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SOAC: STATE-OF-THE-ART CAR ENGINEERING  
TESTS AT DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
HIGH SPEED GROUND TEST CENTER. FINAL  
TEST REPORT. VOLUME IV. NOISE TESTS

Boeing Vertol Company

Prepared for:

Urban Mass Transportation Administration  
Transportation Systems Center

January 1975

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## PREFACE

This test report, presenting the results of engineering tests on the State-of-the-Art Cars (SOAC), derives from the efforts of two agencies of the U.S. Department of Transportation: the Rail Programs Branch of the Urban Mass Transportation Administration's Office of Research and Development and the Transportation Systems Center.

The report is presented in six volumes. Volume I is a description of the program and a summary of the test results. Volumes II through V are organized to technical disciplines, as follows: Volume II, Performance; Volume III, Ride Quality; this volume, Volume IV, Noise; and Volume V, Structures, Voltage, and Radio Frequency Interference. Volume VI contains a description of the SOAC Instrumentation System used for Performance, Ride Quality and Structural testing.

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1. Report No. UMTA-MA-06-0025-75-4	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
4. Title and Subtitle SOAC - STATE-OF-THE-ART CAR ENGINEERING TESTS AT DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGH SPEED GROUND TEST CENTER FINAL TEST REPORT, VOLUME IV - NOISE TESTS		5. Report Date January 1975	
		6. Performing Organization Code	
7. Author(s)		8. Performing Organization Report No. DOT-TSC-UMTA-74-16-IV	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Boeing Vertol Company* Philadelphia, PA 19142		10. Work Unit No. / TR AIS, MA-06-0025	
		11. Contract or Grant No.	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transportation Urban Mass Transportation Administration Office of Research and Development Washington, DC 20590		13. Type of Report and Period Covered Final Report (April to July 1973)	
		14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
15. Supplementary Notes *Under Contract to: U.S. Department of Transportation Transportation Systems Center Cambridge, MA 02142			
16. Abstract This six-volume report presents the technical methodology, data samples, and results of tests conducted on the SOAC on the Rail Transit Test Track at the High Speed Ground Test Center in Pueblo, Colorado during the period April to July 1973. The UMTA-sponsored Urban Rail Supporting Technology Program, for which TSC is Systems Manager, emphasizes three major development task areas: facilities, technology and test program. Test program development comprises three sub-areas: vehicle testing, ways and structures testing and track geometry measurement. The objective of the SOAC program is to demonstrate the current state-of-the-art in rail rapid transit vehicle technology, with passenger convenience and operating efficiency as primary goals. The objectives of the Engineering Test program are to provide a set of SOAC engineering data and to further develop the methodology for providing transit vehicle comparisons. These objectives were met with the presentation of the test results in this report and the incorporation of refinement to the testing methodology into the General Vehicle Test Plan, GSP-064. In this series, Vol. I contains a description of the SOAC test program and vehicle, and a summary of the test results; Vol. II, Performance Test data; Vol. III, Ride Quality Test data; Vol. IV, Noise Test data; Vol. V, Structural, Voltage, and Radio Frequency Interference Test data; and Vol. VI a description of the Instrumentation System used for performance, ride quality and structural testing.			
17. Key Words Rail Transit Vehicle Testing		18. Distribution Statement Document is available to the public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22151	
19. Security Classif. (of this report) Unclassified	20. Security Classif. (of this page) Unclassified	21. No. of Pages 125	22. Price \$ 5.25

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## Section 1

### INTERIOR NOISE

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

##### Test Sequence

Table 1-1 is a log of Interior Noise Test Run Numbers and basic test configuration.

TABLE 1-1. INTERIOR NOISE SURVEY TEST RUN LOG

SOAC Car No.	Weight (lb)	Test Run Log Numbers	
		Steel Wheels	Resilient Wheels
1	90,000	87, 89, 111	134
2	90,000	88, 108, 109	136
1	105,000	112	135
Train	90,000	92	137

##### Test Procedures

Detailed test procedures are as contained in SOAC ENGINEERING TEST PROGRAM TEST PROCEDURES (Reference 1\*).

##### Objective

The objective of the noise testing was to measure the interior noise levels in the SOAC cars operating at the HSGTC under various conditions by sampling car locations representative of patrons and operating crew and probing possible sources. These data are then used to describe the acoustical characteristics of the SOAC vehicles, as well as for comparison with subsequent noise tests performed at the demonstration properties. A secondary objective is to develop and verify procedures for performing such tests.

\*Reference 1. SOAC ENGINEERING PROGRAM TEST PROCEDURES, D174-10023-1, Boeing Vertol Company, Philadelphia, Pa., July 1973.

## Status

Interior noise was surveyed for single SOAC cars and two-car trains at car weights of 90,000 and 105,000 pounds. The base-line measurements were for cars equipped with steel wheels; selected data points were repeated with Acouta Flex wheels. Test procedures were developed and verified.

## 1.2 TEST DESCRIPTION

A portable microphone/recorder data system was used to survey a large number of locations throughout the car. The types of surveys performed were as follows:

- a. Equipment noise
- b. Speed effect
- c. Repeat runs
- d. Track construction effect
- e. Interior survey
- f. Weight effect
- g. Absorption test
- h. Power condition effect
- i. Resilient wheels

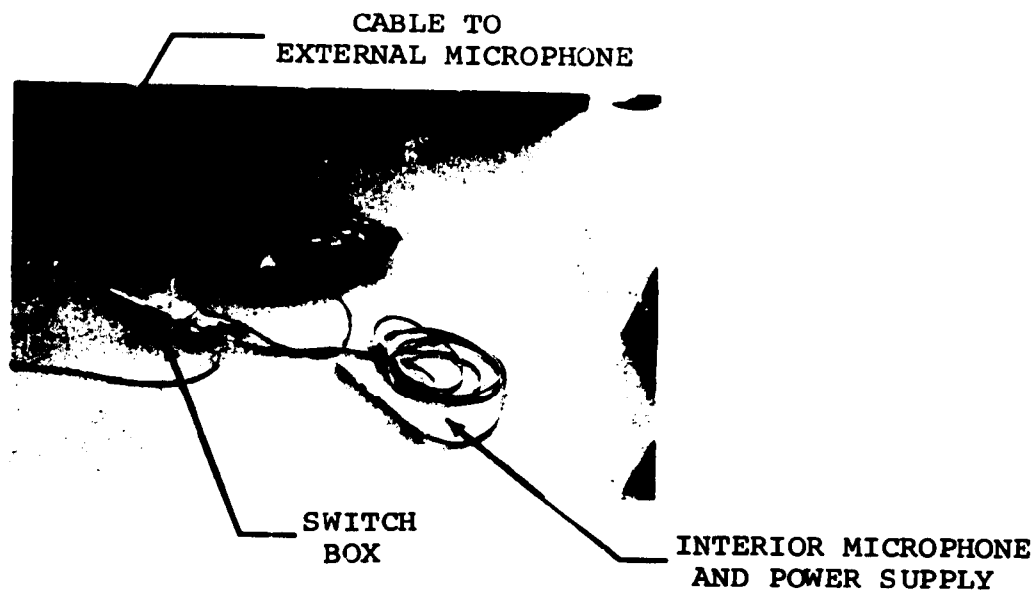
Sound measurements were made in a manner which allowed a complete time history of each measured sound signal to be retained on magnetic tape. Subsequent data reduction included standard "A" weighted noise levels, 1/3-octave band analysis, and narrow band spectrum analysis for selected data points (Figures 1-1 and 1-2).

## 1.3 INSTRUMENTATION

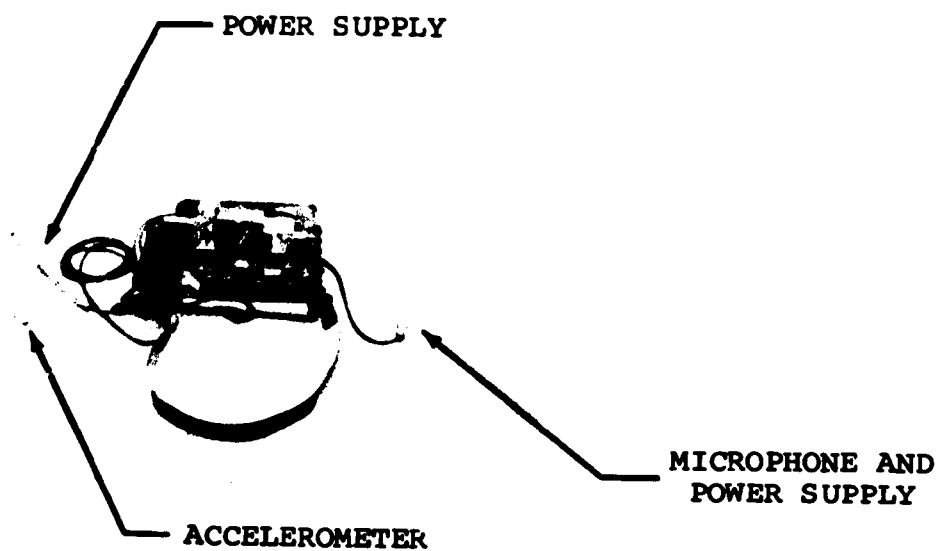
### 1.3.1 Field Measurement Equipment

The instrumentation used for measurement of noise levels consisted of a 1-inch condenser microphone with battery operated cathode-follower and a 1/4-inch, single-channel tape recorder. Table 1-2 lists the specific items of equipment by manufacturer, model and serial number. For interior measurements, the tape recorder/microphone pair was operated as a portable unit. An accelerometer was used for structure-borne noise measurements. The recorder was operated at a tape speed of 7-1/2 ips to achieve a good frequency response characteristic. A gain/attenuation system consisting of 10 dB incremental steps was incorporated into the recorder to maintain accuracy of the system (Figure 1-3).

INTERIOR/EXTERIOR NOISE RECORDING EQUIPMENT

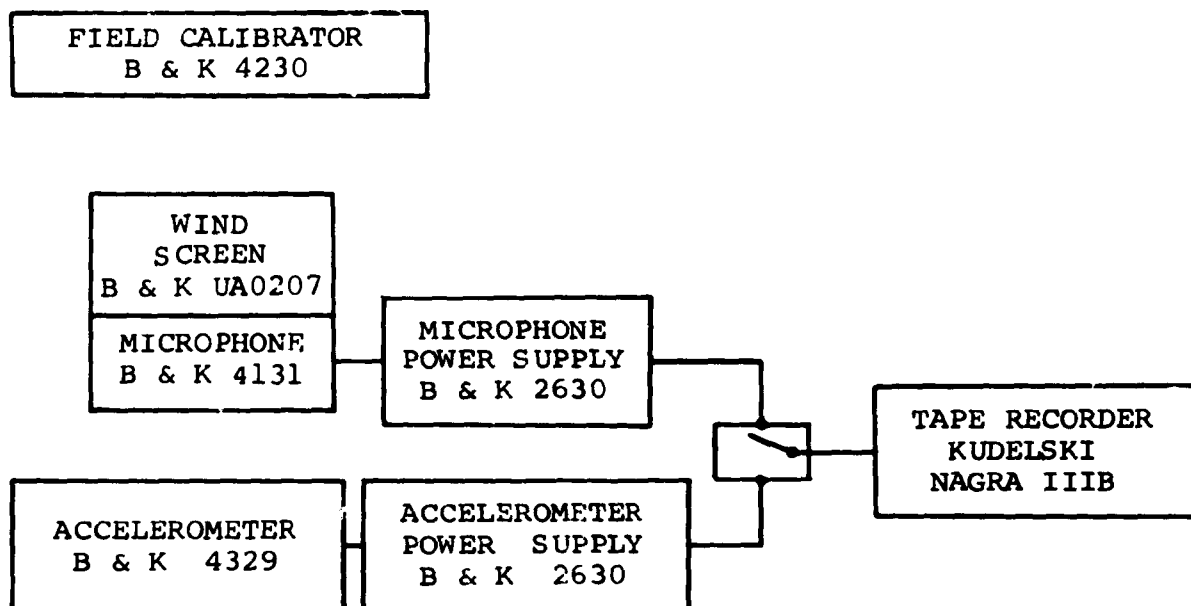


STRUCTURE-BORNE NOISE RECORDING EQUIPMENT

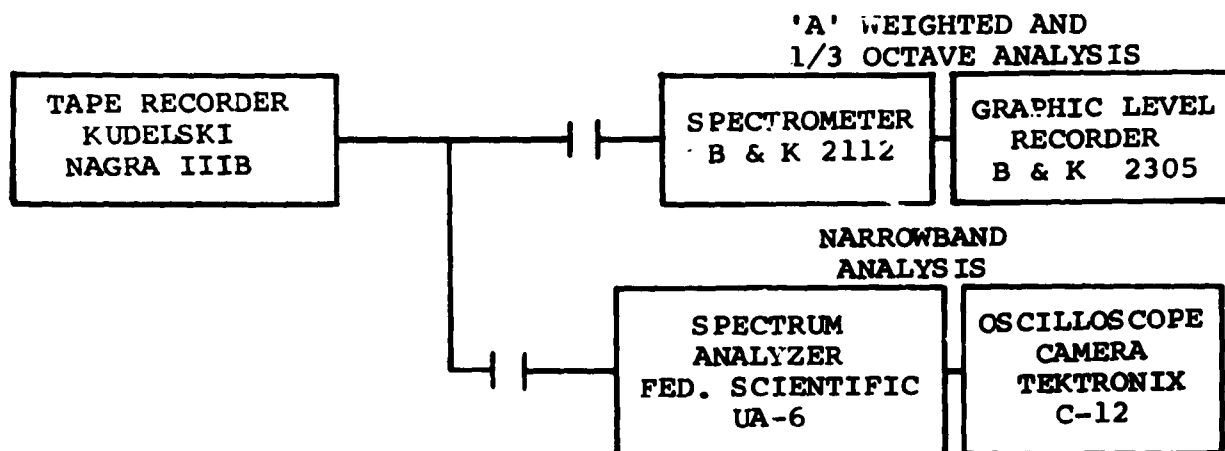


*Figure 1-1. Instrumentation for Interior Noise Measurement*

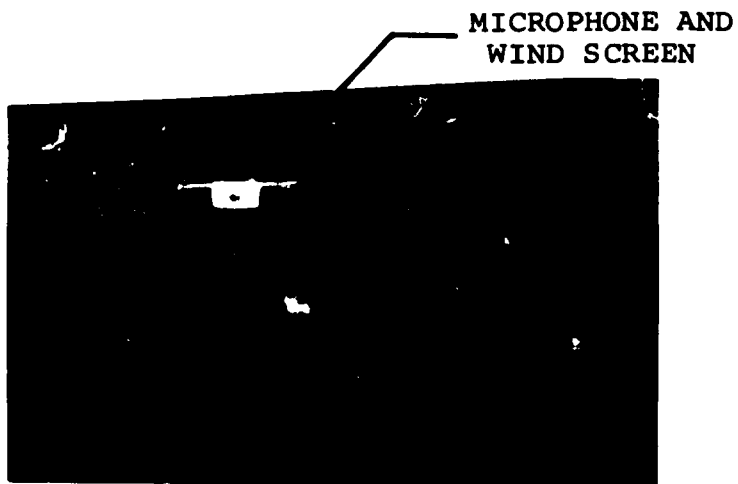
### DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM



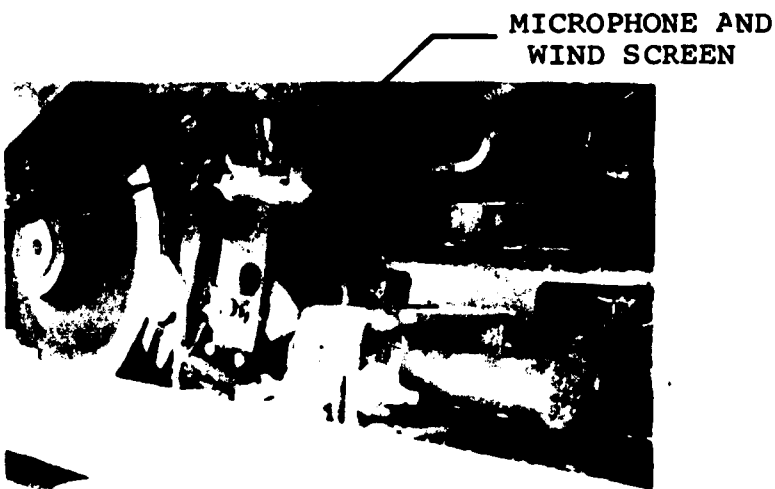
### DATA REDUCTION SYSTEM



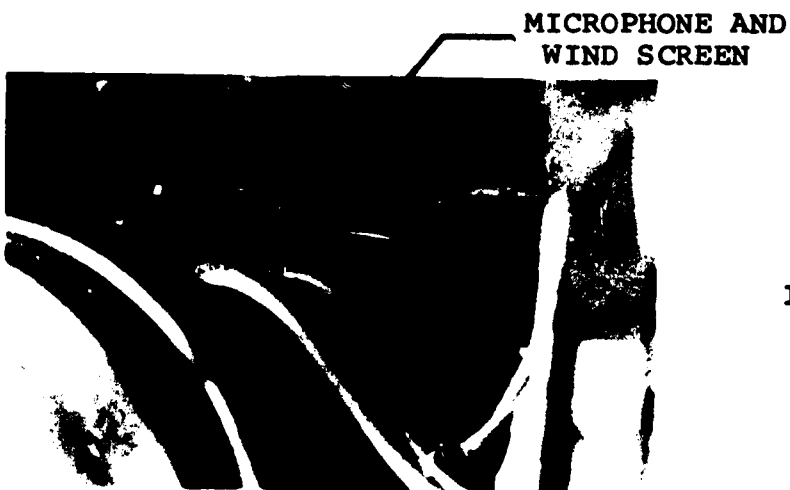
*Figure 1-2. Block Diagrams for Noise Measurement Data Acquisition and Reduction Systems*



SIDEWALL  
EXTERIOR  
INSTALLATION  
(LOC 102)



TRUCK SAFETY  
STRAP  
INSTALLATION



WHEEL-AXLE  
INSTALLATION  
(LOC 103)

*Figure 1-3. On-Car Microphone Installations*



TABLE 1-2. ON-CAR NOISE MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION

Item	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.
1. Tape Recorder	Kudelski	NAGRA III	PHO 67-10290
2. Tape Recorder	Kudelski	NAGRA III	PHC 67-10441
3. Microphone, 1-inch	B&K	4131	73624
4. Power Supply	B&K	2630	168943
5. Microphone	B&K	4131	205686
6. Power Supply	B&K	2630	87607
7. Calibrator	B&K	4230	396443
8. Accelerometer	B&K	4329	86112

### 1.3.2 Calibration

The recorder was calibrated prior to testing using a swept-frequency sinusoidal insert voltage over the range 20 Hz to 20 kHz at a level of 100 mv. The input signal was applied at the cathode follower and recorded on magnetic tape and played back on the same recorder to produce the frequency response curve shown in Figure 1-4. Microphone response, does not change system accuracy over the frequency range of 2 to 15 kHz.

During the test period, a known signal (94 dB at 1000 Hz) was recorded on each tape to establish system sensitivity and establish a reference level.

### 1.3.3 System Accuracy

- a. The frequency response of each microphone to a sinusoidal wave of constant amplitude lies within the limits of 10 Hz to 14 kHz linear,  $\pm 1$  dB for sound pressure levels in the range from 50 to 120 dB.
- b. Each complete assembly of noise measurement and recording equipment (including cables) had an electrical frequency response linearity of within  $\pm 2$  dB from 50 Hz to 10 kHz for a range of signal voltage levels corresponding to input sound levels of 50 dB to 120 dB at the microphone sensor.
- c. The total harmonic distortion of the sound sensing microphone equipment did not exceed 1 percent over the measurement dynamic range.
- d. The total harmonic distortion of the assembled noise measurement and recording equipment did not exceed 4 percent over the measurement dynamic range.



#### 1.4 TEST PROCEDURES

Tests were conducted under ambient conditions during which winds of 10 to 15 mph occurred. Temperatures were between 55 to 75°F, and a clear and dry atmosphere existed. For interior measurements, no distinction was made between the directions of car operation after a preliminary investigation revealed there was no change in noise level for dBA weighting. Data obtained when nearby objects were passed (e.g., the locomotive and diesel generators used for the power source, or special trackwork such as turnouts) were not reported. The microphone was positioned so that it was not shielded from the source by the person taking the data or any other person or object. The car was occupied by only those persons required for the test, generally less than four. For the baseline survey the microphone was positioned at the height of a seated passenger. Other heights were surveyed at specific locations within the car.

Measurement positions for the interior noise survey are shown in Figure 1-5. Detailed testing procedures employed are as follows:

##### Pre-test

- a. Ballast car to required weight (AW \_\_\_\_).
- b. Set-up, calibrate instruments.
- c. Proceed to test zone.

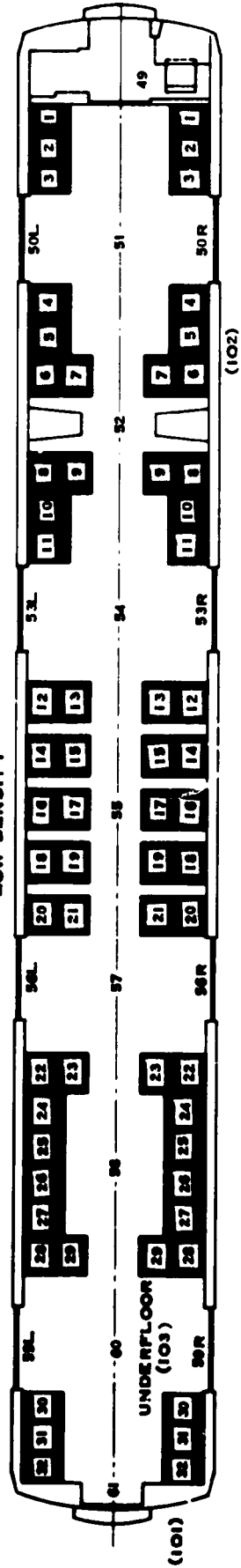
##### 1.4.1 Equipment Noise Survey, Interior

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine interior noise level effects of cycling various items of car equipment.

- a. Position one SOAC car on the transit loop near station location 170, with all equipment turned off.
- b. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures.
- c. Position the microphone at ear level at car location 49 (see Figure 1-5).
- d. Start the recorder, identify the test point and record gain level by voice.
- e. Record approximately 15 seconds of noise data for this record.
- f. Stop recorder and enter recorder number on a log sheet.

**No. 1 CAR-SEATING PLAN**

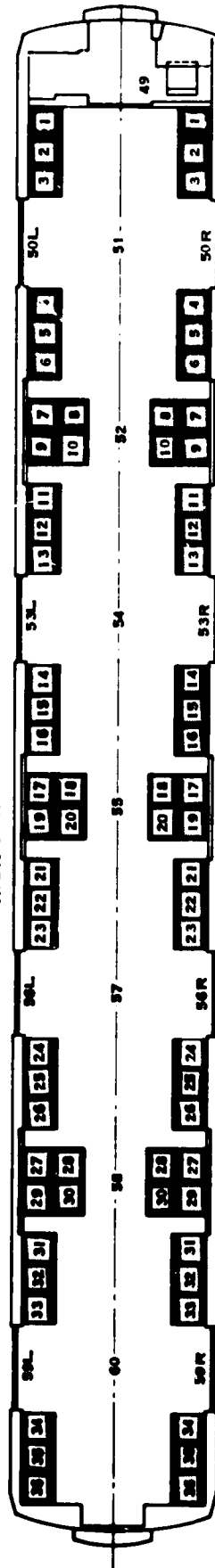
LOW DENSITY



1-9

**No. 2 CAR-SEATING PLAN**

HIGH DENSITY



*Figure 1-5. Interior Noise Measurement Positions*

- g. Repeat steps c through f for the three remaining car locations: 51, 55 and 60.
- h. Turn on car lighting system and repeat steps c through g.
- i. Turn on air conditioning system and repeat steps c through g.
- j. Cycle doors open and closed while recording data, repeating steps c through g.
- k. With doors open, and while recording data, vent the brakeline, repeating steps c through g.

#### 1.4.2 Effect of Track Section

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the effect of track sections on interior noise.

- a. Operate the car around the transit loop at 50 mph. The car will be at 90,000 pounds or the empty weight; the air conditioning system will be on.
- b. The car operator will announce the entrance into and departure from all track sections.
- c. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures.
- d. For each of the track sections and required car location, identify the test point and record gain level on the recorder by voice. Obtain a continuous record of noise around the test loop and enter record number on a log sheet. The microphone should be positioned at ear level of a seated passenger for these test points.

#### 1.4.3 Speed Effect

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the effect of speed on interior noise. This sequence will be performed on each of the SOAC cars at two different weights (90,000 and 105,000 pounds).

- a. Operate the SOAC car through track Section I at a steady speed. The air conditioning system will be on.
- b. The car operator will announce the entering and leaving of this section.

- c. For each speed and car location required, identify the test point and record gain level on the recorder by voice. Obtain 15 seconds of data, and enter the record number on a log sheet. The microphone should be positioned at the ear level of a seated passenger for these test points.

#### 1.4.4 Survey of Interior Noise

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the noise levels throughout the car by a detail survey of passenger locations. This sequence will be performed on each of the SOAC cars, at the light weight (90,000 pounds) only.

- a. Operate the SOAC through Track Section I at the required speed. The air conditioning system will be on.
- b. The car operator will announce the entering and leaving of Track Section I.
- c. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures.
- d. For each speed and car location required, identify the test point and record amplifier gain level on the recorder by voice, obtain 15 seconds of data, and enter the record number and record gain level on a log sheet. The microphone should be positioned at the car level of a seated passenger for these test points.

#### 1.4.5 Structure Borne Noise

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the distribution of the noise of the car body structure. This sequence will be performed on Car No. 2 at one car weight (90,000 pounds).

- a. Operate the SOAC car through Track Section I at required speeds. The air conditioning system will be on.
- b. The car operator will announce the entering and leaving of this track section.
- c. Set up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures.
- d. For each speed and car location required, identify the test point and record gain level on the recorder by voice, obtain 15 seconds of accelerometer data, and enter the record number in a log sheet. The accelerometer should be positioned on double-backed pressure-sensitive tape.

#### 1.4.6 Coasting Car Noise Levels

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the contribution of wheel/rail noise to the interior acoustic environment of the car. This sequence will be performed on Car No. 1 at one car weight (90,000 pounds).

- a. Operate the SOAC car through Track Section IV at the required speed, in a coasting mode. All car systems not required for car operation will be off.
- b. The car operator will announce the entering and leaving of this track section.
- c. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures.
- d. For each speed and car location required, identify the test point and record gain level on the recorder by voice, obtain a minimum of 15 seconds of data, and enter the record number and record gain level in a log sheet.

#### 1.4.7 Absorption Test

The purpose of this sequence is to determine the acoustic absorption in the interiors of both SOAC cars (in an empty configuration). Devices which produce impulse type sounds (similar to the sound of exploding balloons, for example) will be used for this test.

- a. Position the car in an area which has a low ambient noise level.
- b. Explode at least three balloons at each required location, identify the test point, record gain level on the recorder, and enter on a log sheet. The microphone should be approximately three feet from the balloon for each record, and should be midway between floor and ceiling.

#### 1.4.8 Resilient Wheels - Interior Noise Survey

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the effect of resilient wheels on the interior noise of the SOAC car. This sequence will be performed on each of the SOAC cars at 90,000 and 105,000 pounds. The car configuration for the resilient wheel tests will be identical with that for the noise survey with the steel wheels.

- a. Operate the SOAC car through each track section and speed as required. The air conditioning system will be on.

- b. For the data taken at steady speed around the test loop, the car operator will announce the entering and leaving of this track section.
- c. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures.
- d. For each speed and car location required, identify the test point and record gain level on the recorder by voice, obtain at least 15 seconds of data, and enter the record number in a log sheet. The microphone should be positioned at the ear level of a seated passenger for these test points.

### 1.5 DATA

The basic analysis of all data recorded during the program consists of a frequency analysis using an "A" weighting network and is presented in Table 1-3. Selected data points have also been analyzed using 1/3-octave band filters (preferred frequencies) and these are presented in Figures 1-6 through 1-29. All data reported has been converted to sound pressure levels referenced to  $2.0 \times 10^{-5}$  N/M<sup>2</sup>. Analysis of the structure borne noise has been made using "A" weighting and the levels reported are in dBA relative to 1g rms.

Where narrow band components required identification, data was analyzed with a digital analyzer (Federal Scientific UA-6 Spectrum Analyzer). Data from this analysis is presented in the form of oscilloscope photographs in Figures 1-30 through 1-41.

During the testing all systems were operating. Some equipment normally cycles as part of its operating mode, such as the brake air compressor and the air conditioner compressor. When these systems cycled to their 'off' mode, a small variation in interior noise level occurred. No correction has been applied to the data to account for this.



TABLE 1-3. ON-CAR NOISE DATA

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	FIGURE NUMBER			
1	Effect of Track Constr.	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	50	55	13-B-1,2	35	68	1-32			
				II	50	55		41	69				
				III	50	55		40	69.5				
				IV	50	55		38	68.5				
				V	50	55		37	67.5				
				VI	50	55		36	68				
		105,000	Trued	I	50	55	13-B-9	317	67				
				II	50	55		318	67				
				III	50	55		319	67				
				Resilient	I	50		55	13-B-18		567	65	
					II	50		55			566	65	
					III	50		55			565	65	
IV	50	55	564		65								
V	50	55	563		62.5								
VI	50	55	562		64.5								
105,000	Resilient	I	50	55	13-B-20	618	61.5						
		II	50	55		617	62						
		III	50	55		616	62						
		IV	50	55		615	63.5						
		V	50	55		614	63						
		VI	50	55		613	62.5						
105,000	Resilient	I	50	55	13-B-21	638	62.5						
		II	50	55		639	64						
		III	50	55		640	64.5						
		IV	50	55		641	64						
		V	50	55		642	64.5						
		VI	50	55		643	64						
2	Effect of Track Constr.	105,000											

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	FIGURE NUMBER
1	Equip. Noise, All Systems Off	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-1	2 3 4 5	41.5 41.5 42 41.5	1-6, 1-30
	M/A Set Only	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-1	7 8 9 10	44.5 46.5 57 48.5	1-7, 1-30
	M/A Set and Lighting System	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-1	11 12 13 14	46 47 58 51	1-8, 1-30
	M/A Set and Traction Motor Blowers	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-1	15 16 17 18	51 56 60 64.5	1-9, 1-30
	M/A Set and Brake Air Comp.	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60 60R	13-B-1	19 20 21 22 23	46.5 48.5 59 56.5 57	1-10, 1-30
	M/A Set, Air Comp. Blowers & A/C Comp.	90,000	Steel Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-1	24 25 26 27	63 63 63 64.5	1-26, 1-31

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	FIGURE NUMBER OR NOTES
1	All Systems On	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-1	31	63	1-31
								32	63.5	
								33	64.5	
								34	67	
2	Door Cycle	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	51 55 60	13-B-1	28	66/65	Open/Close
								29	66/62	
	All Systems Off	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-3	94	47	
								95	46	
								96	46	
								97	46.5	
	M/A Set Only	90,000	Steel Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60 60R	13-B-3	98	48	
								99	54.5	
								100	56.5	
								101	52.5	
	M/A Set and Lighting System	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B3	102	53	
								103	49.5	
								104	54	
								105	57	
	M/A Set and Brake Air Comp.	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-3	106	53	
								107	52	
								108	54.5	
								109	57.5	
								110	55.5	

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	FIGURE NUMBER CR. NOTES
2	M/A Set and Traction Motor Blowers	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-3	111 112 113 114	52.5 59 63.5 65.5	
	M/A Set and Air Conditioner Blowers (A/C Comp. Not Operative)	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-3	115 116 117 118	64 64.5 64 64	
	All Systems On	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-3	119 120 121 122	63.5 65 66 66.5	
	Air Comfort Diffuser Survey 6" Below Ceiling	6" to Left of L/H Diffuser Directly Below L/H Diffuser 6" to Right of L/H Diffuser Below Car Centerline Directly Below R/H Diffuser				52	13-B-3	124 125 123 126 127	73 73 73 69 68	
1	Door Cycle	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	51 53	13-B-3	188 189	74/69 73/70	Open/Close
	Effect of Car Velocity	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-1	31 32 33 34	63 63.5 64.5 67	All Sys. On

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	FIGURE NUMBER
1	Effect of Car Velocity	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	25	49	13-B-2	43	66.5	1-27, 1-33
						51		44	68	
						55		45	66.5	
						60		47	70	
					35	49	13-B-2	48	71.5	1-28, 1-33
						51		49	72.5	
						55		50	68	
						60		51	72	
					50	49	13-B-2	52	74	1-11, 1-33
						51		53	76	
						55		54	71	
						60		55	75	
					70	49	13-B-6	237	82	
2	Effect of Car Velocity	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	80	51	13-B-2	89	83.5	1-12, 1-33
						55		90	78.5	
						60		91	80	
						49	13-B-3	119	63.5	
					0	51		120	65	1-29
						55		121	66	
						60		122	66.5	

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	FIGURE NUMBER
2	Effect of Car Velocity	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	25	49	13-B-4	129	67	1-13, 1-34
						51		130	67.5	
						55		131	65.5	
						60		132	68	
					35	49	13-B-4	137	68	1-14, 1-34
						51		136	68.5	
						55		135	67	
						60		133	70	
					50	49	13-B-4	138	69.5	1-15, 1-34
						51		141	71	
						55		151	68	
						60		170	73.5	
					70	49	13-B-4	122?	70	1-34
						51		173	71.5	
						55		174	69	
						60		175?	74	
					80	49	13-B-5	190	73.5	
						51		191	74.5	
						55		192	73	
						60		193	78	
	Acceleration/ Deceleration	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0-50-0	55	13-B-5	187	64-69-64	
						55		186	64-72-64	

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	FIGURE NUMBER OR NOTES
1	Effect of Car Velocity	90,000	Steel- Trued	II	25	49	13-B-9	324	67	Blowers On
						51		325	69.5	
						55		326	66.5	
						60		327	74.5	
				I	25	49	13-B-10	333	56	Blowers Off
						51		334	57	
						55		335	58.5	
						60		336	59	
					35	49	13-B-10	337	59	
						57		338	59.5	
						55		339	59	
						60		340	61	
	Effect of Car Velocity	105,000	Steel- Trued	I	25	49	13-B-10	341	63	1-35
						51		342	62.5	
						55		345	61.5	
					35	49	13-B-10	449	64.5	
						51		450	64	
						55		451	63.5	
						60		452	65	
						49	13-B-10	453	65	
						51		454	65.5	
						55		455	65	
						55		457	64.5	
						60		456	66.5	

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	CAB DOOR POSITION	FIGURE NUMBER OR DEF. BLWR.
1	Effect of Car Velocity	105,000	Steel- Trued	I	50	49	13-B-10	458	68.5		1-35
						51		459	69		
					70	55		460	66		
						60		462	67.5		
2	Effect of Car Velocity	105,000	Steel- Trued	I	25	49	13-B-15	486	54.5	Closed	Off
						49		487	65.5		
						51		488	65		
						55		489	65		
					35	60		490	66.5	Open	On
						49		491	55		
						49		492	66.5		
						51		493	64.5		
					50	55		494	67	Closed	On
						60		495	68.5		
						49		501	67.5		
						49		499	68	Open	On
						51		498	66		
						55		497	66		
						60		496	66		
					50	55	13-B-15	524	64	Closed	On



TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	CAB DOOR POS-I- TION	FIGURE NUMBER / DEF. BLWR.
2	Effect of Car Velocity	105,000	Steel- Trued	I	70	49 49 49 51 55 60	13-B-15	528 529 530 531 532 533	64 67 70 69.5 69.5 70	Closed Closed Open Closed Closed Closed	Off On On On On On
1	Effect of Car Velocity	90,000	Resil- ient	I	0	49 51 55 60	13-B-18	558 559 560 561	65 64 63 65		1-36
						49 51 55 60	13-B-18	562 563 564 565	65 65 65 68		1-36
						49 51 55 60	13-B-18	575 574 573 572	67 67 66 68		1-36
					35	49 51 55 60	13-B-18	576 577 578 579	69 67 66 68		1-36
						49 51 55 60	13-B-18	584 583 582 581	70 70 68 65		1-36
						49 51 55 60	13-B-18				
					50	49 51 55 60	13-B-18				
						49 51 55 60	13-B-18				
						49 51 55 60	13-B-18				
					70	49 51 55 60	13-B-18				
						49 51 55 60	13-B-18				
						49 51 55 60	13-B-18				

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)
1	Effect of Car Velocity	105,000	Resil- ient	I	0	49	13-B-20	612	64
						51		611	62
						55		610	62.5
						60		609	63
2	Effect of Car Velocity	90,000	Resil- ient	I	0	49	13-B-20	621	64.5
						51		620	63.5
						55		618	61.5
						60		619	62.5
					25	49	13-B-21	637	62
						51		636	62
						55		635	61
						60		634	69
					35	49	13-B-21	648	63
						51		649	62.5
						55		650	61.5
						60		651	69
					50	49	13-B-21	655	64
						51		654	63
						55		653	61.5
						60		652	69
					70	49	13-B-21	644	66.5
						51		645	66.5
						55		646	64
						60		647	69
						49	13-B-21	657	69
						51		658	72
						55		657	67.5
						60		656	71

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	NOTES
1	Detail Car Survey	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	50	49	13-B-2	52	74	
						51		53	76	
						55		54	71	
						60		55	75	
						2-L		56	69.5	
						50		57	73.5	
						52		58	70	
						52		59	69.5	
						10-L		60	69	
						53		61	72.5	
						54		62	72	
						12-L		63	69	
						16-L		64	70	
						17-L		65	70	
						17-R		66	69	
						16-R		67	69	
						20-R		68	70.5	
						56-L		69	73	Roof
						56-L		70	72.5	Mid
						56-L		71	74	Floor
						57		72	74	Roof
						57		73	72.5	Mid
						57		75	74	Floor
						56-R		76	73	Roof
						56-R		77	72	Mid
						56-R		78	72	Floor
						22-L		80	69	
						25/26-L		81	70	
						58		82	70	
						28-L		83	70	
						31-L		84	74	
						59-L		84	74	
						61		86	76	
						61		87	76	1 Ft. from Return Air Inlet

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	NOTES
2	Detail Car Survey	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	50	49	13-B-4	138	69.5	Roof Mid Floor Roof Mid Floor Roof Mid Floor
						2-L		139	71	
						50		140	71	
						51		141	71	
						5-L		142	68	
						52		143	68.5	
						10-L		144	68	
						53		145	68.5	
						54		146	68.5	
						12-L		147	68	
						15-L		148	66.5	
						17-L		149	67.5	
						18-L		150	66.5	
						55		151	68	
						18-R		152	67	
						17-R		153	68	
						56-L		154	69.5	
						56-L		155	69.5	
						56-L		156	70.5	
						57		157	72	
						57		158	71.5	
						57		159	71	
						56-R		160	71.5	
						56-R		161	71	
						56-R		162	71	
						22-L		163	69	
						25-L		164	70	
						58		165	70.5	
						28-L		166	69.5	
						51-L		167	70.5	
						59		168	72	
						59-R		169	73	
						60		170	73.5	
						61		171	72	

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOCAL- TION	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	NOTES
1	Detail Car Survey	90,000	Steel- Trued	I	50	49	13-B-10	341	63	Floor
						51		342	62.5	Mid
						52-R		343	62.5	Window
						54-R		344	62.5	Roof
						55		345	61.5	Roof
						56-R		346	63	Roof
						25/26-R		347	64.5	Roof
						59-R		348	65	Roof
						61		349	67	Roof
						16-R		350	62.5	Roof
						16-R		351	60	Roof
						16-R		352	62	Roof
						16-R		353	62.5	Roof
						16/17-R		354	62	Roof
						17-R		355	63	Roof
						55		356	62.5	Roof
						17-L		357	63.5	Roof
						16/17-L		358	61	Roof
						16-L		359	62.5	Roof
						16-L		360	61	Window
						16-L		361	60.5	Mid
						16-L		362	62	Floor
						55		363	62.5	Floor
						50-R		364	63	
						5/4-R		365	62	Mid
						9-R		367	63.5	
						11/10-R		368	64	
						17-R		374	65	
						56-R		375	66	
						22/23-R		376	66.5	
						25/26-R		377	66	
						59-R		378	67	

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	NOTES
1	Detail Car Survey	90,000	Steel- Trued	I	50	31-R 16-L 17-L 17-R 16-R	13-B-10	379 380 381 382 383	69.5 67.5 67.5 67.5 67	
1	Detail Car Survey	105,000	Steel- Trued	I	50	49 51 55 55 60 31-R 59-R 28/29-R 25/26-R 22/23-R 56-R 20-R 18/19-R 16/17-R 14/15-R 12/13-R 53-R 10/11-R 8/9-R 6/7-R 4/5-R 50-R	13-B-14	458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479	68.5 69 66 65.5 67.5 68 69.5 67.5 67 67 66.5 66 66 66.5 65.5 66 67 67.5 67 66.5 66.5 67 67	Reverse Dir.

