

ANALYZING HISTORICAL METEOROLOGICAL DATA
FOR AIR QUALITY ANALYSES

by

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(The opinions, findings, and conclusions expressed in this report are those of the authors and not necessarily those of the sponsoring agencies.)

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SUMMARY

The Research Council, in cooperation with the Data Processing and Environmental Quality Divisions, developed a set of three computer programs for analyzing historical meteorological data. These programs significantly improve the Department's ability to analyze and employ historical meteorological data. They are computationally efficient and require significantly less computer time than the currently used programs. They also allow the user to compute atmospheric stability categories by either of two recognized algorithms, and admit the processing of temperature data as well as wind data. These programs have been designed to aggregate and then analyze meteorological data on a season and hour-of-day basis.

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INTRODUCTION

The methods and computer programs⁽¹⁾ currently employed by the Department to analyze historical meteorological data^(2,3) require large amounts of computer processing time, produce a voluminous output, sometimes have confusing inputs, and offer only restricted capabilities. To replace these tools, the Research Council, in cooperation with the Data Processing and Environmental Quality Divisions, has developed a set of three computer programs which represent a significant improvement in the science of analyzing and employing historical meteorological data.

The specific objectives of this developmental effort have all been met. In particular, the lengthy outputs currently used to summarize meteorological information by season, hour of day, stability class, wind speed, and wind direction have been replaced by a concise set of statistics which effectively characterize the meteorology. Furthermore, since this meteorological summary is to be used computationally in computer programs designed to evaluate the environmental impact of proposed highways, it is logically arranged and stored on computer tapes to be used as inputs to such environmental analysis programs. The new computer programs are also computationally efficient and require significantly less computer processing time than the currently used program. The new programs allow the user to analyze stability categories

by either the Pasquill method⁽⁴⁾, or both the Turner and Pasquill methods⁽⁴⁾, allow the user to process temperature data as well as wind data and to do so by categorizing the year by season and hour of day.

The new package consists of three programs: PWTHRDCT, PWCLASS, and PNORMAL. The first program, PWTHRDCT, processes original meteorological data tapes to eliminate incorrect, incomplete, or otherwise unusable records and produce a condensed tape which subsequently can be processed efficiently. The second program, PWCLASS, uses the output tape from PWTHRDCT as input. It determines atmospheric stability classes and outputs a tape containing the wind, stability, and temperature data. The final program, PNORMAL, uses the output tape from PWCLASS as input. It determines the mean and standard deviation of the temperature, and the mean vector and covariance matrix of the Cartesian wind vector conditioned on stability class for each of 96 time periods. The output of PNORMAL is designed for input to an environmental analysis program that is the subject of another report⁽⁵⁾. The programs PWTHRDCT, PWCLASS, and PNORMAL, their inputs, outputs, and specifications are described below.

PWTHRDCT

The system's first program, PWTHRDCT, inputs one historical meteorological data tape and one parameter card. The program compares the station numbers on the parameter card with those on the tape. If they are not equal, the program stops. For each hour of data, the program tests for invalid values in the ceiling, wind direction, wind speed, and temperature fields, and replaces any invalid data with "-99". When the wind direction is valid, it is converted to degrees clockwise (CW) from North, with North itself being 360 degrees. (Zero degrees represents 0.0 m/s wind speed.) The four sky conditions are resolved into one value by using the highest value of the four. The data for each hour are output to a tape in the following format:

- 1) Columns 1-6, date of the observation (year/month/day),
- 2) Columns 7-8, hour of observation,
- 3) Columns 9-12, the ceiling value,
- 4) Columns 13-16, the wind direction in degrees CW from North,
- 5) Columns 17-20, the wind speed in knots,
- 6) Columns 21-24, the dry bulb temperature in degrees Fahrenheit, and
- 7) Columns 25-26, the sky condition.

The format for the input parameter card is:

- 1) Columns 1-5, the station number,
- 2) Columns 6-9, the tape's starting date (month/year),
- 3) Columns 10-13, the tape's ending date (month/year),
- 4) Columns 14-17, the station latitude in degrees and minutes, and
- 5) Columns 18-37, a 20 byte station description.

The parameter card fields are written on the output tape as the first two records, the first 17 bytes in the first record and the description in the second. The two dates and the description in the parameter card are used only to label the data.

A listing of PWTHRDCT and its associated documentation is given in Appendix A. The program is written in COBOL and implemented on the Department's IBM 370-148.2M,VS-1 computer.

PWCLASS

The system's second program, PWCLASS, inputs the tape produced by PWTHRDCT and a parameter card. A "1" is entered in column 1 of the parameter card when the user wants the program to compute both the Pasquill and Turner classes; otherwise, a "0" is entered in column 1 and only the Pasquill classes are computed.

The program skips all data points that show "-99" in the wind direction or speed fields, and the computations for determining the Turner stability classes are not performed when the ceiling field equals "-99". (Stability classes are computed according to the logic which is explained in detail in the program's comments.) In addition to determining stability class, PWCLASS converts the wind speed to meters per second, and determines the X and Y components of the wind vector. The valid data for each hour are output to a tape in the following format:

- 1) Columns 1- 6, the date of the observation (year/month/day),
- 2) Columns 7- 8, the hour of the observation,
- 3) Columns 9-11, the wind direction in degrees CW from North,
- 4) Columns 12-16, the radial wind speed in meters/sec,
- 5) Columns 17-22, the X component of the wind vector in meters/sec,

- 6) Columns 23-28, the Y component of the wind vector in meters/sec,
- 7) Columns 29-32, the dry bulb temperature in degrees Fahrenheit,
- 8) Columns 33, Turner's class for this observation, which equals 1-6 for classes A-F, respectively, and equals "0" when this class is not computed, and
- 9) Column 34, Pasquill's class for this observation, which equals 1-5 for classes A-E, respectively.

The format for the parameter card is:

- 1) Column 1, a "1" if both Turner and Pasquill classes are to be computed, and a "0" if only the Pasquill class is to be computed.

A listing of PWCLASS and its associated documentation is given in Appendix B. The program is written in FORTRAN IV and implemented on the Department's IBM 370-148.2M,VSl computer.

PNORMAL

The system's final program, PNORMAL, uses the tape produced by PWCLASS as its only input. PNORMAL analyzes this tape to produce the meteorological statistics which summarize the data on the input tape. These data are analyzed in groups defined by season, hour of day, and atmospheric stability. There are 96 categories by season and hour of day (where here the four "seasons" are defined relative to the six months a year each of Daylight Saving and Standard Time). These time categories are defined as follows.

<u>Time Periods</u>	<u>Months</u>	<u>Time</u>
1		00:00 to 01:00 ST
to	11,12, 1	to
24		23:00 to 24:00 ST
25		00:00 to 01:00 ST
to	2, 3, 4	to
48		23:00 to 24:00 ST
49		00:00 to 01:00 DST
to	5, 6, 7	to
72		23:00 to 24:00 DST

<u>Time Periods</u>	<u>Months</u>	<u>Time</u>
73		00:00 to 01:00 DST
to	8, 9, 10	to
96		23:00 to 24:00 DST

Within each of these 96 time periods, the data are also categorized by the five atmospheric stability classes.

PNORMAL groups the input data into these $480 = 5 \times 96$ categories and determines for each category the covariance matrix and the means of the Cartesian wind vectors and the mean, max, min, and standard deviation of the temperature. (See reference (5) for an explanation of the sufficiency of these statistics.) The temperature statistics are output directly to the line printer so that they may be used to determine emission estimates for each of the time periods. These emission estimates would then be used as inputs (by time period) to an air quality impact analysis program as in reference (5).

