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ENERGY AUDIT OF THE BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD

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INTERIM REPORT

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14. Abetreet

This report documents an energy audit of the Boston and Maine Railroad performed in support of a joint Government/industry program to determine means of conserving energy on railroads without reducing safety or service quality. The audit was performed by DOT's Transportation Systems Center and the B&M Railroad under the sponsorship of the Federal Railroad Administration.

Phase I of the energy audit involved acquisition and analysis of energy-related data for the month of December 1979 to determine energy supply and use patterns on the BéM and identify major areas of energy use for conservation emphasis. Phase II involved more detailed analysis of additional diesel fuel data for the months of December 1979 through August 1980 to assist in identifying and evaluating conservation options for freight train operations.

The energy audit showed that railroads should focus energy conservation efforts on freight train operations where 78% of the total energy used by the B&M was consumed Accurate metering of diesel fuel supply, use and inventories is a necessary first step in managing conservation of this resource. A strong relationship was found between diesel fuel consumed and ton-miles of work performed indicating that actions taken to increase the gross-to-tare weight ratio of trains (e.g., reduced empty car movement) will reduce overall fuel consumption. A trend towards greater fuel use efficiency (ton-miles per gallon) with warmer weather was explained, in part, by the effectiveness of the B&M policy of restricted locomotive idling during warmer months.

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PREFACE

This report documents interim results of an energy audit of the Boston and Maine Railroad in support of the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA)/Boston and Maine (B&M) Railroad Energy Use Study. The energy audit currently involves acquisition and analysis of energy-related data to determine energy supply and use patterns, identify major areas of energy use for project emphasis and assist in identifying and evaluating energy conservation options. This effort is being performed jointly by the Transportation Systems Center (TSC) and the B&M Railroad to produce information which will be useful to all railroads in determining effective means of conserving energy.

The TSC project manager is Robert Coulombre, and the principal investigator is John Hitz. Bam participation in the project is managed by Sidney Culliford, Vice president of Transportation, and George Gallagher, General Superintendent - Transportation. Acquisition of energy audit data is being coordinated by Arthur Bohnwagner of the Bam. Analysis of the data is performed by Robert Dorer of TSC. A data base management system for the energy audit data was developed and is maintained by Stephen Cultrera of TSC.

The authors are indebted to all TSC and B&M participants for their assistance and cooperation in supporting the energy audit.

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SUMMARY

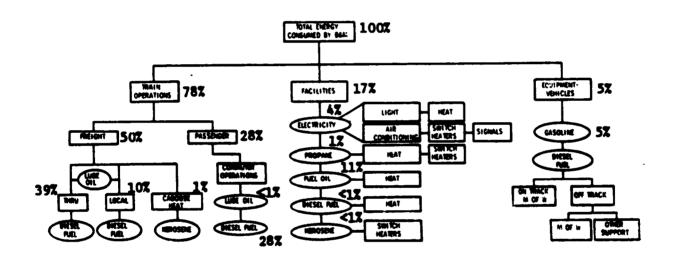
This report documents interim results of an energy audit of the Boston and Maine (B&M) Railroad in support of a joint DOT/B&M Railroad energy conservation study. The energy audit is being performed in two phases. Phase I involved acquisition and analysis of energy-related data for the month of December 1979 to determine energy supply and use patterns on the B&M system and identify major areas of energy use for conservation emphasis. Phase II currently involves more detailed analysis of additional diesel fuel use data for the months of December 1979 through August 1980 to assist in identifying and evaluating conservation options for thru freight train operations. The energy audit is being performed jointly by the B&M Railroad and the DOT's Transportation Systems Center under sponsorship of the Federal Railroad Administration.

The energy sudit has resulted in the following conclusions:

- Railroads should focus energy conservation efforts on thru freight train operations
- Accurate metering of diesel fuel supply, use and storage is a necessary first step in managing conservation of this resource
- The sudit data supports actions to increase the gross to tare weight ratio of trains and reduce locomotive idling as effective conservation measures.

The results of the Phase I energy audit are summarized in the following energy flow chart of the B&M system. The figure shows that train operations consume 78% of the total energy on the B&M system, while facilities and equipment consume the remaining 17% and 5%, respectively. Within train operations, thru

freight train operations constitute the largest single energy consumption area on the B&M, 39% of the total, and for that reason was selected as the area for project conservation emphasis. Conservation options identified and currently being evaluated for effectiveness include: guidelines for improved matching of locomotive horsepower to train tennage, locomotive isolation and fuel saver devices, reduced speed profiles and idling times, locomotive mates for line haul service, and reclaiming and recycling of spilled fuel.



The mete concept being investigated is a 4-axle locomotive with traction motors but without a diesel engine for power. The mate would be coupled with and driven by two GP-40 locomotives. Because the power available from the two GP-40's would be spread over six traction motors per unit, the same tractive effort can be obtained at low speeds with a mate consist as with a three GP-40 consist. The mate consist can, therefore, achieve fuel savings by permitting the use of one less locomotive for certain train applications. In this configuration, the mate consist has similar fuel consumption characteristics as two SD-40 locomotives.

A data base management system was developed for the continuing Phase II audit of diesel fuel to assist in organization and analysis of the data. The Phase II audit has shown that one major fuel supplier has provided about 56% of the total B&M fuel. The leading three suppliers provided about 78% of the total. The average price of diesel fuel increased from 75% to 85% per gallon during the audit period from December, 1979, to June, 1980. A comparison of fuel supplied to fuel consumed indicates a net surplus of over 600,000 gallons of fuel over the same period. A detailed examination of fuel use data from newly installed fuel pump meters on the B&M system and inventories of fuel storage tanks should be performed to provide an accurate accounting of this discrepancy between supply and use. This effort would also assist in identifying any areas of spillage or unauthorized use.

Analysis of Phase II diesel fuel data has established a strong relation—ship between fuel consumed and ton-miles of work performed which is in agreement with results of fuel consumption tests performed on B&H freight trains. Actions taken to increase the gross-to-tare-weight ratio of trains (e.g., reduced empty car movement) will therefore reduce overall fuel consumption. Phase II data also indicated a trend towards greater fuel use efficiency, measured by ton-miles per gallon, with warmer weather. In part, this improvement may be due to the effectiveness of the B&M policy of reduced loccomotive idling during warmer months.

[&]quot;Hitz, J., and R. Dorer, "Baseline Fuel Consumption Tests on the B&M Railroad - Interim Results," Project Memorandum, RR152, Transportation Systems Center, December 15, 1980.

Several added tasks should be performed before completion of the audit. The Phase I audit should be expanded to include additional months. As a minimum, several months in the winter and summer should be included. The expanded Phase I audit will permit analysis of the effects of seasonality on the rank of major energy use areas and will reduce potential errors due to time lags between actual and recorded supply/use of energy. The Phase II audit should be extended to a complete year to permit a more thorough analysis and verification of seasonal and other trends in fuel consumption and fuel use efficiency.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

This report documents interim results of an energy audit of the Boston and Maine (B&M) Railroad in support of the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA)/B&M Railroad Energy Use Study. The energy audit involves acquisition and analysis of energy data from the B&M with the objectives of: (1) characterizing energy supply and use patterns, (2) identifying major areas of energy use for project emphasis, and (3) assisting in the selection and evaluation of energy conservation options. This effort is being performed jointly by DOT's Transportation Systems Center (TSC) and the B&M Railroad for the overall purpose of providing information which will be useful to all railroads in determining effective means of conserving energy.

1.2 BACKGROUND

The increasing cost and occasional scarcity of energy, in general, and locomotive diesel fuel, in particular, has created a strong need on the part of all railroads and the FRA to identify and evaluate options for conserving energy. In response to this need, the FRA/BAN Railroad Energy Use Study was initiated in January 1980. Under this project, the FRA is sponsoring a joint effort between TSC and the BAM Railroad with the purpose of determining means of conserving energy on railroads without reducing safety or service quality.

The first task under the FRA/BBM study, reported here, is to perform an energy audit of the BBM Railroad. Results of the energy audit have shown that thru freight train operations are the largest single user of energy on the BBM system and thus the area to receive project emphasis for conservation efforts.

The second task uses information from the audit to identify and evaluate options for conserving energy required for freight train operations. Conservation options identified and currently being evaluated include: better matching of locomotive horsepower to train tonnage, locomotive isolation, fuel saver devices, locomotive mates for line haul services and changes in speed profiles. Conservation options which the analyses show to be effective will be evaluated in the field under controlled test conditions as part of the third project task. These tests will validate the energy savings of the conservation options and provide a means of evaluating their overall feasibility for implementation. Task four of the project will involve dissemination of useful results to the railroad industry through an FRA-sponsored Energy Management Workshop to be held at TSC in October, 1961.

1.3 APPROACH

The energy sudit task was initiated by the development of data requirements for the Phase I effort. These requirements were then coordinated with the B&M Railroad and the necessary data was obtained for the month of December 1979, as described in Section 2. This data was then analyzed to characterize energy supply and use petterns on the B&M and to identify leading energy users for project emphasis on conservation efforts. The results of this task led to

[&]quot;The mate concept being investigated is a 4-exle locomotive with traction motors but without a diesel engine for power. The mate would be coupled with and driven by two GP-40 locomotives. Because the power available from the two GP-40's would be spread over six traction motors per unit, the same tractive effort can be obtained at low speeds with a mate consist as with a three GP-40 consist. The mate consist can, therefore, achieve fuel savings by permitting the use of one less locomotive for certain train applications. In this configuration, the mate consist has similar fuel consumption characteristics as two SD-40 locomotives.

identification of thru freight train operations as the leading energy user on the B&M system, as described in Section 3. Phase II of the energy audit, discussed in Section 4, is currently in progress and involves the continued acquisition and analysis of locomotive diesel fuel use data in support of conservation efforts on thru freight train operations. Section 5 of the report discusses remaining work to be performed on the energy audit.

2. ACQUISITION OF ENERGY AUDIT DATA

2.1 DATA REQUIREMENTS

Prior to performing the Phase I energy audit, requirements for data were established. The need to identify the different types and amounts of energy used on the B&M system and the suppliers of this energy resulted in the development of the supplier data form shown in Figure 2-1. Similarly, the data form shown in Figure 2-2 was developed to identify users of the different types of energy. Anticipating that diesel fuel for train operations would be a major use of energy, a more detailed data form was data for this energy type to describe its various uses at the different fuels. Foints as shown in Figure 2-3.

2.2 DATA ACQUISITION

Working with the B&M, December 1979 was selected as the month for the Phase I audit. At that time, December was the most recent month for which locomotive diesel fuel use data was available. In addition, it was believed that one month's data would be sufficient to provide initial guidance to the project and would limit the extensive amount of labor required for acquisition of data.

Information required on the different types of energy supplied to the BEM (Figure 2-1), other than diesel fuel, was obtained by the BEM accounting and purchasing departments located in Boston. The fuel officer of the transportation department provided the data required on diesel fuel use as specified in Figures 2-1, 2-2, and 2-3.

ENERGY SUPPLIER

\$ WITS \$ WITS \$ #4	TYPE OF HUITS DIESEL FUEL WEATING OIL ELECTRICITY LUB. OIL GASOLINE NATURAL GAS PROPANE GAS COAL STEAN
-----------------------	---

FIGURE 2-1, AMOUNT VERSUS TYPE OF ENERGY SUPPLIED TO BEM BY SUPPLIER

A CO SA													
ENERGY	FREIGHT TRAINS PASSENGER TRAINS	NOW TRAINS	FACILITIES:	- HEAT	- 1164	- HOT WATER	- STEAN	- UTRER MAINTENANCE:	- REPAIR EQUIP.	- NOND VENICLES	- LUBE OIL	- OTHER	COPPO. & SIGNAL

FIGURE 2-2. ENERGY USE VERSUS ENERGY TYPE ON BEH SYSTEM

6

FUELING \	STATIC	N OUTPUT
STATION	\$\$	GALLONS
ROTTERDAM JCT.		
MECHANICVILLE		
E. DEERFIELD		ŀ
GARDNER		
FITCHBURG		
AYER	1	
LOWELL		
LAWRENCE		
BRADFORD		
DOVER		
PORTLAND		
PORTSMOUTH		
GLOUCESTER	·	
SALEN		1
BOSTON		1 1
WORCESTER		
SPRINGFIELD		
HOLYOKE		1
BRATTLEBORO		
WHITE RIVER JCT.	1	
WELLS RIVER		
WHITEFIELD		
GROVETON		
nashua		
Nanchester		
CONCORD		

FIGURE 2-3. FUEL CONSUMED AT EACH FUELING STATION

After initiating the data acquisition process, it became apparent that some of the data requirements could not be fully met. For example, manual accounting techniques did not permit identifying all the different suppliers of each energy type as originally specified in Figure 2-1. The exception to this is in the diesel fuel area where it was possible to identify specific suppliers and amounts supplied. For nondiesel fuel energy, therefore, the resulting data reduced to gross totals of the different types of energy supplied to the B&M. Similarly, amounts of different energy types consumed for specific uses, as specified in Figure 2-1, was aggregated to the level of major use areas; e.g., facilities and equipment vehicles. Working with B&M personnel, however, it was possible to identify the specific use subcategories for the different energy types, as shown in Table 2-1.

TABLE 2-1. USE SUBCATEGORIES FOR DIFFERENT ENERGY TYPES

ENERGY TYPE	USE CATEGORIES				
iesel Fue!	Thru Freight Train Operations				
	Local and Switching Train Operations				
	Passenger Truin Operations				
	Facility Heating				
	Equipment-Vehicles				
rosene	Caboose Heating				
	Switch Heaters				
lectricity	Facility Lighting				
	Facility Heating				
	Facility Air Conditioning				
	Switch Heaters				
	Signals				
ropane	Facility Heating				
, opens	Switch Heaters				
Fuel Oil	Facility Heating				
Gasoline	Equipment-Vehicles				
Lubrication Oil	Freight Train Operations Passenger Train Operations				

For the nondiesel fuel energy types, records of energy supplied were assumed to be equal to energy used during the month of December. For electricity, a major energy use category, this assumption is not considered to introduce any error since this form of energy is not stored. For other nondiesel stored-types of energy, some error in use estimates may be introduced. A longer term audit, presently being considered, would tend to eliminate this type of error.

