



**ITS Operational Test Program** 

**February 5, 1996** 

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## **Volume I-Commercial Vehicle Operational Tests**

## **TEST AND EVALUATION STRATEGIES**



U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

## EXPEDITED PROCESSING AND INTERNATIONAL CROSSING

5 5

## (EPIC)

#### **Test & Evaluation Strategy**

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996



#### CONTENTS

- Project Overview
- Organization
- Evaluation Overview
- Schedule

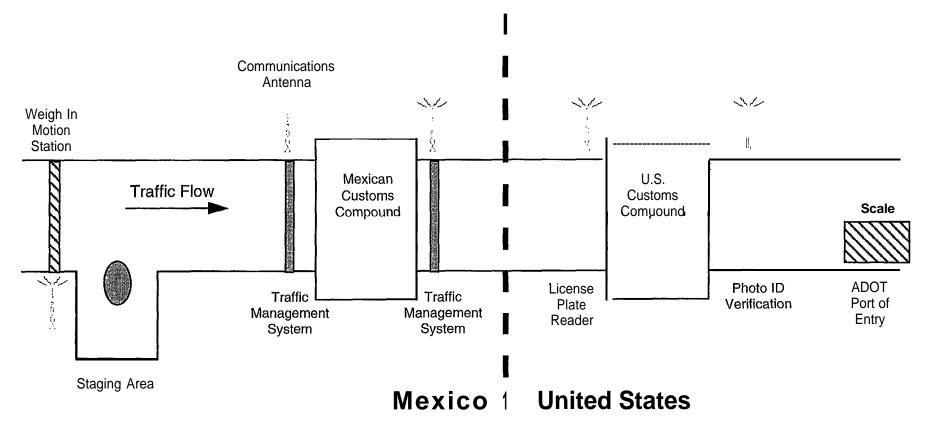
#### Project Overview ...,

#### THE EPIC PROJECT WILL DEMONSTRATE AN ELECTRONIC TRIP CLEARANCE SYSTEM TO ACCELERATE COMMERCIAL VEHICLE TRAFFIC THROUGH THE NOGALES, ARIZONA BORDER CROSSING SITE

- The objective of the EPIC Project is to expedite commodity movements through the extensive use of EDI and the automation of manual processes currently used to monitor commercial vehicle movements at the border
- The EPIC system will demonstrate:
  - Integrated pre-clearance processing for cargo, vehicle, and driver
  - Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) transfer of regulatory data
  - Use of License Plate Recognition (LPR) and Vehicle-Roadside Communications (VRC) as a part of the line release system
  - Use of electronic seals to ensure cargo integrity
  - Traffic management systems to reduce overall delays
  - Methods for reducing institutional and legal barriers

Project Overview .. .

#### THE EPIC PROJECT WILL REQUIRE INTERNATIONAL COORDINATION OF INFRASTRUCTURE INSTALLATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE



Project Overview ...

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# THE COMMERCIAL VEHICLE ELECTRONIC CLEARANCE USER SERVICE WILL BE THE FOCUS OF THIS OPERATIONAL TEST

SYSTEMS	SERVICES
Electronic Data Interchanges (EDI)	Driver Processing-Expedite identification of driver and cross-check
Vehicle-Roadside Communications MC)	driver credentials with National and local databases at the U. S. Customs entry gate, Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA) inspection station, and ADOT Port of Entry.
Commercial Drivers License Information System (CDLIS)	<ul> <li>Vehicle ProcessingAutomate verification of vehicle registration, trip permits, and safety credentials through the use of license plate</li> </ul>
License Plate Recognition (LPR)	recognition (LPR) and weigh in motion (WIM) at the U. S. Customs entry
Weigh in Motion (WIM)	gate, Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA) inspection station, and ADOT Port of Entry.
SafetyNet	Cargo ProcessingAutomate the transfer of information residing in the
Management Information System for Transportation (MIST)	Automated Customs System (ACS) database at the U. S. Customs entry gate, Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA) inspection station, and ADOT Port of Entry, and enhance cargo integrity and security.
	<ul> <li>Traffic Management-Control Infrastructure metering scheme in accordance with line release priority system and support vehicle and cargo tracking.</li> </ul>



Project Work Plan .. .

# THE EPIC WORK PLAN IS COMPRISED OF 5 SEQUENTIAL PHASES TO ACHIEVE EARLY/INCREMENTAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- Phase O-Project Initiation
- Phase 1 -System Prototyping
- Phase 2-Trip Permitting Implementation
- Phase 3-Cargo Seals and WIM Implementation
- Phase 4-Traffic Management System Implementation

The EPIC operational test work plan will be refined based on the outcome of international coordination efforts and the resolution of technical issues addressed in Phase 0

# PHASE 0 IS COMPRISED OF THREE MAJOR ACTIVITIES CULMINATING IN A REFINED WORK PLAN FOR THE PROJECT

- Analyze Border Crossing Requirements
  - Initiate policy discussions through International Border Clearance Planning and Deployment Committee (IBCPDC)
  - Review current infrastructure and planned improvements
  - Determine liaisons and roles of U.S. and Mexican Customs and Immigration
  - Determine liaisons and roles of U.S. and Mexican Transportation Officials
  - Define roles of other participants (e.g., brokers, importers, exporters, etc.) Officials
- Finalize System Needs and Requirements
  - Develop functional requirements for trip clearance and traffic management
  - Develop infrastructure concept plan
  - Refine system architecture
- Finalize Operational Test Work Plan

## The revised work plan will focus the operational test design based on results of Phase 0 investigations of technical and institutional aspects

Project Work Plan..,

# PHASE 1 IS COMPRISED OF SIX MAJOR ACTIVITIES TO DEFINE THE SYSTEM PROTOTYPE

- Develop Preliminary System Design
  - Define driver, vehicle, and cargo clearance information processing subsystems
  - Define trip information processing and service center subsystems
  - Define databases, communications network, interfaces, and control subsystems
  - Define system architecture
- <sup>a</sup> Develop Preliminary Operational Procedures
  - Define enrollment and trip clearance procedures
  - Define agency protocols
- · Recruit Test Participants
- Develop Installation Plans
  - Procure equipment and prepare site plans
- · Install License Plate Recognition (LPR) and Vehicle-to-Roadside Communications (VRC) Devices
- Develop Prototype Graphical User Interfaces (GUIs)
  - Service Center users
  - U. S. Customs agents
  - Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) agents
  - ADOT Safety and Special agents

## This phase will result in a demonstration of the prototype GUIs and the L PR/VRC technologies at the test site

EPIC... Arizona

Project Work Plan., .

#### PHASE 2 IS COMPRISED OF SEVEN MAJOR ACTIVITIES TO IMPLEMENT TRIP PERMITTING

- Develop Phase 2 System Design
  - Design driver, vehicle, and cargo clearance information processing subsystems
  - Design trip information processing and service center subsystems
  - Design databases, communications network, interfaces, and control subsystems
  - Update system architecture
- Develop Phase 2 System
  - Develop driver, vehicle, and cargo clearance information processing subsystems
  - Develop trip information processing and service center subsystems
  - Develop initial Electronic Data Interchanges (EDIs)
  - Develop, integrate, and test communications network, interfaces, and control subsystems
- · Develop Installation Plans
  - Procure equipment and prepare installation plans
- Install Central Control, Traffic Control, and Communications Infrastructure/Equipment
- Phase 2 System Integration and Testing
- Prepare for Phase 2 Operations
  - Establish service center and initial databases
  - Update operational procedures, and enroll/train participants
  - Verify driver and vehicle data and install VRC transponders
- Conduct Phase 2 System Test

## This phase will result in a demonstration of trip permitting capabilities using installed components and participating vehicles

Project Work Plan...

#### PHASE 3 IS COMPRISED OF SIX MAJOR ACTIVITIES TO IMPLEMENT CARGO SEALS AND WIM

- Develop Phase 3 System Design
  - Design cargo interface and additional EDIs
  - Refine Weigh-In-Motion (WIM) interface
  - Update system architecture
  - Finalize equipment requirements
- Develop Phase 3 System
  - Develop cargo interface and additional EDIs
  - Integrate and test subsystems
- Develop Installation Plans
  - Procure equipment and prepare installation plans
- Phase 3 System Integration and Testing
- Prepare for Phase 3 Operations
  - Update operational procedures and enroll/train participants
  - Install cargo and VRC transponders
  - Update databases
- Conduct Phase 3 System Test

## This phase will demonstrate an integrated cargo security system using installed infrastructure components and participating vehicles

Project Work Plan..,

#### PHASE 4 IS COMPRISED OF SEVEN MAJOR ACTIVITIES TO IMPLEMENT TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

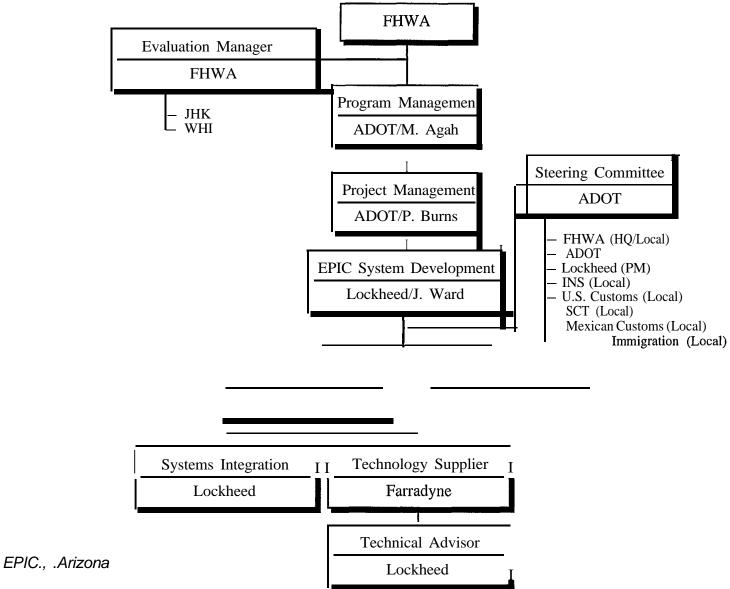
- <sup>o</sup> Develop Phase 4 System Design
  - Update traffic management requirements
  - Design traffic management control algorithms
  - Finalize traffic management system design
  - Finalize system architecture
- Develop Phase 4 System
  - Develop interfaces to traffic control devices
  - Develop traffic management control algorithms
  - Integrate and test subsystems
- Develop Installation Plans
  - Procure equipment and prepare installation plans
- Install Traffic Control and Communications Equipment
- <sup>0</sup> Phase 4 System Integration and Testing
- Prepare for Phase 4 Operations
  - Finalize operational procedures and train operators
- Conduct Phase 4 System Test

# This phase will demonstrate an integrated EPIC system which incorporates the traffic management control system . . . the operational test evaluation will commence at the end of this phase

EPIC... Arizona

Organization. . .

#### THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY ARIZONA DOT AND LOCKHEED IMS -THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY FHWA



Evaluation Overview. . .

# THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Can advanced technologies be applied in such a way to make it possible for commercial vehicles to cross international borders without stopping?
- Can common (Customs, INS, DOT) international border crossing processes and information requirements be developed and implemented between the U.S. and Mexico?
- Will border inspectors allow electronic systems verifications of cargo, driver, and vehicle entry and exit requirements to replace manual process, except in the case of random inspections?

Evaluation Overview .. .

#### **EVALUATION GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

GOALS	OBJECTIVES
Assess system benefits to users and providers	Assess reduction in inspection process delays for commercial vehicle border crossing
	Assess the increase in verification of cargo integrity
	Assess the improvement in motor carrier productivity using an automated, electronic information verification system
Evaluate effects of Institutional & Legal	Reduce institutional barriers to efficient border crossing
Issues	Facilitate motor carrier regulatory and safety compliance
Assess system performance	Assess impacts of interface control documents, including levels of communications protocols, data structures, and databases
Assess user acceptance	Assess ease of use
Assess impacts on the transportation system	Assess impacts on surrounding vehicle border crossing efficiency
Document system costs to users and providers	Document infrastructure, equipment, and training costs

Work Plan Schedule...

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:

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Task	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun
P0—Project Initiation		_																				
Analyze border crossing requirements							ľ															
Finalize system needs and requirements	-	***																				]
Finalize operational test work plan		Ranz																				
P1—System Prototyping																						<u> </u>
Develop preliminary system design		-			etitteine																	
Develop preliminary operational procedures		Factor Contractor																			<b>_</b>	
Recruit test participants																						
Develop installation plans		town of the second	******																			
Install LPR and VRC devices					<b>7</b> 78																	<u> </u>
Develop prototype GUIs				RANKS.																		
P2—Trip Permitting Implementation				-																ļ	<b></b>	<b></b>
Develop Phase 2 system design				1717 <b>2</b> 45015	-201629454																ļ	
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Develop installation plans					6105-191X	9 <u>4</u>	{															
Install central control, traffic control, infrastructure,						#**********		1355														1
and communications equipment																						<u> </u>
Phase 2 system integration and test ing						l.	T	*****	****													
Prepare for Phase 2 operations			********		Long Street																	
Conduct Phase 2 System Test	Terlanung -					[				27103	Í											
P3—Cargo Seals and WIM Implementation																						
Develop Phase 3 system design								A.SR														
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Develop installation plans							1		****													
Phase 3 system integration and testing											14.840											
Prepare for Phase 3 operations											*****											ļ
Conduct Phase 3 System Test												· ·							L			
P4—Traffic Management System Implementation																						<u> </u>
Develop Phase 4 system design												302363938										<u> </u>
Develop Phase 4 system															<u>t</u>							
Develop installation plans											***	*******	-									<u> </u>
Install traffic control and communications equipment													877.87									Ļ
Phase 4 system integration and testing															1331							
Prepare for Phase 4 operations				1	[	[	1							*****								
Conduct Phase 4 System Test															6:000							
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EPIC.. .Arizona



U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

## INTERNATIONAL BORDER ELECTRONIC CLEARANCE

## (IBEX)

### **Test & Evaluation Strategy**

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996

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- Project Overview
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Project Overview ...