The $480 = 5 \times 96$ output records containing the meteorological summary statistics are output as unformatted records with stability class incrementing from 1 to 5 within each of the 96 time periods. Each output record is a type real vector STATOT (Dimension 6). STATOT (1) = number of observations for the stability class and time period. STATOT (2) = the mean of the X components of the wind vectors. STATOT (3) = the mean of the Y components of the wind vectors. STATOT (4) = the variance of the X components of the wind vectors. STATOT (5) = the covariance of the X and Y components of the wind vectors. STATOT (6) = the variance of the Y components of the wind vectors.

APPLICATIONS

Temporal variations in meteorological parameters are significant factors in the determination of air quality levels. Previous computer programs developed to analyze meteorology for highway air quality analyses did not provide the temporal resolution necessary for analyzing pollutants with hourly averaging times. This problem, combined with the stipulation that certain levels were not to be exceeded more than once a year, resulted in the utilization of "worst case" meteorological assumptions in the design of air quality analyses.

The three programs fulfill the need for hourly meteorological data. Utilizing historical meteorological records from the National Climatic Center, a statistically valid profile of meteorology can be obtained.

The development of these three programs presents new opportunities in the statistical analysis of air quality. They represent new capabilities for analysis of hourly parameters in determining pollutant levels. Although developed for use in determining highway related air quality, the programs may be useful in other applications. The programs might be utilized for providing input to computer programs, similar to that in reference (5), which may be designed to evaluate point source air quality impacts and projections for the attainment and maintenance of standards in non-attainment areas.

COST

Approximate costs of the programs PWTHRDCT, PWCLASS, and PNORMAL are \$22, \$68, and \$13 (6, 29, and 4 minutes of CPU), respectively. These estimates are based on processing ten years of historical data from the National Climatic Center on the computer systems the programs were implemented on.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The computer programs PWTHRDCT, PWCLASS, and PNORMAL represent a significant advancement in processing and utilization of meteorological data for environmental analysis. The Department should use the programs in conjunction with the PROBCOL program⁽⁵⁾ for performing air quality analyses of the impacts of proposed highways on carbon monoxide levels.

The Department should support research in identifying relationships between roadside and airport meteorology. Careful consideration should be made in the selection of weather station data to represent meteorology. Considerations should include but not necessarily be limited to influences of distance, topography, land use, and exposure of meteorological equipment.

The Department should encourage further development in the use of historical meteorological data and statistical programs in analyzing air quality pollutant levels.

REFERENCES

1. Farrockhrooz, M., Program WNDROS, Material and Research Department, California Division of Highways, Sacramento, California.
2. Kerby, E. G., "Sources of Virginia Meteorological and Air Quality Data for Use in Highway Air Quality Analyses with Comments on their Usefulness", Virginia Highway and Transportation Research Council, Charlottesville, Virginia, VHTRC 75-R42, April 1975.
3. Changery, M. J., Hodge, W. T., Ramsdell, J. V., "Index-Summarized Wind Data", BNWL-2220 WIND-11, Battelle Pacific Northwest Laboratories, Richland, Washington, September, 1977.
4. Carpenter, W. A., Clemeña, G. G., and Lunglhofer, W. R., "Supportive Data and Methods for the Evaluation of AIRPOL-4", Virginia Highway & Transportation Research Council, Charlottesville, Virginia, VHTRC 75-R57, May 1975.
5. Carpenter, W. A., "An Upper Bound on the Probability that Highway Line Sources Will Violate the One-Hour NAAQS For CO", Virginia Highway & Transportation Research Council, Charlottesville, Virginia, VHTRC 79-R53, June 1979.

PROGRAM PWTHRDCT

RUN NO. 7096 DATE 03/02/79 TIME 1352 LISTING OF MODULE RHWTHRED

DESCRIPTION WEATHER DATA REDUCTION PGM

MASTER FILE SYS1.LIBRARY
 ADDED TO MASTER 08/30/78
 LAST DATE COPIED NONE
 LAST UPDATE 09/20/78 1723

PASSWORD MKVX
 PROGRAMMER RONHEISLER
 PROC PARAMETER \$NOJCL

000010 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
 000020 PROGRAM-ID. PWEATHER.
 000030 DATE-COMPILED.
 000040 REMARKS. PROGRAM WHICH IS FIRST IN THE SYSTEM INPUTS ONE HISTORICAL
 000050* METEOROLOGICAL DATA TAPE AND ONE PARAMETER CARD. THE PROGRAM
 000060* TESTS FOR INVALID DATA, CONVERTS THE WIND DIRECTION TO DEGREES
 000070* AND RESOLVES THE FOUR SKY CONDITIONS INTO ONE. EACH HOUR OF
 000080* DATA IS OUTPUTED ONE PER RECORD. THE PARAMETER CARD INPUT IS
 000090* WRITTEN ON THE OUTPUT TAPE AS THE FIRST TWO RECORDS. THE
 000100* STATION NUMBER IS COMPARED TO THE NUMBER IN THE METEOROLOGICAL
 000110* TAPE AND THE PROGRAM IS ENDED WHEN THEY DO NOT COMPARE.
 000120 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
 000130 CONFIGURATION SECTION.
 000140 OBJECT-COMPUTER. IBM-370.
 000150 INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.
 000160 FILE-CONTROL.
 000170 SELECT INTAPE ASSIGN TO UT-S-TAPEIN.
 000180 SELECT OUTFILE ASSIGN TO UT-S-TAPEOUT.
 000190 SELECT CARDFL ASSIGN TO UR-S-CARD.
 000200 DATA DIVISION.
 000210 FILE SECTION.
 000220 FD INTAPE LABEL RECORDS ARE STANDARD
 000230 BLOCK CONTAINS 0 RECORDS.
 000240 01 INPUT-REC.
 000250 02 FILLER PIC X(4).
 000260 02 I-STAT-NO PIC X(5).
 000270 02 I-DATE.
 000280 04 I-YR PIC 99.
 000290 04 I-MO PIC 99.
 000300 04 I-DAY PIC 99.
 000310 02 I-REST OCCURS 6 TIMES.
 000320 04 I-HR PIC 99.
 000330 04 FILLER PIC X.
 000340 04 I-A-CHT.
 000350 06 I-CHI PIC 999.
 000360 04 FILLER PIC X(4).
 000370 04 I-A-DIR.
 000380 06 I-WDIR PIC 99.
 000390 04 I-A-SPD.
 000400 06 I-NUM-SPD PIC 99.
 000410 06 I-ALP-SPD PIC 59.
 000420 04 I-WSPD REDEFINES I-A-SPD PIC 5999.

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LISTING OF MODULE RHWTHRED

DATE 03/02/79 TIME 1352

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000430 04 I-A-TEMP.
000440 06 I-NUM-TEMP PIC 99.
000450 06 I-ALP-TEMP PIC 99.
000460 04 I-TEMP REDEFINES I-A-TEMP PIC 9999.
000470 04 FILLER PIC X(20).
000480 04 I-A-SKY OCCURS 4 TIMES.
000490 06 I-SKY PIC 9.
000500 04 FILLER PIC X(32).
000510 04 I-R-DIR PIC 99.
000520 04 FILLER PIC X(14).
000530*
000540 FD OUTLE LABEL RECORDS ARE STANDARD
000550 RLOCK CONTAINS 0 RECORDS.
000560 01 OUT-REC PIC X(26).
000570*
000580 FD CARDFL LABEL RECORDS ARE OMITTED.
000590 01 CARD-REC.
000600 02 C-SPECS.
000610 04 C-STAT PIC X(15).
000620 04 C-S-DATE PIC X(4).
000630 04 C-E-DATE PIC X(4).
000640 04 C-STAT-LAT PIC X(4).
000650 02 C-DESC PIC X(20).
000660 02 FILLER PIC X(43).
000670*
000680 WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
000690 77 SUB PIC 999 COMP.
000700 77 NUM PIC 999 COMP.
000710 77 T-SKY PIC 99.
000720*
000730 01 0-DATA.
000740 02 0-DATE PIC X(6).
000750 02 0-HR PIC XX.
000760 02 0-CHT PIC ---9.
000770 02 0-WDIR PIC ---9.
000780 02 0-WSPD PIC ---9.
000790 02 0-TEMP PIC ---9.
000800 02 0-SCON PIC XX.
000810*
000820 01 SKY-COND.
000830 02 FILLER PIC XX VALUE '00'.
000840 02 FILLER PIC XX VALUE '03'.
000850 02 FILLER PIC XX VALUE '03'.
000860 02 FILLER PIC XX VALUE '03'.
000870 02 FILLER PIC XX VALUE '07'.
000880 02 FILLER PIC XX VALUE '07'.
000890 02 FILLER PIC XX VALUE '07'.
000900 02 FILLER PIC XX VALUE '10'.
000910 02 FILLER PIC XX VALUE '10'.
000920*
000930 02 FILLER PIC XX VALUE '10'.
000940 01 SKY-TAB REDEFINES SKY-COND.
000950 02 SKY-NO PIC XX OCCURS 10 TIMES.
000960*

