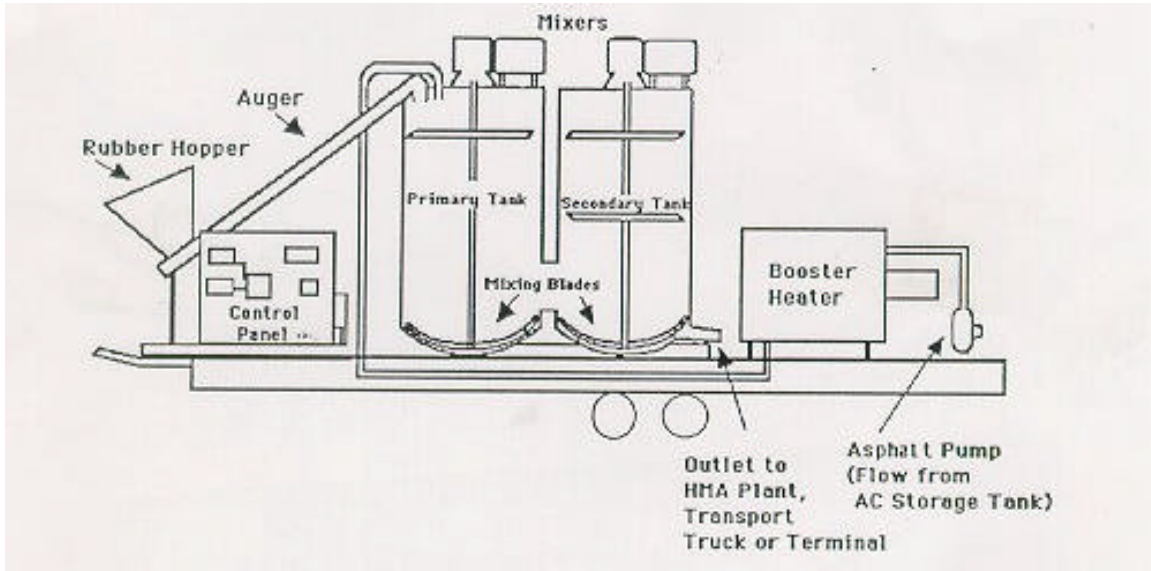


Figure 2.17 Portable blending/metering unit.



Figure 2.18 Blending unit in place at plant.



Figure 2.19 Crumb rubber emptied into hopper.



Figure 2.20 Auger transport of crumb rubber to primary tank.



Figure 2.21 Stockpiled millings at plant.



Figure 2.22 Separate hopper and moving belt for CRM RAP.



Figure 2.23 Lime fly-ash treated base course.



Figure 2.24 Completed base course.



Figure 2.25 Binder course for control section.



Figure 2.26 Surface course for control section.



Figure 2.27 Front loading paving machine.

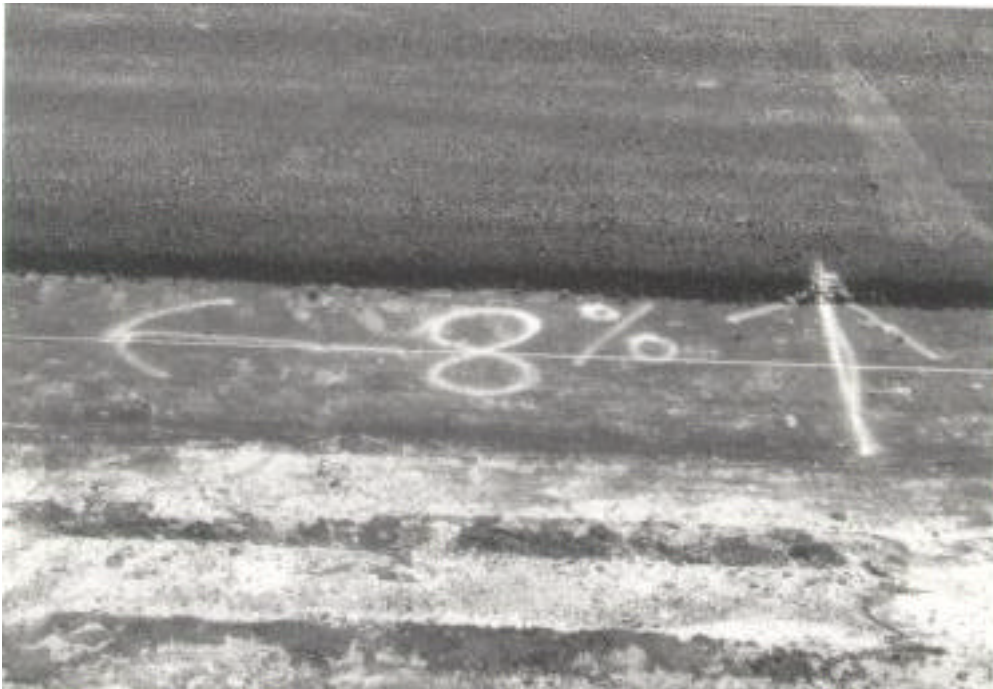


Figure 2.28 Smoke created at and behind paver.





a. Directly behind paver.



b. Pavement at 8% and 10% joint.

Figure 2.29 Construction of binder course for CRMHMA.



a. Paving of inside lane.



b. Paving of outside lane.

Figure 2.30 Construction of binder for surface course for CRMHMA.



Figure 2.31 Nuclear density gage in use.



Figure 2.32 Vibratory roller used behind paver.



Figure 2.33 Steel wheel roller.



Figure 2.34 Pattern left behind vibratory roller.

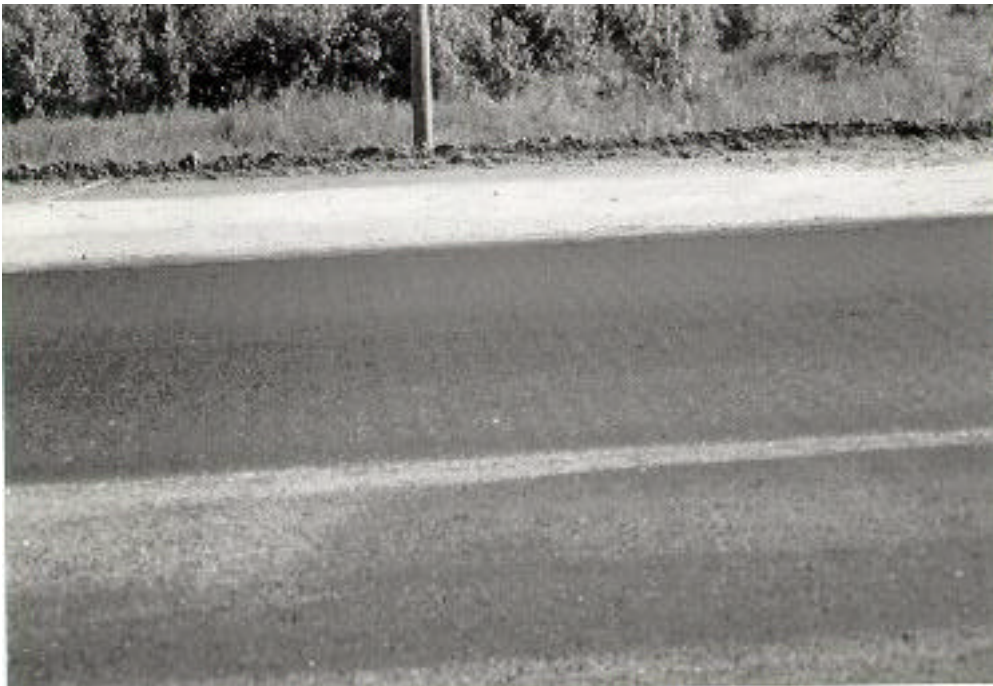


Figure 2.35 No pattern after final rolling with steel wheel.



Figure 2.36 Milling CRMHMA.



Figure 2.37 Milled section.



Figure 2.38 Placement of regular HMA in milled areas.



Figure 2.39 Addition of rotary blades in the paver.



Figure 2.40 Rolling of surface mix with CRM RAP.



Figure 2.41 Checking density of surface mix.



## CHAPTER 3

### TESTING PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

This chapter discusses results of material tests conducted on samples that were taken at the time of construction. Results are also presented of performance tests conducted on the completed pavement.

#### 3.1 Laboratory Tests During Construction

Laboratory tests were conducted on loose samples of the HMA, CRMHMA and HMA with CRM RAP that were obtained at the plant. This information is contained in the Asphalt Inspectors Daily Report for the hot mix placed that day. Test information in these reports include extraction, gradations, Marshall stability, asphalt content, sample temperatures, percent air voids, maximum specific gravity, roadway density from cores, and control strip nuclear density. Copies of these reports are contained in Appendices A and B for construction phases one and two respectively.

Table 3.1 contains test results of the HMA that was tested during phase one construction. These results are for the test sections located in the outside lane. Results are given for both the binder course and the surface for binder course as well as the design values. The mix designs for the CRMHMA required that the temperatures be in the range of 351 to 390 degrees F. Temperatures taken for the samples varied from 360 to 379 degrees F thus meeting the design temperature range requirement.

The binder course mix design required an asphalt cement content of 4.7 percent. The control section and the 8 percent CRMHMA section were slightly above this value whereas the 10 and 12 percent CRMHMA sections were slightly below the design value. The 12 percent sample had an AC content of 4.52 percent, which accounts for the somewhat high air voids in this sample. The control section had both higher air voids and higher asphalt cement content than design.

The surface for binder course mix design required an asphalt cement content of 5.5 percent. Again, both the control section and the 8 percent CRMHMA section exceeded the design content. The 8 percent mix had an air void content of 3.6 percent, which was very close to the mix design of 4.0 percent. The other mixes had air voids greater than 4.0 percent.

Table 3.2 contains test results of the HMA that was tested on the day of paving during phase two construction. These results are for the same test sections and control section as for phase one construction. Results are given for the surface courses and the design values. The sample designation "8% CRM HMA" refers to the surface mix containing 15 percent of this type of RAP. The mix design for these surface courses required that the temperatures be in the range of 273 to 327 degrees F. Temperatures taken for the

samples varied from 300 to 325 degrees F thus meeting the design temperature range requirement.

The surface course mix design required an asphalt content of 6.5 percent. The 8 percent CRM RAP test section exceeded this value whereas the other two test sections and the control section were below this value. All three test sections and the control section exceeded the air voids mix design value of 4 percent.

### 3.2 Performance Tests

Subsequent to phase one construction rut and IRI performance measurements were obtained with a South Dakota Profiler. These measurements are provided in Table 3.3 for the three test sections and the control section. The rut values for all sections are negative indicating that this was new pavement and very smooth with no ruts. These early rut measurements were taken to have a baseline for future measurements. The values of IRI for all sections were less than 1.6 mm/m indicating a good initial ride quality.

Skid tests were conducted on all four sections approximately one week after the phase one construction pavement was open to traffic. This delay was to allow some of the asphalt surface film to wear away from the new pavement. The skid test results are provided in Table 3.4 and the skid numbers ranged from a low of 46 for the control section to a high of 54 for the 12 percent CRMHMA section. Note that there is an increase in the average skid number with increasing amounts of CRM in the mix. All of the average skid numbers were above 35 indicating acceptable skid conditions for all sections.

Falling Weight Deflectometer (FWD) tests were performed on each of the sections prior to opening the phase one construction pavement to traffic and these results are shown in Figures 3.1 through 3.4. The control section deflections are shown in Figure 3.1 and the maximum deflection value at the point of loading at station 1355+00 is very high with a value greater than 400  $\mu\text{m}$ . The data for the 12 percent CRM section shows a similar trend at station 1250+00 and at station 1255+00 with a deflection value over 400  $\mu\text{m}$  at both of those locations. The 8 percent and 10 percent CRM sections did not have such high values at the tested stations. It should be stated that deflection tests performed soon after placement of HMA can give higher than normal values due to the nature of HMA. HMA stiffens significantly within a few months of placement; however, these deflections are excessively high.

One possible explanation for the excessive deflections is based on the subsequent performance of one of the test sections. The subgrade and pavement were new for phase one construction. As discussed in chapter two of this report, several failures had occurred in two CRM sections by the time of surface course placement during phase two construction. Recall that the subgrade required repair in the failed areas of these two CRM sections. The two failed areas within the 12 percent CRM section were from station 1248+70 to station 1249+30 and from station 1250+75 to station 1251+25. Both of these failed areas are in close proximity to station 1250+00 which was one of the stations that had a high initial deflection reading right after the completion of the pavement of phase one construction. Thus some of the excessive deflection could be attributed to problems within the subgrade that were not adequately addressed during phase one construction of that subgrade.

Subsequent to phase one construction a 500-ft. segment from each of the test sections and the control section was delimited for obtaining data for comparative analysis. FWD tests were performed on each of these segments prior to the commencement of milling operations of phase two construction in June of 1997. The results of these tests are shown in figures 3.5 through 3.8. The control section deflections are shown in Figure 3.5 and the maximum deflection value at the point of loading at each station except station 1353+00 is very high with a value equal to or greater than 400  $\mu\text{m}$ .

The data for the 8 percent CRM section shows a similar trend at station 1312+00 with a deflection value over 400  $\mu\text{m}$ . As discussed in chapter two of this report a failed area in this test section requiring repair of the subgrade occurred between station 1311+70 and station 1312+30. No FWD data had been collected at a point in close proximity to this failed area during the first FWD survey. Thus no conclusion can be made as to whether the subgrade in this area was of marginal quality at the time of the first FWD survey; i.e., right after completion of phase one construction, or whether the subgrade was in an acceptable condition at that initial time and then deteriorated to a point of requiring repair by the time of the milling operation. It was suggested in chapter two that the subgrade experienced deterioration due to the incorporation of water via the overlying permeable asphalt pavement.

The data for the 10 percent CRM section shows a deflection value approaching 400  $\mu\text{m}$  at station 1296+00. The 12 percent CRM section did not have such high values at any of the tested stations. For this section neither the high deflection value locations observed in the first FWD survey or the failed areas requiring repair were located within the 500-ft. segment encompassed by the second FWD survey.

A final set of FWD data was collected from each of the 500-ft. segments subsequent to phase two construction in March of 1999 and these results are shown in Figures 3.9 through 3.12. No deflection values exceeded 300  $\mu\text{m}$  at any of the tested station locations. The reduction in the magnitude of maximum deflection from the previous two FWD surveys may be attributed to the pavement structure including an additional 1.5-in. surface course at this time of testing that was not in place during either of the previous surveys.

Skid tests were also conducted in March of 1999 on the same 500-ft. segments that were tested to obtain the final set of FWD data. Table 3.5 shows the results of this testing. All of the average skid numbers were above 35 indicating acceptable skid conditions for all sections. No general trend can be observed of skid number with percent CRM in the phase two construction pavement as was observed in the phase one construction pavement. This may be due to the fact that there was more CRM in the phase one construction mix than in the phase two construction mix; i.e., the maximum percentage of CRM in the phase one construction mix was 12 percent and in phase two the maximum was 12 percent of 15 percent, or 1.8 percent in the mix. An additional consideration is that at the time that this data was collected the pavement had already experienced 20 months of traffic so the results of this testing would reflect the affects of this traffic.

An evaluation of rutting was not an original objective of this study. In conjunction with this study; however, was State Study No. 111 – Polymer Modified Hot Mix Asphalt Field Trial which had as one of its main objectives an evaluation of rutting of HMA given different

polymer modifiers. Due in part to State Study No. 111 and to rutting problems in general being experienced on Mississippi state highways two sets of rut measurements were obtained from the 500-ft. segment of each test section and the control section. From the beginning of August 1997 through the middle of October 1999; i.e., the period of time that the rut performance was monitored, the sections experienced approximately  $6.8 \times 10^5$  ESALs.

Figures 3.13 and 3.14 are graphs of manual rut measurements for respectively the inside and outside wheel paths. These graphs represent the rutting performance of mixes containing 15 percent CRM RAP material in the surface course of the test sections and 11 percent RAP in the surface course of the control section. Measurements were taken in March of 1999 and again in October of 1999. No measurement was taken immediately after the placement of the surface course but the graphs reflect the assumption of no rutting for that time.

Overall the rutting experienced by the sections is minimal for the length of time monitoring was performed for this study. The rutting in the outside wheel path of the control section was consistently greater than that of the same wheel path of the test sections but a different performance is observed for the inside wheel path. Note that for the section with 15 percent of 10 percent CRM RAP material both wheel paths have the least rutting in the March 1999 survey. However, subsequent to this survey a significant increase in the rate of rutting occurs in both lanes of this section. By the October survey the inside lane has experienced the greatest amount of rutting of all the sections and the outside lane has experienced the second greatest amount of rutting. These observations suggest that rut performance should continue to be monitored for all of the sections.

Table 3.1 Test Results for Phase One Construction HMA During Paving – Outside Lane

Sample	Type Sample	Sample Temperature Degrees F.	% AC	% Air Voids
Control	Binder	295	4.94	4.7
	Surface	325	5.73	4.8
8% CRM	Binder	370	4.86	4.1
	Surface	365	5.57	3.6
10 % CRM	Binder	379	4.65	4.2
	Surface	376	5.12	4.4
12% CRM	Binder	360	4.52	4.9
	Surface	376	5.22	4.2
Design	Binder	351 - 390	4.7	4.0
	Surface	351 - 390	5.5	4.0

Table 3.2 Test Results for Phase Two Construction HMA During Paving - Outside Lane

Sample	Type Sample	Sample Temperature Degrees F.	% AC	% Air Voids
Control	Surface	325	6.33	4.6
8% CRM RAP	Surface	325	6.62	4.9
10 % CRM RAP	Surface	300	6.37	4.8
12% CRM RAP	Surface	304	6.23	4.7
Design	Surface	273 - 327	6.50	4.0

Table 3.3 Rut and IRI Performance Measurements from November 1995 survey

Project No.: State Study 61-0120-02-115-001  
 County: Alcorn  
 Route: US 72 Westbound Lane  
 Location: Between SR2 to 2 miles West of SR2  
 Test Date: November 3, 1995  
 Test Time: 2:15 PM  
 Weather: Cool (Temperature 48 Degrees F.)