#### THE IBEX PROJECT WILL DEMONSTRATE AN ELECTRONIC BORDER CLEARANCE SYSTEM TO ACCELERATE COMMERCIAL VEHICLE TRAFFIC THROUGH THE OTAY MESA, CALIFORNIA CROSSING SITE

- The objective of the CVO Preclearance System for International Border Crossings is to provide an accredited service to both the border officials/agencies and commercial fleet users that allows selected vehicles to pass the international border check points without stopping, or with expedited inspections
- The Southern California partnership intends to employ and integrate off-**t**he-shelf components to perform the following functions:
  - Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI)
  - Automatic Vehicle Classification (AVC)
  - Automatic Credential Verification (ACV)
  - Vehicle/Cargo Monitoring
  - Safety and Environmental Monitoring
- The IBEX system design will accommodate HELP/Crescent/Advantage I-75 technologies and will support future hardware/software integration
- The IBEX system will emphasize decentralized data bases and more robust onboard capability, but will keep inspectors firmly in the process

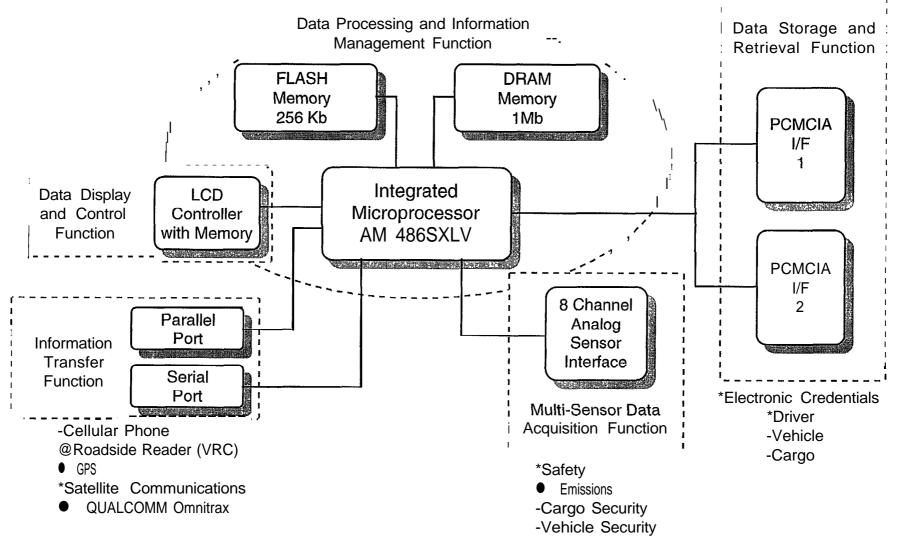
Project Overview., ,

#### THE IBEX SYSTEM WILL CONSIST OF PROVEN COMPONENTRY INTEGRATED INTO AN OPEN ARCHITECTURE

- In-Vehicle Data Processing Interface Unit (DPIU)
  - Carries/provides credentials, manifest, inspection records
  - Collects/processes/transmits data from on-board sensors
  - Upstream transmission of credential information to Otay Mesa Inspection Facility
  - Vehicle to Roadside Communications (VRC) with inspectors and inspection stations
  - Information management of in-vehicle data base and records
- Personal Computer (PC)-Based Inspector Workstations
  - Interface to DPIU via VRC
  - Record of electronic credentials (vehicle and cargo)
  - Data base interfaces (e.g., HELP/Crescent) with Otay Mesa Inspection Station
  - Customs/INS and CARB/CHP Inspectors linked via network
- Communications
  - Cellular Modem
  - Hughes, MK IV, etc., VRC systems
- Automatic Vehicle Locating
  - GPS-based

Project Overview .. .

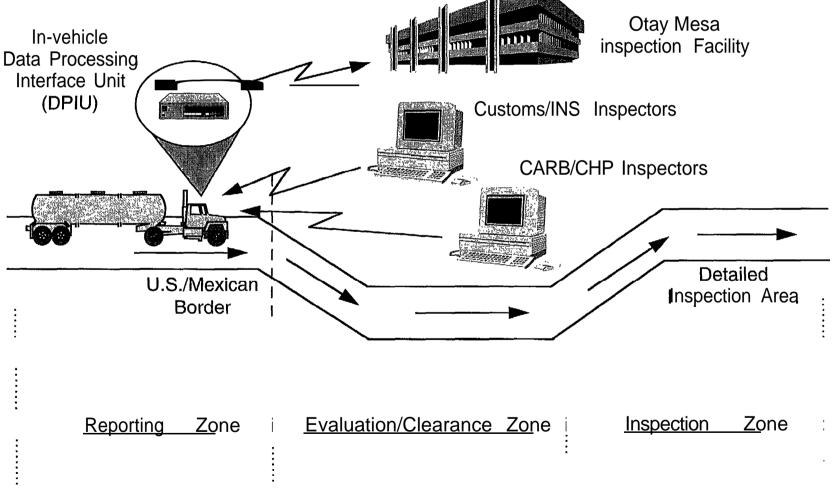
#### THE HEART OF THE IBEX SYSTEM IS THE IN-VEHICLE DATA PROCESSING INTERFACE UNIT, OR DPIU



IBEX... Otay Mesa, CA

Project Overview.. ,

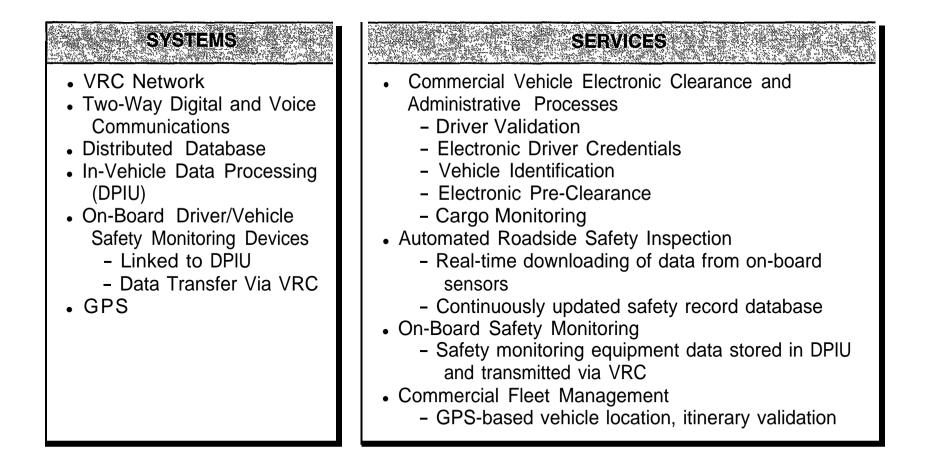
THE IBEX PROJECT WILL REQUIRE THE INTEGRATION OF EXISTING TECHNOLOGIES INTO A SEAMLESS SYSTEM THAT MEETS THE OPERATING AND INSTITUTIONAL REQUIREMENTS OF BOTH THE U.S. AND MEXICO



IBEX... Otay Mesa, CA

Project Overview., .

# IBEX WILL DEPLOY INTEGRATED SYSTEMS TO PROVIDE USER SERVICES IN FOUR AREAS



Project Work Plan..,

#### THE IBEX WORK PLAN IS COMPRISED OF 6 PHASES

- Phase O-System Analysis and Design
- Phase 1 -Southbound System Development
- Phase 2-Southbound Demonstration
- Phase 3-NATAP Customs Interface
- Phase 4-Full Demonstration
- Phase 5-Evaluation

The IBEX operational test work plan will be refined based on the outcome of international coordination efforts and the resolution of technical issues addressed in Phase 0

Project Work Plan., ,

# PHASE 0 IS COMPRISED OF FIVE MAJOR ACTIVITIES CULMINATING IN A REFINED WORK PLAN FOR THE PROJECT

- Problem Definition
  - Analyze northbound and southbound traffic flow
  - Define process/identify potential delays
  - Identify problems and potential solutions
- Agency Coordination
  - Convene Institutional and Legal Issues Coordination Committee (ILCC)
  - Coordinate policy discussions with International Border Clearance Planning and Deployment Committee (IBCPDC)
  - Identify liaisons and roles of US. and Mexican Customs and Immigration
  - Identify liaisons and roles of U.S. and Mexican Transportation Officials
  - Define specific roles of other participants
- Determine Information Requirements
  - Reconcile needs and restrictions imposed by U.S. and Mexican Officials
- Develop Preliminary System Design
  - Finalize system functional requirements
  - Refine system architecture
- Develop Evaluation Strategy
  - Select Independent Evaluator

## The revised work plan will focus the operational test design based on results of Phase 0 investigations of technical and institutional aspects

IBEX... Otay Mesa, CA

Project Overview., .

# PHASE 1 IS COMPRISED OF ACTIVITIES TO DESIGN AND DEVELOP THE SYSTEM PROTOTYPE

- Systems Engineering
  - Define interface control requirements
- In-Vehicle System Hardware and Software Selection and Design
  - Select and procure hardware components
  - Conduct software requirements analysis
  - Design, develop, and test software
- Main Station Hardware and Software Selection and Design
  - Select and procure hardware components
  - Conduct software requirements analysis
  - Design, develop and test software
- Roving and Broker Unit Hardware and Software Selection and Design
  - Select and procure hardware components
  - Conduct software requirements analysis
  - Design, develop and test software
- Integration and Test
  - System installation and test at contractor facility
- Test Planning and Manuals
  - Planning for system integration and test task
  - Development of user's manuals for main station, roving unit, broker unit, and in-vehicle unit

## This phase will result in a laboratory demonstration of the prototype system , and publishing of system design, installation, and operations documents

IBEX,. . Otay Mesa, CA

Project Work Plan.. ,

# PHASE 2 WILL FOCUS ON FIELD DEPLOYMENT AND DEMONSTRATION OF THE SOUTHBOUND SYSTEM

- Main Station Production
  - Single set of equipment for installation at central customs
- In-Vehicle Production
  - Seventy-five sets of in-vehicle equipment
- Roving/Broker Unit Production
  - Five sets each
- Installation (and Removal)
  - Main station
  - In-vehicle
  - Broker/shipper facilities
- Systems Testing
  - Two-week demonstrations and testing period

## This phase will demonstrate the functionality of a portion of the IBEX system, and will serve as a pilot test for evaluation data collection procedures

Project Work P/an...

#### PHASE 3 WILL FOCUS ON ENSURING THE IBEX SYSTEM IS FULLY COMPATIBLE WITH THE NORTH AMERICAN TRADE AUTOMATION PROTOTYPE (NATAP)

- NATAP will identify a standard set of data for all trade transactions between Canada, U.S., and Mexico
- Specific tasks and a schedule will be identified once IBEX system is defined and NATAP requirements have been developed



Project Work Plan...

# PHASE 4 WILL BE COMPRISED OF A FULL DEMONSTRATION OF ALL IBEX SYSTEM CAPABILITIES

- All components and services will be exercised in an end-to-end functional demonstration
- Will allow for isolation and correction of technical difficulties, and for participants to become familiar with operating procedures
- Will serve as a kick-off for the start of evaluation data collection activities



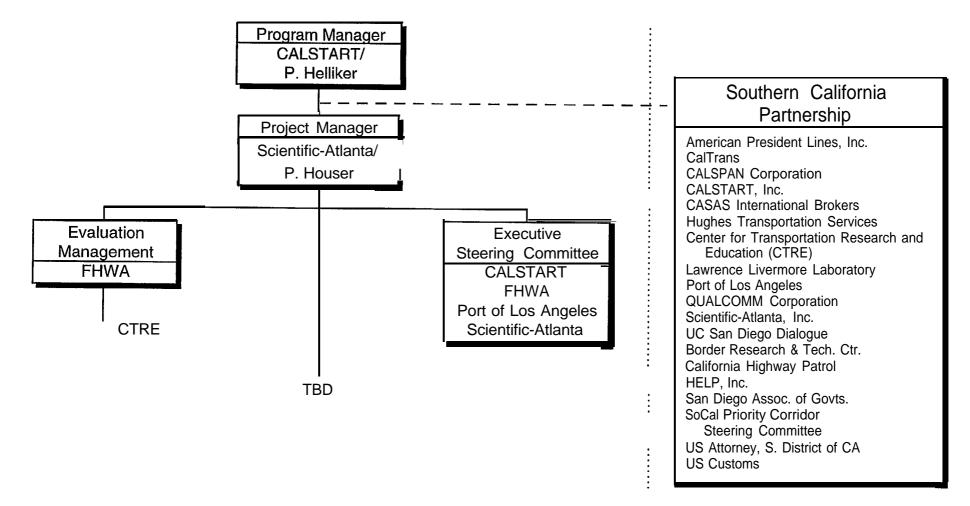
Project Work Plan., .

#### PHASE 5 WILL CONSIST OF AN OPERATIONAL TEST EVALUATION

- Evaluation Plan Development
- Evaluation Plan Validation
  - Pilot tested during Phase 2
- Data Collection
  - To be defined in individual test plans
- Data Analysis
  - Assessment of system impacts
    - Comparison with design goals
  - Assessment of system technical adequacy
    - Hardware
    - Software
    - Component compatibility
    - System suitability
    - System extendibility
- Evaluation Reporting
  - Test Reports
  - Final Evaluation Report

Organization . . .

# THE PROGRAM IS HEADED BY CALSTART-THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY FHWA



Evaluation Overview ...,

# THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Can advanced technologies be applied in such a way to make it possible for commercial vehicles to cross international borders without stopping?
- Can common (Customs, INS, DOT) international border crossing processes and information requirements be developed and implemented between the U.S. and Mexico?
- Will border inspectors accept electronic systems verifications of cargo, driver, and vehicle inspections, or in conjunction with manual inspection process?

#### **EVALUATION GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

GOAL	OBJECTIVES
To evaluate the benefits of the CVO IPS	<ul> <li>To evaluate the use of a DPIU as an integrating technology</li> </ul>
system in reducing border congestion, speeding the movement of commerce and enhancing the law enforcement/regulatory	<ul> <li>To evaluate the various VRC methods as to their capacity to support international electronic border clearance</li> </ul>
process	To evaluate the effectiveness of communications and data security in supporting electronic clearance
	<ul> <li>To evaluate the best means of transferring credentials between inspectors, shippers, brokers and underway vehicles</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To evaluate electronic means to update in-vehicle credentials and central data base files</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To evaluate on-board safety, driver and environmental sensors/outputs</li> </ul>
	To evaluate means of automating Customs/INS/CARB/CHP forms necessary for pre-clearance
	To evaluate the most efficient way to store pre-clearance data on commercial vehicles
	<ul> <li>To evaluate the most efficient display of data to inspectors to facilitate pre-clearance</li> </ul>
	- To identify external data bases which could support electronic clearance at the international border
	To evaluate truck driver usage and acceptance of the system
	- To evaluate the use of long-range satellite communications to support border clearance
	<ul> <li>To identify and evaluate new requirements for U.S. and Mexican inspectors necessary to support electronic pre-clearance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To identify innovative ways to expand me-clearance beyond the immediate border region</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To evaluate the integration of the CVO IPS technology with the HELP/Crescent/EZ Pass/Advantage I-75 systems</li> </ul>
	- To evaluate the application of CVO IPS technology across all North American international borders
	To determine the path to commercialization of this technology
	<ul> <li>To bring together the critical institutional players and overcome institutional roadblocks to executing a system demonstration and eventual commercialization</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To develop specific forums and publications beyond the test report to share lessons learned and technical approaches to electronic border crossing</li> </ul>
	To evaluate sensors and approaches to vehicle self-monitoring as a means of meeting safety and environmental regulations
	To evaluate a means of "port-to-port" electronic bonding and cargo tracking

Schedule...