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LISTING OF MODULE RHWTHRED

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```

000970 01 TAPE-HEADER.
000980 02 0-DESC PIC X(20).
000990*
001000 01 WIND-TABLE.
001010 02 W1 PIC 999 VALUE 0.
001020 02 W2 PIC 999 VALUE 360.
001030 02 W3 PIC 999 VALUE 23.
001040 02 W4 PIC 999 VALUE 45.
001050 02 W5 PIC 999 VALUE 68.
001060 02 W6 PIC 999 VALUE 90.
001070 02 W7 PIC 999 VALUE 113.
001080 02 W8 PIC 999 VALUE 135.
001090 02 W9 PIC 999 VALUE 158.
001100 02 W10 PIC 999 VALUE 180.
001110 02 W11 PIC 999 VALUE 203.
001120 02 W12 PIC 999 VALUE 225.
001130 02 W13 PIC 999 VALUE 248.
001140 02 W14 PIC 999 VALUE 270.
001150 02 W15 PIC 999 VALUE 293.
001160 02 W16 PIC 999 VALUE 315.
001170 01 WIND-TAB REDEFINES WIND-TABLE.
001180 02 WIND PIC 999 OCCURS 16 TIMES.
001190*
001200 01 SEPARATE-WDIR.
001210 02 S-WDIR PIC 9 OCCURS 2 TIMES.
001220*
001230* PROCEDURE DIVISION.
001240 OPEN INPUT INTAPE.
001250 OPEN INPUT CARDFL.
001260 OPEN OUTPUT OUTFL.
001270 READ INTAPE AT END GO TO END-PROGRAM.
001280 READ PARAMETER CARD
001290 C-STAT = STATION NO.
001300 C-S-DATE = TAPE'S STARTING DATE
001310 C-E-DATE = TAPE'S END DATE
001320 C-STAT-LAT = STATION LATITUDE
001330* C-DESC = TAPE DESCRIPTION
001340*
001350 READ CARDFL AT END GO TO END-PROGRAM.
001360 IF C-STAT = I-STAT-NO NEXT SENTENCE
001370 ELSE DISPLAY *STATION NOS. NOT EQUAL, TAPE STATION NO. *
001380 I-STAT-NO, GO TO END-PROGRAM.
001390* WRITE TAPE HEADER RECORDS (2)
001400 MOVE C-SPECS TO 0-DESC.
001410 WRITE OUT-REC FROM TAPE-HEADER.
001420 MOVE C-DESC TO 0-DESC.
001430 WRITE OUT-REC FROM TAPE-HEADER.
001440 CLOSE CARDFL.
001450 GO TO MOVE-DATA.
001460* READ 6 HOURS OF WEATHER DATA
001470*
001480* READ-TAPE.
001490 READ INTAPE AT END GO TO END-PROGRAM.
001500

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LISTING OF MODULE RHINTHRED

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DATE 03/02/79 TIME 1352

RUN NO. 7096

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001510*
001520 MOVE-DATA.
IF I-DATE NUMERIC NEXT SENTENCE
ELSE MOVE -99 TO O-CHT, O-WDIR, O-WSPD, O-TEMP
PERFORM DUMMY-REC-PARA VARYING SUB FROM 1 BY 1
UNTIL SUB GREATER THAN 6
GO TO READ-TAPE.
MOVE I-DATE TO O-DATE.
MOVE ZEROS TO SUR.

WRITE ONE HOUR OF DATA
O-DATE = DATE, YR/MO/DAY
O-HR = HOUR
O-CHT = CEILING
O-WDIR = WIND DIRECTION
O-WSPD = WIND SPEED
O-TEMP = TEMPERATURE (F)
O-SCON = SKY CONDITION

001600*
001610*
001620*
001630*
001640*
001650*
001660*
001670*
001680*
001690*
001700 HOUR-LOOP.
001710 ADD 1 TO SUB.
IF I-HR (SUB) NUMERIC NEXT SENTENCE
ELSE MOVE 99 TO O-HR
GO TO HOUR-LOOP-WRITE.
MOVE I-HR (SUB) TO O-HR.
IF I-A-CHT (SUB) NOT NUMERIC MOVE -99 TO O-CHT
ELSE MOVE I-CHT (SUB) TO O-CHT.
IF I-A-DIR (SUB) NOT NUMERIC MOVE -99 TO O-WDIR

BEGINNING JAN. 1, 1964 WIND DIRECTIONS WERE REPORTED IN TENS
OF DEGREES, BASED ON 36 POINT COMPASS. PREVIOUS TO 1964 THE
WIND DIRECTIONS WERE BASED ON A 16 POINT COMPASS.
CONVERT THE WIND DIRECTION CODE TO DEGREES USING THE APPROPRIATE
INPUT FIELD, USE 360 FOR NORTH & ZERO FOR CALM.

ELSE IF I-YR GREATER THAN 63
MULTIPLY I-R-DIR (SUB) BY 10 GIVING O-WDIR
ELSE IF I-WDIR (SUB) = 0 MOVE WIND (1) TO O-WDIR
ELSE IF I-WDIR (SUB) = 18 MOVE 338 TO O-WDIR
ELSE MOVE I-WDIR (SUB) TO SEPARATE-WDIR
ADD S-WDIR (1) S-WDIR (2) GIVING NUM
MOVE WIND (NUM) TO O-WDIR.
IF I-NUM-SPD (SUB) NUMERIC AND I-ALP-SPD (SUB) NUMERIC
MOVE I-WSPD (SUB) TO O-WSPD
ELSE MOVE -99 TO O-WSPD, O-WDIR.
IF I-NUM-TEMP (SUB) NUMERIC AND I-ALP-TEMP (SUB) NUMERIC
MOVE I-TEMP (SUB) TO O-TEMP
ELSE MOVE -99 TO O-TEMP.
MOVE ZERO TO T-SKY NUM.