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (JBA)	NOTES
2	Detail Car Survey	105,000	Steel- Trued	I	50	50-R	13-B-14	503	63	Motor Blower Cover Banging
						5-R		504	64.5	
						7/8-R		505	63.5	
						12-R		506	66	
						53-R		507	64	
						15-R		508	67.5	
						17/18-R		509	63	
						22-R		510	62.5	
						23-R		511	65	
						56-R		512	71.5	
						25-R		513	70.5	
						27/28-R		514	67.5	
						32-R		515	67	
						59-R		516	63	
						35-R		517	65-5	
						19-L		518	67	
						20-L		519	67	
						55		520	63	
						20-R		521	68.5	
						19-R		522	69	
						55		523	67.5	
						55		524	64	
										Roof Standing Ear Level

TABLE 1-3. Continued

TABLE 1-3. Continued										
CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	STRUCTURE BORNE NOISE (dba) re 1g rms	ACCEL. DIR.
1	All Syst Off	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0	49 Floor	13-B-5	215	-44	Vertical
	M/A Set Start					49 Floor	13-B-5	216	-34.5	
	M/A Set					49 Floor	13-B-5	217	-44	
	All Syst Off					53-L Sill	13-B-5	218	-44	
	M/A set Start Up					53-L Sill	13-B-5	219	-44	
	A/R Comp. Start Up					53-L Sill	13-B-5	220	-44.5	
	M/A Set & Air Comp.					56-L Sill	13-B-5	221	-44	
	M/S Set Mtr Blwrs, Air Comp.					56-L Upper Sill	13-B-6	222	-31	
	Above plus Lighting System					56-L Upper Sill	13-B-6	223	-38	
	Coasting, All Pwr Off	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	50  35 25	49 Floor	13-B-6	224	-29	
	Powered Car					49 Floor	13-B-6	238 239	-32.5 -36.5	Vertical



TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	STRUCTURE BORNE NOISE (dBA) re lg rms	ACCEL. DIR.
1	Powered Car, Ceiling	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	50	49-51	13-B-6	240	-41	Vertical
	Ceiling					51		241	-34	Vertical
	Ceiling					50/51-R		242	-37.5	Vertical
	Ceiling					51-R Door, Top	Top	243	-37	Lateral
	Door, Top					51-R Door, Mid	Mid	244	-32	Lateral
	Door, Mid					51-R Door, Low	Low	245	-28	Lateral
	Lower Door Sill					51-L Sill		247	-35	Vertical
	Ceiling					50/51-L		248	-36	Vertical
	Upper Door Sill					50-L		249	-33	Vertical
	Door, Top					50-L		250	-39	Lateral
	Door, Mid					50-L		251	-29	Lateral
	Door, Low					50-L		252	-38	Lateral
	Sidewall, Mid Car					50-L		253	-38	Lateral
	Low					50-L		254	-39	Lateral
	Mid					50-L		255	-38	Lateral
	Top					16-L		256	-43.5	Vertical
	Ceiling					17-L		257	-41	Vertical
	Diffuser					16-R		258	-44	Vertical
	Ceiling					16-R		259	-37	Vertical
	Sidewall, Upper					16-R		260	-38	Lateral
	Sidewall, Mid					16-R		261	-40	Lateral
	Sidewall, Low					57		262	-42.5	Vertical
	Ceiling					56		263	-34	Vertical
	Lower Door Sill					60		264	-38.5	Vertical
	Ceiling					61		265	-42	Vertical

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	STRUCTURE BORNE NOISE (dBA) re 1g rms	ACCEL. DIR.
1 Powered Car Door Sill	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	50	59-L	13-B-6	266	-32	Vertical
Ceiling, Diffuser					60		267	-38	Vertical
Ceiling, Return Air Inlet					61		268	-42	Vertical
Door Sill					59-L		269	-32	Vertical

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (M <sup>PH</sup> )	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	NOTES	FIGURE NUMBER																																																																																																																								
1	Coasting Car - All Systems Off	90,000	Steel- Flats	IV	22 11 5 25 25 15 9-10 10-20	51 51 51 51 51 60 60 51 51	13-B-6	226 227 228 229 230 232 233 234 235	63.5 64.5 58 49.5 89 86 84 73 78		1-37 1-37 1-37																																																																																																																								
1	Absorption Test	90,000	Steel- Flats		0																																																																																																																														
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="12">ABSORPTION COEFFICIENT (<math>\alpha^*</math>)</th></tr> <tr> <th>Loc.</th><th>Tape No.</th><th>Test Pt.</th><th>500 Hz</th><th>1000 Hz</th><th>2000 Hz</th><th>4000 Hz</th><th colspan="5"></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>60</td><td>13-B-6</td><td>203</td><td>0.30</td><td>0.27</td><td>0.27</td><td>0.26</td><td colspan="5"></td></tr> <tr> <td>52</td><td></td><td>204</td><td>0.27</td><td>0.24</td><td>0.25</td><td>0.28</td><td colspan="5"></td></tr> <tr> <td>55</td><td></td><td>205</td><td>0.23</td><td>0.23</td><td>0.23</td><td>0.26</td><td colspan="5"></td></tr> <tr> <td>58</td><td></td><td>206</td><td>0.26</td><td>0.24</td><td>0.24</td><td>0.25</td><td colspan="5"></td></tr> <tr> <td>55</td><td>13-B-6</td><td>207</td><td>0.22</td><td>0.22</td><td>0.22</td><td>0.22</td><td colspan="5"></td></tr> <tr> <td>52</td><td></td><td>208</td><td>0.25</td><td>0.20</td><td>0.20</td><td>0.24</td><td colspan="5"></td></tr> <tr> <td>51</td><td></td><td>209</td><td>0.23</td><td>0.21</td><td>0.21</td><td>0.22</td><td colspan="5"></td></tr> <tr> <td>49</td><td></td><td>210</td><td>0.32</td><td>0.24</td><td>0.24</td><td>0.31</td><td colspan="5"></td></tr> </tbody> </table>												ABSORPTION COEFFICIENT ( $\alpha^*$ )												Loc.	Tape No.	Test Pt.	500 Hz	1000 Hz	2000 Hz	4000 Hz						60	13-B-6	203	0.30	0.27	0.27	0.26						52		204	0.27	0.24	0.25	0.28						55		205	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.26						58		206	0.26	0.24	0.24	0.25						55	13-B-6	207	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.22						52		208	0.25	0.20	0.20	0.24						51		209	0.23	0.21	0.21	0.22						49		210	0.32	0.24	0.24	0.31					
ABSORPTION COEFFICIENT ( $\alpha^*$ )																																																																																																																																			
Loc.	Tape No.	Test Pt.	500 Hz	1000 Hz	2000 Hz	4000 Hz																																																																																																																													
60	13-B-6	203	0.30	0.27	0.27	0.26																																																																																																																													
52		204	0.27	0.24	0.25	0.28																																																																																																																													
55		205	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.26																																																																																																																													
58		206	0.26	0.24	0.24	0.25																																																																																																																													
55	13-B-6	207	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.22																																																																																																																													
52		208	0.25	0.20	0.20	0.24																																																																																																																													
51		209	0.23	0.21	0.21	0.22																																																																																																																													
49		210	0.32	0.24	0.24	0.31																																																																																																																													
2	Absorption Test	90,000	Steel- Flats		0																																																																																																																														
1	Wall	90,000	Steel- Flats (Lights On) (Lights Off)	I	25 25 25 35	4R	13-B-8	285 286 287 289	80 62 60.5 87	Exterior 1-16, 1-39 Interior 1-39 Interior 1-17, 1-39 Exterior																																																																																																																									
1	Truck	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	25 35 35 50 50 0 - 70 70 70	59-R/60	13-B-8	290 291 292 293 294 295 296 298	88 92 71.5 101 72 81/106 106 78.5	Exterior Exterior 1-18, 1-41 Interior 1-19, 1-41 Exterior Interior Exterior Exterior Interior																																																																																																																									

\*Norris-Eyring equation

TABLE 1-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRACK SEC.	VELOCITY (MPH)	LOC.	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	ACCEL. DIR.	FIGURE NUMBER
1	End	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0 0 25 25 70		13-B-8	299	60	Exterior	Exterior Interior Exterior 1-40 Interior 1-40 Exterior
								300	63	Interior	
								301	82	Exterior 1-40	
								302	62	Interior 1-40	
								303	98	Exterior	
	Body, Safety Strap, Near Power Pick- Up Shoe	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0 25 35 50 70 0 - 50		13-B-8	435	81		1-20, 1-38 1-21
								436	100		
								437	101		
								438	104		
								439	107		
	MIC on Truck 1 (#2 Axle)	90,000	Steel- Flats	I	0 25 35 50 70 0 - 50		13-B-8	440	81-105		1-22 1-25 1-23 1-24, 1-38
								441	87		
								442	98		
								443	100		
								444	104		
								445	107		
								446	78/95		

DATA PT 4

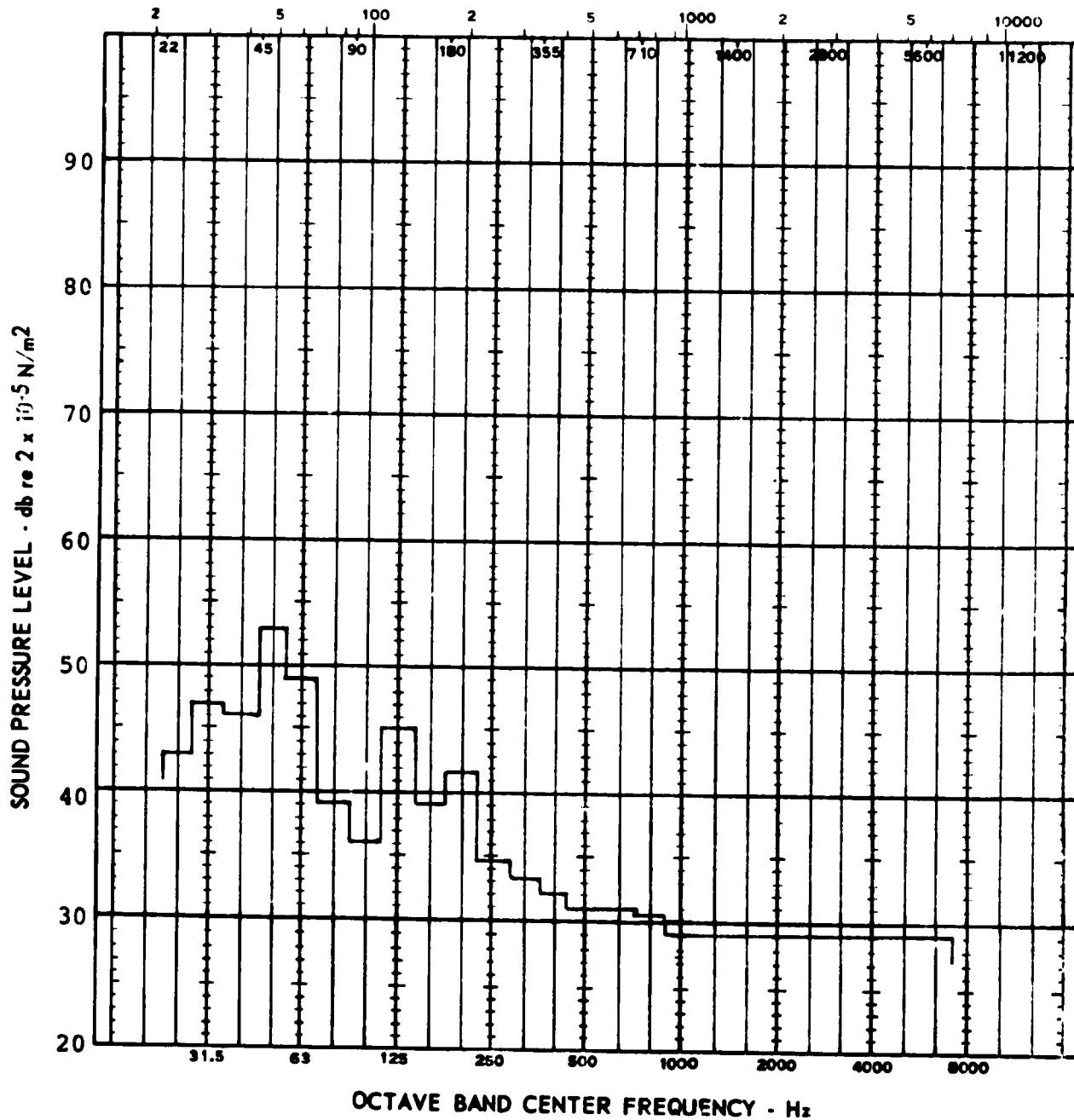


Figure 1-6. Interior Noise at 0 MPH with All Systems Off (Car No. 1; Position 55)

DATA PT 9

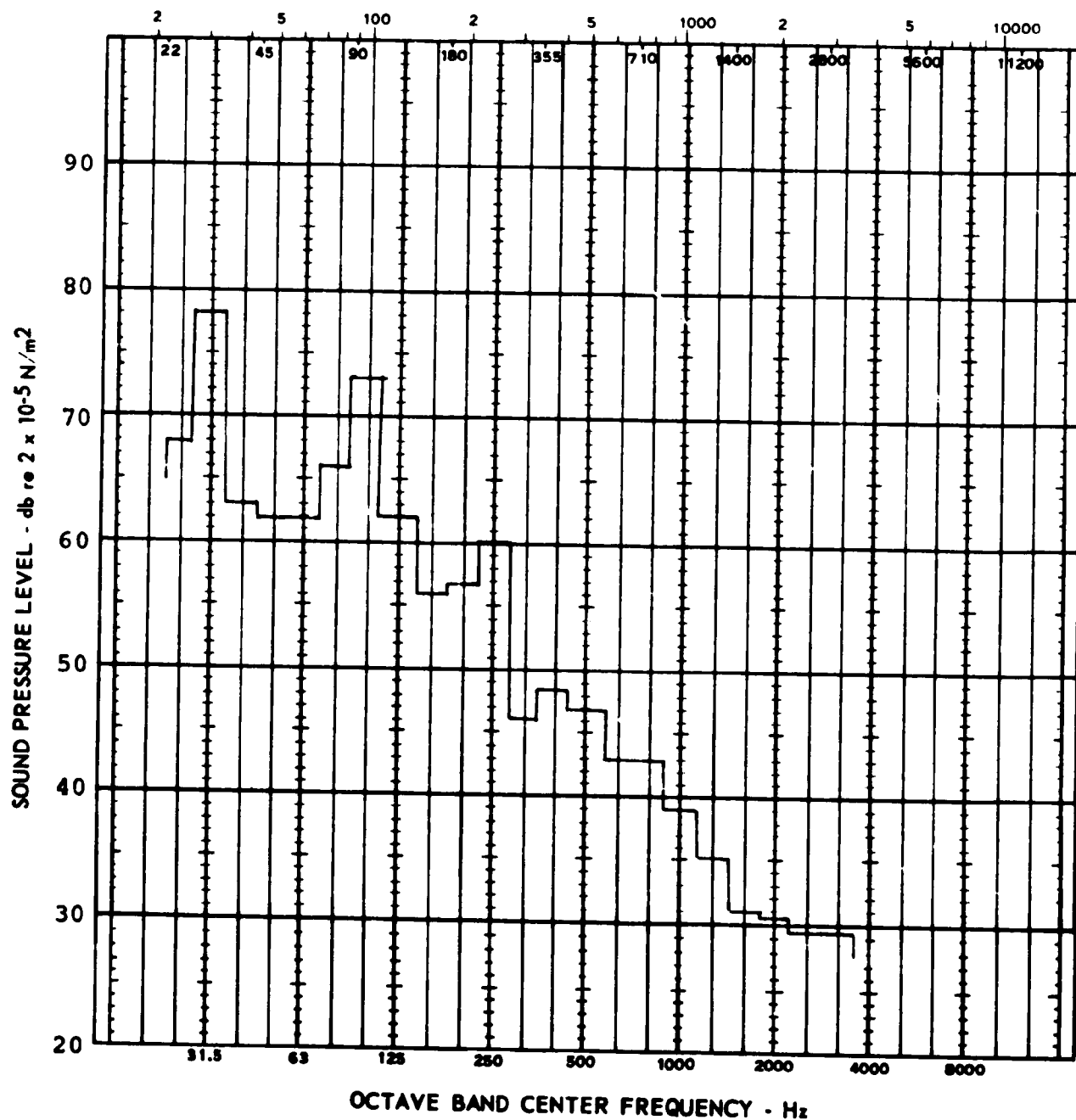


Figure 1-7. Interior Noise at 0 MPH with Only the Motor Alternator On (Car No. 1; Position 55)

DATA PT 13

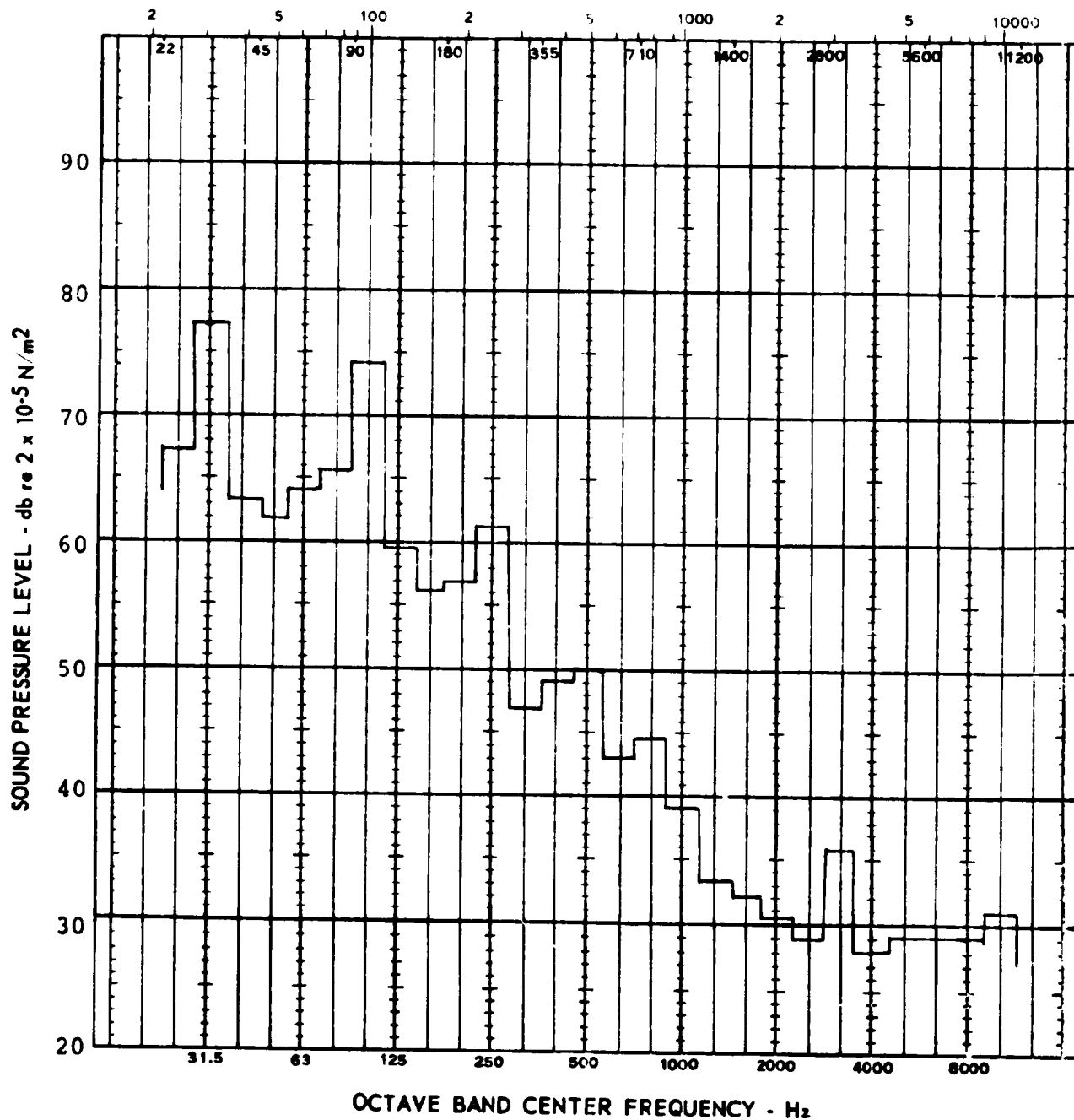


Figure 1-8. Interior Noise at 0 MPH with Motor Alternator and Lighting System On  
(Car No. 1; Position 55)

DATA PT 17

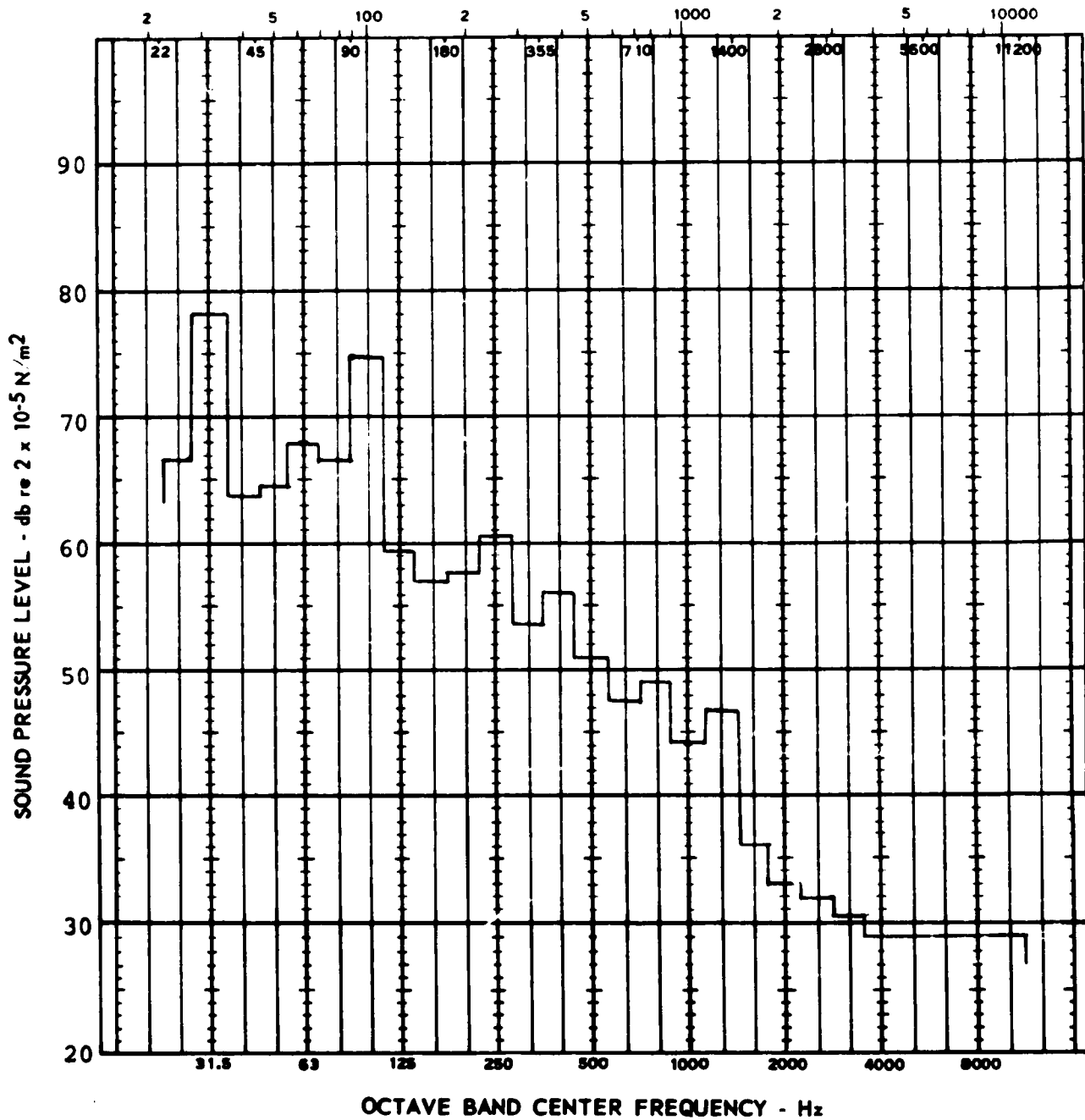


Figure 1-9. Interior Noise at 0 MPH with Motor Alternator and Motor Blowers On  
(Car No. 1; Position 55)



DATA PT 21

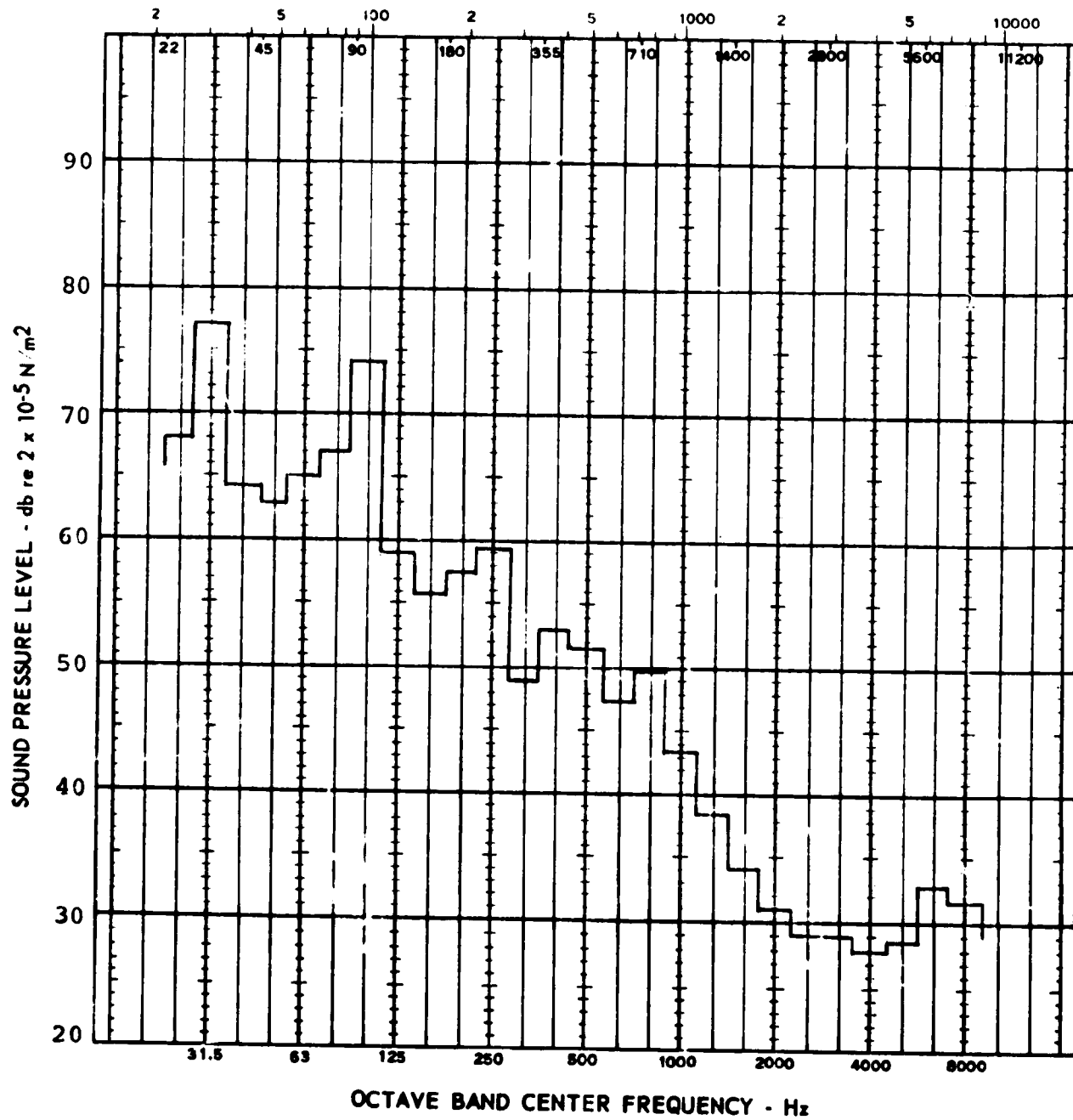


Figure 1-10. Interior Noise at 0 MPH with Motor Alternator and Brake Air Compressor On (Car No. 1; Position 55)

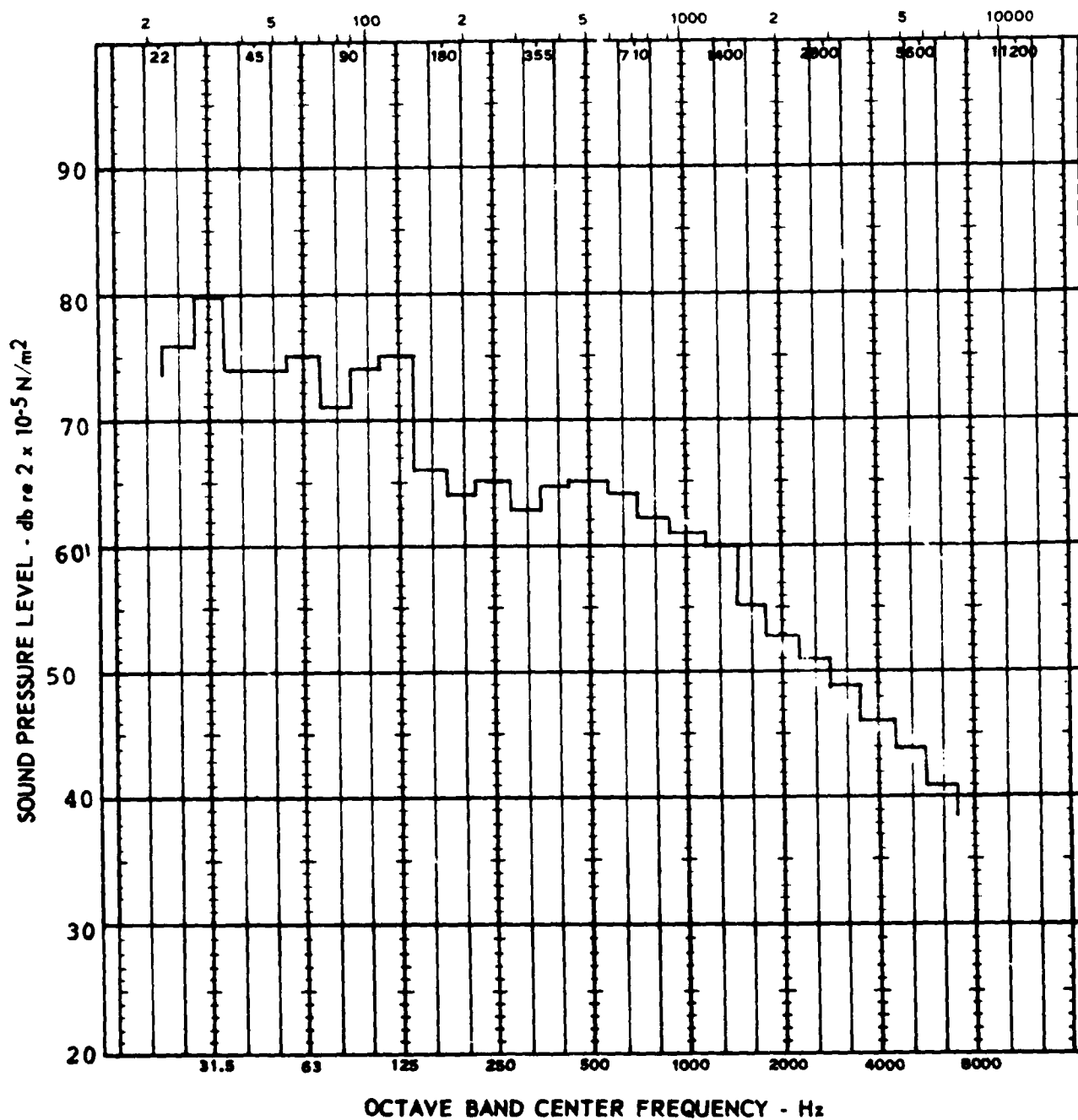


Figure 1-11. Interior Noise at 50 MPH with All Systems On (Car No. 1; Steel Wheel Flats; Position 55)

DATA PT 90

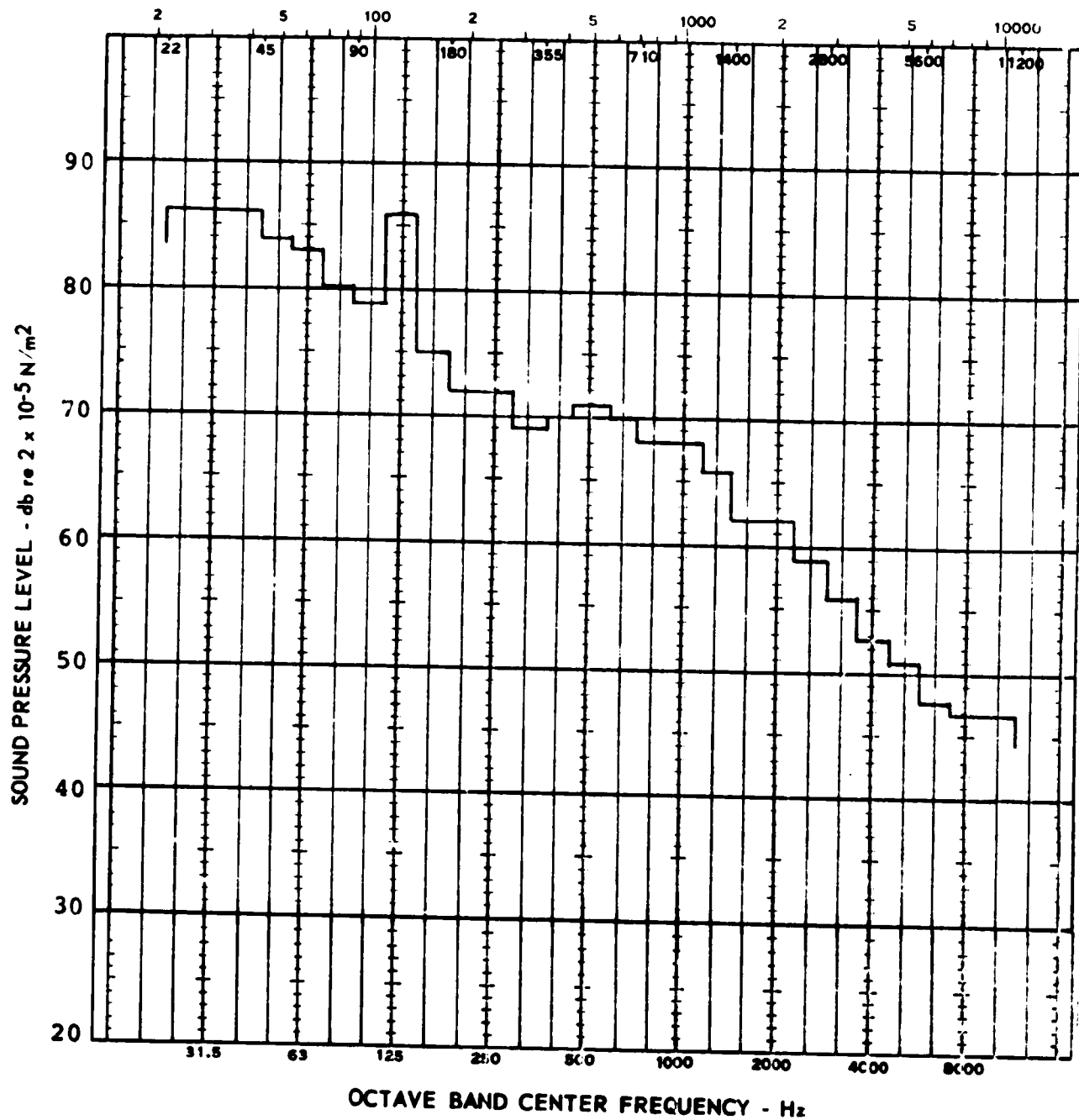


Figure 1-12. Interior Noise at 80 MPH with All Systems On (Car No. 1; Steel Wheel Flats; Position 55)