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:

	$\square$	1995		1996													1997		
	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	
Phase 0 - System Analysis and Design																			
Program Management																			
Problem Definition																			
Information Requirements																			
Preliminary System Design	I																		
Develop Evaluation Strategy			-																
Agency Coordination	T											i							
Phase 1 -Southbound System Development	1			_															
Systems Engineering	Ι	I	Π																
Vehicle System HW/SW Selection/Design	I	[]					-												
Main Station HW/SW Selection/Design	1	•																	
Roving/Broker Unit HW/SW Selection/Design																			
Integration and Test																			
Test Planning and Manuals																			
Phase 2 - Southbound Demonstration																			
Main Station Production																			
In-Vehicle Unit Production														<u> </u>					
Roving/Broker Unit Production																			
Installation																			
Systems Testing																			
Phase 3 - NATAP Customs Interface						SCH	EDI	JLE '	TOF	BED	ETF	RMI	NEI	)					
Phase 4 - Full Demonstration									——————————————————————————————————————										
Phase 5 - Evaluation																			
Evaluation Plan Development																			
Evaluation Plan Validation										1						L			
Data Collection															-				
Data Analysis															L				
Evaluation Reporting																			

\*This schedule will be updated based on the results of the Phase 0 activities

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

# **OREGON GREEN LIGHT**

### **Test & Evaluation Strategy**

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996

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Project Overview ...,

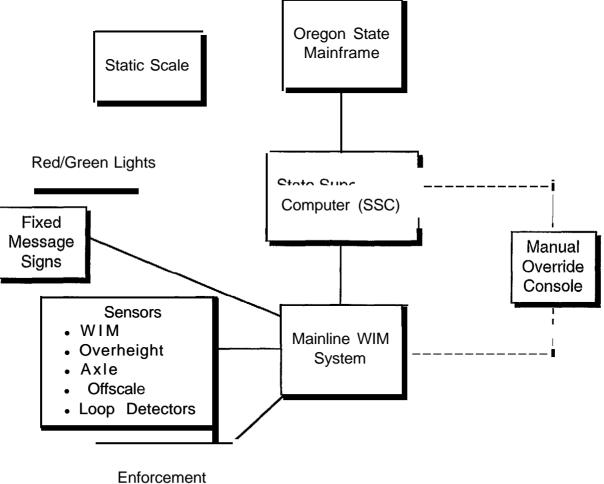
#### THE GREEN LIGHT PROJECT WILL DEVELOP AND DEPLOY ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY TO AUTOMATE COMMERCIAL VEHICLE OPERATIONS (CVO) IN OREGON

- The project will automate three CVO areas:
  - Mainline Preclearance
  - Enforcement
  - Safety
- Mainline preclearance systems will be implemented at 15 sites on Oregon's major highways (Phase I). These systems will allow compliant commercial vehicles to completely by-pass portsof-entry and weigh stations
- Enforcement sites, located at key by-pass routes (primary and secondary roads), will be equipped with WIM and/or AVI to assist in identifying vehicles attempting to evade weigh stations. Thirty-five potential sites have been identified for construction as part of Phase II of the project
- Safety enhancements will be installed in four locations. These enhancements consist of two systems:
  - Downhill Speed Information System (DSIS)-Measures the speed versus weight of passing trucks and provides safe operating speed indication via variable message signs
  - Road and Weather Information System (RWIS)-Detects visibility, wind, and ice problems to allow state maintenance crews to more effectively mitigate snow and ice problems
  - Link existing real-time safety inspection database to all weigh stations
- The project will purchase 5000 transponders and offer them free to truck operators to establish a high level of initial participation in this project

Green Light.. . Salem, OR

Project Overview ...

#### THE PROJECT WILL EQUIPPED 14 SITES FOR MAINLINE PRECLEARANCE AND ALL OF THE SITES WILL BE INTEGRATED WITH THE STATE SYSTEM



Control System

Green Light.. . Salem, OR

Project Overview .. .

### THE PROJECT ELEMENTS WILL BE DEPLOYED IN A THREE-PHASED APPROACH SUBJECT TO AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR THE LATER PHASES

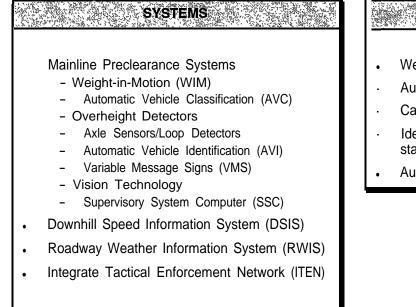
- Phase I
  - Mainline preclearance (sites have been prioritized)
  - Downhill Speed Information System (DSIS)
  - Road and Weather Information System (RWIS)
  - Oregon database will be updated to include:
    - Data and time of last inspection
    - Carrier compliance
    - Safety status

#### Phase II

- Integrated Tactical Enforcement Network (ITEN)
- Hardware and software upgrades
- Additional safety enhancements
- Additional information systems
- Phase III
  - Add the by-pass routes and county/city roads

Project Overview., ,

#### THE SYSTEMS AND SERVICES INCLUDE:



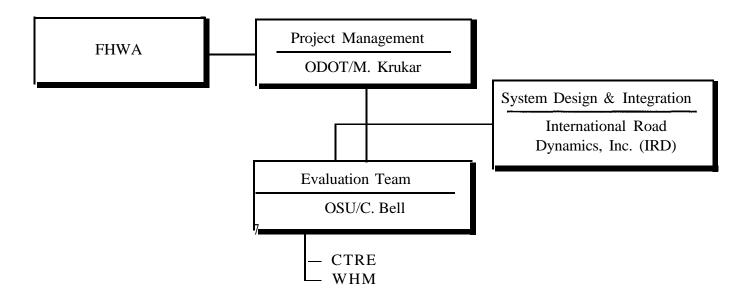
### SERVICES Weigh station and port-of-entry bypass

- Automated weight, speed, and vehicle classification determination
- · Calculation and display of save downhill truck speeds
- Identification of visibility, wind, and ice problems allowing maintenance staff to more effectively mitigate snow and ice conditions
- Automated enforcment avoidance detection and notification



Organization,.,

# THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY OREGON DOT-THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY



Evaluation Overview...

# THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Will deployment of advanced technologies in an integrated network to provide mainline preclearance be effective in improving the efficiency of commercial vehicle operations?
- Can safety be enhanced by providing additional information to commercial vehicle operators and maintenance staff?
- Will strategic statewide deployment of enforcement systems affect compliance rates?

Evaluation Overview ...

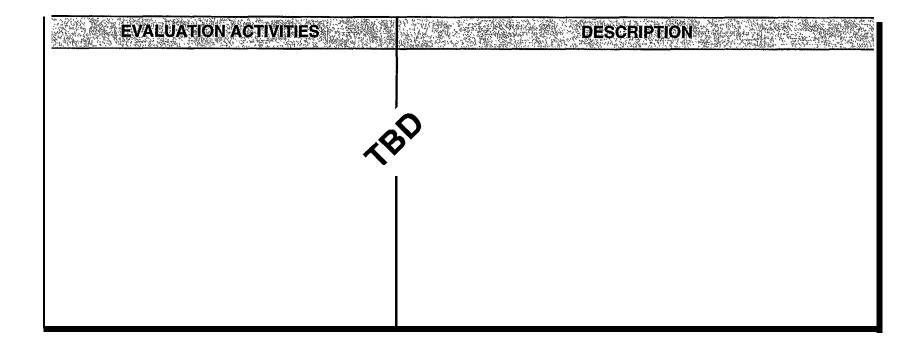
#### **EVALUATION GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

GOALS Assess Safety	<ul> <li>OBJECTIVES</li> <li>Determine change in safety compliance</li> <li>Determine change in truck behavior due to the road weather information</li> <li>Determine change in truck behavior due to the downhill speed information system</li> </ul>
Assess Productivity	<ul><li>Determine changes in tax administration costs</li><li>Determine changes in tax evasion</li></ul>
Assess Institutional and Interoperational Issues	Document issues as they arise, e.g., IOU, HELP



Evaluation Overview ...

#### PLANNED EVALUATION ACTIVITIES INCLUDE:



#### **EVALUATION PLANNING IS CURRENTLY UNDERWAY**

Green Light.. . Salem, OR

Schedule...

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:

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Project Task	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Preparation of Site Plans		1767	ena -																	
Woodburn Weight Station Retrofit		EXERC		~																
Ashland Weight Station																				
Farewell Bend POE				ŀ			1													
Olds Ferry Weight Station			-																	
La Grande Weight Station			King:		1120															
Emigrant Hill Downhill System					XXXXXXXXX															L
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Rocky Point Weight Station															<u>}</u>	}				
Cascade Lock POE Retrofit																				
Wyeth Weigh Station															ļ	ļ				
Ashland Downhill System										Į	ļ		[	l		Į	<u> </u>	<b>_</b>		
Evaluation Period											<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l	<u> </u>	10000					

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Green Light...Salem, OR

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Schedule...

### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE (CONTINUED):

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ProjectTask	Aug	Sept	Oct	Νον	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	1: Jun	6 Jaly	Aug	Sep	Oct.	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	19 Mar	·	May	Jun
Task 1 Evaluate present RWIS technology/develop specifications																							
Task 2 - Evaluate and select sites			-															-		-			
Task 3 - Liaison with "Green Light" Technical Advisory Group (TAG)/ Independent Evaluation Team (IET)												—											
Task 4 - Liaison with Oregon DOT					·····																		
$Task {\bf 5}$ - Oversight and Evaluation of the installation																							
Task 6 -Oversight and evaluation of the testing			4												1								
Task 7 - Report																							

Schedule,. .

### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE (CONTINUED):

#### 1995 1996 1997 Aug Oct Sep Dec Aug Sep Oct Dec Feb Mar Nov Jan Feb Mar May Nov Jan Apr Jun Apr Ju TASK Mobilization Comprehensive Evaluation Plan Evaluate Green Ligh Elements • ۲ • 0 Quarterly Reports Final Report a. Draft b. Final

#### **Evaluation Schedule**

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U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

# **TRANZIT XPRESS**

### **Test & Evaluation Strategy**

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996

#### CONTENTS

- Project Overview
- Organization
- Evaluatibn Overview

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• Schedule

#### Project Overview .. .

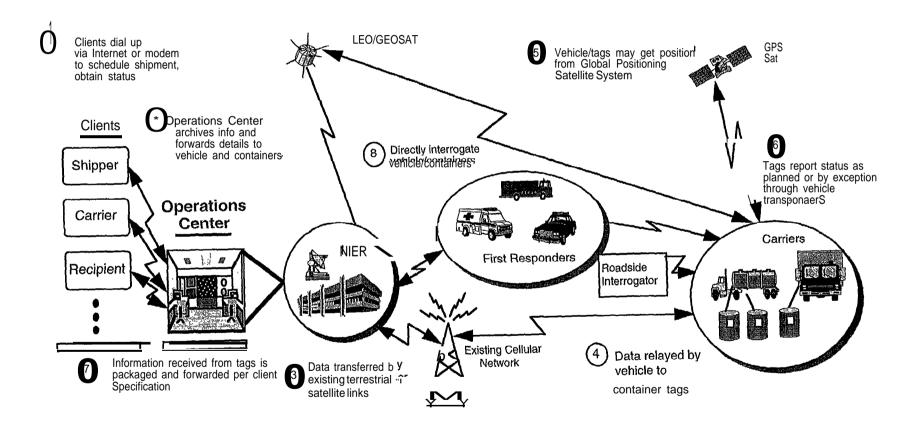
#### THE TRANZIT XPRESS PROJECT WILL DEMONSTRATE A VEHICLE FLEET MANAGEMENT AND DATA MONITORING SYSTEM USING MULTIPLE, ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES TO IMPROVE HAZARDOUS MATERIAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY AND INDUSTRY PRODUCTIVITY

- The Tranzit XPress System will apply automated emergency response information technologies to:
  - identify hazardous material (HM) contents of motor carrier shipments
  - Link systems that identify, store, and allow retrieval of data for emergency response to incidents involving HM transportation
  - Provide information, either directly or through links to other systems, to facilitate the appropriate response to incidents involving motor carrier HM shipments (crisis management)
- The Tranzit XPress System will:
  - Gather and sell information on hazardous materials being transported
  - Provide one-time data entry for electronic bills of ladding and manifests
  - Provide vehicle and cargo location, status, and theft resolution
  - Support fleet management functions (e.g., trend analysis, route planning and monitoring, fuel tax reconciliation, maintenance action stimulation)
- Potential benefits of the system include:
  - Improved response to HM incidents by providing proactive notice to first responders
  - Reduced costs to shippers, carriers, and recipients through reduced paperwork, data entry, fines, insurance, lost time, and incident cleanup
- The project will be implemented in a 12 month phased task approach to achieve early and incremental successes
- The project will be conducted in northeastern Pennsylvania along and around the I-81 corridor between Binghamton, NY and Harrisbug, PA

Tranzit XPress... PA

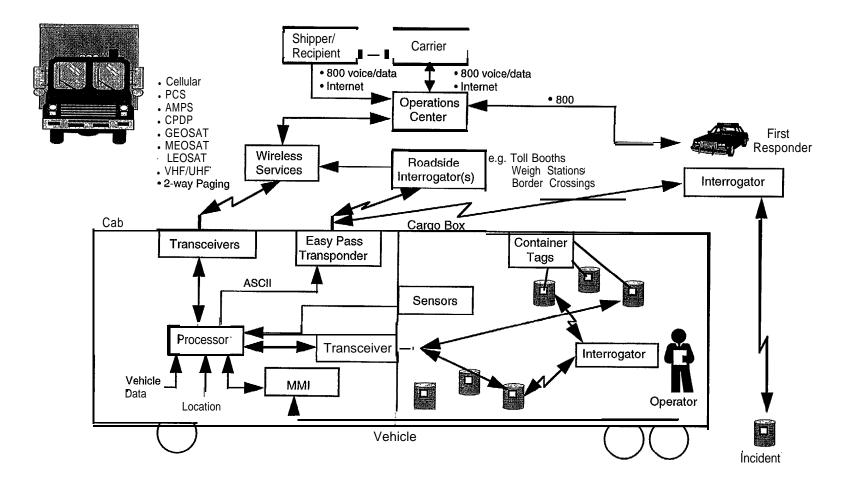
Project Overview.. .

#### THE "OPERATIONS CENTER" IS THE HUB OF TRANZIT XPRESS' SERVICE



Project Overview., .

# THE TRANZIT XPRESS SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE INCORPORATES MULTIPLE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES



Tranzit XPress.. . PA

Page 5

Project Overview .. .

#### TRANZIT EXPRESS WILL EMPLOY INTEGRATED SYSTEMS TO PROVIDE COMMERCIAL VEHICLE FLEET MANAGEMENT, CARGO MANAGEMENT, AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SAFETY SERVICES

SERVICES
CVO Fleet Management     Dispatching     Theft Recovery Assistance     Operator Denie
Operator Panic     Operator Voice Communications     Vehicle Operation Data     Operator Voice Communications     Cargo Container Paramaters
. CVO Cargo (HazMat) Management · Cargo Type and Quantity - Cargo Safety
Cargo Location in Vehicle     Electronic Bills of Ladding     Electronic Manifests
Incident First Responder Enhancement     Quicker Response/Control     Reduced Public Impact     Alternative Source of Information     Better Information for Mixed Loads
Provide Data to ITS and Enable ITS Services for CVOs     AVI, AVL, AVC     Emergency Management Bundle     ATMS for Traffic Mgt. Bundle     CVO Bundle

Project Work Plan...