002010*
002020 SKY-LOOP.
002030 ADD 1 TO NUM.
IF I-A-SKY (SUB, NUM) NUMERIC NEXT SENTENCE ELSE

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RUN NO. 7096 DATE 03/02/79 TIME 1352 LISTING OF MODULE RHWTHRED

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002050 IF I-A-SKY (SUB, NUM) = ' ' MOVE 9 TO I-SKY (SUB, NUM)
002060 ELSE MOVE 2 TO I-SKY (SUB, NUM).
002070 IF I-SKY (SUB, NUM) GREATER THAN T-SKY MOVE I-SKY (SUB, NUM)
002080 TO I-SKY.
002090 IF NUM LESS THAN 4 GO TO SKY-LOOP.
002100*
002110 ADD 1 TO I-SKY.
002120 MOVE SKY-NO (I-SKY) TO O-SCON.
002130*
002140 HOUR-LOOP-WRITE.
002150 WRITE OUT-REC FROM O-DATA.
002160 IF SUB LESS THAN 6 GO TO HOUR-LOOP.
002170 GO TO READ-TAPE.
002180*
002190*
002200 END-PROGRAM.
002210 DISPLAY 'PROCESSING OF WEATHER TAPE COMPLETED'.
002220 CLOSE INTAPE.
002230 CLOSE OUTFILE.
002240 STOP RUN.
002250*
002260*
002270*
002280 DUMMY-REC-PARA.
002290 MOVE I-HR (SUB) TO O-HR.
002300 WRITE OUT-REC FROM O-DATA.
002310*
002320*
002330*
002340*
002350*
002360*
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002980*
002990*
003000*

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09/06/78
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09/20/78

RUN NO. 7096 DATE 03/02/79 TIME 1352 LISTING OF MODULE RHCLCOMP

C	ALPHA -- REAL -- SOLAR ALTITUDE IN RADIANS, EQUAL TO ARCSIN(PROD)	000970	01/23/78
C	ANGLE -- REAL -- ALPHA CONVERTED TO DEGREES	000980	01/23/78
C	IP -- REAL -- COMPUTED IN PASQUILL CLASS COMPUTATIONS	000990	01/23/78
C	IROM -- INTEGER -- WIND SPEED * 1, USED AS FIRST INDEX TO THE	001000	01/23/78
C	ARRAYS TURNCL & PASQDT	001010	01/23/78
C	RIS -- INTEGER -- RELATIVE INSOLATION STRENGTH, USED AS SECOND	001020	01/23/78
C	INDEX TO THE ARRAY PASQDT	001030	01/23/78
C	1 = STRONG, 2 = MODERATE, 3 = SLIGHT	001040	01/23/78
C	NRI -- INTEGER -- NET RADIATION INDEX, 1 TO 7 VALID	001050	01/23/78
C	USED AS SECOND INDEX TO THE ARRAY TURNCL	001060	01/23/78
C	ICN -- INTEGER -- ISOLATION CLASS NUMBER, DETERMINED BY VALUE OF	001070	01/23/78
C	ALPHA AND USED IN COMPUTING TURNER'S CLASS	001080	01/23/78
C	WDTR -- REAL -- WIND DIRECTION IN RADIANS RELATIVE TO EAST = 0 DEG.	001090	01/23/78
C	(CONVERSION OF TMDIR WHICH IS RELATIVE TO NORTH = 0 DEG.)	001100	01/23/78
C	DATA STATEMENT VARIABLES	001110	01/23/78
C	-----	001120	01/23/78
C	DS -- REAL, SUBSCRIPTED 1-366 -- EQUIVALENCED TO ARRAYS DSI & DS2	001130	01/23/78
C	SIN VALUES OF THE ANGLE DELTA FOR EACH DAY OF THE YEAR	001140	01/23/78
C	DC -- REAL, SUBSCRIPTED 1-366 -- EQUIVALENCED TO DC1 & DC2	001150	01/23/78
C	COS VALUES OF ANGLE DELTA FOR EACH DAY OF THE YEAR	001160	01/25/78
C	TURNCL -- INTEGER, SUBSCRIPTED 1-13 & 1-7	001170	01/25/78
C	TURNER'S ATMOSPHERIC STABILITY CLASSES WITH 1-6 REPRESENTING	001180	01/25/78
C	CLASSES A-F, RESPECTIVELY, FOR DAYTIME & NIGHTTIME	001190	01/23/78
C	PASQDT -- INTEGER, SUBSCRIPTED 1-15 & 1-3	001200	01/23/78
C	PASQUILL'S ATMOSPHERIC STABILITY CLASSES FOR DAYTIME WITH	001210	01/25/78
C	1-5 REPRESENTING CLASSES A-E, RESPECTIVELY	001220	01/23/78
C	SUNRIZ -- REAL, SUBSCRIPTED 1-12	001230	01/23/78
C	MONTHLY AVERAGE SUNRISE AT RICHMOND, VA (EASTERN STANDARD TIME)	001240	01/23/78
C	SUNSET -- REAL, SUBSCRIPTED 1-12	001250	01/23/78
C	MONTHLY AVERAGE SUNSET AT RICHMOND, VA (E.S.T.)	001260	01/23/78
C	HRCOS -- REAL, SUBSCRIPTED 1-24	001270	01/23/78
C	VALUES OF THE EQUATION $\cos((12-H)/(12*PI))$, H = HOUR OF DAY	001280	01/23/78
C	THESE VALUES ARE USED IN COMPUTING THE SOLAR ALTITUDE (ALPHA)	001290	01/23/78
C	NODAYS -- INTEGER, SUBSCRIPTED 1-12	001300	01/23/78
C	DAYS OF YEAR THAT HAVE PRECEDED EACH MONTH, INCLUDING FIRST	001310	01/23/78
C	DAY OF CURRENT MONTH, IS USED TO START DAY COUNTER ON SAME DAY	001320	01/23/78
C	OF THE YEAR AS THE TAPE'S FIRST RECORD (SOME TAPES DO NOT	001330	01/23/78
C		001340	01/23/78
C		001350	01/23/78
C		001360	01/23/78
C		001370	01/23/78
C		001380	01/23/78
C		001390	01/23/78
C		001400	01/23/78
C		001410	01/23/78
C		001420	01/23/78
C		001430	01/23/78
C		001440	01/23/78
C		001450	01/23/78
C		001460	01/23/78
C		001470	01/23/78
C		001480	01/23/78
C		001490	01/23/78
C		001500	01/23/78

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C 2. IF 7,000 .LE. CEILING .LT. 16,000 FEET, NRI = ICN - 1. 002050
 C 3. IF TOTAL CLOUD COVER IS 10/10, NRI = ICN - 1. 002060
 C (THIS APPLIES ONLY TO CEILINGS .GE. 7,000, SINCE 002070
 C 10/10 BELOW 7,000 FT. IS COVERED ABOVE WITH NRI = 3.) 002080
 C 4. IF STEPS 1, 2 AND 3 ARE NOT APPLICABLE, NRI = ICN. 002090
 C 5. IF NRI .LT. 4, LET NRI = 4. 002100
 C 002110
 C 002120
 C 002130
 C 002140
 C 002150
 C 002160
 C 002170
 C 002180
 C 002190
 C 002200
 C 002210
 C 002220
 C 002230
 C 002240
 C 002250
 C 002260
 C 002270
 C 002280
 C 002290
 C 002300
 C 002310
 C 002320
 C 002330
 C 002340
 C 002350
 C 002360
 C 002370
 C 002380
 C 002390
 C 002400
 C 002410
 C 002420
 C 002430
 C 002440
 C 002450
 C 002460
 C 002470
 C 002480
 C 002490
 C 002500
 C 002510
 C 002520
 C 002530
 C 002540
 C 002550
 C 002560
 C 002570
 C 002580

II. DETERMINE STABILITY CLASS FROM THE FOLLOWING TABLE:
 WIND SPEED | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7
 (KNOTS) -----
 0 .LE. WS .LT. 2 | F | F | F | D | C | R | A | A
 2 .LE. WS .LT. 4 | F | F | D | C | B | B | A | A
 4 .LE. WS .LT. 6 | F | E | D | D | C | B | A | A
 6 .LE. WS .LT. 7 | F | E | D | D | C | B | B | B
 7 .LE. WS .LT. 8 | E | D | D | D | C | B | B | B
 8 .LE. WS .LT. 10 | E | D | D | D | C | C | B | B
 10 .LE. WS .LT. 11 | E | D | D | D | D | C | C | C
 11 .LE. WS .LT. 12 | D | D | D | D | D | C | C | C
 12 .LE. WS | D | D | D | D | D | D | D | C

I. NIGHTTIME
 PASQUILL'S METHOD

 DETERMINE STABILITY CLASS FROM THE FOLLOWING TABLE:
 WIND SPEED | CLOUD COVER
 (KNOTS) | CC .GE. 5/10 | CC .LT. 5/10

 0 .LE. WS .LE. 3 | E | E
 3 .LT. WS .LE. 6 | D | E
 6 .LT. WS | D | D

II. DAYTIME
 1. DETERMINE INSOLATION PROPORTIONALITY, IP, AS FOLLOWS:
 A. DETERMINE THE SOLAR ALTITUDE, ALPHA, FROM EQUATIONS

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C 1 AND 2 IN THE TURNER SECTION.