3. ANALYSIS OF B&A ENERGY USE DATA, PHASE I

3.1 ENERGY SUPPLY AND USE PATTERNS

A summary of the energy data obtained for the December 1979 audit is presented in Figures 3-1 and 3-2. These figures express the energy used on the B&M system in common units of dollars (Figure 3-1) and BTU's (Figure 3-2). The average cost rates and equivalent BTU contents of the different types of energy used to convert the basic data are listed in Appendices A and B, respectively. As Figures 3-1 and 3-2 show, the resulting combinations of energy types and uses is greatly simplified from the possible combinations originally proposed. Several energy types, such as coal and steam, were not used at all by the B&M and others were not used for certain applications: e.g., electricity was not used for train operations.

Overall use of energy on the BEN system, in units of dollars, is described by the diagram in Figure 3-3. Of the three major use categories identified; train operations, facilities, and equipment-vehicles, train operations consumed the most energy. The dominant energy type for train operations is diesel fuel with relatively small amounts of lube oil and kerosene also being used. Facilities also consumed a significant amount of energy with the largest portion (65%) being fuel oil for heating. It is expected that this level of fuel oil use would diminish in warmer weather. As described by the diagram, the amounts of certain energy types used for specific purposes could not be established by the available data. For example, the amounts of electrical energy used specifically for lighting and air conditioning could not be determined, although the total amount of electricity used was known.

Equipment-vehicles used a relatively small amount of energy consisting

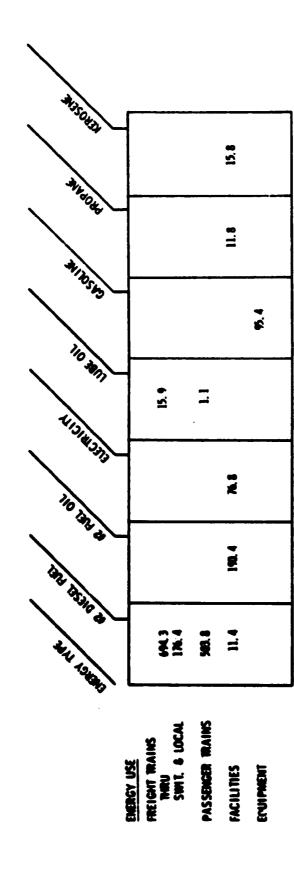
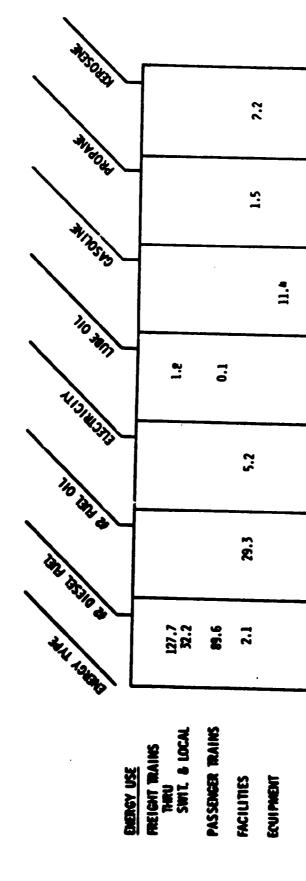
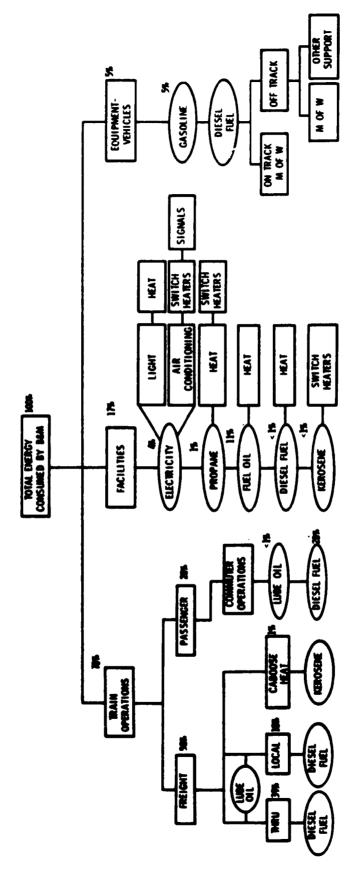


FIGURE 3-1. EMERCY USE BY EMERCY TYPE, \$ THOUSANDS - DECEMBER, 1979



PIGURE 3-2, ENERGY USE BY ENERGY TYPE, BTU's x 109- DECEMBER, 1979



FIGUR 3-3. BAN SYSTEM EMERGY USE BY PERCENT OF TOTAL EMERGY COST - DECEMBER, 1979

primarily of gasoline. Again, the amounts of this energy type used for specific purposes could not be determined.

Table 3-1 provides a ranking of the major energy uses on the B&M system on the basis of cost. The table also shows the percent by cost of total energy consumed by each use category and its equivalent BTU's. Train operations. as a separate major category, consumes 78% of the total energy used by the B&M Railroad. Within this category, thru freight train operations is the single largest consumer of energy. 39% of the total. Passenger train operations also consume a significant portion of the total energy, 28%. This comparison of freight and passenger operations does not consider their relative fuel efficiencies: e.g., in terms of gallons per ton-mile. Facilities heating with fuel oil, ranked third, is the leading nontrain operations energy user consuming a significant 11% of the total energy. Two other energy uses, caboose heating and lube oil. while consuming less than 1% of the total, appear excessive when considered separately. The amount of kerosene used for caboose heating was estimated on the basis of a six-gallon per day burn rate. The total kerosene and lube oil amounts were estimated on the basis of supply records for the month of December and could change significantly if averaged over a longer period.

Because of the anticipated large use of diesel fuel for train operations, additional information was obtained on its supply and use. Table 3-2 shows the amount of diesel fuel used by the B&H for thru freight, switch and local freight, and passenger service for all the fueling points on the B&H for the month of December 1979. The fueling points are ranked by the amount of fuel used. Since most of the passenger trains are fueled in Boston, it ranked the

TABLE 3-1. RANKING OF MAJOR ENERGY USES BY COST - DECEMBER, 1979

_		COST	•
ENERGY USE	AMOUNT & TYPE	(X\$1000)	BTU'S (X 109)
THRU FREIGHT OPERATION	913,563 GAL. #2 DIESEL FUEL	694.3	127.7
PASSENGER TRAIN OPERATION	645,892 GAL. #2 DIESEL FUEL	503.8	89.6
FACILITIES HEATING (FRT.)	211,611 GAL. #2 FUE L OIL	190.4	29.3
SWITCH AND LOCAL TRAIN OPERATION	232,046 GAL. #2 DIESEL FUEL	176.4	32.2
EQUIPMENT (ON & OFF TRACK VEHICLES)	90, 830 GAL. (REG. & UN- LEADED) GASOLINE	95.4	11.4
FACILITIES (HEAT, LIGHT, SWITCH HEATERS, ETC.)	1,536,000 KWH ELECTRICITY	76.8	5.2
LOCOMOTIVE LUBE OIL (FRT.)	12,709 GAL. LUBE OIL	15.9	1.8
CABOOSE HEATING	14,460 GAL. KEROSENE	13.7	1.7
FACILITIES (HEAT & SWITCH HEATING)	16,900 GAL. PROPANE	11.8	1.5
FACILITIES (TAP OFF FOR BET BOILER)	15,000 GAL. #2 DIESEL FUEL	11.0	2.1
FACILITIES (SWITCH HEATERS, "POTS", DIESEL FUEL SUB- STITUTE)	2,606 GAL. KEROSENE	2.1	.5
LOCOMOTI VE LUBE OIL (PASS.)	880 GAL. LUBE OIL TOTALS	1. <u>1. 1</u> 1, 792, 000	303.1

TABLE 3-2. DIESEL FUEL USE BY TYPE OF TRAIN AND FUELING STATION,

GALLONS - DECEMBER, 1979*

	913,563	232,046	645,892	1,791,501
ROCKPORT, MA	•	•	1,964	1,964
HOLYOKE, MA	•	2,193	•	2, 193
BRATTLEBORO, VI	-	3,472	•	3,472
WHITEFIELD, NH	•	3,644	-	3,644
PORTSMOUTH, NH	•	4,236	•	4,236
SALEM, MA	•	4,760	•	4,760
GROVETON, NH	-	4,826	•	4, 226
NASHUA, NH	• .	6,004	•	6,004
DOVER, NH	•	10,292	-	10,292
WORCHESTER, MA	•	10,525	-	10,525
MANCHESTER, NH	•	13,852	•	13,852
LAWRENCE, MA	•	14,645	•	14,645
LOWELL, MA	•	3,773	11,099	14,862
GARDNER, MA	•	1,395	14, 837	16, 232
AYER, MA	•	21,085	•	21,085
HAVERHILL, MA	•	•	21,508	21,508
FITCHBURG, MA	•	12,613	14,381	26.994
WHITE RIVER JCT, VT	31,144	3,876	-	35,020
FRANKLIN, MA	-	-	55,036	55,036
CONCORD, NH	32,915	13,871	12,576	59,362
PROVIDENCE, RI SPRINGFIELD, MA	57,000	4, 481	-	61,481
SOUTH STATION	_	_	71,797	71,797
MECHANICVILLE, NY	209, 815	13,374	121,633	121,633
EAST DEERFIELD, MA	223,096	37,728	-	260,824 223,189
PORTLAND, ME	280,961	-	-	280,961
BOSTON, MA	78,632	41,401	321,071	441,104
STATION	FRT	& LOCAL	PASSENGER	TOTAL
FUELING	THRU	SWITCH		70741

^{*}All figures presented here were revised slightly to their final values presented in Appendix F.

highest. The three major thru freight fueling points, Portland, East

Deerfield and Mechanicville, were the next largest issuers of fuel. Since the

December audit, fueling at Portland was discontinued and transferred primarily
to East Deerfield.

Table 3-3 shows a listing of diesel fuel suppliers to the B&M ranked by the amounts of fuel supplied to the B&M fueling points for the month of December. The suppliers' names have been coded because of their proprietary nature. The leading supplier to the B&M provided about 56% of the total fuel used. About 78% of the fuel supplied was provided by three suppliers.

A comparison of the fuel supplied and used at each fueling point, as shown in Tables 3-2 and 3-3, indicates several discrepancies. In some cases, these discrepancies are caused by time lags between actual and recorded supply. Amounts of fuel supplied to the system are taken from billing records received in December which may have included fuel actually supplied in earlier months. Fuel use records, however, are determined from actual use for that month. In addition, several fueling points have storage tanks, the inventories of which have not been accounted for. Discrepancies can also result from spillage. unauthorized uses and other unaccounted for uses of fuel. Since the December energy sudit, the BLH has installed fuel meters on all fueling facilities. Monitoring of these meters, tank inventories and actual times of fuel supplied will permit a considerably more accurate audit of fuel use and should help in identifying any areas of waste and unauthorised use. This monitoring effort is particularly important during periods of rapid price increases and spot shortages since monthly supplies can vary significantly depending on corporate purchasing policies and fuel availability.

TABLE 3-3. B4H DIESEL FUEL SUPPLIERS BY FUELING LOCATION (DECEMBER, 1979)*

SUPPLIER	FUELING LOCATION	*	GALLONS OF FUEL	X OF TOTAL
DES UK INC.	DOSTON & SYSTEM	£	1,097,326.	56.25
NOEA ERLEUM CO	E. DEERFIELD	£	228,050.	11.69
F. RORSCHPANY	E. DEERFIELD	£	205,503.	10.53
POANTRIAL CO.	PORTLAND	¥	135,625.	6.95
FOILOPN	SPRINGFIELD	£	81,552.	4.18
DE'SI OPANY	FRANKLIN	£	50,549.	2.59
SHEYULOL CO.	FITCHBURG	¥	33,923.	1.74
SPDI I ONDANY	WITE RIVER JCT	5	32,843.	1.68
BEE ARN CO.	MECHANICUILLE	ž	30,002.	1.54
C.SPBECHPANY	CONCORD	Ī	30,001.	1.54
BOINI OPANY	PORTSMOUTH	Ŧ	5,511.	.28
RYS E EVICE	GROVETON	Ŧ	4,478.	.23

*See Appendix C for complete listing of December, 1979 suppliers.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION OF AREAS FOR PROJECT EMPHASIS

The results of the Phase I energy audit for December were reviewed with the B&M to establish areas of emphasis for the remainder of the project. Since thru freight train operations was the largest user of energy on the B&M system, 39% of the total, it was selected as the area of project concentration for determining means of conserving energy. Thru freight train operations held the greatest potential for significant fuel savings and many of the useful results applicable to thru freight could possibly be directly transferrable to local/switching and passenger to in operations. All three areas of train operations, taken together, comprised 78% of the total energy use on the B&M.

The emphasis on conservation of energy in train operations led to subsequent selection of various options for accomplishing this objective.* These options, currently being evaluated through analysis and test prior to possible implementation, are listed below:

- guidelines for improved matching of locomotive horsepower to train tonnage to minimize fuel consumption.
- modified speed profiles,
- isolation of locomotives,
- locomotive mates for line haul service.
- reduced idling,
- fuel saver devices.
- modified braking strategies (e.g., drifting versus power braking), and
- locomotive engineer "flight plans" for fuel efficient train operation.

FRItz, J.S., "The Selection and Prioritization of Energy Conservation Options for Field Tests on the Boston & Maine Railroad," Project Memorandum, RR052, Transportation Systems Center, June 2, 1980.