DATA PT 131

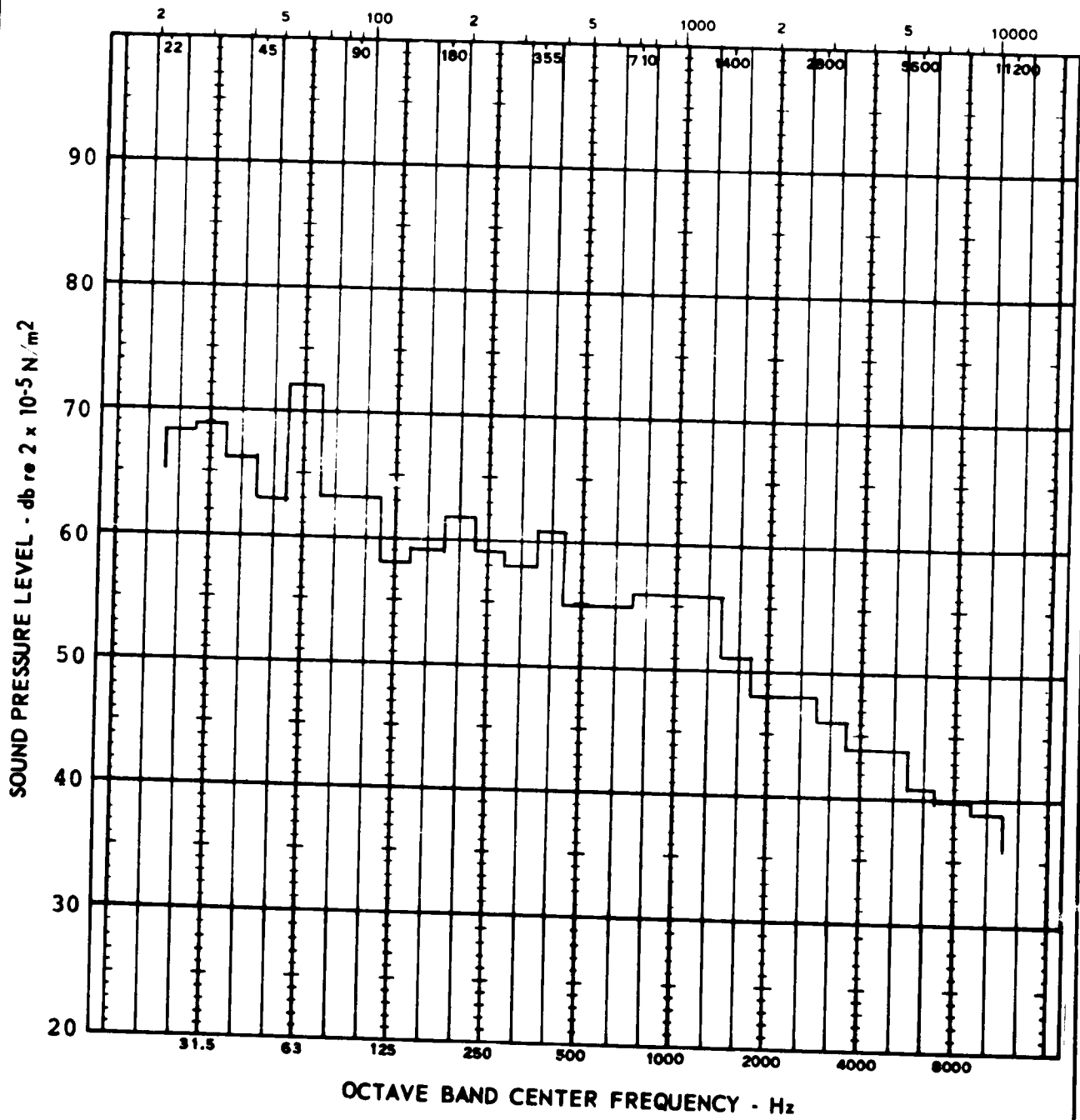


Figure 1-13. Interior Noise at 25 MPH with All Systems On (Car No. 2; Steel Wheel Flats; Position 55)

DATA PT 135

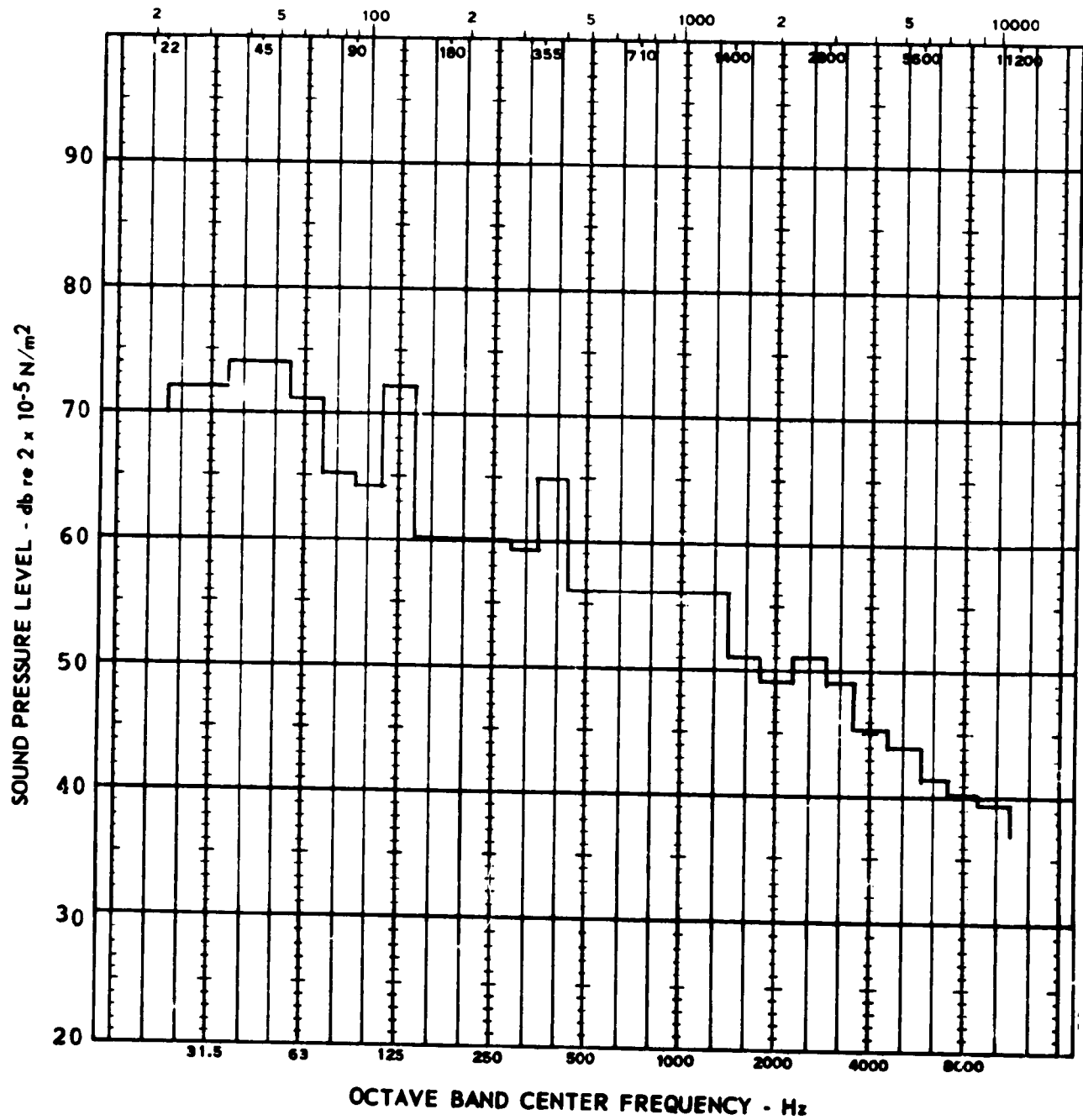


Figure 1-14. Interior Noise at 35 MPH with All Systems On (Car No. 2; Steel Wheel Flats; Position 55)

DATA PT 151

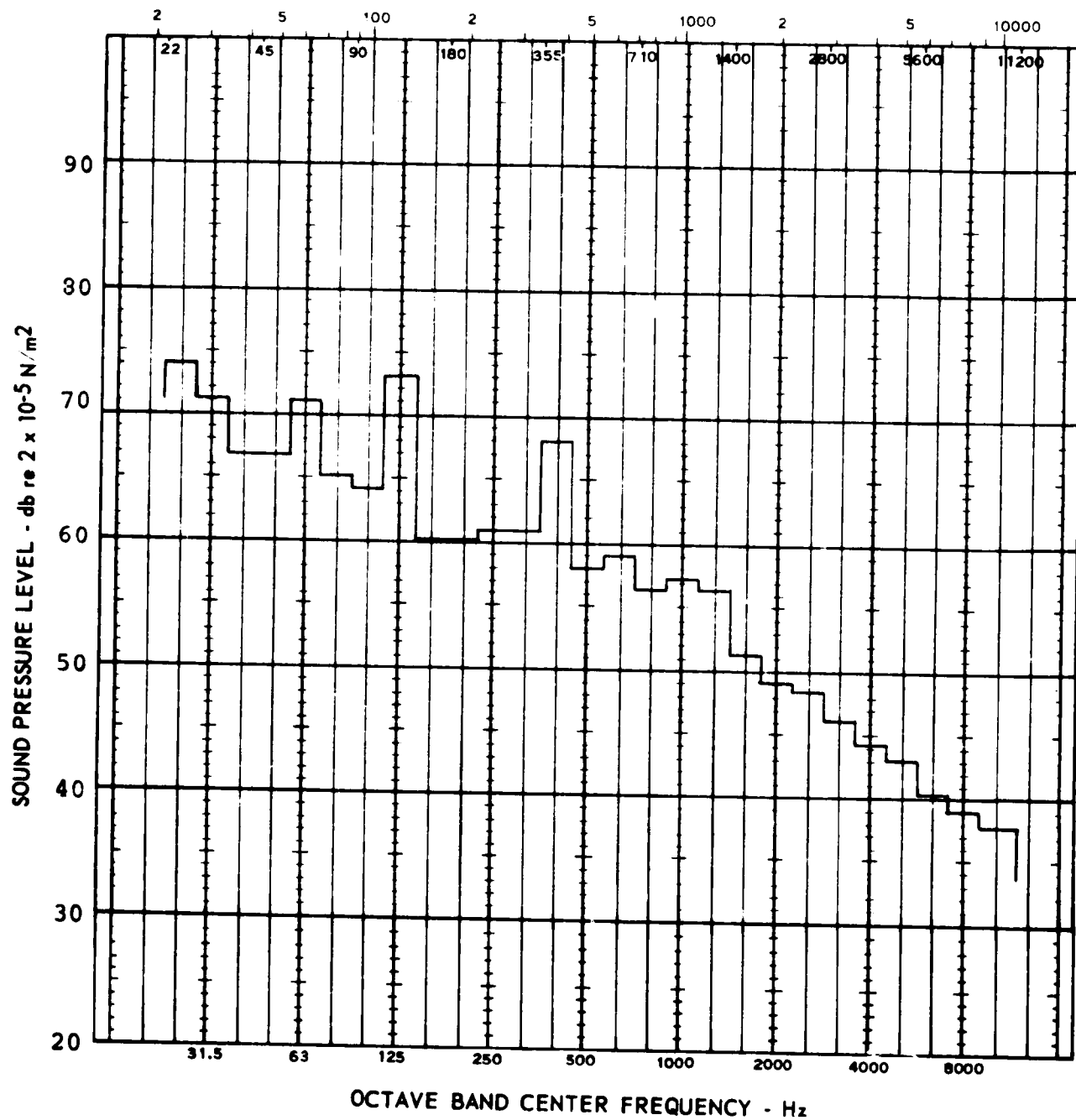


Figure 1-15. Interior Noise at 50 MPH with All Systems On (Car No. 2; Steel Wheel Flats; Position 55)

DATA PT 285

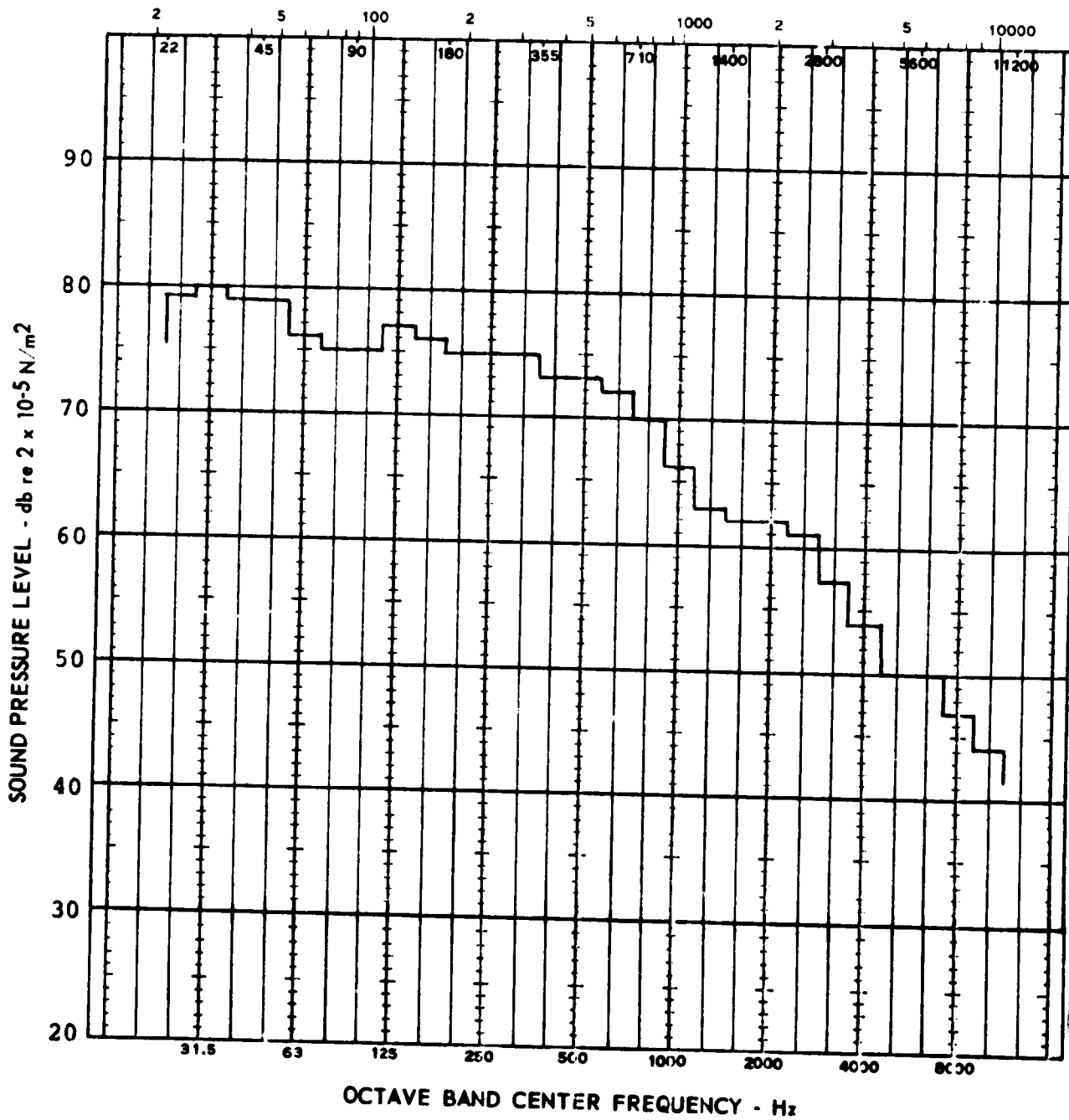


Figure 1-16. Exterior Noise at 25 MPH with Steel Wheel Flats (Sidewall Location 102)

DATA PT 287

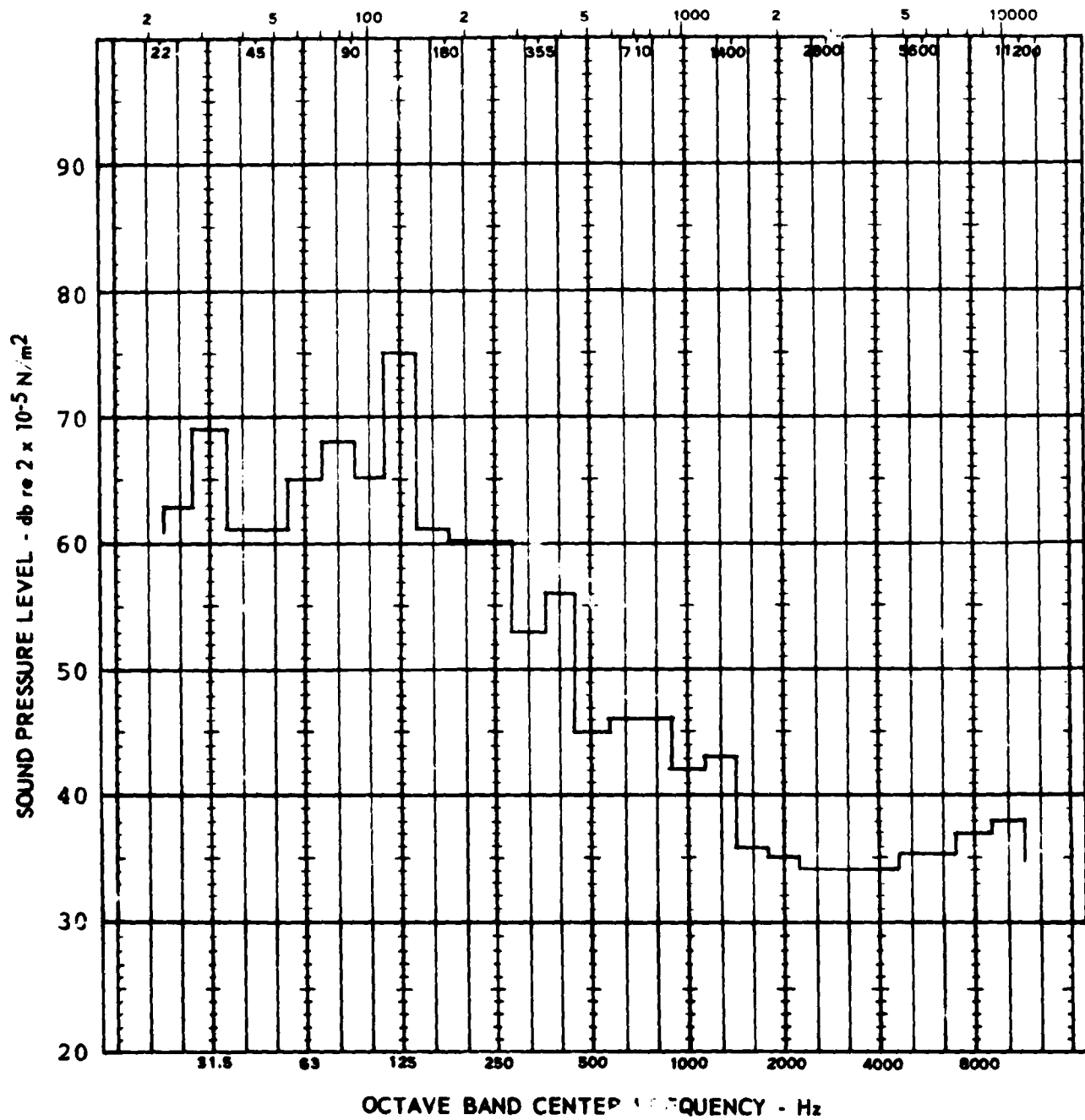


Figure 1-17. Interior Noise at 25 MPH with Steel Wheel Flats (Sidewall Location 102)



DATA PT 291

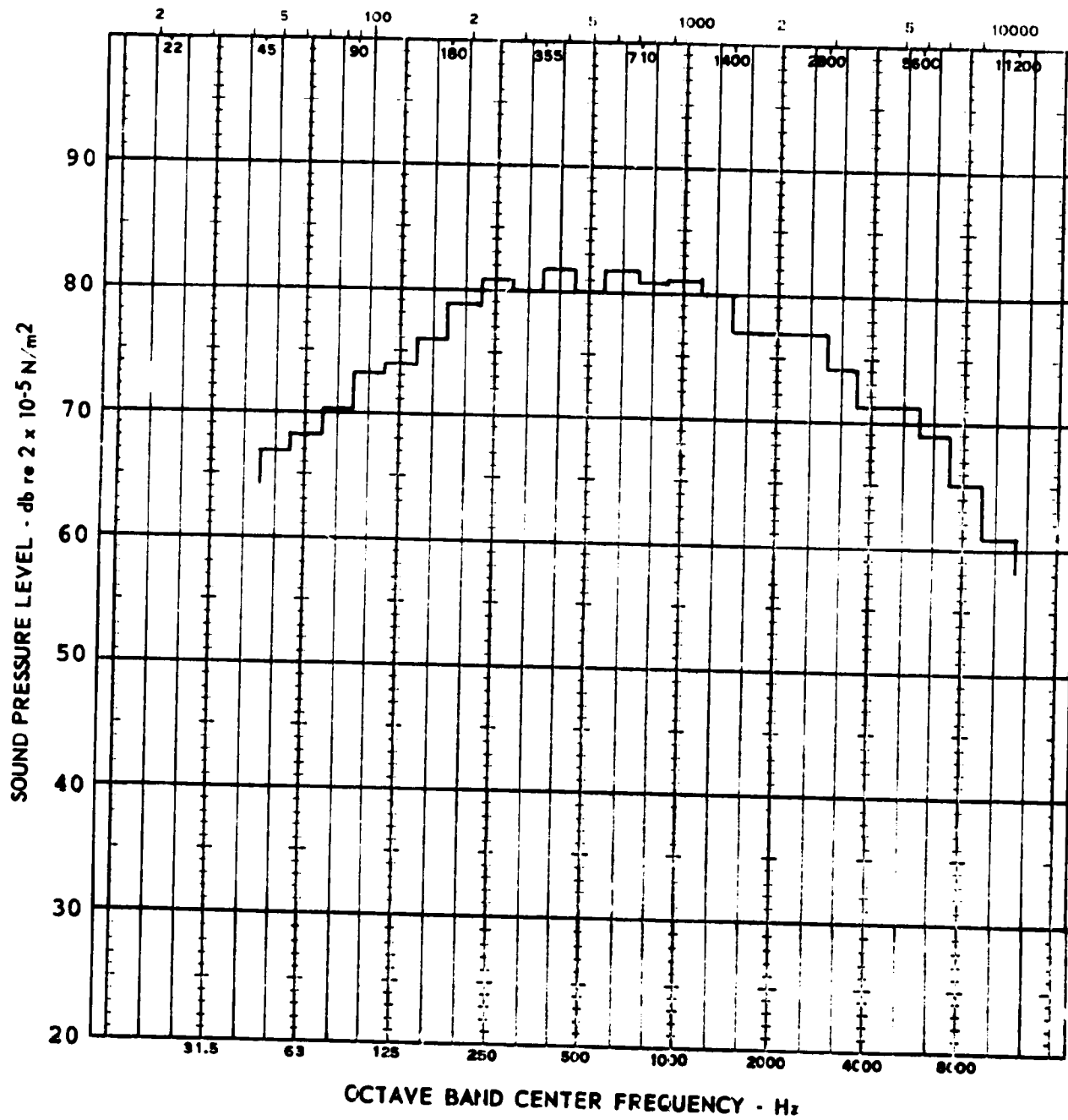


Figure 1-18. Exterior Noise at 35 MPH with Steel Wheel Flats (Sidewall Location 102)

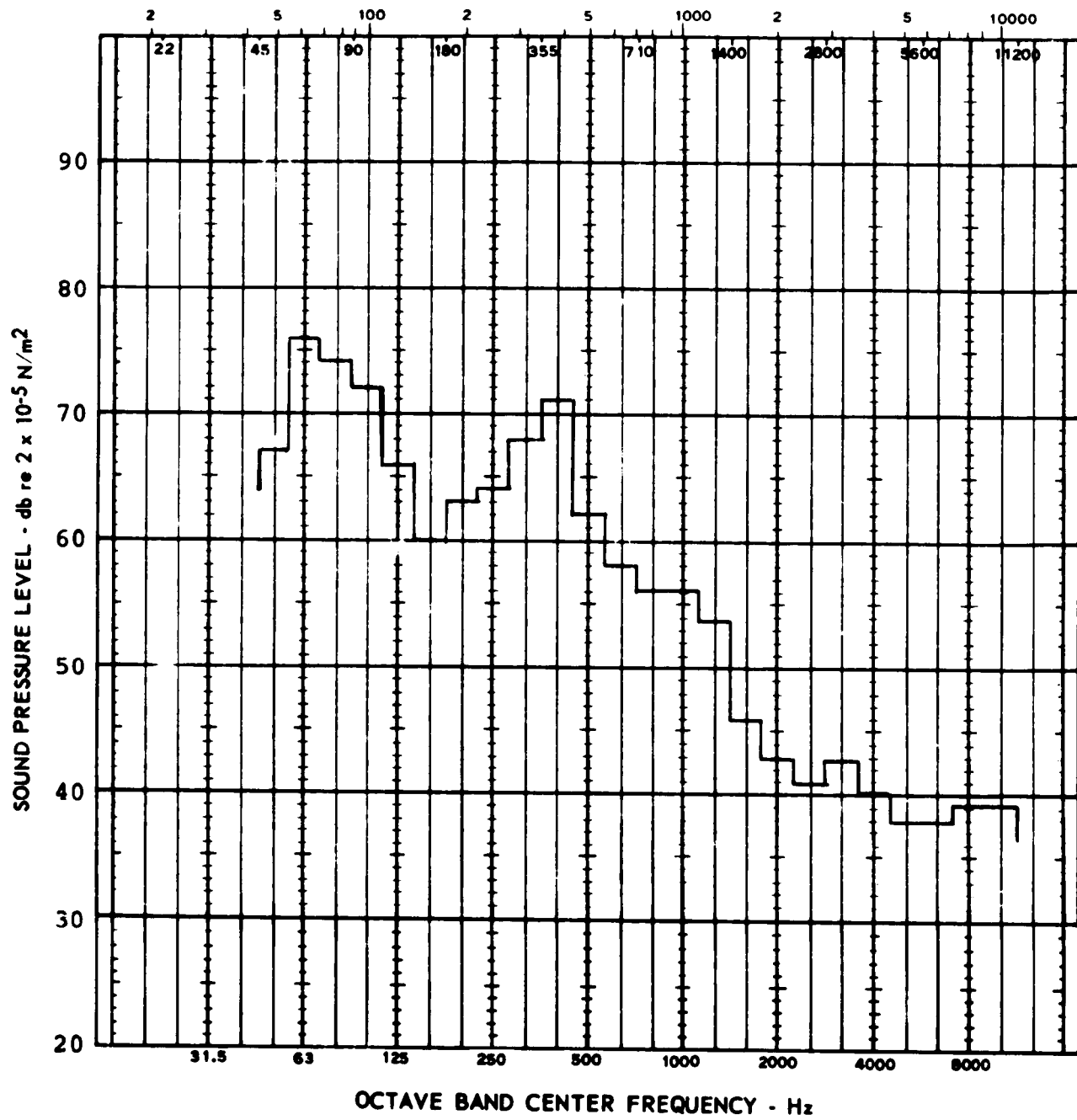


Figure 1-19. Interior Noise at 35 MPH with Steel Wheel Flats (Sidewall Location 102)

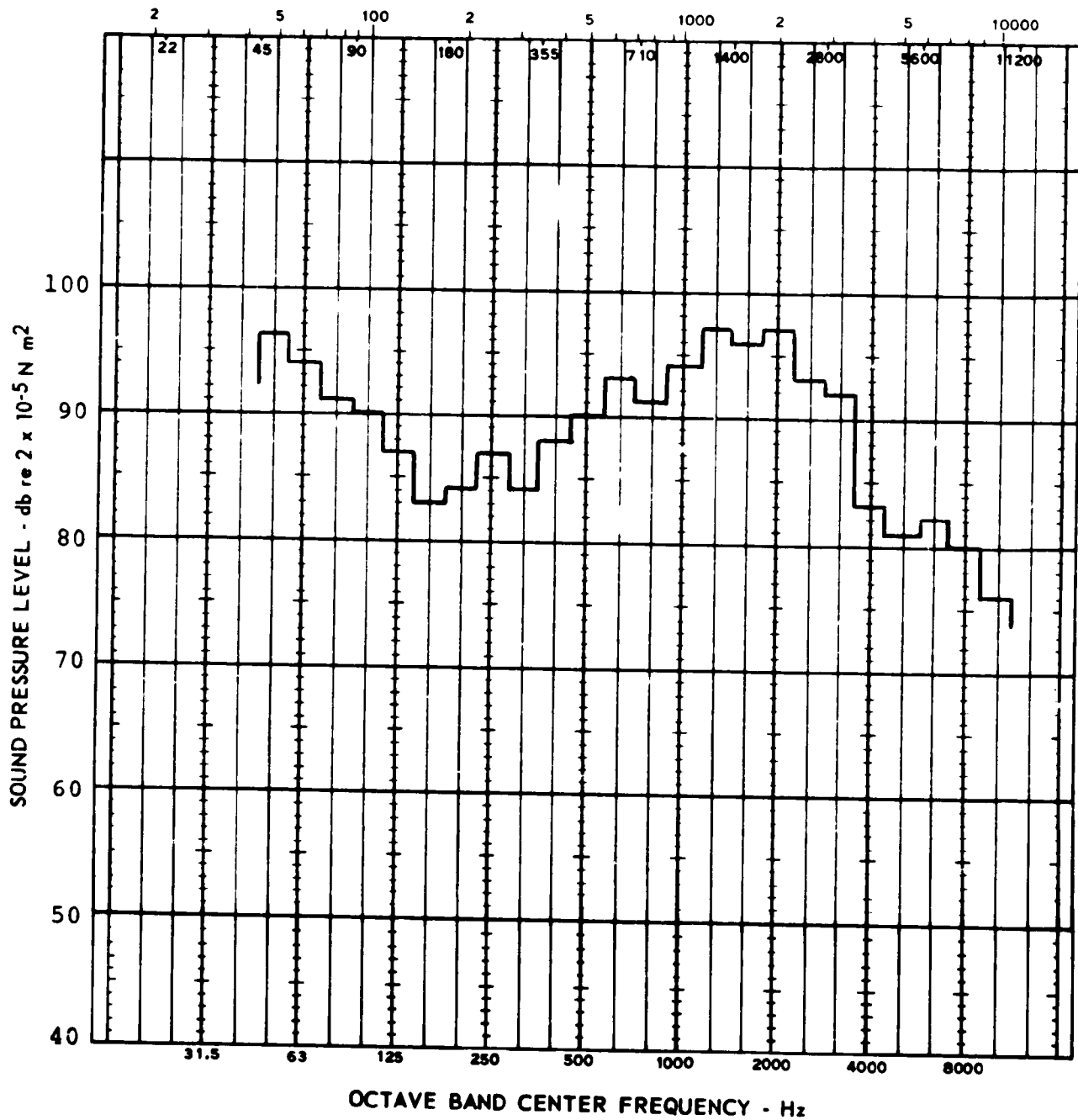


Figure 1-20. Exterior Noise at 50 MPH at Microphone on Safety Strap Near Power Pickup Shoe (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheels; No Flats)

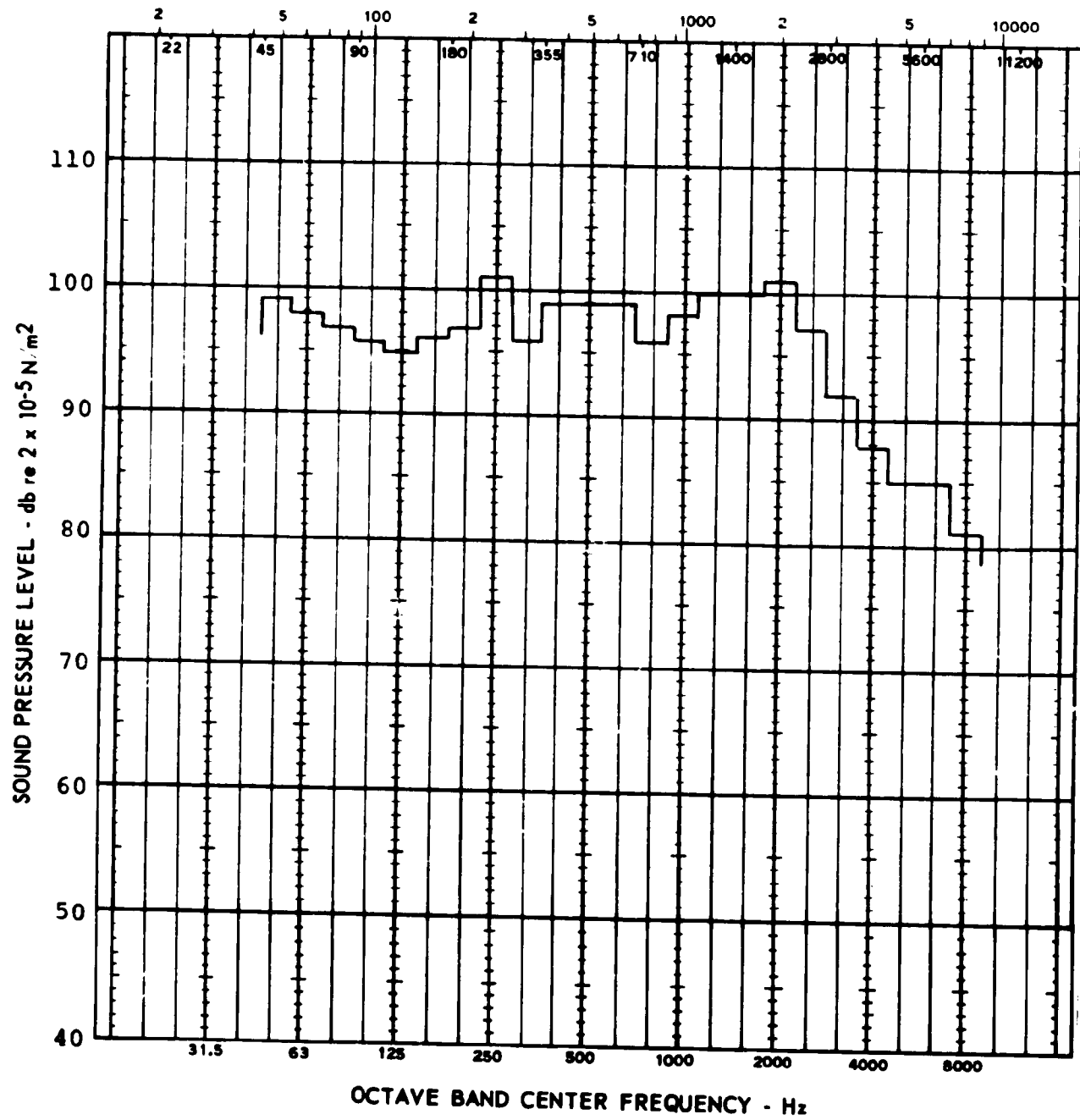


Figure 1-21. Exterior Noise at 70 MPH at Microphone on Safety Strap Near Power Pickup Shoe (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheels; No Flats)