C B. DETERMINE IP FROM

C WHERE IP = (1 - 0.5 * F) * SIN A

C F IS THE FRACTION OF SKY COVERED BY CLOUDS

C A IS THE SOLAR ALTITUDE FROM EQUATIONS 1 AND 2.

C 2. DETERMINE RELATIVE ISOLATION STRENGTH, RIS, AS FOLLOWS:

C A. RIS = STRONG IF 0.67 .LT. IP .LE. 1.0

C B. RIS = MODERATE IF 0.33 .LT. IP .LE. 0.67

C C. RIS = SLIGHT IF 0.0 .LE. IP .LE. 0.33

C 3. DETERMINE STABILITY CLASS FROM THE FOLLOWING TABLE:

WIND SPEED (KNOTS)	RELATIVE ISOLATION STRENGTH			
	STRONG	MODERATE	SLIGHT	
0 .LE. WS .LE. 3	A	B	B	B
3 .LT. WS .LE. 6	A	R	R	C
6 .LT. WS .LE. 10	B	C	C	C
10 .LT. WS .LE. 13	C	C	C	D
13 .LT. WS	C	D	D	D

C *****

C REAL DS(366),DC(366),HRCOS(24),IP

C REAL DS1(240),DS2(126),DC1(280),DC2(86),DQ2(86),SUNRIZ(12),SUNSET(12)

C INTEGER TURNCL(13,7),PASQDT(15,3),NODAYS(12),RIS

C INTEGER DESC(5),DAYNO,ICHT,TWDIR,TWSPD,ITEMP

C INTEGER*2 IDATE(2),EDATE(2),TSCON,THR,TYR,TMO,TDAY,TURCL,PASCL

C INTEGER*2 IDEG,IMIN,ND,END,ITND

C DATA DS1 / -.394, -.393, -.392, -.39, -.389, -.388, -.386, -.384, -.383,
 - .381, -.379, -.377, -.375, -.372, -.37, -.368, -.365, -.362, -.36, -.357,
 - .354, -.351, -.347, -.344, -.341, -.337, -.334, -.33, -.326, -.322, -.318,
 - .314, -.31, -.306, -.301, -.297, -.292, -.288, -.283, -.278, -.273, -.268,
 - .263, -.257, -.252, -.246, -.241, -.235, -.229, -.224, -.218, -.212,
 - .206, -.199, -.193, -.187, -.18, -.174, -.167, -.161, -.154, -.147, -.14,
 - .133, -.126, -.119, -.112, -.105, -.098, -.091, -.084, -.076, -.069, -.062,
 - .054, -.047, -.04, -.032, -.025, -.017, -.01, -.002, .005, .013, .02, .028,
 - .035, .043, .05, .057, .065, .072, .079, .087, .094, .101, .108, .115, .122,
 - .129, .136, .143, .15, .157, .163, .17, .176, .183, .189, .196, .202, .208,
 - .214, .22, .226, .232, .237, .243, .249, .254, .259, .265, .27, .275, .28,

01/25/78 002590
 01/25/78 002600
 01/25/78 002610
 01/25/78 002620
 01/25/78 002630
 01/25/78 002640
 01/25/78 002650
 01/25/78 002660
 01/25/78 002670
 01/25/78 002680
 01/25/78 002690
 01/25/78 002700
 01/25/78 002710
 01/25/78 002720
 01/25/78 002730
 01/25/78 002740
 01/25/78 002750
 01/25/78 002760
 01/25/78 002770
 01/25/78 002780
 01/25/78 002790
 01/25/78 002800
 01/25/78 002810
 01/25/78 002820
 01/25/78 002830
 01/25/78 002840
 01/25/78 002850
 01/25/78 002860
 01/25/78 002870
 01/25/78 002880
 01/25/78 002890
 01/25/78 002900
 01/25/78 002910
 08/28/78 002920
 01/23/78 002930
 01/06/78 002940
 08/28/78 002960
 08/28/78 002970
 08/25/78 002980
 08/28/78 002990
 08/28/78 003000
 01/06/78 003010
 003020
 003030
 003040
 003050
 003060
 003070
 003080
 003090
 003100
 003110
 003120

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- .285,.289,.294,.299,.303,.308,.312,.316,.320,.324,.328,.332,.336,.340
- .339,.342,.346,.349,.352,.355,.358,.361,.363,.366,.369,.371,.373,
- .375,.378,.380,.382,.383,.385,.387,.388,.390,.391,.392,.393,.394,
- .395,.396,.2*.397,3*.398,4*.399,2*.400,2*.401,.397,.396,.395,.394,.393,
- .392,.391,.390,.388,.387,.385,.384,.382,.380,.378,.376,.374,.371,
- .365,.367,.364,.361,.358,.355,.352,.349,.346,.343,.339,.336,.332,
- .329,.325,.321,.317,.313,.308,.304,.300,.295,.291,.286,.281,.276,
- .271,.266,.262,.255,.244,.239,.233,.227,.221,.215,.209,.203,
- .197,.191,.184,.178 /
C
DATA DS2 / .171,.165,.158,.151,.144,.138,.131,.124,.117,
- .111,.102,.095,.088,.081,.073,.066,.059,.051,.044,.037,.029,.022,
- .014,.007,-.001,-.008,-.016,-.023,-.031,-.038,-.046,-.053,-.06,
- .068,-.075,-.082,-.09,-.097,-.104,-.111,-.118,-.125,-.132,-.139,
- .146,-.153,-.159,-.166,-.173,-.179,-.186,-.192,-.198,-.204,-.21,
- .217,-.222,-.228,-.234,-.24,-.245,-.251,-.256,-.262,-.267,-.272,
- .277,-.282,-.287,-.291,-.296,-.301,-.305,-.309,-.313,-.318,-.322,
- .326,-.329,-.333,-.337,-.34,-.344,-.347,-.35,-.353,-.356,-.359,
- .362,-.364,-.367,-.37,-.372,-.374,-.376,-.378,-.38,-.382,-.384,
- .386,-.387,-.389,-.39,-.391,-.393,-.394,-.395,-.396,-.397,-.398,
- .399,-.399,3*-398,-.397,2*-396,-.395,-.394 /
C
DATA DC1 / .919,2*.92,2*.921,2*.922,.923,.924,2*.925,.926,.927,
- .928,.929,.930,.931,.932,.933,.934,.935,.937,.938,.939,.94,.941,
- .943,.944,.945,.947,.948,.949,.951,.952,.954,.955,.956,.958,.959,
- .961,.962,.963,.965,.966,.968,.969,.971,.972,.973,.975,.976,.977,
- .979,.98,.981,.982,.984,.985,.986,.987,.988,.989,.991,.992,
- .993,2*.994,.995,2*.996,.997,2*.998,4*.999,8*1.0,3*.999,2*.998,
- 2*.997,2*.996,.995,.994,.993,2*.992,.991,.99,.989,.988,.987,.985,
- .984,.983,.982,.981,.979,.978,.977,.975,.974,.973,.971,.97,.969,
- .967,.966,.964,.963,.961,.96,.959,.957,.956,.954,.953,.952,.95,
- .949,.947,.946,.945,.943,.942,.941,.94,.938,.937,.936,.935,.934,
- .933,.932,.931,.93,.929,.928,.927,.926,.925,2*.924,.923,2*.922,
- .921,2*.92,3*.919,4*.918,9*.917,3*.918,3*.919,2*.92,2*.921,.922,
- 2*.923,.924,.925,.926,.927,2*.928,.929,.93,.931,.932,.934,.935,
- .936,.937,.938,.939,.941,.942,.943,.945,.946,.947,.949,.95,.951,
- .953,.954,.956,.957,.958,.96,.961,.963,.964,.966,.967,.968,.97,
- .971,.973,.974,.975,.977,.978,.979,.98,.982,.983,.984,.985,.986,
- .987,.989,2*.99,.991,.992,.993,.994,2*.995,.996,2*.997,2*.998,
- 3*.999,9*1.0,3*.999,2*.998,2*.997,.996,2*.995,.994 /
C
DATA DC2 / .993,.992,.991,.99,.989,.988,.987,.986,.985,.984,.983,
- .981,.98,.979,.978,.976,.975,.974,.972,.971,.969,.968,.967,.965,
- .964,.962,.961,.959,.958,.957,.955,.954,.952,.951,.95,.948,.947,
- .946,.944,.943,.942,.94,.939,.938,.937,.936,.934,.933,.932,.931,
- .93,.929,.928,.927,2*.926,.925,.924,2*.923,.922,2*.921,2*.92,
- 3*.919,3*.918,9*.917,4*.918,2*.919 /
C
DATA TURNCL / 7*6, 4*5, 2*4, 4*6, 3*5, 6*4, 13*4, 4*3, 9*4, 4*2,
- 6*3, 3*4, 2*1, 6*2, 4*3, 4, 6*1, 4*2, 3*3 /
C
DATA PASO0T / 7*1, 4*2, 4*3, 7*2, 7*3, 4, 4*2, 7*3, 4*4 /
C