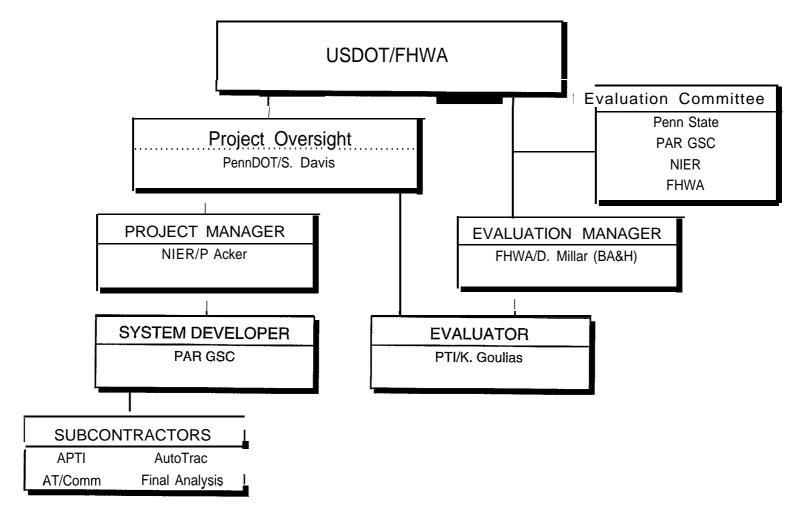
# THE TRANZIT XPRESS PROJECT WILL BE DEPLOYED IN TWO PHASES WITH THE EVALUATION RUNNING CONCURRENTLY

- Phase I-Concept Definition and Rapid Prototyping (6 months)
  - Obtain and integrate ITS lessons learned
  - System design and software development for the operations center
    - System engineering and test design
    - Database design, development, and population
    - Augment the NIER integrated environmental monitoring and data management system
  - Design, fabricate, test, and install vehicle tags
  - Design, fabricate, test, and install cargo tags
  - Develop and integrate response protocols and interrogators
- Phase II-Conduct Total System Test, Evaluate, and Evolve the System (6 months)
  - Static testing
  - Non-emergency dynamic testing
  - Simulated emergency testing
  - Reporting
  - Video tape production
  - Operational test self evaluation

#### Evaluation

Organization, ...

#### THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL RENEWAL (NIER)-THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY BOOZ-ALLEN & HAMILTON





Evaluation Overview. . .

# THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Can a hazardous material information system significantly enhance hazardous material transportation safety?
- Can advanced technologies be used to identify hazardous material shipment contents?
- Can the use of advanced technologies enhance data retrieval for emergency response to HazMat incidents?

Evaluation Overview ...

#### **EVALUATION GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

GOALS	OBJECTIVES
Assess Tranzit XPress'ability to improve HazMat transportation safety	<ul> <li>Assess the system's ability to decrease HazMat incident response time</li> <li>Assess the system's ability to improve the accuracy of incident location identification</li> <li>Assess the system's ability to improve the accuracy of HazMat cargo identification</li> <li>Assess the system's ability to improve HazMat incident emergency response selection</li> <li>Assess the system's ability to improve Motor Carrier and Shipper compliance with HazMat regulations</li> </ul>
Evaluate user acceptance and perceptions (as they relate to the use of Tranzit XPress)	<ul> <li>Assess the Tranzit XPress' ability to meet the stated needs of specific user groups</li> <li>Assess, for each group, perceptions of Tranzit XPress and its components</li> <li>Assess, for each group, stated intention to use Tranzit XPress</li> <li>Assess, for each group, stated intention to use individual components of Tranzit XPress</li> <li>Assess, for each group, stated intention to use individual components of Tranzit XPress</li> <li>Assess, for each group, stated intention to use information generated and/or routed through Tranzit XPress</li> </ul>
Assess expected costs and benefits of Tranzit XPTTS to users and community	<ul> <li>Assess the potential decrease in agency costs for HazMat routing,licensing, monitoring, record keeping, liability, and enforcement operations</li> <li>Assess the potential decrease in incident-related operating and capital costs for motor-carriers and responding agencies</li> <li>Assess the potential decrease in direct and indirect incident/accident related injuries and/or deaths of plants, animals, and humans</li> <li>Assess the potential decrease in population risk, exposure and related costs</li> <li>Assess the benefits for and complementary functions to other ITS components emerging from Tranzit XPress</li> <li>Assess the component and system level short term and long term costs</li> </ul>
Assess the technical feasibility of Transit XPress system	<ul> <li>Assess the ability of Tranzit XPress to identify the contents of HazMat shipments transported by motor carriers</li> <li>Assess the ability of Tranzit XPress to link systems that identify, store and allow retrieval of data for emergency response to incidents and accidents</li> <li>Assess the ability of Tranzit XPress to provide information to facilitate responses to accidents and incidents either directly or through links with other systems</li> </ul>
Document and assess the effect of institution- al and legal issues on the Tranzit XPress operational test and future deployment	<ul> <li>Identify all institutional and legal issues encountered and appraise the extent of their impact for future deployment</li> <li>Document any institutional and legal lessons learned</li> <li>Assess state agency, federal agency, first responder, and enforcer positions on deployment of Tranzit XPress</li> <li>Assess shipper, carrier, and recipient positions on deployment of Tranzit XPress</li> <li>Collect and maintain a library of contracts, agreements, working papers, and reports from key participants describing the impact of institutional and legal issues on project development</li> </ul>

Schedule..,

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:

		<b>1995</b> 199ð							96							
TASK	S E P	O C T	N O V	D E C	J A N	F E B	M A R	A P R	M A Y	J U N	J U L	A U G	S E P	O C T		
Phase 1: Rapid Prototyping							S NO SHOW									
A. Kick Off Meeting	*															
B. Obtain Lessons Learned	_															
C. System Design, Develop Software for Fusion Ctr	_															
D. Design, Fab., Test & Install Vehicle Tags																
E. Design, Fabricate, Test Cargo Tags												L				
F. Develop & Integrate Response Protocols & Interrogators					_											
Phase 2: Test, Evaluate & Evolve																
G. Conduct total system Test, Evaluate and Evolve	_							<u> </u>								
G1. Static Testing			1						1	1	I	I	4	l 		
G2. Non-Emergency Dynamic Testing		TBD														
G3. Simulated Emergency Testing								50								
G4. Reporting																
G5. Video Tape Production			L			L	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<b> </b>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
H. Configuration Management			<u> </u>													
Evaluation																
Evaluation Strategy							ļ									
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Individual Test Plan		Ì					}	<u> </u>								
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Monthly Progress Reviews	*	*	*	*	*	*	1 *	*	) *	*	*	*		1		
Quarterly Reviews				*		<u> </u>	*		I	*						

## **Volume I-Commercial Vehicle Operational Tests**

## **PROGRAM COMPLETION PLANS**



## ADVANTAGE I-75 MAINLINE AUTOMATED CLEARANCE SYSTEM (MACS) OPERATIONAL TEST

**Project Completion Plan** 

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996

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- Project Overview
- Organization
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- Schedule

Project Overview ...,

#### ADVANTAGE I-75 MACS PROJECT WILL APPLY AUTOMATIC VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION TECHNOLOGIES TO ENABLE COMMERCIAL VEHICLES TO BY-PASS WEIGH STATIONS ALONG THE I-75 CORRIDOR

- Approximately 4,500 trucks equipped with transponders to communicate with roadside readers at weigh stations, which will identify the truck
- 30 weigh stations with roadside readers along the I-75 corridor in the U.S. and Canada will identify participating trucks, checking weight, and credentials
- When MACS determines the truck weight and credentials to be valid, a pre-clearance signal is sent to the truck transponder
- The truck driver sees a green light, and hears an audible signal that notifies him or her that they are cleared to by-pass the station.
- Significant future participation will allow law enforcement to by-pass compliant and safe vehicles, allowing them to concentrate on marginal or unsatisfactory operators.

Project Overview .. .

#### ADVANTAGE I-75 MACS IS A PUBLIC/PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP INVOLVING SIX U.S. STATES, A CANADIAN PROVINCE AND MAJOR SYSTEM DEVELOPERS

**Public Partners** 

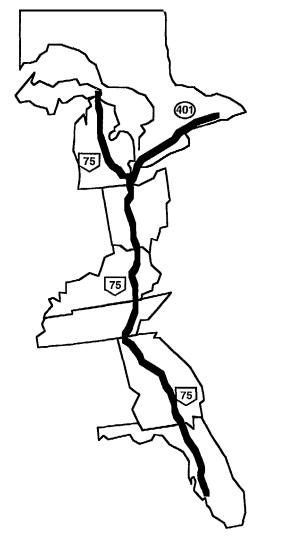
- State of Florida
- State of Georgia
- State of Tennessee
- State of Kentucky
- State of Ohio
- State of Michigan
- Province of Ontario
- FHWA

**Private Partners** 

- GM-Hughes Electronics
- SAIC

**Other Participants** 

-Center for Transportation Research & Education CTRE) Advantage I-75...1-75 Corridor

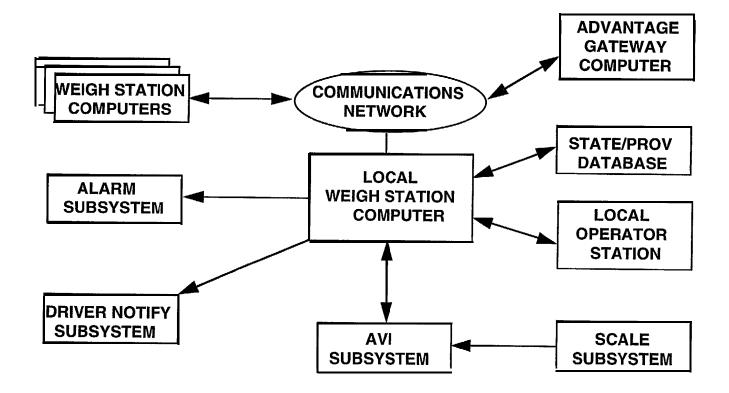


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Project Overview...

#### THE ELEMENTS OF THE MACS ARCHITECTURE ARE:



Project Overview..,

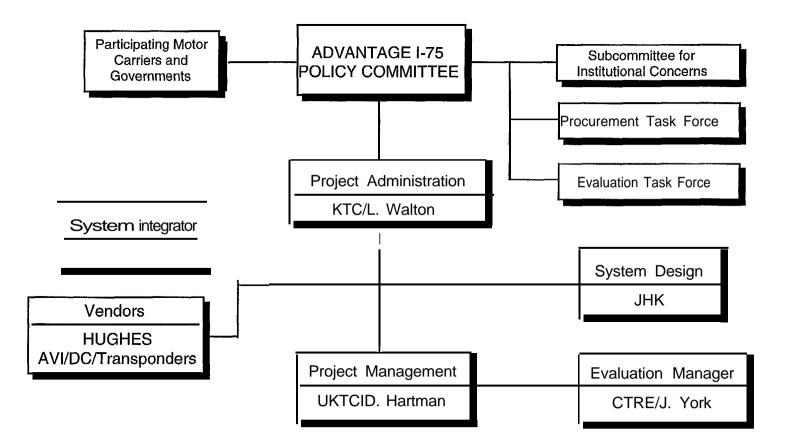
#### MACS INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING SYSTEMS AND SERVICES FOR THE TEST

SYSTEMS	SERVICES
ADVANTAGE Gateway Computer	Data Management - enrolls carriers, maintains the ADVANTAGE data base     and maintains statistics
<ul> <li>Weigh Station Computer</li> </ul>	Station-level data processing - preclearance determination, scale/Automated Vehicle Identification (AVI) interface, data management, reporting and operator interface
Driver Notification	<ul> <li>Advises individual truck drivers when preclearance is authorized via on-board lights (red/green)</li> </ul>
*Scale and Vehicle Classification	<ul> <li>Automated Classification - captures axle spacing, widths and gross vehicle weight as well as classifying the unit into standard categories</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Weigh Station Interfaces</li> </ul>	System Integration - Links ADVANTAGE I-75 MACS system to station sign control, traffic control, enforcement personnel operator terminals, violation larms, etc.
Compliance Verification Routine	<ul> <li>Enforcement - Monitors and enforces compliance with directives given to truck drivers</li> </ul>
Data Communications	Enables data communication

Advantage I-75...1-75 Corridor

Organization . . .

THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY THE UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CENTER (UKTC)-THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY THE CENTER FOR TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH AND EDUCATION





Evaluation Overview..,

#### THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Does mainline clearance produce significant time savings for motor carriers?
- Does mainline clearance produce significant fuel savings for motor carriers?
- What level of electronic clearance participation is required to reduce unauthorized scale by-passes on I-75?
- What level of electronic clearance participation is required to significantly reduce queue lengths at weigh stations along the I-75 corridor?
- What are the barriers that impede continued deployment by states of electronic clearance after completion of the MACS test?
- What are the barriers that impede continued participation in electronic clearance after completion of the MACS test?

Evaluation Overview ...

# THE EVALUATION WILL ASSESS SERVICE AND SYSTEM PERFORMANCE ASPECTS OF THE MACS

GOALS	OBJECTIVES
Evaluate Service Impacts of the MACS	<ul> <li>Assess effects on motor carrier performance - energy savings</li> <li>Assess effects on motor carrier performance - travel time savings</li> <li>Assess effects on motor carrier performance - trip time savings</li> <li>Assess effects on motor carrier performance - improved productivity</li> <li>Assess effects on weigh station performance - throughput processing times</li> <li>Assess effects on weigh station performance - increased citations</li> <li>Assess effects on weigh station performance - reduced closed times</li> <li>Assess effects on weigh station performance - reduced congestion</li> <li>Assess effects on weigh station performance - reduced merges</li> <li>Assess effects on weigh station performance - reduced queues</li> <li>Assess effects on weigh station performance - improved air quality</li> <li>Assess effects on weigh station performance - increased credential monitoring</li> <li>Assess effects on motor carrier safety - MACS participant carriers</li> <li>Assess effects on credential compliance</li> <li>Assess effects on jurisdictional issues</li> </ul>
Evaluate System Performance Impacts of the MACS	<ul> <li>Correct processing of vehicles</li> <li>Accurate information relay to transponder</li> <li>Read/write accuracy</li> <li>User friendly operator interface</li> <li>User friendly interface</li> <li>Manage credential update and enrollment process</li> </ul>

Evaluation Overview ...

#### PLANNED EVALUATION ACTIVITIES INCLUDE:

Αστινιτγ	DESCRIPTION
MACS TECHNICAL EVALUATION	A technical performance evaluation by UKTC that focuses on the equipment being set up at weigh stations and the test operations center
FUEL CONSUMPTION TESTS	Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) - approved tests at one weigh station in every state and province will be conducted with specially instrumented heavy trucks to demonstrate the expected amount of fuel savings attainable with electronic clearance
WEIGH-STATION THROUGHPUTTESTS	Traffic counts at one weigh station in every state will be conducted to support the weigh station modeling being developed to demonstrate the impacts of MACS market penetration on weigh station loading
INSTITUTIONAL ISSUES OF THE TEST	The Independent Evaluator will document the institutional issues that surfaced during the planning and conduct of the test. This is <u>not to be confused</u> with the institutional issues that pertain to <u>deelovment</u> .



Evaluation Overview,. .

#### **BENEFITS REALIZED TO DATE INCLUDE:**

- Already, southeastern states from Virginia to Mississippi, are showing keen interest in adopting MACS
- Early Modeling efforts from pilot test data show some significant beneficial impacts of MACS on weigh stations that suffer from over-capacity problems and have to by-pass trucks.
- SAE approved fuel consumption tests have consistently shown measurable and, over the long term, significant fuel savings as a result of by-passing weigh stations.