DATA PT 441

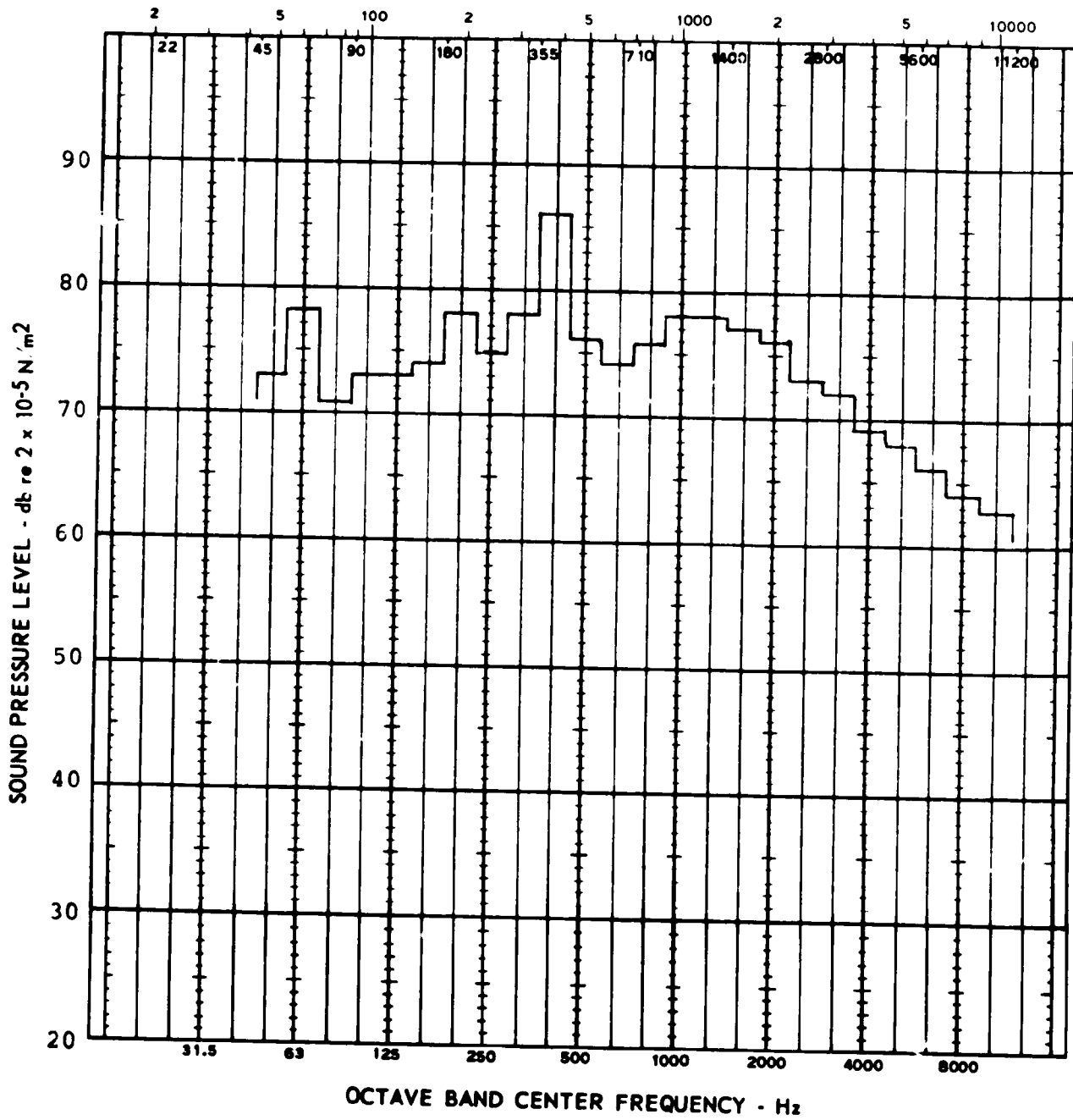
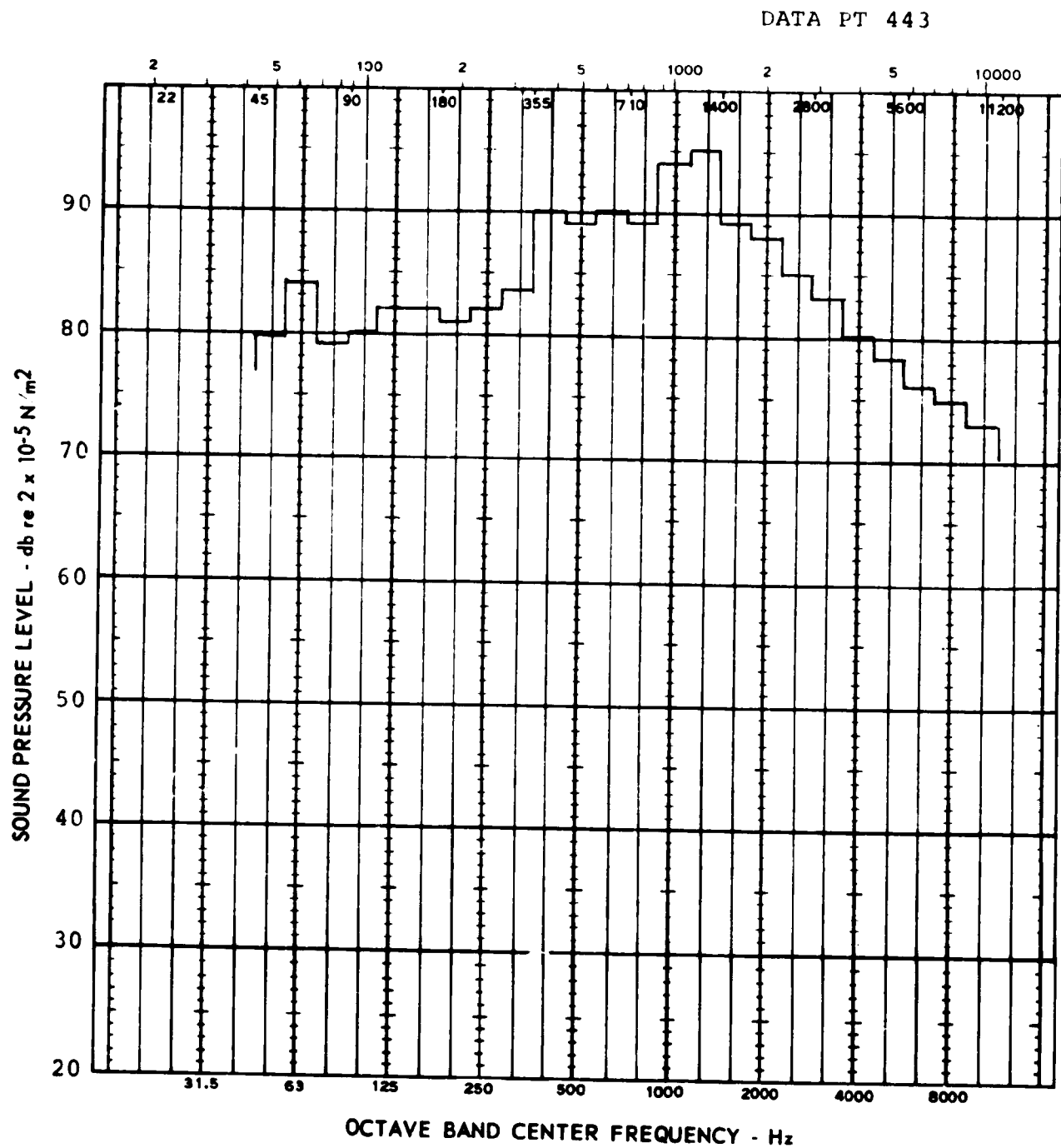
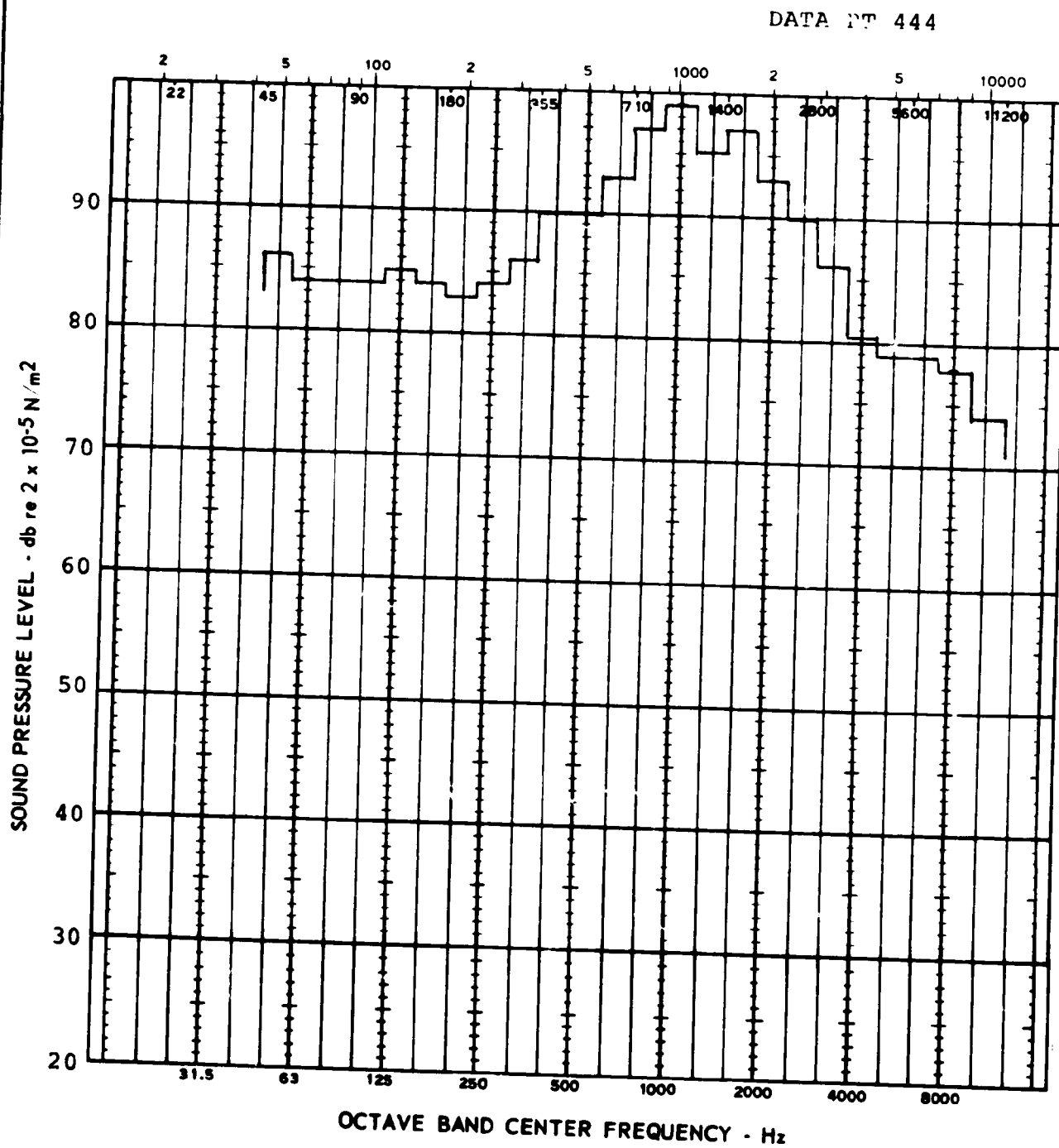


Figure 1-22. Exterior Noise at 0 MPH at Microphone on No. 1 Truck (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheels; No Flats)



**Figure 1-23. Exterior Noise at 35 MPH at Microphone on No. 1 Truck (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheels; No Flats)**



**Figure 1-24. Exterior Noise at 50 MPH at Microphone on No. 1 Truck (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheels; No Flats)**

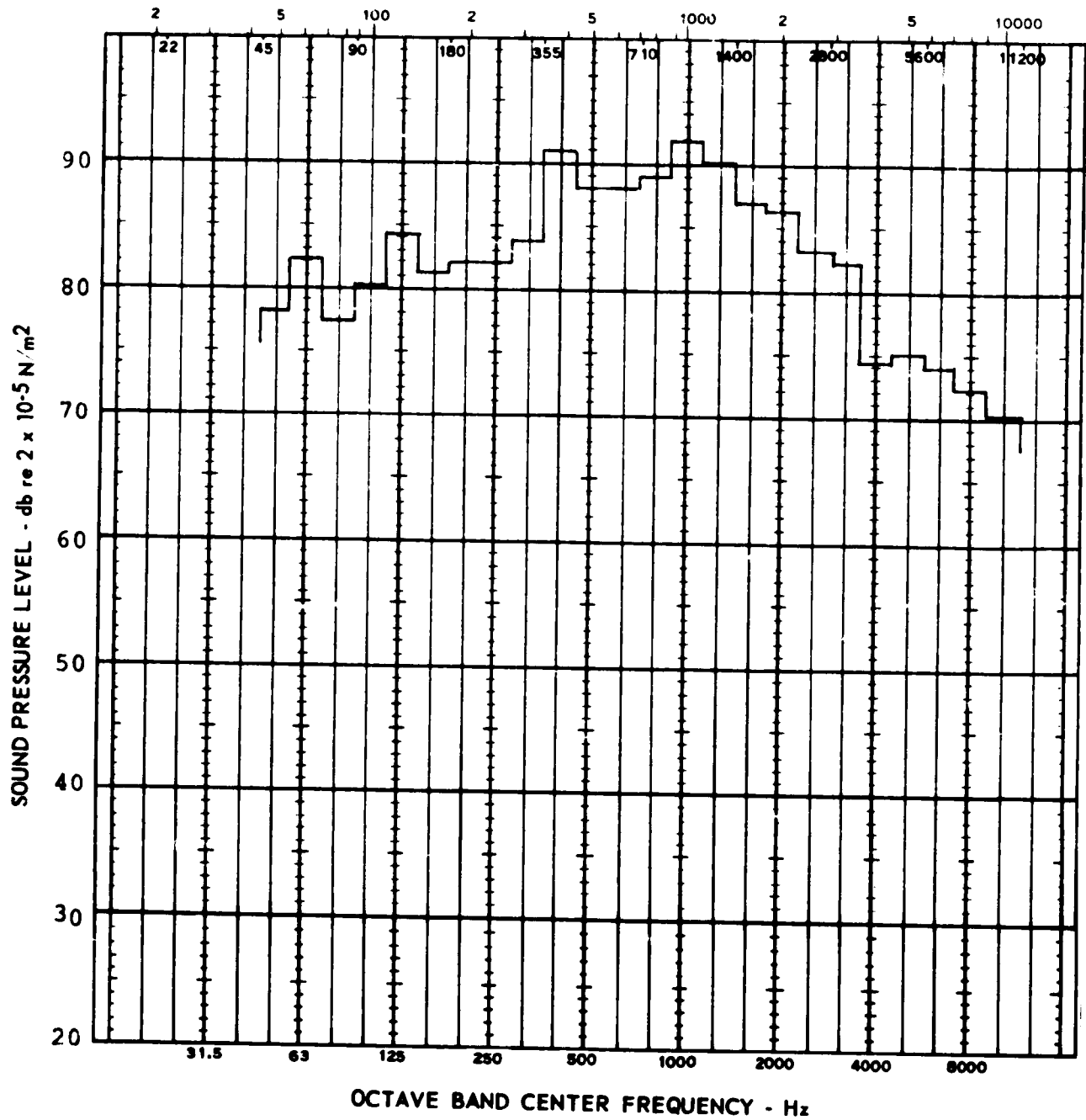


Figure 1-25. Exterior Noise at 25 MPH at Microphone on No. 2 Axle of No. 1 Truck (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheels; No Flats)



DATA PT 26

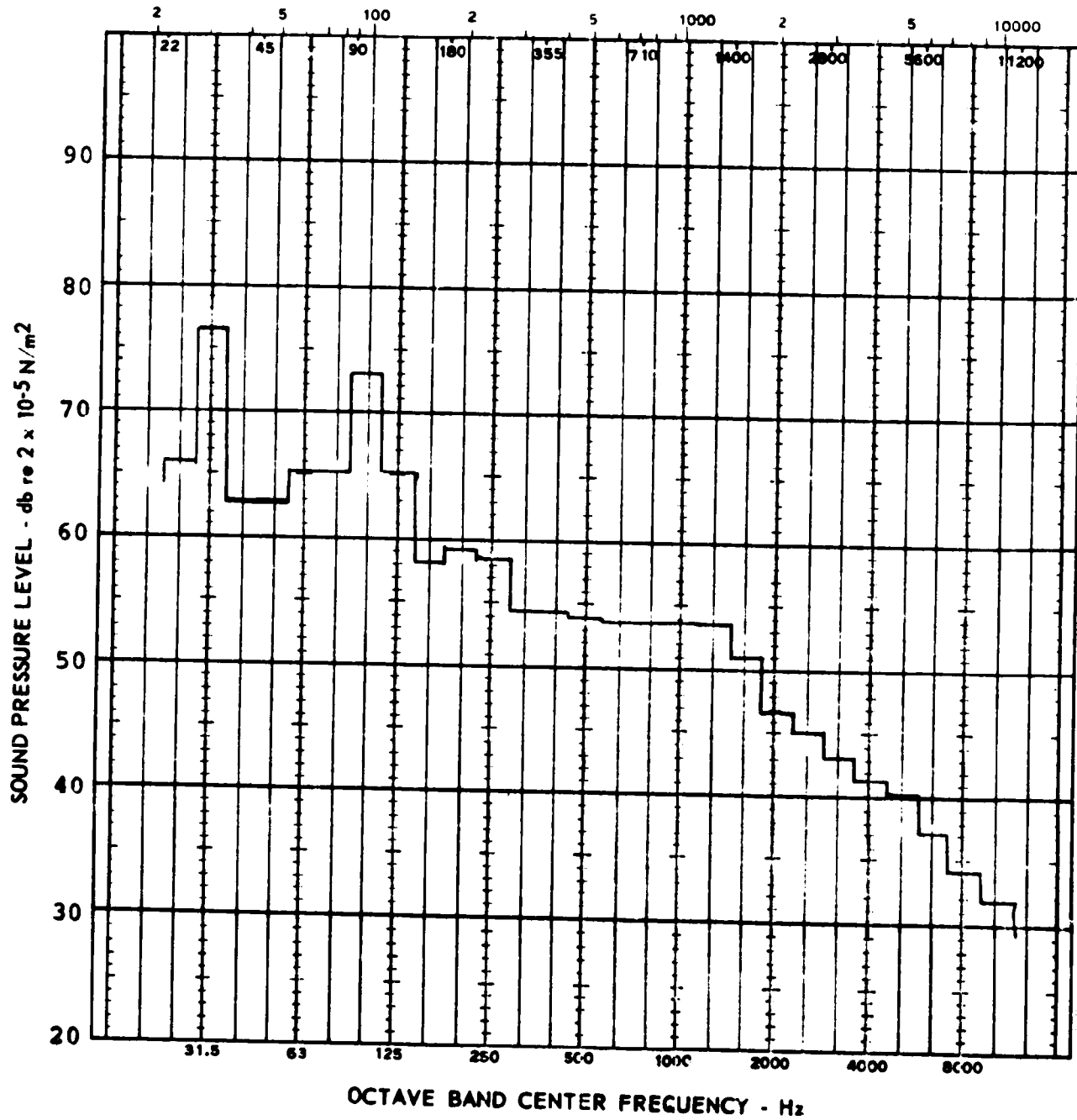


Figure 1-26. Interior Noise at 0 MPH with All Systems On (Car No. 2; Position 55)

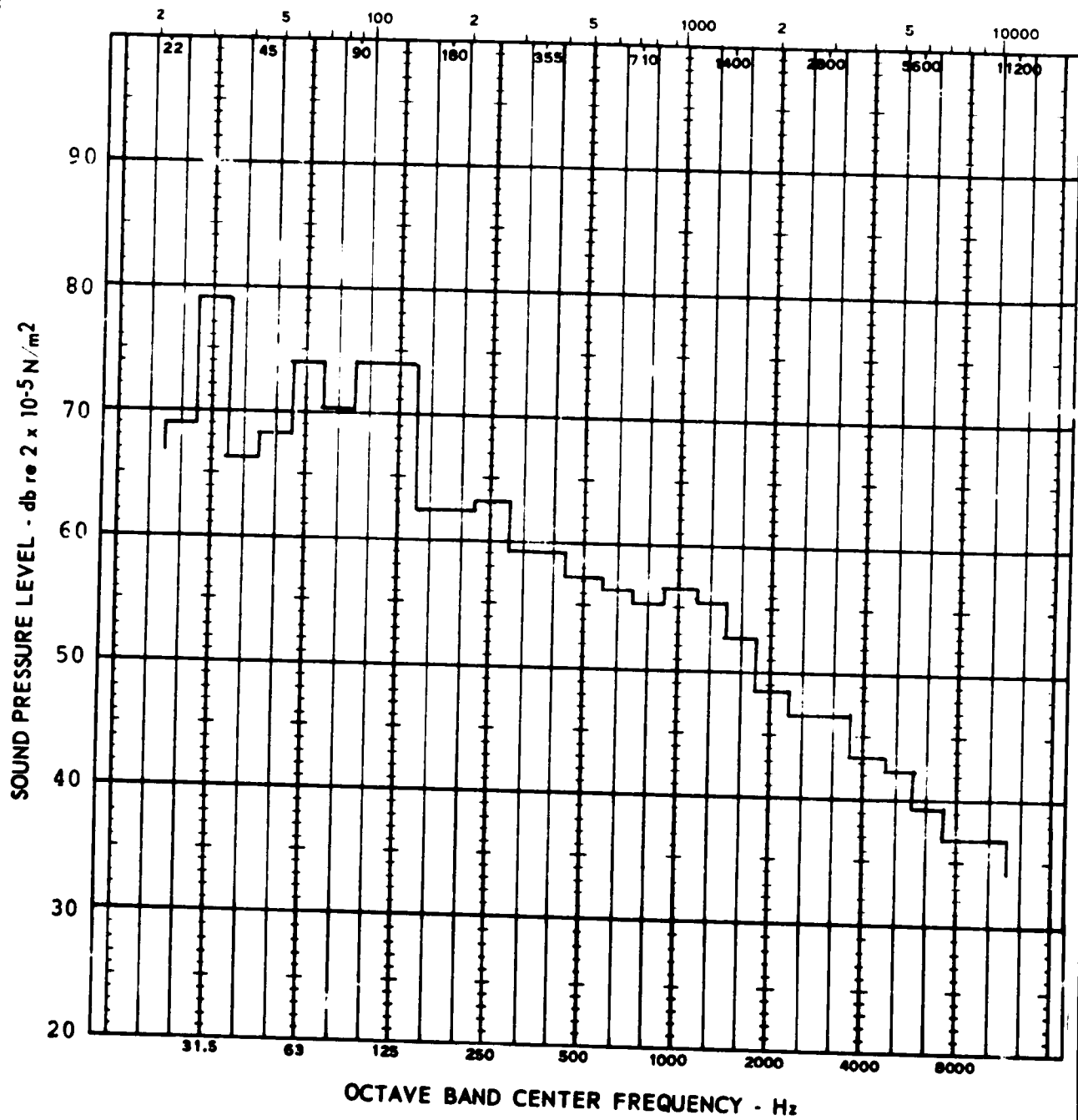


Figure 1-27. Interior Noise at 25 MPH with All Systems On (Car No. 1; Position 55; Steel Wheel Flats)

DATA PT 50

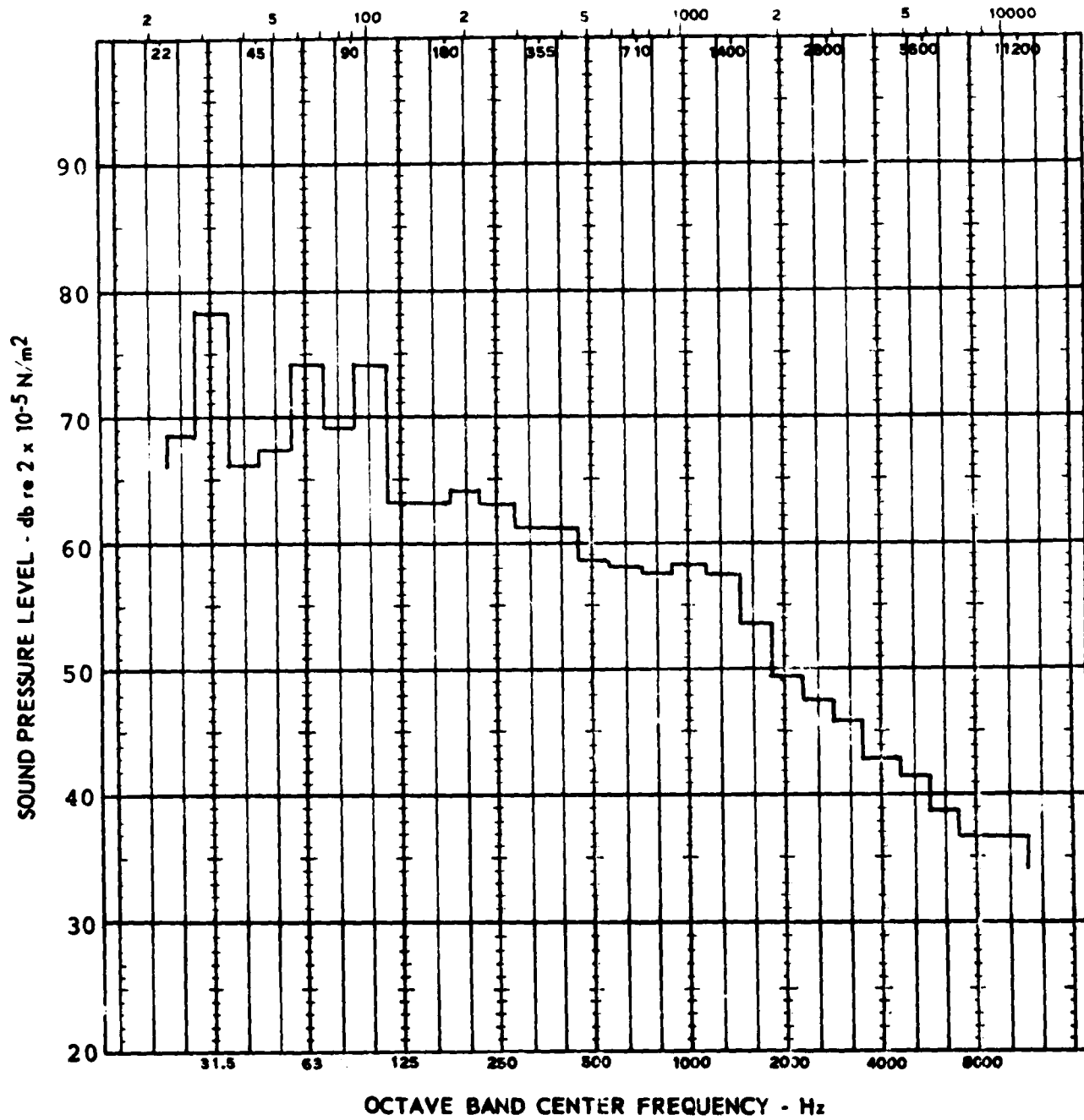


Figure 1-28. Interior Noise at 35 MPH with All Systems On (Car No. 1; Steel Wheel Flats; Position 55)

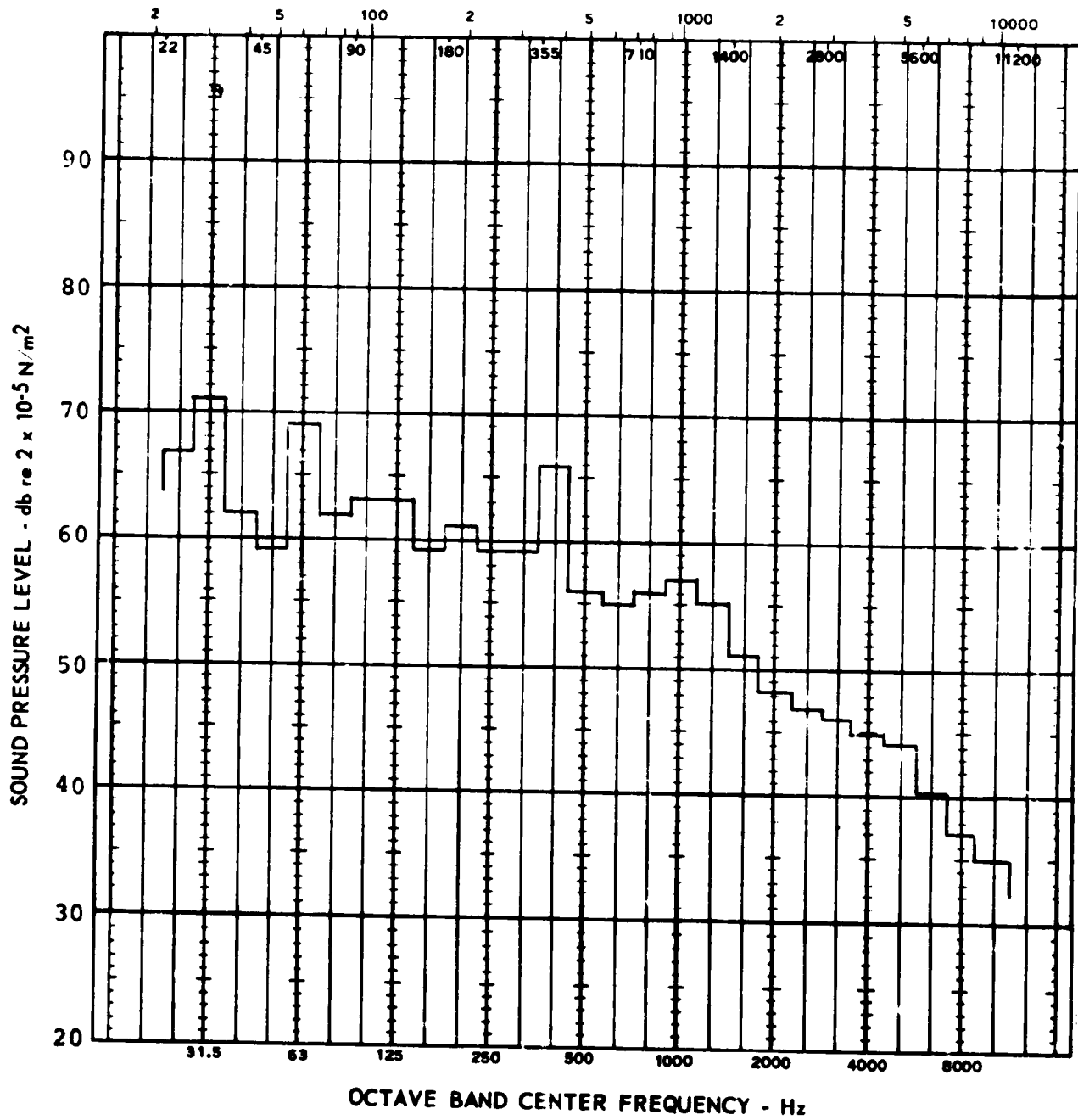


Figure 1-29. Interior Noise at 0 MPH with All Systems On (Car No. 2; Steel Wheel Flats; Position 55)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

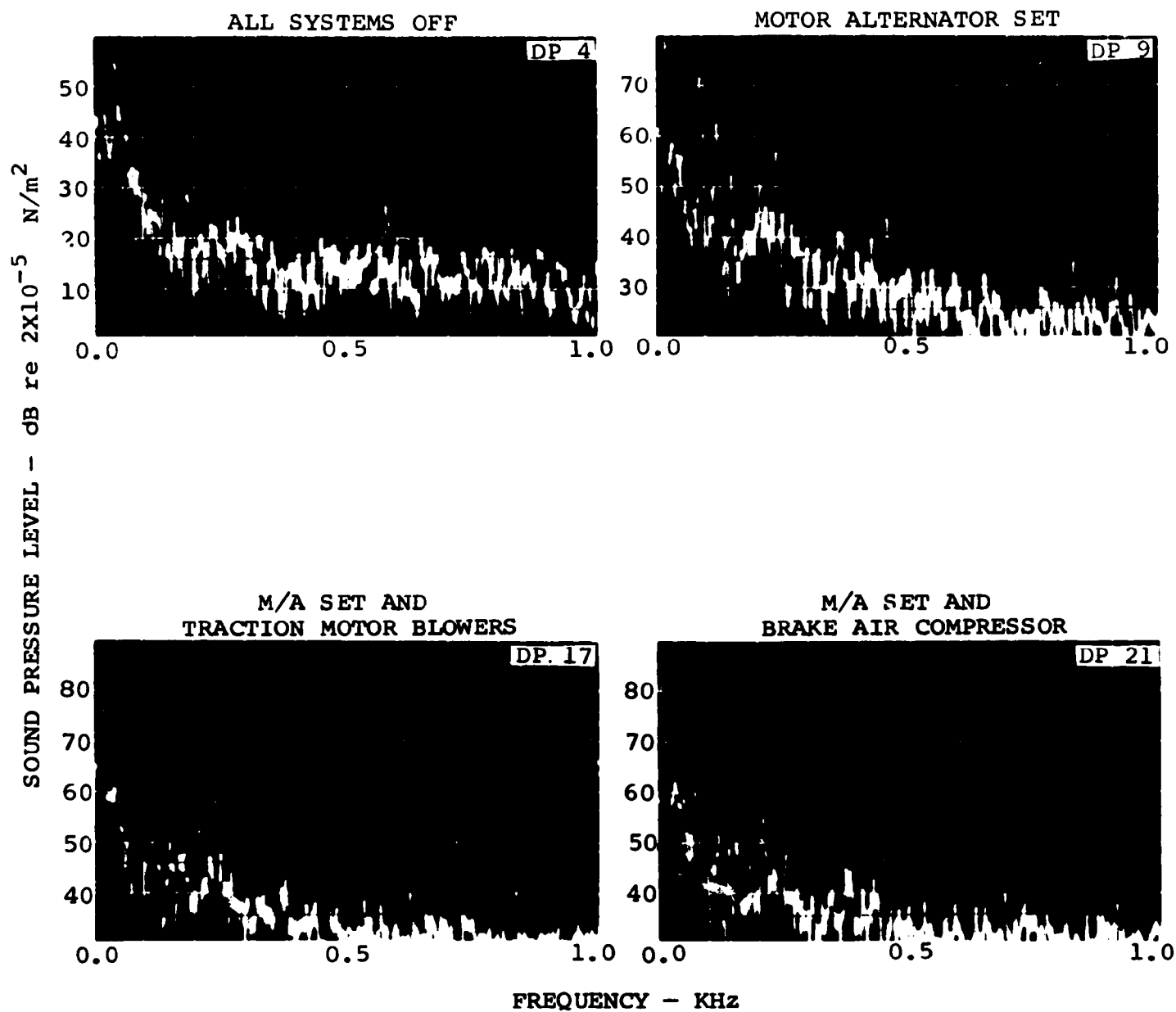


Figure 1-30. Interior Noise from Equipment, Car at Rest (Position 55)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

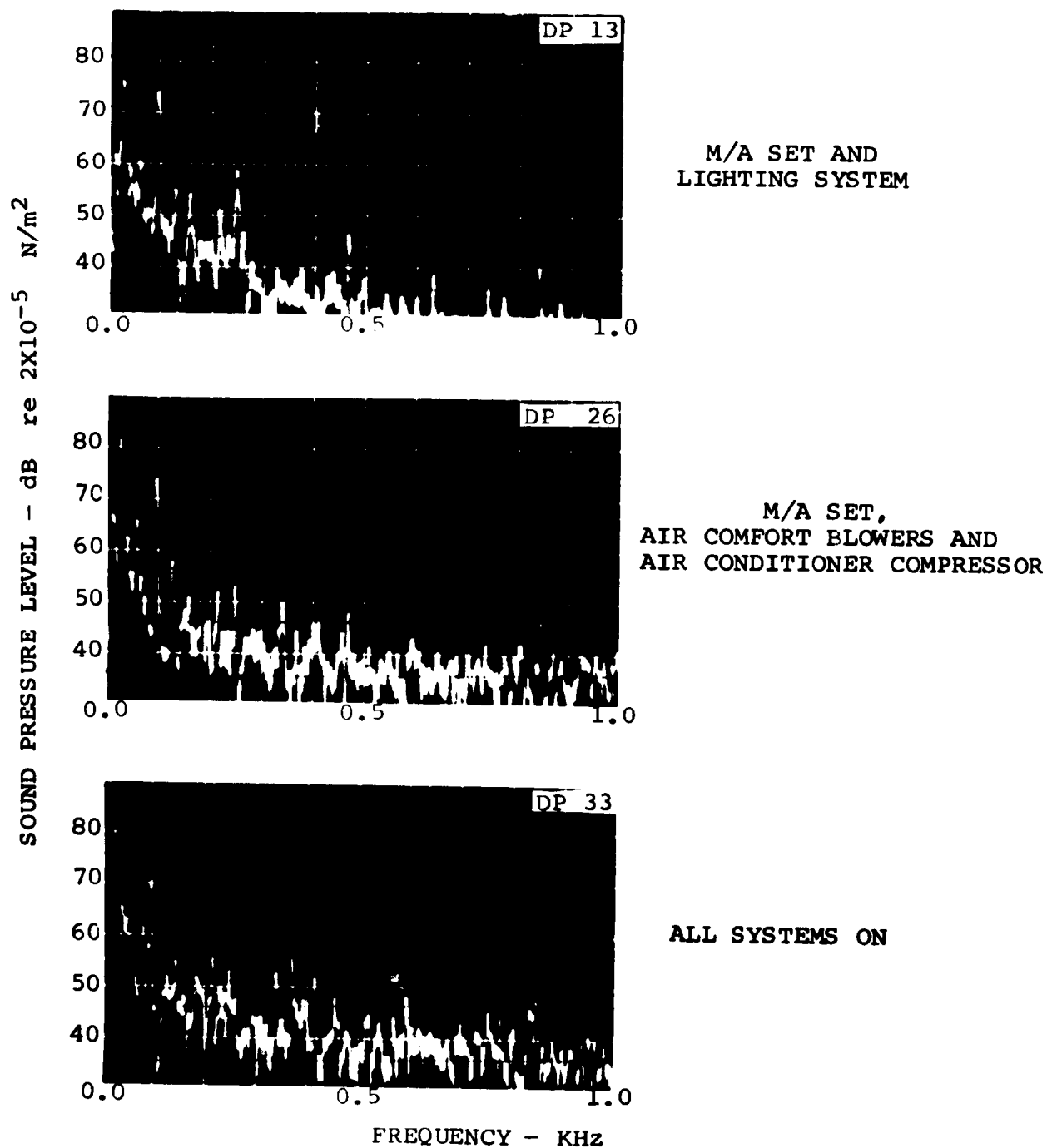


Figure 1-31. Interior Noise from Equipment, Car at Rest (Position 55)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