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08/28/78
01/06/78

08/28/78
01/06/78

08/28/78
01/06/78

08/28/78
08/28/78

08/28/78
08/28/78

08/28/78
08/28/78

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DATA SUNRIZ / 7.5, 7.0, 6.25, 5.5, 5.0, 4.75, 5.0, 5.5, 5.5, 5.75,
- 6.25, 6.75, 7.25 /
DATA SUNSET / 17.25, 17.75, 18.25, 18.75, 19.25, 19.75, 20.25, 20.75, 21.25, 21.75,
- 18.25, 17.5, 2*17.0 /
C
DATA HRCOS / -.333, -.018, -.022, .137, .293, .441, .577, .699,
- .804, .888, .95, .987, 1.0, .987, .95, .888, .804, .699, .557,
- .441, .293, .137, -.022, -.018 /
C
DATA NODAYS / 1, 32, 60, 91, 121, 152, 182, 213, 244, 274, 305, 355 /
DATA END / '31' /
C
EQUIVALENCE (DS(1), DS1(1)), (DS(241), DS2(1)), (DC(1), DC1(1)),
- (OC(281), OC2(1))
C
C
READ(5, 150, END=900) TIND
150 FORMAT(I1)
C
C
READ FIRST 2 RECORDS WITH DATA SPECIFICATIONS
C
READ(1, 100, END=900) ISTAT, IDATE, EDATE, IDEG, IDEG, IMIN, DESC
100 FORMAT(I5, 4I2, 2I2 / 5A4)
C
C
CONVERT STATION LATITUDE ANGLE TO RADIAN
I DEGREE = .01745329 RADIAN
I MINUTE = .00029089 RADIAN
C
PHI = IDEG * .01745329 + IMIN * .00029089
SINPHI = SIN(PHI)
COSPHI = COS(PHI)
C
C
MULTIPLY SIN & COS OF STATION LATITUDE WITH SIN & COS
CONSTANTS FOR THE ANGLE DELTA WHERE
DELTA = ARCTAN ( -TAN 23.5 * COS (2*PI*(N-101)/365) ),
N IS THE NUMBER DAYS SINCE JANUARY 1
C
DO 10 I=1, 366
DS(I) = DS(I) * SINPHI
DC(I) = DC(I) * COSPHI
WRITE(2, 200) ISTAT, IDATE, EDATE, IDEG, IDEG, IMIN, DESC
200 FORMAT(I5, 6I2, 15X / 5A4, 12X)
I = IDATE(I)
C
C
DETERMINE NUMBER OF DAYS INTO YEAR WHERE TAPE STARTS
DAYNO = NODAYS(I)
IF (I .LT. 3) GO TO 11
C
C
TEST FOR LEAP YEAR
S = (IDATE(2) + 300) / 4.
R = INT(S)
T = S - R
C
C
IF T = 0, ADD 1 DAY FOR LEAP YEAR

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C      DETERMINE RELATIVE INSOLATION STRENGTH, RIS, AS FOLLOWS :
C      RIS = STRONG (1) IF 0.67 < IP .LE. 1.0
C      RIS = MODERATE (2) IF 0.33 < IP .LE. 0.67
C      RIS = SLIGHT (3) IF 0.0 .LE. IP .LE. 0.33
C      USE RIS VALUE (1-3) AS COLUMN VALUE OF PASQUILL CLASS ARRAY
C
C      IF (IP .GT. .67) GO TO 6
C      IF (IP .GT. .33) GO TO 7
C      GO TO 8
C      RIS = 3
C      RIS = 1
C      GO TO 8
C      RIS = 2
C
C      DETERMINE ROW VALUE OF PASQUILL CLASS ARRAY USING WIND SPEED
C      IROW = TWSPD + 1
C      IF (IROW .GT. 15) IROW = 15
C      PASCL = PASQDT(IROW,RIS)
C
C      IF (TIND = 1) COMPUTE TURNER'S CLASS
C      IF (TIND .EQ. 0) GO TO 17
C
C      DETERMINE TURNER'S STABILITY CLASS FOR THIS HOUR
C      IF (TCHT .GT. -1) GO TO 14
C
C      CEILING HEIGHT VALUE WAS INVALID, TURNER'S CLASS
C      CAN NOT BE COMPUTED
C      TURCL = 0
C      GO TO 31
C
C      14 CONTINUE
C      IF (TSCON .LT. 10) GO TO 15
C      IF (TCHT .GE. 70) GO TO 15
C      TURCL = 4
C      GO TO 31
C
C      15 IF (IND .EQ. 1) GO TO 20
C
C      NIGHT TIME : IF CLOUD COVER > 4/10 , NRI = -1 (VALUE USED IS 2 ,
C      COLUMN INDEX OF THE ARRAY) ELSE NRI = -2 (VALUE USED IS 1)
C
C      IROW = TWSPD + 1
C      IF (TSCON .GT. 4) GO TO 16
C      NRI = 1
C      GO TO 30
C      16 NRI = 2
C      GO TO 30
C
C      DAYTIME HOUR
C      20 CONTINUE
C
C      ALPHA IS IN RADIAN, CONVERT TO DEGREES
C      1 DEGREE = .01745329 RADIAN

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004750 01/06/78
004760 01/06/78
004770 01/06/78
004780 01/06/78
004790 01/06/78
004800 01/25/78
004810 01/06/78
004820 01/06/78
004830 01/06/78
004840 01/06/78
004850 01/06/78
004860 01/06/78
004870 01/06/78
004880 01/06/78
004890 01/06/78
004900 01/06/78
004910 01/06/78
004920 01/25/78
004930 01/25/78
004940 01/25/78
004950 08/25/78
004960 01/06/78
004970 01/06/78
004980 01/06/78
004990 08/25/78
005000 01/06/78
005010 01/06/78
005020 01/06/78
005030 08/25/78
005040 08/25/78
005050 08/25/78
005060 08/25/78
005070 01/06/78
005080 01/23/78
005090 01/23/78
005100 01/23/78
005110 01/06/78
005120 01/06/78
005130 01/06/78
005140 01/06/78
005150 01/06/78
005160 01/06/78
005170 01/09/78
005180 01/09/78
005190 01/09/78
005200 01/09/78
005210 01/09/78
005220 01/09/78
005230 01/09/78
005240 01/09/78
005250 01/09/78
005260 01/09/78
005270 01/09/78
005280 01/09/78