Other areas identified of possible future interest, either jointly with the B&M or as an independent B&M effort, were the following:

- heating of facilities.
- caboose heating.
- recycling of lubrication oil or its use as a fuel stretcher, and
- recycling or reclaiming spilled fuel.

Next to train operations, the heating of facilities appeared to have the greatest potential for significant energy savings. An inspection of the B&M terminal in Boston, for example, identified a number of opportunities for conservation through weatherproofing, insulation and upgrading of heating equipment. The extent of fuel spillage on the B&M could not be precisely determined; however, it was apparent from inspections that it does occur and efforts are being made by the B&M to minimize the problem. The B&M has installed fuel meters, improved fueling nozzles, catch basins, and other facilities for reclaiming and recycling spilled fuel. On a national basis, it was estimated in 1975 that spillage amounted to 3% of total fuel use.

[&]quot;Cétinich, J.H., "Fuel Efficiency Improvements in Rail Freight Transportation," Final Report, FRA-ORAD-76-136/DOT-TSC-FRA-75-26, NTIS #PB-250673, 1975.

4. ANALYSIS OF BAM DIESEL FUEL USE DATA. PHASE II

4.1 ENERGY AUDIT DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

with emphasis of the project directed to train operations, the energy audit concentrated on continued acquisition of diesel fuel data. This effort constituted the second phase of the energy audit. To assist in the organization and analysis of the diesel fuel data, a data base management system (DBMS) was developed. The DBMS permits convenient storage, retrieval and manipulation of the data for sorting, tabulating and plotting of various data combinations. Each month, data on diesel fuel use provided by the B&M is placed in the DBMS. The data consists of amounts of fuel supplied by each supplier to each fueling point and the amounts of fuel used at each fueling point by type of train operation. In addition, train operations data on tonmiles, train-miles, cars handled and trains operated is provided for use in normalizing fuel use statistics by activity levels.

Two types of standard reports are currently being generated by the DBMS, tables and ber charts. The tables provide monthly summaries of fuel supply and use and cumulative statistics for the year to date. The bar charts provide a display of the trend in fuel use by month for the year to date. A listing of the reports produced by the DBMS, together with the appendix locations of the actual reports, is provided below.

Tables:

- Fueling Location Suppliers by Month	Appendix C
- Fueling Location Suppliers, Cumulative Summary to Date	Appendix D
- Fuel Supplied, Cumulative Summary by Month	Appendix E
- Fuel consumption Statistics by Location and Type of	
Service by Month	Appendix F
- Fuel Consumption Statistics by Location and Type of	
Service, Cumulative Summary to Date	Appendix G

- Operating Statistics by Month	Appendix H
- Operating Statistics, Cumulative Average to Date	Appendix I
- Fuel Use Statistics by Month	Appendix J
- Fuel Use Statistics, Cumulative Average to Date	Appendix K

Bar Charts:

- Diesel Fuel Consumed by Month and Type of Service	Appendix L
- Thru Freight Diesel Fuel Consumed by Month	Appendix M
- Gross Thru Freight Ton-miles Handled by Month	Appendix N
- Gross Ton-miles per Thru Freight Gallon by Month	Appendix 0

4.2 ANALYSIS OF DIESEL FUEL SUPPLY AND USE PATTERNS

Information on the supply of diesel fuel to the different fueling points by supplier for the period from December, 1979, through June, 1980, is provided in Appendices C, D, and E. One supplier consistently provided more fuel to the B&M than any other supplier, the average being 56% over the audit period. The most fuel provided by any other supplier was 38.8% in April. The leading supply location is Boston. Portland, which initially ranked fourth as a supply location, was discontinued as a fueling point in December and did not appear on any reports after February. The average diesel fuel price increased from 75% in December to 84% in June, a period of relative price stability compared with the previous year. The average monthly amount of fuel supplied during the same period was 1,868,564 gallons per month.

Appendixes F and G provide statistics on the amounts of fuel consumed, by train type, for the different fueling points from December, 1979, through August, 1980. The amounts shown consumed for the months of December and January were adjusted to account for three days of December fuel consumption data originally assigned to January. The December figures in Appendix F, therefore, differ slightly from the earlier data presented in Section 3 for the Phase I audit. The leading fueling points, in terms of fuel pumped into locomotives, were Boston in December, East Deerfield until April, and then

Mechanicville for the remainder of the audit. This shift from Boston appears to reflect the discontinuance of Portland as a fueling point and the transfer of its fueling operations to the western portions of the system. The average monthly amount of fuel consumed by all train operations for the nine-month period through August was 1,757,370 gallons.

A comparison of the average amounts of fuel supplied and consumed monthly indicates a net surplus of fuel over the audit period. Through June, just over 600,000 gallons more fuel was shown supplied than consumed. There are several explanations for this difference. Since the surplus is only 37% of the total tank storage capacity of the system, the difference could be accounted for by increased inventories in the storage tanks. Time lags between delivery and billing records could account for some of the difference, particularly on a month-to-month basis, however, it is expected that this effect would have tended to cancel out over the audit period. The lower consumption figures may also be due, in part, to spillage, unauthorized uses and other unaccounted for uses of fuel. A more detailed examination of the data from the recently installed fuel pump meters and the storage tank inventories should provide a reasonably accurate accounting of the supply-consumption differences and would assist in identifying any areas of spillage or unauthorized use.

The trend in fuel consumption, as shown by the bar chart in Appendix L, indicates small monthly variations. The minimum consumption month was July (1,564,094 gallons) and the peak month was December (1,985,312 gallons), a 24% difference from the average consumption. The month-to-month variations in fuel consumption seem to closely follow changes in ton-miles of traffic.

December was the third highest freight traffic month while July had the lowest freight ton-miles.

A comparison of thru freight fuel consumption trends, Appendix M, with trends in thru freight ton-miles indicates a close correlation. A plot of the monthly data points for thru freight fuel consumption versus ton-miles is shown in Figure 4-1. The linear regression line drawn through the data points has a correlation coefficient squared value, r^2 , of 0.77 indicating that a significant amount of the variation in fuel consumption is explained by the linear relatonship with ton-miles. These results agree well with the results of the baseline fuel consumption tests performed on B&M trains which show a similar strong relationship between fuel consumed and ton-miles of work performed. The data therefore supports, as effective energy conservation measures, any actions, such as improved freight car utilization, which will increase the overall gross to tare weight ratio of trains.

Fuel use efficiency, measured in ton-miles per gallon, tended to improve over the period of the audit from December to July, as shown by the bar chart in Appendix O. The average ton-miles per gallon for the four-month winter period from December through March is 440, while from april through July it is 456. The apparent explanation for this trend is due to the shift from cooler to warmer weather. As it gets warmer, locomotives are shut down when not in service. The data suggests, therefore, that the B&M policy of restricted idling during the warm months may be effective in reducing fuel consumption.

[&]quot;Hitz, J., and R. Dorer, "Baseline Fuel Consumption Tests on the B&M Railroad - Interim Results," Project Nemorandum, RR152, Transportation Systems Center, December 15, 1980.

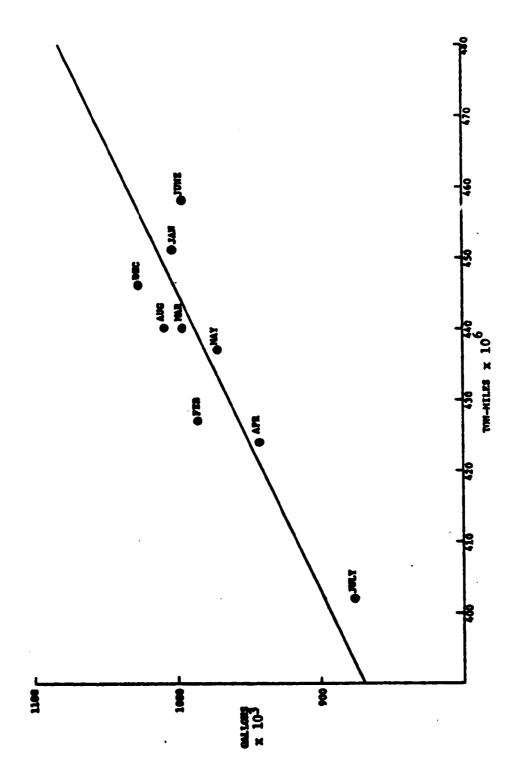


FIGURE 4-1. HONTHLY THRU-FREIGHT FUEL CONSUMPTION VERSUS TON-MILES

5. FUTURE ENERGY AUDIT EFFORTS

Several additional tasks should be accomplished before completion of the energy audit. The Phase I audit which considered all energy types and uses on the B&M system was only performed for the month of December. While this was sufficient to identify the major energy users for project emphasis, additional data will permit analysis of any shifts in energy use areas occurring with changes in season, thus affecting future project priorities; e.g., the relative roles of heating oil versus electricity. Also, any possible audit errors due to time lags between actual supply or use and that indicated by accounting records would tend to be eliminated with additional months of data. As a minimum, the audit should include several winter months (December through February) and summer months (June through August).

The Phase II audit of diesel fuel is reasonably complete. A full year of data, however, would permit additional verification of seasonal and other trends already observed; e.g., differences in supply and consumption, correlations between fuel consumed and ton-miles of work, and improvements in fuel use efficiency with warmer weather.

APPENDIX A

AVERAGE UNIT ENERGY COST CONVERSION FACTORS

Appendix A contains the average energy unit costs used to convert the December, 1979 energy use data into common units of dollars.

AVERAGE UNIT ENERGY COSTS FOR DECEMBER, 1979

Diesel Fuel, Freight Trains	\$.76 per gallon
Diesel Fuel, Passenger Trains	\$.78 per gallon
Fuel 011	\$.90 per gallon
Propene	\$.70 per gallon
Lube 011	\$1.25 per gallon
Electricity	\$.05 per kilowatt-hour
Karosana	\$.95 per gallon
Gasoline	\$1.05 per gallon

APPENDIX B

AVERAGE BTU ENERGY EQUIVALENT FACTORS

Appendix B contains the average BTU energy equivalent factors used to convert the December, 1979 energy use data into common units of BTU's. Actual energy content of diesel fuel can vary significantly from these averages. Fuel supplies should be tested for energy content if more precise information is required for specific supplies.

AVERAGE BTU ENERGY EQUIVALENT FACTORS FOR DECEMBER, 1979

Diesel Fuel, Freight Trains	5,825,000 Btu/barrel
Diesel Fuel, Passenger Trains	5,825,000 Btu/barrel
Fuel 011	5,825,000 Btu/barrel
Propane	3,836,000 Btu/barrel
Lube Oil	6,065,000 Btu/barrel
Electricity	3,412 Btu/kWh
Kerosene	5,670,000 Btu/barrel
Gasoline	5,253,000 Btu/barrel

APPENDIX C

FUELING LOCATION SUPPLIERS BY MONTH

Each of the following tables in Appendix C provides fuel supplier data for a separate month for the period from December, 1979 through August, 1980. Data for the month of July, 1980 is not included as it is not available at this time. Each fuel supplier that supplied fuel to the B&M system is listed along with the following information:

- .place where the fuel was supplied, city and state
- gallons of fuel supplied
- percent of total gallons supplied
- average price per gallon
- estimated total cost of fuel based on average price
- percent of total cost for fuel

The supplier names have been coded because of the proprietary nature of this information to the B&M Railroad. The codes are consistent from month to month to permit analysis of monthly trends.

PUBLING LECATION OUPPLIERS
FOR RECEIGER, 1979

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		.1				l		† 1 1 1 1
968 WK 196.	BESTER & SYSTEM	1	1,007,326.		0.7561	•	829.488.	56.31
MATA EN.EUR CO	E. DEEDFIELD	•	228.080.		.7077	•	161.391.	10.45
F. BERECHPANY	C. BEENTELD	1	205,863.		.7447	•	157.559.	10.69
PRANTELAL CO.	PERTLAND	Ħ	136.628.		0.7185	•	97.447.	4.4
201702	SPRING IELD	£	81,882.	4.10	6.7995	•	45,201.	4.43
A	PROMES. IN	£			• 1991	•	43,523.	2.73
BACTULAL CO.	FITCHEAR	£	33.923.		4.7677	•	26.043.	1.77
THE 1 100	WHITE RIVER JET	5	32.043.	3:	••£2.	•	24,284.	1.65
	MECHANICALLE	Ē	30.002.		9.8354	•	25.070.	1.70
C. SPECKPARY	CHICAN	ŧ	30.001.	1.8	0.7139	•	21,418.	1.45
THE OF ANY	PERTENBUTH	₹	8.811.	.28	•:01	•	4.835.	.33
ATS E EVICE		Ē	4.470.	2.	•.8834	•	3,756.	.27
COLLORS	TRACT	£	4.047.	.2.	9.830	•	3.321.	.23
PALE STARY	BRATTLEBORD	5	3,790.	•1.	1.8557	•	3,243.	.22
PREST 1 CB.	PRECIPART	1	2.877.		0.0034	•	2,071.	•1.
MAIST EVICE	HER. YEAR	£	2.226.	.11		•	1.860.	.13
STS LEMMY	WITTF IELD	Ē	1.438.	•		•	1,193.	8.
PAS 1.501GE	MECHANIC LECATION		723.			•	* 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Š
CH CYB.CB.	SAMPLE SAMPLE	£	ģ	į	0.6539	•	602.	Š

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11.473.346.