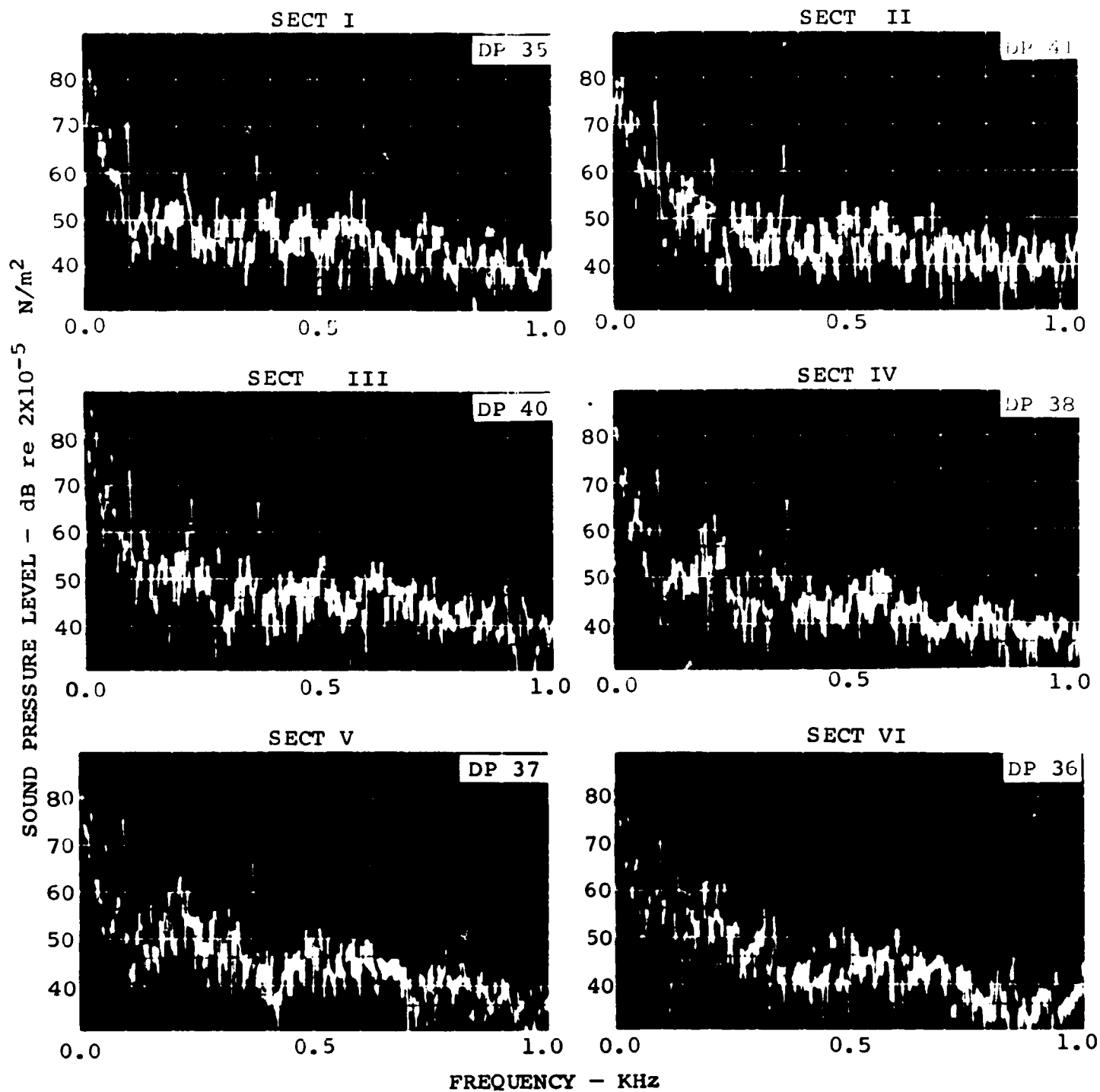


Figure 1-32. Effect of Track Construction on Interior Noise at 50 MPH (Position 55; Track Sections I to VI)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

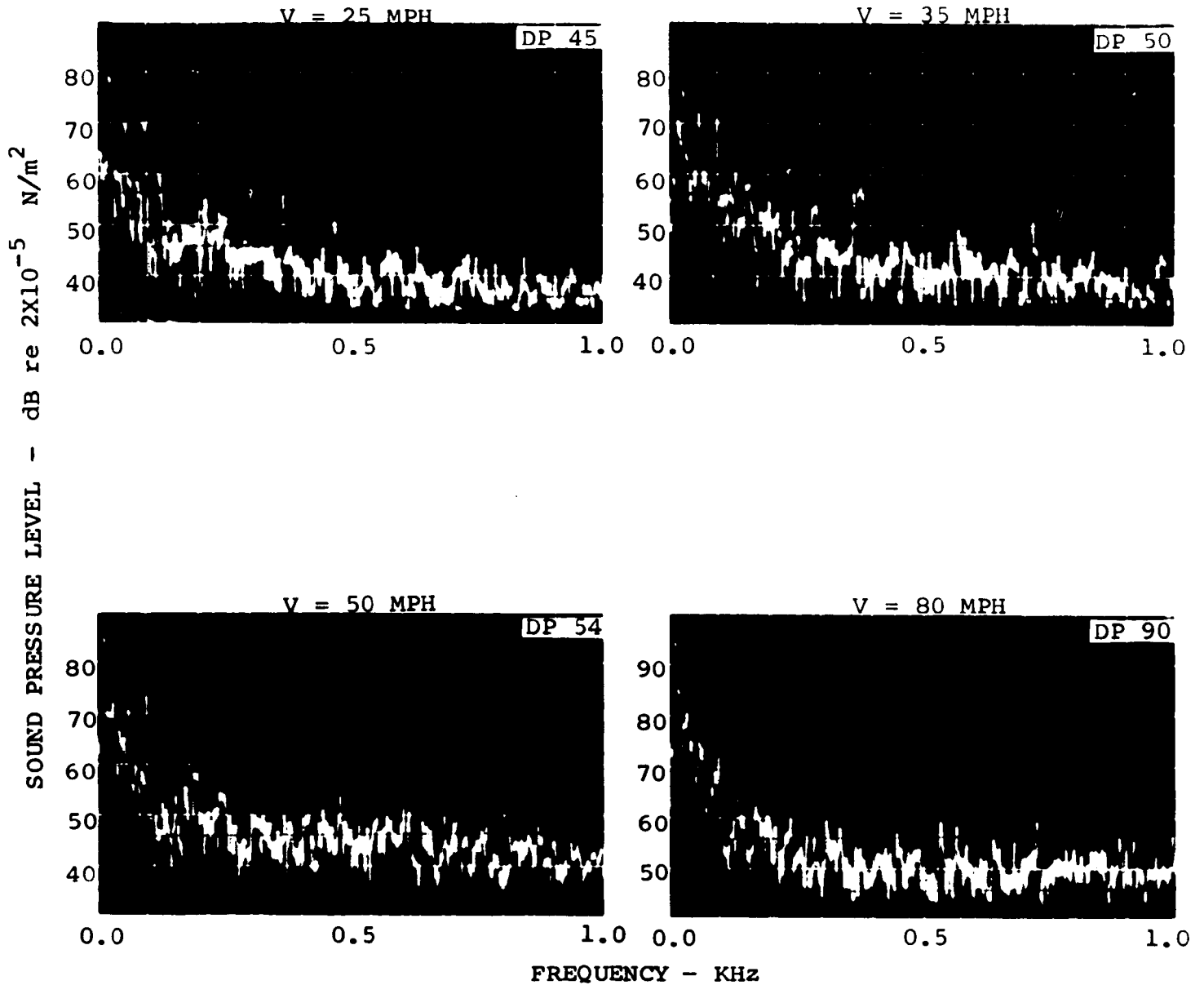


Figure 1-33. Effect of Car Speed on Interior Noise (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheel Flats; Position 55)



# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

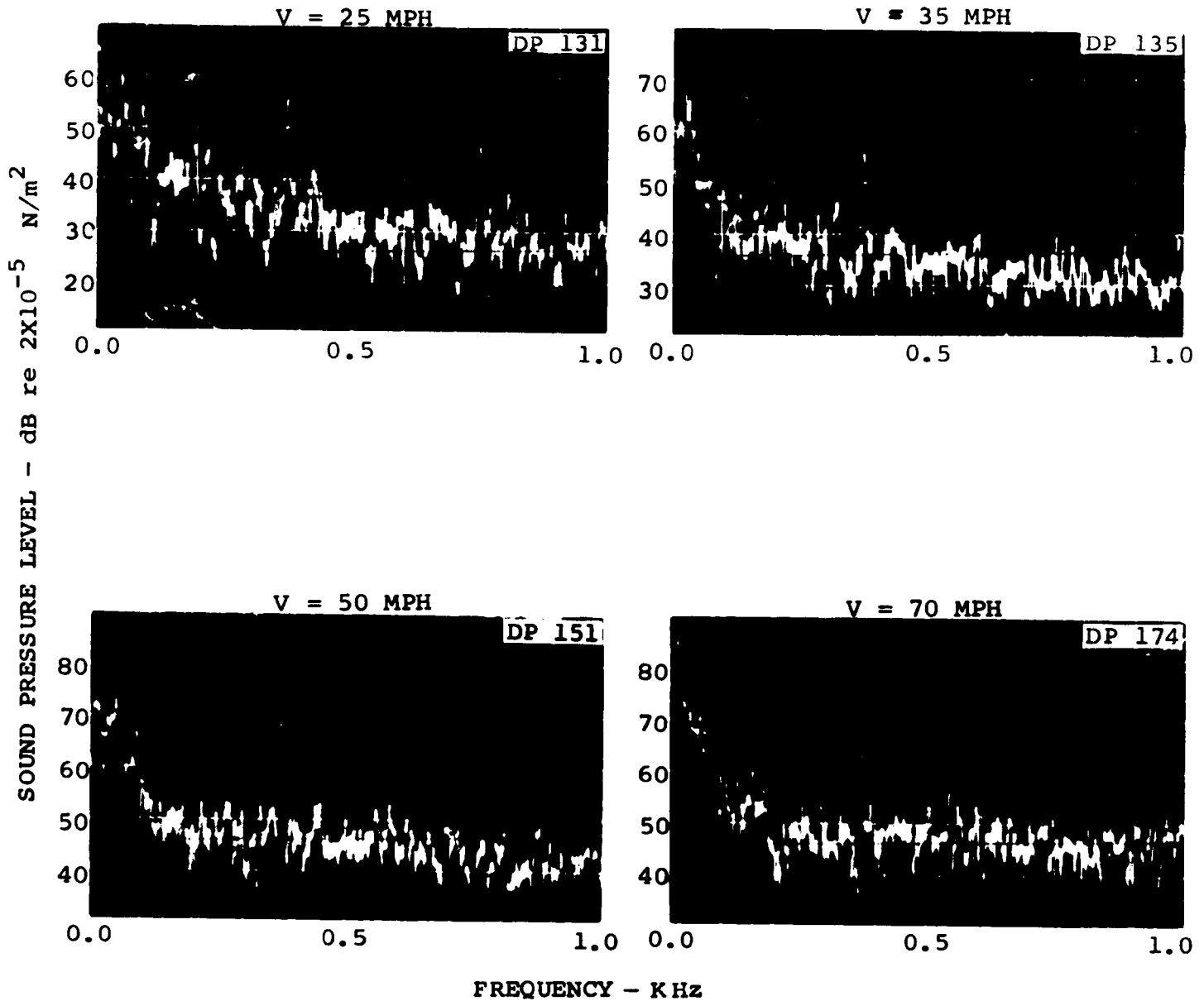


Figure 1-34. Effect of Car Speed on Interior Noise (Car No. 2; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheel Flats; Position 55)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

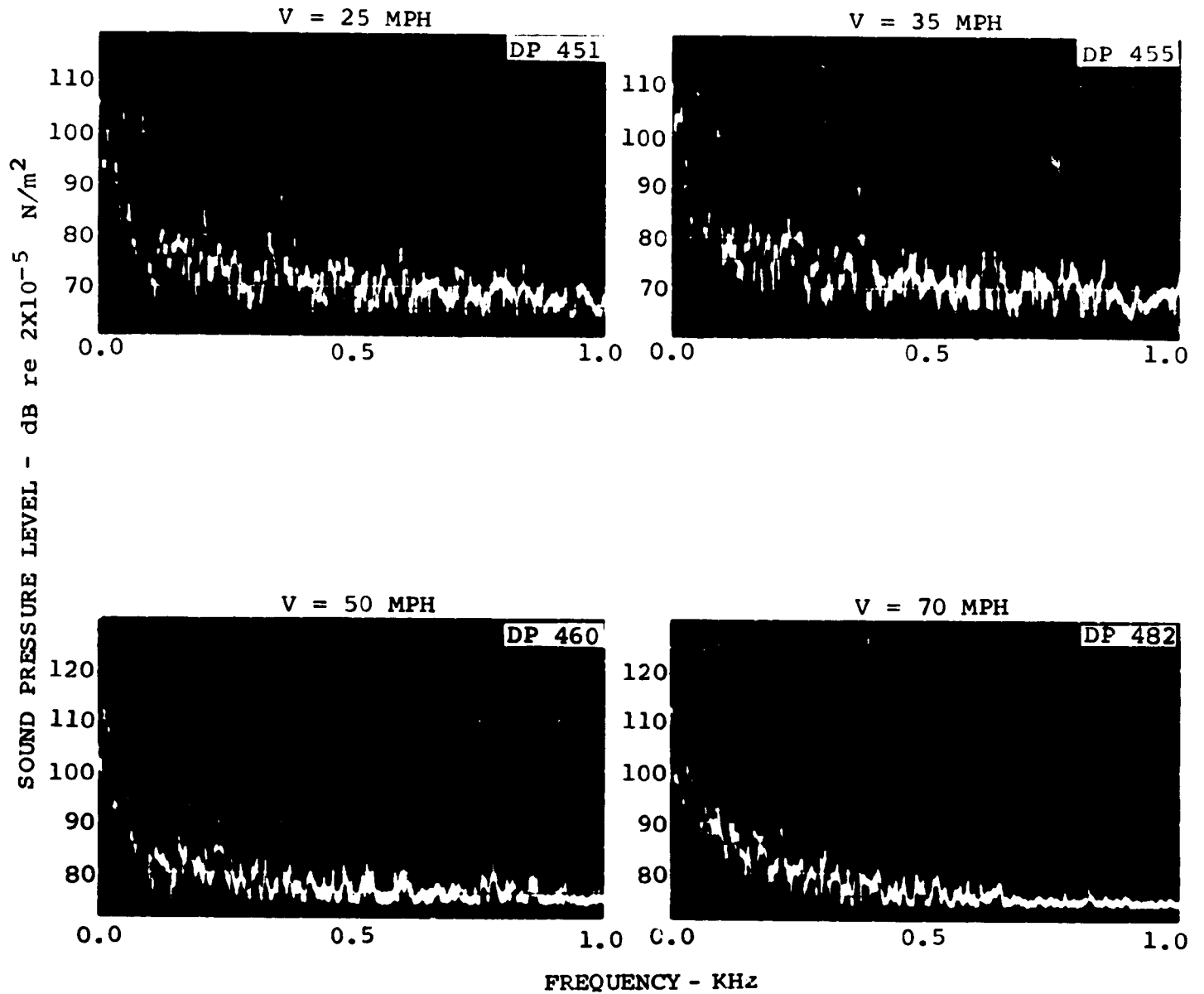


Figure 1-35. Effect of Car Speed on Interior Noise (Car No. 1; 105,000 Pounds; Trued Steel Wheels; Position 55)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

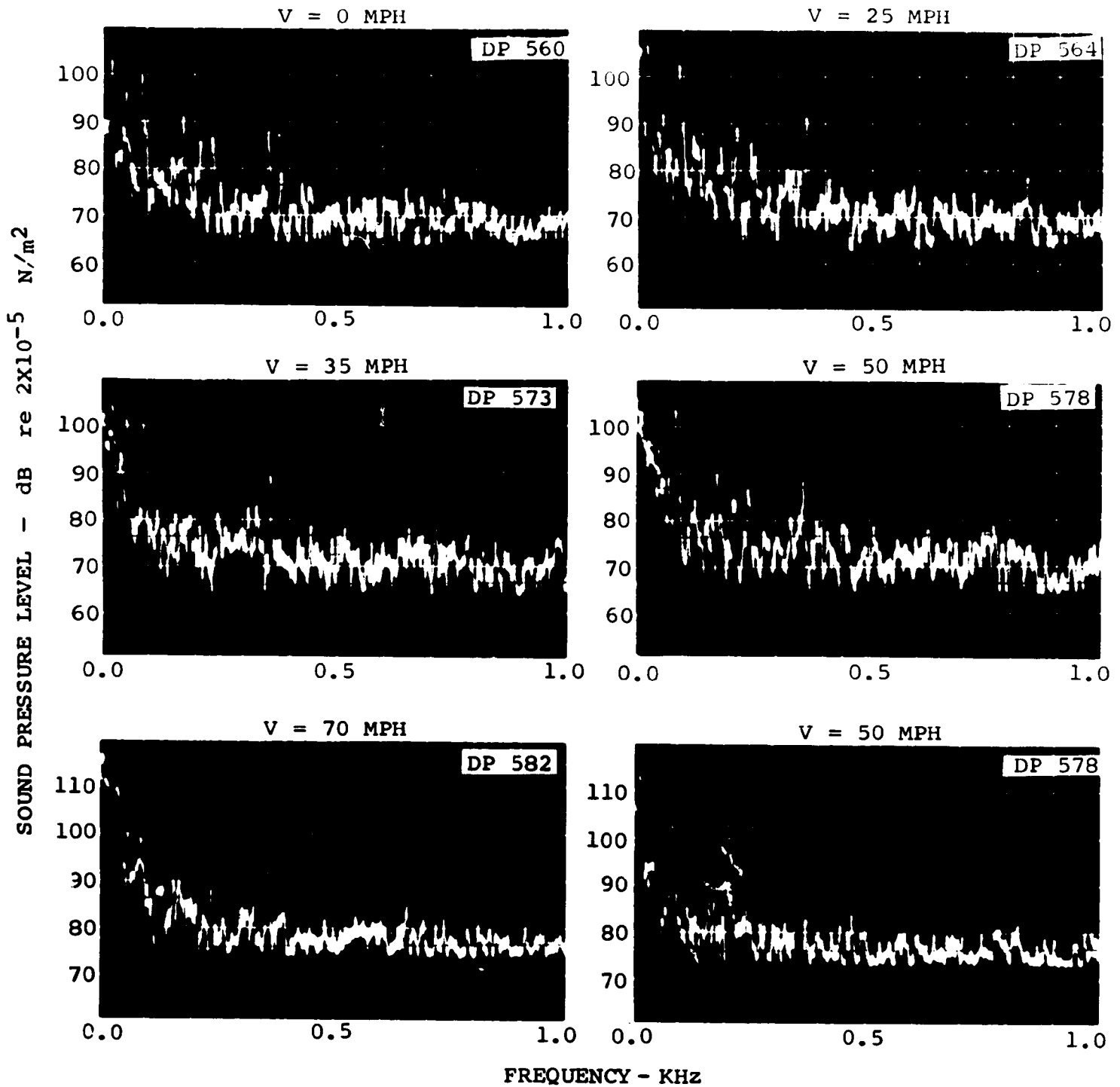


Figure 1-36. Effect of Car Speed on Interior Noise (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Resilient Wheels; Position 55)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

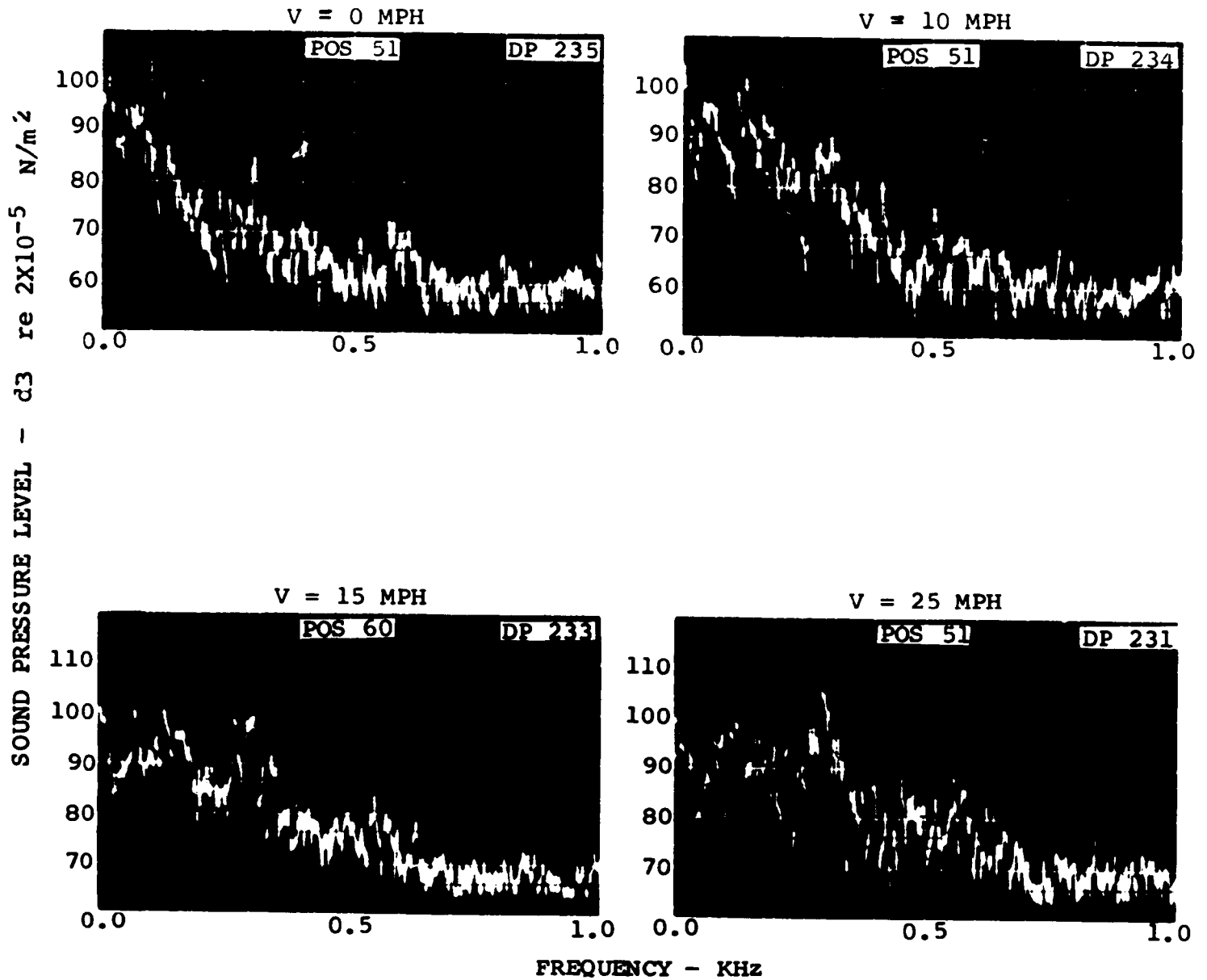


Figure 1-37. Interior Noise During Coasting with All Systems Off (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheel Flats; Track Section IV)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

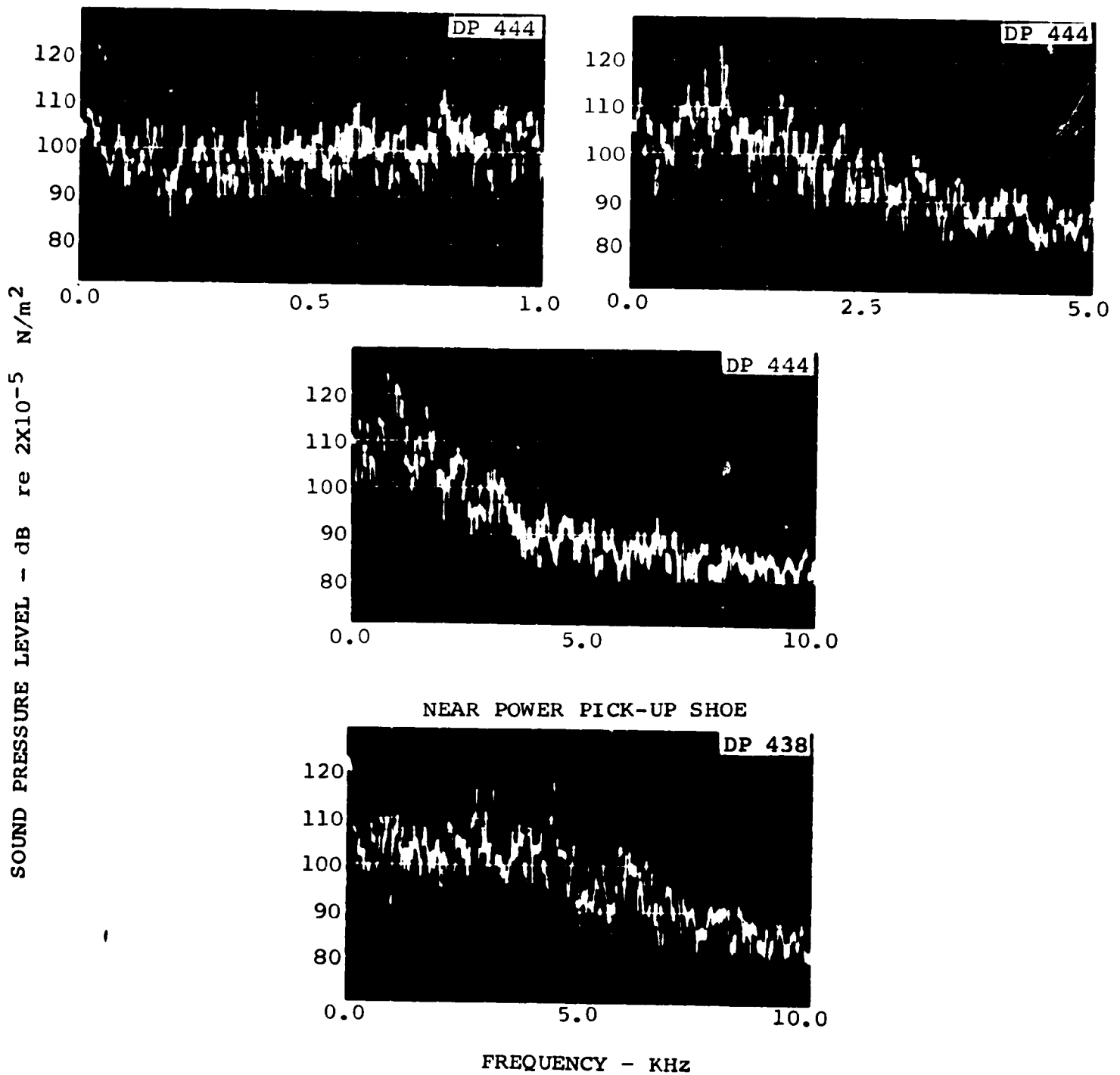


Figure 1-38. Undercar Noise at No. 1 Truck at 50 MPH (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Trued Steel Wheels)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

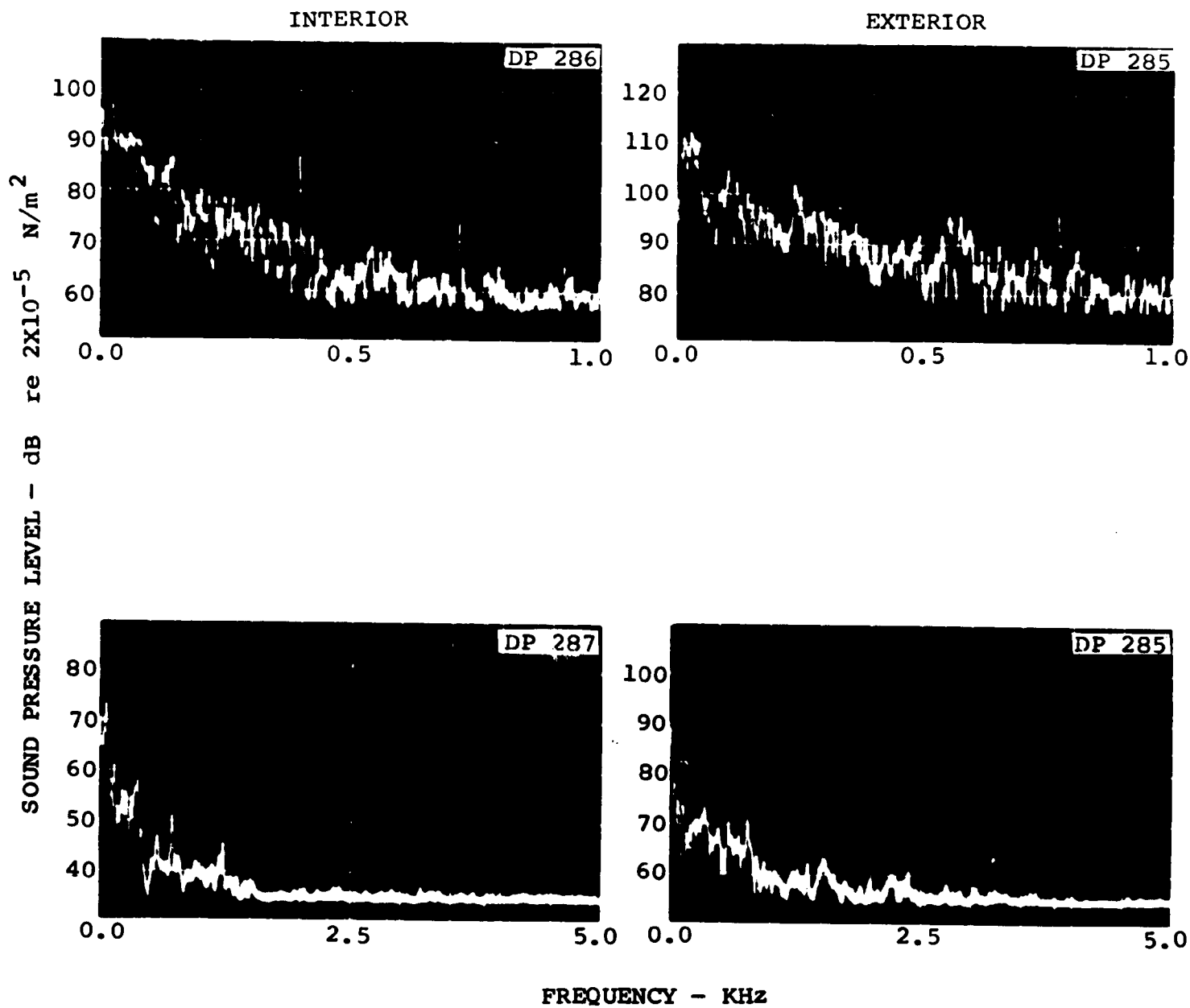


Figure 1-39. Car Body Noise Reduction at 25 MPH (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheel Flats; Wall Microphone)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

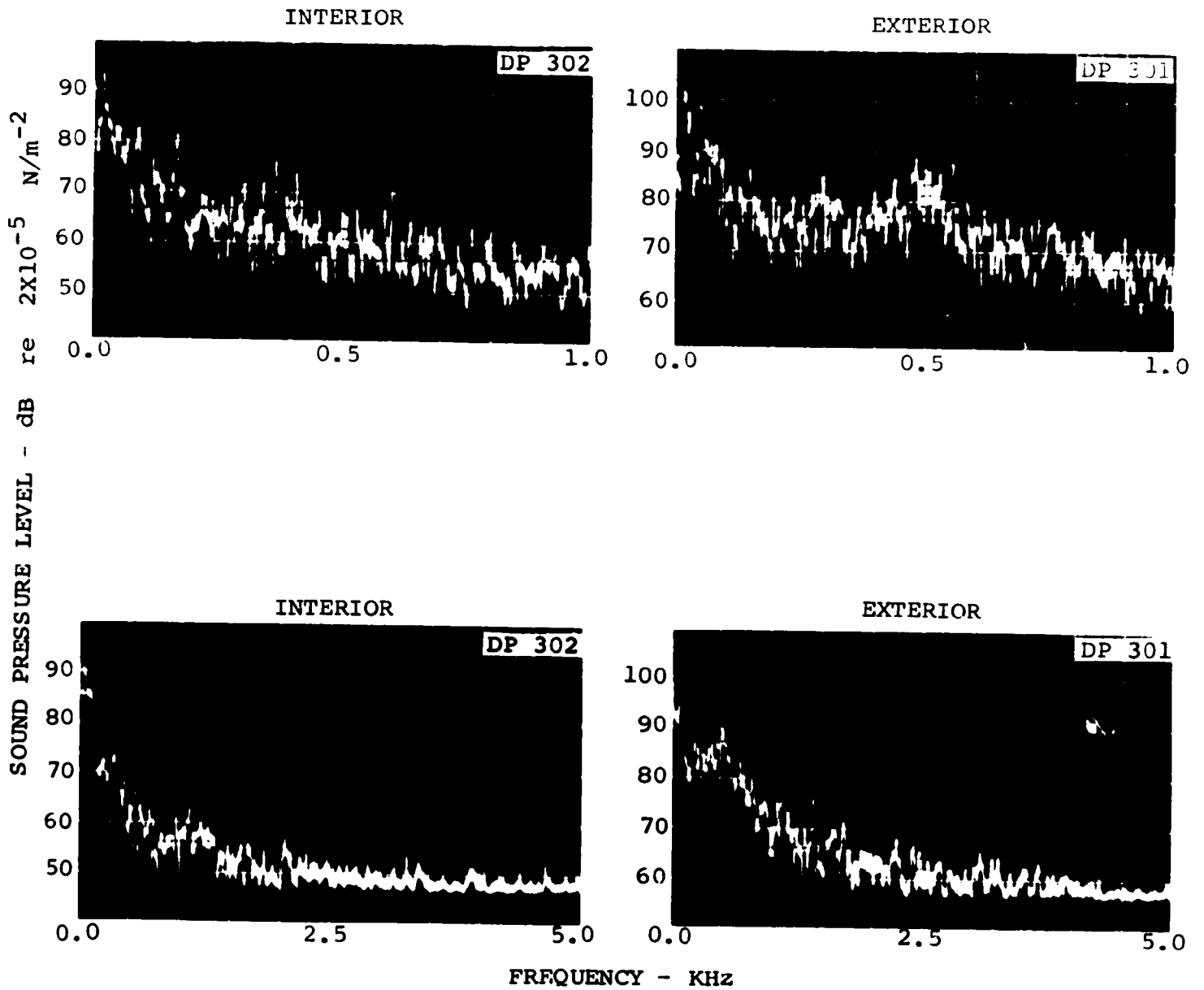
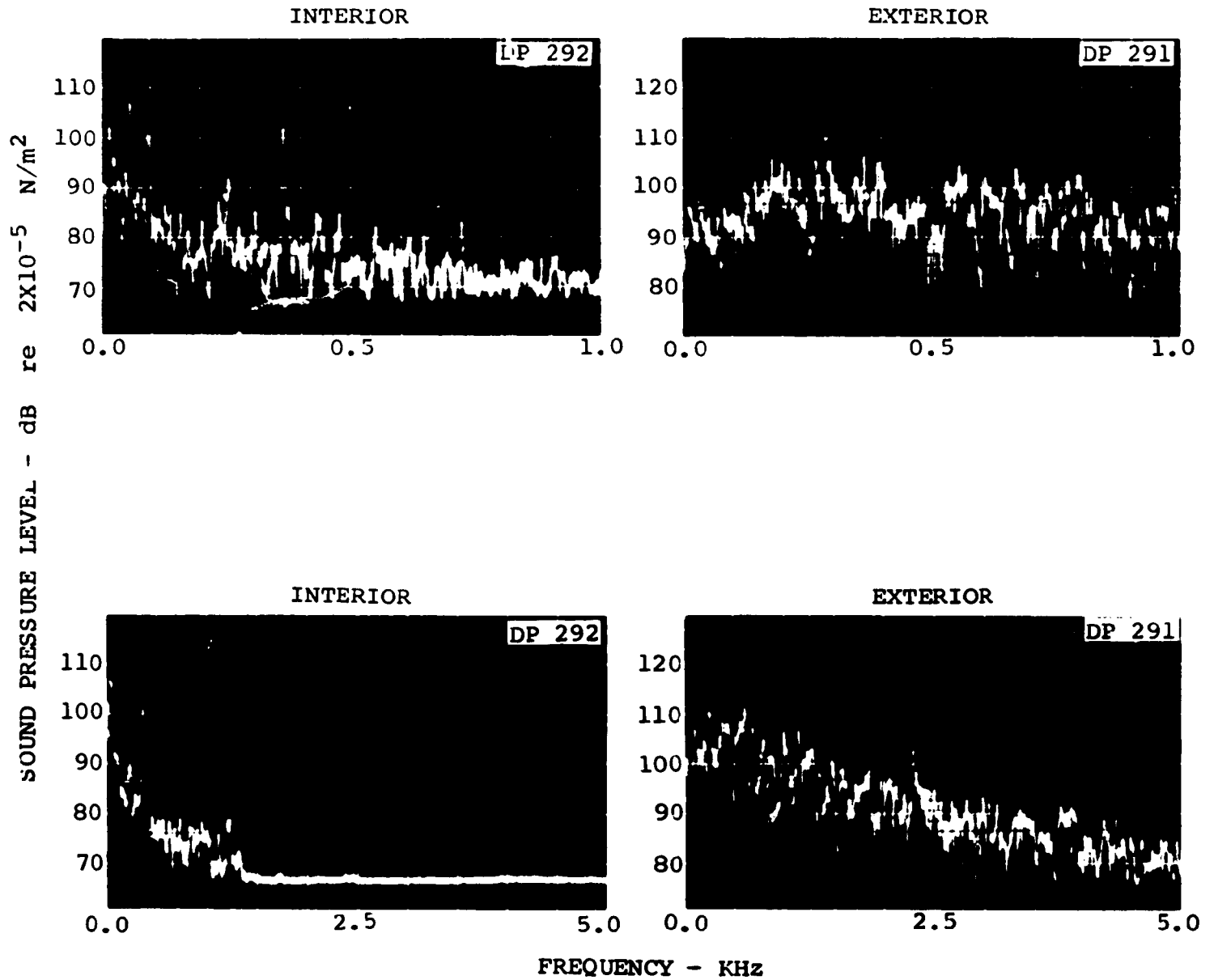


Figure 1-40. Car Body Noise Reduction at 25 MPH (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheel Flats; End Microphone)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA



**Figure 1-41. Car Body Noise Reduction at 35 MPH (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheel Flats; Truck Microphone)**



## 1.6 PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS

### 1.6.1 Interior Noise Control Features

Car body construction pertaining to noise control is shown in Figures 1-42 through 1-44. The upholstered seats of Car No. 1 provide absorption that is not achieved with the hard shell glass fiber seats of Car No. 2. Both cars have carpeted wind-screens at each door which provide added absorption to that of the carpeted floor. In addition to the car body itself, the air spring suspension between truck and body provides substantial isolation of truck structure-borne noise. The Acousta Flex wheels achieve a reduction in noise on tangent and large radius curve track, as measured at the HSGTC, as a result of damping not present in the steel wheel (Figure 1-45).