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LISTING OF MODULE RHCLCOMP

DATE 03/02/79 TIME 1352

RUN NO. 7096

005290
005300
005310
005320
005330
005340
005350
005360
005370
005380
005390
005400
005410
005420
005430
005440
005450
005460
005470
005480
005490
005500
005510
005520
005530
005540
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005560
005570
005580
005590
005600
005610
005620
005630
005640
005650
005660
005670
005680
005690
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005720
005730
005740
005750
005760
005770
005780
005790
005800
005810
005820

01/23/78
01/25/78
01/06/78

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C
C ALPHA = ARSIN(PROD)
C ANGLE = ALPHA / .01745329
C
C DETERMINE ISOLATION CLASS NUMBER, ICN
C IF (ANGLE .GT. 35.) GO TO 21
C IF (ANGLE .GT. 15.) GO TO 23
C ICN = 4
C GO TO 25
C 21 IF (ANGLE .GT. 60.) GO TO 22
C ICN = 6
C GO TO 25
C 22 ICN = 7
C GO TO 25
C 23 ICN = 5
C
C IF CLOUD COVER .LE. 5/10, NRI = ICN
C 25 IF (TSCON .LE. 5) GO TO 29
C
C IF CEILING < 7,000 FEET, NRI = ICN - 2
C 26 IF (TCHT .GE. 70) GO TO 27
C NRI = ICN - 2
C GO TO 28
C
C IF 7,000 .LE. CEILING < 16,000 FEET OR CLOUD COVER = 10/10
C NRI = ICN - 1, OTHERWISE NRI = ICN
C 27 IF (TCHT .LT. 160 .OR. TSCON .EQ. 10) GO TO 24
C 29 NRI = ICN
C GO TO 30
C 24 NRI = ICN - 1
C 28 IF (NRI .LT. 4) NRI = 4
C 30 CONTINUE
C IF (IROW .GT. 13) IROW = 13
C TURCL = TURNCL(IROW,NRI)
C 31 CONTINUE
C
C CONVERT TSPD TO METERS/SEC (1 KNOT = .5144 M/SEC)
C SPEED = TSPD * .5144
C IF (TWDIR .NE. 0) GO TO 34
C X & Y = 0 WHEN WIND IS CALM
C X = 0
C Y = 0
C GO TO 32
C 34 CONTINUE
C
C CONVERT TWDIR TO WDIR WHICH IS RELATIVE TO EAST = 0 DEG.
C WDIR = AMOD(450.-TWDIR, 360.)
C
C USE WDIR CONVERTED TO RADIAN TO COMPUTE X & Y VECTORS
C WDIR = WDIR * 0.0174533
C X = COS(WDIR) * SPEED
C Y = SIN(WDIR) * SPEED
C 32 WRITE(2,210) TYR,TMO,TDAY,THR,TWDIR,SPEED,X,Y,TTEMP,TURCL,PASCL
C 210 FORMAT(A2,I2,A2,I2,I3,F5.2,2F6.2,A4,2I1)

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C
40 CONTINUE
   IF (DAYNO .LT. 365) GO TO 35
   IF (TDAY .EQ. END) DAYNO = 0
35 CONTINUE
   DAYNO = DAYNO + 1
   GO TO 11
900 CONTINUE
220 WRITE(6,220) ISTAT
   STOP
   END
005830
005840
005850
005860
005870
005880
005890
005900
005910
005920
005930
005940
01/06/78
01/23/78
01/23/78
01/23/78
01/06/78
01/06/78
09/20/78
09/20/78

```

APPENDIX C

PROGRAM PNORMAL

PROGRAM PNORMAL(INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE4,TAPE5=INPUT,TAPE6=OUTPUT,TAPE1)

THIS PROGRAM EDITS A MET DATA TAPE, AND PRODUCES A MET FILE ON WHICH THE PARAMETERS OF THE METEOROLOGICAL DISTRIBUTION FOR EACH STABILITY CLASS AND TIME PERIOD ARE KEPT. THERE IS NO CARD INPUT TO PNORMAL. THE ONLY INPUT IS TAPE PRODUCED BY PMLCLASS. THIS PROGRAM IS WRITTEN TO USE THE PASQUILLE DETERMINED STABILITY CLASS PARAMETER. IF IT IS DESIRED TO USE THE TURNER PARAMETER, FORMAT #000 MUST BE (2,2X,12),8X,2F6.2,14,2Y,11), AND THE COMPUTATION OF N (FOLLOWING LABELED STATEMENT 102 AND PRECEDING STATEMENT 902) MUST USE A MULTIPLIER OF 6 RATHER THAN 5. NOTE AS USED IN THIS PROGRAM A *TIME PERIOD* IS THE SET OF ALL HOURS WHICH ARE ELEMENTS OF A DESIGNATED SEASON AND HOURS OF DAY.

DIMENSION MONTH(4), HOURS(2,24)

INTEGER C,H,I,INDEX(12),M,N,NUM(480),T,TP
INTEGER MD,TPS,HR

REAL COVXY(480),MAX(480),MEAN(480),MEANX(480),MEANY(480),
-FIN(480),MT,MX,MY,TITLE(8),STATUT(6),VAR(480),VARX(480),
-VARY(480),VX,VY,VXY,X,Y

C C INTEGER SCALAR -- INPUT.
C C STABILITY CLASS INDEX.

C C COVXY REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 480 -- CALCULATED.
C C THE SUM OF X*Y INDEXED BY TP/SC CATEGORY.

C C I INTEGER SCALAR -- INPUT.
C C HOUR OF DAY DESIGNATOR.

C C HOURS ALPHA ARRAY -- DATA
C C HOUR DESIGNATOR

C C HF INTEGER SCALAR -- CALCULATED
C C HOUR DESIGNATOR

C C HS ALPHA SCALAR -- CALCULATED
C C STANDARD TIME DESIGNATOR

C C INDEX INTEGER ARRAY -- DIMENSION 12 -- DATA.
C C USED TO DETERMINE THE TIME PERIOD CATEGORIES.
C C TIME PERIODS ARE ONE-HOUR CLOCK TIMES OVER SEASONS
C C COMPOSED OF MONTHS (11,12,1), (2,3,4), (5,6,7), AND
C C (8,9,10). MONTHS (5,6,7,8,9,10) ARE DAYLIGHT
C C SAVING TIME. INDEX(M) GIVES THE TIME PERIOD DESIGNATION
C C OF THE FIRST HOUR OF THE DAY FOR MONTH M.

C C I INTEGER SCALAR -- INPUT.
C C MONTH DESIGNATOR.

C C MAX REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 480 -- CALCULATED.