Test Section	Distance (MILE)		Rut Depth Avg. (inch)	IRI mm/m
	From	To		
Control Section	0.40	0.50	-0.050	0.90
	0.50	0.60	-0.040	0.88
	0.60	0.70	-0.041	0.93
	0.70	0.80	-0.030	0.93
	0.80	1.00	<del>-0.030</del>	<del>0.86</del>
			Average:	-0.038
8% CRM	1.00	1.03	-0.137	0.89
	1.03	1.13	-0.110	0.75
	1.13	1.34	-0.110	0.79
	1.34	1.44	-0.110	0.79
	1.44	1.63	-0.110	0.73
	1.63	1.70	<del>-0.110</del>	<del>1.00</del>
		Average:	-0.114	0.83
10% CRM	1.70	1.80	-0.110	0.74
	1.80	1.91	-0.137	0.68
	1.91	2.01	-0.137	0.71
	2.01	2.11	-0.110	0.74
	2.11	2.21	-0.100	0.70
	2.21	2.24	<del>-0.110</del>	<del>0.77</del>
		Average:	-0.117	0.72
12% CRM	2.24	2.34	-0.110	0.71
	2.34	2.44	-0.137	0.79
	2.44	2.54	-0.080	0.85
	2.54	2.64	-0.080	0.79
	2.64	2.73	<del>-0.090</del>	<del>0.86</del>
			Average:	-0.099

Table 3.4 Skid Measurements from August 1995 survey

Project No.: State Study 61-0120-02-115-001  
 County: Alcorn  
 Route: US 72 Westbound Lane  
 Location: Between SR2 to 2 miles West of SR2  
 Test Date: August 23, 1995  
 Test Time: 12:01 PM  
 Weather: Clear (Temperature 86 Degrees F.)

Test Section	Test No.	Distance (MILE)	Skid Numbers
Control Section	1	0.000	39.5
	2	0.121	46.5
	3	0.217	43.7
	4	0.296	48.7
	5	0.385	<del>49.9</del>
		Average:	46
8% CRM	6	0.632	52.7
	7	0.715	46.4
	8	0.790	49.4
	9	1.018	48.6
	10	1.094	<del>42.9</del>
		Average:	48
10% CRM	11	1.315	52.6
	12	1.384	48.4
	13	1.453	49.2
	14	1.530	53.3
	15	1.621	<del>51.2</del>
		Average:	51
12% CRM	16	1.837	58.2
	17	1.903	53.3
	18	1.993	52.6
	19	2.078	50.3
	20	2.154	<del>54.7</del>
		Average:	54

Table 3.5 Skid results from March 1999 survey

Group Name: Recyclability Of Rubber Modified Hot-Mix Asphalt  
 Route: US-72  
 Location: US-72 West Of Corinth Right Outside Lane.  
 County: Alcorn  
 Length: 2000 ft.  
 Type Surface: HMA  
 Weather Conditions: Fair  
 Ambient Temperature: 60  
 Tester: Sammie Evans: Skid Technician  
 Date Tested:3/16/99

		SN		
Test No. A.	Direction:	Outside Lane:		
0	West	42.3		
1		42.7		
Total	Avg.	<u>42.5</u>		Control section
		SN		
Test No. B	Direction:	Outside Lane:		
2	West	42.7		
3		43.9		
Total	Avg.	<u>43.3</u>		Surface with 15% of 8% CRM RAP
		SN		
Test No. C	Direction:	Outside Lane:		
4	West	42.1		
5		42.1		
Total	Avg.	<u>42.1</u>		Surface with 15% of 10% CRM RAP
		SN		
Test No.D	Direction:	Outside Lane:		
6	West	44.4		
7		44.4		
Total	Avg.	<u>44.4</u>		Surface with 15% of 12% CRM RAP



US72W CONTROL SECTION (1344+00 to 1370+40)

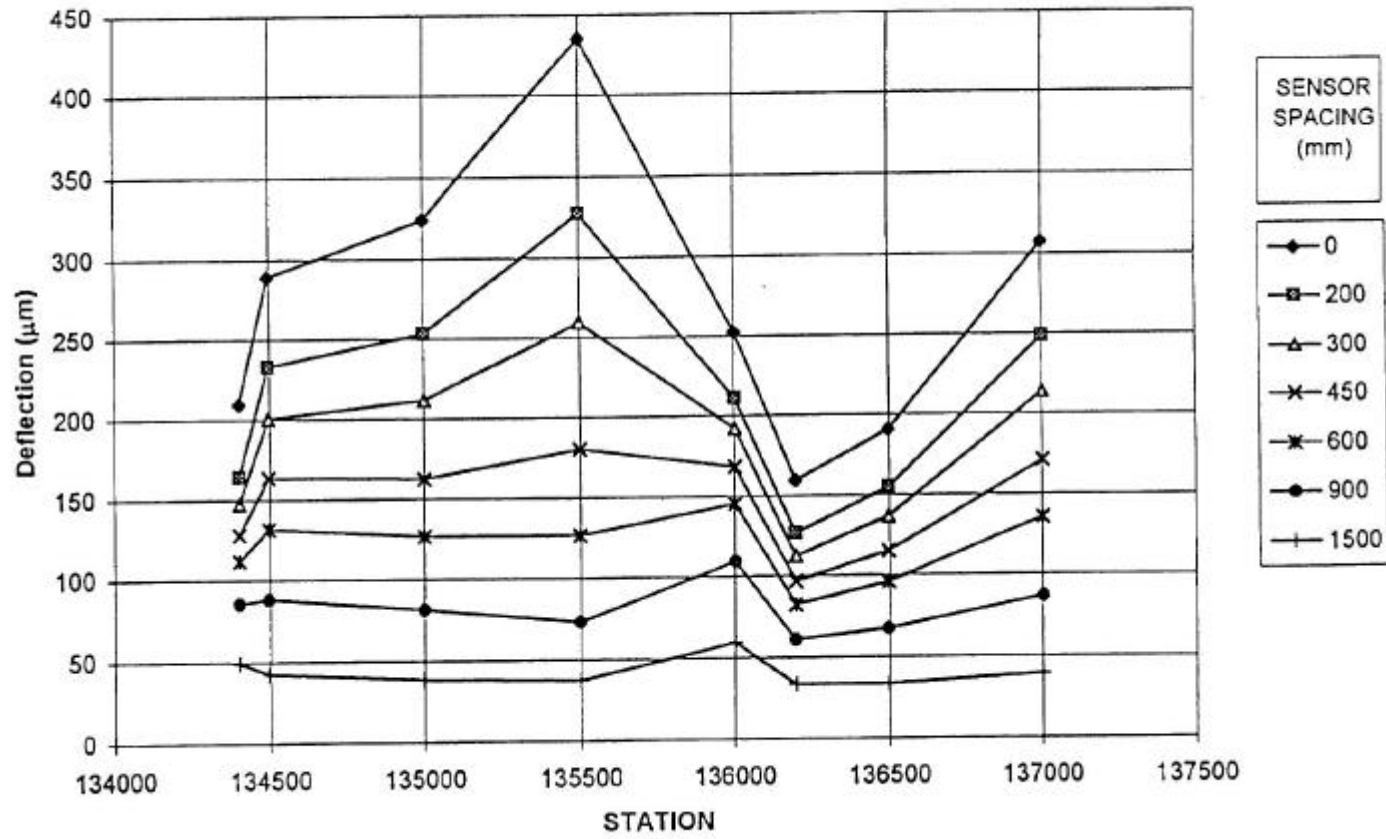


Figure 3.1 FWD data for control section

US72 8% RUBBER SECTION (1300+00 to 1338+36)