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PUELING LOCATION GUPPLICES FOR JANUARY, 1980

8474.188	PUBLING LOCATION	a !	04.1000 07 FUEL	X OF TOT. OAL.	75 E	ESTINATED • ANDUNT	X OF TOTAL +
MES 4K 1MC.	BESTER & SYSTEM	ŧ	1.642,759.	52.41	0.7845	. 835,840	53.02
F. BERECHPARY	E. MENTIELD	£	380.661.	19.17	1004.9	• 275.557.	17.46
HELA ERLEM CO	C. MEDITIELD	•	164.307.	•.1•	0.7325	120,355	2.63
Fellers	BPRIMEFIELD	£		4.4	9.6396	0 741663	4.74
700 18.31	FRANKL 100	£	79.842.	3.42	1.9011	. 71.693.	4.53
EEE ANN CO.	HECHHICAITE	Ē	82,563.	2.30	0.0562	45.058.	
BIETALEL CO.	FITCHEURS	1	39.747.	1.96	9.7940	. 31.193.	1.9
C. SPECIPARY	CONCURS	ŧ	37.800.	1.86	0.7330	• 27.521.	1.73
POMITRIAL CO.	PERTLAM	¥	31-166.	1:34	1.7001	• 24,313.	
THE I SERVE	MITE RIVER JCT	5	28.535.	1.41	6.7887	. 22.534.	
BBEATGLCB.	HANGING LL.	£	24.970.	1.23	1.9631	. 22.550.	1.43
COLLECT	רשעוד	£		ij	9.8305	. 5.800.	.37
CH CYGLCO.	CARBIER	£	4.172.	ë	6.8992	. 5.550.	.33
ATT E EVICE	CROVETEN	ŧ	5.426.	.27	0.8463	4.403.	.29
THE STATE	PORTBUDUTA	•	4.204.	.21	0.9218	. 3.877.	.25
MAIST EVICE	HELVERE	2	2.864.	•1•	9:9424	0 2,371.	15
STS LCMATT	UNITED IELD	Ī	1.904.	į	• . 652•	1.624.	.10
PREDU 1 CO.	RECKPORT	į	1.88.	8	•. • • •	1,345.	\$.
	TOTALSE	ä	2.627.642.	100.001	(AUE.)	61,576,468.	100.001

PURLING LECATION SUPPLIERS FOR PERMINEY, 1900

BAPA. 1GR	FUELING LECATION	=	SWIDS OF FUEL	# 0F TOT. 6M.	TO SE.	u -	ESTIMATED .	TOTAL .
MC UK 200.	M31678 1 M916M	•	740.381.	44.71	19141	•	650,752.	44.10
HOEA ERLEUN CO	C. BERFIELD	•	321.773.	39.61	0.8073	•	260-411.	19.45
F. BengCirrent	C. BERTIELD	£	130.786.	6.13	6.018	•	107.037.	.0
POMPTRIAL CO.	PERTLAND	¥	74.343.	4.62	0.7520	•	55,765.	4.22
FBILEPI	SPR INST IELD	£	22.18	9. W	9.8628	•	44.877.	3.54
18.31 SPANY	PRASSIL 110	£	82.474.	3.26	9.9300	•	49.264.	3.72
SHETWARE CO.	FITCHELING	1	M.712.	2.22	6.8283	•	29.580.	2.23
ect Abs C6.	MECHANICALLE	Ē	35.61 .	1.07	0.8731	•	26,254.	
OMENTOLCS.	THEOREMAIN	£	16.786.	• • •	0.9630	•	16.151.	1.22
CH CYCLCS.	GARBIER	£	16.222.	1.01	0.9364	•	15.223.	1.15
Jenes 10		1	15.466.	*	4.8947	•	13,615.	1.04
C. SPECIFARY	CENCORO	ŧ	15.002.		*****	•	11.910.	\$.
K.881 @PANT	CENCERS	Ī	8.413.	ŝ		•	7,640.	×
6.30 GPUT	UNIXIDAN LOCATION		6.863.		0.8422	•	5,450.	.43
BAMBI GPANY	BAATTLE DENS	5	5.372.	ä	0.9311	•	5,002.	Ŗ
ATT E EVICE		ŧ	9.130.	ij	0.8739	•	4,490.	.34
COLLOPIE	TIBRET	1	4.492.	ķ	9.8740	•	4.110.	Ę.
THE 1 1898	UNITE RIVER JCT	5	3.932.	.24		•	3.523.	.27
SOINT SPANY	PORTONOLTH	Ī	3.917.	.24	1924.	•	3,753.	.2
PRESV 1 CB.	RECKPERT	£	3.003.	ķ	6.8493	•	3,230.	.24
MAIST EVICE	HIST VEKE	£	3,274.	Š.	6.00 74	•	2.723.	.22
STS LCHANY .	UNITEFICLD	Ē	1.976.	.12		•	1,754.	r.

01,325,343.

100.001

TOTAL SI 1,407,942.

PUELING LOCATION BUPPLIERS
FOR HARCH, 1980

967.10	FVELIMB LECATION		Serious	X 05.	PER BR.	ESTINATED S ANDUNT	1E9	TOTAL +
		l					,	
10 K 11C.	BESTER & SYSTEM	•	1.710.677.			11.362.	į	
And disperse	C. BERFIELD	£	262,328.	19:61	0.0030	• 218,	727.	10.01
	HETER & SYSTEM	1	130.000		••77•	. 101.	.557.	5.03
	E. MENTELS	£	78,363.	3.10	4.7744	•	454.	1.01
	Section 15.5	1	73,349.		9.7102	: •	780.	3.31
	Free 11	\$	87.646.		******	•	340.	2.79
	MEDIANICATILE	Ē	22,501.		6.8752	•	.693.	Ë
	FITCHERIN	£	.21:317.	16.		•	.210.	į
merature.	MANERATUT	£	19.530		4.9724	•	.1441	•
CH CYB.CO.		1	17.000.		0.9533	•	. 14.976.	į
K.061 @way	CONCORD	Ī	14.48	e.	0.9321	13	.304.	
- MANAGED C		£	1.072.		0.7340	•	.230.	‡
C. SPECCHPANY	CHICARA	Ī	7.800.	£.	6.8043	•	.034.	ę.
	PART BROWTH	Ē	5.978.	.2	0.9772	ň	.839.	Ķ
	SECTION OF	Ī	8.621.	Ķ	6.6873	•	.433.	.23
	PRATTLEDONO	5	4.304.		•••••	•	.241.	.21
	PRESIDENT	1	3,865.		******	ň •	.423.	.17
	TOMET	£	3,268.		0.9223	•	.014.	
The 1 100	WITTE RIVER JET	5	3.196.		1.7251		.751.	
MAIST EVICE	HEL YOUR	£	2.789.	.11	0.9449		. 407.	.13
CR. TR. CHPANY	SHOUDIN FOCATION			?• :	0076.0	•	ė	.03
TD C	MECHENN LOCATION		•	.03	0.4250	•	236.	.0
STS LCHART	UNITEFIELD	ŧ	Ė		.9540	•	ě	.03

12,017,805.

(AVE.)

100.001

TDTALS: 2,456,842.

D & M EMEMOY WAS STUDY FUELING LOCATION SUFFLIENS PER APRIL: 1980

SUPPLIER	PURLING LOCATION		OF PURL	TOT. SM.	Taid Fire Sk.		ESTIMATED .	X OF TOTAL &
MS 4K 1MC.	BOSTON & SYSTEM	1	622,737.	42.46	1.6363	•	496.435.	43.56
OUT LCHANT	METER & SYSTEM	•	812.863.	4:4	0.7434	•	620.494.	Ä
FOLLOPI	OPRIMOFIELD	£	73-120.	8. W	0.7210	•	47.351.	4.21
M. 51 SPARY	Phones. 34	Į	20.00	2.77	0.9923	•	53,573.	2.5
F. ASSECUTARY	C. MENTELS	£		2.4	0.8276	•	39.726.	2.4
BETTER CO.	FITCHESSE	•	34.463.	1.3	0.1736	•	30,345.	
CH CYELCO.		£	17.807.	Š	0.9692	•	17.055.	1.07
K.881 SPANY		ŧ	16,408.	į	*464.	•	15,411.	*
BELATELCS.	TTEMESHEET T	£	14.000.	.76	0.7426	•	13,950.	4.
Jonetic		\$	14.442.	۲.	4.9519	•	13,747.	
# • # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	TONDENCE	£	4.102.	ī.	0.9820	•	5,997.	Ä
ms E EVICE	Securitaria de la constanta de	Ī	5.030.	.26	. 9169	•	4,412.	ķ
THE STATE	BANTLEBORD	5	4.662.	.34	0.9717	•	4,530.	.28
The I lead	WALTE RIVER JET	5	4.400.	.23	0.9402	•	4,230.	.24
PRESV 1 CD.	RECKPORT	£	4.210.	S.	0.9033	•	3.011.	.24
MISI EVICE	DIEL YEAR	£	2.707.	•1•	•••••	•	2.622.	1.
edini eran	PERTENDUTN	i	2.484.	•1•	4.9104	•	2,410.	21.
Canara	TORET	£	2,875.	.13	6.9992	•	2.170.	.13
	TOTALS	ä	1.951.064.	24.02	(AVE.) 0.8194	11.59	01,598,797.	100.06%

D & M EMEMORY UNE STUDY PUELING LOCATION BUFFLIERS FUR MAY: 1700

			CALLONS	8			ESTIMATES	*
	FUELING LOCATION	.	4 7B	10T.0AL.	PCR BA.	•	\$ ANDLINT	T01AL .
20 K MC.	BESTER & SYSTEM	1	765.010.	4.4	1.8284	•	431,439.	36.47
ON LCHANT	BESTER & SYSTEM	£	861.373.	2.5	0.7721	•	433.436.	14.6
P801.8F1	SPATINGF ID. S	1	46.230.	4.24	•. •214	•	40.143.	•••
P. REDECTOREN	C. BEENTIELD	•	2.001	*	1.801	•	45,350.	3.62
18.91 SPMIT	PROMEE, 130	£	42,801.	2.77	0.9924	•	42.178.	3.37
BETTER CO.	FITCHERA	•	15.420.	1.01		-	13.597.	5:
ATT C EVICE		Ē	4:389.	.20	0.9171	•	4.025.	.32
JANEE 36		1	3.849.	S.	0.9543	•	3.673.	8.
APP-40 19890	BAATLEDORO	5	3,862.		0.9763	•	3,419.	.27
COLLAN	TUMPT	2	3.127.	Ķ	1.000.0	•	2,999.	7.
SPDI I GERMAN	WITTE RIVER JCT	5	2.762.	•1.		•	2,598.	7.
INTEL EVICE	HEL. VONE	£	1.723.	.13	1.991	•	1,902.	51.
K.861 SP487	CHICAN	Ē	1,634.	.12	0.9456	•	1,734.	
878 LCHANY	MITETIELD	ŧ	1.428.	į		•	1.412.	
CH CYBLCO.		£	1.048.	••	00/4.0	•	1.034.	ş
Point orany	PERTENSITY	Ī	1.622.	•	0.9074	•	1.019.	ŝ
MAT ERLEM CO	UNITED LECATION		.	\$	9.4798	•	.273	ģ
Atubus of co	U KURMI LECATION		į	3.	0.59.0	•	ţ,	į
	1014.61	=	1.531.679.	10.00X	(AME.)	22.13	61,251,114.	100.00%

P & M EMEMOY USE STUBY FUELTING LECATION SUFFLIENS FOR JUNE, 1700

NPPL JER	FUELTHS LECATION	.!	ON LUEL	x Of TOT.8M.	To see	-	ESTIMATED 6 AMOUNT	101AL •
CO 6K 1MC.	METER & BYSTER	•	1.621.134.	65.71	0.8320	•	849.583.	65.23
. Renecie ser	C. BEERFIELD	2	340.014.	23.17	4.0167	•	294.023.	22.50
911.00	SPRIME IELD	£	47.061.	4:37	0.7260	•	42.839.	4.82
UV LCHANY	BOSTON & SYSTEM	Ş	44.702.	2.8	6.8237	•	36.821.	2.83
E'81 800M	Photos. 1H	£	20.736.	2.51	9.9928	•	0.678.	2.47
TO E EVICE	BROVETON	ŧ	4.745.	.31	6.9475	•	4.496.	ř
mes ever	PRATTLEDENS	5	3.764.	.24	. 986	•	3,726.	ķ
Te Lenant	WITE IELD	Ī	3,336.	12:	9.9972	•	3,300.	ĸ
791 1 SPANY	MITE RIVER JET	5	2.911.	•1.	9.9403	•	2,737.	.21
AIBI EVICE	DIST ASKE	£	2.050.	•1.	•••••	•	2,493.	.21
AMELIC	BOOCH	£	1.907.	.13	0.9842	•	1,096.	.15
DILETE	TURNET	£	1.689.	.11	0.9620	•	1.596.	.12
	TOTALS	=	1,363,924.	100.001	(AVE.)	91,30	01,302,388.	100.00X

PURLING LECATION SUPPLIENS FOR AUBUSTA 1700

BAPP. JBR	PUBLING LOCATION	_ !	Luci de la companya d	x of 101.04.	PER BAL.	EST.	ESTINATED 6 ANGUNT	X OF TOTAL 4
100 M 1M.	BOSTON & SYSTEM	£	438,784.	47.13	0.8257	•	775-129.	46 .11
F. ABRECIONAT	C. MERTINA	•	312.010.	22.31	0.6262	22	257.783.	21.79
Februare	SPRINGFIELD	£	42.437.	**		iñ •	57.457.	4.90
ME'81 GPANY	FRANKL. IN	£	51.767.	£ ;	• • • • • •	•	51.296.	4.37
BETTER CO.	FITCHEUM	£	15.776.	1.13	0.9041	•	14.263.	1.22
PPSI I SPORMY	MITTE RIVER JET.	5	0.218.	ů.	•.930	•	7.645.	
Dated Sharry	BRATHLEBONS	5	28.5	8.	1.094.0	•	3,730.	.32
ATT E EVICE	***************************************	ŧ	2.722.	.21	0.9764	•	2,653.	.2
MIST EVICE	HEL. Yeng	1	1.636.	.12	*****	•	1.545.	.13
CH CYBLCD.		•		į		•	380.	8.
001100	TIMET	£		•	4.4774	•	216.	.02
	1014.51	ä	1,390,382.	140.00X	(AVE.) 6.8384	61.17	61,172,505.	100.001

APPENDIX D

FUELING LOCATION SUPPLIERS, CUMULATIVE SUMMARY

The following table provides a cumulative summary of the monthly supplier information contained in Appendix C for the period of December, 1979 through June, 1980.