```

C THE MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE INDEXED BY TP/SC CATEGORY.
C
60 C PU INTEGER SCALAR -- CALCULATED
C MONTH DESIGNATOR
C
C MEAN REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 480 -- CALCULATED.
C THE SUM OF I INDEXED BY TP/SC CATEGORY.
65 C
C MEANX REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 480 -- CALCULATED.
C THE SUM OF X INDEXED BY TP/SC CATEGORY.
C
C MEANY REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 480 -- CALCULATED.
C THE SUM OF Y INDEXED BY TP/SC CATEGORY.
70 C
C PMIN REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 480 -- CALCULATED.
C THE MINIMUM TEMPERATURE INDEXED BY TP/SC CATEGORY.
C
75 C PUMIN ALPHA ARRAY -- DATA
C MONTH DESIGNATOR
C
C PMT REAL SCALAR -- CALCULATED.
C THE MEAN T.
C
C PMX REAL SCALAR -- CALCULATED.
C THE MEAN X.
C
C PMY REAL SCALAR -- CALCULATED.
C THE MEAN Y.
C
C PN INTEGER SCALAR -- CALCULATED.
C AN INDEXING VARIABLE.
C
90 C NUM INTEGER ARRAY -- DIMENSION 480 -- CALCULATED.
C NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS FOR TIME PERIOD TP AND CLASS C.
C
C ST REAL SCALAR -- CALCULATED.
C THE STANDARD DEVIATION OF TEMPERATURE.
C
95 C
C STATUT REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 6 -- CALCULATED.
C THE METEOROLOGICAL STATISTICS OUTPUT VECTOR.
C
C T INTEGER SCALAR -- INPUT.
C TEMPERATURE IN DEGREES FAHRENHEIT.
C
100 C
C TITLE REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 8 -- INPUT.
C ALPHABETIC DESCRIPTION OF METEOROLOGICAL DATA SET.
C
C TF INTEGER SCALAR -- CALCULATED.
C THE TIME PERIOD DESIGNATOR.
C
C VAR REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 480 -- CALCULATED.
C THE SUM OF T+2 INDEXED BY TP/SC CATEGORY.
C
105 C
C VAFX REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 480 -- CALCULATED.
C THE SUM OF X+2 INDEXED BY TP/SC CATEGORY.
C
C VARY REAL ARRAY -- DIMENSION 480 -- CALCULATED.

```


11: THE SUM OF Y**2 INDEXED BY TP/SC CATEGORY.

C V) REAL SCALAR -- CALCULATED.
C THE VAR(X).

C VY REAL SCALAR -- CALCULATED.
C THE VAR(Y).

C V) PLAL SCALAR -- CALCULATED.
C THE COV(X,Y)

C X REAL SCALAR -- INPUT.
C THE WIND SPEED IN X-DIRECTION IN METERS/SEC.

C Y REAL SCALAR -- INPUT.
C THE WIND SPEED IN Y-DIRECTION IN METERS/SEC.

C THE TIME PERIODS IN THIS PROGRAM ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C (NOTE 24:00 = 0:00)

C TP MONTHS TIME

C 1 11,12,1 0:00 TO 1:00 ST
C 24 11,12,1 23:00 TO 24:00 ST

C 25 2,3,4 0:00 TO 1:00 ST
C 48 2,3,4 23:00 TO 24:00 ST

C 49 5,6,7 0:00 TO 1:00 DST (23:00 TO 24:00 ST)
C 72 5,6,7 23:00 TO 24:00 DST (22:00 TO 23:00 ST)

C 73 8,9,10 0:00 TO 1:00 DST (23:00 TO 24:00 ST)
C 96 8,9,10 23:00 TO 24:00 DST (22:00 TO 23:00 ST)

C DATA COVXY,VAR,VARX,VAR,AVARY/1920*0.0/
C DATA INDEX/C,24,24,24,49,49,49,73,73,73,0,0/
C DATA MAX/4804-99.99/
C DATA MEAN,MEARX,MEANY/1440*0.0/
C DATA NUR/480*0.0/
C

C HOURS(1,1)=10H 0:00 TC
C HOURS(2,1)=4H1:00
C HOURS(1,2)=10H 1:00 TO
C HOURS(2,2)=4H2:00
C HOURS(1,3)=10H 2:00 TO
C HOURS(2,3)=4H3:00

```

175 HOURS(1,4)=10H 3:00 TO
    HOURS(2,4)=4H4:00
    HOURS(1,5)=10H 4:10 TO
    HOURS(2,5)=4H5:00
    HOURS(1,6)=10H 5:00 TO
    HOURS(2,6)=4H6:00
    HOURS(1,7)=10H 6:00 TO
    HOURS(2,7)=4H7:00
    HOURS(1,8)=10H 7:00 TO
    HOURS(2,8)=4H8:00
    HOURS(1,9)=10H 8:00 TO
    HOURS(2,9)=4H9:00
    HOURS(1,10)=10H 9:00 TO 1
    HOURS(2,10)=4H10:00
    HOURS(1,11)=10H10:00 TO 1
    HOURS(2,11)=4H11:00
    HOURS(1,12)=10H11:00 TO 1
    HOURS(2,12)=4H12:00
    HOURS(1,13)=10H12:00 TO 1
    HOURS(2,13)=4H3:00
    HOURS(1,14)=10H13:00 TO 1
    HOURS(2,14)=4H4:00
    HOURS(1,15)=10H14:00 TO 1
    HOURS(2,15)=4H5:00
    HOURS(1,16)=10H15:00 TO 1
    HOURS(2,16)=4H6:00
    HOURS(1,17)=10H16:00 TO 1
    HOURS(2,17)=4H7:00
    HOURS(1,18)=10H17:00 TO 1
    HOURS(2,18)=4H8:00
    HOURS(1,19)=10H18:00 TO 1
    HOURS(2,19)=4H9:00
    HOURS(1,20)=10H19:00 TO 2
    HOURS(2,20)=4H10:00
    HOURS(1,21)=10H20:00 TO 2
    HOURS(2,21)=4H11:00
    HOURS(1,22)=10H21:00 TO 2
    HOURS(2,22)=4H12:00
    HOURS(1,23)=10H22:00 TO 2
    HOURS(2,23)=4H3:00
    HOURS(1,24)=10H23:00 TO 2
    HOURS(2,24)=4H4:00
    FCNTH(1)=6H11 TO 1
    FCNTH(2)=6H 2 TO 4
    FCNTH(3)=6H 5 TO 7
    FCNTH(4)=6H 6 TO 10

```

```

220 5004 FCPRAT(140,4X,12,9X,AF,7X,A10,A6,2X,A3,6X,11,10X,14,5X,4(3X,F6,2,
    4X))
    6005 FCPRAT(141,55X,11,10X,14,5X,4(3X,F6,2,4X))
    6006 FCPRAT(141,11,4A871G,4A8749X,DATA GROUP STATISTICS,74X,PTIME,
    4,4X,SIAB,FX,DATA,FX,MEAN,FX,STD.DEV,4,7X,MIN,10X,MAX,7
    4X,FLC100,FX,PDH15,15X,HOURS,13X,CLASS,7X,POINTS,6X,
    4,TEMP,4,8X,TEMP,9X,TEMP,9X,TEMP,7)
    6007 FCPRAT(212X,12),8X,2F6,2,1,9,1X,11)

```



```

I=NUM(N)
STAT0(1)=I
IF(CI.EQ.0) GO TO 902
PI=MEAN(N)/I
PX=MEANX(N)/I
PY=MEANY(N)/I
IF(CI.EQ.1) I=2
SI=SQRT(AMAX(I*(VAR(N)/(I-MI*MI)/(I-1)),1.0E-4))
VX=AMAX(I*(VAR(N)/(I-MX*MX)/(I-1)),1.0E-2)
VY=AMAX(I*(VAR(N)/(I-MY*MY)/(I-1)),1.0E-2)
VXVY=I*(CVX(N)/(I-MX*MX)/(I-1)
I*(CVY(N)/(I-MY*MY)/(I-1))
I*(VX*VY).LE.VAY*VXY) VAY=SQRT(VX*VY)-1.0E-2
STAT0(2)=MX
STAT0(3)=MY
STAT0(4)=VX
STAT0(5)=VY
TP=(N-1)/5+1
CN=(TP-1)*5
PD=(TP-1)/24+1
HP=TP-(TP-1)/24+24
IF(TP.GE.49) HS=3HDS1
IF(TP.GE.100) TPS1 GO TO 300
TPS=TP
WRITE(C,6004) TP,MONTH(MD),HOURS(1,HR),HOURS(2,HR),HS,C,I,MT,ST,
+PIR(N),MAX(N)
GO TO 902
300 WRITE(C,6005) C,I,MT,ST,PIR(N),MAX(N)
902 WRITE(4) STAT0
910 CONTINUE
STOP
END

```

41008 CP STORAGE USED 1.453 SECONDS