### 1.6.2 Comparison of Measured Interior Noise with SOAC Goals

A comparison of the SOAC exterior noise levels with the goals is made in Figure 1-46. Data for the low-density car is presented as being representative. The high-density car (No. 2) displays a wider envelope of levels because of the return air splitter configurations at the ends of the car. This configuration permits reduced evaporator blower noise at the "A" end (1 to 2 dBA), and higher blower noise at the "B" end (1 to 2 dBA), than the lower density (No. 1) car. Return air silencers have been recommended for both cars to achieve more uniform levels within each car.

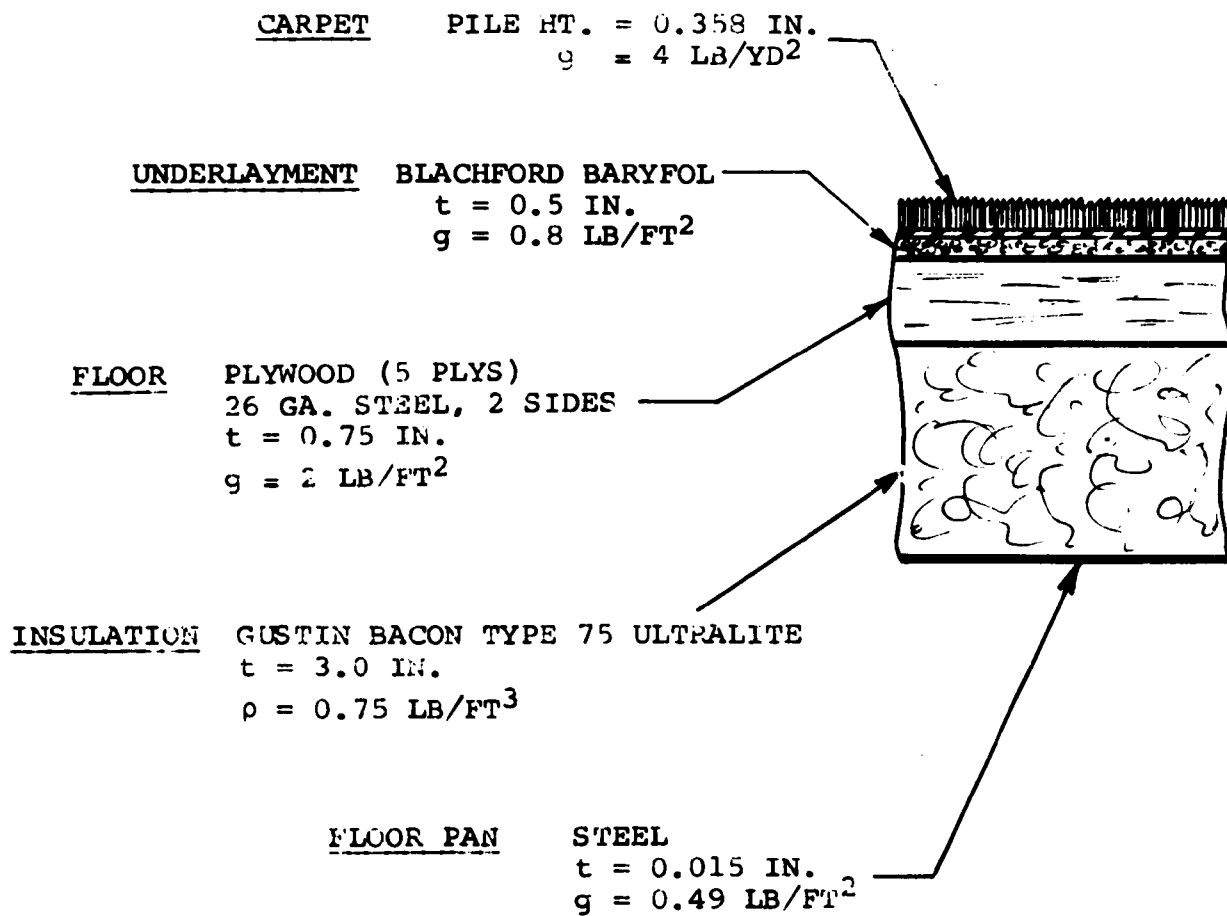
### 1.6.3 Effect of Velocity

Noise levels inside the car are established primarily by the undercar equipment, the air comfort system blowers in the overhead region at both ends of the car, and the noise from wheel/rail interaction. The lighting system ballasts are also audible at low speeds but are not an important contributor to the spectrum. When the car is at rest and operating at low speeds (below 25 mph) the equipment noise predominates in the "A" weighted levels and masks the wheel/rail noise. At speeds greater than 25 mph, the wheel/rail noise also contributes to the audible spectra, and its amplitude is a function of the wheel construction and tire surface quality.

Figure 1-47 shows interior noise trends as a function of speed, with wheel surface quality and the masking effects of equipment noise as parameters. Flat spots on the wheel tire significantly contribute to the acoustic signature of the car, which degrades as the number of flats increases. Note the difference in the high-speed noise of Cars 1 and 2 resulting from dissimilar "flat" patterns on the wheels of each car. The total

number of flats on the wheels of Car No. 1 at the time of documentation was 20, with 8 flats 1 inch or more in length. The No. 2 car, on the other hand, had 13 flats, of which only three were 1 inch or more in length.

Due to differences in the air conditioner evaporator blower levels, which arise from slight differences in the installation of the fresh and return air splitters in Cars No. 1 and 2, the noise levels below 25 mph display up to 5 dBA difference; consequently, a completely valid comparison of speed is not possible between cars. Above 25 mph where the wheel/rail noise contributes, the trend for the data with flats approaches 2.5 dBA for each 10 mph increment while the data with "trued" steel wheels displays less than 1 dBA per each 10 mph increase. The total change in level for the car with flats over its entire speed range (interpolated at 20 mph) was 13 dBA, while the car with no flats increased by only 3 dBA over the same speed increment. Trends documented with the resilient Acousta Flex wheels (no wheel flats) are similar to the steel wheels with no flats. Ideally, speed trends should be identified during conditions in which all car systems (other than those required for operation) are off.



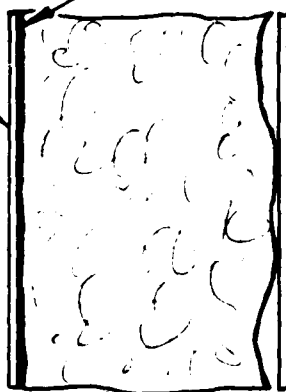
**Figure 1-42. Car Body Noise Reduction Features, Floor Construction**

WINDOW GLASS

$t = 0.25$  IN.  
 $g = 3.25$  lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

SKIN STEEL-SHEET,  $t = 0.078$  IN.  
CORRUGATED,  $t = 0.042$  IN.

DAMPING 1/32 IN. SPRAYED INSULMAT



LINER

FIBERGLASS REINFORCED PLASTIC

$t = 0.125$  IN.  
 $g = 0.91$  lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

OR

MELAMINE ON ALUMINUM

$t = 0.154$  IN.  
 $g = 1.75$  lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

INSULATION - GUSTIN BACON TYPE 75 ULTRALITE  
0.002 IN. ALUM. FACING (INNER FACE)  
THICKNESS - 1.0 IN.  
DENSITY - 0.75 LB/FT<sup>3</sup>

Figure 1-43. Car Body Noise Reduction Features, Sidewall Construction

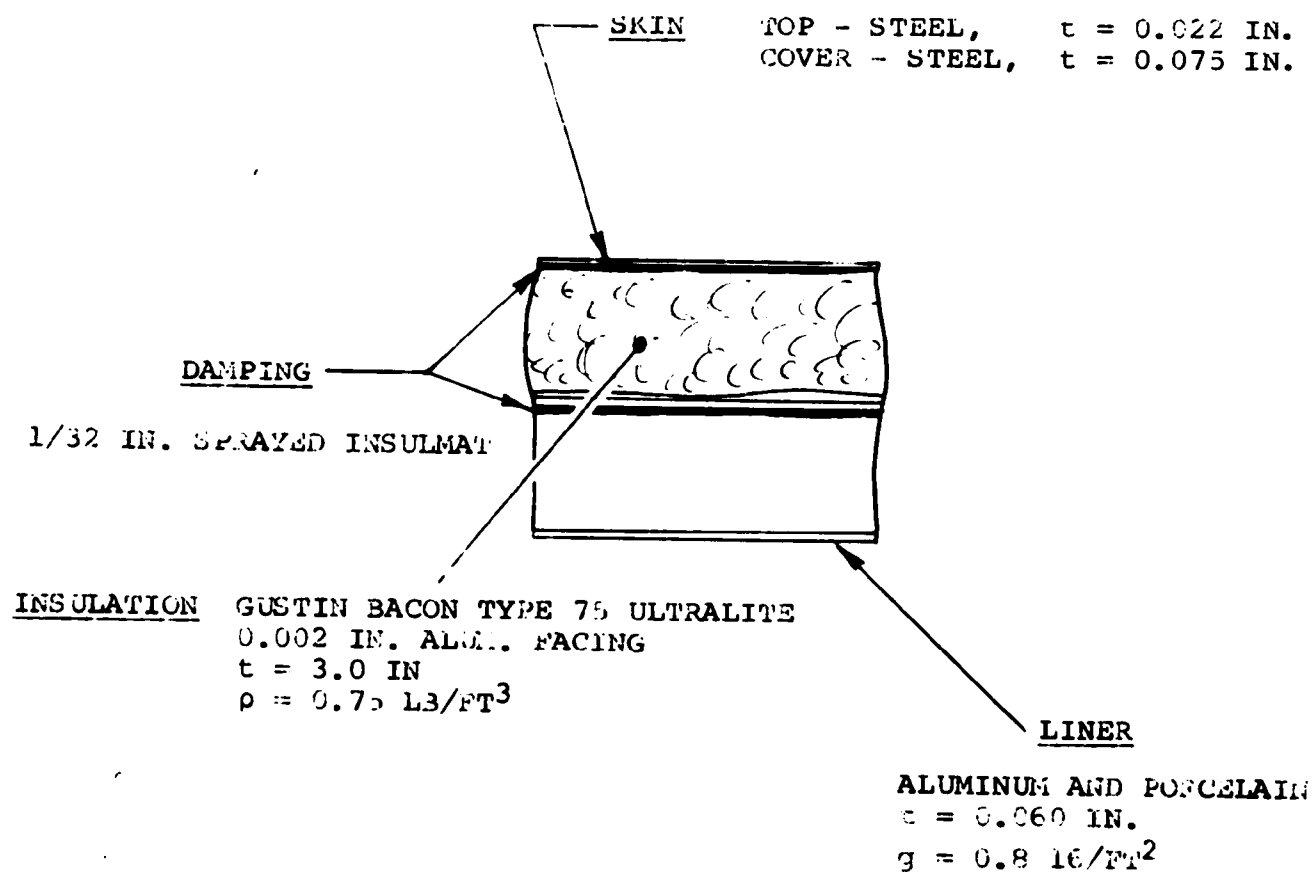


Figure 1-44. Car Body Noise Reduction Features, Ceiling Construction

# FREE-FREE MODE RADIAL IMPACT

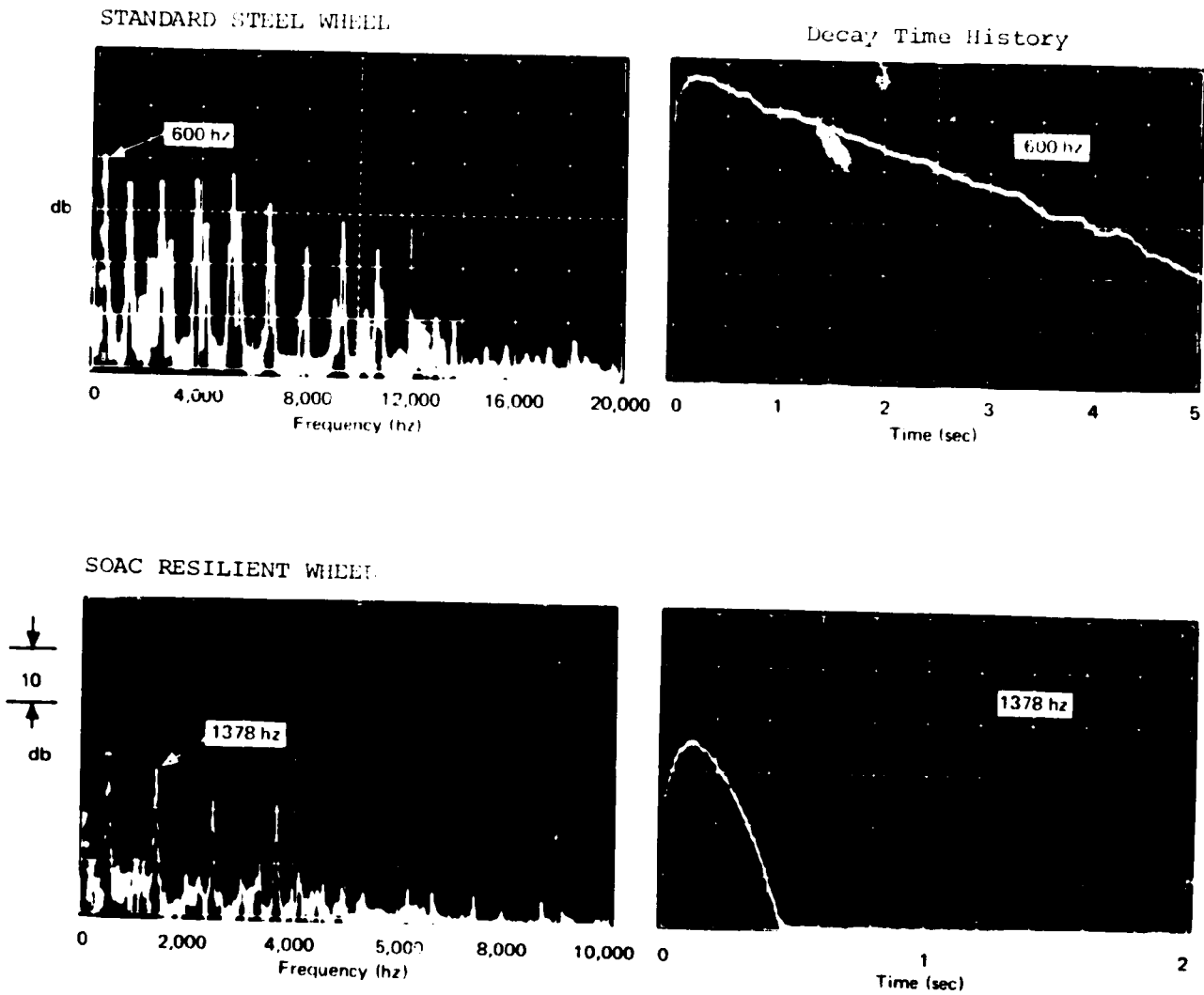


Figure 1-45. Comparison of Wheel Frequencies and Decay Rates

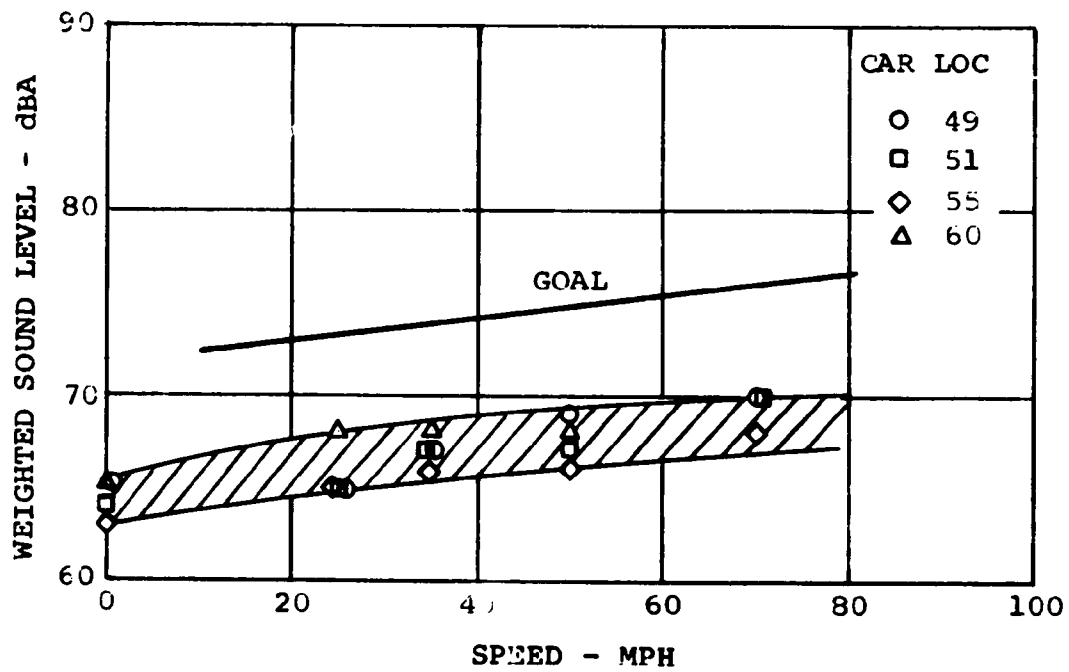


Figure 1-46. Comparison of Interior Noise Levels with Goals (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds)

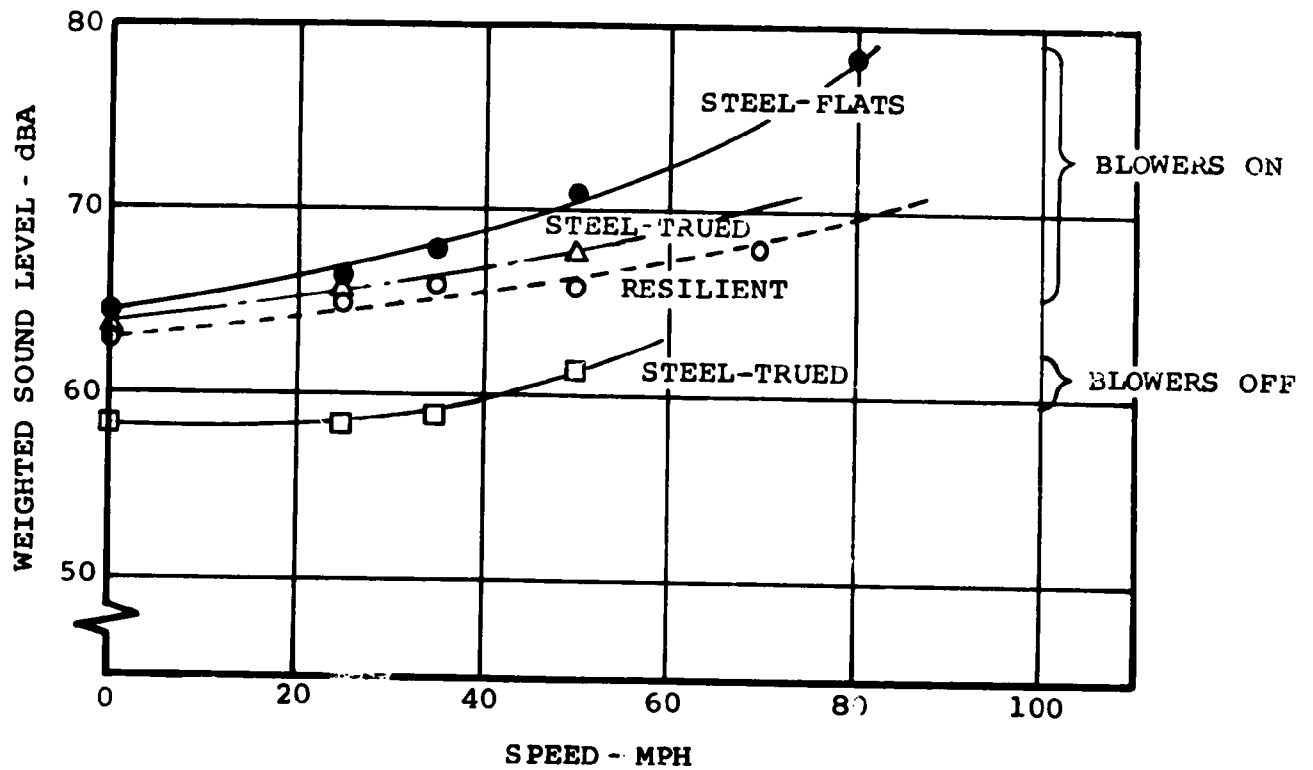


Figure 1-47. Effect of Wheel Configuration on Interior Noise (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Track Section I)



## Section 2

### WAYSIDE NOISE

#### 2.1 SUMMARY

##### Sequence

Table 2-1 gives the test run numbers for the wayside noise testing.

TABLE 2-1. WAYSIDE NOISE SURVEY TEST RUN LOG

SOAC Car No.	Weight (lb)	Test Run Log Numbers	
		Steel Wheels	Resilient Wheels
1	90,000	87, 89, 110	134
2	90,000	88	136
1	105,000	-	135
2	105,000	113	-
Train	90,000	90, 91, 92	-
Train	105,000	-	137

##### Test Procedures

Detailed test procedures are presented in SOAC ENGINEERING TEST PROGRAM TEST PROCEDURES (Reference 1).

##### Objective

The objective of the wayside noise testing was to measure the wayside noise levels of the SOAC cars operating at the HSGTC under various conditions. These data will be used to describe the acoustical characteristics of the SOAC vehicles and for comparison with subsequent noise tests performed at the demonstration properties. A secondary objective is to develop and verify procedures for performing such tests.

## Status

Wayside noise was surveyed for the single SOAC cars and two-car trains at car weights of 90,000 and 105,000 pounds. The baseline measurements were made for the car with steel wheels; selected data points were repeated with resilient wheels. Test procedures were developed and verified.

## 2.2 TEST DESCRIPTION

The microphone was located at a distance of 50 feet from the track centerline for all of the data points surveyed, and a distance of 15 feet for selected runs. The types of wayside noise surveyed were as follows:

- a. Equipment noise
- b. Speed effect (include repeat runs)
- c. Track construction effect
- d. Distance effect
- e. Two-car effect
- f. Power condition effect
- g. Resilient wheels

Sound measurements were made in a manner which allowed a complete time history of each measured sound signal to be retained on a magnetic tape. Subsequent data reduction included standard "A" weighted acoustical levels, 1/3-octave band analysis and narrow band spectrum analysis for selected data points.

## 2.3 INSTRUMENTATION

### 2.3.1 Field Measurement Equipment

The instrumentation used for measurement of noise levels consisted of a 1-inch condenser microphone with battery operated cathode-follower and a 1/4-inch, single-channel tape recorder. Table 2-2 lists the specific items of equipment by manufacturer, model, and serial number. For wayside measurements, the microphone was mounted on a tripod for each of the passby measurements and a windscreen installed to reduce the interference of wind on the data. The recorder was operated at a tape speed of 7-1/2 ips to achieve a good frequency response characteristic. A gain/attenuation system consisting of 10 dB incremental steps was incorporated in the recorder to maintain accuracy of the system.

### 2.3.2 Calibration

The recorder was calibrated prior to testing using a swept-frequency sinusoidal insert voltage over the range 20 Hz to

TABLE 2-2. WAYSIDE NOISE MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION

Item	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.
1. Tape Recorder	Kudelski	NAGRA III	PHO 67-10290
2. Tape Recorder	Kudelski	NAGRA III	PHO 67-10441
3. Microphone, 1-inch	B&K	4131	73624
4. Power Supply	B&K	2630	168943
5. Microphone	B&K	4131	205686
6. Power Supply	B&K	2630	87507
7. Calibrator	B&K	4230	395443

20 kHz at a level of 100  $\mu$ v. The input signal was applied at the cathode follower, recorded on magnetic tape, and played back on the same recorder to produce the frequency response curve shown in Figure 1-4. Microphone response does not change system accuracy over the frequency range from 2 to 15 kHz.

During the test period, a known signal (94 dB at 1000 Hz) was recorded on each tape to establish system sensitivity as well as a reference level for analysis of the data.

### 2.3.3 System Accuracy

- a. The frequency response of each microphone to a sinusoidal wave of consistent amplitude lies within the limits of 10 Hz to 15 kHz linear  $\pm 1$  dB for sound pressure levels in the range of 50 to 120 dBSPL.
- b. Each complete assembly of noise measurement and recording equipment (including cables) had an electrical frequency response linearity of within  $\pm 2$  dB from 50 Hz to 10 kHz for a range of signal voltage levels corresponding to input sound levels of 50 dB to 120 dBSPL at the microphone sensor.
- c. The total harmonic distortion of the sound sensing microphone equipment did not exceed 1 percent over the measurement dynamic range.
- d. The total harmonic distortion of the assembled noise measurement and recording equipment did not exceed 4 percent over the measurement dynamic range.

### 2.4 TEST PROCEDURES

Locations selected for wayside noise surveys had relatively flat terrain on both sides of the right-of-way. Tracksides locations are shown in Figure 2-1; specific sites are indicated

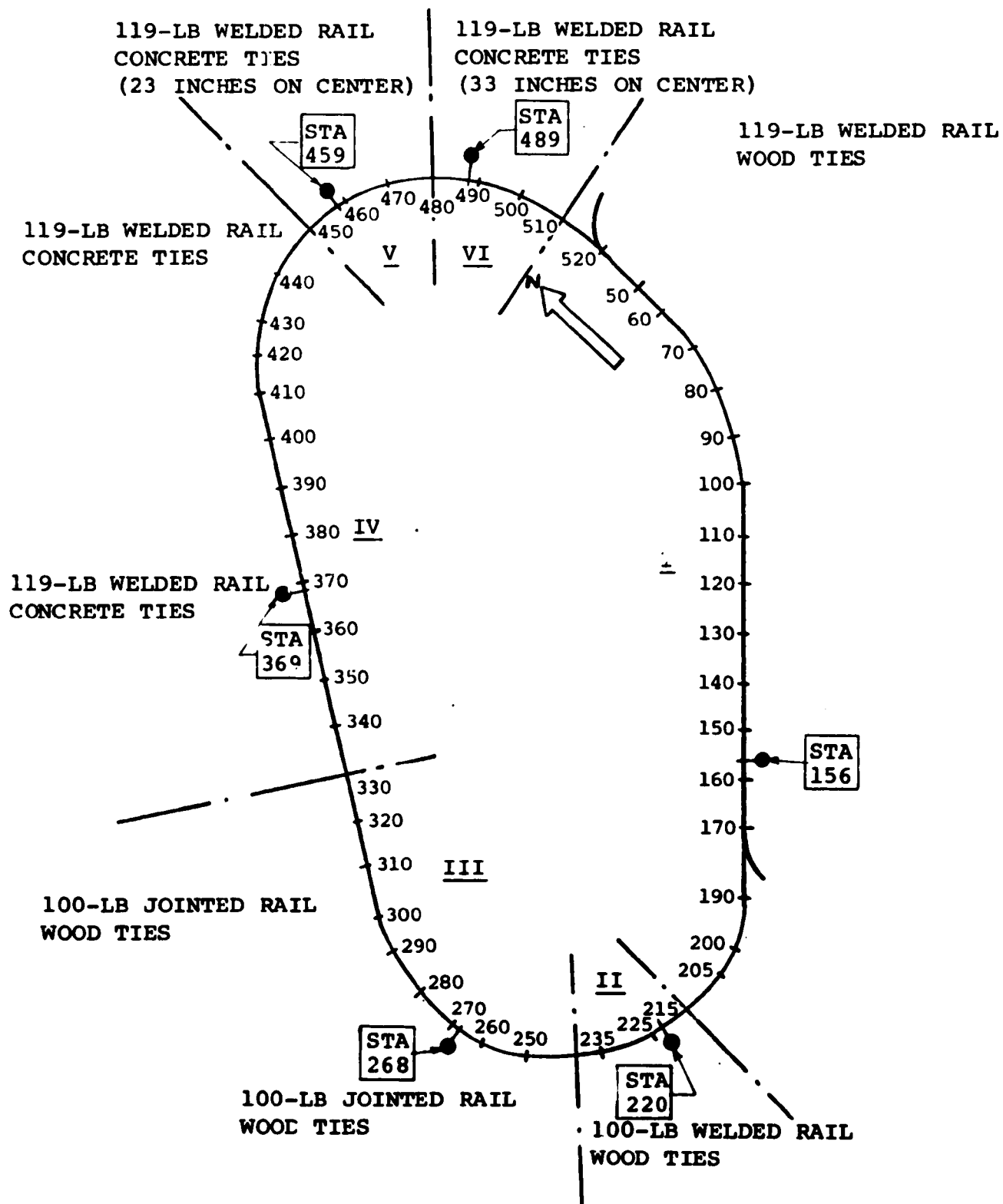


Figure 2-1. Microphone Locations for Wayside Noise Survey on UMTA Rail Transit Test Track

in Figure 2-2. Measurements of wayside noise were made at a distance of 50 feet from the track centerline on the outside of the test oval (the third rail is on the inside). Selected data points were recorded 15 feet from the track centerline, as well. Height of the microphone as mounted on the tripod was 5 feet above the local ground level and approximately 3 feet above rail height.

A brief investigation at the Track Section I location showed that there was no observable difference in passby noise with car direction for dBA weighting if car speed was held constant. Thus, to facilitate noise measurements, data were taken with the car operating in both directions.

Measurements of ambient noise showed that levels were, in all cases, substantially greater than 10 dBA below maximum passby levels and thus did not contribute to reported sound levels of the car.

Detailed testing procedures are as follows:

#### Pre-Test Procedures

- a. Ballast car to required weight (AW \_\_\_\_)
- b. Set-up and calibrate instruments at the test site.
- c. Move the car to the test zone.

#### 2.4.1 Equipment Noise Survey, Wayside Noise

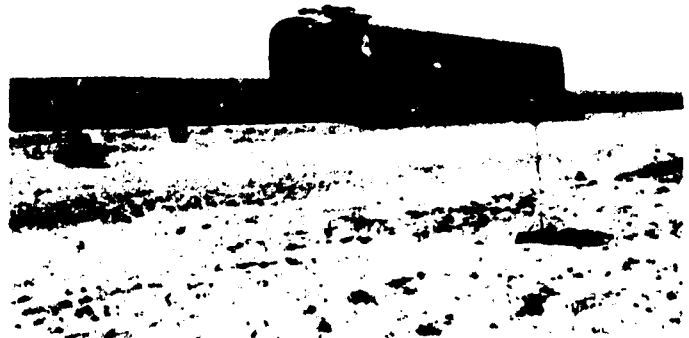
The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the effect on exterior noise levels of cycling various undercar equipment items.

- a. Position the SOAC car at a boarding platform away from other noise sources with all equipment turned off.
- b. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures.
- c. Position the microphone at the ear level of a standing passenger on the platform.
- d. Start the recorder prior to equipment cycle, identify the test point, and record gain level by voice.
- e. Start up each item of equipment noted below and record approximately 15 seconds of noise data for each record.
  1. All equipment off

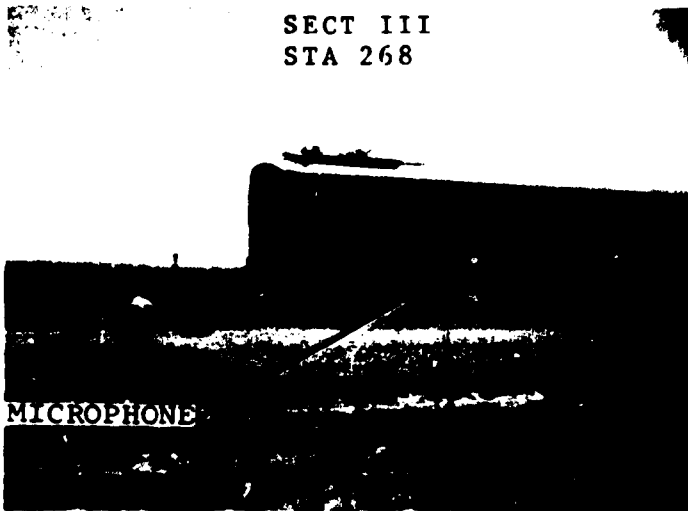
SECT I  
STA 156



SECT II  
STA 220



SECT III  
STA 268



SECT IV  
STA 369



SECT V  
STA 459



SECT VI  
STA 489



*Figure 2-2. Trackside Microphone Locations*

2. Lighting system inverter
  3. Motor alternator start-up
  4. Air conditioning compressor
  5. Traction motor blowers
  6. Brake air compressor
  7. Passenger door cycle
  8. Venting of brakeline
  9. Service stop: decelerate from 50 mph; stop at platform with a passenger door at the platform; cycle doors and accelerate to 50 mph.
- f. Stop recorder and enter record number on Log Sheet.

#### 2.4.2 Effect of Car Speed on Wayside Noise

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the effect of car speed on wayside noise of both SOAC cars at two car weights (90,000 and 105,000 pounds).

- a. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures at a level, tangent portion of Track Section I on the outside of the loop at a distance of 50 feet from track centerline.
- b. Position the microphone at a height 5 feet above the rail.
- c. Start the recorder prior to the passby of the car. Identify the test point, location, amplifier gain level, and ambient weather conditions by voice.
- d. For each passby, maintain car test speed for a minimum of 10 seconds prior to passing the microphone. Maintain test speed for the same length of time after passing the microphone.
- e. The passby direction of motion of the car will be the same for all runs unless the wind is calm, in which case either end of the car may lead. In this case, document the car end approaching the microphone.
- f. Determine the effect of data repeatability by obtaining three data points at the 50 mph test condition.

#### 2.4.3 Distance Effect on Wayside Noise

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the effect of distance on SOAC wayside noise. Using at least two data channels, position a reference microphone 15 feet from the track centerline, and progressively position a second microphone at 50, 100, and 200 foot distances on the level, tangent portion of Track Section I. This test will be performed on one car at a single car weight (90,000 pounds).

- a. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures.
- b. Position the microphones at a height of 5 feet above the rail.
- c. Start the recorder prior to the passby of the car; identify the test point; record amplifier gain level, location, and ambient weather conditions by voice.
- d. For each passby, maintain car test speed for a minimum of 10 seconds prior to passing the microphone. Maintain test speed for the same length of time after passing the microphone.
- e. The passby direction of the motion of the car will be the same for all runs unless the wind is calm, in which case either end of the car may lead. In this case, document the car end approaching the microphone.

#### 2.4.4 Effect of Track Construction on Wayside Noise

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the effect of the different types of track section construction on SOAC wayside noise. The test will be evaluated on one SOAC car at the 90,000-pound weight.

- a. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures at a distance of 50 feet from the track centerline and at a height of 5 feet above the rail on the outside of the test loop.
- b. Start the recorder prior to the passby of the car. Identify the test point, location, amplifier gain level, and ambient weather conditions by voice.
- c. For each passby, maintain car test speed for a minimum time of 10 seconds prior to passing the microphone. Maintain test speed for the same length of time after passing the microphone.



- d. The passby direction of motion of the car will be the same for all runs unless the wind is calm, in which case either end of the car may lead. In this case, document the car end approaching the microphone.

#### 2.4.5 Coupled-Car Wayside Noise Levels

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the effect on wayside noise of running two SOAC cars at one car weight (90,000 pounds). Track Section I will be used for the evaluation.

- a. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures at a distance of 50 feet from the track centerline and at a height of 5 feet above the rail on the outside of the test loop.
- b. Start the recorder prior to the passby of the car. Identify the test point, location, amplifier gain, and ambient weather conditions by voice.
- c. For each passby, maintain the car at test speed for a minimum of 10 seconds prior to passing the microphone. Maintain test speed for the same length of time after passing the microphone.
- d. The passby direction of motion of the car will be the same for all runs unless the wind is calm, in which case either end of the car may lead. In this case, document the car end approaching the microphone.

#### 2.4.6 Car Body Noise Reduction Survey

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the noise reduction of the SOAC car body. Tests will be conducted for the sidewall, car floor, and car end. Car weight will be 90,000 pounds.

- a. Mount one microphone on the exterior wall of the car, approximately at midpoint between the sill and roof (not at a window). Install a nose cone on the forward facing microphone and route the lead wire through the nearest passenger door, minimizing all acoustical leaks.
- b. Set-up an interior microphone at a location just inside the exterior system. For a single channel tape recorder, connect the exterior and interior microphone leads to a switching box.
- c. Calibrate recording system per previously described procedures.

- d. Identify the test point and record gain level. Record at least 15 seconds of data for both the interior and exterior microphone. Stop the recorder and enter record number and amplifier gain on a log sheet.
- e. Repeat steps (a) through (d) for a microphone mounted on the outside at the B end of the car, approximately at midpoint of the panel adjacent to the end door.
- f. Repeat steps (a) through (d) for a microphone mounted on the No. 2 truck safety strap on the third rail side of the car to measure noise of the third rail collector shoe.

#### 2.4.7 Effect of Resilient Wheels on Wayside Noise

The purpose of this sequence of tests is to determine the effect of resilient wheels on the wayside noise level of each of the SOAC cars. Tests will be conducted at 90,000-pound car weights. Car configuration will be the same as for the noise survey with steel wheels, except that resilient wheels will be installed.

- a. Set-up and calibrate the recording system per previously described procedures at each required location. The microphone shall be located at distance of 50 feet from the track centerline on the outside of the loop at a height of 5 feet above the rail.
- b. Start recorder prior to the passby of the car. Identify the test point, location, record amplifier gain level, and ambient weather conditions by voice.
- c. For each passby, maintain the car at test speed for a minimum of 10 seconds prior to passing by the microphone. Maintain test speed for the same length of time after passing the microphone.
- d. The passby direction of the motion of the car will be the same for all runs unless the wind is calm, in which case either end of the car may lead. In this case, document the car end approaching the microphone.
- e. The effect of data repeatability will be determined by obtaining three data points at the 50 mph test condition.