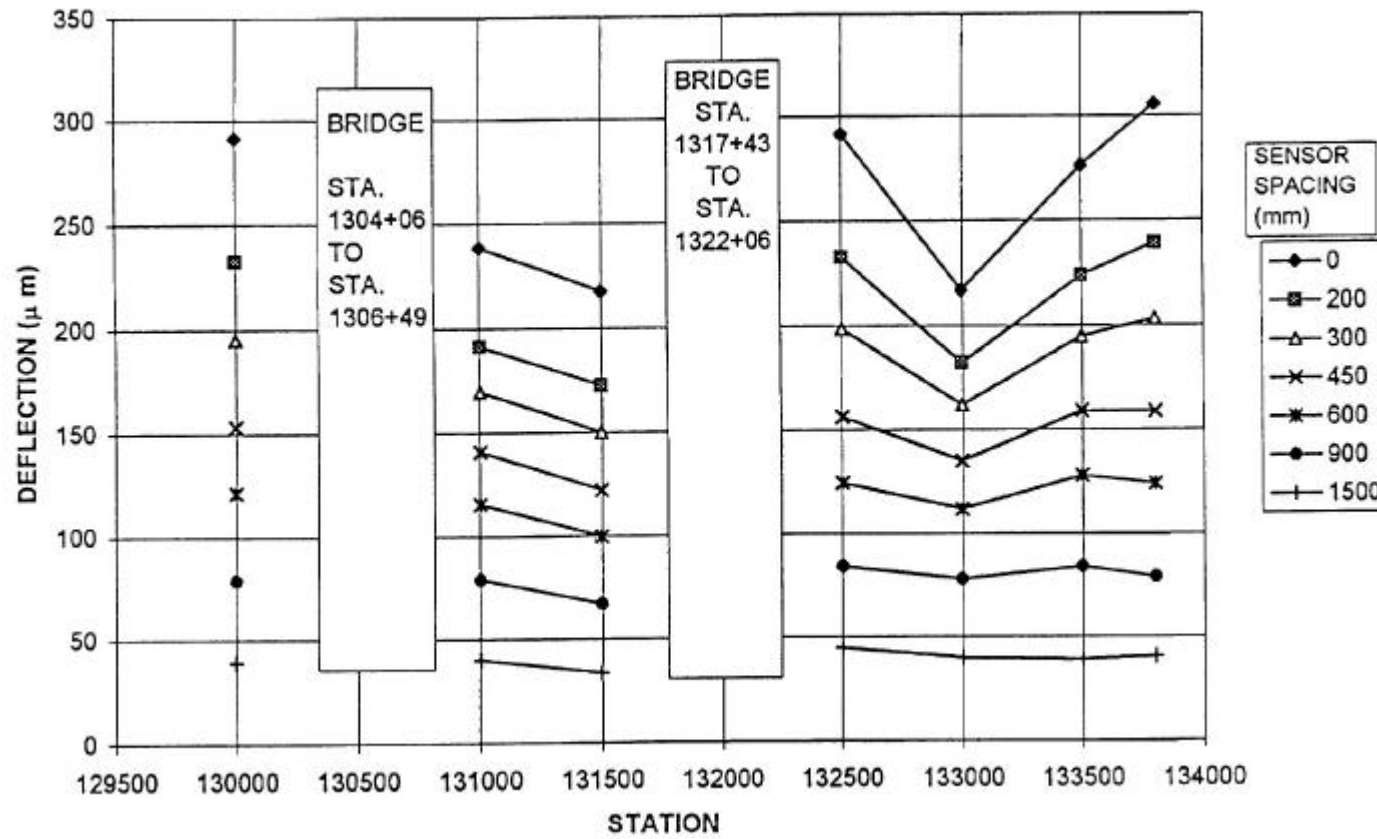


Figure 3.2 FWD data for 8% section

### US72 10% RUBBER SECTION (1273+00 to 1300+00)

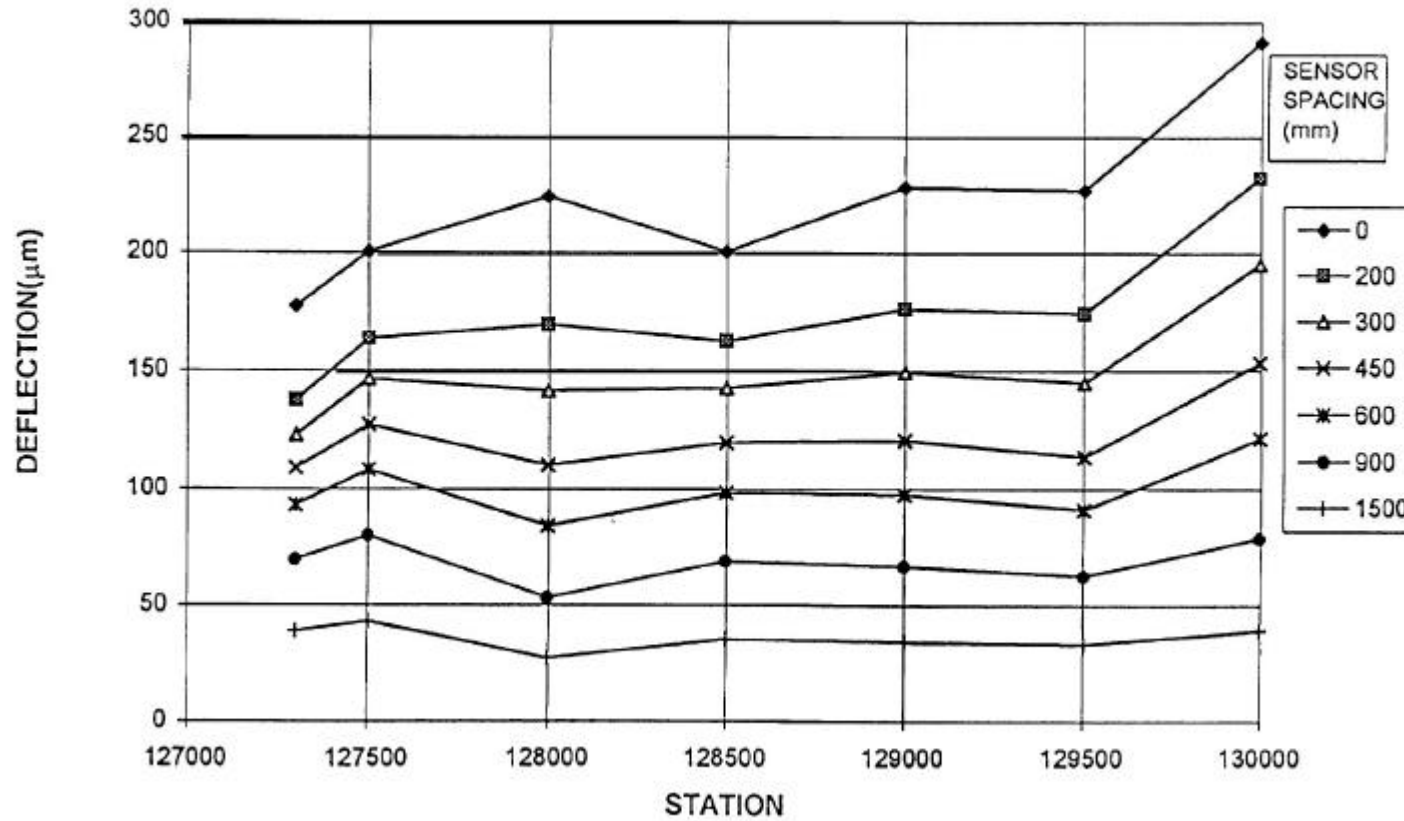


Figure 3.3 FWD data for 10% section

### US72 12% RUBBER SECTION (1245+50 to 1273+00)

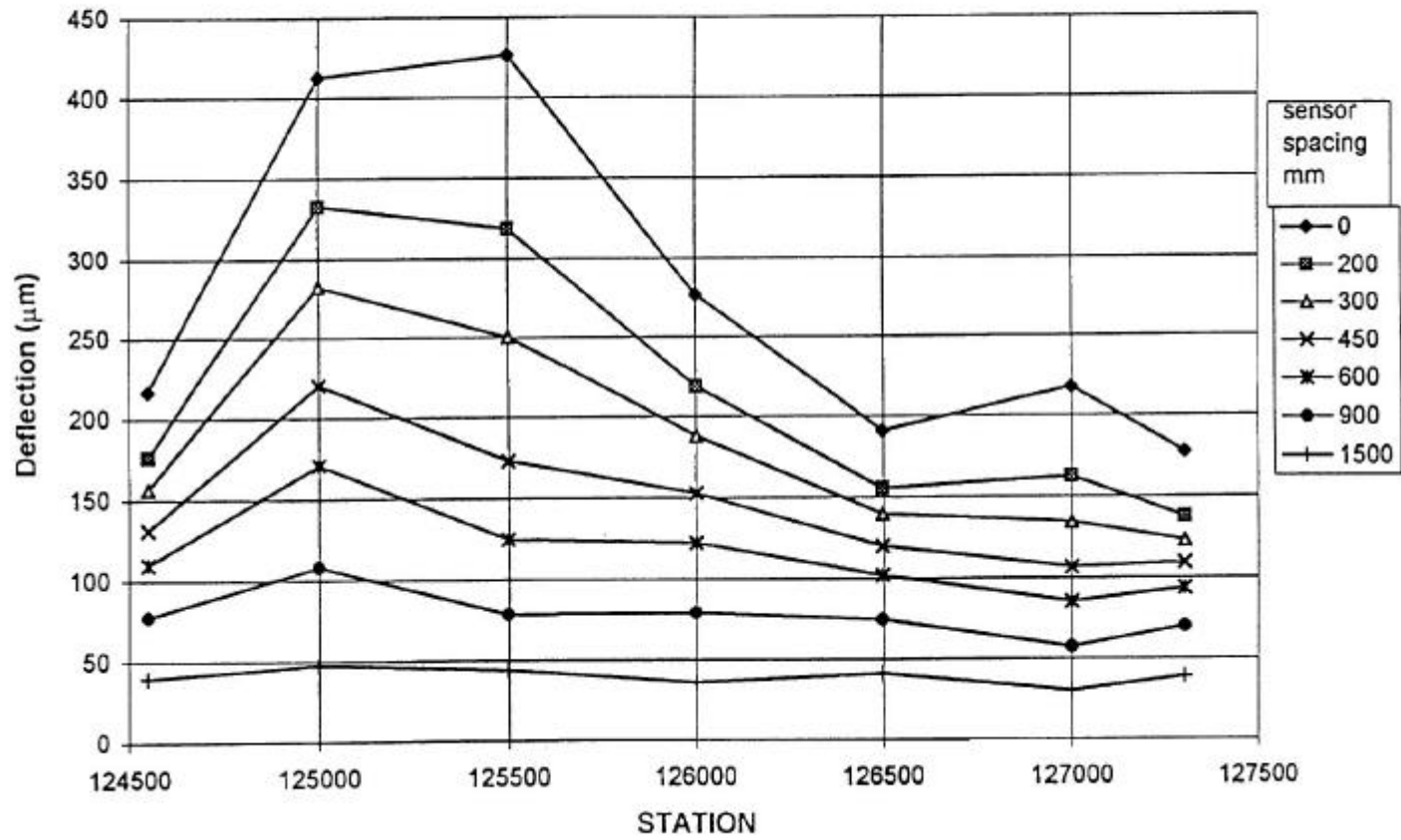


Figure 3.4 FWD data for 12% section

US72W CONTROL SECTION (1350+00 to 1355+00) JUNE 1997 PREMILLING SURVEY

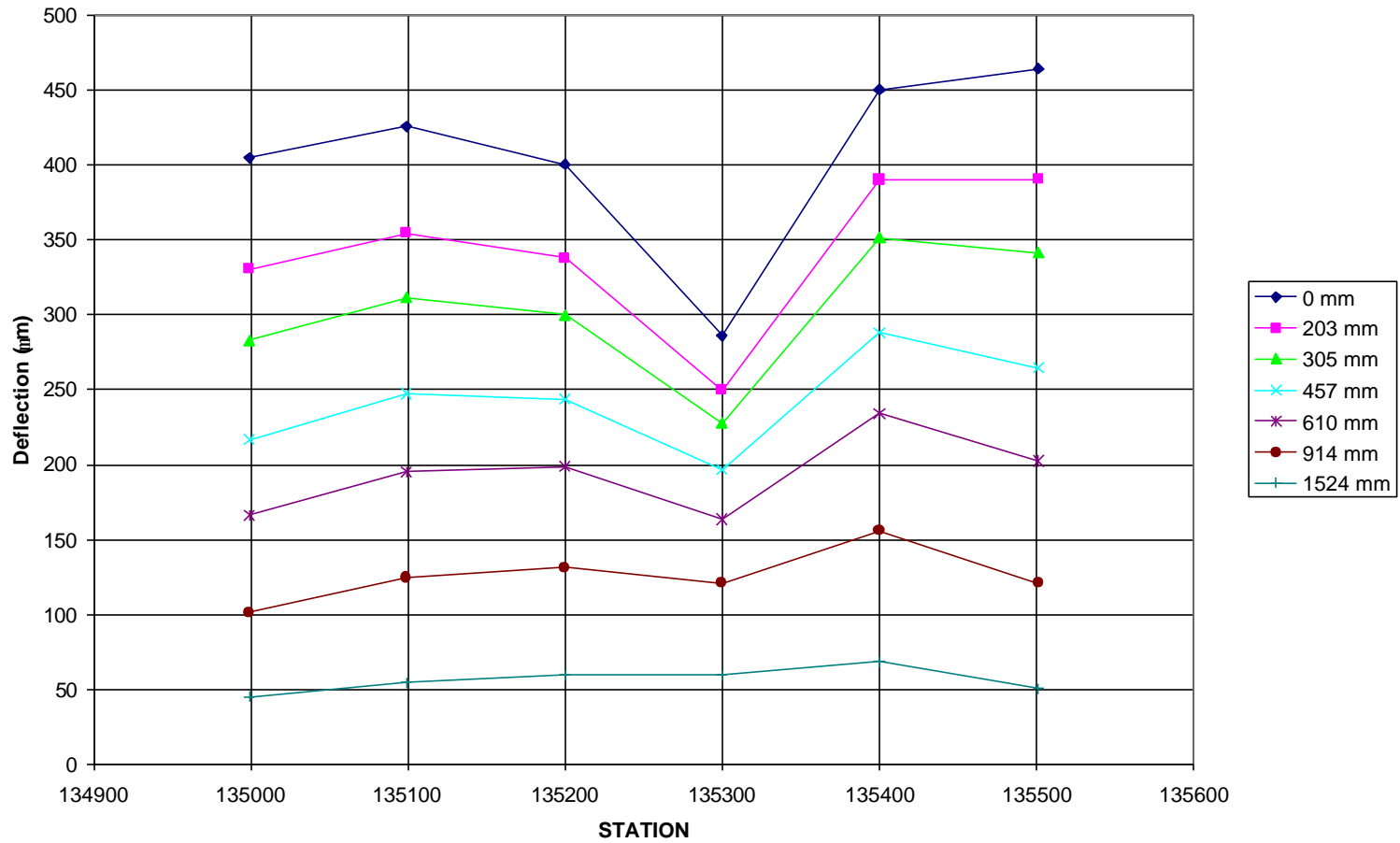


Figure 3.5 Premilling FWD data for control section.

### US72W TEST SECTION WITH 8% CRMHMA JUNE 1997 PREMILLING SURVEY

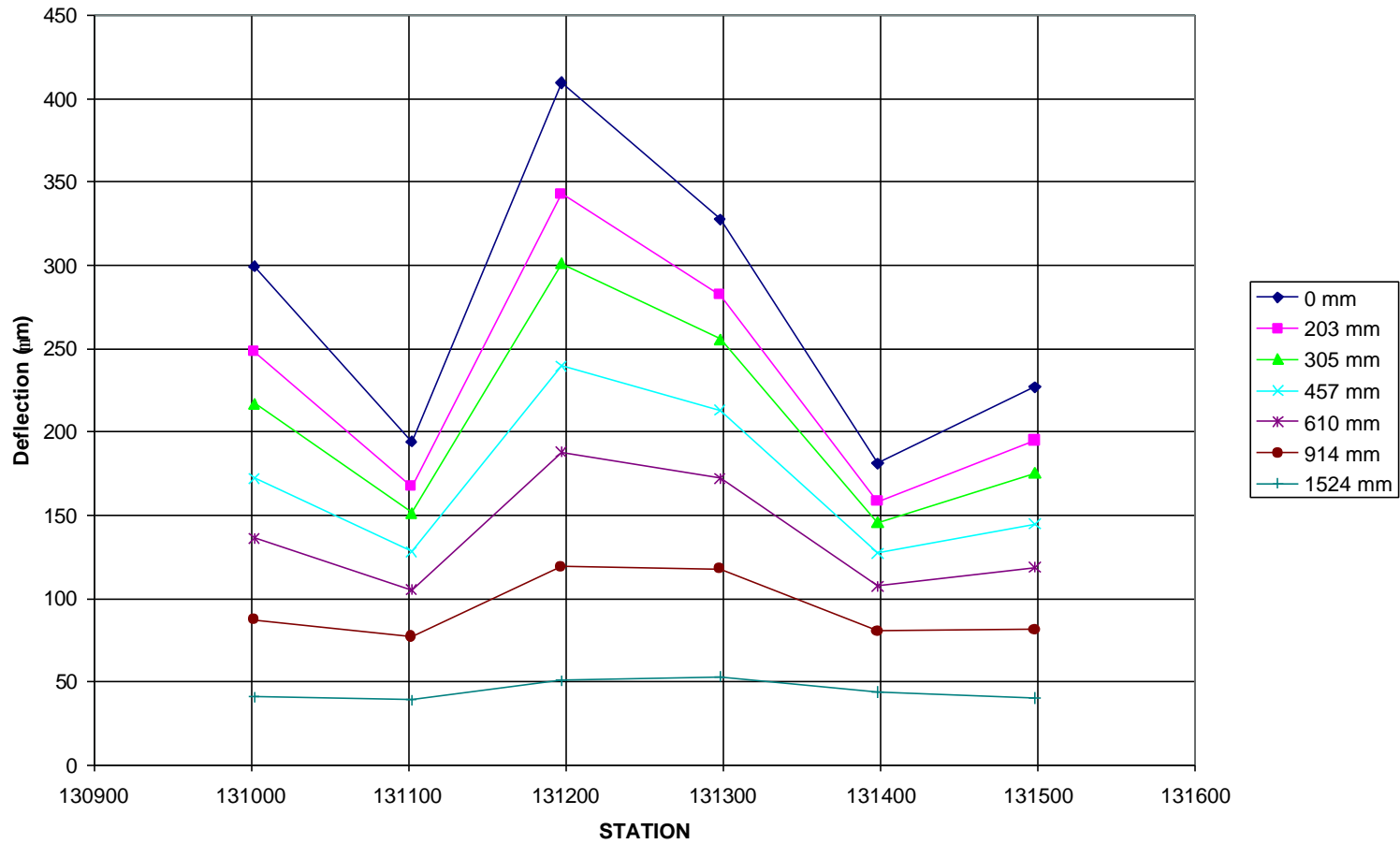


Figure 3.6 Premilling FWD data for 8 percent CRMHMA section.

### US72W TEST SECTION WITH 10% CRMHMA JUNE 1997 PREMILLING SURVEY

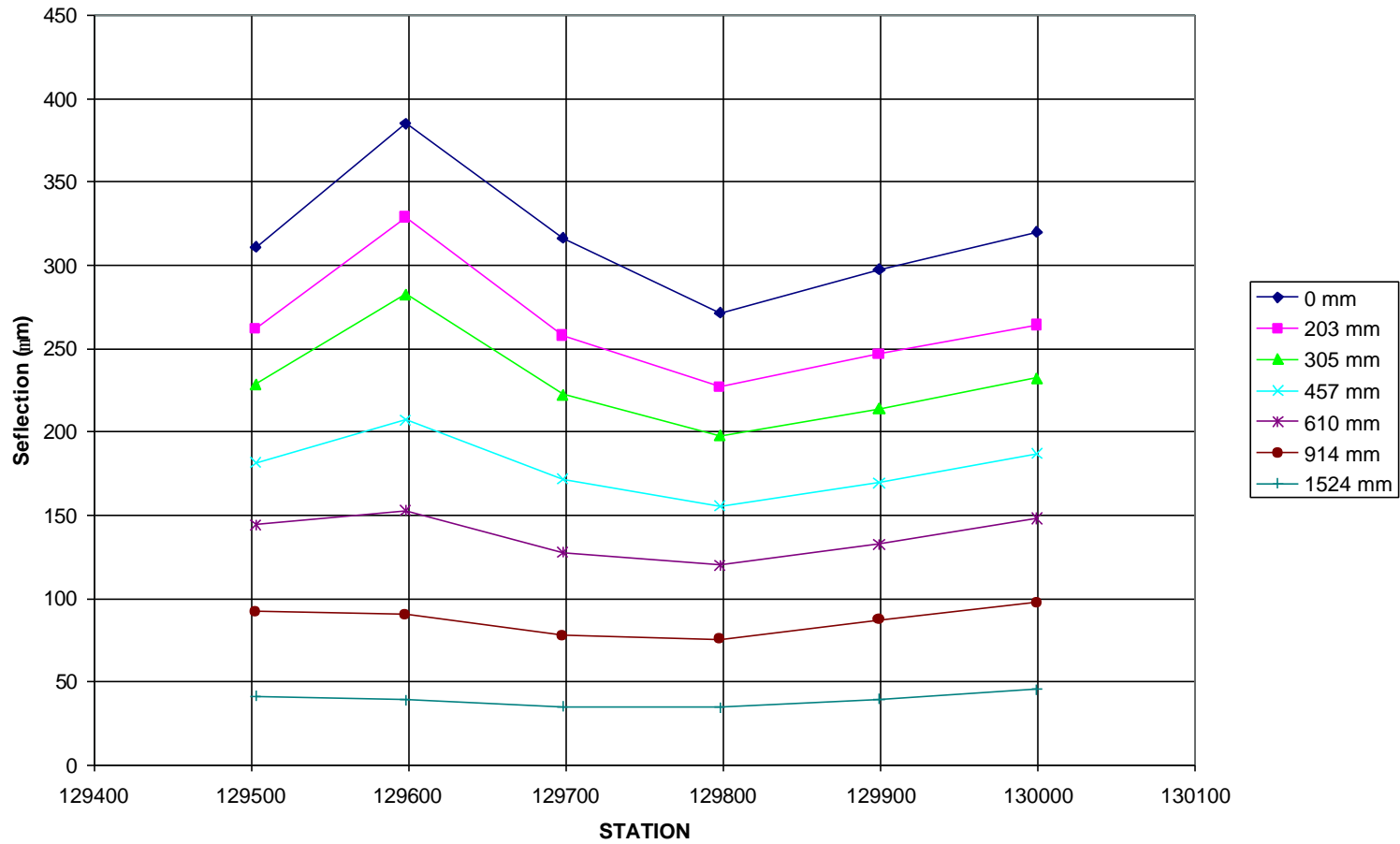


Figure 3.7 Premilling FWD data for 10 percent CRMHMA section.

US72W TEST SECTION WITH 12% CRMHMA JUNE 1997 PREMILLING SURVEY

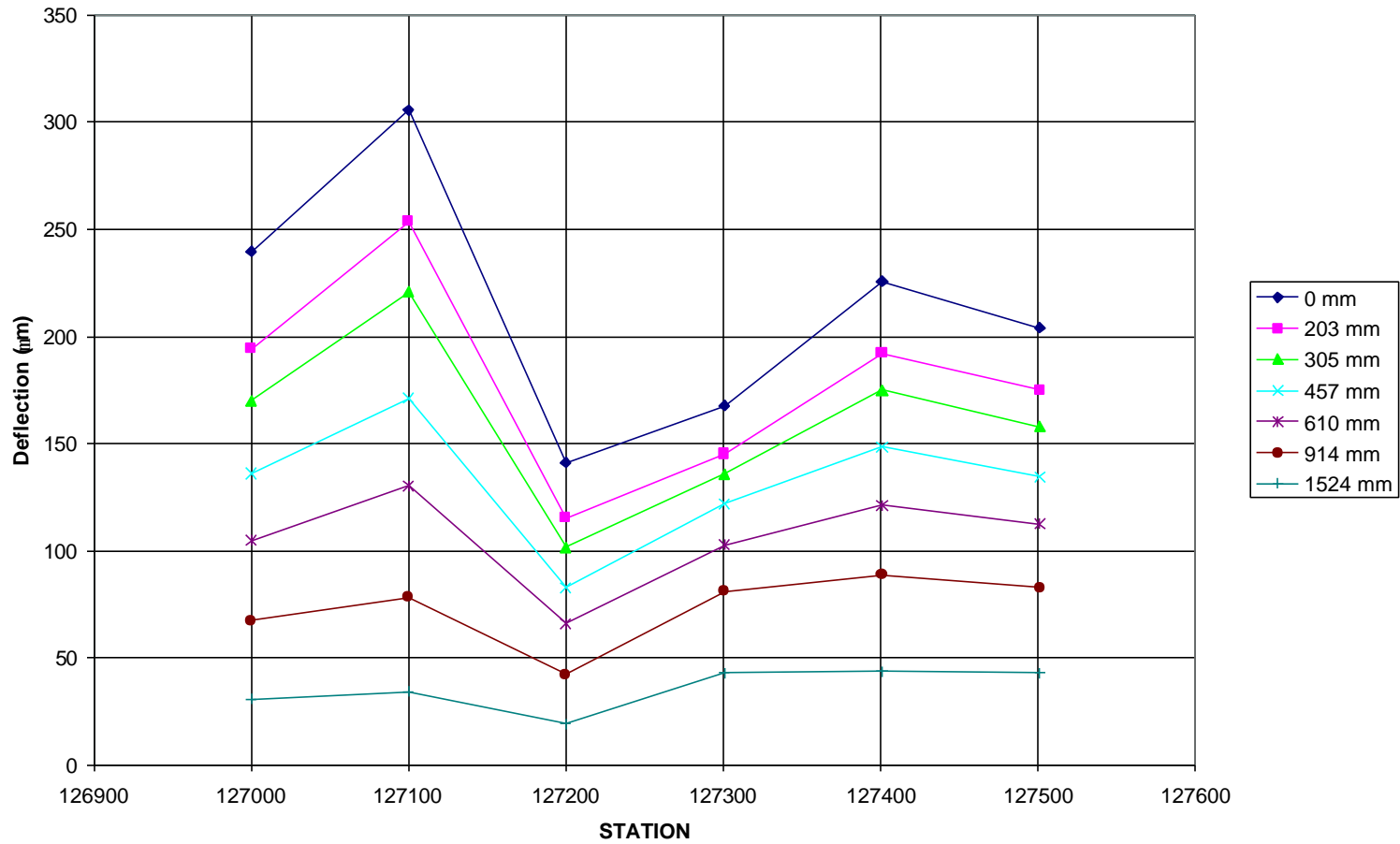


Figure 3.8 Premilling FWD data for 12 percent CRMHMA section.