Schedule...

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:

TASK		1995							1996 JEMANJJASONDJ						_	1997																				
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Pilot Study Design																																				
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Evaluation	· ·				•••						) · ·	••						1	•						•••	••	•••	••	•••		••	•••		••		
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*Data Collection MACS Mainline		.				<b> </b>	ŀ.	.		ŀ·	<b> </b>	•••	• •		.			.	•		ŀ·					• •	<b>.</b>	•			 		<b>.</b> .		<b>.</b> .	
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U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

### AUTOMATED MILEAGE AND STATELINE CROSSING OPERATIONAL TEST (AMASCOT)

**Project Completion Plan** 

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5, 1996

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Project Overview .. .

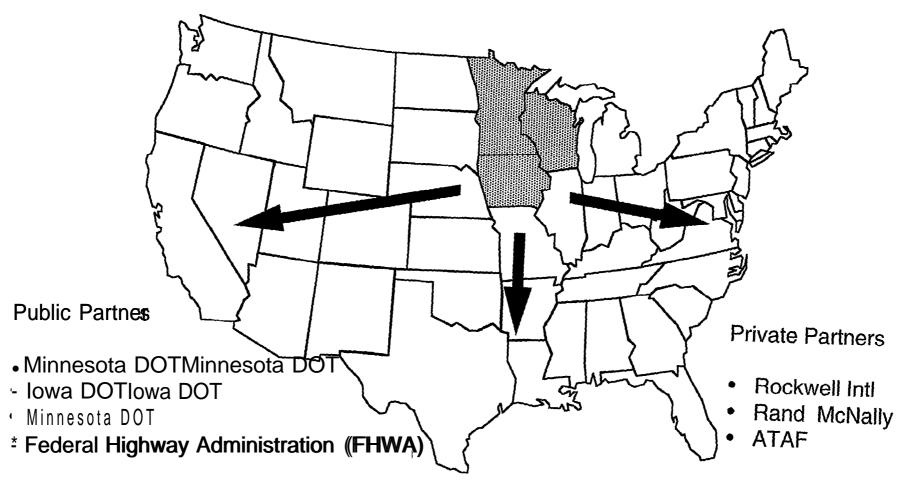
#### AMASCOT IS A COMMERCIAL VEHICLE OPERATION (CVO) PROJECT THAT IS TESTING A SYSTEM THAT TRACKS TRUCK MILEAGE AND STATE BORDER CROSSINGS FOR FASTER AND EASIER REPORTING TO STATE REGULATORY AGENCIES

- On-board GPS system automatically tracks and updates truck position
- GPS location data is translated into map database (PC Miler)
- Interstate border crossings are recorded to automatically apportion actual mileage to actual state driven
- At the end of a trip, the data is brought to the carrier operations office for immediate processing into IFTA/IRP formats



Project Overview ...

#### SIX MOTOR CARRIERS FROM THREE STATES ARE PARTICIPATING TRUCKS FROM THOSE CARRIERS DRIVE ON TAXABLE ROADS OVER THE 48 CONTIGUOUS STATES

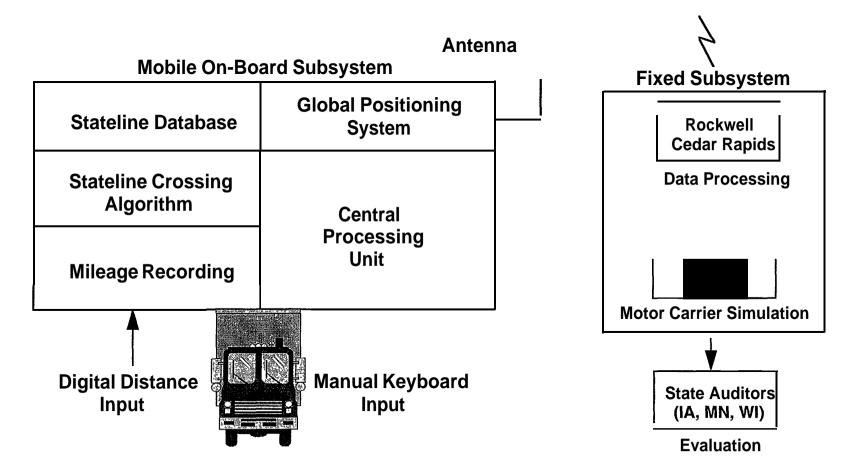


AMASCOT;...IA, MN, Wi

Page 4

Project Overview., .

## THE ON-BOARD SUBSYSTEM TRANSMITS MILEAGE AND LOCATION DATA TO THE FIXED SUBSYSTEM



CTRE simulates the carrier role in submitting reports to participating auditors

Project Overview...

## A VARIETY OF TECHNOLOGIES WERE APPLIED TO SUPPORT VEHICLE TAX CALCULATION PROCESSES

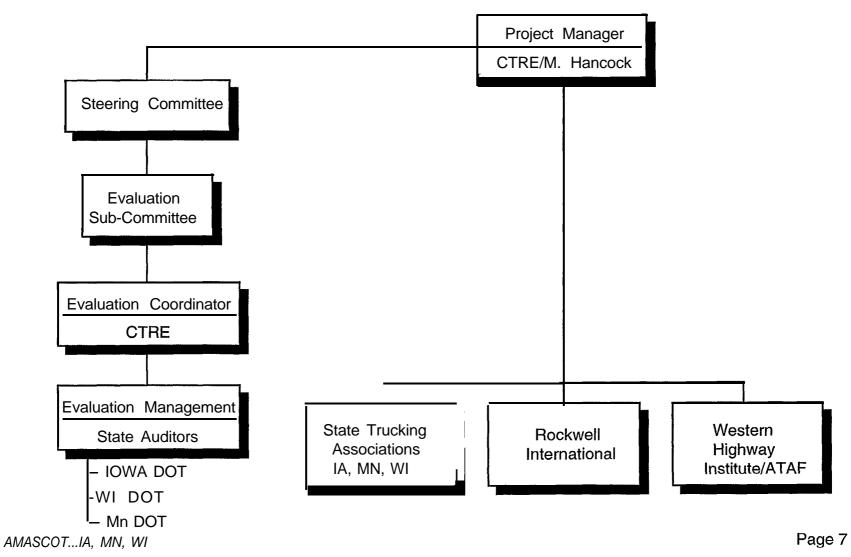
- SYSTEMS
- Mobile Subsystem
  - Mileage Recorder
  - Global Positioning System (Automated Vehicle Location)
  - Stateline Database
  - Stateline Crossing Algorithm

#### SERVICES

- Mileage tracking and distance calculation
- Vehicle location tracking
- Automated truck trip log entry and repotting

Organization. . .

#### THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY THE CENTER FOR TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH AND EDUCATION-THE EVALUATION IS MANAGED BY THE THREE PARTICIPATING STATE DOT AUDITORS





Evaluation Overview., .

## THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Can automation of fuel tax reporting satisfy IFTA/IRP reporting requirements?
- Can automation enhance the ability of state regulatory agencies to audit motor carrier records?
- Will automated fuel tax reporting provide time and cost savings to motor carrier operators?

Evaluation Overview ...

## THE AMASCOT EVALUATION IS BEING PERFORMED BY THREE STATE AGENCY AUDITORS-THE EVALUATION GOALS ARE:

- Evaluate the potential of the technology used in AMASCOT to support the automation of fuel use and apportioned mileage reporting in support of the International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) and individual states
- Evaluate the potential of the technology used in AMASCOT to support the development of state auditing guidelines and electronic submittal to base state jurisdictions
- Evaluate the potential of the technology used in AMASCOT in terms of user acceptance, costs and benefits for motor carriers, states and IFTA



Evaluation Overview...

#### PLANNED EVALUATION ACTIVITIES INCLUDE:

EVALUATION ACTIVITY	DESCRIPTION
Motor Carrier Test	90 days of participation by motor carriers. Trucks drove normal routes and transmitted data to lowa CTRE for processing and submission to state auditors.
Auditor Review	State auditors review processed data in accordance with normal procedures and determine if state reporting requirements are met.



Evaluation Overview,, ,

#### **BENEFITS REALIZED TO DATE INCLUDE:**

- Performance of the system meets the IFTA/IRP reporting requirements
- The system is being introduced as a commercial product for motor carrier operators

Schedule . . .

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:

	JFMAMJJASONE	JFMAMJJASOND	1996 J F M A M J J A S O N D
Pilot Demonstration (Phase 1)		1 +	
Truck Trials (Phase 2)	·		!
Data Analysis Final Report	- <mark> </mark>		



### COMMERCIAL VEHICLE OPERATIONS ONE-STOP ELECTRONIC PURCHASING AND PROCESSING

### (HELP One-Stop)

**Project Completion Plan** 

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996

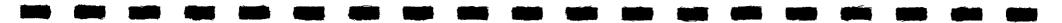
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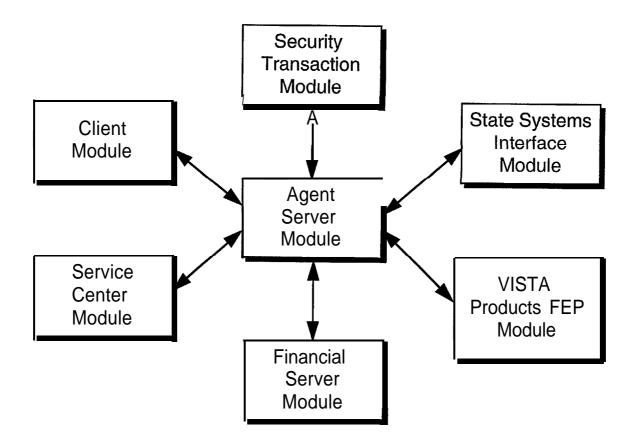
### HELP ONE-STOP IS ONE OF THE THREE OPERATIONAL TESTS EXAMINING THE USE OF AN ELECTRONIC CREDENTIAL APPLICATION AND ISSUANCE SYSTEM FOR COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLES

- The HELP One-Stop system will provide remote terminal access to motor carriers for the filing anD, issuance of credentials/permits.
- Electronic credential/permitting issuance from any jurisdiction using a standard interface and software allows the carrier to print the following temporary credentials:
  - International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA)
  - International Registration Plan (IRP)
  - Overdimensional/Overweight (OD/OW)
  - Single State Registration System (SSRS)
  - Hazardous Materials (HAZMAT)
  - Weight Distance (WD)
  - Envelope permits
- Service Center Operations will provide a centralized, multi-jurisdictional operation to issue physical credentials initiated by the system. Twenty-four-hour/seven-day remote automated service will be provided and ancillary services (technical and operational) will be provided to meet anticipated industry needs.
- The project will provide for integration with existing public sector systems and databases and assistance with integration on the participating motor carriers side. The system deployed will use a common platform to provide a transparent interface to the user. The system will also provide for electronic funds transfer or other automated means for fee collection.
- The operational test is being conducted in Arizona, New Mexico, and California and involves 17 commercial vehicle participants including one permitting service vendor.



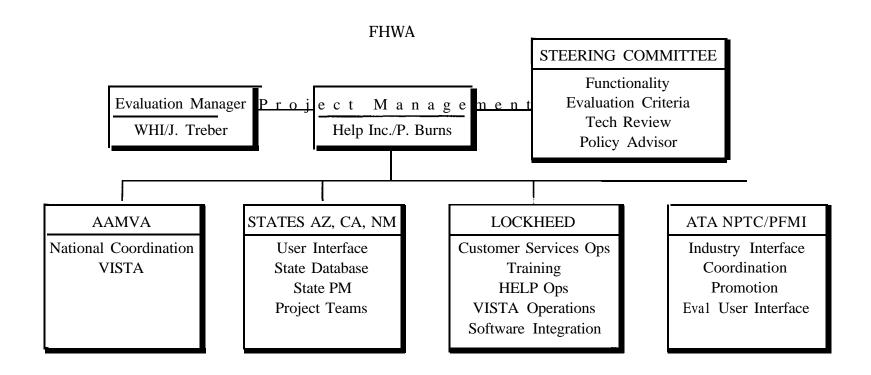
Project Overview .. .

## THE HELP ONE-STOP SYSTEM IS COMPRISED IS SEVEN INDIVIDUAL MODULES:



Organization . . .

# THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY HELP INC.-THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY WHI





Evaluation Overview .. .

## THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

Can the implementation of a One-Stop shopping system for the management of the commercial vehicle credential process result in improvements in the convenience, timeliness, and consistency of applying for and receiving credentials? Will motor carriers and state agencies accept electronic one-stop shopping services? Can the institutional issues involved in the implementation and use of a paperless credentialing method be overcome?

Evaluation Overview ...

### **EVALUATION GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

Goal	
Evaluate system effectiveness (for each component)	<ul> <li>Assess productivity impacts</li> <li>Assess impacts on consistency and uniformity</li> <li>Assess impacts on service quality</li> </ul>
Evaluate the system operation	<ul><li>Assess system performance</li><li>Assess system suitability</li></ul>
Determine physical conditions and requirements	<ul> <li>Document operational test conditions and requirements</li> <li>Estimate deployment conditions and requirements</li> </ul>
Evaluate user acceptance	Assess motor carrier acceptance     Assess state agency acceptance
Document and assess institutional issues	<ul> <li>Assess motor carrier positions</li> <li>Assess state agency positions</li> <li>Maintain a library of all contracts and agreements</li> </ul>

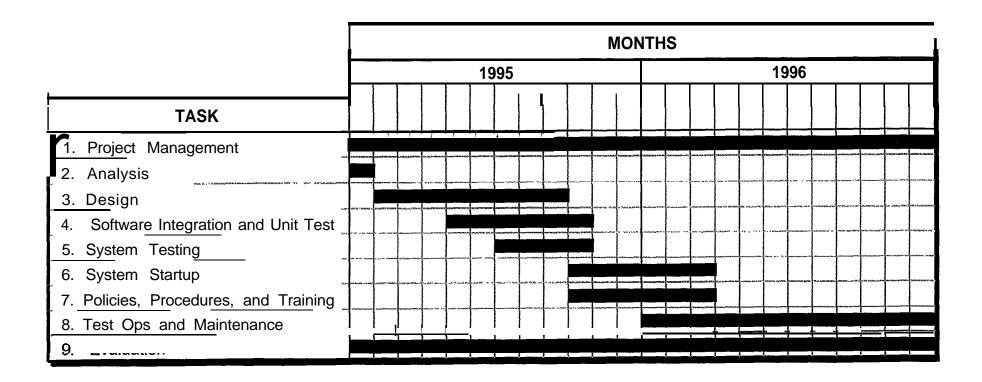
Evaluation Overview ...