#### 2.5 WAYSIDE DATA

Much of the data obtained at the wayside during car passby was recorded during variable conditions of temperature and wind

velocity. As a result, some data recorded on the same car with the vehicle at rest and all systems operating display differences of 3 to 6 dBA. Corrections have not been made to these data to "standard day" conditions accounting for wind, temperature and pressure, and any comparisons which are made between configurations (e.g., wheels) should account for these anomalies.

The Boeing Vertol Company operates a Calibration/Certification Laboratory to insure the maintenance of instrumentation standards traceable to the National Bureau of Standards. Analyzer characteristics such as filter bandwidths are checked twice yearly, as are microphone calibrators. Frequency response characteristics of record systems are typically run prior to each test program.

The basic analysis of all data recorded during the program consists of a frequency analysis using an "A" weighting network (see Table 2-3). Selected data points have also been analyzed using 1/3-octave band filters (preferred frequencies) as in Figures 2-3 through 2-10. All data reported has been converted to sound pressure levels referenced to  $2.0 \times 10^{-5}$  n/m<sup>2</sup>.

Where narrow band components required identification, data were analyzed with a digital analyzer (Federal Scientific UA-6 Spectrum Analyzer). Data from this analysis are presented in the form of oscilloscope photographs. For passby noise, the frequency spectra was captured at the maximum level for that run. These spectral data are presented in Figures 2-11 through 2-18.

## 2.6 PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS

### 2.6.1 Comparison with SOAC Goals

A comparison of measured wayside noise levels with SOAC goals (Figure 2-19) shows that goals have been achieved above 35 mph. Below 35 mph, the noise of the traction motor blowers establishes the "A" weighted sound levels of the car.

A comparison of noise levels for each wheel configuration (Figure 2-20) indicates that the increase in wayside noise of measured steel wheel levels over the levels for resilient wheels is 2 to 3 dBA over the car operating speed range, as is expected.

### 2.6.2 Effect of Two Cars on Wayside Noise

Comparison of wayside noise levels for single and two-car trains (Figure 2-21) shows an increase of 3 dBA for the second car at speeds below 50 mph. At 70 mph, there is an increase

of 8 dBA over the single car level which may stem from small magnitude flats on the second car not present on the first car and not significant at the lower speeds. No documentation of wheel flats exists for these test runs for either car, however. A 2 to 3 dBA increase for the second car would be predicted on the basis of doubling the number of cars (randomly phased sources) and this is confirmed at the lower speed values.

### 2.6.3 Effect of Wheel and Rail Surface Roughness

Data obtained on the SOAC with wheel flats is substantially higher than displayed by the wheels after they had been trued. The initial survey was obtained on the cars after the wheels had developed numerous flats. Later in the program, the surfaces of the wheels were smoothed by removing the flats, using grinding stones fixed to the wheel brake pads, applying a relatively light load to the brake system, and then towing the car until the flats had been removed. Noise from these two configurations are compared in Figure 2-22. Wayside noise is shown to be dependent on the number and magnitude of flats on the wheels.

Rail surface also plays a role in establishing wayside noise levels. As expected, the smoothest rail surfaces produce the lowest noise levels. An illustration of this can be seen by comparing car noise on each of the six track sections at the HSGTC. Each section of track was ground smooth, to the same standards, in February 1973, but Track Section I had more usage throughout the year. This section of track is used by heavy locomotives and equipment cars traveling between the Army Depot at Pueblo and the test site at the HSGTC. This generates a rail surface with higher roughness than the other track sections in the test oval which are used only for test purposes. In the period since grinding, these latter sections had been used for SOAC testing only.

A plot of the data obtained in May and June 1973 from each of these sections (Figure 2-23) reveals a grouping of data for the relatively unused track sections, and higher levels for Track Section I. Measurement of both rail and wheel roughness should be made in conjunction with noise levels to more accurately assess the effect of the wheel/rail interface on wayside and interior noise.

TABLE 2-3. WAYSIDE NOISE DATA

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRK/ SECT MARKER	VELOCITY (MPH)	DIST. FROM TRACK ¢ (FT)	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	WIN: (MPH)
1	5 Ft from M/A Set				0		13-B-5	197	91.5	0
	5 Ft from Air Cond. Comp.				0			198	87.5	
	5 Ft from Brakeline Analog Vent				0			201	95	
	Platform Level at No. 1 Door M/A Startup Brake Air Compressor Air Cond. #1 Blower Fan #2 Blower Fan Fwd Door Cycle Approach to Stop				0 0 0 0 0 0 50-0-50	10 10 10 10 10 10 10	13-B-17	550 551 552 553 554 555 556	78 83 80 80 81.5 79 60-81-60	
2		90,000	Steel- Flats	IV/373	0 25 35 50 70 80	50	13-B-4	184 178 179 180 182 183	69 76 82 84 87.5 89	10

TABLE 2-3. Continued

TABLE 2.3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRK/ SECT MARKER	VELOCITY (MPH)	DIST. FROM TRACK ¢ (FT)	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	WIND (MPH)
1		90,000	Steel- Flats	IV/370	0 25 35 50 70 80	50	13-B-7	272 273 274 275 276 277	71 80 83 88.5 89 90	
1&2 Car 2 Powered		90,000	Steel- Flats	I/157	25 35 50 65 70 80	50	13-B-8	305 306 307 308 309 310	79 82 87 87 87 89	
1		90,000	Steel- Trued	III/268	25 25 35 50 70	50	13-B-11	384 385 386 387 389	72 71 72 75 77	10
				IV/369	0 25 35 50			395 390 391 392	- 70.5 74 Not Avail.	
				V/459	70 0 25 35 50 70			393 400 396 397 398 399	78 69 72 73 76 78	

TABLE 2-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRK/ SECT MARKER	VELOCITY (MPH)	DIST. FROM TRACK C (FT)	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	WIND (MPH)
1		90,000	Steel- Trued	V/489	25 35 50 50 50 70	50	13-B-11	402 403 404 405 407 406	72 72.5 74.5 74 77	10
1		90,000	Steel- Trued	III/268	0 25 25 35 50 70	15	13-B-12	419 409 410 411 413 414	75.5 80.5 83 88 89 93	10-15
				IV/369	25 35 50 70	15	13-B-12	415 416 417 418	86 89 89 94	
				V/459	25 25 35 50 70	15		420 421 422 423 424	78 85 89 92 92.5	
				VI/48	50 70	15		426 427	88.5 92.5	

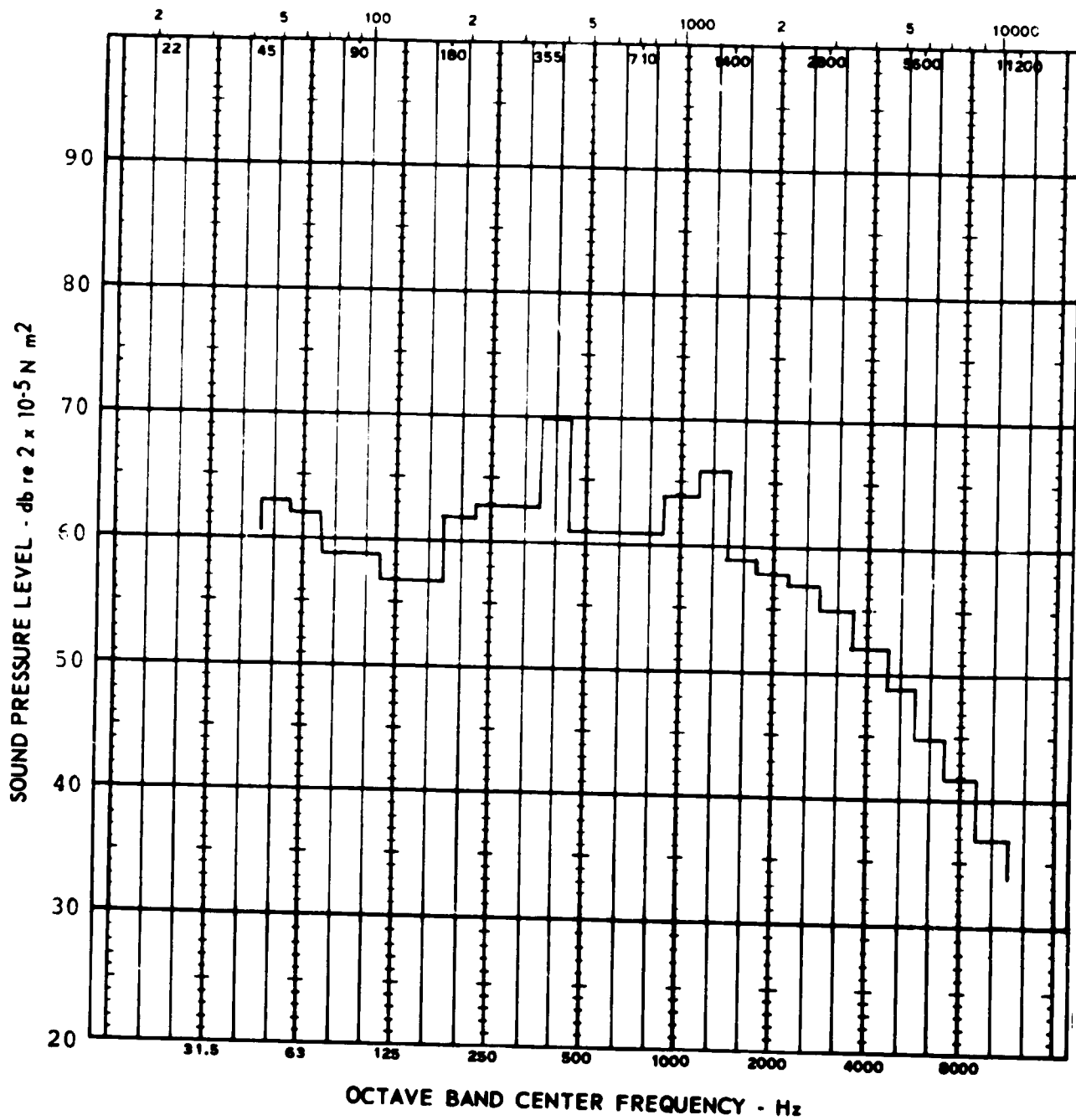
TABLE 2-3. Continued

CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRK/ SECT MARKER	VELOCITY (MPH)	DIST. FROM TRACK C (FT)	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	WIND (MPH)
1		90,000	Steel- Trued	I/156	25 35 50 70	50	13-B-13	430 431 432 433	76 77 78 81	10-15
1&2		90,000	Steel- Trued	I/157	0 25 25 CCW 35 CW 35 CCW 50 50 CCW 70 70 CW 80 CW 80 CCW	50	13-B-16	536 539 540 541 542 538 544 537 543 545 546	72 81 81 83 82 82 85 84 87 89 89	
1		90,000	Resil- ient	I/156  II/220  III/268  IV/368	0 25 35 50 50 70 0 25 50 0 25 50 0 25 50	60	13-B-19	586 587 588 589 590 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 599 600	70 76 77 79 78 81 70 73 78 67 74 77 64 71 75	10-15

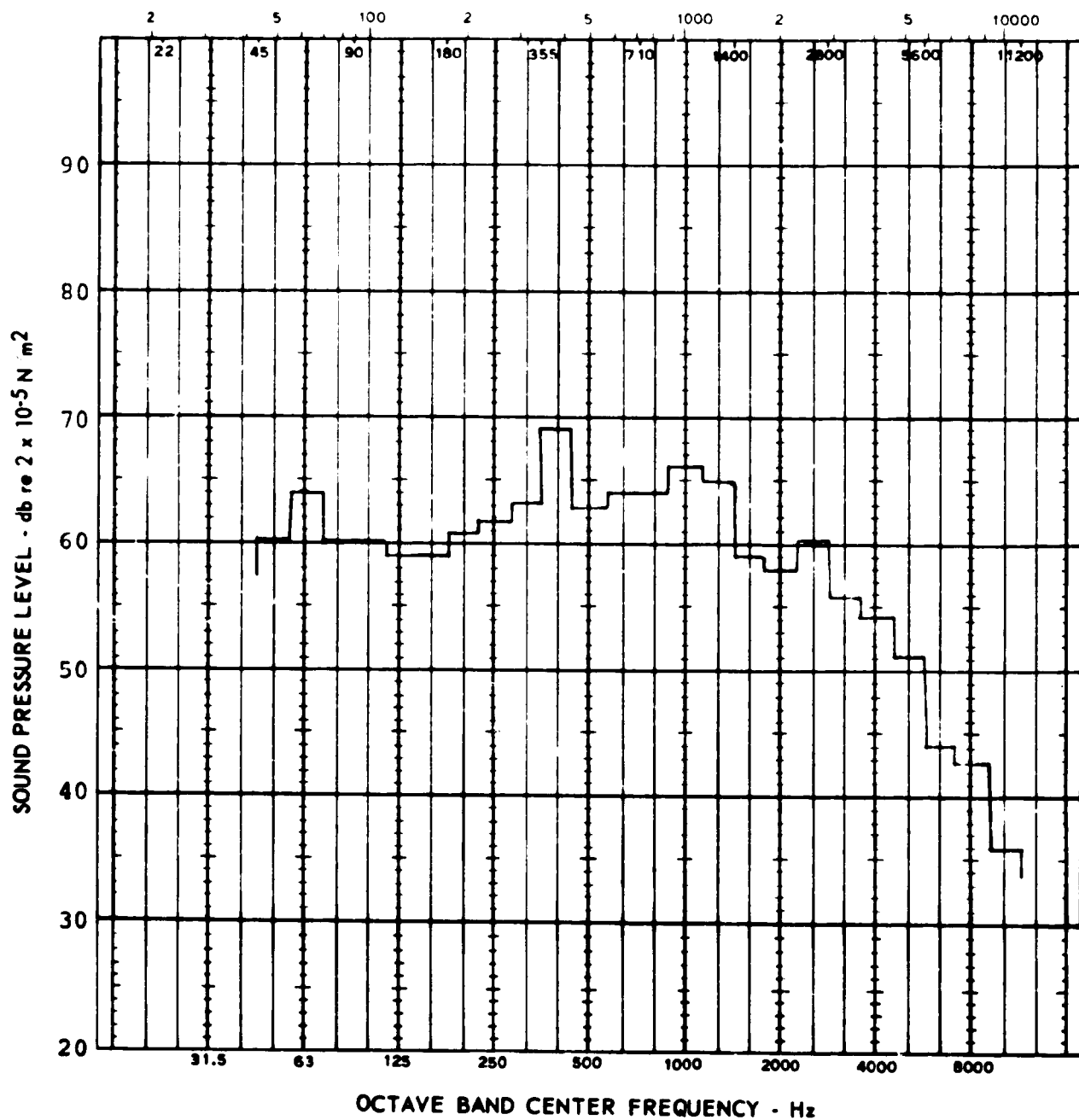


TABLE 2-3. Continued

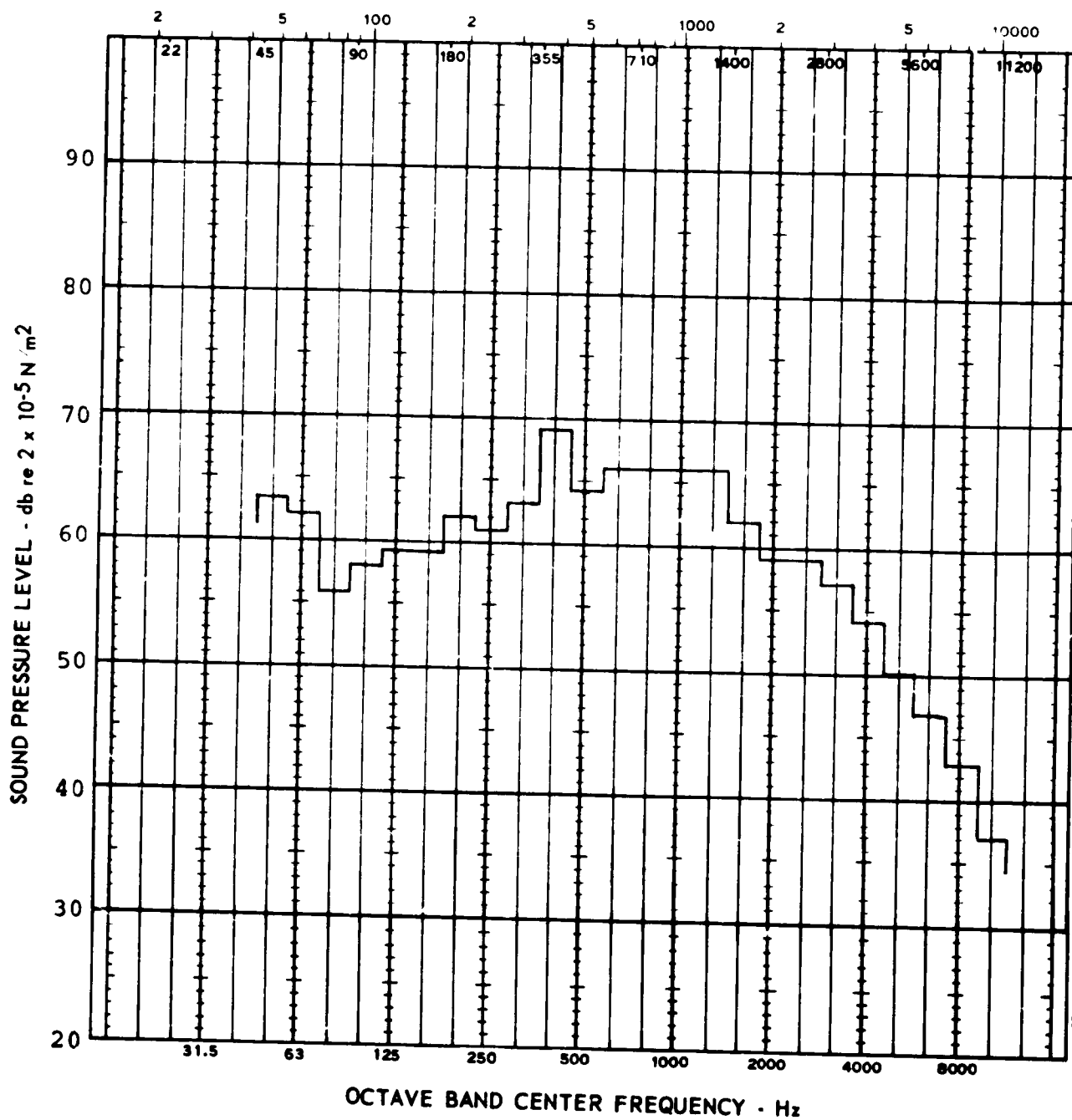
CAR	CONDITION	WEIGHT (LB)	WHEEL CONFIG.	TRK/ SECT MARKER	VELOCITY (MPH)	DIST. FROM TRACK C (FT)	TAPE NO.	TEST PT.	WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	WIND (MPH)
1		90,000	Resil- ient	V/459	0	50	13-B-19	601	64	
					25			602	68	
					50			603	74	
				VI/489	0			604	64	
					25			605	71	
					50			606	74	
1		105,000	Resil- ient	I/156	0	50	13-B-20	622	69	
					25			623	70	
					35			624	72	
					50			626	74	
					70			627	75	
2		90,000	Resil- ient	I/156	0	50	13-B-21	660	68.5	5-15
					25			661	70	
					35			662	71	
					50			663	74	
					70			664	75	
					80			665	76	
1&2		105,000	Resil- ient	I/156	0	50	13-B-22	674	72	15
					25			673	74	
					35			672	75	
					50			671	78	
					70			670	82	
					80			669	85	



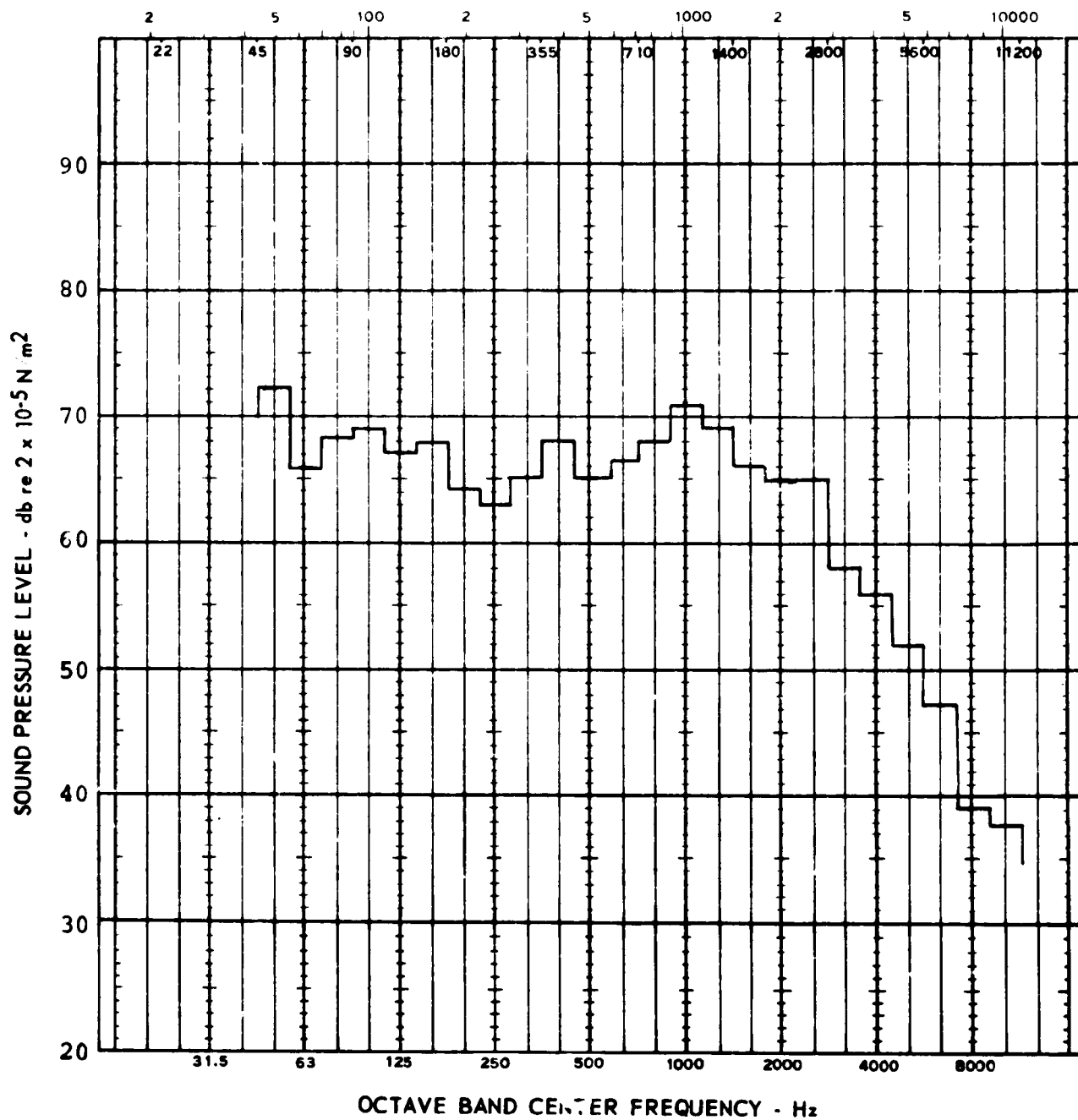
**Figure 2-3. Wayside Noise at 25 MPH 50 Feet from Track Centerline Data Point 430  
(Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheels; No Flats; Track Section I)**



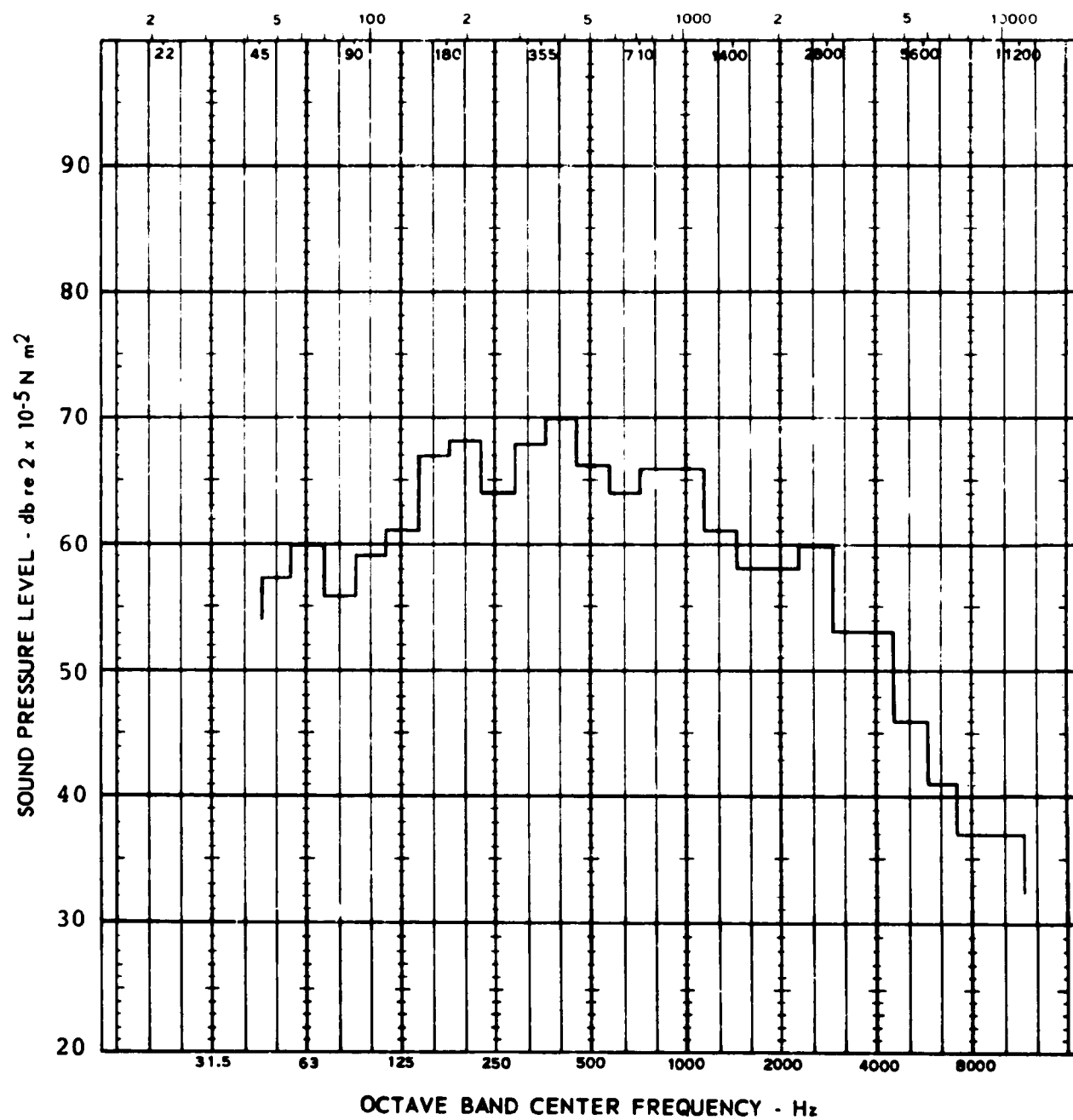
**Figure 2-4. Wayside Noise at 35 MPH 50 Feet from Track Centerline Data Point 431  
(Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheels; No Flats; Track Section I)**



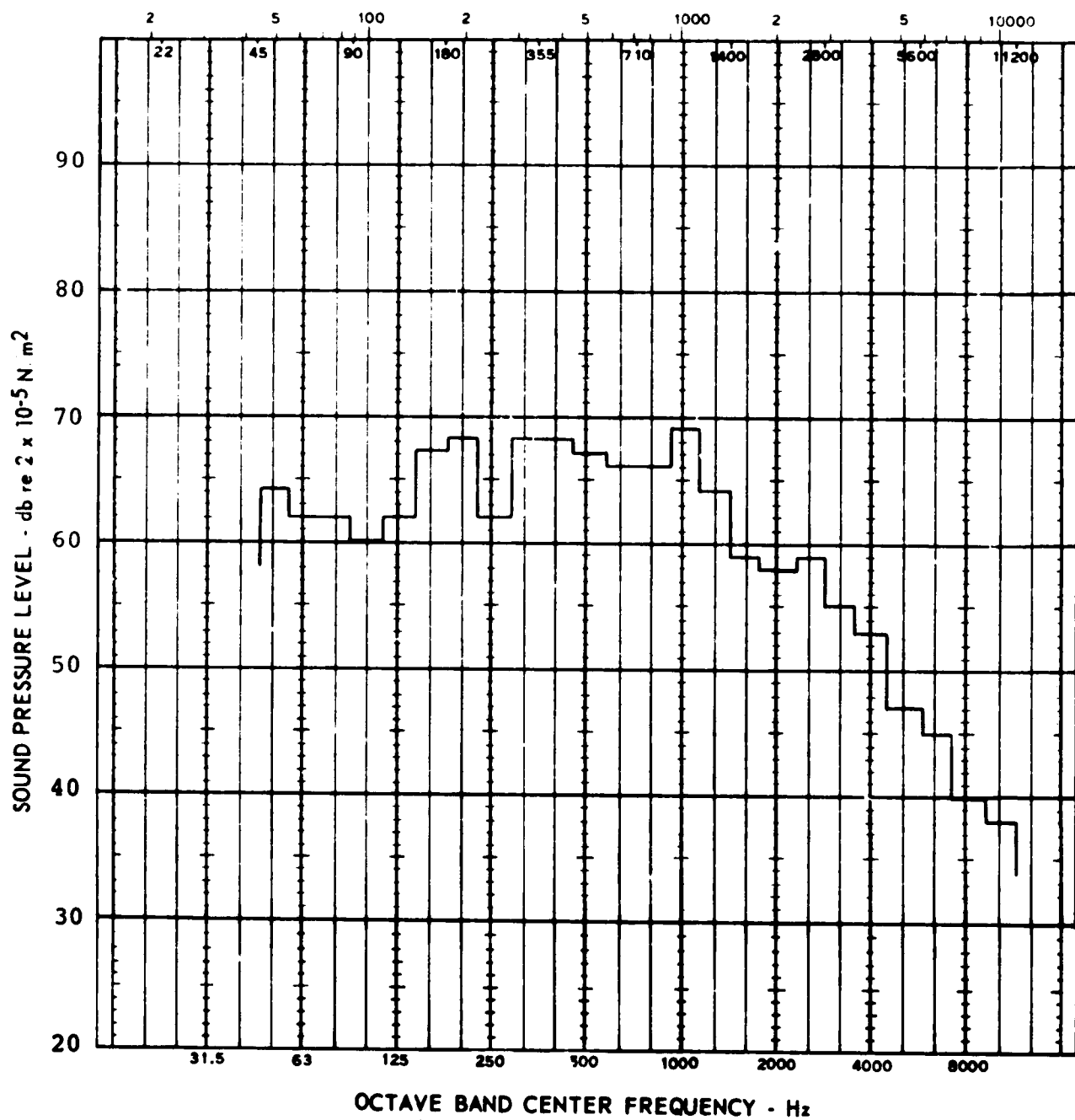
**Figure 2-5. Wayside Noise at 50 MPH 50 Feet from Track Centerline Data Point 432  
(Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheels; No Flats; Track Section I)**



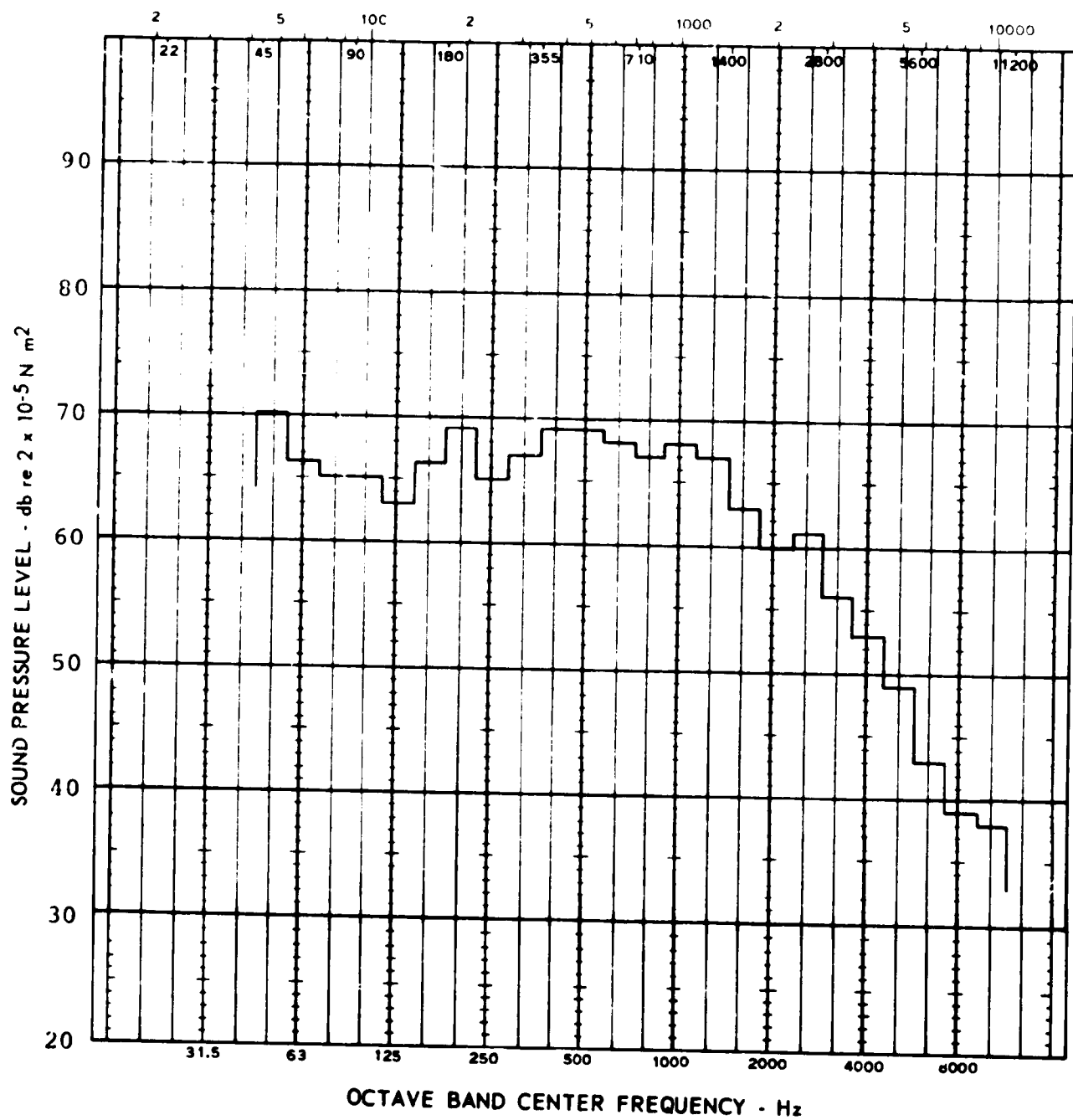
**Figure 2-6. Wayside Noise at 70 MPH 50 Feet from Track Centerline Data Point 433  
(Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheels; No Flats; Track Section I)**



**Figure 2-7. Wayside Noise at 25 MPH 50 Feet from Track Centerline Data Point 587  
(Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Resilient Wheels; Track Section I)**

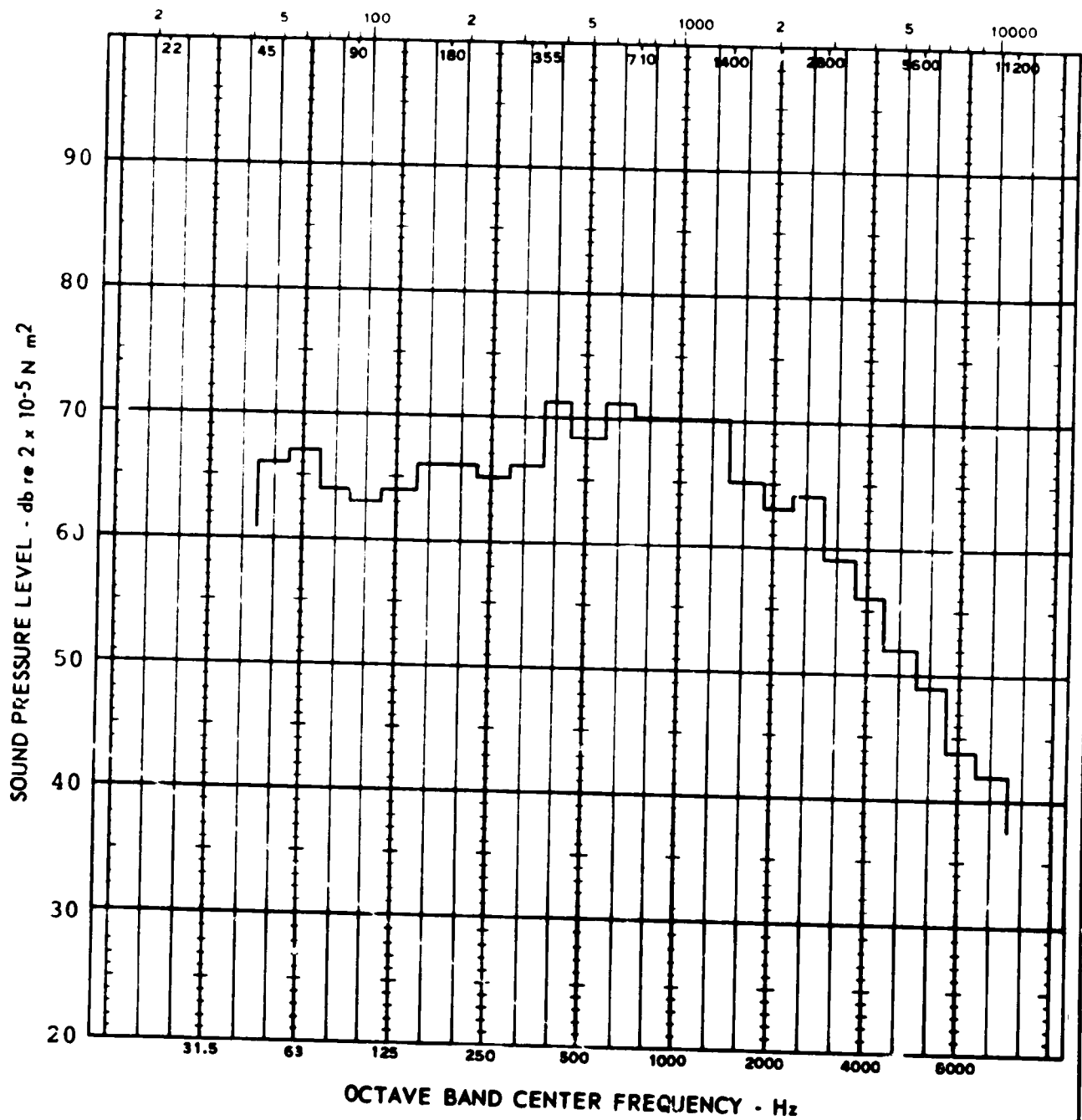


**Figure 2—8. Wayside Noise at 35 MPH 50 Feet from Track Centerline Data Point 588  
(Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Resilient Wheels; Track Section I)**