US72W CONTROL SECTION (1350+00 to 1355+00) MARCH 1999 SURVEY

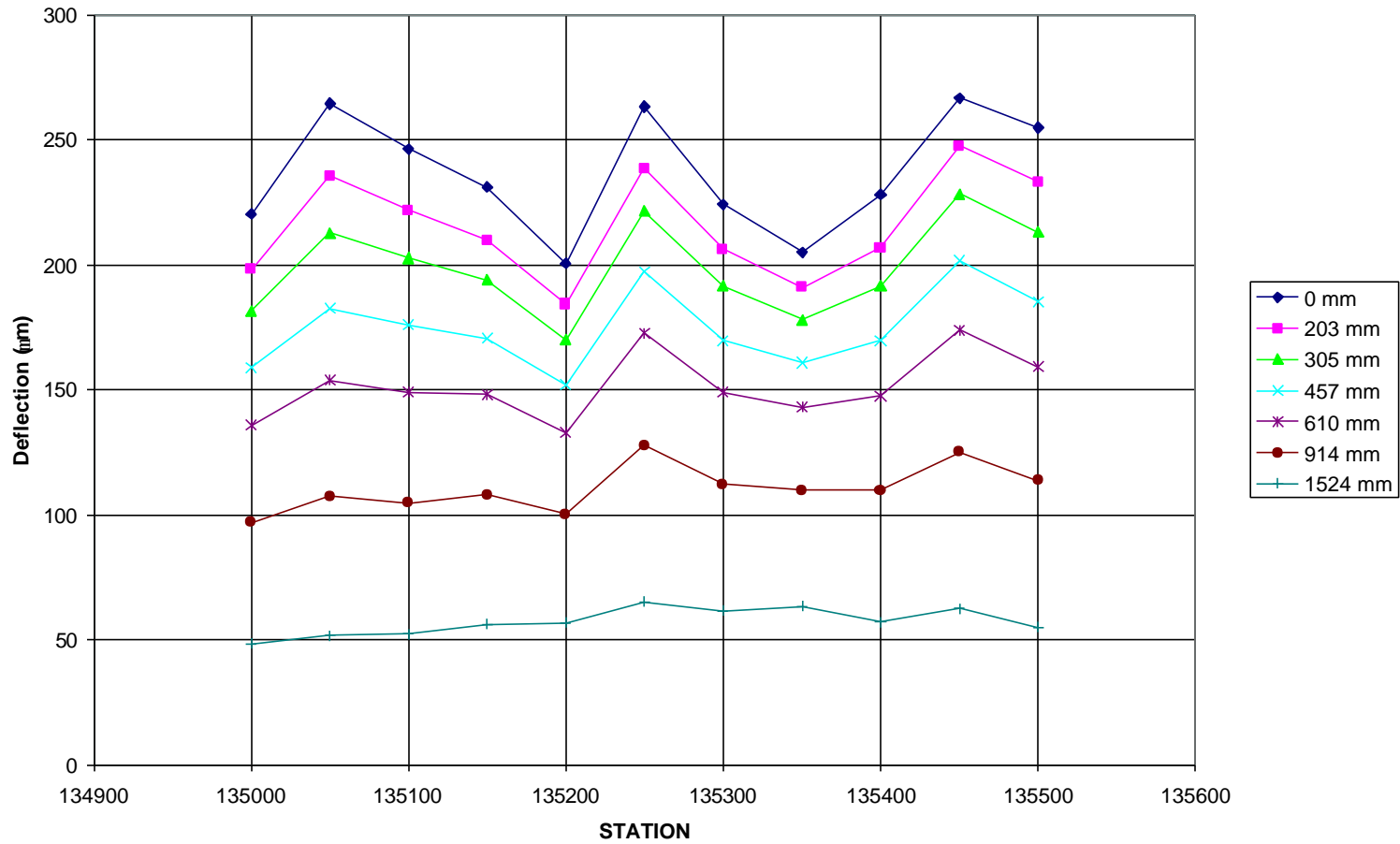


Figure 3.9 March 1999 FWD data for control section.

US72W TEST SECTION WITH 8% CRM RAP MARCH 1999 SURVEY

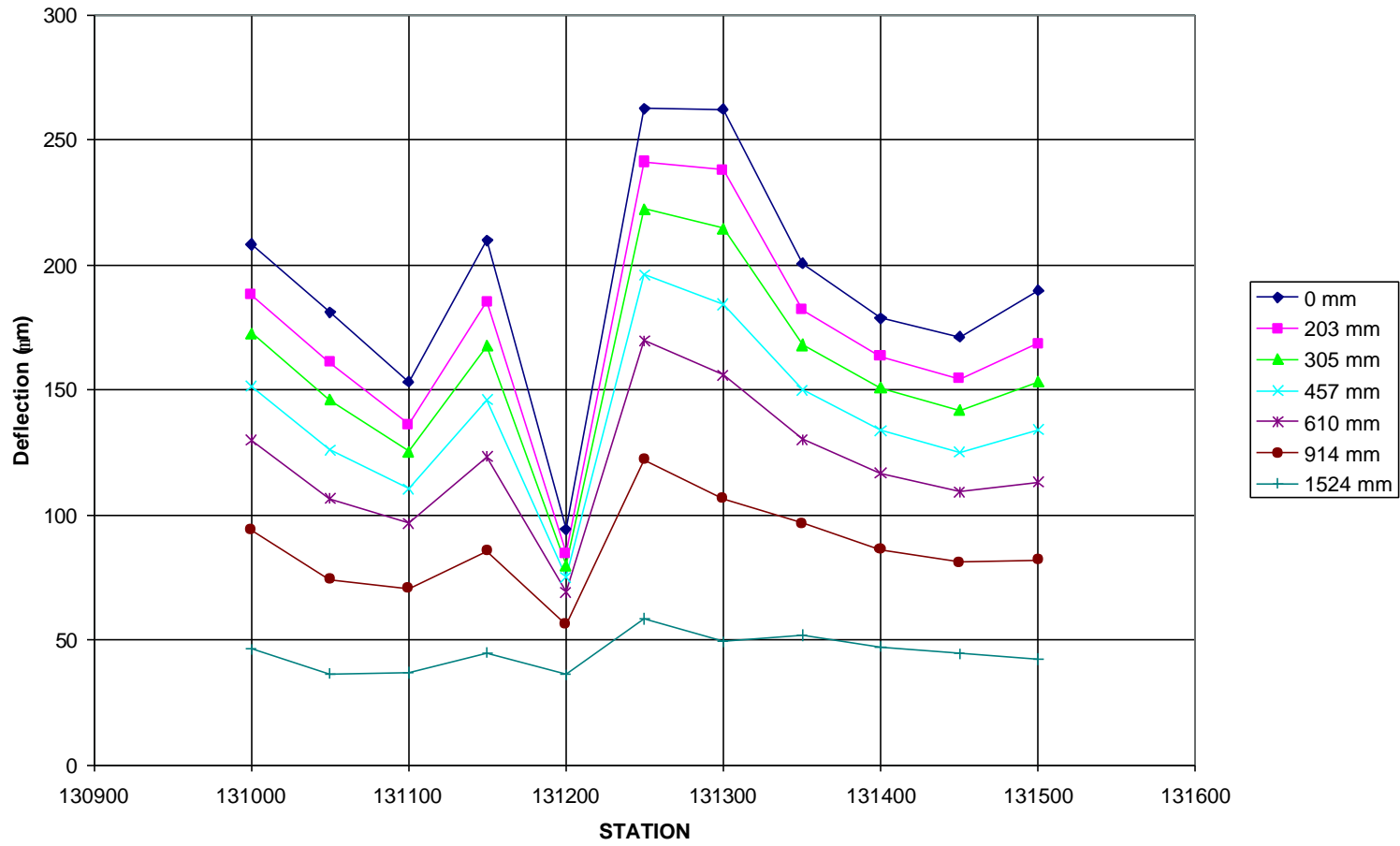


Figure 3.10 March 1999 FWD data for section with 15% of 8% CRM RAP.

US72W TEST SECTION WITH 10% CRM RAP MARCH 1999 SURVEY

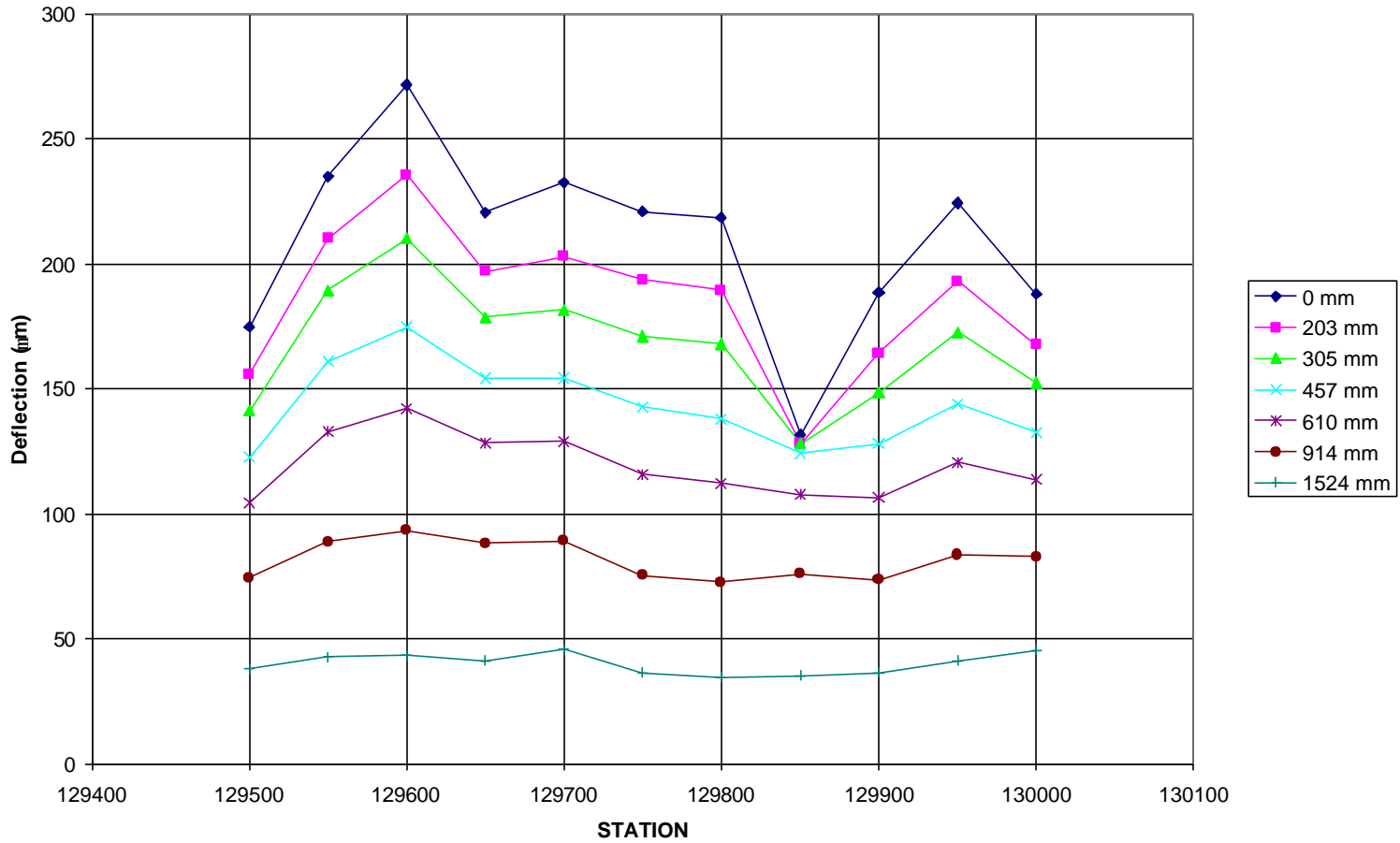


Figure 3.11 March 1999 FWD data for section with 15% of 10% CRM RAP.

US72W TEST SECTION WITH 12% CRM RAP MARCH 1999 SURVEY

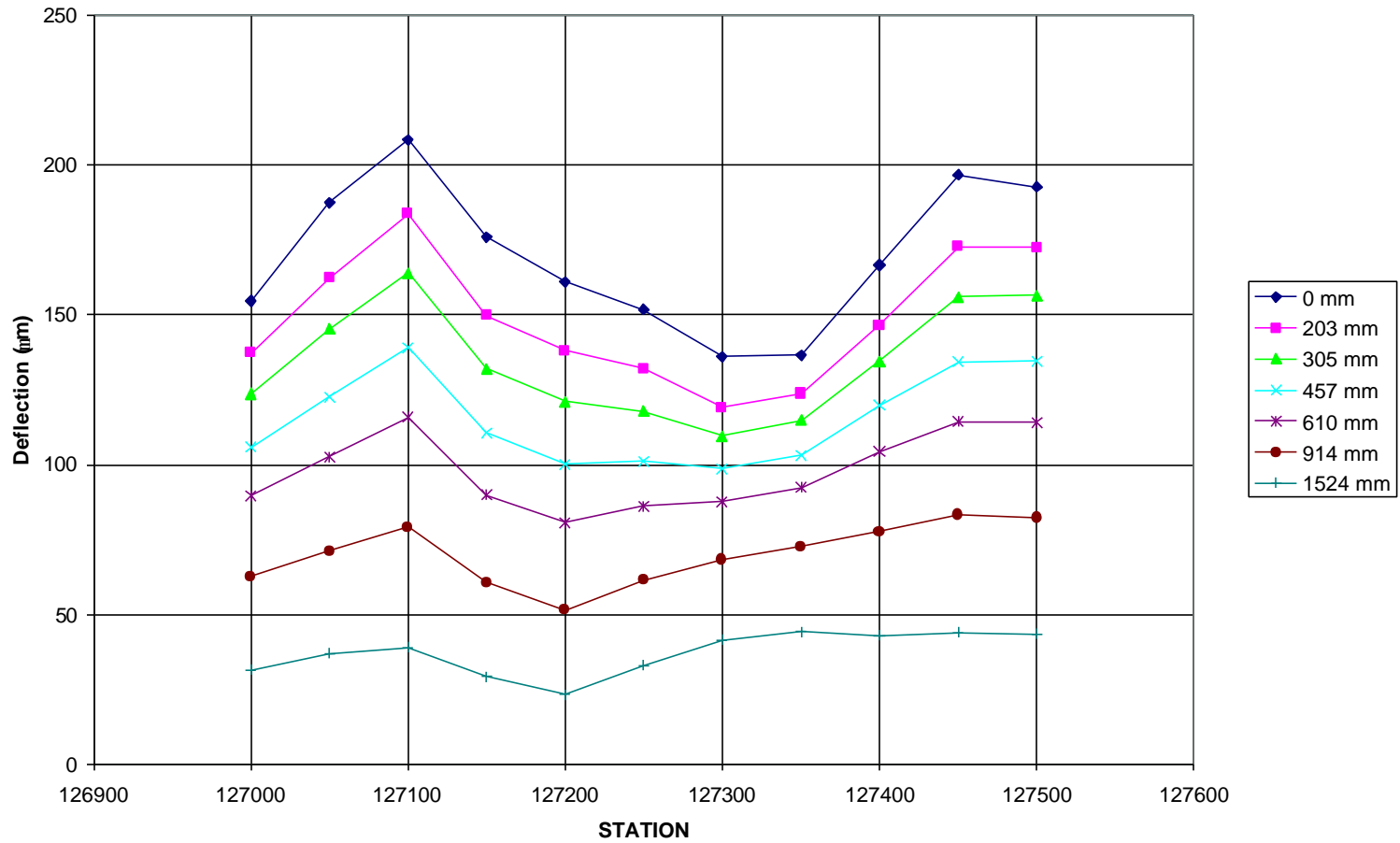


Figure 3.12 March 1999 FWD data for section with 15% of 12% CRM RAP.