Each fuel supplier to the B&M system is listed along with the following information:

- Location where fuel was supplied, city and state
- Gallons of fuel supplied
- Percent of total gallons supplied
- Average price per gallon (based on the total number of gallons delivered for the audit period by each supplier)
- Estimated total cost of fuel based on average price of each supplier
- Percent of total cost for fuel for the period covered.

Supplier names have been coded because of the proprietary nature of this information to the BAM Railroad; these coded names are consistent from month to month to permit analysis of monthly trends.

PUBLING LECATION BUPPLIER BURBARY
FOR PERIODI DECENDER, 1977 THAM JAME, 1980

BAPP. IER	PURLING LECATION		SALLON OF THE SA	x or 101.04.	AME.COST	ESTIMATED .	2 OF TOTAL •
F. Methodistrativ	C. DESPIELS	£	1.461.153.	11.0	0.7841	. 1,137,978.	10.7
HELD ENLEW CO	E. BERTIELD	£	792,433.	3;	4.7667	. 402.810.	5.72
	MECHANICATILE	Ē	138.007.	1.63		. 116.074.	1.10
MS UK 1MC.	BOSTON & SYSTEM	£	7.207.014.		1,004	• 5.874.155.	8.72
ONY LCHART	SOSTEM & SYSTEM	£	1.549.463.		6.7693	0 1,192,308.	11.31
C. SPEECHPANY	CBICORO	Ē	***************************************		6.7432		3
K.881 SPANY	CONCOR	Ē	41.142.	Ħ.	0.931	. 30.311.	Ą
BETTLE CO.	FITCHERM	£	101.010.		0.8240	. 147.969.	1.42
	FAMILIES	•	4.102.	ŝ	0.9828	. S. 997.	ş
SOUNT SPANY	PERTENDITE	Ē	23.277.		0.9340	• 21.741.	.21
-MMBC1C		£	45.874.	Ŗ	0.9300	. 42.390.	*
CBIT CALL	TIBRET	£	26.352.		0.0043	. 23,310.	.22
Teres I server	UNITE RIVER JET	5	78.672.		0.7900	42,657.	ş
PERLEPE	BPR SMBT 151.0	\$	863-178.	*	6.8821	. +43.654.	4.21
ATT E EVICE	SECUETOR:	ŧ	34.227.		1540.1	. 30.437.	ķ
DAMES GRANT	SMATTLEBONS	5	25.377.		0.7520	. 24.181.	.23
BE'SI OPANY	FRANKEL IN	£	375.466.	2.07	0.9454	. 355,269.	3.37
PREDV 1 CO.	MECKPORT	1	14,063.	21.	*****	. 13.000.	.13
BOEATELCS.	TIEMEDANIET	•	74.066.	ş	0.9419	. 71.643.	3
CH CYBLOS.		£	99.872.	*	0.9474	. 54.442.	ş
MIST EVICE	HEL YOUR	£	10.843.	•:	9.9146	. 14.978.	

PUELING LOCATION SUPPLIES BANDARY
FOR PERIODS DECIDENT, 1979 THRU JUNE, 1980

	FUEL 1140 LOCATION		3.	PER GAL.	ESTINATED 6 ANDUNT	10 X OF 10 TOTAL •
STS LCHARY	WALTER TELS	10.477.	į	6. 7225	9,663.	ş
POMPTRIAL CO.		241-134.	•	•.737	. 177.725.	1.69
DIE LERICE	MANAGEM LACATION	.627	•	. 8603	. 422.	6
PRESENTATI	URDERN LECATION	į	į	0.9600	•	\$
	UNIDARY LECATION	6.863.		0.0422	9,630.	8
mer thatm co	UNDERST LECATION	Ę	•	8.9798	. 679.	.00
establement of the	MEDICAL LECATION	į	į	. 9300	·Ķ	ś
3 est	CHESTER LECATION	į	į	0.4230	. 256.	\$
	1074.81	13.079.981.	1 6.8	(AVE.)	010°845°261.	100.00 x

APPENDIX E

FUEL SUPPLIED, CUMULATIVE SUMMARY BY MONTH

The following table summarizes by month the total diesel fuel supplied to the B&M Railroad by all suppliers during the period from December, 1979 through August, 1980. This information corresponds with the totals contained in each of the tables in Appendix C. Entries are by month and year; gallons of fuel supplied; the percentage of the gallons supplied that month against the total gallons supplied for all months in the period; the average price of fuel per gallon for each month; the estimated cost of fuel per month based on the gallons of fuel supplied and its associated percentage. Note that data from July, 1980 was not available.

D & H EMERGY WAS STUBY TOTAL FUEL SUFFLIED CHREATIVE SUFFMEY BY HENTH

1.790-844. 13.47 9.00 8.7774 1.667.942. 11.11 0.8242 2.667.942. 11.11 0.8242 2.667.942. 11.11 0.8242 3.664.942. 11.11 0.8242 3.664.942. 11.11 0.8242 1.7774 1.7774 1.7774 1.7774 1.7774 1.7774 1.7777 1.7774 1.7777	10 % TOTAL •	12.57	13.48	11.31	17.22	13.5	10.6	11.11	10.01	100.00
WEAR OF PART. 1.780.044. 1.7	ESTIMATED & AMBUST	. 1.473.346.	. 1.574.468.	0 1,325,343.	• 2re17res.	0 1.596.797.	. 1.251.114.	. 1.302.388.	0 1/172/505.	611,717,765.
MCAR SPECIAL S	PER BAL.	6.7882	•.777.	0.6242	6.6213	*410.	.0140	1929.	• . 6304	6.0073
	707.00F.	13.47		11.11	14.41	13.8	# · · #	10.73	3	
	4 70	1.780.866.	2.627.642.	1.667.942.	2,466,042.	1.781.064.	1.831.470.	1.863.726.	1,390,382.	14.478.333.
	ğ	193	Ĭ.		. i				•	TOTALDI
	1		THEFT	PERMIT						F

APPENDIX F

FUEL CONSUMPTION STATISTICS BY LOCATION AND TYPE OF SERVICE BY MONTH

Each of the following tables in Appendix F provides monthly statistics on fuel consumption for each of the thirty fueling locations in the Boston and Maine Railroad system in three train categories:

Thru Freight, Switch and Local Freight, and Passenger. All categories are totaled for each location, and percentages for each location in each category are calculated. Also listed is the storage tank capacity in gallons for each location. The period this information covers is from December, 1979 through August, 1980.

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY FUEL CONSUMPTION STATISTICS BY LOCATION

PERIODI DECEMBER, 1979

FUEL ING LOCATION		TANK CAPACITY (BALLONS)	THRU FREIGHT (GAL.)	X OF TWRU FREIBHT	SWITCH S LOCAL FREIGHT	% OF 8 % L FREIGHT	PASSNGR (GAL.)	Z OF PASS. (GAL.)	LOCATION TOTAL (GAL.)	X OF TOTAL GALLONS
E. DEENFIELD	£ !	101000	250758	24.4	39802	16.3	۰	ė.	290560	14.6
POSTON		200000	235831	23.0	14107	8 .00	•	•	249938	12.6
	Ē	0000		•	43677	17.8	354782	49.7	486840	24.5
FITCHES		0000	2675	4.6	14633	0.4	13895	1.9	65523	M
	Ē	2000	0	o.	13305	4.0	15890	2.2	29195	1.0
MANCHESTER	! !		0 (ė.	11102	4 ·	•	•	11102	•
LAMENCE	1	2000	> <	ė (14613	•	•	o.	14613	.7
SALEN	1		•	ė	13449	M .	0	•	15449	•
PORTSHOUTH	Ī	2000	> <		2021	2.1	0	•	5021	r.
DOVER	1		•	•		# · ·	0	•	4468	۲.
MASHELA	1		•	ġ (75801	7 · 7 ·	0	•	10857	ņ
LOWELL	1		> <	•	2554	7.0	•	ė	6333	'n
WHITE RIVER LET.	5		1000	•	3979	1.6	12252	1.7	16231	•
	1	• «	7007	•	400	1.7	•	•	39093	2.0
AYER	1	•		· ·	4726	.	•	°.	68793	u.u
GROVETON	•	> <	> <	ė.	22243	4.1	•	•	22243	1.1
DRATTLEBORD	į 5	> <	•	÷	0400	7.7	•	•	2040	'n
France 10	:	> <	•	9	3661	1.5	0	•	3661	Ç
BOUTH STATION	E	•	0 (o (•	•	60813	8.5	60813	3.1
BOCKPORT	1	>	•	•	0	•	134403	10.0	134403	•
HAVE BUT I.	1	> <	•	•	•	•	2169	ņ	2169	=
YARD 7-BORTON	1	•	> (ė.	0	•	23765	H.H	23765	1.2
BARBUER.		•	•	9	0	•	•	•	0	•
ST. At Base	5	> <	•	•	1471	•	16393	7. T	17864	
MEMPORT	5 5	> <	•	o.	•	ó	•	•	•	•
HOL YORK	: 1	•	•	•	0	ó	0	•	0	•
WATTER TEN		•	D (•	2312	•	•	•	2312	-
PROVIDENCE		•	•	ė.	3843	1.6	•	•	3843	Ŋ
PORTLAND	: 1	> <		•	0	•	79334	11.1	79334	0.4
	Į	>	A/CIF	n . 3	•	o.	•	•	315799	15.9

1985312

713696

244781

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY FUEL CONSUMPTION STATISTICS BY LOCATION

PERIODI JAMBARY, 1980

FUEL 1100 LOCATION		TANK CAPACITY (BALLONS)	THRU FRE I BHT (BAL.)	X OF THRU FRE I OHT	SUITCH \$ LOCAL FREIGHT	x OF 8 & L FREIGHT	PASSNGR (GAL.)	X OF PASS. (GAL.)	LOCATION TOTAL (GAL.)	z of Total Gallons
E. BEENFIELD HECHANICVILLE	£ E	101000	401672	40.0 28.0	34021	6. 6.0 6.0	••	••	435693	25.6
BOSTON CONCORP	Įį	96 000 20000	27510 5304	9.7 7.8	2183	 	2 6964 1 0	52.0 .0	297151 55231	17.4 3.2
FITCHBURG	11	20000 20000	• •	óó	12072 11328	P. 9	5498 0	1.0	17570 11328	1.0
MANCHESTER	I	2000	8316	.	3568	0.0	00	o c	11686	Ċ
SALEN	ĘĘ	2000	•	? •	8437	4.7	• •	? •	8437	, si
PORTSHOUTH DOVER	Įį	70000 70000	00	. i	3507 13781	7.0	00	••	3507 13781	. .
MARKA	Ī	10000	•	ė.	5730	3.2	0	•	2730	n.
LOWELL BYINGS ACT.	£5	000 000 000	1780	• •	4710	 • • •	2716 0	vi e	7426 16067	•
FIELD	.	• •	71032	7.1	2230	1.2	•	?	73262	. T
AYER	£	•	•	0.	11289	6.2	0	•	11289	Ċ
BROVETON	Ē	0 6	0 0	• •	5125		0 0	• •	5125	
FRANKLIN	.	• •	•	•	•	•	\$009	11.6	88009	, n
SOUTH STATION	Į	•	•	•	•	•	92204	18.4	95504	9.6
ROCKPORT	£	•	•	•	•	•	1868	•	1868	ij
HAVERNILL	£	0 (•	o e	0 7	01	16567	m m	16567	0.4
		> <	•	•	2007	\	7707	?	5007	•
ST. AL DANS	Ē 5	• •	31754		6	•		? •	31756	1 0.
NEWPORT	5	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	•
HOLYOKE	£	•	•	•	2820	1.6	0	•	2820	~
UMITEFIELD	Ī	•	1776	ņ	٥	•	•	•	1776	
PROVIDENCE	Z	•	•	ė	0	•	61430	11.9	61430	9. 0
PORTLAND	¥	•	113565	11.3	•	•	•	•	113585	4.7

1703369

518278

180948

FIEL COMBUNETION STATISTICS BY LOCATION

PERIDD: FEBRUARY, 1980

FUEL ING LOCATION		TANK CAPACITY (BALLGNS)	FREIGHT (BAL.)	X OF THRU FREIGHT	SWITCH S LOCAL FREIGHT	% OF 8 & L FREIGHT	PASSHOR (GAL.)	X OF PASS. (GAL.)	LOCATION TOTAL (GAL.)	X OF TOTAL GALLOWS
E. DEERFIELD	\$	101000	477806	4 ;	46434	21.0	•	••	524242	28.8
	1	900076	0	•	904F	1.7	319575	51.8	323283	17.7
CONCOR	Ē	2000	1400 C	4.6	4120	1.4 5.5	11536	 	70551 24067	P P
MONCESTER	٤٤	7000 7000 7000	•	. •	11344	9:1	0	•	11344	•
MAICHESTER	Ŧ	2000	• •	óó	11580	4 R	00	••	11580	i 4
SALEN	įĮ	2000	•	•	7546	4.0	00	o e	7566	40
PORTSHOUTH	ij	70000 70000	0	ė ė	13048	. N	•	•	13048	
PUNEX CAMPAGE	į	1000	•	•	5737	2.6	•	o.	737	r;
TONETT	£	10000	•		3925	1.8	1442	ů.	5367	i,
WHITE RIVER JCT.	5	•	•		4259	. ·	o 6	9	4074 9000	7 - 1
SPRINGFIELD	£	• (93166		2420	- G	•	•	8374	ı
AVER COMMETEN	į	• •	•		4730	2.1	•	o.	4730	יין
BOATT FINED	į5	•	•	•	3602	1.6	0	•	3602	Ņ
FRANKL IN	•	•	•	ė	00	•	63926	4 10	63926 95739	מו מי
SOUTH STATION	£	•	•	9	•	•	3636	4	3636	ŗ
MULTUR I	! !		•	•	•	•	16092	5.6	16092	•
YARD 7-DOSTOR	£	•	•	•	47690	21.6	0	•	4/6/0	0 6 N
GARDIER	£	•	•	•	1407	•	14862	7.7	16267	•
ST. ALBANS	5	•	26225	2.7	•	o c	0 0	9	C7797	
MEWORT COLL	5 1	> (> 6	•	2301		•	•	2301	
TOLIONE THE TOP BELL	1	•	-	ą	0	•	0	•	398	•
		• •	•	•	•	•	75971	12.3	75971	4.2
PORTLAND	¥	•	•	•	•	•	•	e.	0	•