**Figure 2-9. Wayside Noise at 50 MPH 50 Feet from Track Centerline Data Point 590  
(Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Resilient Wheels. Track Section I)**





**Figure 2-10. Wayside Noise at 70 MPH 50 Feet from Track Centerline Data Point 591  
(Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Resilient Wheels; Track Section I)**

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

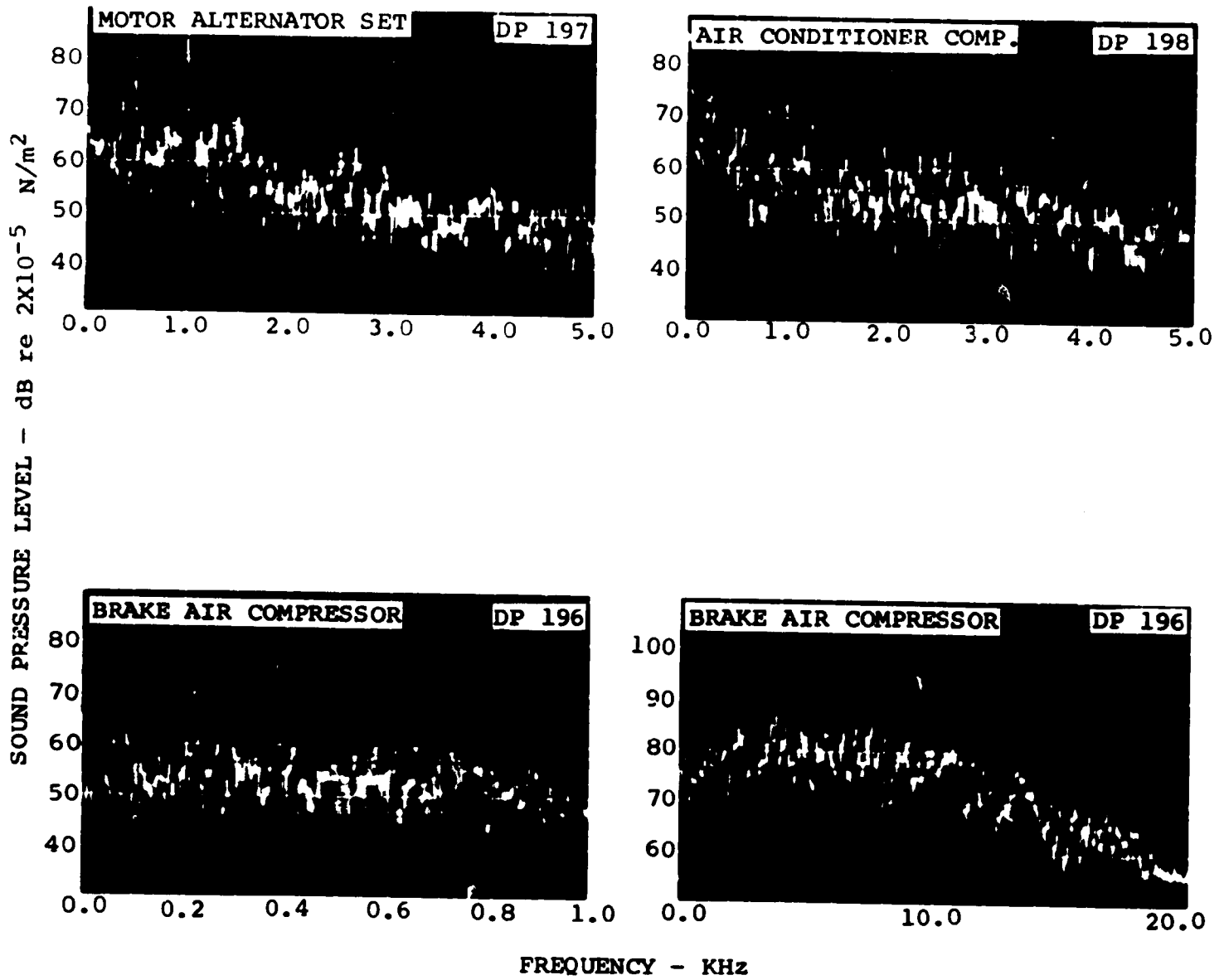


Figure 2-11. Noise from Undercar Equipment Measured at Ground Level 5 Feet from Car

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

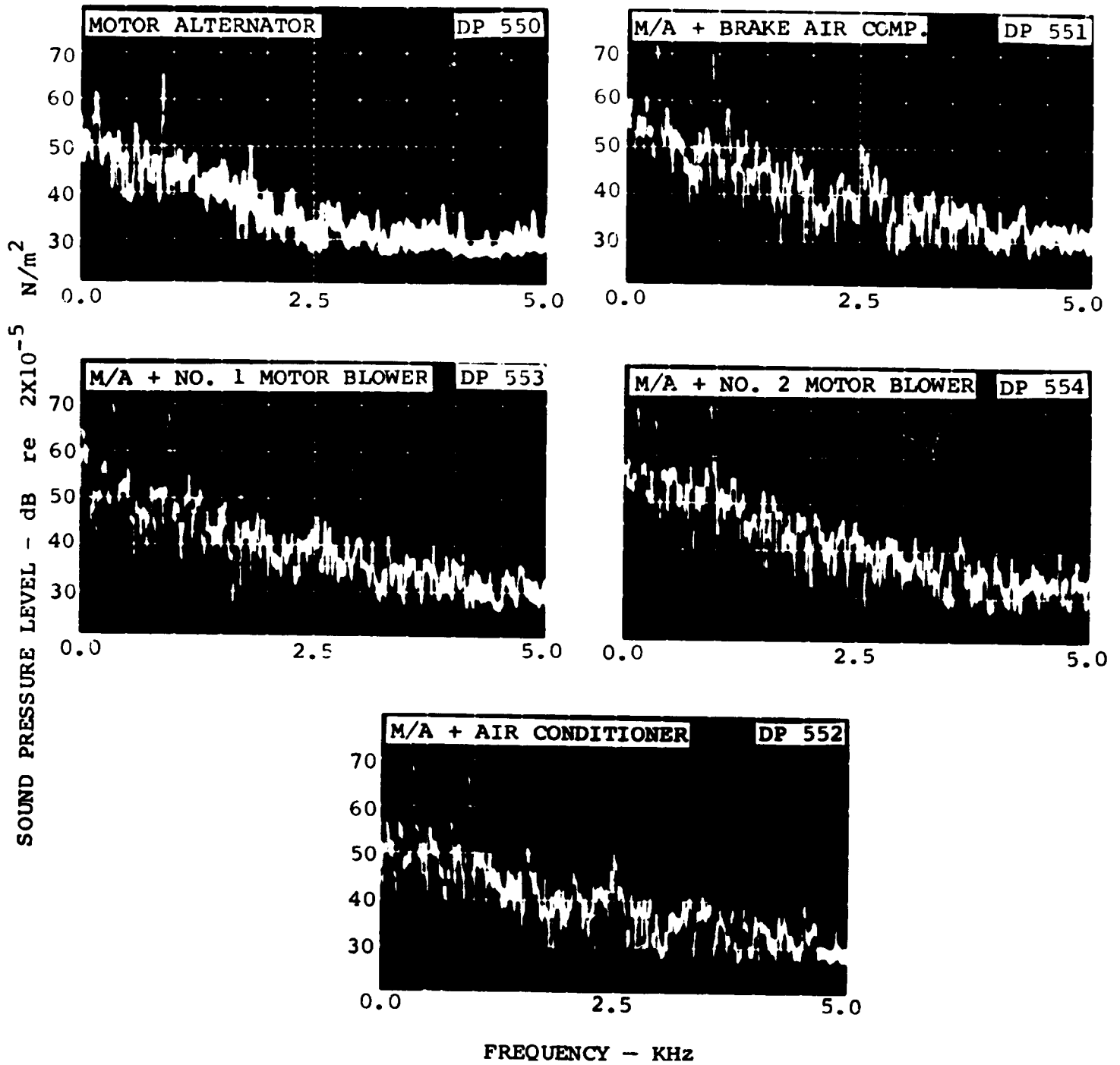


Figure 2-12. Noise from Car Equipment Measured on Boarding Platform at Passenger Ear Level 5 Feet from Car

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

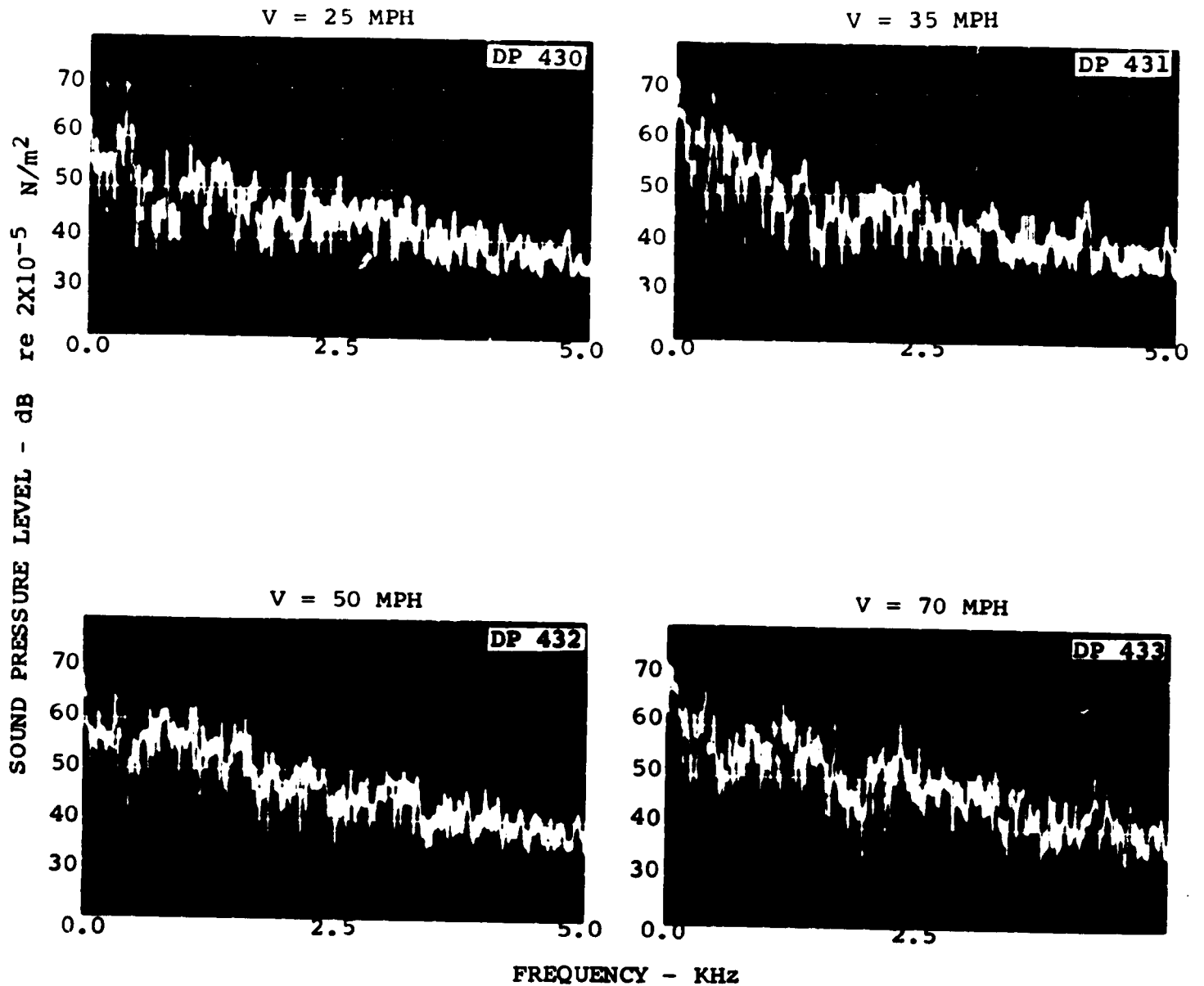


Figure 2-13. Passby Noise at Various Speeds 50 Feet from Track Centerline (Trued Steel Wheels; Track Section I)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

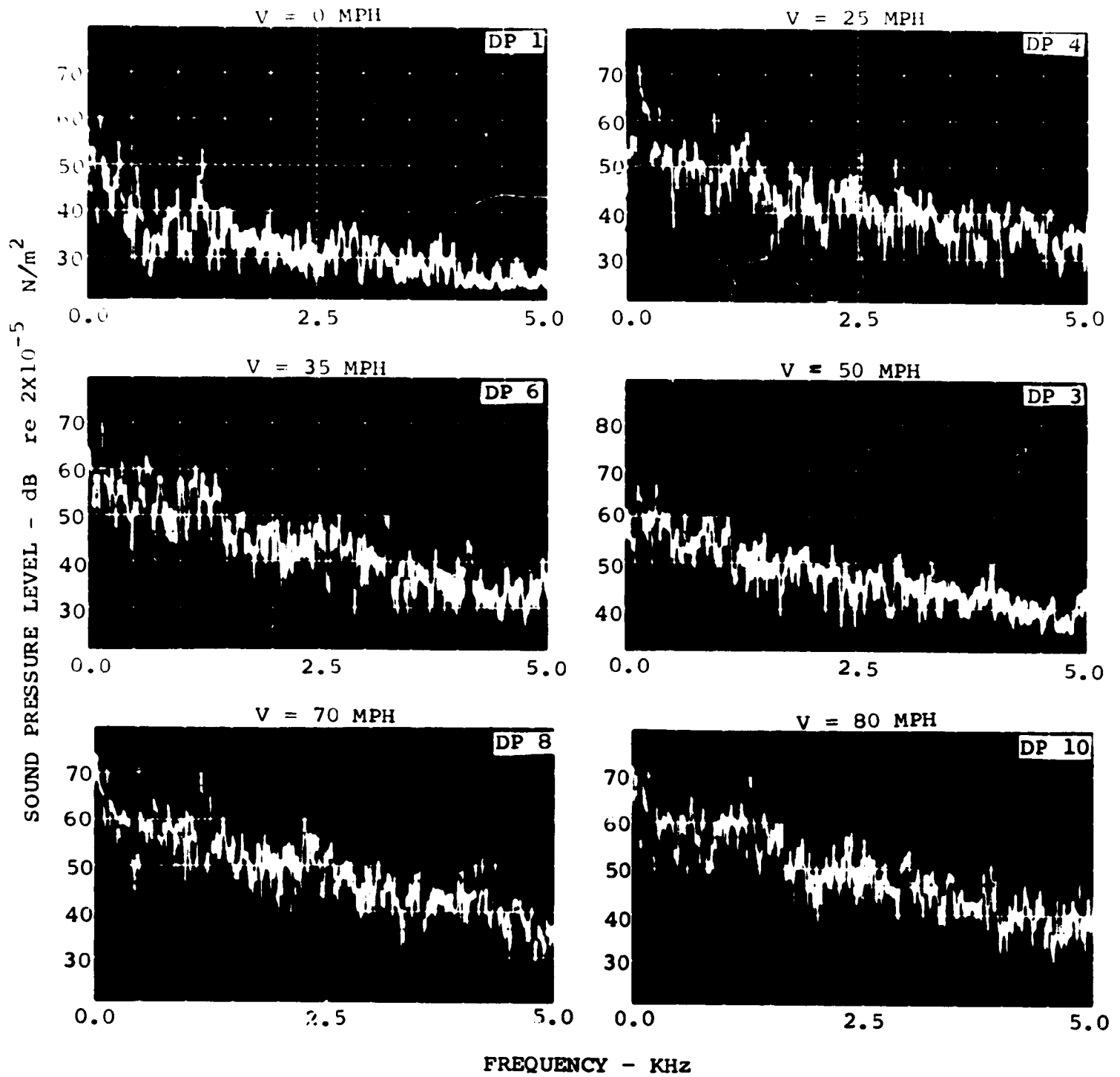


Figure 2-14. Passby Noise at Various Speeds 50 feet from Track Centerline (Two-Car Train; Steel Wheel Flats; Track Section I; Clockwise Direction)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

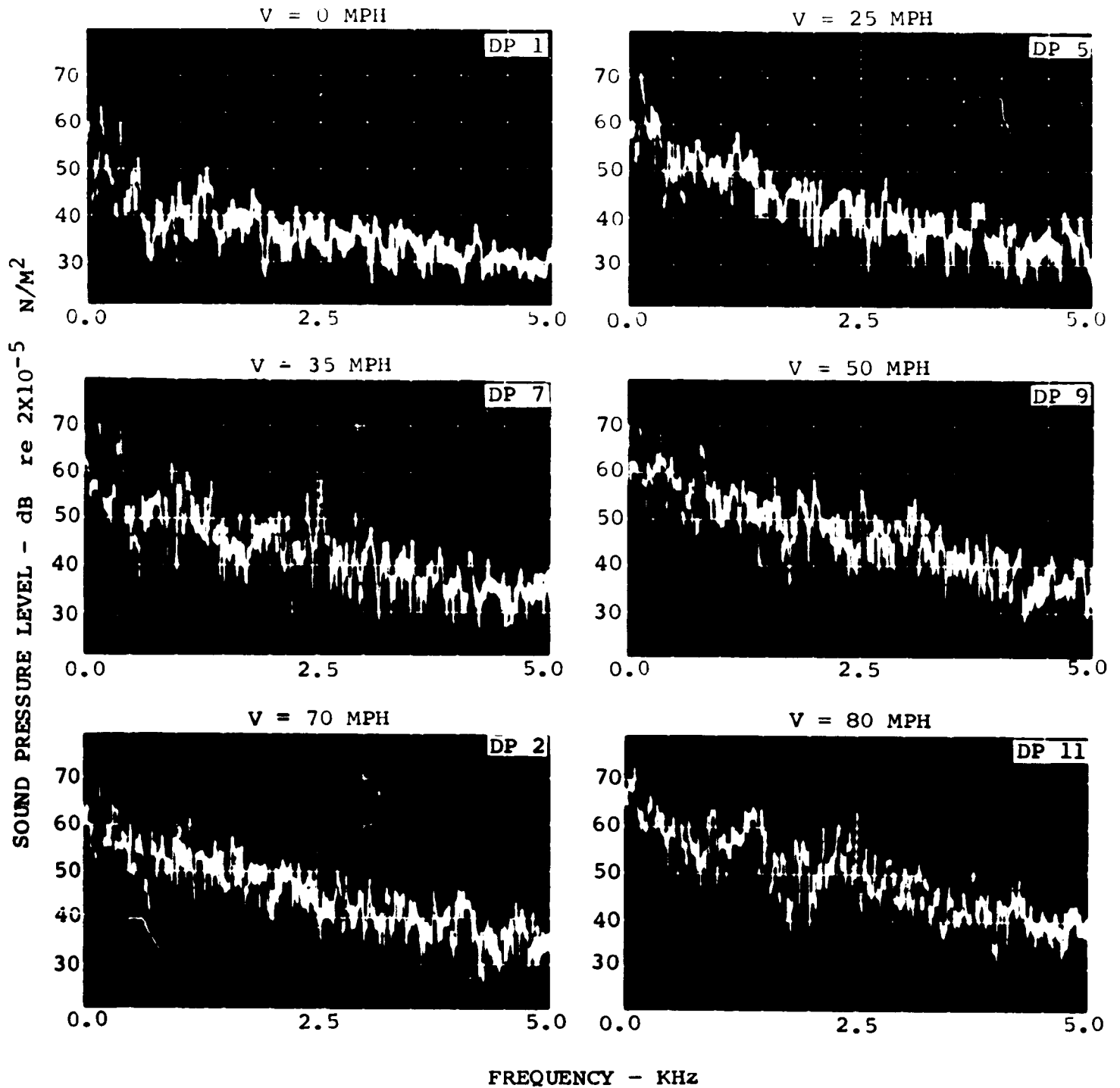


Figure 2-15. Passby Noise at Various Speeds 50 Feet from Track Centerline (Two-Car Train; Steel Wheel Flats; Track Section I; Counterclockwise Direction)

# UNAVERAGED SPECTRA

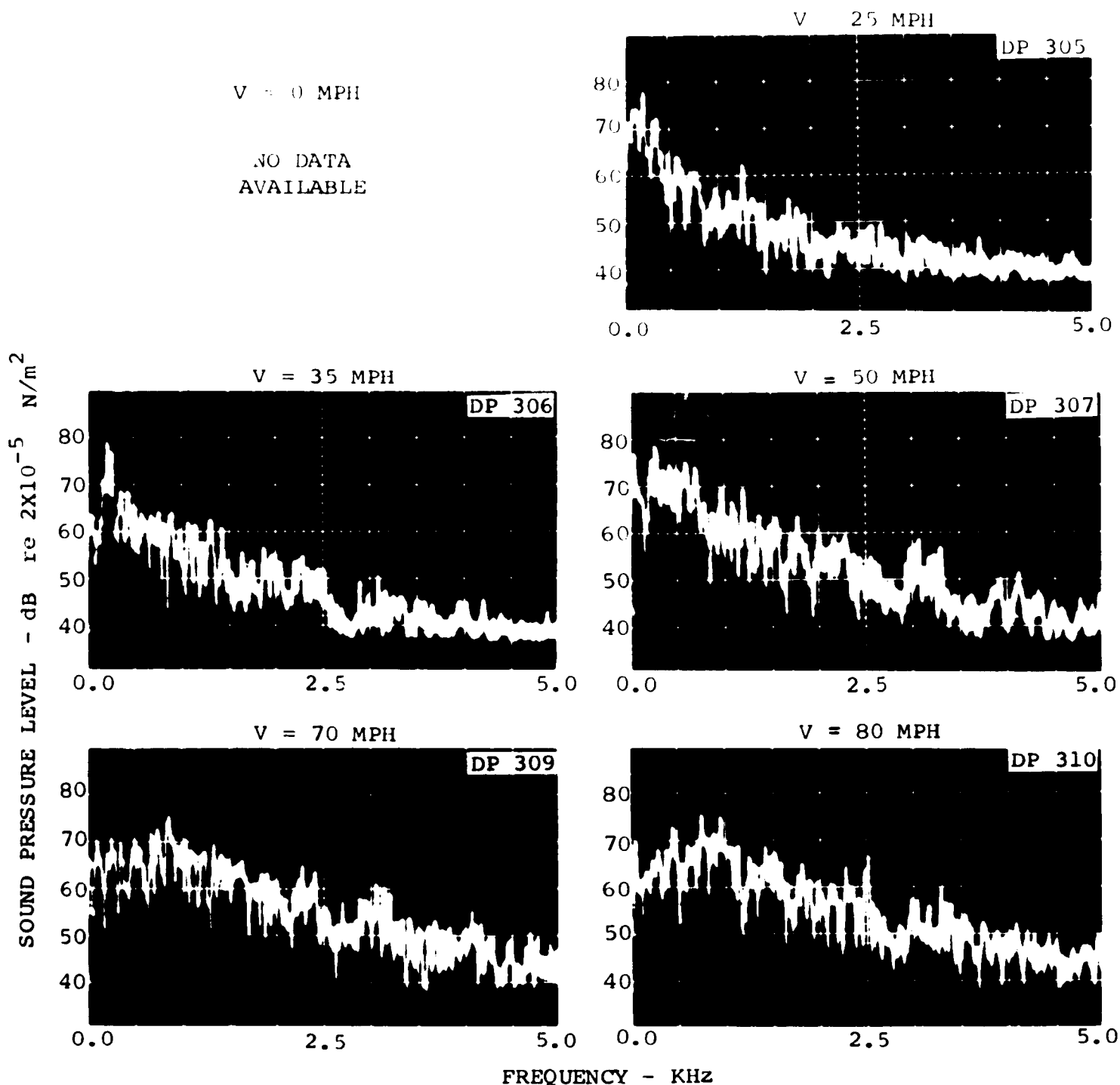


Figure 2-16. Passby Noise at Various Speeds 50 Feet from Track Centerline (Two-Car Train; One Car Powered; 90,000 Pounds; Steel Wheel Flats; Track Section I)

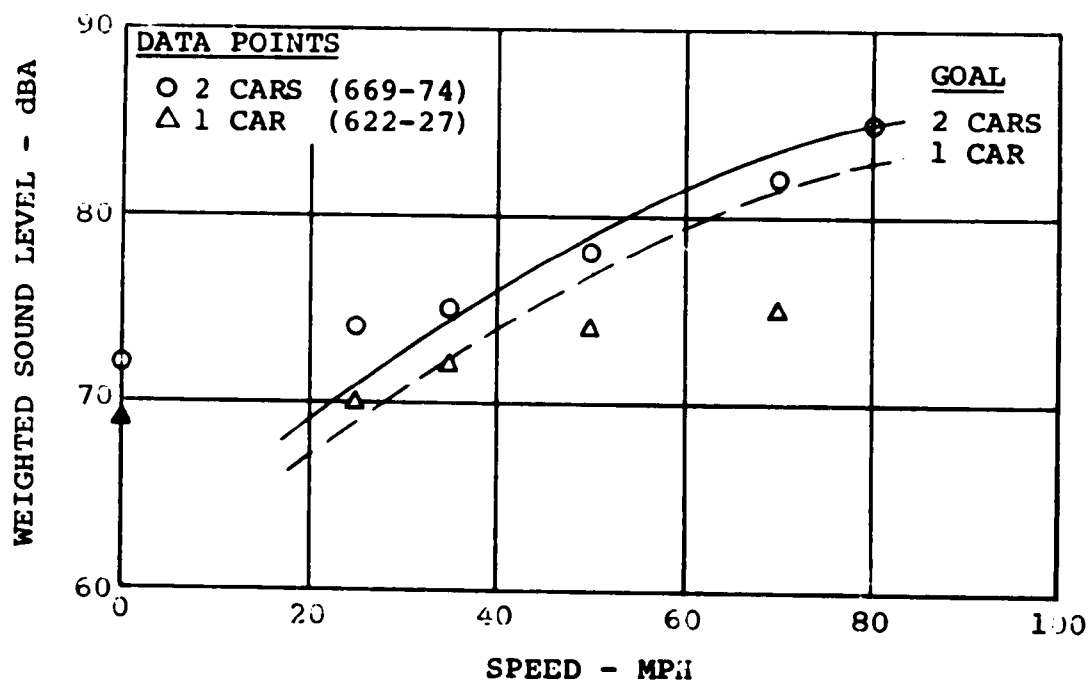
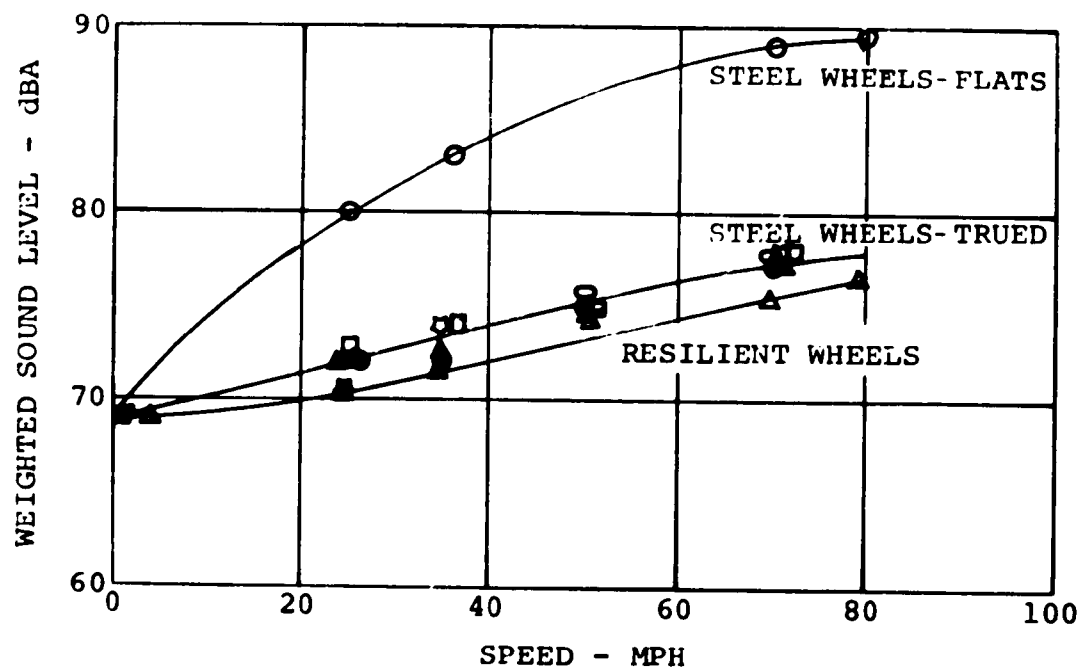
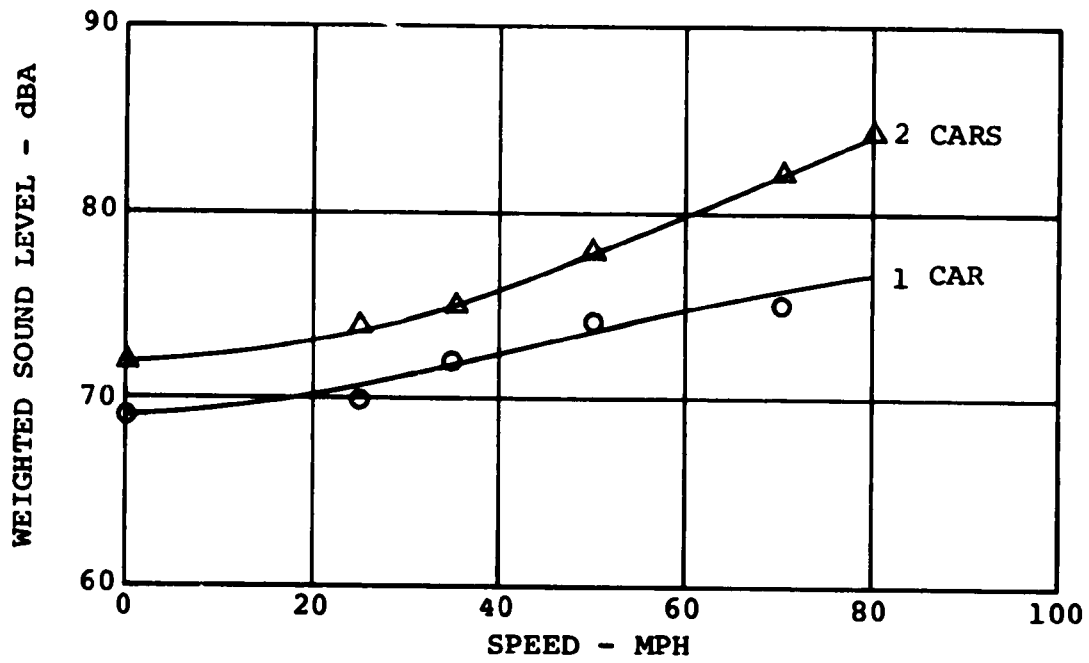


Figure 2-17. Comparison of Goals with Noise Levels 50 Feet from Track Centerline (105,000 Pounds; Resilient Wheels; Track Section I)





**Figure 2-18. Effect of Wheel Configuration on Wayside Noise 50 Feet from Track Centerline (90,000 Pounds; Track Section I)**



**Figure 2-19. Effect of Speed on Wayside Noise 50 Feet from Track Centerline (105,000 Pounds; Resilient Wheels; Track Section I)**

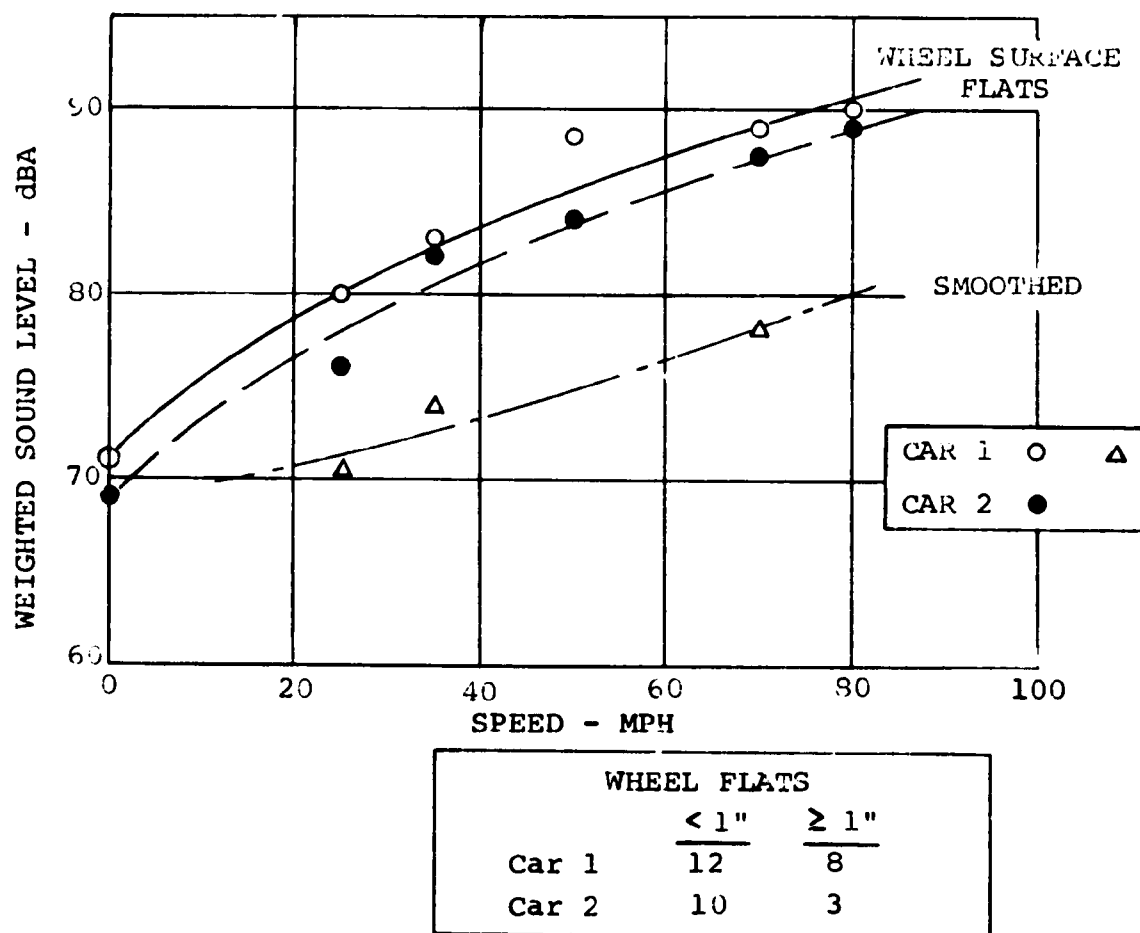
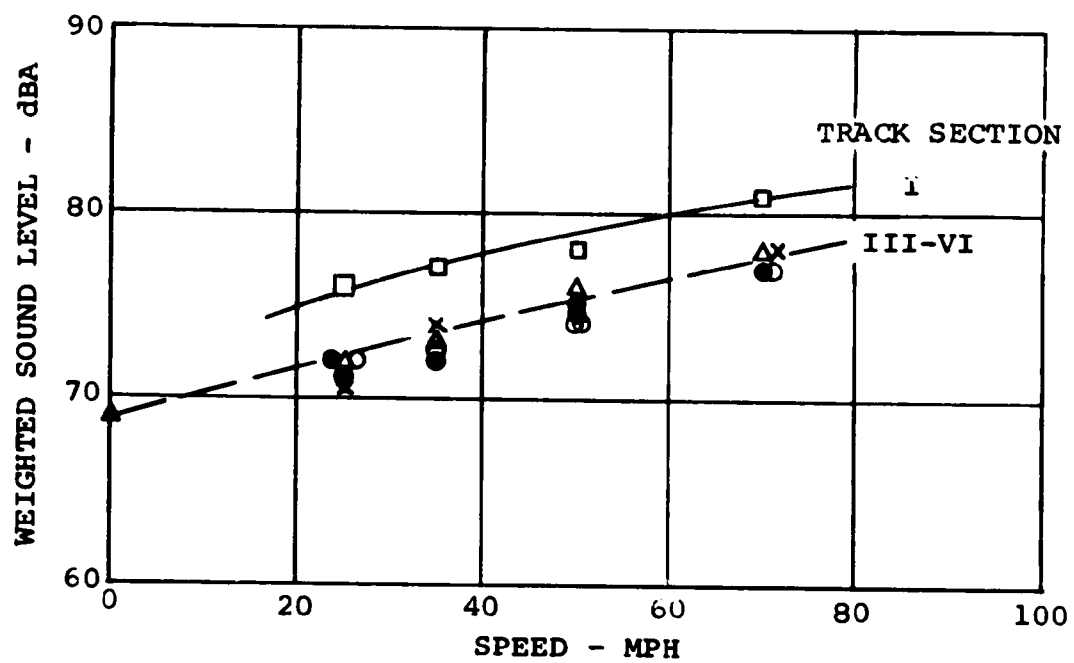


Figure 2-20. Effect of Wheel Surface Roughness on Noise 50 Feet from Track Centerline (90,000 Pounds; Track Section IV)



**Figure 2-21. Effect of Wheel Surface Roughness on Noise 50 Feet from Track Centerline (Car No. 1; 90,000 Pounds; Trued Steel Wheels)**