### RUT MEASUREMENTS FOR INSIDE WHEEL PATH

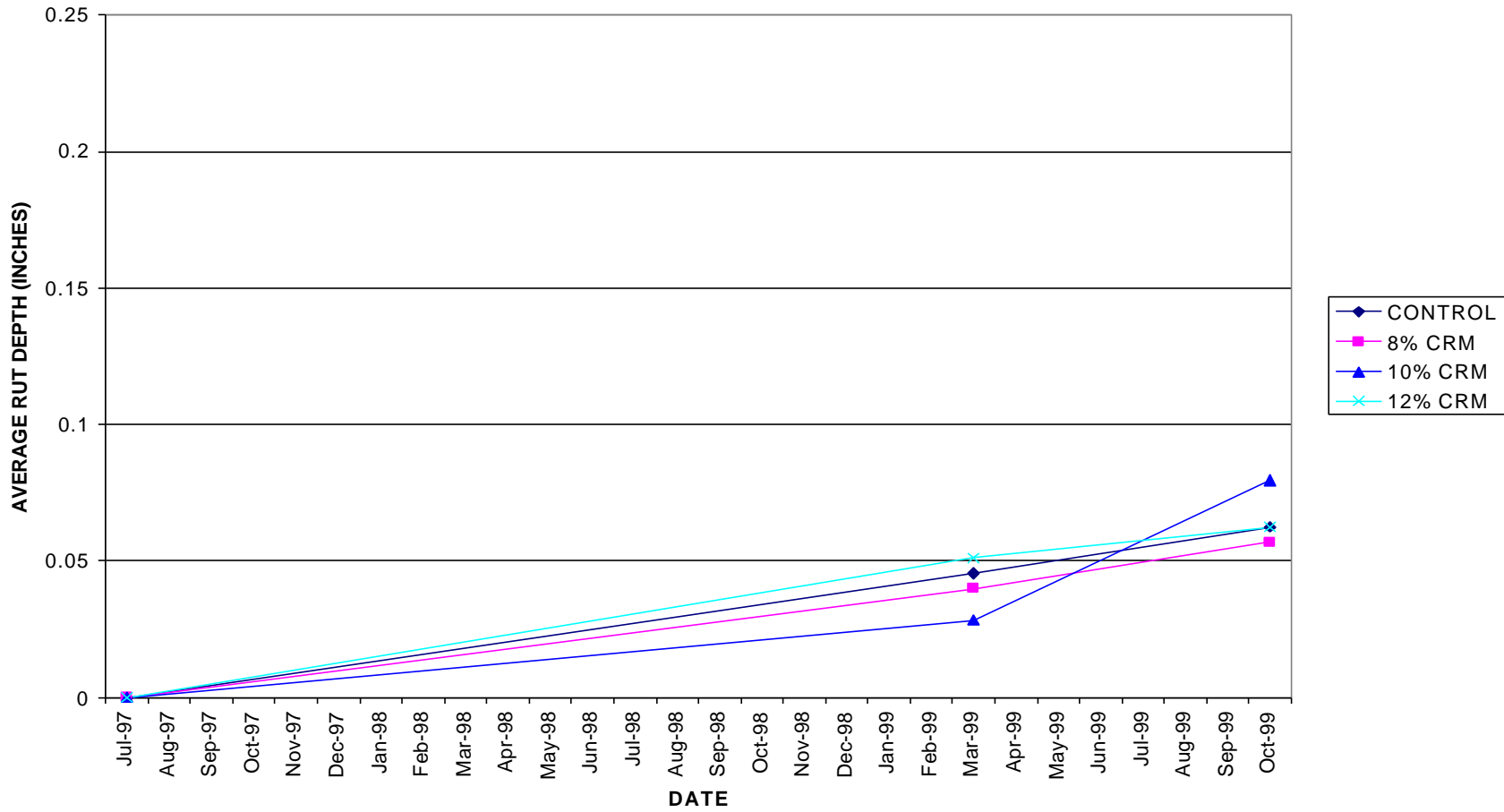


Figure 3.13 Manual rut measurements for inside wheel path

**RUT MEASUREMENTS FOR OUTSIDE WHEEL PATH**

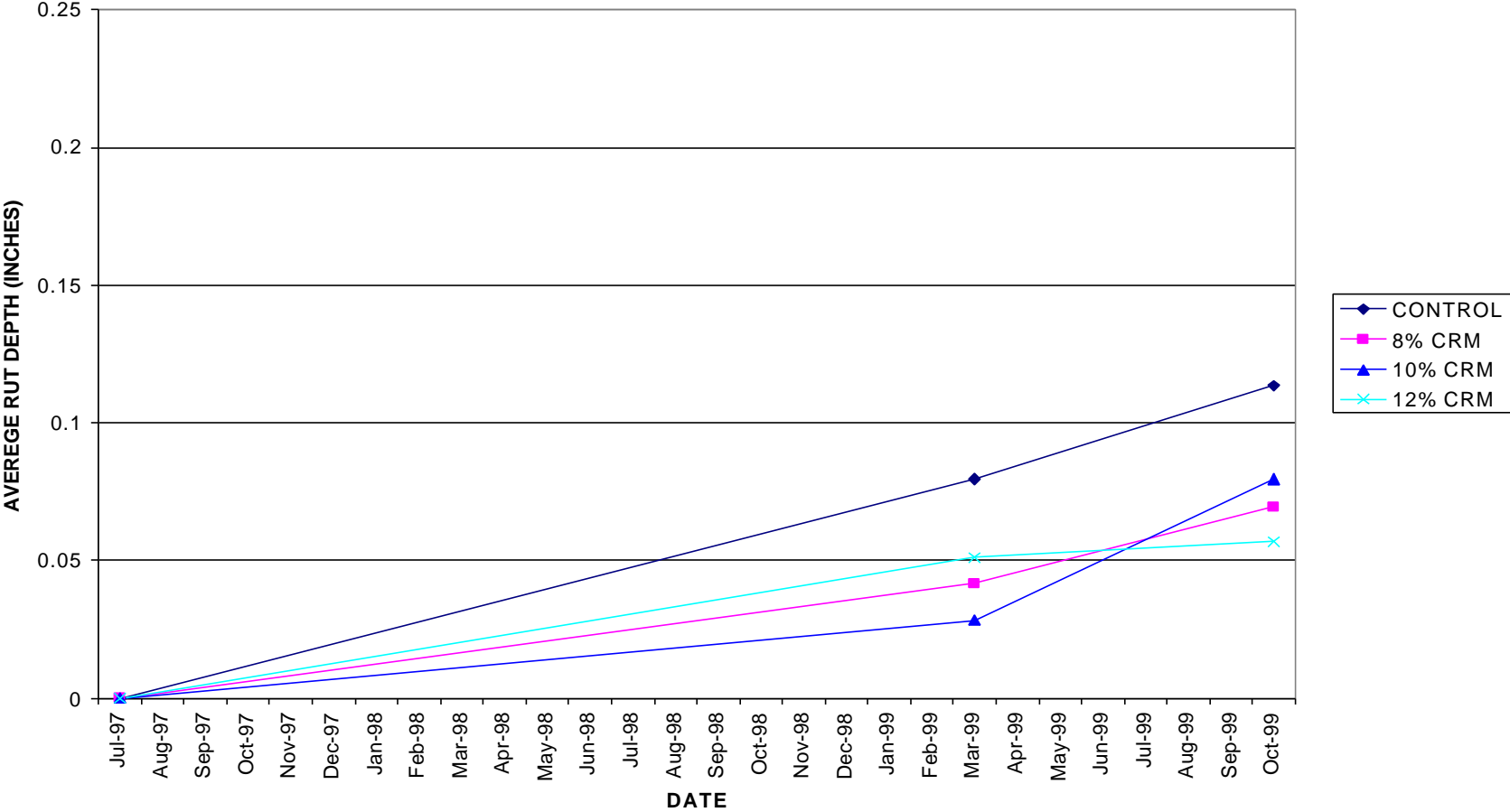


Figure 3.14 Manual rut measurements for outside wheel path

## CHAPTER 4

### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 4.1 Conclusions

The following conclusions are based on test results, activities at the HMA plant and observations made during placement of the mixes.

14. During laboratory testing for the CRMHMA mix design, it was determined that the mixing temperature should be within the range of 351 to 390 degrees F.
15. The CRMHMA was successfully produced in a normal HMA production facility with the addition of a blending unit being the only modification to the HMA production process.
16. Some additional air pollution was visually observed when the CRM was mixed with the AC in the portable blending unit and during plant operation for the production of the CRMHMA.
17. Placement of the CRMHMA on the roadway appeared to be in a normal fashion as it would be for regular HMA, except for increased smoke due to the higher temperatures required for compaction of the stiffer mix.
18. Laboratory tests conducted during phase one construction displayed a difficulty in achieving the design air voids at the design asphalt cement content for the CRMHMA.
19. Some gumming of the various components of the plant including the coating unit through to the surge bins was observed due to the use of the rubber modifier in the mix. This did not pose a significant problem regarding plant operations for the production of the HMA for this study.
20. Initial performance tests were conducted on the CRMHMA pavement soon after completion of phase one construction. The pavement had low roughness readings and high skid values indicating that it was in an excellent initial condition.
21. There was an increase in the average skid number with increasing amounts of CRM in the mix for the CRMHMA pavement.
22. During milling operations of the CRMHMA pavement no gumming was observed of the teeth on the milling machine due to the rubber content in the pavement.
23. The CRM RAP material was fed into the counter flow drum plant, as would any other RAP material.
24. The mixing temperature for the surface mix with 15 percent of CRM RAP was within the range of 273 and 327 degrees F.

25. Laboratory tests conducted during phase two construction displayed a difficulty in achieving the design air voids at the design asphalt cement content for the HMA containing the CRM RAP material.
26. No additional air pollution was visually noted during plant production of HMA containing the RAP with CRM.
27. Overall the rutting experienced by the sections is minimal for the length of time monitoring was performed for the surface course of the test sections containing 15 percent CRM RAP material or the control section containing 11 percent RAP material.

#### 4.2 Recommendations

1. Review existing procedures and/or develop new procedures to mix the CRM with the asphalt cement at the terminal, deliver the blend to the HMA plant and maintain the blend at the HMA plant.
2. Develop a new study to investigate the trend observed in this study of increased skid number with increased amounts of CRM in the HMA mix.
3. Continue to monitor the rut performance of the three test sections and the control section for at least three more years.



## REFERENCES

1. Heitzman, Michael A., "State of Practice - Design and Construction of Asphalt Paving Materials with Crumb Rubber Modifier"; Report No. FHWA-SA-92-022, May 1992, Federal Highway Administration, Washington, D. C.
2. Hanson, Douglas I. and Foo, Kee Y., "Evaluation and Characterization of a Rubber Modified Hot Mix Asphalt (RMHMA) Pavement (U.S. 82 - Columbus, MS)"; December 1992, National Center for Asphalt Technology, Auburn University, AL.
3. Hanson, Douglas I. and Foo, Kee Y., "Evaluation and Characterization of a Rubber Modified Hot Mix Asphalt (RMHMA) Pavement (U.S. 82 - Columbus, MS)"; February 1994, National Center for Asphalt Technology, Auburn University, AL.
4. Roberts, Freddy L., P.S. Kandhal, E.R. Brown, D.Y. Lee, and T.W. Kennedy. Hot Mix Asphalt Materials, Mixture Design, and Construction. Second Edition. NAPA Education Foundation, Lanham, Maryland, 1996.

APPENDIX A

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORTS FOR PHASE ONE CONSTRUCTION

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A1 Lot No. CONTROL STRIP 2 Date 06/01/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9614105 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTBC Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		11:35 AM			11:35 AM			Date		06/01/95	/ /
Temperature		295			295			Time		12:05 PM	
Sample Wt. (W)		1698.0			1698.0			Temperature		295	
Weight of Moist (M)		0.7			0.7			Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1217.4
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		1697.3			1697.3					Water Wt.	700.4
Corr. AC %		83.8			83.8					SSD Wt.	1218.4
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		1613.5			1613.5					Volume	518.0
Job Mix		Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing			Dev.	Sp. Grav.
100.0	1"		100.0			100.0			voids	4.7	
97.0	3/4"	17.1	98.9	1.9	17.1	98.9	1.9		VMA	13.6	
80.0	1/2"	246.1	87.7	4.7	246.1	87.7	4.7		Dial	141.0	
61.0	3/8"	547.6	66.1	5.1	547.6	66.1	5.1		Stability	2150.0	
35.0	#4	995.3	38.3	3.3	995.3	38.3	3.3	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)		4.98	
27.0	#8	1140.7	28.3	2.3	1140.7	28.3	2.3	Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)	Sample Wt.	552.3	
	#16								Wt. Water	0.2	
15.0	#30	1361.5	15.6	0.6	1361.5	15.6	0.6		% Moisture	0.04	
8.0	#50	1460.8	9.5	1.5	1460.8	9.5	1.5	Corrected Asphalt Content		4.94	
3.7	#200	1541.6	4.5	0.8	1541.6	4.5	0.8	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	Sample Wt.	1702.4	
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)									Cal. Wt.	7550.7	
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5			Final Wt.	8562.4	
Station		1362+08	1359+56	1347+24	1360+74	1358+59			Volume	690.7	
Location		6'	7'	2'	12'	8'			Max. Sp.Grav.	2.465	
CORE DENSITY	Thickness	1	1	2"	1	1	Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. <u>2.586</u>		Job Mix AC% <u>4.70</u>		
	Air Wt.	922.6	1029.4	1134.1	951.3	951.1	Remarks _____				
	Water Wt.	524.6	584.6	638.2	541.7	531.6					
	SSD Wt.	927.9	1033.9	1137.3	956.4	954.4					
	Volume	403.3	449.3	499.1	414.7	422.8					
	Sp. Gravity	2.288	2.291	2.278	2.294	2.249					
	Max. Sp. Gravity	2.465					Average Density		Plant Inspector: <u>TONY PATTERSON</u>		
	% Density	92.9	92.9	92.4	93.1	91.3	Density				

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A1      Date: 06/01/95                      Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: CONTROL STRIP 2    Lot Length: 4709'                      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1370+85                      End Sta. No.: 1350+40                      Binder: HTBC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1362+06	1359+56	1347+24	1360+74	1358+59	
Location	6'	7'	2'	12'	8'	
Core Density PCF	92.8	92.9	92.4	93.1	91.3	92.5
Nuclear Density PCF	89.4	90.4	89.3	90.1	89.5	89.7
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF	+3.4	+2.5	+3.1	+3.0	+1.8	+2.8

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks LAID RIGHT AND LEFT SIDE, LEFT LANE

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A2 Lot No. CONTROL STRIP 4 Date 06/21/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615543 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTBC SC Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2	
Time		11:00 AM			11:00 AM			Date		06/21/95	/ /	
Temperature		325			325			Time		11:40 AM		
Sample Wt. (W)		2367.6			2367.6			Temperature		290		
Weight of Moist (M)		0.5			0.5			Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1197.4	
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		2367.1			2367.1					Water Wt.	674.5	
Corr. AC %		135.6			135.6					SSD Wt.	1197.6	
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2231.5			2231.5					Volume	523.1	
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.289	
	1"									Voids	4.8	
100.0	3/4"		100.0			100.0				VMA	16.5	
98.0	1/2"	101.8	95.4	2.6	101.8	95.4	2.6			Dial	167.0	
86.0	3/8"	352.8	84.2	1.8	352.8	84.2	1.8			Stability	2533.0	
53.0	#4	1071.5	52.0	1.0	1071.5	52.0	1.0			Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)	5.75	
36.0	#8	1519.0	31.9	4.1	1519.0	31.9	4.1	Moisture	Sample Wt. 530.0			
25.0	#16	1754.5	21.3	3.7	1754.5	21.3	3.7	Correction (AASHTO: T110)	Wt. Water 0.1			
17.0	#30	1895.1	15.1	1.9	1895.1	15.1	1.9	Corrected Asphalt Content	% Moisture 0.02			
10.0	#50	2041.8	8.5	1.5	2041.8	8.5	1.5	Maximum	Sample Wt. 1686.0			
5.0	#200	2127.7	4.7	0.3	2127.7	4.7	0.3	Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	Cal. Wt. 7559.7			
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)										Final Wt. 8544.4		
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5			Volume 701.3			
Station		1370+37	1361+15	1357+14	1352+24	1344+42			Max. Sp.Grav. 2.404			
Location		12'	3'	8'	3'	11'						
CORE DENSITY	Thickness	3"	1	1	1	1	Agg. Bulk Sp. Gra 2.585		Job Mix AC% 5.50			
	Air Wt.	1862.0	1041.4	891.2	1012.6	843.2	Remarks _____					
	Water Wt.	1017.7	590.8	493.9	563.8	462.2						
	SSD Wt.	1866.8	1046.1	893.6	1014.0	843.9						
	Volume	849.1	465.3	399.7	450.2	381.7						
	Sp. Gravity	2.193	2.239	2.230	2.249	2.209			Average Density			
	Max. Sp. Gravity	2.404							Plant Inspector: TONY PATTERSON			
	% Density	91.2	93.1	92.8	93.6	91.9			Density			

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A2      Date: 06/21/95      Project: 16-0007-01-053-10  
 Lot No.: CONTROL STRIP 4      Lot Length: 2824'      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1342+40      End Sta. No.: 1370+64      Binder: HTBC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1370+37	1361+15	1357+14	1352+24	1344+42	
Location	12'	3'	8'	3'	11'	
Core Density PCF	91.2	93.1	92.8	93.6	91.9	92.5
Nuclear Density PCF	88.5	91.6	91.8	91.5	91.3	90.9
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF	+2.7	+1.5	+1.0	+2.1	+0.6	+1.6

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks LAID LEFT SIDE, LEFT LANE

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A3 Lot No. CONTROL STRIP 5 Date 07/06/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615271 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTBC 8% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		11:50 AM			11:50 AM			Date		07/06/95	/ /
Temperature		380			380			Time		12:35 PM	
Sample Wt. (W)		3075.6			3075.6			Temperature		330	
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1216.1
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		3075.6			3075.6					Water Wt.	698.8
Corr. AC %		148.2			148.2					SSD Wt.	1517.0
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2927.4			2927.4					Volume	578.2
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.347
100.0	1"		100.0			100.0		Void	4.0		
97.0	3/4"	16.7	99.0	0.6	16.7	99.0	0.6	VMA	15.6		
80.0	1/2"	398.0	86.4	6.4	398.0	86.4	6.4	Dial	226.0		
61.0	3/8"	927.4	68.3	7.3	927.4	68.3	7.3	Stability	3420.0		
35.0	#4	1700.1	41.9	6.9	1700.1	41.9	6.9	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)	4.82		
27.0	#8	2035.7	30.5	2.5	2035.7	30.5	2.5	Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)	Sample Wt. 526.4 Wt. Water % Moisture		
	#16							Corrected Asphalt Content	4.82		
15.0	#30	2449.3	16.3	1.3	2449.3	16.3	1.3	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	Sample Wt. 2458.4 Cal. Wt. 7559.7 Final Wt. 9000.6 Volume 997.5 Max. Sp.Grav. 2.445		
8.0	#50	2651.3	9.4	1.4	2651.3	9.4	1.4				
3.7	#200	2795.8	4.2	0.7	2795.8	4.2	0.7				
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)											
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5					
Station		1336+82	1332+81	1323+96	1315+07	1309+37					
Location		6'	3'	5'	8'	1'					
CORE DENSITY	Thickness	1	1	1	1		Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. <u>2.586</u> Job Mix AC% <u>2.70</u>				
	Air Wt.	593.6	661.2	550.8	563.2	507.8	Remarks <u>BINDER HTBC TYPE 1, 8% MODIFIED RUBBER</u>				
	Water Wt.	337.7	377.9	313.6	318.9	286.2	<u>CUT #7 3 3/0 UP 67 15 20/0</u>				
	SSD Wt.	597.2	667.6	556.7	568.6	512.1	Average Density				
	Volume	260.0	289.7	243.1	249.7	225.9	Plant Inspector: <u>TONY PATTERSON</u>				
	Sp. Gravity	2.283	2.282	2.266	2.256	2.248					
	Max. Sp. Gravity	2.445									
	% Density	93.4	93.3	92.7	92.3	91.9					

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A3      Date: 07/06/95      Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: CONTROL STRIP 5      Lot Length: 2746'      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1338+59      End Sta. No.: 1306+50      Binder: HTBC 8%

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1336+82	1332+81	1323+96	1315+07	1309+37	
Location	6'	3'	5'	8'	1'	
Core Density PCF	93.4	93.3	92.7	92.3	91.9	92.7
Nuclear Density PCF	91.5	90.5	92.1	91.4	91.5	91.4
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF	+1.9	+2.8	+0.6	+0.9	+0.4	+1.3

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks CONTROL TEST WITH 8% MODIFIED RUBBER

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON



ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A4 Lot No. CONTROL STRIP 6 Date 07/06/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615619 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTBC 10% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		2:50 PM			2:50 PM			Date		07/06/95	/ /
Temperature		400			400			Time		3:30 PM	
Sample Wt. (W)		2901.1			2901.1			Temperature		330	
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1208.4
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		3901.1			3901.1					Water Wt.	691.7
Corr. AC %		136.6			136.6					SSD Wt.	1210.3
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2764.5			2764.5					Volume	578.6
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.330
100.0	1"		100.0			100.0		Voids	4.7		
97.0	3/4"	42.6	98.5	1.5	42.6	98.5	1.5	VMA	14.1		
80.0	1/2"	525.4	81.0	1.0	525.4	81.0	1.0	Dial	519.4		
61.0	3/8"	1014.8	63.3	2.3	1014.8	63.3	2.3	Stability			
35.0	#4	1732.9	37.3	2.3	1732.9	37.3	2.3	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)	4.71		
27.0	#8	2005.6	27.5	0.5	2005.6	27.5	0.5	Moisture	Sample Wt.	519.4	
	#16							Correction	Wt. Water		
								(AASHTO: T110)	% Moisture		
15.0	#30	2352.1	14.9	0.1	2352.1	14.9	0.1	Corrected Asphalt Content	4.71		
8.0	#50	2524.4	8.7	0.7	2524.4	8.7	0.7	Maximum	Sample Wt.	2526.6	
3.7	#200	2652.3	4.1	0.4	2652.3	4.1	0.4	Specific Gravity	Cal. Wt.	7559.7	
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)								(AASHTO: T209)	Final Wt.	9053.1	
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5		Volume	1033.2		
Station		1299+49	1292+98	1290+71	1285+16	1281+88		Max. Sp.Grav.	2.445		
Location		2'	10'	7'	8'	3'		Agg. Bulk Sp. Gra <u>2.585</u> Job Mix AC% <u>4.70</u>			
CORE DENSITY	Thickness	1	1	1	1	1		Remarks <u>BINDER HTBC TYPE, 10% MODIFIED RUBBER</u>			
	Air Wt.	760.9	617.5	649.2	635.9	595.8		Plant Inspector: <u>TONY PATTERSON</u>			
	Water Wt.	431.7	345.2	367.4	361.0	339.2					
	SSD Wt.	771.2	618.6	654.9	641.1	601.8					
	Volume	339.5	273.4	287.5	280.1	262.6					
	Sp. Gravity	2.241	2.240	2.258	2.270	2.269	Average				
	Max. Sp. Gravity	2.445					Density				
	% Density	91.7	91.6	92.4	92.9	92.8					