#### PLANNED EVALUATION ACTIVITIES INCLUDE:

Tes		Furpose	Approach	Timing				
1. System Records Selection		To collect quantitative operational data (e.g., number and length of transactions) automatically from the HELP electronic system	Automatic system capture	Every other month throughout the evaluation execution phase (four data packages)				
2.SystemOperatorandPhoneAgent Logs		To collect basic activity measures (e.g., up and down time, number of callers) from HELP electronic system operators and Service Center phone agents	Logs	Weekly throughout the evaluation execution				
3.SystemOperatorandPhoneAgent Surveys		To collect more qualitative operational data (e.g., time spent with system, user feedback) plus attitudinal data (e.g, interface preferences) from HELP electronic system operators and Service Center phone agents	Surveys	In the first, middle, and last months of the evaluation execution phase (three data packages)				
4. User Surveys		To collect more qualitative operational data (e.g., which services used) plus behavioral and attitudinal data (e.g. rating of services) from HELP users	Surveys	In the first, middle, and last months of the evaluation execution phase (three data packages), plus random on-line surveys				
5.Personal Observations and Interviews	costs) from HELF	to collect more qualitative operational data (e.g., cycle times, P users and to probe their responses to survey behavioral and ns (e.g., Why to they agree/disagree?)	Personal observation and interviews	In the first and last months of the evaluation execution phase (two data packages)				
	costs) from HELP	-to collect more qualitative operational data (e.g., cycle times, users and to probe their responses to surveybehavioral estions (e.g., Why to they agree/disagree?)	Personalobservation and interviews	In the first and last months of the evaluation execution phase (two data packages)				
	data (e.g., costs, co	and Phone Agentsto collect more qualitative operational onfiguration requirements) from HELP electronic system le agents and to probe their responses to survey behavioral stions	Personal observation and interviews	In the first and last months of the evaluation execution phase (two data packages)				
6.Simulation		To test the electronic system's operation (e.g., laccuracy.speed) against predéfined benchmarks	Electronic simulation	In the first and last months of the evaluation execution				

Schedule...

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:



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U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

### DYNAMIC DOWNHILL TRUCK SPEED WARNING SYSTEM

### (DTSW)

### **Project Completion Plan**

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996

#### CONTENTS

- Project Overview
- Organization
- Evaluation Overview
- Schedule

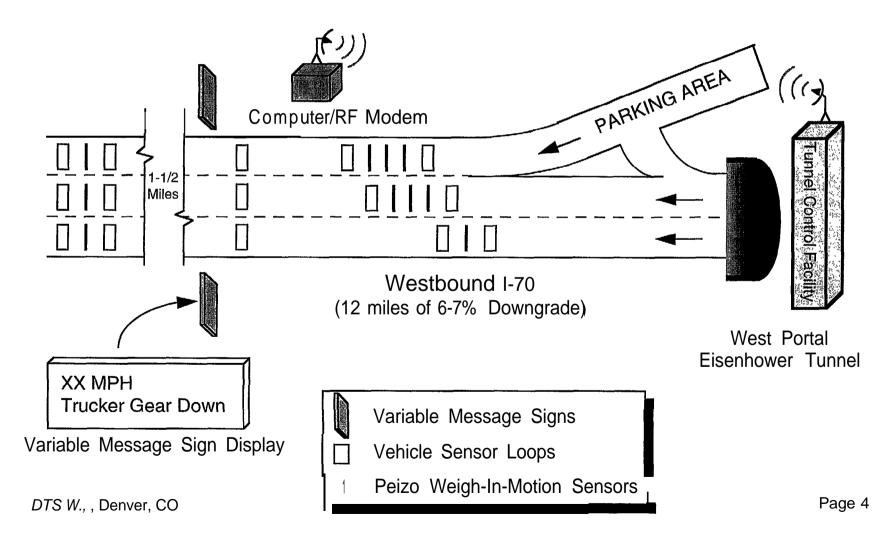
Project Overview.. ,

### THE DTSW PROJECT SEEKS TO AFFECT COMMERCIAL VEHICLE DRIVER BEHAVIOR BY PROVIDING A SAFE DOWNHILL SPEED MESSAGE FOR THEIR SPECIFIC VEHICLE VIA A VARIABLE MESSAGE SIGN

- The DTSW Project seeks to reduce the severity and frequency of downgrade truck accidents by
  - Increasing driver awareness of safe downhill speeds
  - Increasing driver compliance with the downhill speeds provided to them
- The system is installed and operational west of the Eisenhower Tunnel on I-70, approximately 50 miles west of Denver, CO
- For trucks, the DTSW System will:
  - Weigh and classify each vehicle using Weigh in Motion (WIM) and Automatic Vehicle Classification (AVC) technology
  - Calculate a safe speed based on vehicle type, weight, road grade and road condition
  - Display on a Variable Message Signs (VMS) a message recommending a safe speed

Project Overview ...

THE DTSW SYSTEM WILL WEIGH AND CLASSIFY EACH TRUCK, AND CALCULATE AND DISPLAY A SAFE DOWNHILL SPEED. THE DOWNSTREAM SENSORS WILL CHECK VEHICLE COMPLIANCE WITH THE DISPLAYED SPEED





Project Overview ...

# DTSW HAS DEPLOYED INTEGRATED SYSTEMS TO IMPROVE SAFETY ON COLORADO'S MOUNTAIN HIGHWAYS

#### SYSTEMS

Weigh in Motion (WIM)

Automatic Vehicle Classification (AVC)

Variable Message Signs (VMS)

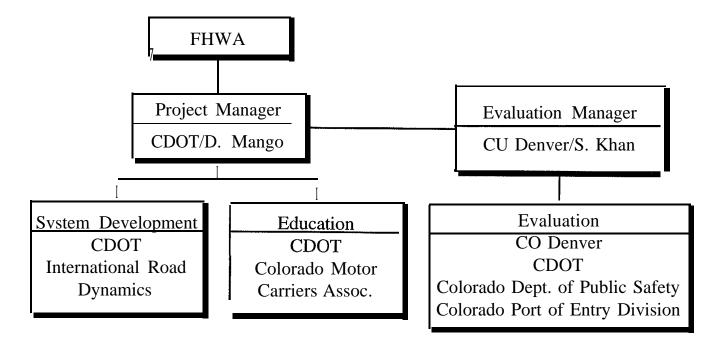
### SERVICES

Speed Advisory-Truck drivers are provided with a real-time, vehicle-specific, recommended safe truck speed message



Organization...

#### THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY THE COLORADO DOT-THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY THE UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO AT DENVER





Evaluation Overview., .

# THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Can downhill warning reduce the frequency of runaway trucks?
- Does a vehicle specific message increase driver compliance with speed advisories?

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Evaluation Overview...

#### **EVALUATION GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

GOALS	OBJECTIVES
Assess the technical	Assess the accuracy of the system in calculating vehicle speeds
operation of the DTSW system	<ul> <li>Assess the accuracy of the system in determining vehicle classification</li> </ul>
	Assess the accuracy of the system in determining vehicle weight
	<ul> <li>Assess the reliability of the system to display the appropriate message to each passing truck</li> </ul>
	Assess the Durability of the DTSW system
Assess Driver awareness	Assess vehicle compliance with recommended speed
and compliance	<ul> <li>Assess driver awareness of the DTSW system</li> </ul>



Evaluation Overview. . .

#### PLANNED EVALUATION ACTIVITIES INCLUDE:

EVALUATION ACTIVITY	DESCRIPTION
Videotaping	Vehicles passing the DTSW system will be videotaped. Truck data from the tape will include date and time of passage, vehicle configuration, and speed. Trucks exiting an upstream weigh station will also be videotaped to allow matching weigh stations weight data to the DTSW system weight data.
WIM, Loop Networks	The DTSW system will record each passing trucks' weight, speed, vehicle configuration, and date and time of passage. This information is recorded at both the upstream and downstream locations.
Trucker Surveys	Truckers will be surveyed at a truckstop upstream from the DTSW system location. Data from the surveys will assess drivers awareness of and perceptions about the DTSW system.



Evaluation Overview .. .

#### **BENEFITS REALIZED TO DATE INCLUDE:**

 In the 6 months since the DTSW system has been in operation, downgrade truck escape ramp use on I-70 west of the Eisenhower Tunnel has decreased, while the statewide use of escape ramps has remained relatively unchanged

Schedule...

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:

	<b>'95</b>	1		1996									
Task Name	D	J	F	MA	M	J	J	A	S				
Evaluation Plan	*					14 (1-17).00 (1-10)(1-1-10)-10)		****					
Evaluation of Technical Operation						e contractor e contractor	-						
Evaluation of Driver Awareness		j 1	1			00000	and a soundary damage of and						
Draft Project Report				nano ny conditiona dia dia dia dia dia dia dia dia dia di									
Final Project Report		i i	ļ	I	,	¢	<u> </u>	2					

\* Complete

Note: System design and installation is complete. The above schedule pertains only to the evaluation. U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

### IDAHO COMMERCIAL VEHICLE OUT-OF-SERVICE VERIFICATION OPERATIONAL TEST

### (Idaho OOS)

**Project Completion Plan** 

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996



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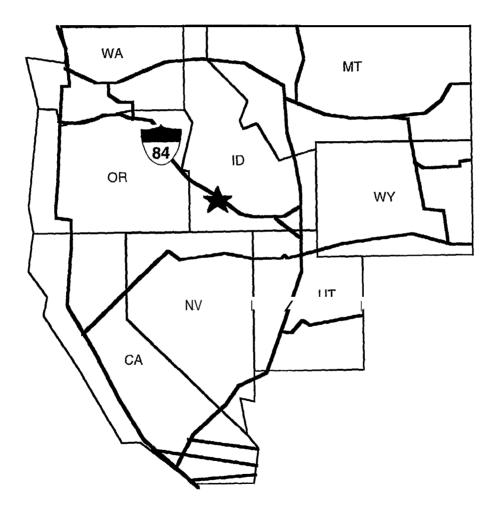
#### Project Overview .. .

### THE IDAHO OUT-OF-SERVICE (OOS) VERIFICATION SYSTEM IS INTENDED TO REDUCE THE NUMBER OF UNSAFE VEHICLES WHICH "RUN" FROM A CHECKPOINT BEFORE CORRECTING THEIR OOS VIOLATION

- In typical Port of Entry (POE) and weigh station operations, a commercial vehicle, or its driver, may be inspected for safety violations. These violations may result from faulty or damaged equipment (such as brakes) or driver's logs that show that the driver has driven longer than the maximum allowable time (which varies by state).
- Vehicles, or drivers, which receive an COS violation must remain at the checkpoint until the violation is cleared. This may require driver respite, on-site repairs or that the vehicle be towed to the nearest service center.
- Since most checkpoints are not manned on a 24-hour basis, vehicles that are still at the checkpoint after it has closed have the opportunity to leave or "run" before correcting the OOS condition.
- The system being tested will maintain surveillance on COS drivers and vehicles, and notify the Idaho State Police if there is a "runner." A kiosk, at each weigh station, will allow drivers to access the system and perform a qualified clear of an COS order. Only an inspector can clear an COS order absolutely.

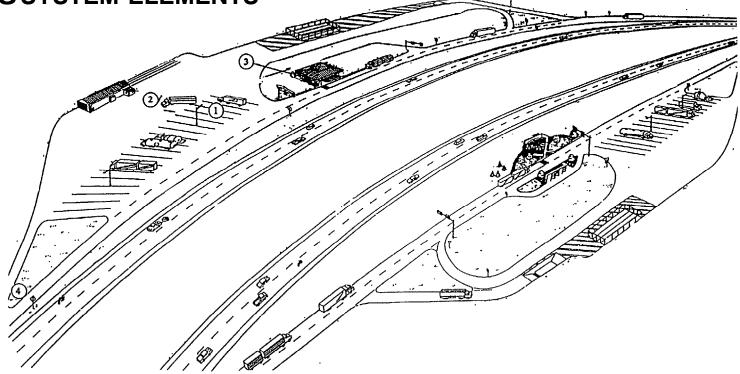
Project Overview..,

#### THE TEST SITE IS THE EAST BOISE, ID ALONG INTERSTATE 84-THERE IS NO CONVENIENT BYPASS ROUTE



Project Overview .. .

#### LAYOUT OF THE EAST BOISE PORT OF ENTRY AND LOCATION OF KEY OOS SYSTEM ELEMENTS



- 1. The inspection area where the RF sticker is attached and the AVI tag is issued and encoded. Data is entered into LI via PBIS
- 2. First check-point. An image is captured of the COS vehicle using a VVIS unit and the AVI card is read simultaneously.
- 3. Kiosk location for clearing of violations and interaction with local intelligence. AVI cards allow access and identify driver with vehicle. Operator will have access to traveler information from the Internet.
- 4. Final check-point. The second VVIS unit identifies out of service vehicles exiting port. LI checks for authorization to leave. Information is faxed to Idaho State Police to determine response if any.

Idaho OOS . Boise, ID

### IDAHO OOS WILL DEPLOY SEVERAL SYSTEMS TO PROVIDE OOS ENFORCEMENT

#### SYSTEMS

Video Vehicle Identification System (WIS)

Local Intelligence (LI)/Kiosk

Two-dimensional Tamperproof Barcode Sticker

**AVI Cards** 

Pen Based Inspection System (PBIS)

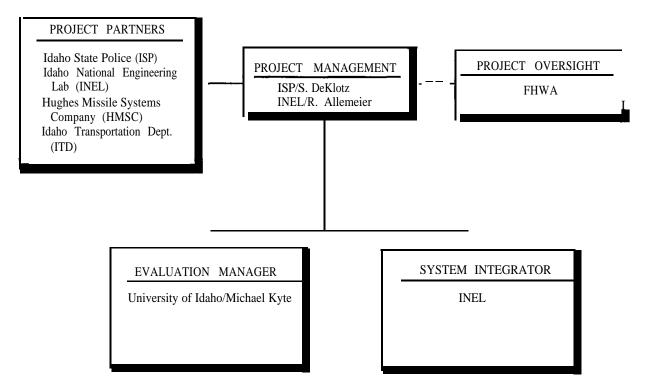
#### SERVICES

Out-of-Service Enforcement - Inspectors will have electronic monitoring and enforcement capabilities when the POE is manned and unmanned. It will provide 24-hour information on the status of vehicles that have been impounded. This will help ensure that the vehicles do not reenter the transportation system before they have resolved the OOS condition(s).

Idaho OOS... Boise, ID

Organization .. .

# THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY LED BY IDAHO STATE POLICE AND IDAHO NATIONAL ENGINEERING LAB - THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY THE UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO:





# THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Can automated electronic enforcement practices for commercial vehicles improve overall compliance rates?
- Can electronic enforcement improve efficiency and effectiveness of inspection staff?
- Is out-of-service electronic enforcement a viable function that will promote the advancement of automated weigh stations?

# THE EVALUATION GOALS AND OBJECTIVES ADDRESS SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, USER ACCEPTANCE AND COSTS.