1822182

416889

220409

FUEL COMBUMPTION STATISTICS BY LOCATION
PERIOD: MARCH: 1980

FUELING		TANK CAPACITY (BALLONS)	FRE 18HT	X OF THRU FREIGHT	SWITCH 8 LOCAL FREIGHT	2 OF 8 8 L FREIGHT	PASSHGR (GAL.)	% OF PASS. (GAL.)	LOCATION TOTAL (GAL.)	X OF TOTAL GALLONS
	;			!	!					
L. PREM JELD	£	101000	421323	43.2	45463	26.1	0	•	496786	27.1
MECHANICAILLE	Ē	220000	420410	42.1	17015	9.8	•	•	437925	23.9
MOSTON	£	000076	•	ė	3977	2.3	345887	52.4	349864	19.1
CONCORD	Ŧ	2000	46175	4.6	4150	2.4	17727	2.7	68072	3.7
FITCHDUM	£	2000	•	ė	2966	5.7	0	•	1966	ı
MONCESTER	£	2000	•	•	12598	7.2	•	•	12598	
MANCHESTER	ŧ	2000	•	ó	•	•	•	•	•	•
LAURENCE	£	2000	•	•	11209	4.4	•	•	11209	•
BALEN	£	2000	•	ó	8215	4.7	•	·	8215	•
PORTSHOUTH	Ī	2000	•	ė	5010	2.9	•	°.	2010	17
DOVER	ŧ	20000	•	ė	13124	7.5	•	°.	13124	۲.
HABIELA	Ī	1000	•	•	6496	3.7	•	•	6496	7.
LOWELL	£	2000	•	ė	4459	2.6	•	·	4459	7
WHITE RIVER JCT.	5	•	•	ó	2919	1.7	•	•	2917	ķ
SPRINDFIELD	£	•	61117	6.1	596	•	•	•	62082	4.6
AVER	£	•	0	o.	11826	6.9	•	·	11826	•
BROVETON	ŧ	•	٥	•	4777	2.7	•	•	4777	۳.
DRATTLEDORO	5	•	•	ċ	3425	2.0	•	•	3425	
FRANKL IN	£	•	•	o.	•	ė	56274	8.5	56274	4.1
SOUTH STATION	£	•	•	•	•	ö	130689	19.8	130689	7.1
ROCKPORT	£	•	0	•	•	o.	2927	₹.	2927	ŗ
HAVERHILL	£	•	•	•	•	ó	19317	2.9	19317	1.1
YARD 7-DOSTON	£	•	•	•	5411	3.1	•	°.	5411	m
GARDOER	£	•	•	•	847	ij	19273	2.9	20120	1.1
ST. ALDANS	5	•	19466	1.9	0	ó	0	•	19466	1.1
HELPORT	5	•	•	•	•	o.	•	°	•	•
HOLYOKE	£	•	•	•	2110	1.2	•	•	2110	-:
WHITEFIELD	Ī	•	•	•	•	•	•	o.	•	•
PROVIDENCE	=	•	•	•	•	•	68594	10.4	68594	3.7
PORTLAND.	¥	•	•	•	0	ó	•	o.	0	•

889099

173963

FUEL COMBUNETION STATISTICS BY LOCATION PERIODS APRIL, 1980

FUEL 140 LOCATION		TANK CAPACITY (BALLONS)	THRU FRE 180T (BAL.)	X OF THRU FRE 1841	SWITCH S LOCAL FREIGHT	x OF 8 8 L FREIGHT	PASSWGR (BAL.)	z of Pass. (GAL.)	LOCATION TOTAL (GAL.)	z OF TOTAL GALLONS
E. DEENTIELD	£ i	101000	319492	6. E. G.	41811	1.9.1 W. 9	00	óó	361303	21.1
PECHNISCULLE POSTON	1	000074	•	•	5255	2.4	318834	57.1	324089	18.9
	į	3000	47365	0.0	3470	1.6	10001	1 .0	90839	n.
FITCHBURG	£	2000	•	•	8134	m 1	9465	7:7	17599	
LONCESTER	Į	966		o r	7000	, e.	•	,	11057	•
	E		}		8420	P	•	•	8420	เก๋
	1	2000	•	•	8237	3.8	•	o.	8237	ທຸ
PORTENDUTH	Ī	2000	•	0	4416	9.0	•	ó	4416	70
BOVER	Ī	7000	•	ė.	17765	3 (•	•	5746	M
HABINE.	Ī	0000	0 (•			•	•	8250	'n
	E		•	•	3216	1.1	•	•	3216	4
MAINE RIVER JULY	3	• •	41533	4	2953	7.7	•	•	98449	8 · F
È	.	•	•	•	16458	7.6	•	o ·	16458	•
	Ī	•	•	•	4054	1.9	•	•	4033	· ·
BEATTLE BORD	5	•	•	•	3207	1.5	0	•	3207	
FRANKI IN	£	•	•	•	•	•	43912	6.7	43912	0 I
SOUTH STATION	£	•	•	•	0	o.	95063	17.0	2000	
ROCKPORT	£	•	•	ė.	0 (•	1379	7 -	11177	1
HAVERHILL	£ :	•	0 (9	27035	17.2		:0	37035	2.2
	E 1	•	•	9	1048	'n	13134	2.4	14202	•
Continues At Paper	1	•	22563	4.0	0	•	•	°.	22583	1.3
	5	• •	69761	7.	•	•	•	ó	19669	1.1
	1	•	•	•	2148	1.0	•	o.	2148	=
MATTER TEL B	•	• •	1428	ď	•	ċ	•	•	1428	 1
	Ž	•	•	•	•	°.	54752	8.6	54752	3.2
PORTLAND	¥	•	•	ė	•	•	•	o.	•	•

D & M ENERBY USE STUDY

		X OF PASS. (GAL.)
8		X OF PASSNGR S & L (BAL.) FREIGHT
LOCAT		X OF 8 8 L FREIGHT
*		
187108	PERIODI MAY, 1980	SWITCH S LOCAL FREIGHT
STAT	÷	¥ 2.5
3	ä	X OF THRU FREIGHT
FUEL COMBUNETION STATISTICS BY LOCATION	PER10	THRU FREIGHT (GAL.)
FUEL		TANK CAPACITY CAPACITY

		Term	THE	8	SWITCH	× 9	PASSNGR	X 0F	LOCATION	× 6
LOCATION		CAPACITY (BALLDIS)	FREIGHT (GAL.)	THRU FREIGHT	S LOCAL FREIGHT	8 8 L FREIGHT	(BAL.)	PASS.	101 AL (GAL.)	GALLONS
	;		OCEACC	7.8 .	46823	22.3	•	°.	324143	19.2
E. DEENFIELD	£	00000		\	24527	11.2	•	•	545147	35.2
MECHANICVILLE	E :	00000			0	•	324340	64.5	324340	19.2
308104	£		C70C8	4	3982	1.8	•	°.	56244	P) (
				Ģ	11011	0.0	•	•	11011	`
FITCHBURG	E :		• 6	9	7529	4.10	0	°.	7529	•
WORCESTER	£ 3		9446	•	5774	7.6	•	°.	14434	•
MANCHESTER	Ę		°	9	6557	0.0	•	°.	6557	•
LAMMENCE	E :		•	9	8443	6.P	•	°.	8445	ស់
SALEN	Ę		•	9	4440	7.0	•	°.	4440	.
PORTEROUTH	E		•	ę	27038	12.4	•	•	27038	7.6
BOVER			•	Ģ	430A	1.5	0	•	3304	
MASHIA	Ē	2000	•	9	7196	17	•	•	7196	₹!
	E !		•	9	3149	1.4	•	•	3169	Ņ
	5	> •	76677	- T	5042	17.00	•	•	66318	P. P
SPRINGFIELD	E :	> <	•/>!	•	12125	'n	•	°.	12125	·.
AYER	£	•	•	9	4746	2.2	•	•	4746	'n
GROVETON	E !	> (•	2	4025	4.4	42401	4.8	45905	2.7
BRATTLEBORD	5	•	•	9			90459	18.0	90459	n.
FRANKLIN	E	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
SOUTH STATION	E 1	• •	• •	•	0	•	0	•	0	ė.
MUCATURI	! !	•	•	•	•	•	•	·	0	٠,
	1	•	•	•	28537	13.1	•	•	28537	7:1
YAKE Z-EUSIUM	Eá	•	•	9	•	•	•	o.	0	•
	E :	•	75181		0	•	•	°.	18156	
SI. ALBANS	:	> <	4	6.5	•	÷	•	o.	30793	2.0
HEW-OK!	5 5	•	3		2851	Fol	•	•	2821	'n
HOLYOKE	Ę	> <	-		•	9	•	•	3337	Ċ
WITEFIELD	E	> <) G	2 0	•	•	46000	9.1	46000	2.7
PROPIERRE		•	•	•	c	Ģ	•	•	0	•
PORTLAND	Ę	>	>	?)	•				

FUEL COMPUNETION STATISTICS BY LOCATION

PERTODI JUNE: 1980

FUEL ING LOCATION		TABE	THE I BHT	X OF THRU	SWITCH S LOCAL	ж 0 е Г	PASSMGR (GAL.)	X OF PASS.	LOCATION TOTAL	X OF TOTAL
					PREIGHT	FREIGHT		(BAL.)	(BAL.)	GALLOWS
E. DEENTIELD	£	101000	318361	31.9	44958	19.7	•	•	363319	21.1
MECHANICAILLE	Ē	220000	490195	49.2	16976	7.4	•	•	507171	29.4
20810	£	000076	•	ė	2374	1.0	326748	45.7	329122	19.1
	Ī	2000	71765	7.2	3240	1.4	•	•	75005	4.4
FITCHOURS	£	9000 70000	•	ė	10196	4.0	•	•	10196	•
LORCESTER	£	2000	•	o.	7123	3.1	•	•	7123	7
MANCHESTER	Ī	2000	487 2	Ċ	6475	5.8	•	•	13347	•
	£	3000	•	ó	5369	7.4	•	°.	5369	ŗ
SALEN	£	2000	•	ė	6327	5.8	•	•	6327	•
PORTSHOUTH	₹	2000	•	•	4 100	1.8	•	•	4100	7
BOVER	Ī	2000	•	•	33429	14.7	•	•	33429	1.9
	Ī	1000	•	•	2890	1.3	0	o.	2890	Ġ
	£	2000	•	ė	7104	3.1	•	•	7104	•
_	5	•	•	•	3860	1.7	0	•	3860	7
SPRINGFIELD	£	•	92829	••	5279	2.3	•	•	73115	4.2
AYER	£	•	009	ņ	17805	7.8	•	•	22405	1.3
GROVE TON	Ŧ:	•	•	•	2518	1.1	•	°.	2518	7.
DKAT TLE BOND	5	•	•	•	4 064	1.8	•	°.	4066	ç
PROPERTY OF COLUMN	£	•	0	•	•	o.	74643	0.0	44643	5.6
BOLLE BIRLING	E :	.	•	•	•	•	84803	17.1	84805	4.0
	E :	> (0	•	0	o.	•	•	•	•
MANAGED TO SECTION	£	•	0	•	0	•	0	•	0	•
TAKE /-BUSINE	£ :	•	•	o.	41420	18.2	•	•	41420	7.7
GARCONE, R	£	•	•	•	•	ė	•	•	0	•
ST. ALBANIS	5	•	13609	1:4	•	•	•	•	13609	•
PRE INTOKE	5	•	23494	7.7	•	•	•	•	23494	1.4
MOLTONE	£	•	•	ė	2520	1.1	0	o.	2520	Ξ.
	ŧ	•	423	o.	•	•	•	•	423	o.
PROVIDENCE	E !	•	0	ė	•	•	41080	8 .0	41080	2.4
PORTLAND.	Ľ	•	•	o.	0	•	•	ó	•	o.