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A4      Date: 07/06/95                      Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: CONTROL STRIP 6    Lot Length: 2640'                      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1303+00                      End Sta. No.: 1276+60                      Binder: HTBC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1299+49	1292+98	1290+71	1285+16	1281+88	
Location	2'	10'	7'	8'	3'	
Core Density PCF	91.7	91.6	92.4	92.9	92.8	92.8
Nuclear Density PCF	91.3	90.8	91.0	91.0	90.8	91.0
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF	+0.4	+0.8	+1.4	+1.9	+2.0	+1.8

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks CONTROL TEST WITH 10% MODIFIED RUBBER

Paving Inspector      TONY PATTERSON

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A5 Lot No. CONTROL STRIP 7 Date 07/06/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615273 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTBC 12% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2			
Time		4:50 PM			4:50 PM			Date		07/06/95 / /				
Temperature		390			390			Time		5:30 PM				
Sample Wt. (W)		2539.7			2539.7			Temperature		330				
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.		1210.1		
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		2539.7			2539.7					Water Wt.		694.3		
Corr. AC %		120.4			120.4					SSD Wt.		1211.7		
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2419.3			2419.3					Volume		517.4		
Job Mix		Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing			Dev.	Sp. Grav.		2.339	
100.0		1"		100.0			100.0		Voids		3.9			
97.0		3/4"	45.9	98.1		45.9	98.1		VMA		13.8			
80.0		1/2"	450.6	81.3		450.6	81.3		Dial		216.0			
61.0		3/8"	899.9	92.8		899.9	92.8		Stability		3271.0			
35.0		#4	1521.7	37.1		1521.7	37.1		Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)		4.74			
27.0		#8	1761.2	27.2		1761.2	27.2		Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)		Sample Wt.	529.3		
		#16							Corrected Asphalt Content		4.74			
15.0		#30	2070.9	14.4		2070.9	14.4		Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		Sample Wt.		2186.7	
8.0		#50	2516.0	8.4		2516.0	8.4				Cal. Wt.		7559.7	
3.7		#200	2322.5	4.0		2322.5	4.0				Final Wt.		8848.4	
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)											Volume		898.0	
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5					Max. Sp.Grav.		2.435	
Station		1269+69	1264+30	1261+64	1256+76	1250+99			Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. <u>2.585</u> Job Mix AC% <u>4.70</u>					
Location		12'	4'	1'	10'	4'								
CORE DENSITY		Thickness		1	1	1	1	1	Remarks <u>BINDER HTBC TYPE 1, 12% MODIFIED RUBBER</u>					
		Air Wt.		601.6	620.7	496.4	586.2	612.2						
		Water Wt.		339.4	350.2	23.9	332.9	347.5						
		SSD Wt.		608.1	626.4	500.5	591.1	617.3						
		Volume		286.7	276.2	216.6	258.2	269.8						
		Sp. Gravity		2.239	2.247	2.292	2.270	2.269			Average Density			
		Max. Sp. Gravity		2.435							Plant Inspector: <u>TONY PATTERSON</u>			
		% Density		91.9	92.3	94.1	93.2	93.2			92.9			

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A5      Date: 07/06/95      Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: CONTROL STRIP 7      Lot Length: 2640'      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1273+60      End Sta. No.: 1247+20      Binder: HTBC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1269+69	1264+30	1261+64	1256+74	1250+99	
Location	12'	4'	1'	10'	4'	
Core Density PCF	91.9	92.3	94.1	93.2	93.2	92.9
Nuclear Density PCF	90.6	90.1	91.3	91.2	91.3	90.9
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF	+1.3	+2.2	+2.8	+2.0	+1.9	+2.0

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks CONTROL TEST WITH 12% MODIFIED RUBBER

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A6 Lot No. 23 Date 07/07/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615271 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTBC 8% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		7:45 AM			7:45 AM			Date		07/07/95	/ /
Temperature		370			370			Time		8:30 AM	
Sample Wt. (W)		3976.3			3976.3			Temperature		330	
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1210.2
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		3976.3			3976.3					Water Wt.	694.0
Corr. AC %		193.2			193.2					SSD Wt.	1212.3
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		3783.1			3783.1					Volume	578.3
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.335
100.0	1"		100.0			100.0		Voids	4.1		
97.0	3/4"	56.2	98.5	1.5	56.2	98.5	1.5	VMA	14.1		
80.0	1/2"	821.7	78.3	1.7	821.7	78.3	1.7	Dial	223.0		
61.0	3/8"	1490.5	60.6	0.4	1490.5	60.6	0.4	Stability	3371.0		
35.0	#4	2396.0	36.7	1.7	2396.0	36.7	1.7	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)	4.86		
27.0	#8	2745.2	27.4	0.4	2745.2	27.4	0.4	Moisture	Sample Wt.		
	#16							Correction (AASHTO: T110)	Wt. Water		
15.0	#30	3222.3	14.8	0.2	3222.3	14.8	0.2	% Moisture			
8.0	#50	3461.4	8.5	0.5	3461.4	8.5	0.5	Corrected Asphalt Content	4.86		
3.7	#200	3636.6	3.9	0.2	3636.6	3.9	0.2	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	Sample Wt.		
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)										Cal. Wt.	7559.7
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5			Final Wt.	9199.9	
Station									Volume	1142.2	
Location									Max. Sp.Grav.	2.436	
CORE DENSITY	Thickness								Agg. Bulk Sp. Gra <u>2.585</u> Job Mix AC% <u>4.70</u>		
	Air Wt.								Remarks <u>BINDER HTBC TYPE 1, 8% MODIFIED RUBBER</u>		
	Water Wt.								Plant Inspector: <u>TONY PATTERSON</u>		
	SSD Wt.										
	Volume										
	Sp. Gravity										
	Max. Sp. Gravity										
% Density											

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A6      Date: 07/07/95      Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: 23      Lot Length: 3191'      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1338+39      End Sta. No.: 1301+85      Binder: HTBC 8%

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF						

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station	1336+49	1331+62	1324+32	1313+23	1307+2		
Location	12'	2'	7'	3'	6'		
Nuclear Density PCF	91.5	91.3	92.3	91.1	91.5		
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF	+1.3						
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF	92.8	92.6	93.6	92.4	92.8		
Max. Density PCF	151.8						
Density %	92.8	92.6	93.6	92.4	92.8	92.8	1.0

Remarks LAID LEFT SIDE, LEFT LANE, 8% MODIFIED  
 RUBBER

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A7 Lot No. 24 Date 07/07/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615619 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTBC 10% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2	
Time		11:35 AM			11:35 AM			Date		07/07/95 / /		
Temperature		380			380			Time		12:15 PM		
Sample Wt. (W)		3976.3			3976.3			Temperature		330		
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory of Laboratory Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.		1206.1
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		3976.3			3976.3					Water Wt.		692.5
Corr. AC %		184.9			184.9					SSD Wt.		1209.0
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		3791.4			3791.4					Volume		516.5
Job Mix		Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing			Dev.	Sp. Grav.	
100.0	1"		100.0			100.0			Voids		4.2	
97.0	3/4"	47.1	98.8	1.8	47.1	98.8	1.8		VMA		13.9	
80.0	1/2"	772.7	79.6	0.4	772.7	79.6	0.4		Dial		209.0	
61.0	3/8"	1519.2	59.9	1.1	1519.2	59.9	1.1	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)		4.65		
35.0	#4	2346.2	38.1	3.1	2346.2	38.1	3.1	Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)		Sample Wt.		
27.0	#8	2667.0	29.7	2.7	2667.0	29.7	2.7	Corrected Asphalt Content		4.65		
	#16							Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		Sample Wt.	2334.7	
15.0	#30	3162.9	16.6	1.6	3162.9	16.6	1.6	Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav.		2.586	Job Mix AC% 4.70	
8.0	#50	3431.5	9.5	1.5	3431.5	9.5	1.5	Remarks		BINDER HTBC TYPE 1, 10% MODIFIED RUBBER		
3.7	#200	3629.9	4.3	0.6	3629.9	4.3	0.6	Average Density		Plant Inspector: TONY PATTERSON		
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)												
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5						
Station												
Location												
CORE DENSITY	Thickness											
	Air Wt.											
	Water Wt.											
	SSD Wt.											
	Volume											
	Sp. Gravity											
	Max. Sp. Gravity											
% Density												

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A7      Date: 07/07/95      Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: 24      Lot Length: 2360'      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1301+85      End Sta. No.: 1278+25      Binder: HTBC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF						

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station	1298+69	1293+00	1287+93	1287+16	1281+8		
Location	12'	5'	3'	5'	10'		
Nuclear Density PCF	90.9	92.1	90.4	91.5	92.2		
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF	+1.8						
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF	92.7	93.9	92.2	93.3	94.0		
Max. Density PCF	151.9						
Density %	92.7	93.9	92.2	93.3	94.0	93.2	1.0

Remarks LAID LEFT SIDE, LEFT LANE 10% MODIFIED  
 RUBBER

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON



ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A8 Lot No. 25 Date 07/07/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615273 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTBC 12% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		12:40 PM			12:40 PM			Date		07/07/95	/ /
Temperature		360			360			Time		1:35 PM	
Sample Wt. (W)		3102.2			3102.2			Temperature		330	
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1209.3
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		3102.2			3102.2					Water Wt.	692.6
Corr. AC %		140.2			140.2					SSD Wt.	1212.5
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2962.0			2962.0					Volume	519.9
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.326
100.0	1"		100.0			100.0		voids	4.9		
97.0	3/4"	56.3	98.1	1.1	56.3	98.1	1.1	VMA	14.1		
80.0	1/2"	619.0	79.1	0.9	619.0	79.1	0.9	Dial	213.0		
61.0	3/8"	1178.8	60.2	0.8	1178.8	60.2	0.8	Stability	3229.0		
35.0	#4	1892.7	36.1	1.1	1892.7	36.1	1.1	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)		4.52	
27.0	#8	2150.4	27.4	0.4	2150.4	27.4	0.4	Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)			
	#16							Sample Wt.			
15.0	#30	2508.8	15.3	0.3	2508.8	15.3	0.3	Wt. Water			
8.0	#50	2707.2	8.6	0.6	2707.2	8.6	0.6	% Moisture			
3.7	#200	2843.5	4.0	0.3	2843.5	4.0	0.3	Corrected Asphalt Content		4.52	
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)								Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		Sample Wt.	2317.6
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5		Cal. Wt.	7559.7		
Station								Final Wt.	8929.9		
Location								Volume	947.4		
CORE DENSITY	Thickness							Max. Sp.Grav.	2.446		
	Air Wt.							Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. <u>2.585</u> Job Mix AC% <u>4.70</u>			
	Water Wt.							Remarks _____			
	SSD Wt.							_____			
	Volume							Average Density			
	Sp. Gravity							Plant Inspector: <u>TONY PATTERSON</u>			
	Max. Sp. Gravity										
% Density											

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A8      Date: 07/07/95      Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: 25      Lot Length: 3295'      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1277+20      End Sta. No.: 1244+25      Binder: HTBC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF						

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station	1273+88	1266+68	1258+67	1252+40	1246+9		
Location	10'	11'	4'	7'	10'		
Nuclear Density PCF	92.1	93.3	90.2	91.0	91.4		
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF	+2.0						
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF	94.1	95.3	92.2	93.0'	93.4		
Max. Density PCF	151.8						
Density %	94.1	95.3	92.2	93	93.4	93.6	1.0

Remarks LAID LEFT SIDE, LEFT LANE, 12% MODIFIED RUBBER

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A9 Lot No. CONTROL STRIP 8 Date 07/08/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615618 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTSC SURF 8% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2	
Time		8:10 AM			8:10 AM			Date		07/08/95	07/10/95	
Temperature		390			390			Time		8:50 AM	9:00 AM	
Sample Wt. (W)		2840.1			2840.1			Temperature		330	330	
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1197.1	1211.7
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		2840.0			2840.0					Water Wt.	682.0	693.5
Corr. AC %		156.5			156.5					SSD Wt.	1197.4	1213.3
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2683.5			2683.5					Volume	515.4	519.8
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.323	2.331
	1"							Voids	3.8	4.0		
100.0	3/4"		100.0			100.0		VMA	15.1	14.7		
98.0	1/2"	86.9	96.8	1.2	86.9	96.8	1.2	Dial	215.0	217.0		
86.0	3/8"	440.6	83.6	2.4	440.6	83.6	2.4	Stability	3257.0	3286.0		
53.0	#4	1169.2	56.4	3.4	1169.2	56.4	3.4	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)		5.51	5.35	
36.0	#8	1673.0	37.7	1.7	1673.0	37.7	1.7	Moisture	Sample Wt.	519.0	523.4	
	#16							Correction (AASHTO: T110)	Wt. Water			
17.0	#30	2166.8	19.3	2.3	2166.8	19.3	2.3	Corrected Asphalt Content		5.51	5.35	
9.0	#50	2394.8	10.8	1.8	2394.8	10.8	1.8	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	Sample Wt.	2135.3	2098.4	
3.6	#200	2556.1	4.7	1.1	2556.1	4.7	1.1	Cal. Wt.	7559.7	7559.7		
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)								Final Wt.	8810.5	8793.6		
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5		Volume	884.5	864.5		
Station		1333+35	1326+76	1315+74	1314+29	1307+29		Max. Sp.Grav.	2.414	2.427		
Location		11'	3'	9'	5'	2'		Agg. Bulk Sp. Gra 2.585 Job Mix AC% 5.50				
CORE DENSITY	Thickness	1	1	1	1	1		Remarks BINDER HTSC SURFACE, 8% MODIFIED RUBBER BEGAN STRIP 7-8-95, FINISHED 7-10-95 DUE TO				
	Air Wt.	780.0	716.1	662.2	630.3	657.2						
	Water Wt.	436.1	401.2	375.7	353.4	370.6		Average Density				
	SSD Wt.	782.0	718.6	669.4	636.1	661.4		Plant Inspector: TONY PATTERSON				
	Volume	345.9	317.4	293.7	282.7	290.8						
	Sp. Gravity	2.255	2.256	2.268	2.230	2.260						
	Max. Sp. Gravity	2.414	2.414	2.427	2.427	2.427						
% Density	93.4	93.5	93.5	91.9	93.1							

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A9      Date: 07/08/95                      Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: CONTROL STRIP 8      Lot Length: 3153'                      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1338+59                      End Sta. No.: 1300+00                      Binder: HTBC 8%

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1333+35	1326+76	1315+74	1314+29	1307+29	
Location	11'	3'	9'	5'	2'	
Core Density PCF	93.4	93.5	93.5	91.9	93.1	93.1
Nuclear Density PCF	91.2	90.4	92.7	91.3	91.3	91.4
Guage Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF	+2.2	+3.1	+0.8	+0.6	+1.8	+1.7

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks LAID HTSC SURFACE, 8% MODIFIED RUBBER  
 RIGHT SIDE, LEFT LANE, RAN 7-8-95 & 7-10-95  
 DUE TO RAIN

Paving Inspector      TONY PATTERSON

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A10 Lot No. CONTROL STRIP 9 Date 07/10/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615619 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HSTC SURFACE 10% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		10:40 AM			10:40 AM			Date		07/10/95	/ /
Temperature		390			390			Time		11:30 AM	
Sample Wt. (W)		3116.5			3116.5			Temperature		330	
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1206.1
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		3116.5			3116.5					Water Wt.	692.5
Corr. AC %		179.2			179.2					SSD Wt.	1209.0
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2937.3			2937.3					Volume	516.5
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.335
	1"									Voids	4.2
100.0	3/4"		100.0			100.0				VMA	13.9
98.0	1/2"	107.5	96.3	1.7	107.5	96.3	1.7			Dial	209.0
86.0	3/8"	508.1	82.7	3.3	508.1	82.7	3.3			Stability	3171.0
53.0	#4	1364.0	53.6	0.6	1364.0	53.6	0.6			Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)	4.65
36.0	#8	1895.8	35.5	0.5	1895.8	35.5	0.5	Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)	Sample Wt.		
	#16							Corrected Asphalt Content	Wt. Water		
17.0	#30	2419.0	17.5	0.5	2419.0	17.5	0.5	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	% Moisture		
9.0	#50	2652.9	9.7	0.7	2652.9	9.7	0.7		Sample Wt.	2334.7	
3.6	#200	2828.8	3.7	0.1	2828.8	3.7	0.1		Cal. Wt.	7559.7	
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)									Final Wt.	8936.2	
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5		Volume	958.2		
Station								Max. Sp.Grav.	2.437		
Location								Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. <u>2.585</u> Job Mix AC% <u>5.50</u>			
CORE DENSITY	Thickness							Remarks <u>BINDER HTSC SURFACE, 10% MODIFIED RUBBER</u>			
	Air Wt.							Plant Inspector: <u>TONY PATTERSON</u>			
	Water Wt.										
	SSD Wt.										
	Volume										
	Sp. Gravity							Average Density			
	Max. Sp. Gravity										
% Density											

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A10    Date: 07/10/95    Project: 16-0007-01-053-10  
 Lot No.: CONTROL STRIP 9    Lot Length: 2375'    County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1300+00    End Sta. No.: 1276+25    Binder: HTBC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1299+20	1294+10	1290+47	1282+02	1276+21	
Location	8'	7'	4'	9'	2'	
Core Density PCF	92.7	94.5	94.4	93.8	93.5	93.8
Nuclear Density PCF	92.3	92.3	92.4	92.6	91.9	92.3
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF	+0.4	+2.2	+2.0	+1.2	+1.6	+1.5