GOALS	OBJECTIVES
Assess the performance of the system and its components	<ul> <li>Assess the reliability, maintainability, and accuracy of the AVI tag</li> <li>Assess the reliability, maintainability, and accuracy of the Hughes Video Vehicle Identification System (VVIS)</li> <li>Assess the reliability, maintainability, and accuracy of the kiosk unit</li> <li>Assess the reliability, maintainability, and accuracy of the communications and local intelligence equipment</li> <li>Assess the performance of the system as a whole as implemented in the operational test</li> </ul>
Assess user acceptance	<ul> <li>Assess driver/carrier acceptance</li> <li>Assess Idaho State Police/Port of Entry operator acceptance</li> <li>Estimated gain/loss of time per inspection (by extension, monetary impact of new system)</li> </ul>
Evaluate system costs	<ul> <li>Assess the cost of the AVI tag system (fixed and variable, one-time, and on-going)</li> <li>Assess the cost of the VVIS (fixed and variable, one-time, and on-going)</li> <li>Assess the cost of the kiosk (fixed and variable, one-time, and on-going)</li> <li>Assess the cost of the communications and local intelligence equipment (fixed and variable, one-time, and on-going)</li> </ul>

# THE EVALUATION WILL FOCUS PRIMARILY ON PERFORMANCE, USER ACCEPTANCE AND COST

EVALUATION ACTIVITIES	DESCRIPTION
Unit Test	Evaluation will be conducted several communication points. Unit testing staff will at the site throughout the testing. The actual tests are the appraisals of individual system components, with regards to accuracy, reliability, and complexity
Integration Test	Integration testing will cover the full testing span, with POE staff using the OOS system as if it were in production. The will report any incidents - failures of the system components to interact correctly, or failures of the components to mesh with the inspection process - to the project team. These will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis to determine the proper actions.
Institutional Test	The institutional test is the assessment of the system's overall impact, and will evaluate user acceptance. This will be accomplished through the use of surveys for drivers, carriers, ISP personnel, and POE personnel.



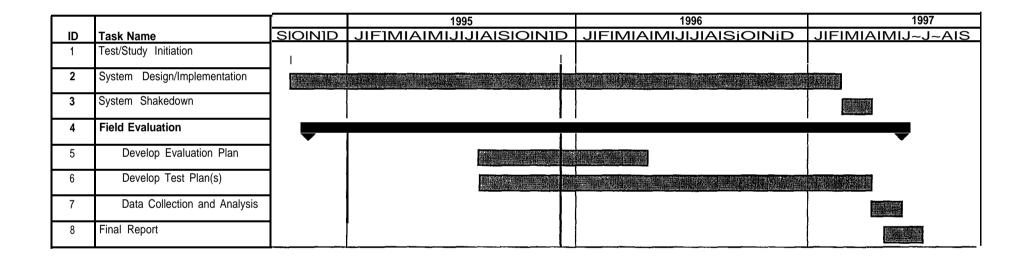
#### **BENEFITS REALIZED TO DATE INCLUDE:**

• None to report at this time



Schedule .. .

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:



U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

### MIDWEST STATES ELECTRONIC CREDENTIAL ONE-STOP OPERATIONAL TEST

(Midwest 1 - Stop)

**Project Completion Plan** 

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996

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Project Overview .. .

#### MIDWEST ELECTRONIC ONE-STOP IS ONE OF THREE OPERATIONAL TESTS EXAMINING THE USE OF AN ELECTRONIC CREDENTIAL APPLICATION AND ISSUANCE SYSTEM FOR COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLES

- The main goal of the operational test is to design and test a simple, easily deployable, low cost one-stop electronic system for the purchase of motor carrier credentials.
- The resulting system will make it possible for a motor carrier to apply for, pay for and receive all the necessary credentials or permits electronically from either a base state or the "trip" specific states.
- The system will be designed to be upwardly and downwardly compatible with existing systems and preferred business practices at all participating carriers and state agencies.
- The system developer, AAMVAnet, plans to put in place a system that combines enhanced data entry for credential application information, with a means of automated transfer of data between existing state and carrier system databases, using software designed to route information between the two systems.
- With the possible exception of Single State Registration System (SSRS), current processes used for credential review and approval will remain in effect (i.e., application review and approval will not be automated during this operational test).

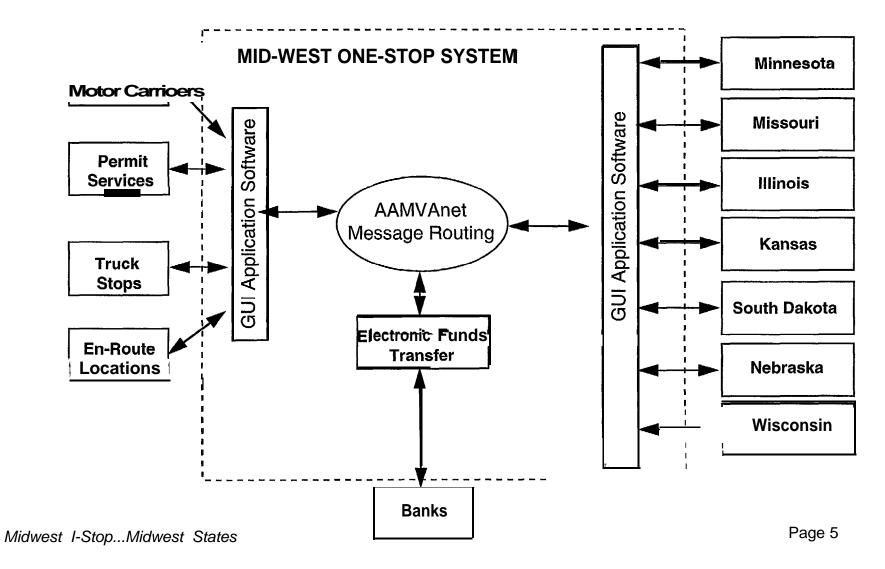
Project Overview...

THE MIDWEST ONE-STOP PROJECT INVOLVES EIGHT MIDWESTERN STATES



Project Overview. . .

### THE ARCHITECTURE IS FAIRLY SIMPLE, USING WELL-ESTABLISHED INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGIES



Project Overview.. ,

#### THE AAMVAnet SYSTEM WILL ROUTE INFORMATION BETWEEN PARTICIPATING STATE AGENCIES AND CARRIERS, AND WILL EMPLOY A GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE FOR EASE OF DATA ENTRY AND TRANSFER

Systems	Services
AAMVAnet Software and Value Added Network Graphical User Interface (GUI)	Automated Credential Data Input and Transfer to enhance the efficiency of the credential and permit application, payment, and response process
<ul><li>Electronic Funds Transfer</li><li>Information Routing</li></ul>	



Project Overview .. .

#### THE TEST WILL SUPPORT FOUR CREDENTIAL CATEGORIES

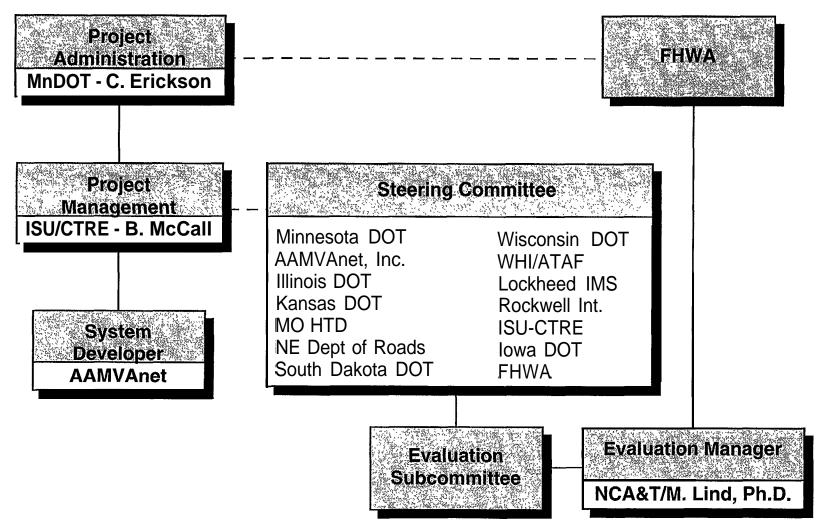
		Credentia	l Type	
Participating State	IFTA	IRP	SSRS	OS/OW
Minnesota	X	X	X	X
South Dakota				X
Wisconsin				X
Illinois			Х	Х
Missouri	X	X	X	X
Kansas	X	X*		Х
Nebraska	X	X	Х	Х
Iowa (Advisory Role Only)				

\* Denotes limited participation

Note: Motor carriers are participating to the level of the state in which they are based

Organization...

### THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY-THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY NORTH CAROLINA A&T UNIVERSITY



#### THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Can the implementation of a One-Stop shopping system for the management of the commercial vehicle credential process result in improvements in the convenience, timeliness, and consistency of applying for and receiving credentials?
- Will motor carriers and state agencies accept the concept of electronic one-stop shopping services?
- Can the institutional issues involved in the implementation and use of a paperless credentialing method be overcome?

#### THE EVALUATION GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:

Goals	Objectives
Determine Imorovements in aroductivitv provided by the One-Stop system	<ul> <li>Determine improvements in consistency of credential administrative processes with One-Stop</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Determine improvements in uniformity of credential administrative processes provided by One-Stop</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Compare credential application-to-issuance cycle time of the One-Stop system to the current system</li> </ul>
	Determine perceived improvements in convenience using One-Stop
	- Determine carrier productivity improvements using One-Stop
	<ul> <li>Assess ease of use of One-Stop as compared to the existing system</li> </ul>
Determine market/user impacts of the One-	Assess state agency acceptance of One-Stop as a deployed system
Stop system	Assess motor carrier acceptance of One-Stop as a deployed system
Assess aotential of and reauirements for One- Stop deployment	<ul> <li>Determine minimum configuration reauired for a carrier and/or service provider to access and use the One-Stop system on a deployed basis</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Determine minimum configuration reauired for a state agency to access and use the One-Stop system on a deployed basis</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Estimate capital cost reauirements for state agencies. and carriers/service providers to access and use the One-Stop system on a deployed basis</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Estimate fixed operating costs for state agencies, and carriers/service providers to access and use the One-Stop system on a deployed basis</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Document state agency and motor carrier training efforts during the test</li> </ul>
	Estimate state agency and motor carrier training efforts required for deployment
Document and assess institutional issues,	<ul> <li>Assess state agency position on deployment of One-Stop</li> </ul>
reauirements and solutions that surface durina.	<ul> <li>Assess motor carrier position on deployment of One-Stop</li> </ul>
or as a result of One-Stop	<ul> <li>Maintain a library of contracts. aareements. and documents which address solutions to legal, societal, jurisdictional and privatization issues</li> </ul>
Determine system suitability as appropriate for the One-Stop test	<ul> <li>Determine upward and downward comoatibility of One-Stop System with existina agency business practices</li> </ul>
	Determine availability of One-Stop from a motor carrier perspective

Midwest I-Stop...Midwest States

#### PLANNED EVALUATION ACTIVITIES INCLUDE:

Evaluation Activity		Description
Credential Tracking	•	Prior to One-Stop imulementation. carrier and agency personnel will use tracking sheets as routing forms to gather information regarding application preparation time. cycle time. and other credential processing details
	-	After One-Stop implementation, the system will track and record information during the credentialing: process
User Surveys		Surveys of motor carrier administrative personnel who initiate credential applications with state agencies. The objective is to determine attitudes and perceptions of the business practice impacts of electronic one-stop
	•	Surveys of state agency regulatory personnel who receive, process and apurove credential applications. The objective is to determine state agency attitudes and perceptions of the business practice impacts of electronic one-stop
Interviews/Focus Groups	•	Interviews and focus groups will be used to clarify survey responses, and to gather additional, detailed subjective data regarding the viability of One-Stop as a deployed system

Schedule.. .

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:

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Federal Highway Administration

### SOUTHWEST ELECTRONIC ONE-STOP SHOPPING FIELD OPERATIONAL TEST

### (EOSS)

### **Project Completion Plan**

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996

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Project Overview., .

#### THE SOUTHWEST ELECTRONIC ONE-STOP SHOPPING (EOSS) TEST IS ONE OF THREE OPERATIONAL TESTS EXAMINING THE USE OF AN ELECTRONIC CREDENTIAL APPLICATION AND ISSUANCE SYSTEM FOR COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLES

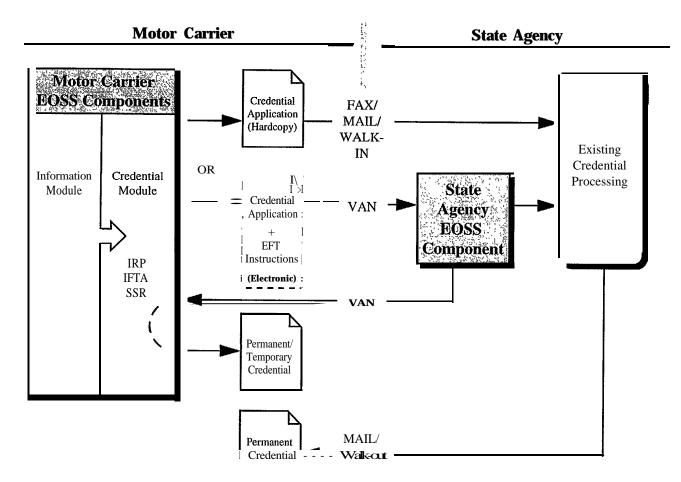
- The EOSS is expected to increase productivity for the motor carrier industry and the state regulatory administrations by automating and integrating common motor carrier administrative functions
- The objectives of the project are:
  - To streamline the credentialing administrative process through the use of an expert system
  - To reduce the public and private sector work load associated with the credentialing application process
  - To reduce the cycle time for issuance of permanent credentials
  - To improve the consistency and uniformity of issuing credentials and assessing fees
  - To extend the availability of the system by providing 24-hour access
  - To expand the geographic availability of credentialing and other operational information
  - To ensure all motor carriers, regardless of size or type of operation, have uniform access to One-Stop Shopping
  - To accommodate state-specific regulatory needs

The project is being conducted in Colorado, Arkansas, and Texas



Project Overview ...

#### THE EOSS SYSTEM WILL PROVIDE A USER-FRIENDLY, HIGHLY GRAPHICAL COMPUTER SYSTEM THAT WILL IDENTIFY REQUIRED COMMERCIAL VEHICLE CREDENTIALS AND PROVIDE FOR THEIR ISSUANCE



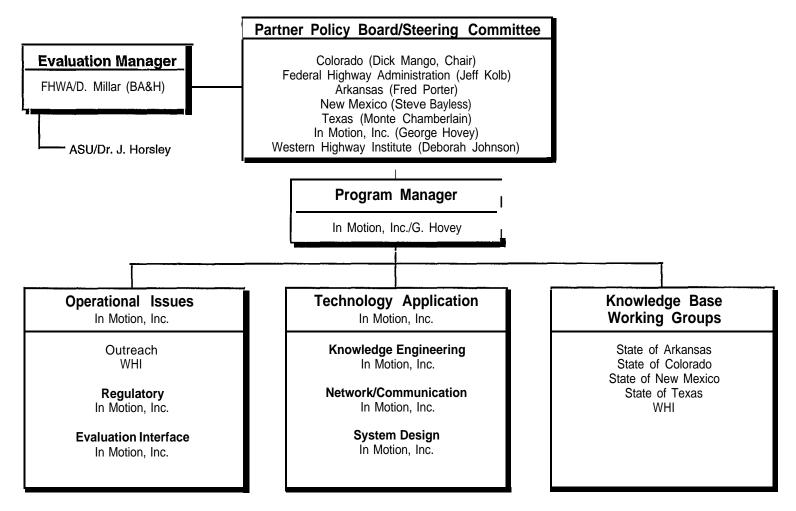
Project Overview., .