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497276

228029

P.S. H. EMERGY USE STUDY FUEL COMBUNETION STATISTICS BY LOCATION PERIODI JALY, 1980

			Trees	3 0 ×	SUITCH	×	PASSMOR	x 05	LOCATION	X 06
FUEL 186 LOCATION		CAPACITY	FREIBHT (BAL.)	THRU	& LOCAL FREIGHT	S S L FREIGHT	(BAL.)	PASS.	101AL (GAL.)	BALLONS
				2.5	4200B	18.1	•	°.	333188	21.3
E. DEENFIELD	£	101000	020107		10402	4.6		•	510632	
MECHANICVILLE	Ē	220000	441430			9	293762	64.9	293762	
B0810M	£ :	000096			5594	2.4	0	•	44981	
CONCORD	£	2000			9740	3.6	•	•	8360	ņ
FITCHBURB	£	2000	•	•	11041	4	•	•	11041	
WORCESTER	£	2000	17	•	3873	1.7	•	·	11594	
HANCHESTER	Ī	0000	17/	•	4047	2.6	•	•	2909	•
LAMMENCE	2 :	0000	•	9	9120	P.	•	•	9120	•1
SALEN	Ę		•	9	4875	2.1	0	•	4875	
PORTEMOUTH			•		37191	16.0	•	•	37191	7.7
DOVER	Ī	0000	•	•	3278	1.4	•	٠.	3278	
MARKE	Į		•	9	8622	M.7	•	•	8622	•
	£		•	•	£617	2.4	•	•	6123	•
WHITE RIVER JCT.	5	•	•	9	0	•	•	•	0	ė.
SPRINGFIELD	£	•	•	9	13945	9.0	•	•	13945	•
AYER	£	•	•	9	2000	1.3	•	•	2922	
GROVETON	Ī	9 (•	•	1857	1.7	•	•	3857	
BRATTLEBORD	5	•	•	?	ì	•	47194	10.4	47194	0 E
FRANKLIN	£	5 (•	•	•		72249	16.0	72249	
SOUTH STATION	£	o (•	•	• •	•	•	•	•	
ROCKPORT	£	> •	•	9	·	•	•	ė	•	
HAVERHILL	£	•	•	•	2311A	18.7	•	ó	43355	
YARD 7-90810M	£ :	•	•	9	587	17	•	•	587	•
GARDNER	£	•	44076		0	•	•	ó	22244	
ST. ALBANS	5	-	*****		•	•	•	•	23494	
NEWPORT	5	•	7477		1636		•	o.	1636	
HOLYOKE	£	•	7	9	0	•	•	o.	343	
WHITEFIELD	Ŧ	•		9	9	•	39432	8.7	39432	
PROVIDENCE	21	>	•	•	•	0	•	o.	•	•
	Į.	•								

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231856

PUEL COMBUNETION STATISTICS BY LOCATION PERIODS AUGUST, 1980

FUEL 100 LOCATION		TANK CAPACITY (BALLONS)	THRU FRE 1647 (6AL.)	x of Theru Freight	BUITCH \$ LOCAL FREIGHT	X OF 8 8 L FREIGHT	PASSNGR (GAL.)	Z OF PASS. (GAL.)	LOCATION TOTAL (GAL.)	X OF TOTAL GALLONS
	1	101000	321818	31.9	47611	20.1	•	°.	369429	20.7
RECHAICVILLE	Ē	530000	546894	24.2	13131	ນ ພໍ	0	•	560025	4.15 0.0
. BOSTON	£	000096	0 1	•	0 1	o 4	200422	0,70	67370	. m
CONCORD		9000		•	0140) M	0	•	9160	'n
	E	00000	•	•	13220	9	•	•	13220	.,
	•	2000	•	•	9824	4.2	•	•	9824	•
LAMENCE	į	2000	•	ė	5259	7.5	0	o.	5259	ņ
SALEN	£	2000	•	•	3636	1.5 5.5	•	•	9000	į
PORTSHOUTH	Ī	2000	•	•	3798	1.6	0	•	3798	7
BOVER	Ī	2000	•	o.	0000 0000 0000	12.8	0 0	•	30405 4708	
	Ī	10000	•	•	D4/5	•	•	?		! •
LOWELL	Į	1000		o.	2669	o.	•	• ·	6770	r M
WHITE RIVER JCT.	5	•	0	•	6 20/	9 -	•	•	66792	3.7
	E :	> <		•	10000	ď	•	•	20225	1.1
AYER	£	• •	> <	•	25.75	-	•	?	2875	7
	5	•	•	9	4394	6.	•	•	4384	ij
	: 1	•	• •	9	•	•	E6EE9	11.8	E6EE9	3.6
PRINTELLIN STATION	1	• •	•	9	•	•	93471	15.6	83471	4.7
	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	o.	•	o.
HAMETRATIL	1	•	•	•	•	°	•	•	0	o (
YARD 7-DOSTON	£	•	•	•	41369	17.5	•	o.	41369	? (N
BARDHER	£	•	•	•	•	•	0		9 1	•
ST. A. DAME	5	•	14727	1.5	•	•	•	o.	14727	.
MEMPORT	5	•	7762	₹.	•	•	•	o.	3968	Ç.
HOL YOKE	£	•	•	•	1472	•	•	o.	1472	.
MATTEFIELD	Ī	•	•	•	•	•	•	o.	0	•
PROVIDENCE	=	•	•	•	•	ė	54852	10.2	54852	
PORTLAND	¥	•	•	•	•	ė	•	•	•	•

536219

236720

APPENDIX G

FUEL CONSUMPTION STATISTICS BY LOCATION AND TYPE OF SERVICE, CUMULATIVE SUMMARY

The following table provides a cumulative summary of the monthly tables that appear in Appendix F. This information includes data for the period of December, 1979 through August, 1980, divided into three train categories: Thru Freight, Switch and Local Freight, and Passenger. All categories are totaled for each location, and percentages for each location in each category are calculated.

Also listed is the storage tank capacity in gallons for each location.

B & N ENERBY USE STUDY FUEL COMBUNETION STATISTICS BY LOCATION & TYPE OF SERVICE CURLATIVE SUMMARY (DECEMBER, 1979 THRU AUGUST, 1980)

FUEL 1M9 LOCATION		TANK CAPACITY (BALLONS)	THRU FRE 18MT (BAL.)	X OF THRU FREIGHT	SWITCH S LOCAL FREIGHT	X OF 8 1 L FREIGHT	PASSWGR (GAL.)	Z OF PASS. (GAL.)	LOCATION TOTAL (GAL.)	z OF TOTAL GALLONS
E. DEERFIELD	£ }	101000	3107730	35.3	390933	20.0	00	o e	3498663	22.1
NO TON	£	000016	113691	7 17	16685	9 O	2888072	57.1	3062954	19.4
CONCORD	Ī	2000	440847	5.5	49787	7.6	53159	1.1	563813	3.6
FITCHOURG	£	2000	•	ė.	92162	4.7	14963	•	137125	•
MANCESTER	Įį	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	36436	• •	9334 8 59581	# M	• •	ė ė	93348	• •
LAMENCE	Į	2000	•	•	82373	4.5	•	•	82373	ņ
SALEN	Į	9000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	•	•	65004	n c	0 0	o e	65004	. (
BOVER	į	2000	•	? •	194633	10.1	•	•	196633	1.2
MASHUM	Ī	10000	•	•	43312	7.	•	•	43312	
LOWELL	£	10000	•	•	55240	2.B	16410	r.	71650	ņ
UNITE RIVER JCT.	5	•	****	•	38105	2.0	•	o.	86913	ņ
SPRINGFIELD	£	•	201841	5.7	28546	1.5	•	°.	530437	4.6
AVER	Į	•	997		134290	•••	•	•	138890	°.
BROVE TON	Ī	•	•	ė	36836	1.9	•	°.	36836	ij
BRATTLEBORD	5	•	•	•	33064	1.7	42401	•	75485	ņ
FRANKL IN	£	•	•	ė	•	•	530702	10.5	530702	4.6
SOUTH STATION	£	•	•	•	•	•	791923	15.7	791923	0. 0.
ROCKPORT	£	•	•	ė	•	ė	11979	Ġ	11979	-:
HAVERHILL	Ş	•	•	•	•	•	17217	1.7	87217	•
YARD 7-DOSTON	£	•	•	•	271420	13.9	•	•	271420	1.7
GARDIER	Į	•	•	•	7037	₹.	48 428	1.4	75665	'n
ST. ALDANS	5	•	169764		0	•	•	•	169766	1.1
MEMPORT	5	•	101420	1.2	0	•	•	•	101420	9.
HOLYOKE	£	•	•	•	20170	0:1	•	•	20170	7.
WHITEFIELD	Ī	•	7707	٠.	3843	ņ	•	°.	11550	**
PROVIDENCE	=	•	•	ė	•	•	521445	10.3	521445	H. H
PORTLAND	¥	•	429384	•:	•	•	•	•	429384	2.7

2026899

1951252

APPENDIX H

OPERATING STATISTICS BY MONTH

The tables in Appendix H contain train operating statistics for each month over the period from December, 1979 through August, 1980. The information is used to normalize fuel consumption data for Thru Freight Trains. The operating statistics for Thru Freight Trains includes the following:

- Gross ton miles handled
- The numbers of total cars, loaded cars, and empty cars handled
- The number of trains operated
- The total miles of track operated
- Total freight train miles
- Locomotive unit-miles.

The tables also list the number of Local trains operated, Switch trains operated, Passenger trains operated, and Coal trains operated by month, as well as total miles of Branch track operated and total Passenger train miles.

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY OPERATING STATISTICS FOR DECEMBER, 1979

Gross Ton Miles Handled (Thru): 445831050
Number of Total Cars Handled (Thru): 72582
Number of Loaded Cars Handled (Thru): 37068
Number of Empty Cars Handled (Thru): 35514
Number of Trains Operated (Thru): 668
Number of Trains Operated (Local): 516
Number of Trains Operated (Switch): 1378
Number of Trains Operated (Passender): 7480
Number of Trains Operated (Coal): 8
Total Miles of Track Operated (Thru): 1018
Total Hiles of Track Operated (Branch): 397
Total Freight Train Hiles (Thru): 128558
Total Passender Train Hiles: 190140
Locomotive Unit-Hiles (Thru): 345958

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY OPERATING STATISTICS FOR JANUARY, 1980

Gross Ton Hiles Handled (Thru): 452276879
Number of Total Cars Handled (Thru): 78595
Number of Loaded Cars Handled (Thru): 38806
Number of Empty Cars Handled (Thru): 39789
Number of Trains Operated (Thru): 672
Number of Trains Operated (Local): 564
Number of Trains Operated (Switch): 1410
Number of Trains Operated (Passenger): 7972
Number of Trains Operated (Coal): 10
Total Miles of Track Operated (Thru): 1018
Total Hiles of Track Operated (Branch): 397
Total Freight Train Hiles (Thru): 130410
Total Passender Train Hiles: 178781
Locomotive Unit-Hiles (Thru): 351054

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY OPERATING STATISTICS FOR FEBRUARY, 1980

Gross Ton Miles Handled (Thru): 427295926
Number of Total Cars Handled (Thru): 74302
Number of Loaded Cars Handled (Thru): 37849
Number of Empty Cars Handled (Thru): 36453
Number of Trains Operated (Thru): 646
Number of Trains Operated (Local): 300
Number of Trains Operated (Switch): 1410
Number of Trains Operated (Passenger): 7614
Number of Trains Operated (Coal): 10
Total Miles of Track Operated (Thru): 1018
Total Hiles of Track Operated (Branch): 397
Total Freight Train Hiles (Thru): 120690
Total Passenger Train Hiles: 172334
Locomotive Unit-Hiles (Thru): 331086

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY OPERATING STATISTICS FOR MARCH, 1980

Gross Ton Hiles Handled (Thru): 440277384
Number of Total Cars Handled (Thru): 78230
Number of Loaded Cars Handled (Thru): 40107
Number of Empty Cars Handled (Thru): 38123
Number of Trains Operated (Thru): 684
Number of Trains Operated (Local): 564
Number of Trains Operated (Switch): 1376
Number of Trains Operated (Passenger): 7655
Number of Trains Operated (Coal): 6
Total Miles of Track Operated (Thru): 1018
Total Miles of Track Operated (Branch): 397
Total Freisht Train Miles (Thru): 129798
Total Passender Train Hiles: 185860
Locomotive Unit-Hiles (Thru): 364998

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY OPERATING STATISTICS FOR APRIL, 1980

Gross Ton Hiles Handled (Thru): 42	4687179
Number of Total Cars Handled (Thru):	73891
Number of Loaded Cars Handled (Thru):	36198
Number of Empty Cars Handled (Thru):	37693
Number of Trains Operated (Thru):	654
Number of Trains Operated (Local):	564
Number of Trains Operated (Switch):	1402
Number of Trains Operated (Passenger):	7622
Number of Trains Operated (Coal):	8
Total Miles of Track Operated (Thru):	1018
Total Miles of Track Operated (Branch):	397
Total Freight Train Hiles (Thru):	126575
Total Passender Train Hiles:	185575
Locomotive Unit-Hiles (Thru);	333554

B & H ENERGY USE STUDY OPERATING STATISTICS FOR MAY, 1980

Gross Ton Hiles Handled (Thru): 436907602
Number of Total Cars Handled (Thru): 76294
Number of Loaded Cars Handled (Thru): 37408
Number of Empty Cars Handled (Thru): 38886
Number of Trains Operated (Thru): 695
Number of Trains Operated (Local): 510
Number of Trains Operated (Switch): 1405
Number of Trains Operated (Passender): 7584
Number of Trains Operated (Coal): 9
Total Miles of Track Operated (Thru): 1018
Total Hiles of Track Operated (Branch): 397
Total Freight Train Hiles (Thru): 125578
Total Passender Train Miles: 184189
Locomotive Unit-Hiles (Thru): 328155

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY OPERATING STATISTICS FOR JUNE, 1980

Gross Ton Hiles Handled (Thru): 458470425
Number of Total Cars Handled (Thru): 80244
Number of Loaded Cars Handled (Thru): 39592
Number of Empty Cars Handled (Thru): 40652
Number of Trains Operated (Thru): 635
Number of Trains Operated (Local): 522
Number of Trains Operated (Switch): 1395
Number of Trains Operated (Passender): 7421
Number of Trains Operated (Coal): 12
Total Hiles of Track Operated (Thru): 1018
Total Miles of Track Operated (Branch): 397
Total Freight Train Hiles (Thru): 119981
Total Passender Train Hiles: 182177
Locomotive Unit-Hiles (Thru): 326958

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY OPERATING STATISTICS FOR JULY, 1980

Gross Ton Miles Handled (Thru): 404595865
Number of Total Cars Handled (Thru): 77339
Number of Loaded Cars Handled (Thru): 36653
Number of Empty Cars Handled (Thru): 40686
Number of Trains Operated (Thru): 624
Number of Trains Operated (Local): 502
Number of Trains Operated (Switch): 1375
Number of Trains Operated (Passender): 7720
Number of Trains Operated (Coal): 6
Total Miles of Track Operated (Thru): 1018
Total Miles of Track Operated (Branch): 397
Total Freight Train Hiles (Thru): 116646
Total Passenser Train Hiles: 187216
Locomotive Unit-Hiles (Thru): 313508

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY OPERATING STATISTICS FOR AUGUST, 1980

Gross Ton Miles Handled (Thru): 440262597
Number of Total Cars Handled (Thru): 79208
Number of Loaded Cars Handled (Thru): 39017
Number of Empty Cars Handled (Thru): 40191
Number of Trains Operated (Thru): 628
Number of Trains Operated (Local): 515
Number of Trains Operated (Switch): 1385
Number of Trains Operated (Passenger): 7584
Number of Trains Operated (Coal): 12
Total Hiles of Track Operated (Thru): 1018
Total Hiles of Track Operated (Branch): 397
Total Freight Train Miles (Thru): 122730
Total Passender Train Miles: 183182
Locomotive Unit-Hiles (Thru): 324560

APPENDIX I

OPERATING STATISTICS, CUMULATIVE AVERAGE TO DATE

The table in Appendix I contains summary cumulative train operating statistics for the period from December, 1979 to August, 1980. The information is used to normalize fuel consumption data for Thru Freight Trains. The operating statistics for Thru Freight Trains includes the following:

- Gross ton miles handled
- The numbers of total cars, loaded cars, and empty cars handled
- The number of trains operated
- The total miles of track operated
- Total freight train miles
- Locomotive unit-miles.