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks LAID HTSC SURFACE, 10% MODIFIED RUBBER  
 LAID RIGHT SIDE, LEFT LANE

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON

Table No. A11 Lot No. CONTROL STRIP 11 Date 07/10/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615620 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTSC SURFACE 12% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		12:20 PM			12:20 PM			Date		07/10/95	/ /
Temperature		365			365			Time		1:00 PM	
Sample Wt. (W)		2396.9			2396.9			Temperature		330	
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)  Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)  Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)  Corrected Asphalt Content  Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		Air Wt.	1191.0
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		2396.9			2396.9					Water Wt.	678.9
Corr. AC %		135.9			135.9					SSD Wt.	1192.2
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2261.0			2261.0					Volume	513.3
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.320
	1"									Voids	3.8
100.0	3/4"		100.0			100.0				VMA	15.3
98.0	1/2"	105.7	95.3	2.7	105.7	95.3	2.7			Dial	211.0
86.0	3/8"	388.0	82.8	3.2	388.0	82.8	3.2			Stability	3200.0
53.0	#4	983.2	56.5	3.5	983.2	56.5	3.5				
36.0	#8	1396.1	38.3	2.3	1396.1	38.3	2.3				
	#16										
17.0	#30	1811.8	19.9	2.9	1811.8	19.9	2.9				
9.0	#50	1984.3	12.2	3.2	1984.3	12.2	3.2				
3.6	#200	2161.3	4.4	0.8	2161.3	4.4	0.8				
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)											
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5					
Station		1272+53	1267+20	1263+85	1254+67	1248+18					
Location		5'	9'	11'	4'	7'					
CORE DENSITY	Thickness	1	1	1	1	1	Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav		2.585	Job Mix AC%	5.50
	Air Wt.	635.4	643.5	610.7	551.6	607.4	Remarks		BINDER HTSC SURFACE, 12% MODIFIED RUBBER		
	Water Wt.	357.6	363.2	343.4	311.4	344.7					
	SSD Wt.	640.4	647.0	616.6	558.3	613.7					
	Volume	282.8	283.8	273.2	246.9	269.0					
	Sp. Gravity	2.247	2.267	2.235	2.234	2.258	Average Density				
	Max. Sp. Gravity	2.412					Plant Inspector:		TONY PATTERSON		
	% Density	93.2	94.0	92.7	92.6	93.6					

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A11    Date: 07/10/95    Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: CONTROL STRIP 2    Lot Length: 2960'    County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1276+25    End Sta. No.: 1246+65    Binder: HTSC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1272+53	1267+20	1263+85	1254+67	1248+18	
Location	5'	9'	11'	4'	7'	
Core Density PCF	93.2	94.0	92.7	92.6	93.6	93.2
Nuclear Density PCF	91.7	92.1	92.5	92.4	92.5	92.2
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF	+1.5	+1.9	+0.2	+0.2	+1.1	+1.0

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks LAID HTSC SURFACE, 12% MODIFIED RUBBER  
 LAID RIGHT SIDE, LEFT LANE

Paving Inspector    TONY PATTERSON



ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A12 Lot No. 26 Date 07/11/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615618 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTSC SURFACE 8% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		8:00 AM			8:00 AM			Date		07/11/95	/ /
Temperature		365			365			Time		8:45 AM	
Sample Wt. (W)		3135.1			3135.1			Temperature		330	
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1191.5
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		3135.4			3135.4					Water Wt.	680.1
Corr. AC %		174.6			174.6					SSD Wt.	1192.2
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2960.8			2960.8					Volume	512.1
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.327
	1"							Voids	3.6		
100.0	3/4"		101.0			101.0		VMA	15.0		
98.0	1/2"	138.5	95.3	2.7	138.5	95.3	2.7	Dial	196.0		
86.0	3/8"	474.8	84.0	2.0	474.8	84.0	2.0	Stability	3000.0		
53.0	#4	1359.6	54.1	1.1	1359.6	54.1	1.1	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)	5.57		
36.0	#8	1879.9	36.5	0.5	1879.9	36.5	0.5	Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)	Sample Wt.		
	#16								Wt. Water		
17.0	#30	2405.8	18.7	1.7	2405.8	18.7	1.7		% Moisture		
9.0	#50	2629.7	11.2	2.2	2629.7	11.2	2.2	Corrected Asphalt Content	5.57		
3.6	#200	2817.0	4.9	1.3	2817.0	4.9	1.3	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	Sample Wt.	2051.1	
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)									Cal. Wt.	7559.7	
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5		Final Wt.	8760.9		
Station								Volume	849.9		
Location								Max. Sp.Grav.	2.413		
CORE DENSITY	Thickness							Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. <u>2.585</u> Job Mix AC% <u>5.50</u>			
	Air Wt.							Remarks <u>BINDER HTSC SURFACE, 8% MODIFIED RUBBER</u>			
	Water Wt.							Plant Inspector: <u>TONY PATTERSON</u>			
	SSD Wt.							Average Density			
	Volume										
	Sp. Gravity										
	Max. Sp. Gravity										
	% Density										

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A12    Date: 07/11/95    Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: 26    Lot Length: 2978'    County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1338+59    End Sta. No.: 1301+75    Binder: HTSC 8%

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF						

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station	1334+02	1327+48	1316+15	1313+36	1301+4		
Location	2'	2'	12'	8'	8'		
Nuclear Density PCF	92.7	93.2	92.6	91.3	93.3		
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF	+1.7						
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF	94.4	94.9	94.3	92.9	95.0		
Max. Density PCF	150.5						
Density %	94.4	94.9	94.3	92.9	95.0	94.2	1.0

Remarks LAID LEFT SIDE, LEFT LANE 8% MODIFIED  
 RUBBER

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A1 Lot No. 27 Date 07/11/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615619 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTSC SURFACE 10% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		10:05 AM			10:05 AM			Date		07/11/95	/ /
Temperature		375			375			Time		10:45 PM	
Sample Wt. (W)		2352.9			2352.9			Temperature		330	
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1197.2
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		2352.9			2352.9					Water Wt.	681.5
Corr. AC %		120.5			120.5					SSD Wt.	1198.3
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2232.4			2232.4					Volume	516.8
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.317
	1"									Voids	4.4
100.0	3/4"		100.0			100.0				VMA	15.0
98.0	1/2"	80.9	96.4	1.6	80.9	96.4	1.6			Dial	206.0
86.0	3/8"	374.0	83.2	2.8	374.0	83.2	2.8			Stability	3129.0
53.0	#4	978.9	56.2	3.2	978.9	56.2	3.2			Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)	5.12
36.0	#8	1393.2	37.6	1.6	1393.2	37.6	1.6	Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)	Sample Wt.		
	#16			2.2			2.2		Wt. Water		
17.0	#30	1802.8	19.2	2.2	1802.8	19.2	2.2	Corrected Asphalt Content	% Moisture		
9.0	#50	1976.7	11.5	2.5	1976.7	11.5	2.5	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	Sample Wt.	2237.1	
3.6	#200	2123.5	4.9	1.3	2123.5	4.9	1.3		Cal. Wt.	7559.7	
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)									Final Wt.	8873.4	
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5		Volume	923.4		
Station								Max. Sp.Grav.	2.423		
Location								Agg. Bulk Sp. Gra <u>2.585</u> Job Mix AC% <u>5.50</u>			
CORE DENSITY	Thickness							Remarks <u>BINDER HTSC SURFACE, 10% MODIFIED RUBBER</u>			
	Air Wt.							Average Density			
	Water Wt.							Plant Inspector: <u>TONY PATTERSON</u>			
	SSD Wt.										
	Volume										
	Sp. Gravity										
	Max. Sp. Gravity										
	% Density										

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A13    Date: 07/11/95    Project: 16-0007-01-053-10  
 Lot No.: 27    Lot Length: 2875'    County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1301+75    End Sta. No.: 1273+00    Binder: HTSC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF						

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station	1297+05	1291+14	1287+90	1280+74	1278+4		
Location	5'	11'	7'	8'	5'		
Nuclear Density PCF	92.4	91.5	93.7	91.1	91.7		
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF	+1.5						
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF	93.9	93	95.2	92.6	93.2		
Max. Density PCF	151.1						
Density %	93.9	93	95.2	92.6	93.2	93.6	1.0

Remarks LAID LEFT SIDE, RIGHT LANE, 10% MODIFIED  
 RUBBER

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No. A14 Lot No. 28 Date 07/11/95 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 Mix Design 9615620 County ALCORN  
 Contractor T. L. WALLACE Producer of Mix APAC CORINTH Type Plant ESSTEE Binder HTSC SURFACE 12% Source of A.C. ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-31)								SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		12:00 PM			12:00 PM			Date		07/11/95	/ /
Temperature		375			375			Time		12:45 PM	
Sample Wt. (W)		2564.2			2564.2			Temperature		330	
Weight of Moist (M)								Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)  Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)  Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)  Corrected Asphalt Content  Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		Air Wt.	1200.6
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		2564.2			2564.2					Water Wt.	685.4
Corr. AC %		133.9			133.9					SSD Wt.	1201.8
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		2430.3			2430.3					Volume	516.4
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.			Sp. Grav.	2.325
	1"									Voids	4.2
100.0	3/4"		100.0			100.0				VMA	14.8
98.0	1/2"	93.5	96.2	1.8	93.5	96.2	1.8			Dial	211.0
86.0	3/8"	317.0	87.0	1.0	317.0	87.0	1.0			Stability	3200.0
53.0	#4	1079.9	55.6	2.6	1079.9	55.6	2.6			Sample Wt.	
36.0	#8	1495.7	38.5	2.5	1495.7	38.5	2.5	Wt. Water			
	#16							% Moisture			
17.0	#30	1963.1	19.2	2.2	1963.1	19.2	2.2	Corrected Asphalt Content	5.22		
9.0	#50	2160.6	11.1	2.1	2160.6	11.1	2.1	Sample Wt.	2271.3		
3.6	#200	2312.4	4.9	1.3	2312.4	4.9	1.3	Cal. Wt.	7559.7		
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)								Remarks <u>BINDER HTSC SURFACE, 12% MODIFIED RUBBER</u>  Average Density _____ Plant Inspector: <u>TONY PATTERSON</u>		Final Wt.	8894.7
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5				Volume	939.3
Station										Max. Sp.Grav.	2.426
Location										Agg. Bulk Sp. Gra <u>2.585</u> Job Mix AC% <u>5.50</u>	
CORE DENSITY	Thickness										
	Air Wt.										
	Water Wt.										
	SSD Wt.										
	Volume										
	Sp. Gravity										
	Max. Sp. Gravity										
% Density											

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
 ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: A14    Date: 07/11/95    Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: 28    Lot Length: 2580'    County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1273+00    End Sta. No.: 1247+20    Binder: HTSC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Gauge Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF						

LOT DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station	1270+14	1266+91	1261+23	1255+24	1249+1		
Location	10'	1'	2'	6'	6'		
Nuclear Density PCF	93.2	93.5	91.8	91.3'	91.8		
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF	+1.0						
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF	94.2	94.5	92.8	92.3'	92.8		
Max. Density PCF	151.3						
Density %	94.2	94.5	92.8	92.3	92.8	93.3	1.0

Remarks LAID LEFT SIDE, LEFT LANE, 12% MODIFIED  
 RUBBER

Paving Inspector TONY PATTERSON

APPENDIX B

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT FOR PHASE TWO CONSTRUCTION

**TABLE 1A**

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Lot No. Control Strip #14  
 Date 7/10/97 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 County Alcorn  
 Contractor T. L. Wallace Producer of Mix APAC - Corinth Mix Design Lab No. 9663676  
 Type Plant ESSTEE Binder Surface HTSC Source of AC ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-30)						SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2	
Time		11:35				Time		11:35		
Temperature		154°C				Temperature		149°C		
Sample Wt. (W)		2050.7				Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.		1128.5
Weight of Moist (M)								Water Wt.		619.0
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)								SSD Wt.		1131.1
Corr. AC %		132.5						Volume		512.1
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		1918.2						Sp. Grav.		2.204
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Spec. Tol.	Voids		3.9		
	1 1/2"				6	VMA		15.0		
	1"				6	Dial		125		
100	3/4"	0	100		6	Stability		1820		
93	1/2"	161.4	91.6	1.4	6	Flow				
82	3/8"	394.5	79.4	2.6	6	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)		6.46		
52	#4	970.9	49.4	2.6	5	Moisture		Sample Wt. 515.9		
32	#8	1382.1	27.9	4.1	5	Correction (AASHTO: T110)		Wt. Water 0.3		
-----	#16	-----	-----	-----	5	Corrected Asphalt Content		% Moisture 06		
17	#30	1636.8	14.7	2.3	4	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		Sample Wt. 2079.4		
10	#50	1743.4	9.1	0.9	4	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		Cal. Wt. 7558.6		
4.6	#200	1839.0	4.1	0.5	1.5			Final Wt. 8731.1		
								Volume 906.9		Max. Sp.Grav. 2.293

TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)						
Sublot No.	1	2	3	4	5	
Station	1334+49	1330+82	1326+62	1325+21	1314+53	
Location	12'	2'	12'	12'	9'	
Thickness	1 3/4"	1 1/2"	1 3/4"	1 3/4"	1 3/4"	
Air Wt.	697.4	614.8	625.8	673.7	668.1	
Water Wt.	375.1	331.5	337.8	363.3	361.0	
SSD Wt.	703.2	617.7	630.6	680.2	673.4	
Volume	328.1	286.2	292.8	316.9	312.4	
Sp. Gravity	2.126	2.147	2.137	2.126	2.139	
Max. Sp. Gravity	2.293					
% Density	92.7	93.6	93.2	92.8	93.3	93.1

1.8% 1.0% 1.6% 2.0% 1.7%

Crush Count %  
 Limestone Retained on #4 Sieve %  
 Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. 2.427  
 Job Mix AC% 6.50  
 VMA = Minimum =  
 Remarks MIX contains 15% of 8% modified rubber RAF



## TABLE 1B

### MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: 1      Date: 7/10/97      Project: 16-0007-01-053-10  
 Lot No.: Control Strip #14      Lot Length: UAR      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1337+39 - 1324+26      End Sta. No.: 1316+24 - 1308+69      Binder:

#### CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1324+49	1330+82	1326+62	1325+21	1314+53	
Location	12'	2'	12'	12'	9'	
Core Density PCF	92.7	93.6	93.2	92.7	93.3	
Nuclear Density PCF	93.1	94.7	92.9	91.7	92.7	
Guage Correlation (+Bias) PCF	-0.4	+1.1	+0.3	+1.0	-0.6	

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias (±) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks    Mix contains 15% of 8% modified rubber RAP

Paving Inspector    W.T.

**TABLE 2A**

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Lot No. Control Strip #15  
 Date 7/10/97 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 County Alcorn  
 Contractor T. L. Wallace Producer of Mix APAC - Corinth Mix Design Lab No. 9663677  
 Type Plant ESSTEE Binder Surface HTSC Source of AC ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-30)						SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2	
Time		2:39				Time		2:39		
Temperature		165°C				Temperature		149°C		
Sample Wt. (W)		1939.0				Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.		1130.6
Weight of Moist (M)								Water Wt.		617.1
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)								SSD Wt.		1133.1
Corr. AC %		129.3						Volume		516
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		1809.7						Sp. Grav.		2.191
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Spec. Tol.	Voids		4.1		
	1 1/2"				6	VMA		15.6		
	1"				6	Dial		142		
100	3/4"	0	100		6	Stability		2071		
93	1/2"	145.3	92.0	1.0	6	Flow				
82	3/8"	369.9	79.6	2.4	6	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)		6.67		
52	#4	879.3	51.4	0.6	5	Moisture Correction (AASHTO: T110)		Sample Wt. 539.9		
32	#8	1272.4	29.7	2.3	5	% Moisture		0.8		
-----	#16	-----	-----	-----	5	Corrected Asphalt Content		6.51		
17	#30	1531.9	15.4	1.6	4	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		Sample Wt. 2070.1		
10	#50	1632.1	9.8	0.2	4	Sample Wt.		7558.6		
4.6	#200	1728.5	4.5	0.1	1.5	Final Wt.		8722.7		
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)						Volume		906.0		
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	Max. Sp.Grav.		2.285		
Station		1302+86	1300+99	1299+12	1297+25	Crush Count %				
Location		9	10	3	2	Limestone Retained on #4 Sieve %				
CORE DENSITY	Thickness	1 1/2"	1 1/2"	1 3/4"	1 3/4"	Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav.		2.427		
	Air Wt.	618.7	685.9	729.9	732.4	Job Mix AC%		6.50		
	Water Wt.	333.0	376.9	398.4	394.9	VMA = Minimum =				
	SSD Wt.	623.2	688.0	734.0	738.2	Remarks		Mix contains 15% of 10% modified rubber RA		
	Volume	290.2	311.1	335.6	343.7	Average Density		94.1		
	Sp. Gravity	2.133	2.205	2.175	2.131	%				
	Max. Sp. Gravity	2.285	-----	-----	-----					
% Density	93.3	96.5	95.2	93.3	92.4					
	% 1.6	% 0.7	% 1.2	% 1.7	% 1.9					

## TABLE 2B

### MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: 2      Date: 7/10/95      Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: Control Strip #15      Lot Length:      County: ALCORN  
           LT LANE RT SIDE  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1302+86      End Sta. No.: 1293+50      Binder: HTBC

#### CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1301+55	1299+90	1298+20	1296+09	1294+30	
Location	11	10	1	5	7	
Core Density PCF	93.3	96.5	95.2	93.3	92.3	94.1
Nuclear Density PCF	92.5	95.3	93.3	92.2	92.3	93.1
Guage Correlation (+Bias) PCF	+0.8	+1.2	+1.9	+1.1	+0.0	+1.0

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias (±) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks Mix contains 15% of 10% modified rubber RAP

Paving Inspector      W.T.