#### MULTIPLE INTEGRATED SYSTEMS ALLOW THE EOSS SYSTEM TO PROVIDE ELECTRONIC PURCHASE AND ISSUANCE OF MOTOR CARRIER CREDENTIALS

	SYSTEMS		SERVICES
•	EOSS Software Information Module	•	Provides information to motor carriers about what
•	EOSS Software Credential Module		credentials are required in each state Assists carriers in preparation of International Fuel
•	Value Added Network (VAN)		Tax Agreement (IFTA), International Registration
[]	Electronic Data Interchanges (EDI)		Plan (IRP), and Single State Registration (SSR) credential applications, including error checking.
	Electronic Fund Transfers (EFT)		Also allows carriers to print out temporary or, in some cases, permanent credentials at the location desired by motor carriers
		•	facilitates EDI and EFT, and allows submittal of credential applications electronically
		•	Sends credential application information directly to state agency data bases
		•	Identifies fees and arranges for electronic funds transfer to pay the fees

Organization . . .

#### THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY COLORADO DOT AND IN MOTION, INC. AND THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY FHWA



# THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Can the implementation of a one-stop shopping system for the management of the commercial vehicle credential process result in improvements in the convenience, timeliness, and consistency of applying for and receiving credentials?
- Will motor carriers and state agencies accept electronic one-stop shopping services?
- Can the institutional issues involved in the implementation and use of a paperless credentailing method be overcome?

#### **EVALUATION GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

GOALS	OBJECTIVES
Determine chances in	Determine imorovements in state auency credential administrative processes with EOSS
nroductivity related to	Compare credential aonlication-to-issuance cycle times of the EOSS system to the current system
EOSS svstem	<ul> <li>Determine state aaencv oroductivitv imorovements due to the use of EOSS</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Determine motor carrier oroductivity imorovements due to the use of EOSS</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Assess EOSS user-friendliness (interoperability) from a motor carrier oersoective</li> </ul>
	Assess EOSS with EDI user-friendliness (interoperability) from a State Anency oersoective
Determine user impacts of	Assess state aaencv acceptance of EOSS
EOSS svstem	Assess motor carrier acceptance of EOSS
	· Determine imorovements in convenience due to the use of EOSS perceived by motor carriers
Assess the requirements	• Determine minimum system configuration* required to make EOSS available to all motor carrier operations
and potential for EOSS	• Determine minimum system configuration" required to make EOSS available to all state aaency operations
deolovment	Estimate state aaencv deolovment capital costs
	Estimate state aaencv denlovment ooeratina costs
	<ul> <li>Estimate motor carrier deolovment capital cost requirements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Estimate motor carrier deelovment operating costs</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Estimate state agency trainina efforts reauired for deolovment</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Estimate motor carrier training efforts reauired for denlovment</li> </ul>
Document and assess the	<ul> <li>Assess state aaencv position on deelovment of EOSS</li> </ul>
impacts and solutions of	<ul> <li>Assess motor carrier position on denlovment of EOSS</li> </ul>
institutional issues	<ul> <li>Maintain a library of contracts, anreements. and documents which address successful and unsuccessful solutions to legal, societal, iurisdictional, and orivatization issues</li> </ul>
Determine EOSS svstem	<ul> <li>Determine compatibility of EOSS system with existina aaency credential approval criteria</li> </ul>
suitabilitv	Determine availability of EOSS system from a motor carrier perspective
	· Determine the processing ability of EOSS system on various computer hardware and software platforms
Assess svstem component	Assess the performance of the credential module
performance	Assess the utility of the information module
	Assess the functionality of the EDI

\*Configuration needed to support the requirements of the commercial vehicle user services in the ITS National Program Plan

#### PLANNED EVALUATION ACTIVITIES INCLUDE:

Evaluation Activity	Description
System Records	Collect operational data (eg number and cvcle-time of transactions) manually or automatically from Motor Carrier and State Asency users about the EOSS system. Data will be recorded continuously and collected periodically throughout the Data Collection and Analysis Phase.
User Surveys/ Information Request	Collect operational data (e.g., record rejection rates) plus behavioral and attitudinal data (e.g., system preference and ease of use) from motor carrier and state aaency users.
User Interviews	Probe the motor carrier and state aaencv user's responses to survev behavioral and attitudinal auestions (e.g., Whv was the system not compatible?). Also Provides user perceptions reaarding operational data (e.g., cycle times, costs, confiauration reauirements). Institutional issues will also be discussed.
Observation	The evaluator will observe the Motor Carrier's and State Aaencv's use of the system to verify system reauirements and performance. collect baseline information reaardina existina processes, and perform auality assurance reaardina survey data recording protocol.
Simulation	Test the EOSS system's processing ability (e.g. speed) on various hardware and software platforms.
Research	The evaluator will collect recorded historical operational data (e.g., rejection rates, orocessina times), operational test cost data, and confiauration reauirements from motor carriers, state agencies, IMI, and other project participants.

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:

таsк	Qtr 4, 1995	Qtr 1, 1996	Qtr 2, 1996	Qtr 3.1996
Pre-Test Activities	Oct   Nov   Dec	Jan Feb Mar	Apr May Jun	Jul∣Aug I Sep
Recruit Motor Carriers				
Install EOSS at Carriers/Associations				
Motor Carrier EOSS Training				
Develop Training	********			
Conduct Training				
Develop Simulation Data Package	Western March 1997			
Data Collection Training	A 12 TO MARKED TO THE OF BORDER STORE AND	2010 2010 II 20		
Pilot Test				
Finalize Surveys and Logs	6			
Test Conduct Activities				
Data Collection				
Arkansas, Colorado				
Complete Transaction Logs				2
Conduct Research		******		
Conduct Simulation Runs		-		
Test Site Visits (observations/interviews)	-			
Gather Log Information		WEIRING CONTRACTOR		
Administer Surveys				
Texas				
Complete Transaction Logs		60033 60000000000		
Conduct Research				
Conduct Simulation Runs		\$140000000000		
Test Site Visits (observations/interviews)		AND		
Gather Logs				
Administer Surveys		DAVIAS R SLOVENS		3
Post-Test Activities				
Analyze Data	-1			oddinanodro or farme
Complete Test Report				

EOSS.. . CO, AR, TX



U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

### WISCONSIN-MINNESOTA OUT-OF-SERVICE OPERATIONAL TEST

### (WI/MN 00S)

**Project Completion Plan** 

**ITS Operational Test Program** 

February 5,1996

#### CONTENTS

- Project Overview
- . Organization
- Evaluation Overview
- Schedule

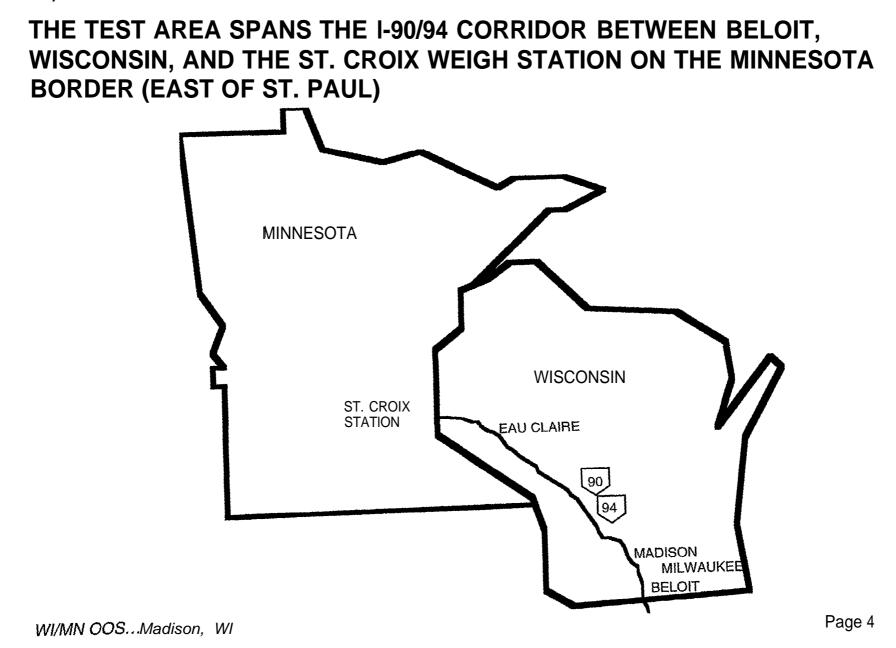
#### Project Overview., .

#### THIS TEST WILL INTRODUCE AUTOMATED REAL TIME ACCESS BETWEEN WEIGH STATIONS AND A CENTRAL DATABASE TO INFORM INSPECTORS ABOUT COMMERCIAL VEHICLES/DRIVERS THAT COULD BE OPERATING IN VIOLATION OF AN OUT-OF-SERVICE ORDER

- The system has license plate scanners in place at four inspection locations (weigh stations) along a 252-mile corridor of I90/94 in Wisconsin.
- Data from the scanners is compared with the current OOS vehicle databases using specially designed software, MCSAP Out-Of-Service Enforcement (MOOSE), on a PC at each weigh station. When a match is found, the PC sounds an alarm to inform the inspectors.
- OOS commercial vehicles from both states can be identified through this system creating a bi-state program of enforcement.
- The test will also provide data to extrapolate the potential for expansion of out-ofservice functions to encompass all of Wisconsin and neighboring states as well as increasing the functionality of this system.



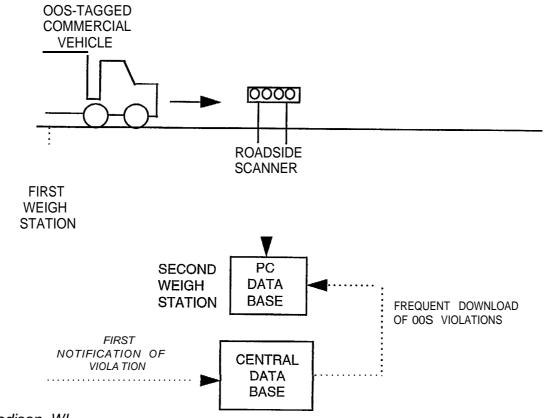
Project Overview...



Project Overview .. .

#### THE SYSTEM IDENTIFIES THE VEHICLE AND CHECKS FOR **OOS** VIOLATIONS AS THE VEHICLE MOVES THROUGH THE WEIGH STATION

• When a truck is tagged OOS by an inspector, the license plate is entered into a central database. The OOS violation is then included in the next regular download to the PC OOS databases at the other weigh stations. If the truck leaves the station illegally, the license plate may be scanned at the next weigh station. The inspector at the next station will be notified of the violation by the on-site PC.



SYSTEM DIAGRAM

WI/MN OOS... Madison, WI

Project Overview ...

#### THIS TEST WILL DEMONSTRATE THE INTEGRATION OF REMOTELY OPERATED, CENTRALLY CONTROLLED COMMERCIAL VEHICLE DATA THAT IS SUPPORTED BY ELECTRONIC READ TECHNOLOGY

Fixed-site Image Scanners

SYSTEMS

Real-time Data Link

Linked to On-site PC Database

Mobile Image Scanner

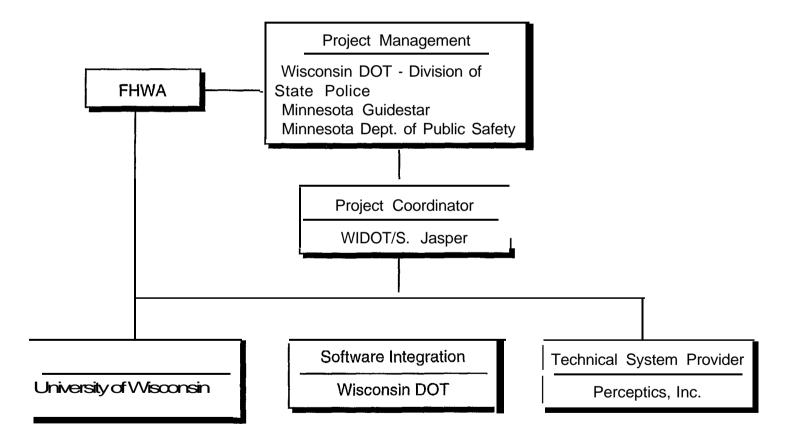
#### SERVICES

OOS enforcement-Inspectors at weigh-stations down-line from the initial OOS tag will have onsite access to the current status of OOS vehicles and drivers via frequent downloads from the central database. All vehicles placed OOS anywhere in Wisconsin will be identified.

Automated Vehicle Identification-Scanners will automatically read license plates of trucks approaching down-line weigh station

By-pass Identification-Mobile systems placed on by-pass routes to detect and cite violators who try to by-pass the next weigh station Organization .. .

# THE PROJECT TEAM IS LED BY WIDOT-THE EVALUATION WILL BE MANAGED BY THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN





# THE EVALUATION WILL ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Will electronic OOs enforcement improve compliance rates for commercial vehicles?
- Will the application of advanced technology allow inspectors to more effectively identify violators of commercial vehicle regulations?

#### **EVALUATION GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

GOALS	OBJECTIVES
Increase Effectiveness of OOS Enforcement Efforts	<ul> <li>Increase the number of vehicles screened for inspection</li> <li>Increase the effectiveness of inspectors</li> <li>Increase compliance with OOS orders</li> <li>Increase direct compliance with OOS orders</li> <li>Reduce delays in compliance with OOS notices</li> </ul>
Establish a bi-state enforcement program	<ul> <li>Increase the detection of OOS violations between Wisconsin and Minnesota</li> <li>Increase coordination between agencies across state lines</li> <li>Create an efficient procedure for sharing data</li> </ul>
Identify potential future applications	<ul> <li>Access national databases such as SAFETYNET</li> <li>Evaluate the potential for expansion to neighboring states and all of Wisconsin/Minnesota</li> <li>Measure the effectiveness of license plate scanner technology</li> <li>Estimate the potential for expansion to other commercial vehicle regulatory issues, such as issues relating to IRP, IFTA, and size and weight preclearances</li> <li>Identify the feasibility of collecting planning-related data</li> <li>Estimate the potential for expansion to other inspection sites</li> <li>Estimate the potential use in mobile weight stations</li> </ul>

#### PLANNED EVALUATION ACTIVITIES INCLUDE:

EVALUATION ACTIVITY	DESCRIPTION	
Pre-deploy Data	Field visits to all weigh stations to obtain baseline information or the MCSAP inspection procedures, conduct interviews with inspectors, provide MSCAP Out-Of-Service Enforcement (MOOSE) system training to the operators, and collect initial operational data, including scanner log data and video output fro the scanner.	
Initial Deploy Data	MCSAP data from mainframe computer database will provide the source for many evaluation MOEs. The PC-based MOOSE software log file of OOS status will provide additional evaluation MOEs. The scale operational times and station counts will also be taken. WisDOT vehicle coverage counts will be obtained for data on truck traffic at weigh stations.	
Post-deployment Data	Data taken from the previous sources will be compared to initial data before deployment to determine system accuracy and impacts on the ability to identify vehicles and drivers tagged 00S.	

Schedule...

#### THE PROJECT SCHEDULE:

	1995 J F M A M J J A S O N D	1996 JFMAMJJASOND	JFMAMJJASOND
System Design			
System Install			
System Operation	i 		_>
Evaluation Plan	 	     	
Implementation - Pre-Deploy Data - Initial Deploy Data - Post -Deploy Data			
Final Evaluation Report			

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