The table also lists the number of Local trains operated, Switch trains operated, Passenger trains operated, and Coal trains operated by month, as well as total miles of Branch track operated and total Passenger train miles.

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY OPERATING STATISTICS AVERAGES FROM DECEMBER, 1979 THRU AUGUST, 1980

Average Gross Ton Miles Handled (Thru): 43673	3884
Average Number of Total Cars Handled (Thru): 7	6742
Average Number of Loaded Cars Handled (Thru): 3	8077
Average Number of Empty Cars Handled (Thru): 3	8665
Average Number of Trains Operated (Thru):	456
Average Number of Trains Operated (Local):	506
Average Number of Trains Operated (Switch):	1392
Average Number of Trains Operated (Passenger):	7628
Average Number of Trains Operated (Coal):	9
Average Total Miles of Track Operated (Thru):	1018
Average Total Miles of Track Operated (Branch):	397
Average Total Freight Train Hiles (Thru): 12	24554
Average Total Passenger Train Miles: 18	3494
Average Locomotive Unit-Hiles (Thru): 33	55759

APPENDIX J

FUEL USE STATISTICS BY MONTH

The tables in Appendix J contain train fuel use statistics for each month over the period from December, 1979 to August, 1980. The statistics are developed by combining fuel consumption data from Appendix F with train operations data from Appendix H for the purpose of analyzing trends in Thru Freight Train performance. The fiel use statistics for Thru Freight train operations include the following:

- Gross ton-miles per gallon
- Percent of cars handled empty
- Gallons per train
- Gallons per locomotive unit mile
- Locomotives per gross ton
- Locomotives per train

The tables also provide gallon per train statistics for Switch and Local trains and Passenger trains.

FUEL USE STATISTICS FOR DECEMBER, 1979

Percent of Cars Handled Empty (Thru): Ballons Per Train (Thru):	434.18 48.93 1518.99		
		Gallons Per Train (Switch & Local):	129.24
		Gallons Per Train (Passenser);	95.41
Ballons Per Locomotive Unit Mile (Thru):	2.97		
Locomotives Per Gross Ton (Thru):	.00078		
Locomotives Per Train (Thru):	2.49		

FUEL USE STATISTICS FOR JANUARY, 1980

Percent of Cars Handled Empty (Thru): Ballons Per Train (Thru):	450.41 50.63 1472.35		
		Gallons Per Train (Switch & Local):	91.67
		Gallons Per Train (Passender): Gallons Per Locomotive Unit Hile (Thru):	65.01
2.86			
Locomotives Per Gross Ton (Thru):	.0007E		
Locomotives Per Train (Thru):	2.69		

FUEL USE STATISTICS FOR FEBRUARY, 1980

Percent of Cars Handled Empty (Thru): Ballons Per Train (Thru):	433.94 49.06 1501.04		
		Gallons Per Train (Switch & Local):	129.01
		Gallons Per Train (Passenger):	81.02
Ballons Per Locomotive Unit Mile (Thru):	2.97		
Locomotives Per Gross Ton (Thru):	.00077		
Locomotives Per Train (Thru):	2.74		

FUEL USE STATISTICS FOR MARCH, 1980

Gross Ton Miles Per Gallon (Thru): Percent of Cars Handled Empty (Thru): Gallons Per Train (Thru): Gallons Per Train (Switch & Local): Gallons Per Train (Passender): Gallons Per Locomotive Unit Mile (Thru):	440.71 48.73 1447.84	
		89.67
		86.31 2.74
	Locomotives Per Gross Ton (Thru):	
	Locomotives Per Train (Thru):	2.81

FUEL USE STATISTICS FOR APRIL, 1980

Percent of Cars Handled Empty (Thru):	451 • 27
	51.01 1421.60
Ballons Per Train (Passender):	73.21
	2.82
Locomotives Per Bross Ton (Thru):	.00079
Locopotives Per Train (Thru):	2.64

FUEL USE STATISTICS FOR MAY, 1980

ross Ton Miles Per Gallon (Thru): Percent of Cars Handled Empty (Thru): Gallons Per Train (Thru):	450.22
	50.97 1378.45
Gallons Per Train (Passender): Gallons Per Locomotive Unit Hile (Thru):	66.35 2.96
Locomotives Per Train (Thru):	2.61

FUEL USE STATISTICS FOR JUNE, 1980

Gross Ton Hiles Per Gallon (Thru):	459.78		
Percent of Cars Handled Emptw (Thru): Gallons Per Train (Thru): Gallons Per Train (Switch & Local): Gallons Per Train (Passender): Gallons Per Locomotive Unit Hile (Thru): Locomotives Per Gross Ton (Thru):	50.66 1541.20 118.95 67.01 3.05		
		Locomotives Per Train (Thru):	2.73

FUEL USE STATISTICS FOR JULY, 1980

Gross Ton Miles Per Gallon (Thru):	461.55		
Percent of Cars Handled Empty (Thru): Gallons Per Train (Thru): Gallons Per Train (Switch & Local): Gallons Per Train (Passender): Gallons Per Locomotive Unit Mile (Thru): Locomotives Per Gross Ton (Thru):	52.61 1391.43 123.52 58.63 2.80		
		Locamatives Per Train (Thru):	2.69

B & M RIVERGY USE STUDY

FUEL USE STATISTICS FOR AUGUST, 1980

Percent of Cars Handled Empty (Thru): Gallons Per Train (Thru): Gallons Per Train (Switch & Local): Gallons Per Train (Passender): Gallons Per Locomotive Unit Mile (Thru): Locomotives Per Gross Ton (Thru):	436.67		
	50.74 1575.35 124.59 70.70 3.09		
		Locomotives Per Train (Thru):	2.66

APPENDIX K

FUEL USE STATISTICS, CUMULATIVE AVERAGE TO DATE

The table in K contains cumulative train fuel use statistics for each month over the period from December, 1979 to August, 1980.

The statistics are developed by combining fuel consumption data from Appendix G with train operations data from Appendix I for the purpose of analyzing trends in Thru Freight Train performance. The fuel use statistics for Thru Freight Train operations include the following:

- Gross ton-miles per gallon
- Percent of cars handled empty
- Gallons per train
- Gallons per locomotive unit mile
- Locomotives per gross ton
- Locomotives per train

The table also provides gallon per train statistics for Switch and Local trains and Passenger trains.

B & M ENERGY USE STUDY AVERAGE FUEL USE STATISTICS FOR PERIOD: DECEMBER, 1979 THRU AUGUST, 1980

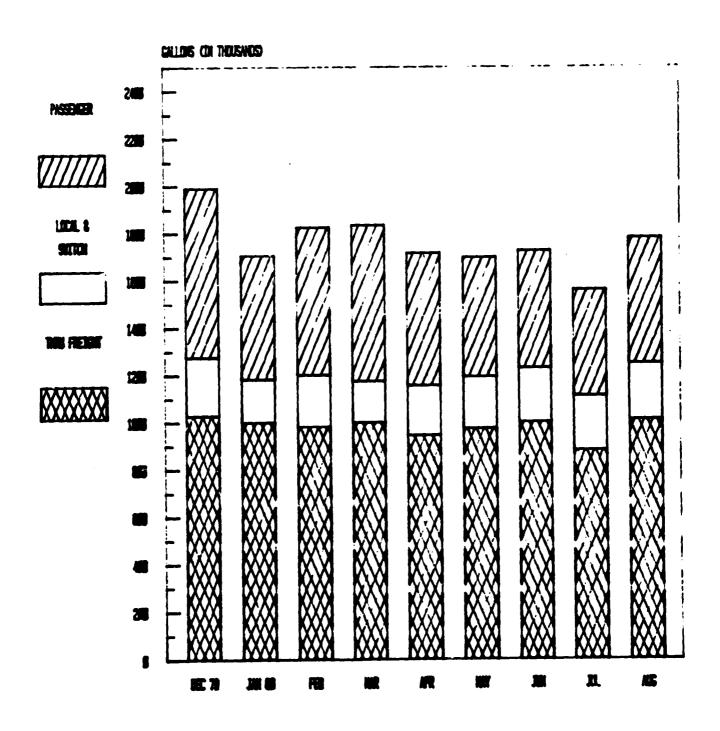
Gross Ton Miles Per Gallon (Thru): Percent of Cars Handled Emptw ()hru): Gallons Per Train (Thru): Gallons Per Train (Switch & Local): Gallons Per Train (Passenser): Gallons Per Locomotive Unit Hile (Thru): Locomotives Per Gross Ton (Thru):	446.25 50.38 1471.22 114.16 73.66 2.91	
		2.70

APPENDIX L

DIESEL FUEL CONSUMED BY MONTH AND TYPE OF SERVICE

The bar chart in Appendix L shows the Inthly trend in total diesel fuel consumption over the period from December, 1979 to August, 1980. The bar for each month is divided into three components showing the amount of fuel consumed by Thru Freight, Local and Switch, and Passenger train operations.

FRA/B&M ENERGY USE STUDY DIESEL FUEL CONSUMED

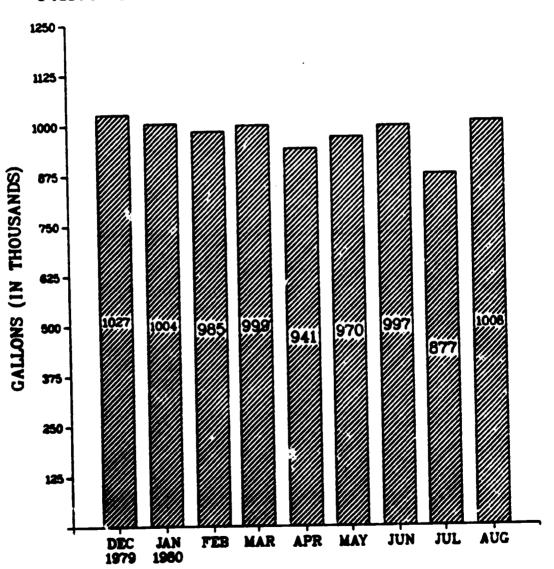


APPENDIX M

THRU FREIGHT DIESEL FUEL CONSUMED BY MONTH

The bar chart in Appendix M shows the monthly trend in total
Thru Freight diesel fuel consumption over the period from December,
1979 to August, 1980.

THRU FREIGHT DIESEL FUEL CONSUMED

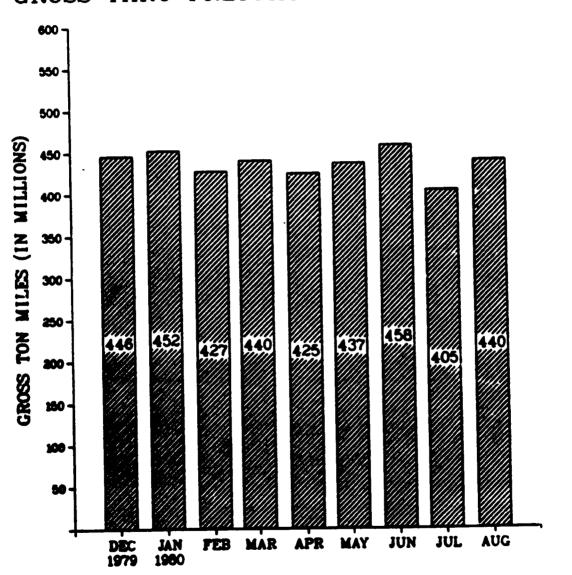


APPENDIX N

THRU FREIGHT TON MILES HANDLED BY MONTH

The bar chart in Appendix N shows the monthly trend in total Thru Freight ton miles over the period from December, 1979 to August, 1980.

GROSS THRU FREIGHT TON MILES HANDLED



APPENDIX O

GROSS TON MILES PER THRU FREIGHT GALLON BY MONTH

The bar chart in Appendix O shows the monthly trend in gross ton-miles per gallon for Thru Freight Train operations over the period from December, 1979 to August, 1980. The information was developed by normalizing the monthly Thru Freight fuel consumption data in Appendix M by the monthly Thru Freight ton-miles data in Appendix M.

GROSS TON MILES PER THRU FREIGHT GALLON