**TABLE 3A**

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Lot No. 121A Date 7/11/97 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 County Alcorn  
 Contractor T. L. Wallace Producer of Mix APAC - Corinth Mix Design Lab No. 9663676  
 Type Plant ESSTEE Binder Surface HTSC Source of AC ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-30)						SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		10:10				Time		10:10	
Temperature		163°C				Temperature		149°C	
Sample Wt. (W)		1940.4				Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1131.6
Weight of Moist (M)								Water Wt.	618.8
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)								SSD Wt.	1133.9
Corr. AC %		132.1						Volume	515.1
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		1808.3						Sp. Grav.	2.197
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Spec. Tol.			Voids	4.9
	1 1/2"				6			VMA	15.5
	1"				6			Dial	150
100	3/4"	0	100		6			Stability	2214
93	1/2"	149.9	91.7	1.3	6			Flow	
82	3/8"	358.3	80.2	1.8	6	Asphalt Content Gauge (MT-6)	6.81		
52	#4	908.4	49.8	2.2	5	Moisture	Sample Wt. 517.5		
32	#8	1286.2	28.9	3.1	5	Correction	Wt. Water 1.0		
-----	#16	-----	-----	-----	5	(AASHTO: T110)	% Moisture 0.19		
17	#30	1539.0	14.9	2.1	4	Corrected Asphalt Content	6.62		
10	#50	1638.2	9.4	0.6	4	Sample Wt.	2151.1		
4.6	#200	1730.4	4.3	0.3	1.5	Cal. Wt.	7558.6		
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)						Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	Final Wt.	8778.2	
Sublot No.	1	2	3	4	5	Volume	931.5		
Station						Max. Sp.Grav.	2.309		
Location									

TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)					
Sublot No.	1	2	3	4	5
Station					
Location					
CORE DENSITY	Thickness				
	Air Wt.				
	Water Wt.				
	SSD Wt.				
	Volume				
	Sp. Gravity				
	Max. Sp. Gravity				
% Density					

Crush Count %  
 Limestone Retained on #4 Sieve %  
 Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. 2.427  
 Job Mix AC% 6.50  
 VMA = Minimum =  
 Remarks Mix contains 15% of 8% modified rubber RAF

Average Density

### TABLE 3B

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: 3      Date: 7/11/97      Project: 16-0007-01-053-10  
 Lot No.: 121A      Lot Length: UAR      County: ALCORN  
                   LT LANE RT SIDE  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1337+39 - 1324+26      End Sta. No.: 1316+24 - 1308+69      Binder: HTBC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Guage Correlation (+Bias) PCF						

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station	1336+09	1330+05	1327+95	1324+01	1310+50		
Location	10'	12'	7'	5'	9'		
Nuclear Density PCF	94.0	95.7	94.0	94.5	91.2		
Bias (+) PCF	+0.1						
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF	144.1						
Density %	94.1	95.8	94.1	94.6	91.3	94.0	100%

Remarks Mix contains 15% of 8% modified Rubber RAP

Paving Inspector      W.T.

### TABLE 4A

#### ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Lot No. 121-B Date 7/11/97 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 County Alcorn  
 Contractor T. L. Wallace Producer of Mix APAC - Corinth Mix Design Lab No. 9663677  
 Type Plant ESSTEE Binder Surface HTSC Source of AC ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-30)						SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		2:50				Time		2:50	
Temperature		163°C				Temperature		149°C	
Sample Wt. (W)						Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1141.6
Weight of Moist (M)								Water Wt.	627.4
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)								SSD Wt.	1142.6
Corr. AC %		129.2						Volume	515.6
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		1834.8						Sp. Grav.	2.214
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Spec. Tol.			Voids	3.4
	1 1/2"				6			VMA	14.6
	1"				6			Dial	158
100	3/4"	0	100		6			Stability	2340
93	1/2"	196.3	89.3	3.7	6			Flow	
82	3/8"	383.4	79.1	2.9	6	Asphalt Content Gauge (MT-6)	6.58		
52	#4	923.2	49.7	2.3	5	Moisture Correction	Sample Wt. 518.9		
32	#8	1314.1	28.4	3.6	5	(AASHTO: T110)	Wt. Water 0.8		
-----	#16	-----	-----	-----	5	Corrected Asphalt Content	% Moisture 0.16		
17	#30	1565.3	14.7	2.3	4		6.42		
10	#50	1665.7	9.2	0.8	4	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	Sample Wt. 2033.8		
4.6	#200	1759.2	4.1	0.5	1.5		Cal. Wt. 7558.6		
							Final Wt. 8705.4		
							Volume 887		
							Max. Sp.Grav. 2.293		

TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)					
Sublot No.	1	2	3	4	5
Station					
Location					
CORE DENSITY	Thickness				
	Air Wt.				
	Water Wt.				
	SSD Wt.				
	Volume				
	Sp. Gravity				
	Max. Sp. Gravity				
% Density					
					Average Density

Crush Count %  
 Limestone Retained on #4 Sieve %  
 Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. 2.427  
 Job Mix AC% 6.50  
 VMA = Minimum =  
 Remarks Mix contains 15% of 10% modified Rubber RA

### TABLE 4B

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: 4      Date: 7/11/95      Project: 16-0007-01-053-10  
 Lot No.: 121-B      Lot Length:      County: ALCORN  
 Beginning Sta. No.:      End Sta. No.:      Binder:

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Guage Correlation (±Bias) PCF						

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station	1302+15	1300+20	1298+00	1296+80	1295+19		
Location	2'	4'	9'	1'	11'		
Nuclear Density PCF	92.1	93.0	94.7	90.8	91.9		
Bias (±) PCF	+1.0	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF	143.1	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Density %	93.1	94.0	95.7	91.8	92.9	93.5	100

Remarks mix contains 15% of 10% modified Rubber RAP

Paving Inspector      W.T.

**TABLE 5A**

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Lot No. Control Strip #16 Date 7/16/97 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 County Alcorn  
 Contractor T. L. Wallace Producer of Mix APAC - Corinth Mix Design Lab No. 9663677  
 Type Plant ESSTEE Binder Surface HTSC Source of AC ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-30)						SAMPLE NUMBER				
						1	2			
Time		10:15				Time		10:15		
Temperature		163°C				Temperature		149°C		
Sample Wt. (W)		2024.7				Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.		1203.3
Weight of Moist (M)		0.8						Water Wt.		665.4
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		2023.9						SSD Wt.		1206.2
Corr. AC %		127.5						Volume		540.2
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		1896.4						Sp. Grav.		2.225
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Spec. Tol.	Voids		4.5		
	1 1/2"				6	VMA		14.1		
	1"				6	Dial		162		
	3/4"				6	Stability		2413		
93	1/2"	183.8	90.3	2.7	6	Flow				
82	3/8"	439.2	76.9	5.1	6	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)		6.34		
52	#4	1012.2	46.6	5.4	5	Moisture		Sample Wt. 511.9		
32	#8	1385.0	27.0	5.0	5	Correction (AASHTO: T110)		Wt. Water 2		
-----	#16	-----	-----	-----	5	Corrected Asphalt Content		% Moisture 04		
17	#30	1611.8	15	2.0	4	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		6.30		
10	#50	1726.6	9.0	1.0	4	Sample Wt.		2179.4		
4.6	#200	1820.2	4.0	0.6	1.5	Cal. Wt.		7558.6		
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)						Final Wt.		8802.7		
Sublot No.						Volume		935.3		
Station						Max. Sp.Grav.		2.330		
Location										
Thickness										
Air Wt.										
Water Wt.										
SSD Wt.										
Volume										
Sp. Gravity										
Max. Sp. Gravity										
% Density										

TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)						
Sublot No.	1	2	3	4	5	
Station	1277+51	1272+04	1269+72	1261+86	1258+41	
Location	1'	6'	10'	11'	11'	
Thickness	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 3/8	1 3/4	1 1/2	
Air Wt.	604.4	645.7	707.4	701.1	686.6	
Water Wt.	326.7	354.5	383.7	384.3	372.8	
SSD Wt.	608.3	649.4	714.6	705.1	691.3	
Volume	281.6	294.9	330.9	320.8	318.5	
Sp. Gravity	2.146	2.19	2.138	2.185	2.156	Average Density
Max. Sp. Gravity	2.33					
% Density	92.1	94.0	91.8	93.8	92.5	
	1.4%	1.3%	2.2%	1.2%	1.5%	

Crush Count %  
 Limestone Retained on #4 Sieve %  
 Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. 2.427  
 Job Mix AC% 6.50  
 VMA = Minimum =  
 Remarks Mix contains 15% of 12% modified rubber RA



### TABLE 5B

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: 5      Date: 7/16/97      Project: 16-0007-01-053-10  
 Lot No.: Control strip #16      Lot Length: 2400'      County: ALCORN  
           LT LANE RT SIDE  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1281+00      End Sta. No.: 1257+00      Binder: HTBC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station	1277+51	1272+04	1269+72	1261+86	1258+41	
Location	1'	6'	10'	11'	11'	
Core Density PCF	92.1	94	91.8	93.8	92.5	92.8
Nuclear Density PCF	91.2	91.8	91.2	91.8	92.4	91.7
Guage Correlation (±Bias) PCF	+0.9	+2.2	+0.6	+2.0	+0.1	+1.1

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pav Factor
Station							
Location							
Nuclear Density PCF							
Bias (±) PCF							
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF							
Density %							

Remarks    mix contains 15% of 12% modified Rubber RAP  
                   Bias +1.1  
 Paving Inspector    W.T.

### TABLE 7A

#### ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Lot No. 126 Date 7/17/97 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 County Alcorn  
 Contractor T. L. Wallace Producer of Mix APAC - Corinth Mix Design Lab No. 9663677  
 Type Plant ESSTEE Binder Surface HTSC Source of AC ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-30)						SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2		
Time		7:15				Time		7:15			
Temperature		149°C				Temperature		149°C			
Sample Wt. (W)		2022.7				Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.		1136.2	
Weight of Moist (M)		4.0						Water Wt.		620.0	
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		2918.7						SSD Wt.		1137.9	
Corr. AC %		128.6						Volume		517.9	
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		1890.1						Sp. Grav.		2.194	
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Spec. Tol.			Voids		4.8	
	1 1/2"				6			VMA		15.4	
	1"				6			Dial		130	
	3/4"	0.0	100.0	0.0	6			Stability		1913	
	1/2"	153.4	91.9	-1.1	6			Flow		-----	
	3/8"	380.7	79.9	2.1	6	Asphalt Content Gauge (MT-6)		6.57			
	#4	917.2	51.5	-0.5	5	Moisture		Sample Wt.		500.1	
	#8	1307.6	30.8	-1.2	5	Correction (AASHTO: T110)		Wt. Water		1.0	
	#16	-----	-----	-----	5	Corrected Asphalt Content		% Moisture		0.20	
	#30	1580.3	16.4	-0.6	4	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		Sample Wt.		2057.2	
	#50	1713.8	9.3	-0.7	4			Cal. Wt.		7558.6	
	#200	1814.7	4.0	-0.6	1.5			Final Wt.		8723.4	
								Volume		892.4	
								Max. Sp.Grav.		2.305	

TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)					
Sublot No.	1	2	3	4	5
Station					
Location					
CORE DENSITY	Thickness				
	Air Wt.				
	Water Wt.				
	SSD Wt.				
	Volume				
	Sp. Gravity				
	Max. Sp. Gravity				
					Average Density
					% Density

Crush Count %  
 Limestone Retained on #4 Sieve %  
 Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. 2.427  
 Job Mix AC% 6.50  
 VMA = Minimum =  
 Remarks mix contains 15% of 10% modified rubber RA

## TABLE 7B

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: 7      Date: 7/17/97      Project: 16-0007-01-053  
 Lot No.: 126      Lot Length: UAR      County: ALCORN  
                   LT LANE LT  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1294+50      End Sta. No.: 1280+00      Binder: HTBC

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Guage Correlation (+Bias) PCF						

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station	1293+78	1290+91	1287+19	1283+30	1281+25		
Location	5	18	3	10	9		
Nuclear Density PCF	94.3	89.9	91.2	93	94.4		
Bias (±) PCF	+1.0						
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF	143.8						
Density %	95.3	90.9	92.2	94.0	95.4	93.6	100

Remarks mix contains 15% of 10% modified rubber RAP

Paving Inspector      W.T.

**TABLE 8A**

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Lot No. 126-A Date 7/17/97 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 County Alcorn  
 Contractor T. L. Wallace Producer of Mix APAC - Corinth Mix Design Lab No. 9663678  
 Type Plant ESSTEE Binder Surface HTSC Source of AC ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-30)						SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2
Time		10:45				Time		11:00	
Temperature		151°C				Temperature		143°C	
Sample Wt. (W)		2102.8				Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.	1138.2
Weight of Moist (M)		3.4						Water Wt.	620.8
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)		2099.4						SSD Wt.	1140.8
Corr. AC %		130.8						Volume	520.0
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		1968.6						Sp. Grav.	2.189
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Spec. Tol.	Voids	4.7		
	1 1/2"				6	VMA	15.4		
	1"				6	Dial	130		
100	3/4"	0.0	100	0.0	6	Stability	1913		
93	1/2"	203.5	89.7	-3.3	6	Flow			
82	3/8"	455.3	76.9	-5.1	6	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)	6.39		
52	#4	1040.8	47.1	-4.9	5	Moisture	Sample Wt.	511.1	
32	#8	1414.4	28.2	-3.8	5	Correction	Wt. Water	8	
-----	#16	-----	-----	-----	5	(AASHTO: T110)	% Moisture	.16	
17	#30	1677.8	14.8	-2.2	4	Corrected Asphalt Content		6.23	
10	#50	1800.9	8.5	-1.5	4	Maximum	Sample Wt.	2053.0	
4.6	#200	1907.8	3.1	-1.5	1.5	Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)	Cal. Wt.	7558.6	
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)								Final Wt.	8718.2
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5	Volume	893.2	
Station							Max. Sp.Grav.	2.298	
Location									
CORE DENSITY	Thickness								
	Air Wt.								
	Water Wt.								
	SSD Wt.								
	Volume								
	Sp. Gravity						Average		
	Max. Sp. Gravity						Density		
% Density									

Crush Count %  
 Limestone Retained on #4 Sieve %  
 Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. 2.427  
 Job Mix AC% 6.50  
 VMA = Minimum =  
 Remarks mix contains 15% of 12% modified rubber RA

## TABLE 8B

### MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: 8      Date: 7/17/97      Project: 16-0007-01-053-10

Lot No.: 126-A      Lot Length: UAR      County: ALCORN  
                   LT LANE LT

Beginning Sta. No.: 1280+00      End Sta. No.: 1252+00      Binder:

#### CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Guage Correlation (+Bias) PCF						

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pay Factor
Station	1279+22	1271+45	1266+27	1267+18	1253+05		
Location	2	10	11	5	3		
Nuclear Density PCF	91.5	89.7	92.6	92.2	94.7		
Bias (+) PCF	+1.1	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF	143.4	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Density %	92.6	90.8	93.7	93.3	95.8	93.2	100

Remarks                    mix contains 15% of 12% modified rubber RAP

Paving Inspector        W.T.

**TABLE 9A**

ASPHALT INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Lot No. 121 Date 7/11/97 Project No. 16-0007-01-053-10 County Alcorn  
 Contractor T. L. Wallace Producer of Mix APAC - Corinth Mix Design Lab No. 961034  
 Type Plant ESSTEE Binder Surface HTSC Source of AC ERGON

EXTRATIONS (MT-30)						SAMPLE NUMBER		1	2		
Time		8:00				Time		8:00			
Temperature		163°C				Temperature		149°C			
Sample Wt. (W)		1921.0				Characteristics of Laboratory Compacted Specimens (MT-34&MT-35)		Air Wt.		1138.6	
Weight of Moist (M)								Water Wt.		621.0	
Dry Sample Wt. (Ws)								SSD Wt.		1140.4	
Corr. AC %		126.0						Volume		519.4	
Total Ext. Wt. (W1)		1795.0						Sp. Grav.		2.192	
Job Mix	Sieve Size	Weight Grams	% Passing	Dev.	Spec. Tol.	Voids		4.6			
	1 1/2"				6	VMA		14.8			
	1"				6	Dial		149			
100	3/4"	0.0	100		6	Stability		2200			
94	1/2"	189.9	89.4	4.6	6	Flow					
81	3/8"	367.5	79.5	1.5	6	Asphalt Content Guage (MT-6)		6.56			
50	#4	885.2	50.7	0.7	5	Moisture		Sample Wt. 515.4			
31	#8	1263.2	29.6	1.4	5	Correction (AASHTO: T110)		Wt. Water 1.2			
-----	#16	-----	-----	-----	5	Corrected Asphalt Content		% Moisture .23			
19	#30	1503.3	16.3	2.7	4	Maximum Specific Gravity (AASHTO: T209)		Sample Wt. 2039.2			
11	#50	1606.7	10.5	0.5	4			Cal. Wt.		7558.6	
4.3	#200	1706.7	4.9	0.6	1.5			Final Wt.		8710.0	
								Volume		887.8	
TEST STRIP OR ROADWAY DENSITY (TMD-22-06-00-000)								Max. Sp.Grav.		2.297	
Sublot No.		1	2	3	4	5					
Station											
Location											
CORE DENSITY	Thickness										
	Air Wt.										
	Water Wt.										
	SSD Wt.										
	Volume										
	Sp. Gravity					Average Density					
	Max. Sp. Gravity										
	% Density										

Crush Count %  
 Limestone Retained on #4 Sieve %  
 Agg. Bulk Sp. Grav. 2.410  
 Job Mix AC% 6.50  
 VMA = Minimum =  
 Remarks

### TABLE 9B

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
ASPHALT PAVING INSPECTORS DAILY REPORT

Table No.: 9      Date: 7/11/97      Project: 16-0007-01-053-10  
 Lot No.: 121      Lot Length: UAR      County: ALCORN  
                   LT LANE LT  
 Beginning Sta. No.: 1370+00      End Sta. No.: 1344+00      Binder:

CONTROL STRIP DENSITY

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.
Station						
Location						
Core Density PCF						
Nuclear Density PCF						
Guage Correlation ( $\pm$ Bias) PCF						

Sublot	1	2	3	4	5	Av.	Pav Factor
Station	1366+70	1361+10	1358+45	1353+95	1345+90		
Location	2	7	1	7	11		
Nuclear Density PCF	92.6	93.0	91.7	89.9	93.7		
Bias ( $\pm$ ) PCF	+0.8	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Corr. Nuclear Density PCF							
Max. Density PCF	143.3	-----	-----	-----	-----		
Density %	93.4	93.8	92.5	90.7	94.5	93.0	100

Remarks            HTSC-(RAP)

Paving Inspector    W.T.